A VIEW of the FLAGS which most NATIONS of the WORLD bear at SEA

EXPLANATION of the TABLES, they shew
1st The Boundaries, Situation, the Length, Breadth, and the Superficial contents of Europe
2d A division of Europe into 9 great Parts, with the Lat. Long. Length, & Breadth of each: the chief City of each Part, its Lat. Long. & dist. from London
3d A description of the British Isles with several Political as well as Geographical Calculations. Particularly a view of the increase of its Royal Navy the Cost of each Ship and of the whole Navy.
4th Are Tables calculated for the other Kingdoms and Dominions in Europe shewing the superficial contents of each in Square Miles & names of the Provinces or Governments into which they divided & chief Town in each Division with its Distance from the Capital of the Kingdom and from London.
The whole intermixt with Historical and Political remarks.

EUROPE is bounded to the North by the Northern or Frozen Sea On the West by the Atlantick Ocean. On South by a Line drawn from the Straits of Gibraltar (as in the Maps) & proceeding Eastward leaving the Island of Malta to the Right, to near a Degree Eastward of Candia, which leaving to the left it turns Northward up the Archipelago. — Then proceeding N. E. thro the Dardanels, Propontis Hellespont and Bosphorus, cross the Black Sea & Palus Meotis, to Asoph, & thence with the River Don to Iasla, & thence almost North to the Wolga, along which it proceeds to Samara, and thence directly to Novogorod, & so to the Oby and along that River to the Mouth of it; thence to the North Cape, taking in Iceland &c.
Its Situation is for the most part in the Temperate Zone, according to the Modern Maps it lies between 32 and 73 North Latitude, and between 10 Degrees of Longitude West from the Meridian of Ferro (from whence the longitude is reckon'd in this Map) to 68 Degrees East so that the length from Cape St Vincent on the South West to long. Go beyond Archangel on the N. E. is 2100 miles; and from Cape Cagalia in the Morea to the North Cape in Norway 1800 Broad & the Superficial Contents of the whole is computed to be 2,749,349 Square miles.
EUROPE may be divided into Nine great Parts, of which three are Northern, three are towards the South, three in the Middle.

The British Isles compose one of the parts
The Continent of Europe is divided into the other 8 great parts

Parts of Europe		Latitude	Longit.	Length	Breadth	Chief Cities	their Lat.	their Long.	Dist. from London
1 Western Parts	G. Britain	50:00 59:00	12 00 19 20	360	290	London	51 32	12 36	
	Ireland	51:28 55:25	7 00 11 30	265	150	Dublin	53 18	12 00	240
2 Northern Parts Scandinavia British Isles	Denmark	40:30 25:15	26 20 31 10	170	140	Copenhagen	55 40	30 10	560
	Norway	57:35 72:00	23 00 52 00	1070	300	Bergen	60 00	23 30	604
	Sweden	55:30 70:30	23 00 28 30	860	496	Stockholm	58 42	35 06	806
	Moscovy	46:00 71:00	40 50 96 30	1530	1290	Petersburg	60 24	46 30	1155
3 Middle Parts	Germany	44 30 55 30	19 40 42 50	600	789	Vienna	48 24	33 25	636
	Poland	46 35 58 00	33 00 50 25	740	590	Cracow	50 05	36 50	746
	France	42 30 51 00	12 40 25 00	520	500	Paris	49 00	20 10	164
	Spain	36 00 44 00	08 05 21 30	470	560	Madrid	40 25	14 40	730
	Italy	36 30 47 00	23 20 37 00	720	330	Rome	42 00	30 30	734
3 Southern Parts	Turky in Europe	34 40 49 00	33 00 49 00	740	670	Constantinople	41 12	46 24	1330

In the above general divisions of the Continent, Germany includes United Provinces, The Netherlands, Part of the King of Prussias Dominions, & Switzerland. Spain likewise includes Portugal.
Italy is inclusive of the State of the Church. The Kingdom of Naples and Sicily, Sardinia, Savoy and Redmont. The Dukedoms of Tuscany Parma Milan Mantua, Modena &c. The Republicks of Venice and Genoa &c.

The BRITISH ISLES

GREAT BRITAIN is bounded towards the North with Great Northern Ocean, towards the East by the North Sea or German Ocean that flows between it and Denmark Germany and the Netherlands on the South with the Straits of Dover and the English Channel towards the West with the Western Ocean, St Georges Channel and the Irish Sea; and near the coast of N. Britain by the Western Islands
GREAT BRITAIN is divided into two great parts viz England or South Britain and Scotland or North Britain
South Britain comprehends England & Wales & contains

