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# Manipulating Fibroblast Environment to Study Specific Gene Expression

Elizabeth Mosqueda  
*Boise State University*

Jericho Schroeder  
*Boise State University*

Dana Small  
*Boise State University*

Caitlyn Dodge  
*Boise State University*

Stephanie Frahs  
*Boise State University*

*See next page for additional authors*

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**Authors**

Elizabeth Mosqueda, Jericho Schroeder, Dana Small, Caitlyn Dodge, Stephanie Frahs, and Julia Oxford

# Manipulating Fibroblast Environment to Study Specific Gene Expression

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College of Innovation and Design, College of Arts and Sciences, College of Health Sciences Department of Biological Sciences

## Abstract

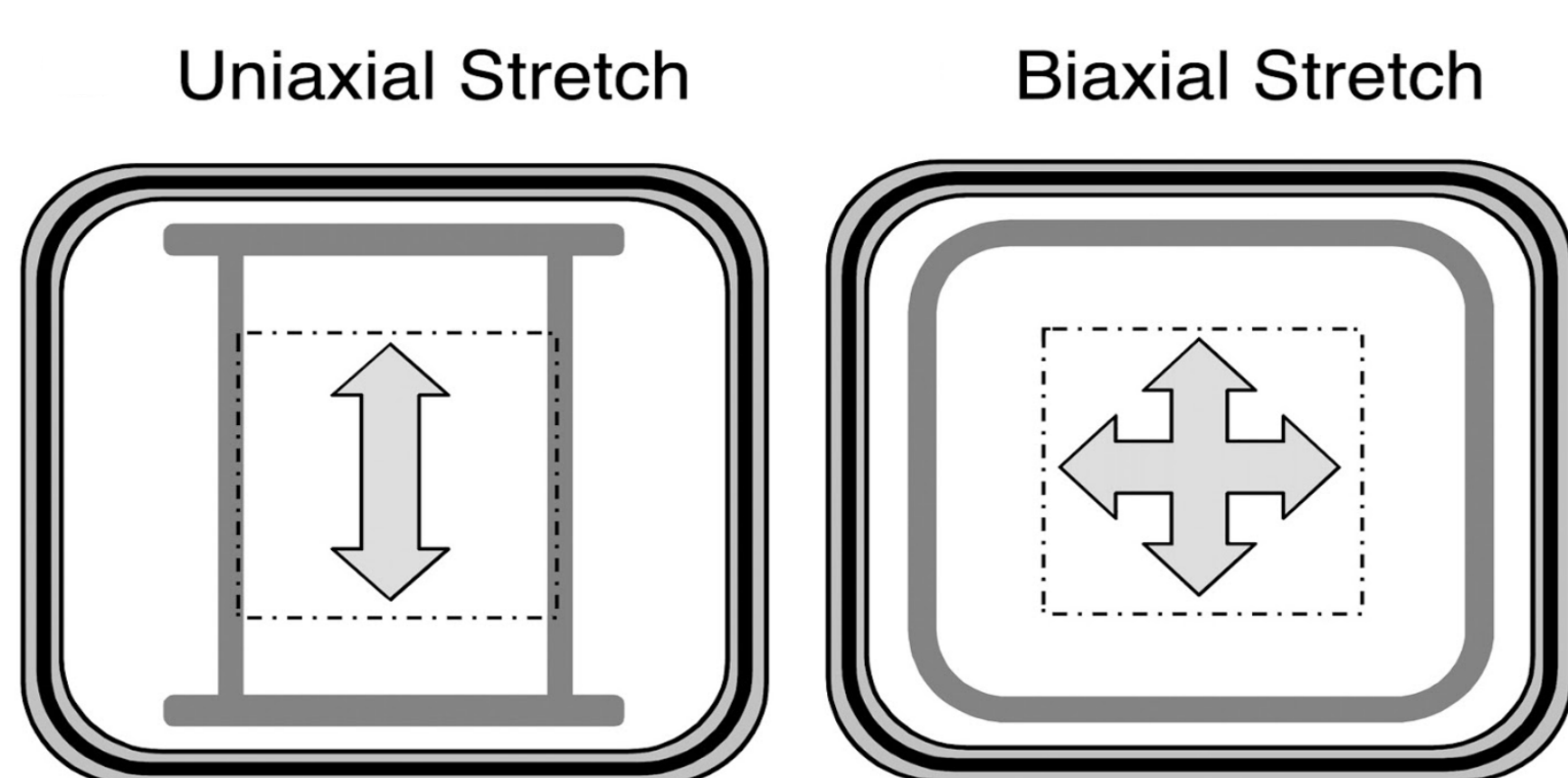
We investigated a model system for cardiac fibrosis. Cardiac fibrosis is the thickening of the heart wall due to the inappropriate proliferation of cardiac fibroblasts and excess deposition of extracellular matrix in the cardiac muscle. To understand how the cells, respond to stress, we analyzed changes in gene expression. Our research imitated the stress conditions that the heart cells experience. We chose to analyze genes that have not previously been characterized under uniaxial, biaxial and stress-free environments to look at how gene expression varies under different conditions. We normalized all data to a validated housekeeping genes. This research will help people with various heart problems in repairing damaged tissue. We expect to increase the understanding of the cause of cardiac fibrosis and contribute to a solution. Our conclusions will compare gene expression during healthy conditions to damage repair conditions.

## Introduction

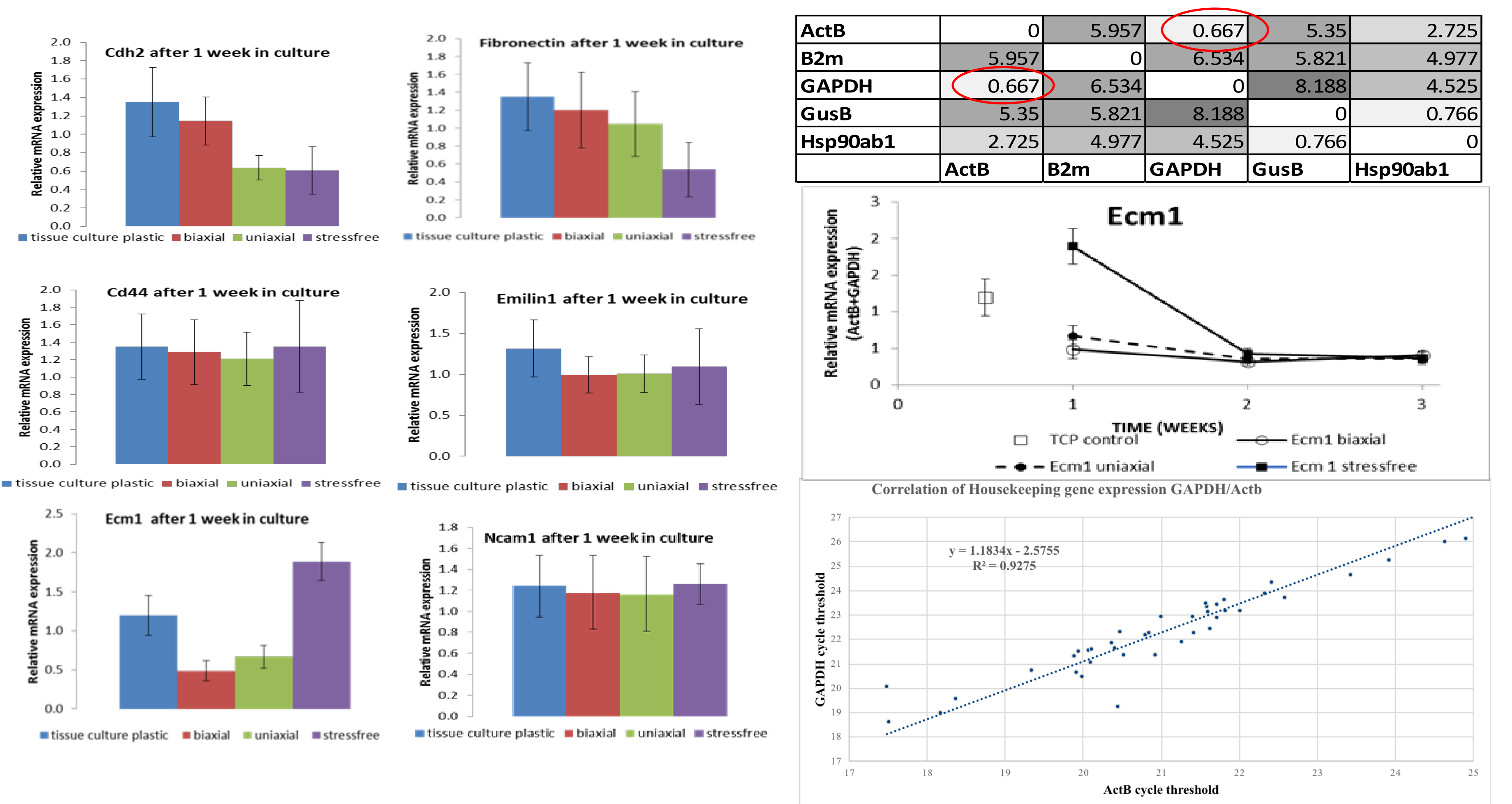
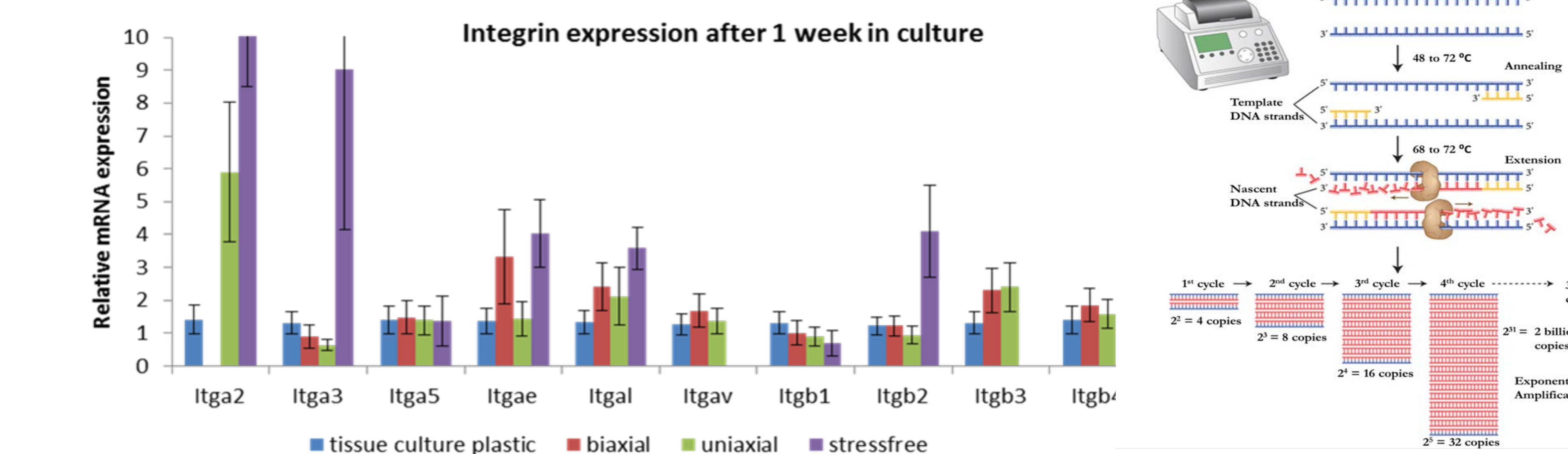
Genes: CD44, CDH2, ECM1, EMILIN1, FN1, ITGA2, ITGA3, ITGA5, ITGAE, ITGAL, ITGAV, ITGB3, NCAM1, were observed under stress free conditions on tissue culture plastic, uniaxial stress and biaxial stress to analyze gene expression a 1 week, 2 week and 3 week period. Each conditions had three specimens. By observing which genes were expressed we can compare the expression in different conditions. At times cells responded to the different stresses by decreasing or increasing the level of the gene expressed. We are trying to imitate more accurate physiological relevance of fibroblasts.

