



## organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 2,3-Dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone

Maraizu Ukaegbu, Ray J. Butcher,\* N. M. Enwerem, Oladapo Bakare and Charles Hosten

Department of Chemistry, Howard University, 525 College Street, NW, Washington, DC, 2059 USA

Correspondence e-mail: [rbutcher99@yahoo.com](mailto:rbutcher99@yahoo.com)

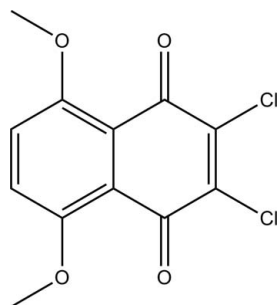
Received 23 May 2012; accepted 25 May 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 123$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.028;  $wR$  factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_4$ , molecules crystallize in planes parallel to  $(\bar{2}04)$  with an interplanar distance of 3.288 (2) Å [centroid-centroid distance = 3.819 (2) and slippage = 1.932 (2) Å]. The structure features C—H $\cdots$ O interactions involving methoxy and aromatic H atoms and the carbonyl O atoms as well as a C—H $\cdots$ Cl interaction involving an aromatic H atom. In addition there are short interhalogen contacts between adjoining molecules [ $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{Cl} = 3.3709$  (5) Å].

## Related literature

For biological properties of the title compound, see: Huang *et al.* (1998); Copeland *et al.* (2007); Lien *et al.* (1997). For structures of related 2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone derivatives, see: Ikemoto *et al.* (1977); Rubio *et al.* (1985). For quinoid systems, see: Driebergen *et al.* (1986); Scheuermann *et al.* (2009).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_4$   
 $M_r = 287.08$   
 Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 9.9366$  (2) Å

$b = 15.6564$  (3) Å  
 $c = 14.8505$  (3) Å  
 $\beta = 103.782$  (2)°  
 $V = 2243.79$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 5.27$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 123$  K  
 $0.81 \times 0.30 \times 0.23$  mm

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: analytical (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.154$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.418$   
 8037 measured reflections  
 2199 independent reflections  
 2156 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.077$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2199 reflections

166 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C7}-\text{H7A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^i$	0.95	2.72	3.6593 (14)	169
$\text{C8}-\text{H8A}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.95	2.54	3.3337 (18)	142
$\text{C11}-\text{H11C}\cdots\text{O1}^{ii}$	0.98	2.62	3.4030 (19)	137
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{O1}^{iii}$	0.98	2.49	3.3723 (19)	149

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

RJB wishes to acknowledge the NSF-MRI program (grant CHE-0619278) for funds to purchase the diffractometer. The authors wish to acknowledge Sema Öztürk Yildirim for assistance with the data collection and solution.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5932).

## References

- Copeland, R. L., Das, J. R., Bakare, O., Enwerem, N. M., Berhe, S., Hillaire, K., White, D., Beyene, D., Kassim, O. O. & Kanaan, Y. M. (2007). *Anticancer Res.* **27**, 1537–1546.
- Driebergen, R. J., Holthuis, J. J. M., Hulshoff, A., Postma-Kelder, S. J., Verboom, W., Reinhoudt, D. N. & Lelieveld, P. (1986). *Anticancer Res.* **6**, 605–620.
- Huang, L., Chang, F., Lee, K., Wang, J., Teng, C. & Kuo, S. (1998). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **6**, 2261–2269.
- Ikemoto, I., Yakushi, K., Naito, Y., Kuroda, H. & Sano, M. (1977). *Acta Cryst.* **B33**, 2076–2079.
- Lien, J., Huang, L., Wang, J., Teng, C., Lee, K. & Kuo, S. (1997). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **5**, o2111–o2120.
- Oxford Diffraction (2007). *CrysAlis PRO* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, England.
- Rubio, P., Florencio, F., García-Blanco, S. & Rodríguez, J. G. (1985). *Acta Cryst.* **C41**, 1797–1799.
- Scheuermann, S., Sarkar, B., Bolte, M., Bats, J. W., Lerner, H.-W. & Wagner, M. (2009). *Inorg. Chem.* **48**, 9385–9392.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, o2018 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812023926]