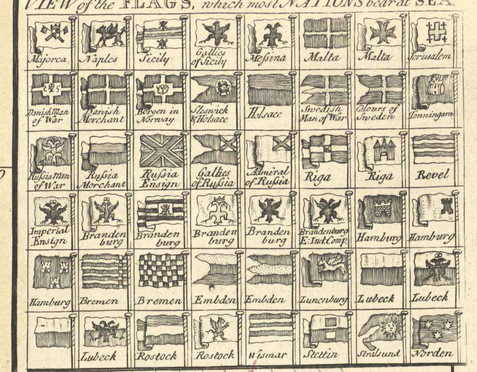
Miles in greatest length	300	Supposed Number of People	8 Millions
Miles in greatest width	300	Expences per Ann. at 7 s. each	28 Millions
Miles in Circumference	1330	Rents of the Kingdom a Piece	14 Millions
Square Miles in all	49,450	Do as supposed in 1689	11 Millions
Of which Sq. Miles in Wales	7,011	Do as supposed in 1600	6 Millions
Counties	52	Specie of the Nation a bout	20 Millions
Inland Counties	23	Revenue of Taxes per Ann.	7 Millions
Maritime Counties	29	Houses in London & Suburbs	96,100
Cities	26	Inhabitants in Do	706,000
Boroughs	207	Rent of Do per Ann.	2 Millions
Market Towns	803	Publick Charities in Do per Ann.	£208,000
Parishes	9,284	Ships belonging to Port of London	1,500
Universities	2	Their Tonnage	190,000
Orthodox Bishopricks	2	Their Compliment of Men	22,500
Bishopricks	27	Ships imported in London per Ann.	1/3
Peers at Present	196	Foreign Ships	218
Members of the House of Commons	558	British Ships from Foreign Parts	1,850
Supposed Number of Houses a bout	1 Million	Do from Ports of Great Britain	6,850

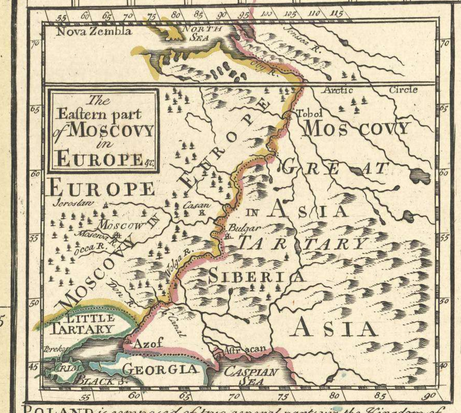
Great Britain being surrounded by Sea, its Navy may be esteem'd a floating Castle which must be vanquish'd before a descent can be made on the Land; hence an account of them may be not Ess. Portsmouth than a Dockyard. Q. Elizabeth greatly increased the Royal Navy and at her death (An. 1602) left 42 Ships of War all of them making 17030 Tons and carrying 8946 Men, but it by Ship Ty indebted to KWILLIAM for its prodigious growth who to his Glory more than doubled it during his reign, and employ'd commissioners for 9 Years 179 Ships of War, Income of which, Years 220 Ships every the Commissioners whose compliment of Men were 45000, and Guns 8196. Also if the Royal Navy as it stood at his death is up pound Also another ex which in 1734 with Prudence and Care of each Ships and of the whole Navy Garnish with cable, rigging &c. and 8 months Boatswains and Carpenters Stores is computed by Sec. Burchet.

