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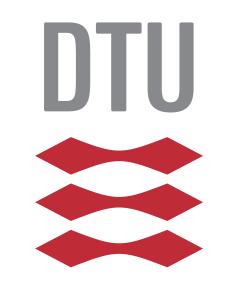
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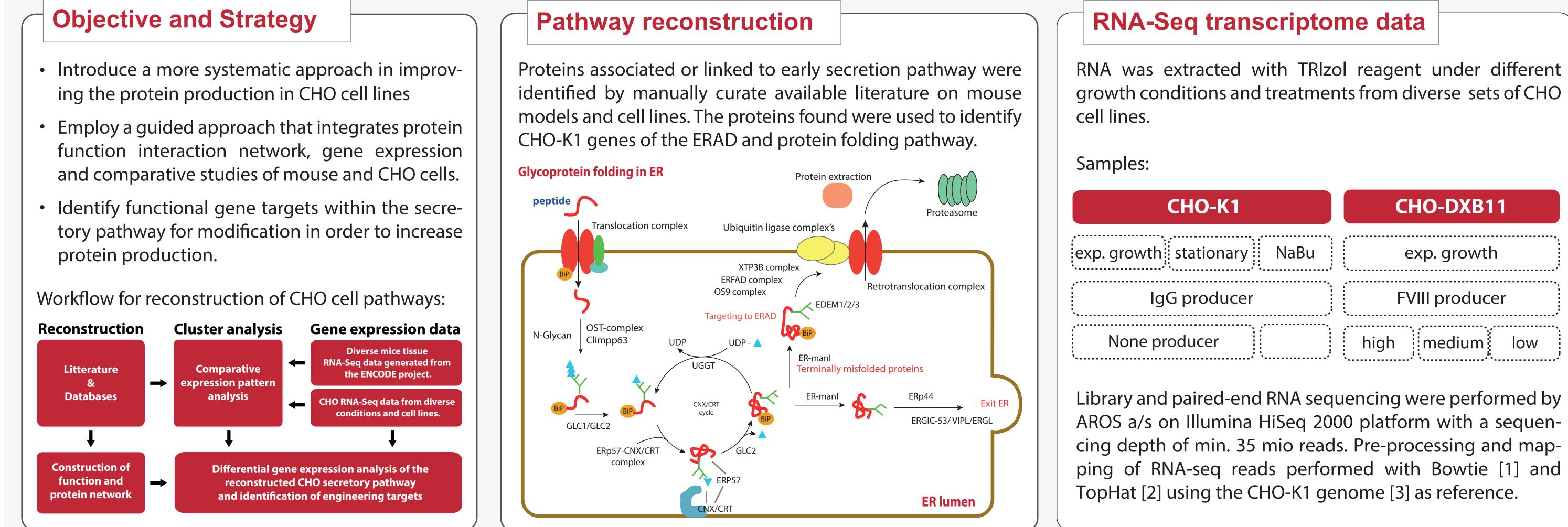
Protein network reconstruction of CHO cell secretory pathway

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Introduction

Protein secretion is one of the major bottlenecks in the productivity of recombinant protein in mammalian cells. So far, there have been limited studies of the cell biology of the CHO cell and the potential of cell line engineering. To elucidate the poorly understood cellular processes that control and limit recombinant protein production and secretion, a system-wide study was initiated to identify possibly engineering targets relevant for therapeutic protein production.

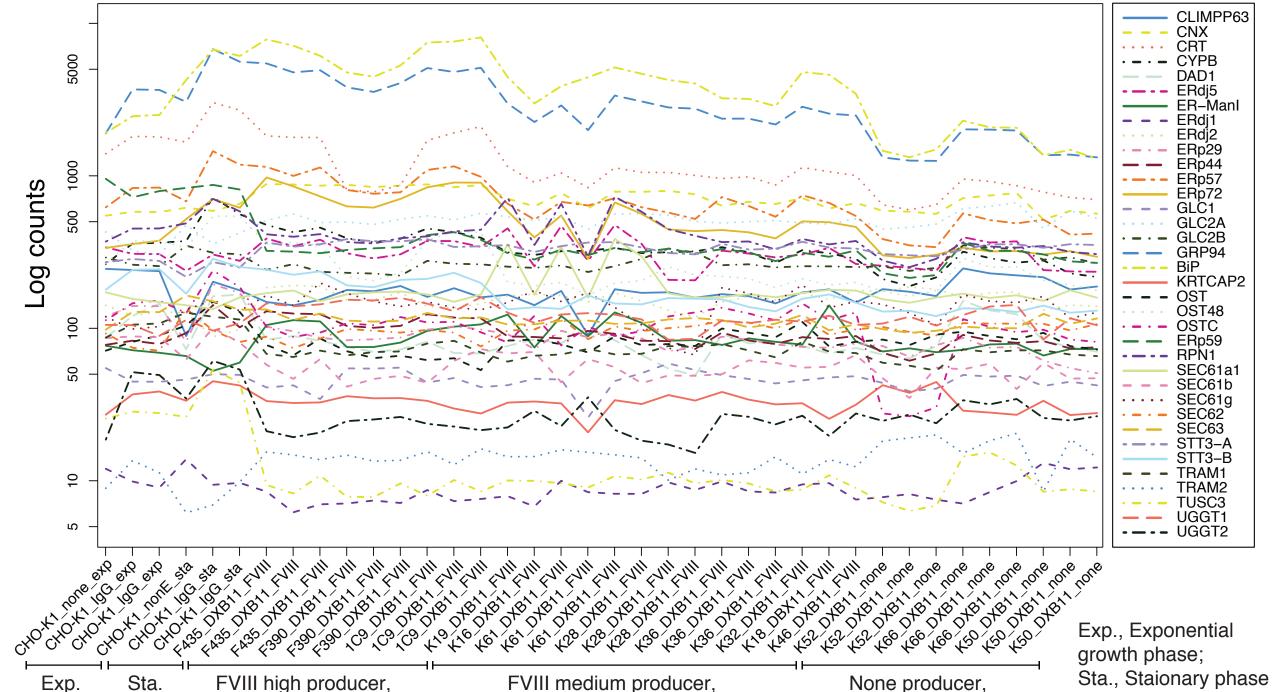


ping of RNA-seq reads performed with Bowtie [1] and

Gene expression cluster analysis

A comparative expression analysis of CHO cells and mice allowed to evaluate CHO cell genes expression patterns and for identification of specific proteins and association with changed network arrangement in CHO cells.

