# Sustaining Our Legacy: The Future of Ramsey Town Hall



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Building community-university partnerships for sustainability

The project on which this report is based was completed in collaboration with the City of Ramsey as part of the 2017–2018 Resilient Communities Project (RCP) partnership. RCP is a program at the University of Minnesota's Center for Urban and Regional Affairs (CURA) that connects University faculty and students with Minnesota communities to address strategic projects that advance local resilience and sustainability.

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## **Resilient Communities Project**

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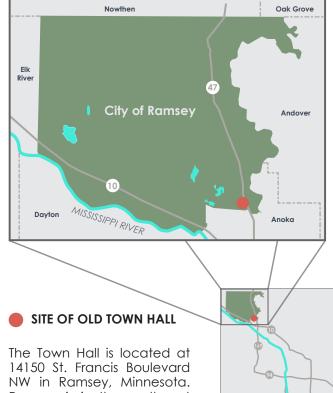
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# The Future of Ramsey Town Hall



The Old Ramsey Town Hall/District No. 28 Schoolhouse (OTH) is the most historically significant structure of the few surviving 19th-century structures in Ramsey. The schoolhouse is located in the far southeastern corner of the city. It currently sits empty, surrounded by modern development and with no plan for its future use. This project explores the historical and current context of both the building and the site, and presents two alternatives for the future: redevelopment in situ, or relocation to The COR (Center of Ramsey).



Ramsey is in the southwest corner of Anoka County, about half an hour from downtown Minneapolis.





The Old Town Hall, looking northwest, Ramsey, Minnesota (circa 2017)

In the following posters we will explore the Old Town Hall's place in Ramsey, evaluate its context within the city, and project future plans for the building. Our goal is to provide a vision for the Old Town Hall that promotes a sense of place in Ramsey while also developing a plan for it to once again **benefit the community**. We will carry out this project in three parts:





### Historic Preservation Context

We recognize prior preservation efforts of the community and their current engagement with and use of the area's existing historical resources.

land use over time. We evaluate issues & opportunities that exist with neighbors.

### **6** Building Condition

We evaluate the current condition of The OTH and recommend changes.

### 

We provide recommendations based on our evaluation of the building, the site, and potential future uses.



STATUS QUO

The Old Town Hall building is one of the few remaining links to Ramsey's rural past. The following posters present an overview of its significance, an investigation into its current state, and **proposals** for its future use. Our story begins near the banks of the Rum River in 1892.



