LUCC Land Use and Climate Change Interactions in Central Vietnam

LUCCi Climate Cluster Progress:

LUCCi climate data: Availability, reliability, usage Coupled hydrological-economical modeling system

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Long-term regional climate projections





Weather Research and Forecast model



→ WRF model: Joint atmospheric-terrestrial water budget calculations

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LUCCi: Downscaling setup





• Domain 1

- horizontal: 99 x 99 grid points with a resolution of **45 km**
- vertical: 50 layers up to 50 hPa
- time step: 180 s

• Domain 2

- horizontal: 142 x 145 grid points with a resolution of **15 km**
- vertical: 50 layers up to 50 hPa
- time step: 120 s
- Domain 3
 - horizontal: 66 x 75 grid points with a resolution of **5 km**
 - vertical: 50 layers up to 50 hPa
 - time step: 30 s

\rightarrow ~ 2 Mio CPU h on HPC cluster to finalize simulations (2 years real time)

VGTB: Expected rainfall change





VGTB: Expected temperature change





2021-2050



108.5

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Performance gain of downscaling





→ D2: Seasonality not well captured, high deviations from observations
 → D3: Improved seasonality, acceptable deviations



Further refinement: Bias correction



Observations: Precipitation data obtained by IMHEN **WRF-ERA40**: WRF simulation driven by ERA40 reanalysis (ECMWF)

→ Various bias correction methods (mean correction, q-q mapping, Copula approach) applied and validated

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Overview: Bias correction methods



Mean value correction

Quantile mapping (q-q mapping) Copula correction



Level of complexity

Focus on rainfall peaks: Performance?



ightarrow Suitable methods to bring the model results closer to observations

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 \rightarrow "Dynamic" Copula BC slightly outperforms "Static" methods



Agricultural application: Erosive Rains





Expected changes in number of harmful rain events (precipitation > 20 mm) during 2001-2030 (A1b)



Take Home



- WRF long-term climate simulations (T, P, Rad, RH, etc.) finished, available, and ready to be used for impact studies
 → Daily resolution, but also 6h or even 1h is available for selected variables
- 2. D3 suitable for CC impact studies, further refinement by bias correction methods (will be uploaded to RBIS soon)
- 3. Specific **tailor-made information** (e.g. agricultural risk maps) can be delivered on request (Email me: patrick.laux@kit.edu)



Ongoing work: LUCCi



- Statistical Downscaling for uncertainty estimation of selected variables (T, P, etc.) coming from other GCMs and additional emission scenarios (next 6-12 months)
- Impacts of land use change on meteorological surface variables using updated LU maps in the climate simulations (PhD thesis of Nguyen Phuong, LUCCi)

... beyond LUCCi

- Improved seasonal climate predictions to assist farmers with cropping strategies (planting date, choice of crops/varieties, locations) in cooperation with Prof. Van Tan, HUS
- Identification of optimized cultivation strategies (rice, cash crop) and sustainable water management strategies in the VGTB river basin using coupled WaSim - Gams simulations (PhD thesis Dang Thinh, DAAD scholar)

Optimized agricultural management strategies for the VGTB basin



Objectives

→To investigate regional interdependencies between economy and hydrology in VGTB

→ To derive optimized cultivation strategies and sustainable water management strategies in the basin





WaSim model: Physically distributed hydrological catchment model to simulate the water cycle above and below the land surface **GAMS-ECIM model**: Non-linear mathematical optimization model

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Data requirements

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Hydro-met data		Topographic data		Economic data	
• Rea	Climate data (daily) nalysis data (WRF- ERA40)	•	DEM	•	Cultivated area
•	Flow data (daily)	•	Land use data	•	Crop patterns
•	Reservoir and dam	•	Soil map	•	Water demand for various crops
•	Dam operation regulation			•	Water supply data
				•	Productivity, production, crop price, cost



First model calibration results



Precipitation	Nash-Sutcliffe	RRMSE
Measured	0.75	1.03
No-bias correction (WRF-ERA40)	0.33	1.74
Bias correction (WRF-ERA40)	On g	oing











Validation: Nong Son















Next steps



- Finalize calibration of WaSim (manually, PEST) based on observations as well as bias corrected WRF-ERA40 data
- Set up GAMS-ECIM with most important economic drivers
- Coupling GAMS-ECIM to WaSim to derive spatially distributed optimized agriculture management strategies



Related publications



- Phan VT, Hiep VM, Long TT, Trung NQ, Thanh ND, Laux P, & Thanh NX (2014) Seasonal Prediction for Vietnam using the Regional Climate Model version 4.2 (RegCM4.2), Advances in Meteorology (under revision)
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- Souvignet M, Laux P, Freer J, Cloke H, Thinh DQ, Thuc T, Cullmann J, Nauditt A, Flügel WA, Kunstmann H, Ribbe L (2013) Recent climatic trends and linkages to river discharge in Central Vietnam. Hydrol. Process.. doi: 10.1002/hyp.9693.
- Laux P, Phan VT, Lorenz C, Thuc T, Ribbe L, Kunstmann H (2012) Setting Up Regional Climate Simulations for Southeast Asia. High Performance Computing in Science and Engineering 12. Nagel W, Kröner D, Resch, M (eds.). Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 391–406.
- Laux P, Vogl S, Qiu W, Knoche HR, Kunstmann H 2011, Copula-based statistical refinement of precipitation in RCM simulations over complex terrain, Hydrology and Earth System Sciences, 15, 2401–2419.