330
335
340
345
350
355
360
5
10
15
20
70
65
60
55
The Quantity of Land belonging to the Protestants in Europe Compared with the Land possessed by the Roman Catholicks
Protestants | Square Miles
Great Britain 105,634
Dutch 9,540
Sweden 238,715
Denmark 16,301
Muscovite conquests in Sweden 71,935
Courland 4,414
Prussian Dominions 34,771
E. Hanover 12,051
Ch. Saxony 8,653
Cir. Swabia 5,478
Cir. Westphalia 2,291
Cir. Upp. Saxony 5,038
Cir. Low Saxony 7,172
Cir. Upp. Rhine 6,803
Cir. Franconia 4,278
Cir. Bavaria 416
Switzerland 7,620
The Quantity of Land belonging to R. Cath. 827,851 Protest. 677,708 Ballance 150,143
Roman Catholicks | Square Miles
Emperors Dominions 146,797
Spain 150,243
Portugal 27,851
France 138,837
Poland 222,000
K. Sardinia 17,573
Popes Dominions 14,668
Venice 13,290
Genoa 4,230
Tuscany 6,040
King of Naples & Sicily 31,400
Other parts of Italy 3,385
3 Spir. Electors 1,067
E. Bavaria 8,500
El. Palatine 5,088
Cir. Swabia 2,184
Cir. Westphalia 3,003
Cir. Upp. Rhine 6,850
Cir. Franconia 4,228
Cir. Bavaria 3,063
Switzerland 5,264
Some of the Protestant Territories in the North are barren & thin of people, viz of Northern parts of Norway Sweden & great part of Finland &c. but if the Rich Towns are all Protestants & have no mensuration in this Table, viz Hamburg Lubeck Dantzick, Bremen &c; which united together are equal in Riches & Strength to a considerable Kingdom. The extent of the Dutch Dominions likewise, bears no proportion to the Greatness of their Power. Nor is there any part of Muscovy reckoned into this Mensuration, except the Provinces conquered from Sweden, by the late Czar; where as the Russian Empire in Europe contains about 1,193,850 sq. M.
The Meridian of Ferro
THE NORTHERN OCEAN
THE GERMAN OR NORTH SEA
EUROPE
Land down from the Observations of the ROYAL ACADEMY of SCIENCES & compared with the Maps of SANSON, NOLIN, DUFER, DE LISLE MOLL & other Modern Geographers. To render this MAP more generally Useful & Entertaining a Sommary view of the several KINGDOMS & DOMINIONS of EUROPE is engraved on the Sides in Geographical and Political Tables Likewise The representation of the FLAGS which most Nations of the World bear at Sea
Standard of Great Britain
Union Flag
Admiralty Flag
LONDON.
Printed for CARINGTON BOWLES, Map & Printseller, at No. 69 in St. Pauls Church Yard.
NB. The Longitude of this Map is reckon'd from Ferro, one of the Canary Islands
ICELAND
FAROE ISLANDS
SHETLAND ISLANDS
ORKNEY ISLANDS
THE WESTERN ISLANDS
GREAT BRITAIN
IRELAND
ULSTER
LEINSTER
MUNSTER
CONNAUGHT
IRISH SEA
Anglesey I.
LONDON
NORWAY
SWEDEN
BERGEN
HOLSTEIN
LOWER SAXONY
UNITED PROVINCES
Rocol I.
Tory I.
Corbic
Bernera I.
Papa I.
I. d'Eust
Barra
Collansa
Orvosa I.
Dorsey I.
Achil I.
Garrowgh
I. d'Arran
Mayfarta
Shannon R.
Dingle
Dunkellin
Galway
Limerick
Kinsale
Cork
Waterford
Wexford
Wicklow
Arklow
Dublin
Drogheda
Carlingford
Dundalk
Donegal
Sligo
Ballyshannon
Lough Foyle
Londonderry
Coleraine
Carrickfergus
Belfast
Newry
Strangford
Ards
Donaghadee
Portpatrick
Dumfries
Carlisle
Whitehaven
Lancaster
Liverpool
Chester
Shrewsbury
Worcester
Gloucester
Bristol
Exeter
Plymouth
Falmouth
Penzance
Scilly
Lizard
Land's End
Milford
Haverfordwest
Carmarthen
Swansea
Cardiff
Caerleon
Monmouth
Hereford
Ludlow
Leominster
Bewdley
Stourbridge
Birmingham
Coventry
Warwick
Northampton
Leicester
Oakham
Stamford
Peterborough
Nottingham
Derby
Lichfield
Stafford
Chester
Manchester
Preston
Lancaster
Carlisle
Durham
Newcastle
Berwick
Alnwick
Morpeth
Hexham
Penrith
Kendal
Ulverston
Whitehaven
Cockermouth
Keswick
Richmond
Northallerton
Thirsk
Malton
Scarborough
Whitby
Hull
Beverley
Pocklington
Selby
Doncaster
Pontefract
Wakefield
Leeds
Halifax
Rochdale
Bolton
Wigan
Warrington
Chester
Nantwich
Newcastle
Stafford
Lichfield
Tamworth
Coventry
Warwick
Northampton
Bedford
Buckingham
Oxford
Reading
Windsor
Guildford
Dorchester
Salisbury
Winchester
Southampton
Portsmouth
Chichester
Lewes
Hastings
Canterbury
Rochester
Maidstone
Dover
Sandwich
Ramsgate
Margate
Deal
Rye
Winchelsea
Colchester
Ipswich
Harwich
Norwich
Yarmouth
Lynn
Cambridge
Huntingdon
Bedford
Hertford
Chelmsford
Maldon
Colchester
Sudbury
Bury
Ely
Thetford
Cromer
Wisbeach
Boston
Lincoln
Gainsborough
Doncaster
Sheffield
Chesterfield
Derby
Nottingham
Newark
Grantham
Stamford
Peterborough
Ely
Cambridge
Bedford
Buckingham
Aylesbury
Oxford
Abingdon
Reading
Windsor
Guildford
Chichester
Portsmouth
Southampton
Winchester
Salisbury
Dorchester

A continuation of the

VIEW of the FLAGS, which most NATIONS bear at SEA





POLAND is composed of two general parts viz. the Kingdom of Poland and the Dutchy of Lithuania; these are divided into 34 great Governments called Palatinates, which include many lesser governments or Castellanies all which are comprised in the following Provinces.

POLAND is divided into 10 Provinces containing 224,000 Square Miles							
Provinces	Capitals	Miles from Warsaw	Miles from London	Provinces	Capitals	Miles from Warsaw	Miles from London
Lithuania	Wilna	225	930	Lit. Poland	Cracow	150	746
Samogitia	Rossem	200	870	Red Russia	Lemberg	200	910
Prussia Royal	Elbing	109	730	Volhinia	Lucko	180	950
Masovia	Warsaw	[illegible]	760	Podolia	Caminieck	325	1025
Polesia	Bielk	121	878	Courland	Mittau	280	888
Great Poland	Gnesna	110	660				

The Dutchy of Courland is held in fee of the Crown of Poland. Part of the Ukrain Cosacks belongs to the Poles. Ducal Prussia is part of the Sovereignty of the King of Prussia and mention'd in the account of his dominions.

GERMANY divided into 9 great CIRCLES or GENERALITIES

North Circle	Westphalia, Lower Saxony, Upper Saxony	Middle Circle	Franconia, Upper Rhine, Lower Rhine	South Circle	Swabia, Bavaria, Austria

It has been usual to reckon a tenth Circle viz. that of Belgium or Burgundy &c. comprehend ing 17 Provinces of the Low Country & French Flanders which are now separated from the Empire.

The Division of Germany into Circles was begun An. 1500 & confirmed in the Diet of Norgauer on An. 1522 when the matricula or proportion of men & money was ordained. Each Circle should keep upon its Princes & Governments in its own circle for defence of Germany. The great Kingdom is divided into a little 300 different Sovereignties which may be reduced to the Five viz.

