Context

- Many of the 4 million potato farmers in Ethiopia struggle to feed their families.
- Rising temperatures, rainfall variability, pests and diseases further threaten yields.
- Improved potatoes and better agricultural practices could help farmers adapt to more challenging growing conditions.
- Potato is ideal in difficult conditions: water efficient, matures quickly and can be harvested during the hungry season.

Approach

The International Potato Center works directly with small-scale farmers in the Amhara; Oromia; Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples (SNNP) and Tigray regions. Its teams strengthen capacity of national researchers to undertake:

- Demand-driven varietal development, adaptation and dissemination through a quality seed production and distribution network.
- 'Training of farmer trainers' on good agricultural practices.
- Supplemental training for cooperatives to address seed-health related quality issues.
- Monitoring to ensure equal access to seed and knowledge for women.
- Coordination and knowledge sharing through multi-stakeholder innovation platforms, workshops, fairs, training, etc.



Deploying nutritious climate-smart potatoes

Outcomes

- **1.** Rising incomes

2. Increasing adoption of improved varieties

- Farmer-preferred crop traits added to varietal selection criteria, speeding up adoption.
- Drought-tolerant and heat-resistant varieties currently being tested with farmers.

Expected outcomes by 2022

- resistant clones.
- \approx 60,000 households adopting improved varieties.
- >1.3% increase in national potato production under improved seed and management.

More productive and adapted potato varieties, with crop yields up by >100% Commercial seed producers very successful, driving youth employment.

• Five of the 30+ varieties released have been adopted by farmers nationally.

Further >40% increase in potato yield using newly selected late blight

 \approx 20,000 households improving food security during the 'hunger months'.







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> More productive and adapted potato varieties, with crop yields

> > **UP BY**

>100%



FIVE OF THE 30 +

varieties released adopted by farmers nationally



BY 2022, 1.3% INCREASE in national potato production under improved seed and management

Future steps

With national partners, increase provision of affordable, improved potato technologies equitably to men and women farmers.

Strengthen national capacity for varietal development supporting climate-resilience of farmers.

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