Evaluation of physical fitness in 11 years old students in Northern Italy. A powerful tool to improve physical education curricula



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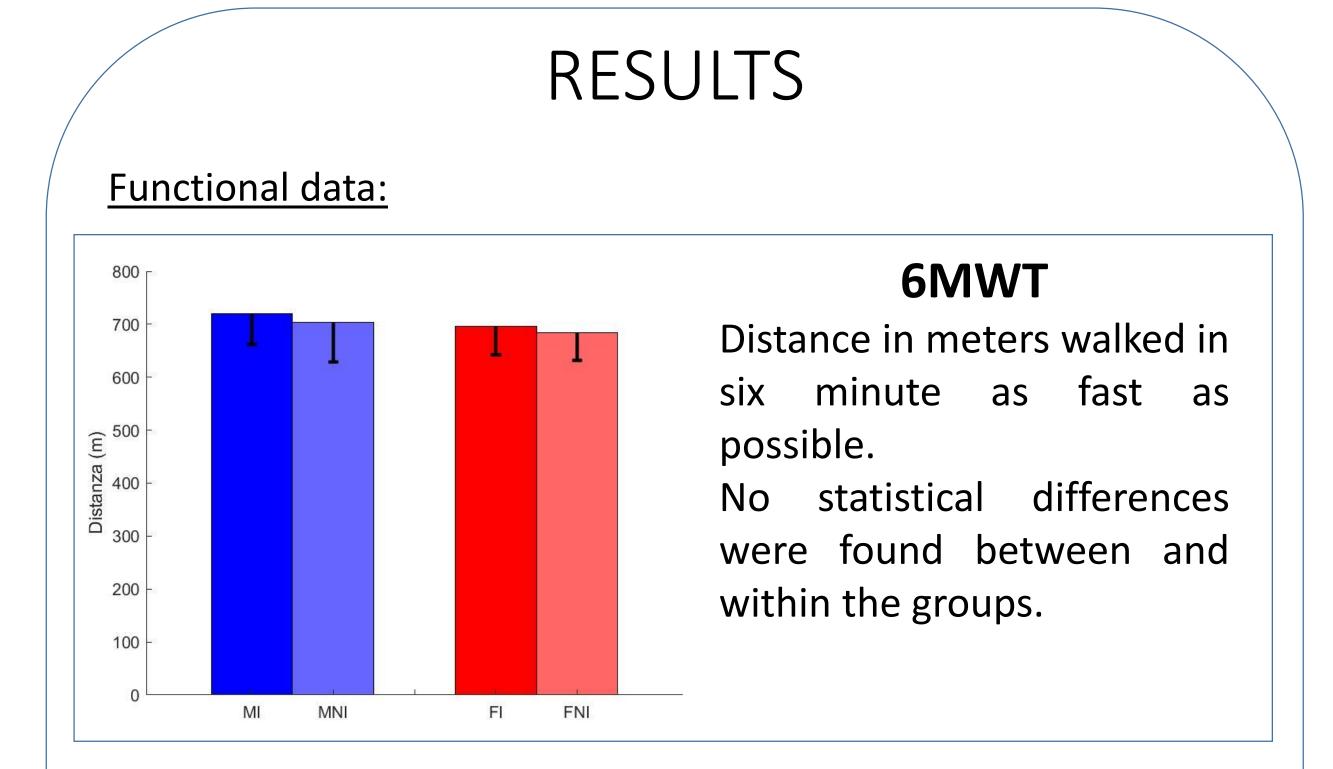


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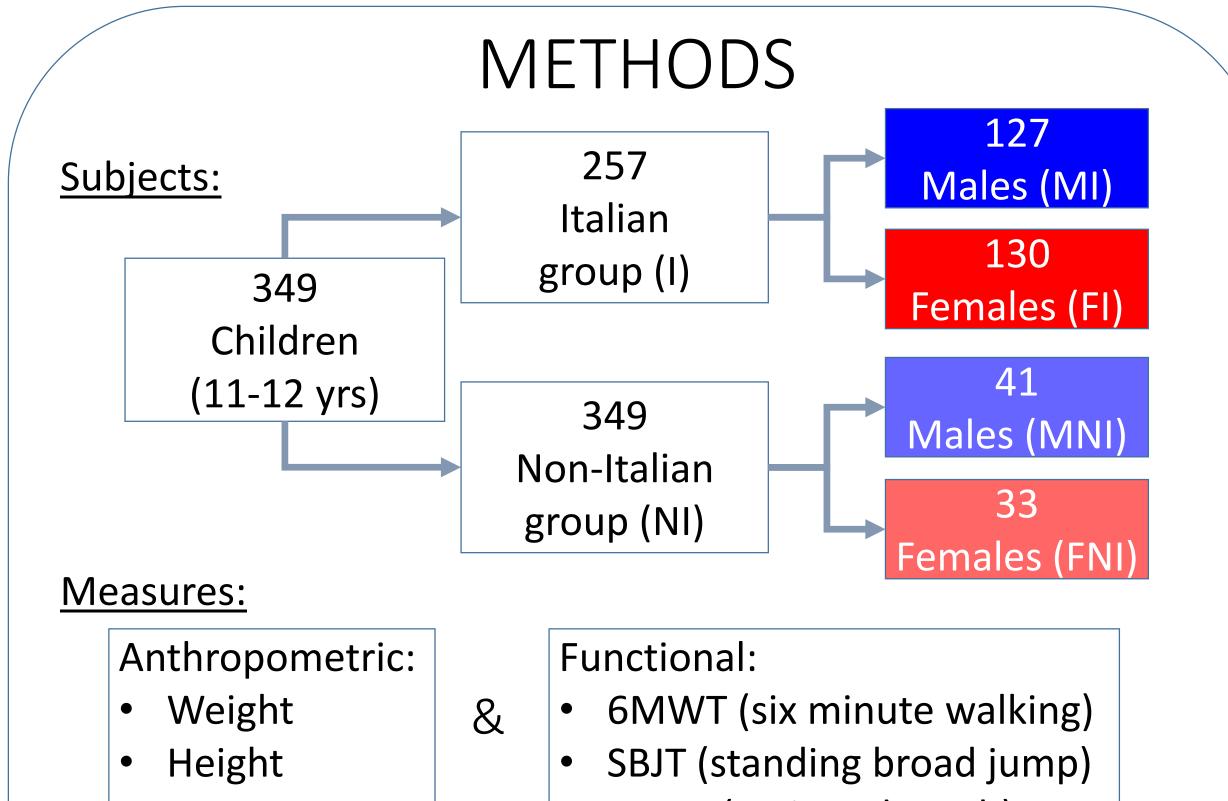
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INTRODUCTION