I. The Emperor who is Elected to the Imperial Dignity.

II. The 9 Electors who have much greater Authority & enjoy more ample privileges than the other Princes of the Empire. They are as follows with the contents of their Electorals in Sq. Miles.

The Elector of Mentz	2044	The King of Bohemia	12080	The Marqu. of Brandenburg	10310
The Elector of Treves	1765	The Duke of Bavaria	8500	The Palatine of the Rhine	5088
The Elector of Cologn	1858	The Elector of Saxony	8553	The Elector of Hanover	12151

N.B. The Kingdom of Bohemia belongs to the House of Austria. The Marquisate of Brandenburg is but a small part of the King of Prussia's Dominions. The Elector of Hanover's dominions are the Dutchies of Lunenburg, Hanover, Zell, Lauenburg, Bremen and Verden in lower Saxony & Countries of Hoya & Diepholt in Westphalia, the contents of the whole are included in the above computation of 12051 Square Miles. Hanover The Capital City of Hanover is 365 Miles from London and 346 Miles from Vienna.

III. The Ecclesiastick of Princes which include not only several Abps. & Bps. but several Abbots & Abbesses who are absolute over a Temporality of their Benifices without any cognizance of a higher power.

IV. Secular Princes distinguished by the Titles of Dukes, Counts, Marquisses & Landgraves, also some Earls & Barons who have a sovereign power in their own dominions.

V. Free Cities which are either Imperial or Hans Towns. Imperial Cities send Deputies to the Diets of the Empire. Hans Towns are such as are in league for mutual assistance. The General affairs of the Empire are conducted in the Diet which is held at Ratisbone & is composed of the following Members, or Estates viz. 6 Archbishops, 1 Master of the Teutonick Order 21 Bishops, 11 Princes Abbots & Prelates, 4 Prelates of Swabia, 11 Prelates of the Rhine, 19 Abbesses Ecclesiastick, 6 Electors, 58 Princes of the House, 25 Earls & Lords of Swabia, 25 Lords & Earls of Westphalia, 22 Ancient Earls, 61 Free Imperial Cities, 96 Sworn Lords, of which 56 are Roman Catholicks the rest Protestants.

The EMPEROR of GERMANY'S DOMINIONS							
In Germany contains 56,000 Sq. Miles				In Countries adjacent contains 76,000 Sq. Miles			
	Countries	Capitals	Miles from London	Miles from Vienna	Countries	Capitals	Miles from London	Miles from Vienna
Hereditary Countries	Bohemia	Prague	128	545	Hungary	Buda	1241	780
	Silesia	Breslaw	158	633	Transylvania	Hermanstad	1381	975
	Austria	Vienna		630	Sclavonia & Ratzia	Posega	1941	820
	Moravia	Olmutz	75	642	Croatia	Carlstat	136	736
	Stiria	Gratz	63	664	Morlachia	Zeng	169	735
	Carniola	Laibach	140	650				
	Carinthia	Clagenfurt	120	615				
	Tirol	Inspruck	210	520	Temesvar	Temesvar	278	931
Fiefs of the Empire	Tyrol	Trent	253	553	Brabant	Brussels	510	160
	Brigen	Brixen	210	540	P. of Flanders	Ghent	516	116
	Burgau	Burgau	240	440	P. of Luxemburg	Luxemburg	427	240
	Ferd. Tonins	Rhinefield	347	380	P. of Hohault	Mons	497	156
	Brisgau	Brisac Old	315	360	P. of Namur	Namur	468	182
	Hohenburg	Hohenburg	305	395	P. of Limburg	Limburg	432	225
	Mellenburg	Mellenburg	265	469	P. of Aremberg	Aremberg	457	160
	Constance	Constance	296	420	P. of Antwerp	Antwerp	495	156

Morlachia is properly the S. Part of Croatia, the Emperor claims a right to it, but his Officers are daily imported, the Inhabitants are free & they are unbiased in their allegiance because they are a good barrier against the Turks on the side of the Adriatick.

The REPUBLICK of SWITZERLAND may be divided into 4 Parts viz. Swiss Proper. The Allies of the Swiss. The Subjects of Swiss and of their Allies, contain 12,864 Sq. Miles.

SWISS PROPER is divided into 13 Cantons containing about 6,308 Square Miles							
Cantons	Capitals	Miles from Paris	Miles from London	Cantons	Capitals	Miles from Paris	Miles from London
Berne	Berne	50	370	Lucern	Lucern	48	384
Zurich	Zurich	44	380	Underwald	Sparty	54	392
Schaffhausen	Schaffhausen	31	360	Uri	Altorf		
Basil	Basil		340	Swisse	Swisse	57	395
				Friburg	Friburg	29	367
Apenzel	Apenzel	77	413	Zug	Zug	46	384
Glaris	Glaris	38	395	Solothurn	Solothurn	30	360

Switzerland was formerly part of Germany & is named from the Town of Switz, one of the first Towns which took up Arms to deliver themselves from the tyranny of the Emperor. The Cantons are all of them little Republicks, bound together under mutual Defence against the Tyrannick Body

