## Gold Nanoparticle Doped Polymer Materials for Microand Nanofabrication

S. V. Fischer<sup>1</sup>, N. Masuda<sup>1</sup>, S. S. Keller<sup>1</sup>, B. Uthuppu<sup>1</sup>, M. H. Jakobsen<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Nanotechnology, DTU, Kgs. Lyngby, Ørsteds plads, 2800, DK Mogens.Jakobsen@nanotech.dtu.dk

New bottom-up approach to fabricate metal nanoparticle doped polymer photoresist (polymer nanocomposite) is presented. The nanocomposite holds a potential to fabricate hierarchically structured materials which have tailored functionalities spanning multiple length, scales and dimensions. Such materials will enable exiting new applications in micro- and nanotechnology1. However, simple mixture of nanoparticles with many polymers leads to non-uniform distribution, particle clustering or aggregation that impairs desired properties in the composite material<sup>2</sup>.

Gold nanoparticle SU-8 composite was structured by UV photolithography and attained the lithographic resolution of 3.5  $\mu$ m by soft contact (Figure 1). Point-wise light scattering was observed through dark field microscopy (Figure 2). Plasmonic extinction peaked at 550 nm and similar response was observed by brief Mie calculation at n=1.63, (Figure 3). Spherical gold nanoparticle possesses isotropic feature. However, the composite showed polarization dependency to incident light, indicating that the particles were self-organized chemically and/or physically during the fabrication. The material is speculated to be useful in various fields, such as biomedical optics and photonics. The technique may be a break-through for cost-effective and scalable development for plasmonic sensing devices for example, SPR spectroscopy/SERS substrate and ultra-thin photonic crystals which sometimes relay on time consuming top-down approach for the fabrication. Since SU-8, PVP/VA and gold nanoparticles have low biological toxicity there may be applications in life science and medicine with this technique<sup>4, 5</sup>.





(A) 1w/w% (8mg), (B) 0.25w/w (2mg) and (C) control respectively. The white bar is the scale bar (10µm).



From black, red to green spectra corresponds to phase in water, SU-8 nanocomposite (1 w/w %) and theoretical spectra from 15nm particle at n=1.6 respectively.

- 1. O.D. Velev & S. Gupta, Adv. Mater., Vol.21, p.1897 (2009).
- 2. A.C. Balazs, T. Emrick & T.P. Russell, Science, Vol.314, p.1107 (2006).
- 3. B. Bilenberg, T. Nielsen, B. Clausen & A. Kristensen, J. Micromech. Microeng., Vol.14, p.814 (2004).
- 4. C. Leuner, & J. Dressman, Eur. J. Pharm. Biopharm., Vol.50, p.47 (2000).
- 5. G. Voskerician et al., Biomaterials, Vol.24, p.1959 (2003).