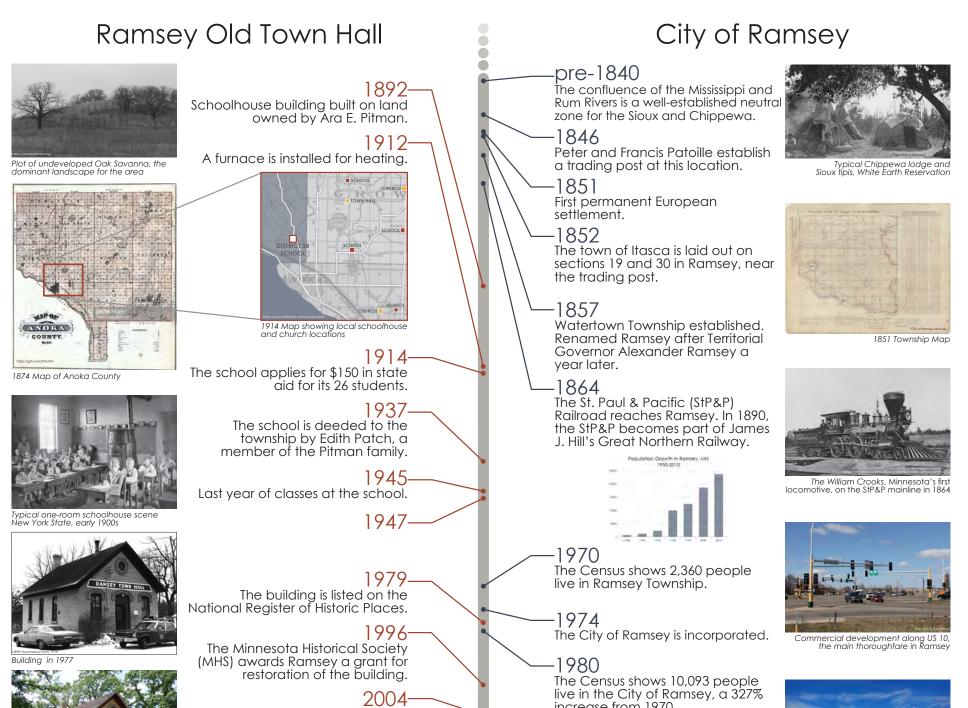
ALTERNATIVE

The Future of Ramsey Town Hall

# THE HISTORY OF RAMSEY

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Ramsey traces its roots to the middle of the nineteenth century. As a **trading post**, the city enjoyed river- and rail-driven importance for a few decades, after which it settled into a quiet century as a **farming community**. Since suburban development began in the 1970s, the town has emerged as an **outer-ring commuter suburb**.





Building in 2017

The MHS grant is closed out.

The city explores relocation options

for the building in the context of

the COR development and the

Northstar Commuter Rail project.

2012

increase nom 1970.

## -2012

Northstar Commuter Rail opens a station in Ramsey, connecting the city to downtown Minneapolis.



Northstar Commuter Rail in Ramsey

HISTORY



More than a century and a half has passed since Europeans first settled in what is now Ramsey, MN. The Old Town Hall is a **unique asset that brings that long history into the present**. The following posters will closely examine how Ramsey has tried to preserve the Old Town Hall for the future.

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The Future of Ramsey Town Hall



# **PREVIOUS PRESERVATION IN RAMSEY**



In 1977, the newly incorporated City of Ramsey moved its municipal offices to a new building on Nowthen Boulevard. At that time, there was some interest in **restoring the Old Town Hall to its schoolhouse glory**. Based on our archival research, however, it appears that this preservation effort has produced very little success.

# TIMELINE OF PRESERVATION WORK: What went wrong?



## INACTION

The Old Town Hall was placed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1980. Fifteen years later, **the city secured a grant** from the Minnesota Historical Society (MHS) for restoration, which it matched with local funds. Work got underway in 1996, but was halted soon after. The matching funds were reallocated and some of the grant money was returned to MHS.

• The City was not interested in spending grant money.



During the 1980s and 1990s, **historically minded residents regularly had their say** in City Council meetings and letters to city hall. Despite this, there does not seem to have been much political interest in doing anything significant with the old building.

• The City was not interested in working with its citizens.

## **INDIFFERENCE**

The arrival of the Northstar Commuter Rail and the COR initiative in 2012 saw plans to **move the building to this exciting transit-oriented development**. This was more problematic than it appeared, as posters 10 and 11 will show.

• The City was not interested in including the building in its flagship development.









# All of which leads us to the obvious, unasked question: WHY NOT JUST KNOCK IT DOWN?

Over the years, as tepid preservation efforts have come and gone, the obvious question keeps coming back: **Why not demolish the building and be done with it?** Well...

- The building is an irreplaceable historical asset in a community that has precious few of them.
- This is perhaps the most **iconic symbol** of Ramsey's **rural heritage**, a heritage of which the city is very proud and protective.



• Although no preservation project is cheap, **demolition costs money**, too, and in the process destroys an asset that could be turned into a **revenue generator** as well as a **source of local pride**.





Enthusiasm for restoring the Old Town Hall has been **intermittent at best over the past forty years**. How could things have gone differently? In the next poster, we look at one way to ensure that historic buildings are respected and preserved.