THE WHITE SEA
NORWEGIAN LAPLAND
SWEDISH LAPLAND
MOSCOVITE LAPLAND
LAPLANDIA
LEPORIA
TERSKOY LEPORIA
KIANDOSKOY LEPORIA
BELI MOREESKOY
WARDHUS
GOVERNMENT
Waygats Straits
NOVA ZEMBLA
SAMOIEDES
JUHORSKY
CONDINSK
DWINA
SAVOLAX
CAJANEA or EASTERN FINLAND
TAVASTHUS
KARGAPOL
COUNTRY of SOMA
LADOGA LAKE
ONEGA LAKE
CARELIA
FINLAND
NYLAND
GULF OF FINLAND
GULF OF BOTHNIA
ESTHONIA
LIVONIA
COURLAND
SAMOGITIA
LITHUANIA
PRUSSIA ROYAL
POMERANIA
BRANDENBURG
MAZOVIA
LOWER POLAND
WARSAW
POLACHIA
WOLOGDA
MOSCOVY
NOVOGOROD WELIKI
BIELEIEZERO
JEROSLAW
TWER
RESCHOW
ROSTHOW
SUSDAL
BIELSKI
MOSCOW
SMOLENSKO
NOVOGOROD SEWIERSKI
WOROTIN
REZAN
Kargapol
Archangel
Kemetoe
Solofsa
Wologda
Kola
Kola R.
Pelinofer
Jokena
Kandalax
Ombay
Hoek Touria
Cascarena Pore
Warviga
Kem
Wiolo
Kexholm
Nyslot
Wiborg
Abo
Helsingfors
Revel
Narva
Dorpt
Pernau
Riga
Mitau
Wilna
Grodno
Smolensko
Moscow
Twer
Reschow
Bielsk
Novogorod
Pleskow
Kiow
Tobolsk
Astrachan
Kazan
Nizni Novogorod
Vologda
Jaroslaw
Kostroma
Vologda
Archangel
Mezen
Pustozero
Pinega
Dwina
Volga R.
Don R.
Dnieper R.
Dniester R.
Vistula R.
Niemen R.
Dwina R.
Pechora R.
Ob R.
Yenisei R.
Lena R.
Kama R.
Oka R.
Tobol R.
Irtish R.
Sea of Azof
Black Sea
Caspian Sea
White Sea
Baltic Sea
Gulf of Finland
Gulf of Bothnia
Gulf of Dantzick
Gulf of Riga
Lake Ladoga
Lake Onega
Lake Peipus
Lake Wener
Lake Wetter
Lake Mälar
Lake Ilmen
Lake Beloe
Lake Tchudi
Lake Kubenskoi
Lake Ladoga
Lake Onega
Lake Aral
Lake Baikal
Lake Tchalkar
Lake Tchaldir
Lake Tchaldir
Lake Tchaldir

Royal Navy at K. Williams death				Present Royal Navy and their Cost			
Rates	Ships	guns	Men	Ships	guns	Cost of one	Cost of all
1	7	702	5228	7	100	35553	248871
2	14	1260	8834	13	90	29886	388518
3	47	3451	21473	16	80	23638	378208
4	62	2226	16104	24	70	17735	426840
5	36	1170	4947	30	60	14147	424410
6	15	360	1650	34	50	10606	360604
Fire Ships 11				25	40	7558	188950
Bomb Vessels 13				7	30	5846	5846
Hospitals Ships 17				29	20	3710	107590
				30 Fire Ships		2000	60000
				Bomb Vessels Catches &c			
							2591337

NORTH BRITAIN OR SCOTLAND Contains			
Miles in greatest length	280	Parishes	938
Miles in greatest breadth	194	Number of Souls	1500000
Miles in Circumference abt		Provincial Synods	13
Square Miles in Area	27794	Presbyteries	68
Counties	37	Universities	4
Shires	33	Sends Peers to Brit. Parliament	16
		Sends Commoners to Do	45

SCOTLAND exclusive of ye Islands is less than Ireland 1988 Miles, but their Measurement is included in ye Area of Square Miles. The Church of Scotland was perfect in ye time of Episcopacy, ye Church Government was like ye in article of ye Union. A Rank of Lords of Parliament Consistory, consists of the Minister, Elders and Deacons wth a Clerk & a Beadle, from hence lies an appeal to ye Presbytery wch consists of ye Ministers & Elders of Neighbouring Parishes, from hence, lies an appeal to ye Provincial Synod which is composed of all ye Ministers of ye Province wth a Ruling Elder from each Parish they meet twice a year: & from this Court there lies an appeal to the General assembly wch consists of Ministers & Elders deputed from every Presbytery of the nation. This Court sits at Edinburgh to determinate & to all appeals from inferior Church Judicatories & makes Constitutions & Acts for the whole Church of Scotland.

IRELAND is a very rich and fertile Island and contains			
Miles in greatest length	275	Parishes	1586
Miles in greatest width	159	Universities	1
Miles in Circumference about	1400	Archbishopricks	4
Square Miles in Area	27457	Bishopricks	18
Provinces	4	Peers at Present	112
Counties	32	Members of Ho: of Commons	300
		Supposed Number of People	2 Million

Dublin is ye largest City of ye British Dominions next to London which it very much resembles in the manner of its Buildings & Names of its Streets. IRELAND is governed according to Laws enacted in its own Parliament. The Country is prodigiously rich in Pasturage, feeding vast herds of Cattle & victualling with ye many foreign places. It is most excellently situated for Commerce, but is restrained in ye export of its Woollen Manufacture, however ye Inhabitants by a great application for some ye past to ye LINEN MANUFACTORY have brought to so great perfection if its fabrick nearly equals ye any other Country & vast quantities are annually transported to foreign Markets. It's remarkable ye no venemous Creature is bred in Ireland or will live if carried thither.