**2,3-Dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone**

**Maraizu Ukaegbu, Ray J. Butcher, N. M. Enwerem, Oladapo Bakare and Charles Hosten**

**S1. Comment**

Compounds with the methoxy and chloro groups on the 1, 4-naphthoquinone skeleton were reported to show inhibitory effects on cancerous cells (Huang *et al.*, 1998; Lien *et al.*, 1997). 2,3-Dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, was synthesized as a potential anticancer agent and has been reported to exhibit anti-inflammatory, antiplatelet, anti-allergic and anticancer activities (Huang *et al.*, 1998; Copeland *et al.*, 2007). This biological function is based on chemical properties inherent in molecule. To understand its biological behavior, therefore, it is of great importance to determine the structural property and its molecular dimensions. The methoxy and chloro group in the quinoid ring give it interesting redox and biological properties as well as an excellent coordination site (Driebergen *et al.*, 1986; Scheuermann *et al.*, 2009). The coordinating potential of the molecule could be used as a tool for the formation of new organometallic compounds (Scheuermann *et al.*, 2009).

The molecules in the title compound crystallize in planes parallel to (-2 0 4) with an interplanar distance of 3.288 Å forming a charge transfer complex. The distance between the overlapping planes of neighboring molecules is 3.385 (3) Å and 3.653 (3) Å. There are intermolecular interactions between both a methoxy hydrogen and an aromatic hydrogen and the carbonyl O atoms. Intermolecular interactions are also observed between chlorine atom and the aromatic and methoxy H atoms. In addition there are short interhalogen contacts between adjoining molecules (C11...Cl2 3.3709 (5) Å) These C—H...Cl, C—H...O and Cl...Cl interactions in the crystal structure link the molecules to produce a three dimensional network.

**S2. Experimental**

2,3-Dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone (DDNQ) was synthesized as described by Huang (Huang *et al.*, 1998). The reaction of dichloromaleic anhydride and 1,4-dimethoxybenzene produces a mixture of 6,7-dichloro-5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone and 2,3-dichloro-5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone. *o*-Methylation of 6,7-dichloro-5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone and 2,3-dichloro-5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone with methyl iodide-silver oxide produces the mixture of 6,7-dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone (1) and 2,3-dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone (2). The mixture of 1 and 2 were separated by column chromatography on silica gel to obtain pure 2,3-dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone (DDNQ). Solid DDNQ was recrystallized in dichloromethane to produce X-ray diffraction quality crystals.

**S3. Refinement**

H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with a C—H distance of 0.95 Å  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  and 0.98 Å for CH<sub>3</sub> [ $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ ].