Physical fitness (PF), i.e. "the capacity to perform vigorous daily life" activities, without fatigue occurring and keeping enough energies to enjoy leisure time" [1], is determined by four main components: cardiorespiratory fitness, muscular fitness, flexibility and body composition. PF is an important index to predict morbidity and mortality, hence its evaluation is essential at any age. [2] **Our aim** was to collect functional data to provide an useful tool for



promoting physical activity in middle-lower school by physical education teaching.



BMI

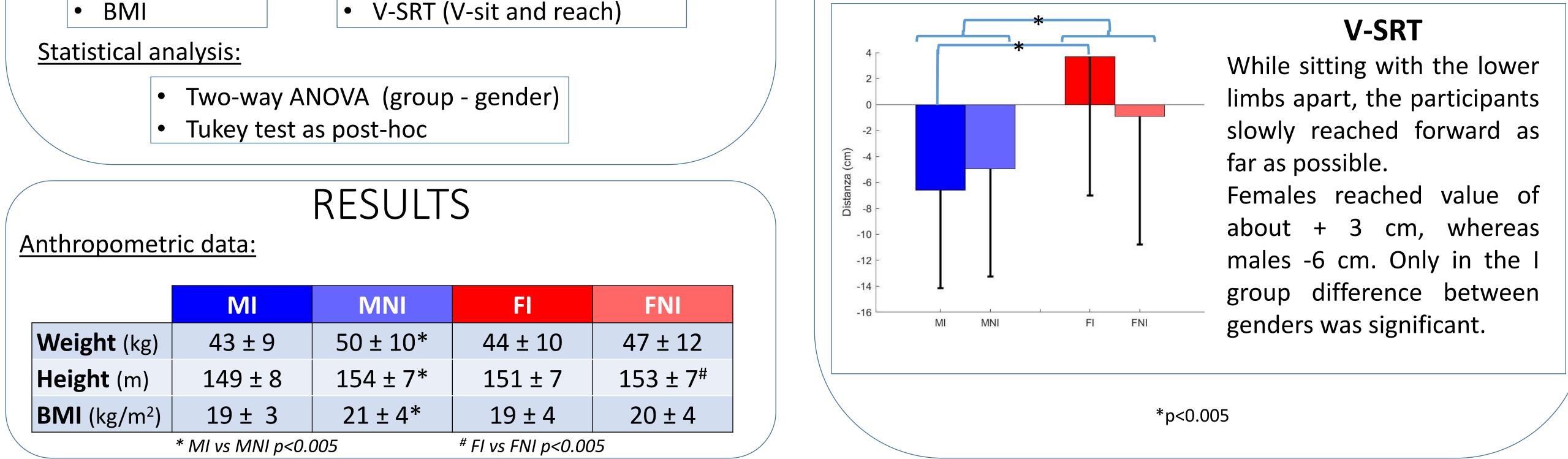
Statistical analysis:

- Tukey test as post-hoc

SBJT

The children jumped as far as possible by two-foot take off and landing.

The performance was about $\hat{\underline{g}}^{100}$ 9 cm longer in males than in females. Significant difference between genders was observed within I group only.



160 140 120 20 MNI FI FNI MI

DISCUSSION

Italian group. BMI mean value of both M and F is close to the 50th percentile according to a previous study concerning North of Italy children. Nonetheless, 15% of M and 11% of F have to be considered overweight [3]. 6MWT and SBJT results are even better than those reported for age-matched European children [4-2]. V-SRT data are strongly influenced by gender. Males show marked negative results, while females show good flexibility. This difference should be considered in physical education curriculum.

Non-Italian group. Only two of the PF descriptors are different compared to I group data, being BMI and SBJT values higher and lower, respectively, than those of I counterpart.

According to the literature, the PF level of the investigated students can be considered adequate. Therefore, the physical education curricula could be adapted on the basis of these data, to promote physical activity in daily life and to discourage its decrease in adulthood.



1. Caspersen CJ et al. Physical Activity, Exercise, and Physical Fitness: Definitions and Distinctions for Health-Related Research. Public Health Reports 100 : 126 (1985).