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# FUTURE CITY PRESERVATION POLICIES: Local Outreach



Development in Ramsey has primarily taken place since the 1960s. Therefore, many buildings, structures, and landscapes in the city will soon reach **potential "historic" status** as defined by the National Park Service (NPS). We present steps and recommendations for the City to make informed and responsible decisions about their historic resources. We begin by identifying the ever-changing definition of "historic."

# WHAT IS HISTORIC?

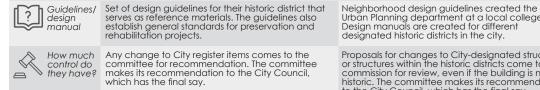


Many people associate "historic" buildings and places with long-ago times, perhaps the nineteenth century or earlier. In reality, though, the threshold is only fifty years. Although the Ramsey Schoolhouse is clearly an historic building, within ten years, structures from Ramsey's first wave of development will be historic as well. As Ramsey ages, more and more of the structures from the city's early suburban development will potentially become historic, and it will become important to think about preserving structures from the more recent past. Using Ramsey's oldest buildings as a guide, we propose the following first steps.

THE NATIONAL REGISTER	HISTORIC PRESERVATION 101: Establishing a City Historic Preservation Commission (HPC)		
What is the NRHP?This propertyHASBEEN PLACED ON THENATIONAL REGISTEROF HISTORIC PLACESBY THE UNITED STATESDEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIORHistoric Preservation Office. The RamseyTown Hall's application was submitted by theMinnesota Historical Society.	STEP 1         Support Existing         Budge of the state of the	STEP 2 Establish Guidelines Prepare design guidelines for nationally and locally designated historic structures. These will help the city of Ramsey monitor and provide a standard for any building improvements or alterations, including demolition.	STEP 3 Engage with Decision of the area's history is vital in creating a sense of place. The City HPC could advocate for participation in a Historical Society, which may be better equipped to host community events.
What does this designation mean? Examples of Local HPCs			
Listing on the Register makes buildings eligible for <b>federal rehabilitation grants and tax credits</b> , as	Anoka Heritage Commission	Preservation Mank Com	cato Historic Preservation mission
well as easements and fire and health safety code alternatives. In addition, the State of Minnesota offers a 20% tax credit that parallels the federal one.	Number of people on commission on HPC	from the	e on commission, including a Blue Earth Historical Society officer, and a staff liaison Mankato Planning Department (not an member)
<b>Criteria for Evaluation</b> The quality of significance in American history,	Number of Meetings	Once a	month

culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and four more elaborate criteria found in the NRHP guidelines.

architecture, archeology, engineerir



designated historic districts in the city.

Proposals for changes to City-designated structures or structures within the historic districts come to the commission for review, even if the building is not historic. The committee makes its recommendation to the City Council, which has the final say.



A citywide framework for preservation is an investment in preventing deterioration of the community's architecture. This approach also preserves Ramsey's aesthetic and cultural heritage, while enhancing the community's vitality and encouraging economic growth for the future. As a case in point, the lack of such a framework has contributed to the deterioration of the schoolhouse and the degradation of its site. How bad is it? Let's take a look.



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# SITE HISTORY & EXISTING ISSUES



The Old Town Hall building has served Ramsey in multiple ways during its lifetime. As the city has grown, commercial development has sprouted up around the building, **severely limiting redevelopment options**. As one of the last remnants of a predominantly rural beginning, the City looks to **take advantage of its oldest asset**.

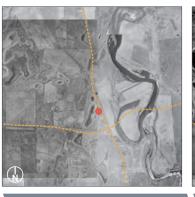
# SITE DEVELOPMENT OVER TIME: From Farmland to Suburban Development



**1887** The first District School No. 28 is indicated (empty dot) on the map south of the current Town Hall site. Much of the area is platted for farmland and few structures exist.



**938** In one of the earliest aerials of the region, what would become the city of Ramsey is predominantly farmland. Prior to World War II, the area remained largely undeveloped.