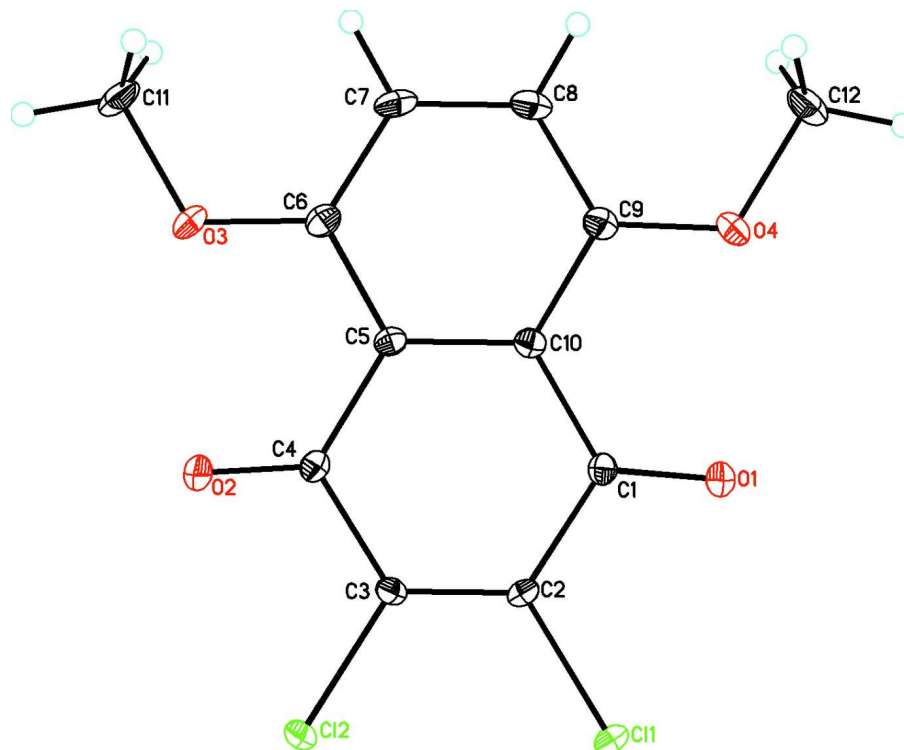


Figure 1

Diagram of  $C_{12}H_8Cl_2O_4$  with atomic displacement parameters drawn at 30% probability.

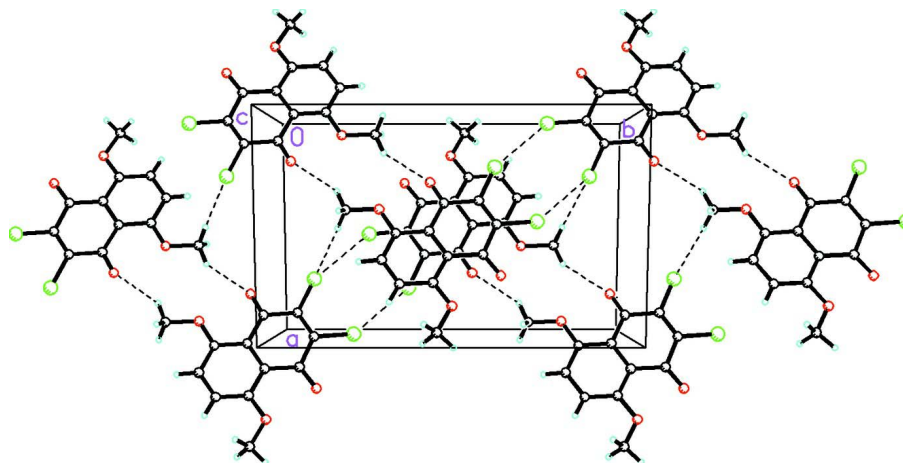


Figure 2

The molecular packing for  $C_{12}H_8Cl_2O_4$  viewed along the  $c$  axis.

### 2,3-Dichloro-5,8-dimethoxy-1,4-naphthoquinone

#### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_8Cl_2O_4$

$M_r = 287.08$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol:  $-C 2yc$

$a = 9.9366 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 15.6564 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 14.8505 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 103.782 (2)^\circ$

$V = 2243.79 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1168$   
 $D_x = 1.700 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 6065 reflections  
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}72.4^\circ$

$\mu = 5.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 123 \text{ K}$   
 Slab, pink  
 $0.81 \times 0.30 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer  
 Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution:  $10.5081 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: analytical  
 (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.154$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.418$

8037 measured reflections  
 2199 independent reflections  
 2156 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 72.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 5.4^\circ$   
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $k = -19 \rightarrow 18$   
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 18$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.077$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2199 reflections  
 166 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0452P)^2 + 1.7012P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL*,  
 $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 Extinction coefficient: 0.00077 (11)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.22986 (3)	0.61933 (2)	0.50894 (2)	0.02353 (13)
Cl2	0.47240 (4)	0.73207 (2)	0.62182 (2)	0.02670 (14)
O1	0.29765 (11)	0.44185 (6)	0.51438 (7)	0.0247 (2)
O2	0.70729 (11)	0.63328 (7)	0.71429 (7)	0.0256 (2)
O3	0.83562 (11)	0.50132 (7)	0.79392 (7)	0.0266 (3)
O4	0.41728 (11)	0.30361 (6)	0.58176 (7)	0.0246 (2)
C1	0.39013 (13)	0.48023 (9)	0.56736 (9)	0.0163 (3)
C2	0.37962 (13)	0.57504 (9)	0.57239 (9)	0.0163 (3)
C3	0.48343 (14)	0.62303 (8)	0.62041 (9)	0.0169 (3)

