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Altered Biomechanics of a Perthes' Hip Investigated by Contact Modeling

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Publication date: 2014

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA):

Salmingo, R. A., Skytte, T. L., Traberg, M. S., Mikkelsen, L. P., Henneberg, K-Å., & Wong, C. (2014). Altered Biomechanics of a Perthes' Hip Investigated by Contact Modeling. Abstract from 7th World Congress of Biomechanics, Boston, MA, United States.

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Monday Poster Session - General Session

M303 A Method for Validation of Finite Element Models in Scoliosis Bracing Simulation C. Vergari¹, G. Ribes¹, B. Aubert¹, C. Adam¹, L. Miladi², B. Ilharreborde³, K. Abelin-Genevois⁴, P. Rouch¹, W. Skalli¹; ¹Arts et Metiers ParisTech, LBM, Paris, FRANCE, ²Department of Pediatric Orthopedics, Necker Enfants Malades Hospital, AP-HP, Paris, FRANCE, ³Pediatric Orthopaedics Department, Robert Debré Hospital, AP-HP, Paris Diderot University, Paris, FRANCE, ⁴Department of Paediatric Orthopaedics, Mother and Child Hospital, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Claude Bernard Lyon 1 University, FRANCE.

M304 Do Biomechanical Exam Variables Predict Response to Conservative Treatment of Non-Chronic Plantar Fasciitis?

J. Wrobel¹, A. E. Fleischer², J. Matzkin-Bridger², J. Fascione³, R. Crews², N. Bruning¹, B. Jarrett²;
¹University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, ²Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science, North Chicago, IL,
³Advocate Illinois Masonic Medical Center, Chicago, IL.

M305 A Bandwidth Limitation in Joint Motion Simulator Control

P. J. Schimoler¹, J. S. Vipperman¹, M. C. Miller²; ¹University of Pittsburgh, PA, ²Allegheny General Hospital, Pittsburgh, PA.

M306 Effects of ligature pretension in interspinous process spacer on stability and spinous process fracture risk

D. Choi, K. Kim, W. Park, Y. Kim; Kyung Hee University, Yongin-si, REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

M307 Application of computational lower extremity model to investigate muscle activities and joint force patterns in knee osteoarthritis patients during walking

A. Dorj, K. Kim, Y. Kim; Kyung Hee University, Yongin, REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

M308 Altered Biomechanics of a Perthes' Hip Investigated by Contact Modeling

R. A. Salmingo¹, T. L. Skytte², M. S. Traberg¹, L. P. Mikkelsen³, K. Henneberg¹, C. Wong²; ¹Biomedical Engineering, Technical University of Denmark, Kongens Lyngby, DENMARK, ²Hvidovre University Hospital, Copenhagen, DENMARK, ³Department of Wind Energy, Technical University of Denmark, Roskilde, DENMARK.

M309 Caliper Method vs Digital Photogrammetry for Assessing Arch Height Index in Pregnant Women

K. Harrison, J. L. McCrory; West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV. M310 The Effect of Different Thumb Orthoses on Thumb Stabilization and Hand Function in Individuals with Carpometacarpal Osteoarthritis N. Hamann¹, J. Heidemann², K. Heinrich¹, H. Wu¹, J. Bleuel¹, C. Gonska¹, G. P. Brüggemann¹; ¹Institute of Biomechanics and Orthopaedics, German Sport University Cologne, GERMANY, ²Joint Centre Brühl, GERMANY.

M311 Loading rate during gait and stair descent for individuals with focal cartilage defects in the knee

L. M. Thoma, M. P. McNally, D. C. Flanigan, A. M. Chaudhari, R. A. Siston, T. M. Best, L. C. Schmitt; The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH.

M312 Altered Landing Mechanics in Professional Athletes with Patellofemoral Pain

J. Stephen¹, R. Sopher¹, N. Caplan², N. Phillips³; ¹Imperial College London, UNITED KINGDOM, ²Northumbria University, Newcastle, UNITED KINGDOM, ³Cardiff University, UNITED KINGDOM.