The SUBDIVISIONS of the CONTINENT of EUROPE.

TERRITORIES belonging to the Crown of Denmark are the Peninsula of Jutland & several Isles in the Baltick Sea. The Kingdom of Norway over since 1387. Farro Isles & the Great Island of Iceland in the North Sea, likewise part of the Dutchy of Holstein & the Counties Oldenburg & Delmenhorst in Germany. In all about 165,000 Square Miles.

DENMARK contains about 14,418 Square Miles.				NORWAY is divided into 5 Governments & contains 99,800 Sq. Miles.			
Provinces	Capitals	Miles from Openhagen	Miles from London	Governments	Capitals	Miles from Openhagen	Miles from London
Jutland	Wiborg	117	500	Bahus	Bahus	120	614
Jutland	Slamick	114	445	Aggerhus	Aasto	203	615
Sleswick				Bergen	Bergen	310	604
Isle of Zealand	Copenhagen		560	Drontheim	Drontheim	447	662
Isle of Funen	Odensee	73	480	Wardhus	Wardhus	1040	1550
Isles of Lolland, Falstar, Langland, Aroe, Alsen, Fanoe, Bornholm							

The Isles of Farro stretch in length about 65 Miles & lie between Lat. 60 & 61 & Long. 96 & 12. The Isle of Iceland is about 1340 Miles long & its greatest breadth 180 Miles, it is supposed to contain about 40,000 Square Miles. The Crown of Denmark has been Hereditary since 1660, before which it was elective.

SWEDEN is divided into 4 general parts which contain 30 Provinces & 228,715 Sq. miles including the Isle of Gotland 1000 & the Isle of Oeland 560 Sq. M.

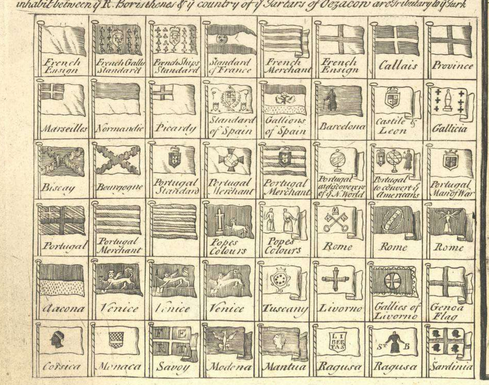
General Parts	Capitals	Miles from Stockholm	Miles from London	Dominions of Sweden in Upper Germany	Capitals	Miles from Stockholm	Miles from London
Sweden Prop:	Stockholm		800	Part of Pomerania	Stralsund	340	550
Gothland	Calmar	170	680	Isle of Rugen	Bergen	330	600
Sweden Lapland	Torne	400	1200				
Isle of Finland	Abo	135	1000				

In the late War between Charles the 12th of Sweden & Peter Czar of Moscovy the Swedes lost all Finland, Ingria, Livonia, Pomerania, Isle of Rugen, Bremen and Verden & the Kings Town of Wismar. But the greatest part of Finland, Isle of Rugen, Part of Pomerania & the Town of Wismar have been restored to Sweden by treaties. The Dutchy of Bremen & Verden were sold by the Danes to the Elector of Hanover whose family form'd ye pretext thereon, what remains, allowed from that Crown, space 1700 Leagues above 73 thousand square miles, which is more than 10 times the extent of the 7 united Provinces, almost as much as Great Britain & above 2 thousand Sq. miles more than all Italy. The Crown of Sweden was elective till 1523 & since the Death of Charles 12th ye ancient Liberty of the states has been restored by Queen Ulrica.

MOSCOVY OR RUSSIA IN EUROPE is divided into 36 Provinces and contains about 1,103,485 Square Miles

Provinces	Capitals	Miles from Moscow	Miles from London	Provinces	Capitals	Miles from Moscow	Miles from London
Samoiedes	Petzerskoi	760	1920	Bielozero	Bielozero	364	1420
Juhorsky	Juhora	636	1752	Iniger	Iniger	340	1342
Moscovite	Kola	550	1540	Novogorod	Novogorod	158	1212
Lapland				Weliki	Weliki		
Dwina	Arcangel	375	1530	Raschow	Raschow	376	1345
Condinsky	Kirsa	894	1830	Pleskow	Pleskow	160	1110
Obdorsky	Berosf	980	2134	Bielski	Bielski	354	1292
Karyapol	Karyapol	276	1434	Smolensko	Smolensko	402	1238
Dastengh	Dastengh	460	1600	Novogorod	Novogorod	572	1260
Wologda	Wologda	406	1520	Jaroslavl	Jaroslavl		
Permsky	Permsk Weliki	860	1972	Czernhow	Czernhow	555	1190
Jeroslaw	Jeroslaw	460	1510	Worslin	Worslin	520	1390
Rasthow	Rasthow	478	1492	Belgorod	Belgorod	738	1455
Susdal	Susdal	610	1615	Ukrain	Kiow	594	1145
Wolodimer	Wolodimer	682	1726	Ukranina	Ovesenkaja	960	1840
Niz Novogorod	Niz Novogorod	780	1805	Don Cossacks	Adar	900	1600
Czerenisis	Kusmademiansk	855	1862	Czaratsan	Jgaritsa	1155	1980
Nagarnoi				Jartary			
Casan	Casan	923	1954	Finland	Petersburg		1155
Rezan	Rezan	692	1654	Livonia	Riga	230	972
Moskow	Moskow	590	1540	Ingria	Adelburg	40	1174

The Dominions of Russia in Europe are larger than the whole Turkish Empire above 8 times as big as France, but a great part of it is wild and desolate so that its Inhabitants are not computed at above 16 millions. The Ukrain or Country of ye Cossacks is divided between ye Poles & ye Russians, but ye Cossacks who inhabit between ye R. Borysthenes & ye country of ye Tartars of Nogacow are Tributary to ye Turk.