C4	0.61546 (13)	0.58551 (9)	0.67577 (9)	0.0166 (3)
C5	0.62262 (13)	0.49062 (9)	0.68126 (9)	0.0160 (3)
C6	0.73632 (14)	0.45098 (9)	0.74118 (9)	0.0194 (3)
C7	0.74226 (15)	0.36157 (10)	0.74499 (10)	0.0233 (3)
H7A	0.8192	0.3346	0.7852	0.028*
C8	0.63901 (16)	0.31218 (9)	0.69163 (10)	0.0232 (3)
H8A	0.6467	0.2517	0.6946	0.028*
C9	0.52280 (15)	0.34971 (9)	0.63305 (10)	0.0193 (3)
C10	0.51411 (14)	0.43964 (9)	0.62756 (9)	0.0162 (3)
C11	0.94626 (15)	0.46147 (11)	0.86031 (11)	0.0291 (3)
H11A	1.0087	0.5054	0.8939	0.044*
H11B	0.9978	0.4235	0.8282	0.044*
H11C	0.9079	0.4282	0.9042	0.044*
C12	0.42089 (18)	0.21201 (9)	0.59175 (12)	0.0295 (3)
H12A	0.3370	0.1873	0.5518	0.044*
H12B	0.4255	0.1970	0.6565	0.044*
H12C	0.5027	0.1894	0.5737	0.044*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.01650 (19)	0.0218 (2)	0.0275 (2)	0.00482 (11)	-0.00425 (14)	0.00124 (12)
C12	0.0297 (2)	0.01223 (19)	0.0314 (2)	0.00149 (12)	-0.00606 (15)	-0.00074 (12)
O1	0.0218 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0281 (5)	-0.0027 (4)	-0.0033 (4)	-0.0024 (4)
O2	0.0204 (5)	0.0211 (5)	0.0300 (6)	-0.0041 (4)	-0.0045 (4)	-0.0011 (4)
O3	0.0190 (5)	0.0279 (6)	0.0263 (5)	0.0043 (4)	-0.0075 (4)	0.0011 (4)
O4	0.0260 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0331 (6)	-0.0016 (4)	0.0036 (4)	-0.0014 (4)
C1	0.0152 (6)	0.0171 (7)	0.0167 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0041 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C2	0.0131 (6)	0.0182 (7)	0.0163 (6)	0.0032 (5)	0.0009 (5)	0.0019 (5)
C3	0.0194 (7)	0.0124 (7)	0.0182 (7)	0.0012 (5)	0.0030 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C4	0.0156 (6)	0.0192 (7)	0.0146 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0024 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C5	0.0146 (6)	0.0173 (7)	0.0164 (6)	0.0024 (5)	0.0041 (5)	0.0015 (5)
C6	0.0165 (6)	0.0238 (7)	0.0181 (7)	0.0029 (5)	0.0042 (5)	0.0014 (5)
C7	0.0196 (7)	0.0248 (7)	0.0256 (7)	0.0093 (6)	0.0055 (6)	0.0090 (6)
C8	0.0244 (7)	0.0172 (7)	0.0298 (8)	0.0050 (5)	0.0104 (6)	0.0059 (6)
C9	0.0201 (7)	0.0177 (7)	0.0214 (7)	0.0006 (5)	0.0076 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C10	0.0168 (6)	0.0155 (7)	0.0172 (6)	0.0011 (5)	0.0057 (5)	0.0010 (5)
C11	0.0202 (7)	0.0375 (9)	0.0244 (7)	0.0104 (6)	-0.0050 (6)	0.0029 (6)
C12	0.0359 (9)	0.0140 (7)	0.0406 (9)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0129 (7)	-0.0020 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C2	1.7074 (13)	C5—C10	1.4233 (19)
C12—C3	1.7111 (13)	C6—C7	1.402 (2)
O1—C1	1.2166 (17)	C7—C8	1.375 (2)
O2—C4	1.2126 (17)	C7—H7A	0.9500
O3—C6	1.3564 (18)	C8—C9	1.399 (2)
O3—C11	1.4331 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9500