**1961** The area remains farmland, with small pockets of development along the major roadways. The City of Ramsey would be incorporated 13 years later.



**991** Residential development has grown to the west and along the Highway 47 corridor. The Old Town Hall was retired as Ramsey's City Hall in 1977, and now sits vacant among new development.

2017 New development to the north and south of the Old Town Hall site has encroached upon the historical landscape, making it unrecognizable from its historic

# **ISSUES & CONCERNS**

### **Site Specifics**

**Building Height Context**—Surrounding buildings are one story with gable and hip roofs.

**Zoning**—The site and neighboring buildings are zoned B-1 Business District, with Planned Unit Development across the highway.

Future Land Use—The area is planned for commercial use.



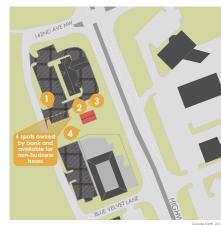
### **Tree Canopy**

In the immediate vicinity of the Old Town Hall are multiple **mature hardwood trees**. The 1970s NRHP nomination notes what are now 100-year-old trees on the site. Not only do they provide valuable shading for the Old Town Hall and surrounding buildings, but the trees also contribute greatly to the historic setting.



### Parking

The lot the building is located on is surrounded on all sides, with businesses to the north and south, a high-traffic roadway to the east, and an expansive wetland to the west. **There is no room for expansion**. The building sits on an incline from the surrounding properties and there is no parking associated with the building.





2 View of bank from north side of building

100

No. State

Google Earth, 2017 http://www.ci.ramsev.mn.us/sites/default/files/site/Official%20Zonina%20Map.pdf



View of south side looking east toward Highway 47



While the Old Town Hall site has few remnants of its rural past, reusing the building will still be a challenge for any business needing moderate amounts of parking. The **structural and architectural integrity of the building** should be addressed first.

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# **BUILDING DRAWINGS**



Architectural drawings—such as the ones shown below, which are based on previous renderings—are not only necessary in the construction process, but are also invaluable for **historical documentation of early construction methods** in Minnesota. The Old Ramsey Town Hall is a unique resource in Ramsey, as well as in the larger architectural landscape of Minnesota.





The Old Ramsey Town Hall retains much of its historic character. The brick and timbers used to construct it would have been obtained from the surrounding area, making the building a representation of late 19th century local industry. In the next poster, we propose improvements and restoration work that can strengthen not only the integrity of the structure, but also its future potential.

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# **BUILDING ASSESSMENT & RECOMMENDATIONS**



A variety of both **structural and cosmetic work** must be completed to render the Old Ramsey Town Hall building **stable** and **suitable for occupation**. Here we outline the necessary steps for improving the century-old structure to meet modern **building code requirements** and **Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards**. All work must align with the guidelines set by the **Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation**.

# **PHASE I: Climatization**

First and foremost, the Old Town Hall needs to be stabilized to **prevent further damage** to the structure. The repairs outlined here are in need of **immediate attention** to prevent further water infiltration, insect or rodent infestation, and deterioration of historic material.

## Seal Envelope

**Repair brick** around basement ventilation stack and **replace brick in-kind**. Install proper ventilation stack in preparation for installation of heating and cooling equipment. ESTIMATED COST: \$600

2 Replace Roof & Repair Eaves

Replacing the roof will **prevent any future** water infiltration. The roof should be

replaced with wood shingles or shakes.

More research could determine the

historical profile typical of the time of

construction. More insulation could be

added to improve energy efficiency at

3 Replace Entry Door & Stairs

The existing entry door is water-damaged. and the door surround does not properly join the brick veneer, leaving room for vermin infestation and water infiltration.

The door should be replaced with **double** 

**above**, which is the appropriate historical

ESTIMATED COST: \$3,700 (doors & transom), \$2,400 (stairs)

swinging doors with a glass transom









# PHASE II: Pre-Occupancy Upgrade

We recommend that the interior remain as **one large space**, adhering to the historical spatial experience of the building. If partitions within the space must be installed, any alterations or additions should be **reversible** and installed in-kind.

