



# Putting virtual worlds to work to support improved climate risk decision-making on real world farms

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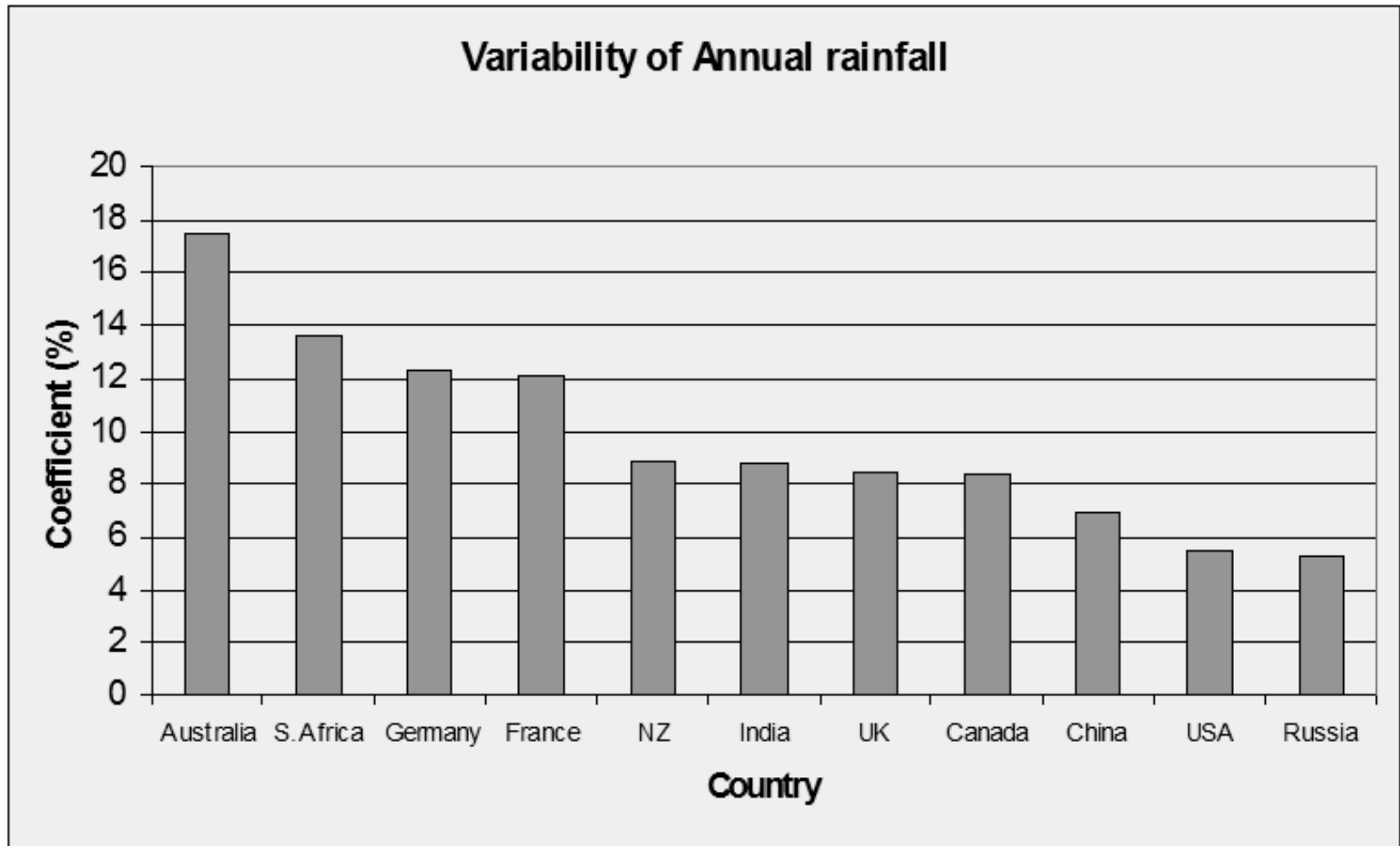
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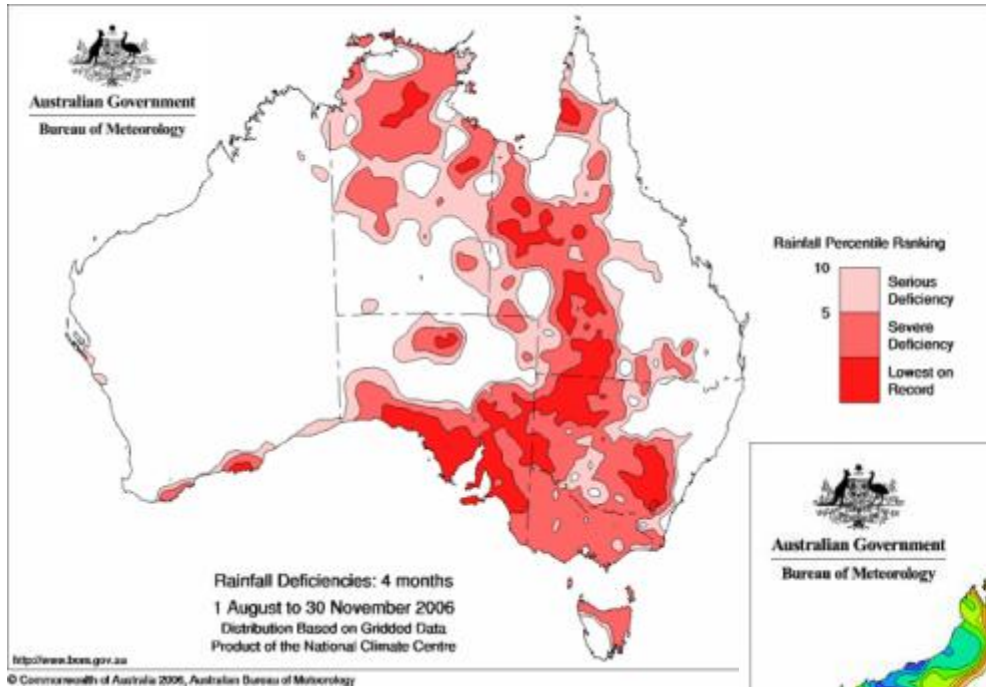
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Farmers in many parts of the world operate under significant climatic risk

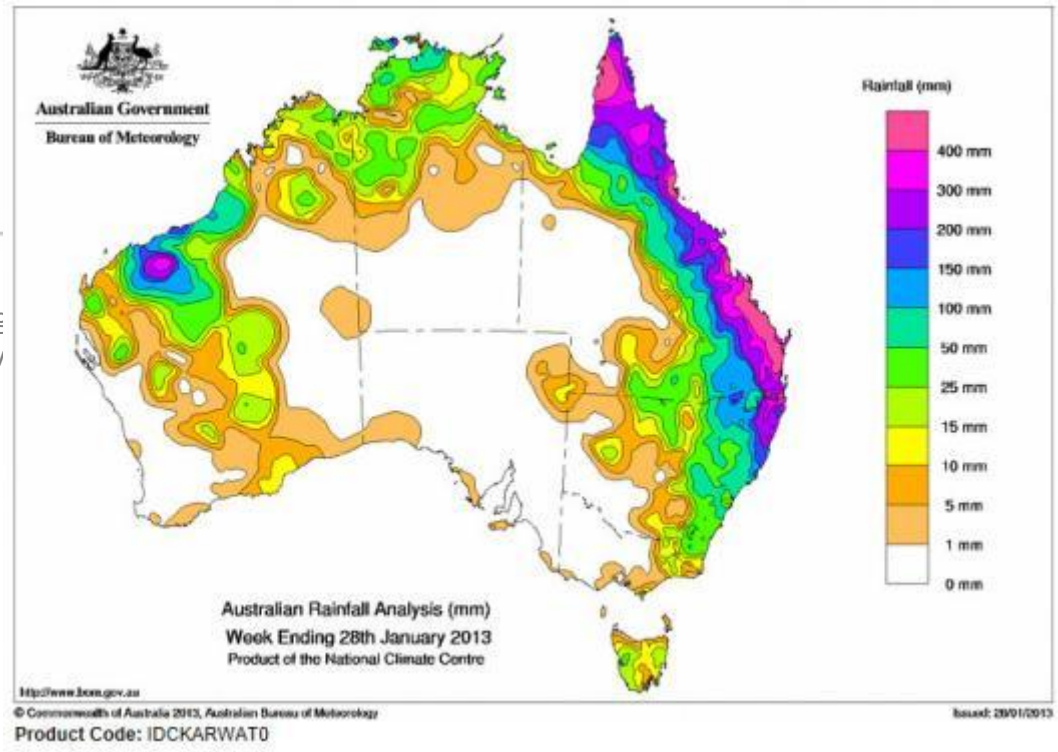


Nicholls *et al.* (1997)

# “... droughts and flooding rains ...”



Australia Day, 2013



Source: Australia Bureau of Meteorology  
<http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/drought/archiv>

Millennium Drought, 1996-2009

# Impacts on agriculture



# Issues

- Climate change and increasing climate variability pose real challenges to productivity and profitability of farming
- Improved climate risk decision-making and management in agriculture critical
  - well-being and long-term sustainability of farming communities
  - future global food security.
- Decision-making on farms based on assumptions about seasonal conditions and weather events over the cropping season.
- Calls on science to provide information to support complex decision making to manage climate and related risk

# Climate information to support adaptation in agriculture

- Targeted climate forecasts to support adaptation
- Link to agricultural systems
  - real time, downscaled regionally-targeted climate information
  - focus on relevant climate variables (e.g. temperature extremes)
  - analysis of potential impacts of climate change
  - solutions for effective adaptation to a changing environment

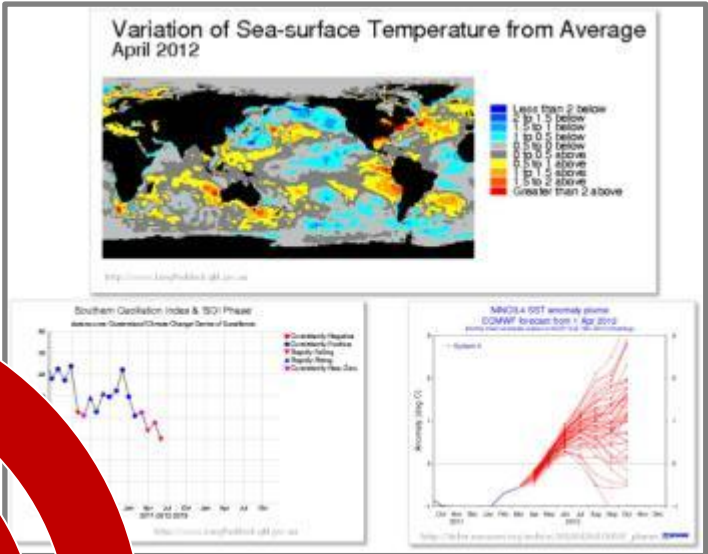
*“... climate information has no value  
unless it changes a management  
decision.”*



# Targeted support for on-farm decision-making



Farming systems science & BMPs



Seasonal forecast modelling



Understanding decision-making and adoption behaviour

# Digital Futures-Collaborative Research Network (DF-CRN) Project 3



*“Investigating the impact of a web-based discussion-support agricultural-climate information system on Australian farmers’ operational decision making”*

- Digital technologies:
  - alternative for delivery & communication of agricultural information
  - complement and expand the reach of conventional ag extension
- Sophisticated digital platforms & application in learning environments offer new opportunities for knowledge exchange

# Objective

- To develop digital tools for cost-effective delivery of timely, targeted, contextualised agri-climate information and knowledge services



# Strategy

- **Create and trial a virtual discussion-support system** that integrates climate information with farm management decision-making.
- **Assess the effectiveness** of the virtual discussion-support system in building capacity for improved decision-making and effective climate change response in a target group of farmers

# Second Life



- A virtual world
- User-created content and virtual marketplace
- Avatars can be customised & manipulated
- Machinima (animated video clips) created
  - storyboarding
  - scripted conversations
  - recorded soundtracks
  - screen capture software (e.g. FRAPS)
  - folio (background sounds)



# “Sweet success” machinima



- Contextualized settings - Qld sugar cane farm & landscape
- Customised avatars – Australian sugar farmers
- Back stories – incorporate decision-making types (Jorgensen *et al.* 2007)
- Decision making scenarios
- Scripted conversations – incorporating industry BMPs

# “Sweet Success” scenarios



Four videos developed:

Irrigation and climate risk management:

<https://vimeo.com/user10756933/review/121433887/e0c4e4ce9b>

Fertiliser application and climate risk management:

<https://vimeo.com/user10756933/review/121433884/d8df03eac5>

Harvesting and climate risk management:

<https://vimeo.com/user10756933/review/121433686/b353f16ff3>

Planning and climate risk management:

<https://vimeo.com/user10756933/review/121433430/7720212dc0>



# Research questions

- Potential for machinima to provide a relevant engaging technology rich learning environment?
- Effectiveness as a discussion support and capacity building tool?
- Readily adapted for different farming systems and locations by using culturally appropriate clothing, language and settings?
- Able to be disseminated widely and cost-effectively?
- Contribution to sustainable land management?

# Evaluation

1. Workshops (4), group discussions and semi-structured interviews (20-24 pre and post workshop) plus qualitative analysis
2. Online surveys – 300-400 canegrowers
  - Responses to machinima
  - Farming background
  - Approach to risk
  - Decision-making style
3. Cost-effectiveness analysis



# Pilot evaluation – participants’ comments

Comment Category	Interviewee Quotes
<p><b>Good</b> (28/40)</p>	<p><b>Farmers:</b> ‘Very real, a good way of doing it’; <i>‘Good tool for prompting and helping a discussion and opening a discussion up’</i>; ‘It gives an opportunity for questions to be asked in a discussion’; ‘High value’; <i>‘It will promote discussion, that is the strong point’</i></p> <p><b>Extension Officers:</b> <i>‘Excellent to use at a workshop or shed meeting to get discussion going’</i>; ‘It has the capacity to create interaction and discussion’; ‘I’d like to see it tested’</p> <p><b>Canegrowers Organisation:</b> ‘Very innovative’; ‘With increasing costs and climate change this information needs to be made available to growers to support their decision making’; ‘I’m passionate about it’; <i>‘Run by someone in a group, quite effective in the context of a group discussion’</i>.</p>
<p><b>Improve</b> (12/40)</p>	<p><b>Farmers:</b> ‘Older growers won’t look at it on a computer’; ‘Younger growers are more up to speed so you don’t want [you] to talk down to them’; ‘Need other discussions related to forecasts, especially extremes of wet or dry’; <i>‘you need more meat [in message] to promote a robust discussion’</i>.</p> <p><b>Extension:</b> ‘If the characters flowed and moved more naturally, that would enhance the visual experience’; <i>‘For a more knowledgeable audience, incorporate an expert character into the video’</i>; ‘If changes were made its usefulness as a tool for creating discussion and information transfer would improve and its value would go up’.</p> <p><b>Canegrowers:</b> ‘For individual growers, not as effective’; ‘Younger growers will not need this prompting’; <i>‘It’s not appealing at all as farmers would relate more to real people than animations’</i>.</p>

# Future challenges

- Availability of suitable technology for dissemination into rural areas in Australia and elsewhere, including developing countries (~ 600 million farmers, globally)
- Ensuring the relevance of the system to diverse cultures, traditions, farming systems.
- Customising, in conjunction with stakeholders, to ensure acceptance by Australian & international farming communities
- Investigating whether such discussion support systems influence decision-making and result in measurable changes in terms of on-ground outcomes
- How best to deliver (e.g. [WAMIS](#))

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  - Top Dingo <http://www.topdingo.com/>
  - CANEGROWERS Australia <http://www.canegrowers.com.au/>
  - University of South Australia
  - Australian National University

## Literature cited

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Nicholls, N. *et al.* (1997). Australian rainfall variability and change. *Weather* 52(3), 66-72

## Project website

<https://adfi.usq.edu.au/projects/virtual-extension>

## Contact

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*Thank you*