ATLANTICK OCEAN
THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA
BAY OF BISCAY
THE ENGLISH CHANNEL
St. GEORGES CHANNEL
Bristol Channel
Straits of Dover
Straits of Gibralter
Straits of Sicily
Straits of Malta
Straits of Bonifacio
Straits of Messina
Straits of Gallipoli
Straits of Constantinople
Straits of Sundy
Straits of Magellan
Straits of Anian
Straits of Nova Zembla
Straits of Waigat
Straits of Sunda
Straits of Malacca
Straits of Sumatra
Straits of Bab Mandel
Straits of Ormus
Straits of Sinai
Straits of Jacob
Straits of Sinai
Straits of Bab Mandel
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Straits of Sundy
Straits of Malacca
Straits of Sumatra
Straits of Magellan
Straits of Anian
Straits of Nova Zembla
Straits of Waigat
Straits of Sunda

The KING of PRUSSIA'S DOMINIONS containing 34,771 Square Miles							
Countries	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Countries	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Duc. Prussia	Konigsberg	283	810	Minden	Minden	190	325
Brandenburg	Berlin		510	Ravensburg	Ravensburg	225	308
Eng. Pomerania	Camin	96	560	Lingen	Lingen	250	273
Sw. Pomerania	Stetin	67	298	Cleves	Cleves	250	190
Magdeburg	Magdeburg	70	370	Meurs	Meurs	293	230
Halberstat	Halberstat	105	420	Mark	Ham	250	270
Crossen	Crossen	63	570	Eng. Gelderland	Gelders	302	228
				Neufchatel	Neufchatel	427	266

The Marquis of Brandenburg after a war with Poland made Peace in 1525 on condition he should be created Hereditary Duke of that part of Prussia which he was in possession of, & hold it as a vassal to the Crown of Poland, whence it was called Ducal or Brandenburg Prussia, to distinguish it from Polish or Royal Prussia. In 1657 the then Elector Frederick by treaty the full Sovereignty of his Country, & ever the Electors of Brandenburg took upon himself & title of King of Prussia, was proclaimed with unusual Solemnity in Contempt of the opposition Pope Clement made to it, so that it ought no longer to be called Ducal Prussia but the Kingdom of Prussia.

The Seven UNITED PROVINCES or Republick of HOLLAND contain 7546 Sq. M.							
Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Gelderland	Vemgum	52	206	Friesland	Lawarden	65	224
Zutphen	Zutphen	52	215	Groenen	Groenen	82	220
Holland	Amsterdam		100	Groningen	Groningen	84	250
Zealand	Middleburg	70	110	Feoed and other Isles	The Province of		
Utrecht	Utrecht	21	180	Zealand is composed of several			
Dominions of the Republick of HOLLAND				Islands in the NETHERLANDS contain 1254 M.			
Part of Brabant	Bosleduc	50	180	Flanders	Gault	76	137
Limburg	Maestrich	100	207	Gelder	Venlo	85	210

By the name of the Low Countries is meant the 17 Provinces viz. the 7 Provinces of Holland & 10 of Flanders, called Low Countries because of their situation by the Sea on side of Germany. In 1477 they fell to Maximilian the first of the House of Austria in right of his wife, the only daughter to the Duke of Burgundy. Anno 1581 the Seven Provinces took Arms under Maurice & Prince William to deliver themselves from the Yoak of the Spanish Court, being treated out with the persecution and cruelties of the Duke of Alva Governour of the Low Countries in his attempt to introduce the Inquisition. They are now one of the most powerful Republicks in the Universe

FRANCE divided into 12 Governments contains 131095 Sq. Miles							
Governments	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Governments	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Picardy	Amien	85	105	Bretagne	Rennes	100	210
Normandy	Rouen	60	117	Dauphiny	Grenoble	245	448
Champagne	Rheims	74	224	Provence	Aix	340	540
Isle of France	Paris		164	Languedoc	Thoulouse	310	400
Burgundy incl.	Dijon	143	335	Guienne	Bourdeaux	266	230
Franche Comte	Besancon	170	340	Gascogne	Auxerdaugh	315	470
Lyonnois	Lyons	208	411	Lorrain	Metz	100	269
Orleanois	Orleans	58	230	Alsatia	Strasbury	210	340
Dominions of FRANCE in the NETHERLANDS containing 774 Sq. Miles							
Artois	Arras	90	120	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	144	253
Hainault	Valenciennes	104	153	Cambresis	Cambray	90	140
Flanders	Lisle	111	129				

The English in the time of Hen. 6 were possess'd of a great part of France amounting to 52,620 Sq. M. viz. Normandy, Pearly, Champaigne, the Isle of France and Guienne with a considerable part of Poictou & other Provinces in Orleanois, also of Paris & Metropolis of y Kingdom. Bretagne & Burgundy were then governed by their own Dukes & Provence was possess'd by the King of Sicily, so that the French only possessed Languedoc, Dauphiny & other remote Provinces of Orleanois in all but 50,445 Sq. Miles. France contains 18. Metropolitans, 83. Bishops, 36,440 Parishes, Nuns 83,000. Males in Religious Orders 125,000. Number of Inhabitants about 8 Mil.