## 4 Repair & Restore Windows

The windows were replaced during an earlier grant project but could benefit from **new paint and caulk** where brick meets wood. A rear window needs to be replaced. ESTIMATED COST: \$450 (recaulking), \$900 (window)

# 5 Repoint Chimney

The mortar on the chimney is deteriorated and needs to be **repointed**. This will prevent any brick movement and possible spalling. *ESTIMATED COST:* \$1,000

## Install ADA Ramp, Sidewalk

**Increasing access** to the building for future tenants is a top priority. The ramp addition will be removable. *ESTIMATED COST:* \$4,400 (ramp), \$450 (45' sidewalk)

# 👩 Install doors, plumbing, HVAC

Previous grants were used to purchase doors and a furnace. Neither was installed completely. New **plumbing fixtures** need to be purchased and installed.

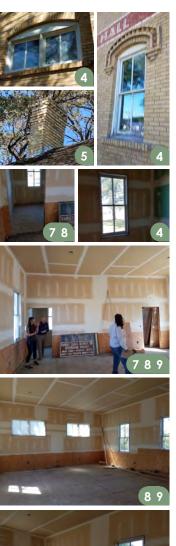
ESTIMATED COST: \$300 (doors), \$600 (plumbing), \$1,700 (HVAC)

# 8 Restore Wood Floor, Install Tile

The original hardwood floor needs an **extensive restoration**. Historically compatible tile should be installed in the restroom.

ESTIMATED COST: \$3,300 (hardwood), \$1,200 (tile)

### 9 Finish Interior





replacement.

the same time. ESTIMATED COST: \$20,000

> All work on the OTH will follow **The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation**, which pertain to all historic properties listed on or eligible for listing on the NRHP. The Standards are to be "applied to specific rehabilitation projects in a reasonable manner, taking into consideration economic and technical feasibility."

New **wainscoting** (historically appropriate) needs to be installed and the new **sheetrock** needs to be painted. ESTIMATED COST: \$3,940 MINIMATED COST: \$3,940



### TOTAL COST: \$18,240 TOTAL PROJECT COST: \$44,940



The renovation and restoration tasks are formidable, but **not insurmountable**. The result of these rehabilitation efforts would be a **valuable community asset**, one that reinforces a **connection** to Ramsey's rural roots as embodied in one of the earliest brick buildings in the area. Does Ramsey have the will to do right by the Old Town Hall?

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# **RETROFIT: OTH REMAINS AT CURRENT LOCATION**



Keeping the Old Ramsey Town Hall in its current location has benefits and drawbacks. By remaining where it is, the OTH can **remain on the National Register**, connect Ramsey to its rural past, and potentially contribute to a thriving business community. However, the location is developed on all sides, leaving no room for expansion or parking.



Old ideas can sometimes use new buildings. New ideas must use old buildings. 🤊 —Jane Jacobs, author of The Death and Life of Great American Cities



I drive by the Old Town Hall every day, and I think that building is so awesome and I want to see life. **99** –Shannon Potter



Interpretation of the state the property is something that we would like to display. History is always something that should be remembered. 🤊 —Tara Gattner

# PRECEDENTS

Weaver Schoolhouse Weaver, MN – Residential



Formerly a one-room schoolhouse serving Weaver and the surrounding area, the building was renovated in 2008 and turned into a private residence. The adaptive reuse

of the building won a Stewardship Award at the Minnesota Preservation Awards for its efforts.

### Emy Frentz Arts Guild Mankato, MN – Community



A historic local church was renovated and turned into the Emv Frentz Arts Guild. The building serves as the home of a local arts nonprofit. Twin Rivers Council

for the Arts, and provides gallery and rental space for community events.

