



Exercise oximetry in patients with arterial claudication

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Titre Exercise oximetry in patients with arterial claudication

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Mots-clés Claudication [7], Diagnosis [8], Exercise Test [9], Peripheral artery disease [10], Transcutaneous partial tissue oxygen pressure [11]

We read with interest the paper of Kovacs et al. published in Atherosclerosis [1]. The authors used discontinuous transcutaneous oxygen pressure measurement (TcPO₂) in patients with claudication and suggested that the performance of exercise-TcPO₂ was lower than post-exercise toe pressure. One issue when using TcPO₂ relates to the local heating of the skin that takes at least 15 min to attain stable values. Once stable values are reached, the simultaneous and continuous measurements of limb and chest TcPO₂ before, during, and following exercise can accurately detect exercise-induced lower limb ischemia with calculation of the "DROP" (limb changes minus chest changes) and analysis of minimal-DROP [2,3], as well as exercise induced systemic hypoxemia by analysis of chest changes during exercise [4].

URL de la notice <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua19695> [12]

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- [13] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.atherosclerosis.2018.02.032>
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