SPAIN is divided into 14 Provinces which contains about 148,218 Sq. Miles							
Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Galicia	Compostella	270	85	New Castile	Madrid		730
Asturia	Oviedo	200	162	Estremadura	Badajos	180	840
Biscay	Bilboa	184	520	Old Castile	Burgos	115	580
Navarre	Pampelona	185	585	Leon	Leon	160	580
Arragon	Saragossa	96	500	Majorca	Majorca	375	690
Catalonia	Barcelona	290	622	Ifica	Ifica	205	760
Valencia	Valencia	180	712	Menica	Citadella	300	660
Granada	Granada	180	850	Gibraltar was taken in 1704 & confirmed to y Crown of Spain by the Treaty of Utrecht.			
Andalusia	Seville	205	890	Isles of Minorca was taken from the Spaniards in 1708 & confirmed to y English by the same Treaty			
Murcia	Murcia	105	810				

PORTUGAL is divided into 6 Parts and contains about 27,851 Sq. Miles.							
Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Algarve	Tavira	120	980	Beira	Coimbra	97	775
Alentejo	Evora	60	860	Entre Minho & Douro	Braga	115	690
Estremadura	Lisbon		910	Trales Montes	Miranda	217	657

The Kingdom of Portugal was under the Government of Spain from 1580 to y year 1640 when by an extraordinary revolution the Portuguese freed themselves from y intolerable Tyranny of Spain and placed the Duke of Braganza in the Throne of his Ancestors.

ITALY belongs to several SOVEREIGNS and contains 88267 Square Miles							
	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth		Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Savoy	Chambery	295	120	Monaco	Monaco	275	727
Piedmont	Turin	294	507	Rep. of Lucca	Lucca	130	663
Montferrat	Casal	210	546	Dut. of Tuscany	Florence	115	720
Alessandria	Alessandria	200	507	Piombino in Isl.	Piombino	90	700
Oneglia	Oneglia	200	743	Massa in Italia	Massa	154	663
Rep. of Sardinia	Cagliari	350	707	Rep. of S. Marino	S. Marino	140	608
Genoa	Genoa	213	763	Venice	Venice	225	1055
Isl. of Corsica	Bastia	120	750	Dut. of Istria	Capo d'Istria	190	670
Milan	Milan	240	581	Dalmatia	Zara	190	1000
Mantua	Mantua	212	648	Isles of Dalmatia			
Mirandola	Mirandola	192	663	State of y Church	Rome		734
Duc. of Parma	Parma	194	652	Kingdom of Naples	Naples	302	810
Dut. Modena	Modena	177	673	Sicily	Palermo	214	794

The Islands Cephalonia Corfu, Zante and others in y Ionian Sea belong to Venice, & to Genoa belong the Isle Elba belongs to the Spaniards & Porto Ferraio to y Dut. of Tuscany. The Venice of Austria possesses the N.E. part of Istria and the Venetians y the remaining part. The Ile of Corticado is now lost from Genoa. Cephalonia Corfu & the other Venetian Isles are included in the Measurement

TURKY in EUROPE contains about 531,930 Square Miles							
Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth	Provinces	Capitals	Sq. Miles Length	Sq. Miles Breadth
Romania	Constantinople		230	Ragusa Repub.	Ragusa	485	937
Bulgaria	Sofia	240	110	Bosnia	Sorio	518	802
Bessarabia	Bender	344	172	Dut. of Croatia	Wiitz	620	760
Moldavia	Jassy	300	190	Bastnac Serb.	Bialgrod	290	1058
Walachia	Tarnovico	288	142	Lett. Cortan	Kroken	380	1410
Servia	Nissa	330	140	The Crimea	Bakziarra	370	1210
Dut. Dalmatia	Sarenza	500	217				
The following parts of TURKY were ANTIENTLY GREECE							
Albania	Scuari	406	980	Morea	Morihra	380	1317
Epirus	Sarta	305	1150	Negrepont	Negrepont	205	1010
Macedonia	Salonichi	255	1063	Candia	Candia	400	984
Thessaly	Larissa	300	1208	Lemnos	Castro	170	1237
Achaia	Athens	295	1290	The other Isles			

The Turks had carried their Arms into Germany & laid siege to Vienna in 1683 but since they have very much from them the greatest part of Hungary and Schavonia, all Transilvania part of Servia, Wallachia & y County of Temeswar, but by the Treaty of 1739 the Emperor ceded to the Turks y Province of Servia all y Austrian Walachia & agreed that y Danube & the Save should be y bounds of y Province belonging to the two Empires. Moldavia, Walachia, Little Tartary and the Crimea are Tributary to the Turks but governed by their own Princes. The Little Tartary is a Peninsula joyned to the Turkish Empire. Constantinople was taken by the Turks A.D. 1453. The Morea was conquered from the Turks by the Venetians, but the Turks reconquered it again Anno 1715 together with Athens and the Isle of Tino which last belonged to Venice above 300 Years

The Colour of each Flag is expressed by y Strokes as described by y last 7 small Flags.

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