### Anoka State Hospital Anoka, MN – Public Housing



Formerly a state mental health campus, the old buildings have been abandoned for years. A plan to begin renovation of the property for adaptive reuse as

housing for homeless veterans began this fall and will continue over a ten-year period.

# **BENEFITS**



## Stays on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)

By remaining where it is, the building stays on the National Register. This means that the building is eligible for **state and federal grant funding** and **tax benefits** that it would lose access to if moved.

The following resources are available for buildings on the NRHP. Most stipulated work has to follow the Secretary of the Interior's Standards.

MN Historic Structure Rehabilitation Tax Credit
 Preservation Alliance of MN Heritage Partnership Program
 MN Historical and Cultural Heritage Grants
 Certified Local Government Grants through the Historic Preservation Fund

### Location

St. Francis Boulevard is a busy arterial road. The building will have **prime access to clients** when the building is re-purposed. The area is zoned for small business developments, keeping the surrounding businesses on a similar scale.

**Connection to Ramsey's rural roots** The current location is near Ramsey's border with Anoka; the school served families from both communities. Keeping the building here helps explain how early-twentieth-century **rural communities depended on each other**.

### <u>Save money</u>

With **no relocation costs** to consider, the city will only need to cover the costs of

# DRAWBACKS



Lack of parking

The site has **no space for added parking**. It is surrounded by businesses on either side and a busy highway to which it has only indirect access. A private driveway and a large wetland further constrain parking options. The lack of parking makes finding a business that would be able to thrive more difficult.



### Funding constraints

Being on the National Register means there are constraints on what may be done to the building. For example, changing the outward appearance of the building would not be permitted. Signage added to the building for business purposes would have to be freestanding and not affect the façade of the building.



### Foster a thriving local business community

Old spaces are key to fostering new creative endeavors in communities. **Nonprofits, startup businesses, and arts communities** all create spaces where creative ideas can grow and flourish. Ramsey has the ability to capitalize on that.



### No room for expansion

The site constraints mean there is **no possibility of expansion or growth**. Any future occupant would be locked into using the building as is.



Taking into account these considerations, there are still **many opportunities for the** property to be put to good use. With a few business proposals already received by **the City**, we will explore possibilities for the property in its current location.





# The Future of Ramsey Town Hall

# **RETROFIT: OTH REMAINS AT CURRENT LOCATION (continued)**



Over the years, there has been interest in **putting the Old Town Hall to use.** Since it was left mid-remodel, it has been sitting there, lifeless. We will explore two business proposals for adaptive reuse of the Old Town Hall, as well as potential use of the space as a business incubator. By looking at the proposed floor plans for the building, we will evaluate the reuse options and their effects on the space.

# School of the Arts



It's not really about me. I just want to see that space used again and I want to bring more artists to Ramsey.

Shannon Potter's proposal for reusing the Old Town Hall focuses on bringing a community use back to the building. The location is a main draw for potential arts instruction programming and Shannon's experience as a property manager gives her an ability to manage the building while utilizing the space. Proposed program components include:

•Teaching: Classes for youth Classes for adults Voice lessons Other art classes as possible community events

• Flexible teaching artist model Expanding classes offered as new teachers join • Building reservations for

# Braven Music Anoka



We love history and a good story; we think that it is great that the building started out as a school and could again be one!

Tara Gattner's proposal for the building is based on expanding the established music school. Having reached maximum capacity operating out of their home and limited rental space, the stand-alone Old Town Hall building seemed like the perfect location. Program components include:

 Teaching: Music

Personal discipline

People skills Team building

• Currently over 50 students • Music lessons for youth Fine motor skill optimization •Experience working with children with disabilities • Giving back to the community

# **Business Incubator**



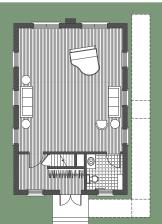
An incubator would catalyze entrepreneurship in the city of Ramsey and be the cornerstone for creating local goods and services. atthew Goodwin, Talent and Tenacity

The city's economic development team and the Resilient Communities Project have been working to create places and services provided by the city of Ramsey aimed to help startup businesses get off the ground. The Old Town Hall building would diversify this by creating a smaller scale space

### Community

Growth A new business with a focus on bringing artists to the community will help Ramsey's community and business grow.

