# CORRIGENDUM TO "ACYCLIC SUM-LIST-COLOURING OF GRIDS AND OTHER CLASSES OF GRAPHS" [OPUSCULA MATH. 37, NO. 4 (2017), 535-556] 

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#### Abstract

This note provides some minor corrections to the article [Acyclic sum-list-colouring of grids and other classes of graphs, Opuscula Math. 37, no. 4 (2017), 535-556].


Keywords: sum-list colouring, acyclic colouring, grids, generalized Petersen graphs.

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## 1. CORRECTION OF LEMMA 5.18 OF [1]

We present the following corrected version of Lemma 5.18.
Lemma 1.1 (Correction of Lemma 5.18). Let $G$ be a graph and $\mathbf{L}^{\prime}=\left\{L^{\prime}(v)\right\}_{v \in V(G)}$ be a list assignment for $G$. Next, let $a \in \mathbb{N}$ and $v_{1}, v_{2}$ be two nonadjacent vertices of $G$ that do not belong to the same 4-vertex cycle and for which $L^{\prime}\left(v_{1}\right)=L^{\prime}\left(v_{2}\right)=\{a\}$. Let $H$ be a graph obtained from $G$ by the identification of $v_{1}$ with $v_{2}$ into $w$ and $\mathbf{L}=\{L(v)\}_{v \in V(H)}$ be the list assignment for $H$ defined by $L(v)=L^{\prime}(v)$ for $v \in V(H) \backslash\{w\}$ and $L(w)=\{a\}$. If $H$ is $\left(\mathbf{L}, D_{1}\right)$-colourable, then $G$ is $\left(\mathbf{L}^{\prime}, D_{1}\right)$-colourable or equivalently if $G$ is not $\left(\mathbf{L}^{\prime}, D_{1}\right)$-colourable, then $H$ is not $\left(\mathbf{L}, D_{1}\right)$-colourable.

The correction of Lemma 5.18 consists in adding the assumption: there is no 4 -vertex cycle that contains both $v_{1}, v_{2}$ vertices.

The change in the form of Lemma 5.18 has no consequences in the paper. The proof of the lemma and the application of the lemma are given under this assumption.

Next we give the corrected version of the whole section "Concluding remarks". We substitute " $n \equiv$ " with " $m \equiv$ " in two equations describing $G_{n, m}$ and $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{n, m}\right)$, respectively. Moreover, the exact value $G_{n, m}$ given as a function of $n, m$, and consequently the lower bound on $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right)$ given in Corollary 6.1 are corrected (it was a calculating mistake).

## 2. CONCLUDING REMARKS

Several supporting results presented in the paper can be used as tools for other research in this field. Some of them could help us to establish the exact values of $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right)$, when both $n, m \geq 5$. We are able to calculate some special numbers of this type but, in general, Problem 5.3 is still open. The method that is used in this work when $\min \{n, m\} \leq 4$ fails in the possible analogue of Lemma 5.14.

On the other hand, Theorem 5.21 implies the improvement of Corollary 5.1. Actually, graphs $P_{n} \square P_{m}$ with $n \geq 1, m \geq 4$ contain subgraphs $G_{n, m}$ of the forms

$$
G_{n, m}=\left\{\begin{array}{lll}
\left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left(P_{n} \square P_{4}\right), & \text { if } m \equiv 0 & (\bmod 4), \\
\left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left(P_{n} \square P_{4}\right) \cup\left(P_{n} \square P_{1}\right), & \text { if } m \equiv 1 \quad(\bmod 4), \\
\left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left(P_{n} \square P_{4}\right) \cup\left(P_{n} \square P_{2}\right), & \text { if } m \equiv 2 \quad(\bmod 4), \\
\left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left(P_{n} \square P_{4}\right) \cup\left(P_{n} \square P_{3}\right) & \text { if } m \equiv 3 \quad(\bmod 4) .
\end{array}\right.
$$

As we mentioned previously, $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{1} \cup G_{2}\right)=\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{1}\right)+\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{2}\right)$, which gives

$$
\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{n, m}\right)= \begin{cases}\left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lceil\frac{11 n-3}{2}\right\rceil, & \text { if } m \equiv 0 \quad(\bmod 4), \\ \left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lceil\frac{11 n-3}{2}\right\rceil+n, & \text { if } m \equiv 1 \quad(\bmod 4), \\ \left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lceil\frac{11 n-3}{2}\right\rceil+\left(2 n+\left\lfloor\frac{n}{2}\right\rfloor\right), & \text { if } m \equiv 2(\bmod 4), \\ \left\lfloor\frac{m}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lceil\frac{11 n-3}{2}\right\rceil+(4 n-1), & \text { if } m \equiv 3 \quad(\bmod 4) .\end{cases}
$$

Careful calculation of these numbers yields
$\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{n, m}\right)=n m+\left\lceil\frac{(n-1)(m-1)}{2}\right\rceil-\left\lfloor\frac{m-1}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lfloor\frac{(n-1)}{2}\right\rfloor$, for $n \geq 1, m \geq 4$.
Observe that $V\left(G_{n, m}\right)=V\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right)$. Thus Remark 2.1(i) implies

$$
\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{n, m}\right) \leq \chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right) \text { for } n \geq 1, m \geq 4
$$

Note that $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(G_{n, m}\right)$ is an asymptotically better lower bound on $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right)$ than that one which was obtained in Corollary 5.1.

We turn out Lemma 5.2 to write its two alternative statements by one inequality.

$$
\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right) \leq n m+\left\lceil\frac{(n-1)(m-1)}{2}\right\rceil \text { for } m, n \in \mathbb{N} .
$$

Now we combine all the above observations and known values of $\chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right)$ that were discussed in the previous section in the following result.
Corollary 2.1 (Correction of Corollary 6.1 ). If $n, m \in \mathbb{N}$, then

$$
n m+\left\lceil\frac{(n-1)(m-1)}{2}\right\rceil-\left\lfloor\frac{m-1}{4}\right\rfloor\left\lfloor\frac{(n-1)}{2}\right\rfloor \leq \chi_{s c}^{D_{1}}\left(P_{n} \square P_{m}\right) \leq n m+\left\lceil\frac{(n-1)(m-1)}{2}\right\rceil
$$

## REFERENCES

[1] E. Drgas-Burchardt, A. Drzystek, Acyclic sum-list-colouring of grids and other classes of graphs, Opuscula Math. 37 (2017) 4, 535-556.

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