O4—C9	1.3492 (18)	C9—C10	1.4117 (18)
O4—C12	1.4413 (17)	C11—H11A	0.9800
C1—C10	1.4819 (19)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C1—C2	1.4911 (18)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C2—C3	1.3367 (19)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C3—C4	1.4927 (18)	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4—C5	1.4886 (18)	C12—H12C	0.9800
C5—C6	1.4052 (19)		
C6—O3—C11	118.53 (12)	C6—C7—H7A	119.3
C9—O4—C12	118.51 (12)	C7—C8—C9	120.94 (13)
O1—C1—C10	124.72 (13)	C7—C8—H8A	119.5
O1—C1—C2	118.22 (12)	C9—C8—H8A	119.5
C10—C1—C2	117.05 (11)	O4—C9—C8	122.80 (13)
C3—C2—C1	122.14 (12)	O4—C9—C10	118.19 (12)
C3—C2—C11	121.77 (11)	C8—C9—C10	119.00 (13)
C1—C2—C11	116.03 (10)	C9—C10—C5	119.95 (12)
C2—C3—C4	122.54 (12)	C9—C10—C1	119.55 (12)
C2—C3—C12	121.59 (11)	C5—C10—C1	120.49 (12)
C4—C3—C12	115.87 (10)	O3—C11—H11A	109.5
O2—C4—C5	124.68 (12)	O3—C11—H11B	109.5
O2—C4—C3	118.74 (12)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	116.56 (11)	O3—C11—H11C	109.5
C6—C5—C10	119.64 (13)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	119.75 (12)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C10—C5—C4	120.60 (12)	O4—C12—H12A	109.5
O3—C6—C7	122.63 (13)	O4—C12—H12B	109.5
O3—C6—C5	118.27 (13)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C7—C6—C5	119.10 (13)	O4—C12—H12C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	121.33 (13)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C8—C7—H7A	119.3	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
O1—C1—C2—C3	-172.16 (13)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.42 (12)
C10—C1—C2—C3	7.53 (19)	O3—C6—C7—C8	179.06 (13)
O1—C1—C2—C11	5.05 (16)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.2 (2)
C10—C1—C2—C11	-175.27 (9)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-1.4 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.5 (2)	C12—O4—C9—C8	3.6 (2)
C11—C2—C3—C4	-179.59 (10)	C12—O4—C9—C10	-175.82 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C12	177.39 (10)	C7—C8—C9—O4	-177.91 (13)
C11—C2—C3—C12	0.34 (17)	C7—C8—C9—C10	1.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—O2	176.86 (13)	O4—C9—C10—C5	179.39 (12)
C12—C3—C4—O2	-3.09 (17)	C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.06 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-4.63 (19)	O4—C9—C10—C1	0.79 (18)
C12—C3—C4—C5	175.42 (9)	C8—C9—C10—C1	-178.66 (12)
O2—C4—C5—C6	6.3 (2)	C6—C5—C10—C9	-1.52 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-172.15 (12)	C4—C5—C10—C9	179.58 (11)
O2—C4—C5—C10	-174.84 (13)	C6—C5—C10—C1	177.06 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C10	6.75 (18)	C4—C5—C10—C1	-1.83 (18)

C11—O3—C6—C7	-4.1 (2)	O1—C1—C10—C9	-6.9 (2)
C11—O3—C6—C5	175.23 (12)	C2—C1—C10—C9	173.40 (11)
C10—C5—C6—O3	-177.66 (12)	O1—C1—C10—C5	174.48 (12)
C4—C5—C6—O3	1.24 (18)	C2—C1—C10—C5	-5.19 (18)
C10—C5—C6—C7	1.67 (19)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C7—H7 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ C12 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.72	3.6593 (14)	169
C8—H8 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.54	3.3337 (18)	142
C11—H11 <i>C</i> $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.62	3.4030 (19)	137
C12—H12 <i>A</i> $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.49	3.3723 (19)	149

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ .