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## New mouse models for the analysis of cGMP signalling

Robert Feil\*<sup>1</sup>, Susanne Feil<sup>1</sup>, Paul Franken<sup>2</sup>, Yann Emmenegger<sup>2</sup>, Mehdi Tafti<sup>2</sup>, Karin Weindl<sup>3</sup>, Sabine M Hölter<sup>3</sup>, Wolfgang Wurst<sup>3</sup>, Sonja Langmesser<sup>4</sup>, Urs Albrecht<sup>4</sup>, Michael Föller<sup>5</sup>, Florian Lang<sup>5</sup>, Silke Weber<sup>6</sup> and Franz Hofmann<sup>6</sup>

Address: <sup>1</sup>Interfakultäres Institut für Biochemie, Universität Tübingen, Germany, <sup>2</sup>Center for Integrative Genomics, University of Lausanne, Switzerland, <sup>3</sup>Institute of Developmental Genetics, GSF, Neuherberg, Germany, <sup>4</sup>Institute of Biochemistry, University of Fribourg, Switzerland, <sup>5</sup>Department of Physiology, Universität Tübingen, Germany and <sup>6</sup>Institut für Pharmakologie und Toxikologie, TU München, Germany

Email: Robert Feil\* - robert.feil@uni-tuebingen.de

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The second messenger cGMP mediates beneficial and detrimental effects of nitric oxide and natriuretic peptides. Studies with conventional knockout mice showed that the cGMP-dependent protein kinase type I (cGKI) transduces many acute effects of cGMP, such as smooth muscle relaxation and inhibition of platelet aggregation. However, the short life expectancy of cGKI null mice precludes the analysis of long-term processes in adult mice. Recently, we have generated conditional tissue-specific cGKI knockout and rescue mice that can be studied throughout adulthood. These mouse models have uncovered previously unknown functions of cGMP/cGKI signalling in complex behavioural processes, such as object recognition, social discrimination and the regulation of sleep-wake activity. Moreover, a novel role of cGKI in erythrocyte death will be discussed.

<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author