M313 Understanding Knee Functionality: Simultaneous Assessment of Whole Body Kinematics, Videofluoroscopic Tibiofemoral Implant Kinematics, EMG and Ground Reaction Forces during Daily Activities

P. Schütz, H. Gerber, M. Hitz, S. Ferguson, W. R. Taylor, R. List;

Institute for Biomechanics, ETH Zurich, SWITZERLAND.

M314 The Effect of Bone Preparation on Cementless Femoral Component Micromotion in Total Knee Arthroplasty

A. Gopalakrishnan, E. Hampp; Stryker Corporation, Parsippany, NJ.

M315 A Comparison of Upper Extremity Joint Demands during Pediatric Lofstrand Crutch and Walker-Assisted Gait

B. A. Slavens¹, A. J. Schnorenberg¹, A. Graf², J. Krzak², P. A. Smith², G. F. Harris³;

¹Univ of Wisconsin Milwaukee, WI, ²Shriners Hospitals for Children - Chicago, IL, ³Marquette Univ, Milwaukee, WI.

M316 A Method for Assessing Accuracy in Tracking Foot Bones with Biplanar Videoradiograhy

M. J. Rainbow¹, J. B. Schwartz², I. S. Davis¹, D. C. Moore³; ¹Harvard Medical School, Cambridge, MA, ²Rhode Island Hospital, Providence, RI, ³Rhode Island Hospital / Brown University, Providence, RI.

M317 A Preliminary Evaluation of Shoulder Mechanics Using a Novel Wheelchair: The Influence of Pain

P. W. Hovis, M. D. Brown, C. J. Hass, M. D. Tillman; University of Florida, Gainesville, FL.



July 6-11, 2014

John B. Hynes Veterans Memorial Convention Center 900 Boviston Street | Boston, Massachusetts 02215

Presentation Abstract

Session: Monday General Poster Session

Presentation: Altered Biomechanics of a Perthes' Hip Investigated by Contact Modeling

Presentat Time: Monday, Jul 07, 2014, 11:00 AM - 9:30 PM

Author(s):

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Abstract: Introduction

Perthes' disease is one of the most common hip disorders in young children characterized by malformation of the femoral head. Several studies have investigated the biomechanical alterations of Perthes' disease using Finite Element Analysis (FEA), however, most of them were 2D models and lack patient-specific details of the cartilage and necrotic bone. Thus, the objective of this study was to investigate the altered biomechanics of a Perthes' hip joint by finite element contact modeling using MRI to develop the patient-specific model of the cartilages and bones.

Methods

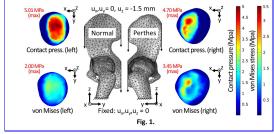
The MRI data of both hips of a unilateral Perthes' case was obtained to segment the bones and cartilages using Simpleware. A 3D point cloud data of the segmented parts were exported to SolidWorks to build the 3D models. FEA was performed using Comsol 4.3b. The same Poisson's ratio 0.30 was set for the femoral, pelvic and necrotic bones. The Poisson's ratio 0.35 was set for the femoral and acetabular cartilages. The elastic modulus for the pelvis, femur, cartilages and necrotic bone were, 5 GPa, 500 MPa, 50 MPa and 20 MPa, respectively. For the loading conditions, the distal part of the femur was fixed while the pelvis was displaced 1.5 mm downwards in the axial direction (Fig. 1).

Results

The results show that the contact pressure in the femoral cartilage of normal hip (left) is more distributed than the Perthes' hip (right) (Fig. 1). Since the elastic modulus of the femur is higher than the necrotic bone in the affected hip, the maximum contact pressure 5.01 MPa was found in the normal hip (4.70 MPa for Perthes' hip). The von Mises stress distribution of the femoral cartilage was more localized in the Perthes' hip (3.45 MPa max.), i.e. where the junction of the necrotic and normal bone is located below the femoral cartilage.

Conclusion

In this study, we have found out that the increase and localization of stress significantly altered the biomechanics of the hip joint. This knowledge will help orthopaedic surgeons decide where to redistribute the localized stresses and thus important in the treatment planning of Perthes' disease.



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