Property Management Having the historic property used by a business owner who is also a property manager adds extra understanding to the nature of running a historic property.



### **Unestablished**

As a new business, it may be difficult for the School of the Arts to establish itself. The building could end up being empty again if the programming is unable to take off.

### **Unpredictable**

The flexibility of the business plan leaves the space utilized during unpredictable hours and by an unpredictable amount of people creating possible complications related to negotiating parking

Braven has already established a client base and is not a new business just trying to get on its

**Community Involvement** Braven is an active participant in the community of Anoka,

**Dividing Space** The school needs the building to be divided up into at least 3 private practice rooms. This will involve a great deal of construction. If Braven outgrows this space, these divided rooms may make finding a new use for the property difficult.

VS

### Sound Proofing

The separate rooms in the music school will need to be soundproof and set for acoustics. This will also add an extra layer of complication to the construction process.



### Control

Ramsey will retain control of the building, requiring management and oversight on the part of the

### Turnover

There can be a high turnover rate in any business incubator, leaving

### Diversification

Brings a new scale option, encouraging development of different types of businesses not already served by the Ramsey Business Incubator.

Existing program

stablished <u>Business</u>

regularly attending community events in order to give back. Bringing that into Ramsey would be a boon to the community.

that appeals to new businesses. Components include:

- •Business possibilities: Small scale start-ups Nonprofits Arts organizations
- •Flexible business model Discretion of Ramsev •Building can be used for community events

ITo further explore the business incubator option. see the "Talent & Tenacity" posters)

incubator program. This addition simply expands the



the possibility of the space being left empty and underutilized.



There is local interest in putting the Old Town Hall building to use on its **current site** and bringing new life to the area through adaptive reuse of the building. However, the City of Ramsey has also considered moving the building to the Center of Ramsey (The COR), the city's new mixeduse downtown area. In the next set of posters we will explore the relocation of the Old Town Hall.



The Future of Ramsey Town Hall



# **RELOCATION: OTH MOVES TO THE CENTER OF RAMSEY**



Moving the Old Town Hall to the new Center of Ramsey (COR) also has benefits and drawbacks. The move would showcase Ramsey's **history**, create a **new context** for the building, and provide **flexibility** in placement. However, it would **lose its status on the Historic Register**, **risk reduced structural integrity**, and be **out of scale with its surroundings**.



Its value lies not in the land it sits on but, rather, in the remembrance of the people of the land it served.
—Mike Auspos



Built in 1854, the

home has been

moved at least

four times. In

2009, it was

moved to its

current location

in the Elm Creek

Park Reserve to

Removal from the National Register

[The house] would have been left to decay in its current plot, but it moved to a gorgeous piece of land where it truly served as the anchor for the site. The move brought new life to the house.
—Terry Plyant on How Histoic Homes Are Moved

# PRECEDENTS

Hubbard House Carriage House Mankato, MN – Museum



Built in 1880, the carriage house was originally located across the Glenwood Creek from the main house. In 1977, the building was moved to the garden area next to the house to

keep its historical context to the building. **The carriage** house serves as a supporting structure for the Hubbard House, which is now used as a museum. Programming is run by the Blue Earth County Historical Society.

### Pierre Bottineau House Maple Grove, MN – Interactive Learning



replicate its natural historical setting. **The house is used as an interpretive space run by the Three Rivers Park District.** The park resources benefit the historic home by extending the learning landscape and highlighting the possibilities for adventure.

**DRAWBACKS** 

### Longfellow House Minneapolis, MN – Museum



Built in 1907, the house was originally connected to Minnehaha Park. In 1994, during the expansion of the roadway, the building was moved across the highway

and reconnected with the park it had been separated from. The house is currently used as an interpretive center run by the Minneapolis Park Board.

