

CORRECTION published: 20 February 2019 doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2019.00316



# **Corrigendum: Reduced Mu Power in Response to Unusual Actions Is Context-Dependent in 1-Year-Olds**

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Keywords: EEG, infants, action perception, action understanding, mu frequency, mirror neuron system

### A Corrigendum on

**OPEN ACCESS** 

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Markus Paulus, Ludwig Maximilian University of Munich, Germany

## Reviewed by:

Janny Christina Stapel, Uppsala University, Sweden

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#### Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Developmental Psychology, a section of the journal Frontiers in Psychology

Received: 01 December 2018 Accepted: 01 February 2019 Published: 20 February 2019

#### Citation:

Langeloh M, Buttelmann D, Matthes D, Grassmann S, Pauen S and Hoehl S (2019) Corrigendum: Reduced Mu Power in Response to Unusual Actions Is Context-Dependent in 1-Year-Olds. Front. Psychol. 10:316. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2019.00316 **Reduced Mu Power in Response to Unusual Actions Is Context-Dependent in 1-Year-Olds** *by Langeloh, M., Buttelmann, D., Matthes, D., Grassmann, S., Pauen, S., and Hoehl, S. (2018). Front. Psychol. 9:36. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2018.00036* 

In the original article, there were mistakes in **Figures 2–5** as published. We analyzed the artifactfree data segments in Fieldtrip (Oostenveld et al., 2011) using the "ft\_freqanalysis" function. We configured this function to compute power, however, stated erroneously in the original text that we computed the "power spectral density (PSD)." Consequently, we labeled the y-axis units according to PSD but not power.

The y-axis unit in **Figure 3** was corrected to " $\mu V^2$ ", additionally, the scaling used in **Figures 2**, **4** and **5** was a natural logarithm instead of a common logarithm. The scaling has now been adjusted to the common logarithm and the y-axis unit has been adjusted to "dB" accordingly. The corrected **Figures 2–5** appear below.

A correction has also been made to the *Materials and Methods*, *EEG Recording and Analyses*, *Frequency Domain Analysis*, *Paragraph one*:

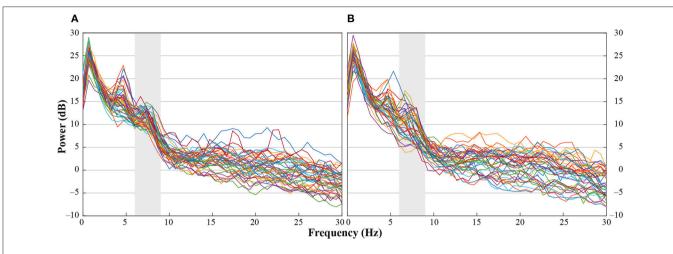
"Artifact-free data segments were submitted to fast Fourier transformations (FFTs). For each segmented test frame (hand or head touch), the power was computed from 0 to 1,500 ms relative to the onset of the related stimulus using a Hanning-tapered window of the same length (by applying the 'ft freqanalysis' function with 'mtmfft' method as implemented in Fieldtrip). Power estimates were calculated for frequencies ( $\frac{2}{3}$ Hz bins) between 0 and 124.667 Hz. Grand averages of the FFTs were computed for both hand- and head-action outcomes in the hands-free and hand-restrained condition."

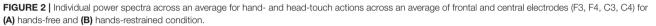
Additionally, there was a mistake in the legend for **Figure 2** as published. The legend has been rewritten to provide a better understanding of the figure content. The correct legend appears below.

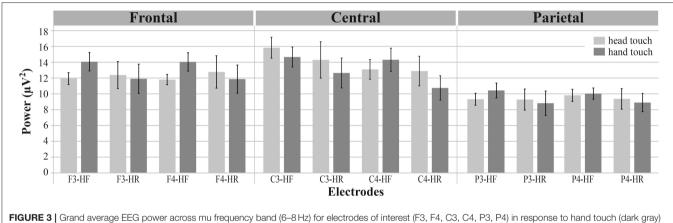
"Figure 2. Individual power spectra across an average for hand- and head-touch actions across an average of frontal and central electrodes (F3, F4, C3, C4) for (A) hands-free and (B) hands-restrained condition."

The authors apologize for these errors and state that they do not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

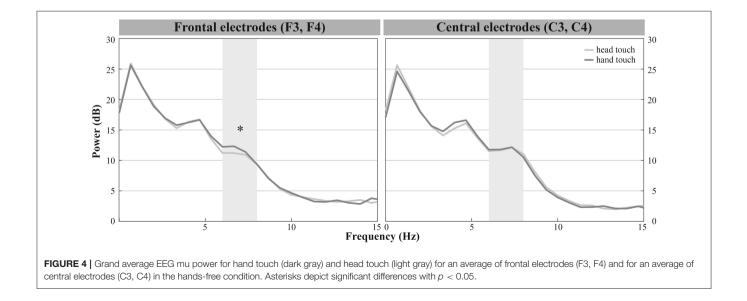
1

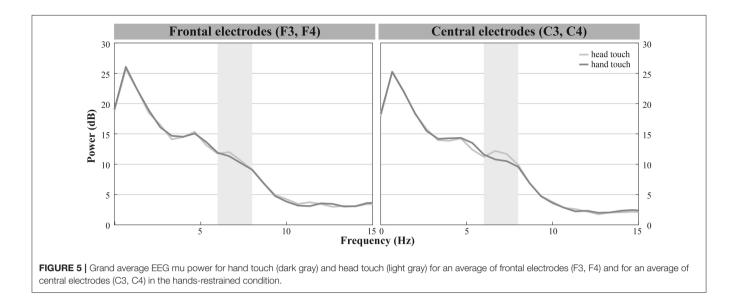






and head touch (light gray) for both hands-free (HF) and hands-restrained (HF) condition. Error bars represent standard errors of the mean.





## REFERENCES

Oostenveld, R., Fries, P., Maris, E., and Schoffelen, J. M. (2011). FieldTrip: open source software for advanced analysis of MEG, EEG, and invasive electrophysiological data. *Comput. Intell. Neurosci.* 2011:156869. doi: 10.1155/2011/156869 Copyright © 2019 Langeloh, Buttelmann, Matthes, Grassmann, Pauen and Hoehl. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.