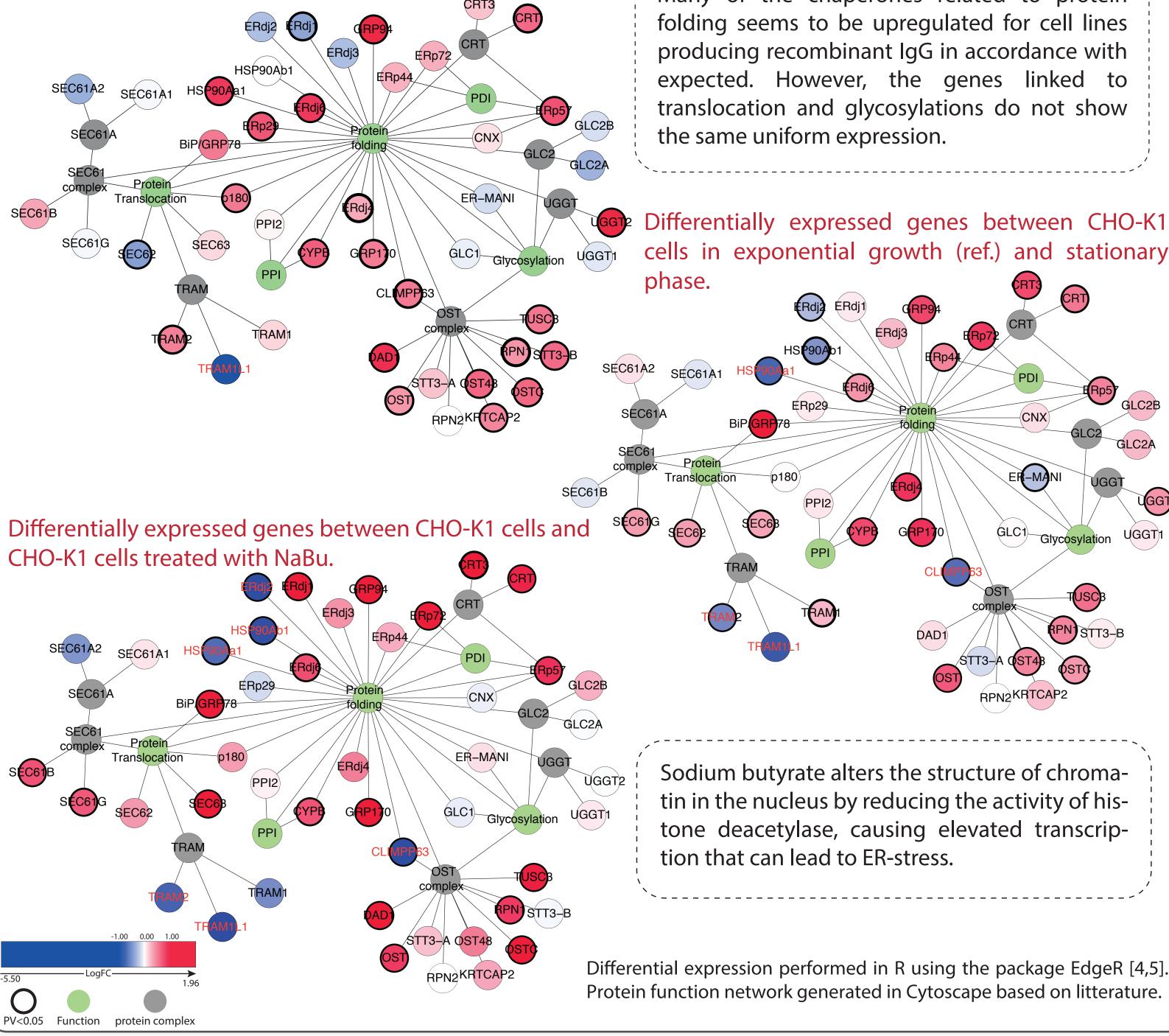
CHO expression pattern protein folding associated genes



Integrated gene expression network

The sub-network of genes associated with translocation and protein folding.

Differentially expressed genes between CHO-K1 cells (ref.) and CHO-K1 cells producing IgG.



Many of the chaperones related to protein folding seems to be upregulated for cell lines producing recombinant IgG in accordance with expected. However, the genes linked to translocation and glycosylations do not show

Differentially expressed genes between CHO-K1 cells in exponential growth (ref.) and stationary

FVIII high producer. Exp. growth arowth

FVIII medium producer, Exp. growth Exp. growth

Hierarchical clustering by Spearman's correlation and average linkage. The robustness of the clustering was evaluated by bootstraping using the R package pvclust nboot=1000.

Samples

Conclusion

- This case study showed how a gene function interaction network and gene expression clusters may give insight to biological gene clusters and expression behaviour.
- Possible genetic targets can be evaluated in relation to the systemic network as wells as identification of new targets.
- Identify changed regulation in functions or pathways within the secretory pathways.

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GLC2B

STT3-B