# BENEFITS



### New Context

By moving the building into the COR district, Ramsey will be able to create a "then and now" relationship between the Old Town Hall and the new town hall. It will **bring Ramsey's history into context with its present**.



## History in the Forefront

As the COR develops, it will become the destination in the city for people to eat, shop, and play. By bringing the building into this exciting new development, Ramsey has the opportunity to put its **history on full display.** 

### **Flexibility**



If the building is moved, it will lose its status on the National Register and Ramsey will **lose access to funding opportunities** that come with it.

### Scale

The scale of the COR is much larger than that of the Old Town Hall building. The one-room schoolhouse building could **easily lose prominence**, either standing alone in a large expanse or being surrounded by large developments.

Cost



The COR location offers **several potential sites** for the OTH to be relocated, allowing the City to **choose the ideal context** for the building in the new development.



VS

Moving the building will **add extra cost to the process of renovation** and to general maintenance. The building improvements needed in preparation for the move and the distance the building is being moved will both affect the cost. A reliable and reputable firm will be able to do the work in the range of \$50K. www.wolfehousemovers.com



Historic buildings are generally moved to keep them in a setting that **maintains historical context**, either because the new location closely **resembles the original surroundings** or **reunites the buildings with some other historic element**. Considering this and the structural integrity issues involved with relocation, Ramsey has several other options to consider.

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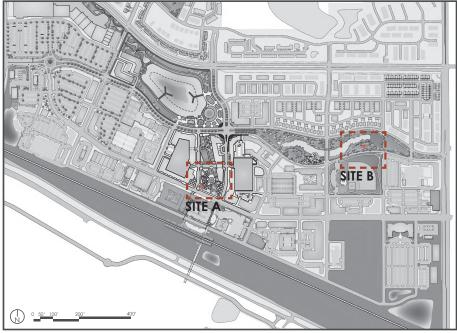


# **RELOCATION: OTH MOVES TO CENTER OF RAMSEY (cont'd)**



Moving the Old Town Hall to The COR would give the City options for several potential relocations sites. It can be placed in a "then and now" context in proximity to the current City Hall or be moved to a pastoral context to closely mimic its historic surroundings. There are various options for programming in both contexts: an entrepreneurial space like a cafe or retail establishment, or a museum or interpretive learning center.

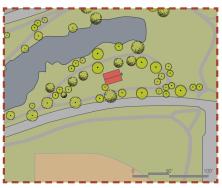
# PROPOSED SITE LOCATIONS





**SITE A: "Then and Now"** The schoolhouse will be placed in a "then and now" context with the City Hall, driving home the notion of historical progress.

The COR is slated for increased largescale development in the coming years.
This scale mismatch will diminish the visibility of the schoolhouse.



SITE B: Pastoral

The schoolhouse will be sited on its own, which is important to give the building a proper historical context.

+ Existing in a setting more like its original one, the building will become more of a destination.

 This may make it harder for the public to engage with the building.

## PROPOSED PROGRAMMATIC USES Cafe Retail





## Interpretive Learning/Museum

Fits within the building's iginal context. apitalizes on local story. Ties into amsey's rural roots. storical Society volvement. Ramsey's historic tourism market may be lacking. The extent of their historic tourism resources is limited.



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The Old Town Hall building serves as a window into Ramsey's



history. It keeps the city connected to its rural roots and creates a sense of place anchored in the building's historical context and connection to its surroundings. Keeping the building in its current location is important to keeping that context and program history, and remaining on the National Register. Beyond that, the structural integrity of the building is such that the possible damage to the building during a move is not worth the risk. In its current location the Old Town Hall building can serve as a starting point for Ramsey to create a local Historic Preservation Commission or Historical Society. Remaining in place and on the National Register, the Old Town Hall can serve as a true showpiece for Ramsey.

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