## Materials and methods

Materials used were C2C12 cells, which are mouse thigh muscle cells. Genes were watched for one, two and three weeks under different conditions: stress free on tissue culture plastic, uniaxial stress and biaxial stress. Data of expressed genes was analyzed through Microsoft Excel.



## Results



## Conclusions

From these results we can better understand how different genes are expressed under different stress conditions as a way to better identify what is happening in certain situations. We can see how a gene is expressed and try to pinpoint the way that gene is being manipulated by comparing it to the genes found from this experiment. We can also see how observing a gene on tissue culture plastic, which is traditionally how people look at cells, varies from how genes actually behave in cells when they are in ones body. With this data we can also conclude that with studying mutations in genes you can compare the level of expression to see how they correlate to the environment they were placed in.

## Further information

- FN1 – cell adhesion and migration
- ITGA2 – cell and platelet adhesion
- ITGA3 – cell surface adhesion molecules
- ITGAE – adhesion
- ITGAL – intercellular adhesion
- ITGA5 – surface adhesion and signaling
- ITGB 3 – cell adhesion and surface mediated signaling
- CDH2 – development of nervous system, formation of cartilage and bone
- EMILIN1 – development of elastic tissues
- CD44 – cell-cell interactions, cell adhesion and migration
- ITGAV – embryo implantations
- NCAM1 – maintains skin integrity and homeostasis
- ECM1 – maintains skin integrity and homeostasis

## Literature cited

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