

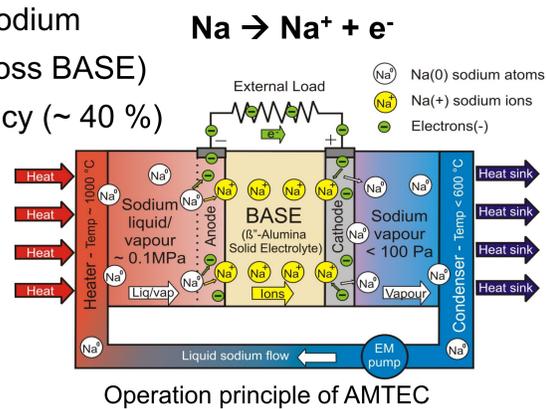
# B4: Phase changes in liquid metals for direct energy conversion.

## Alkali Metal Thermo-Electric Converter (AMTEC)

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### Alkali Metal Thermo-Electric Converter (AMTEC)

- Direct conversion of heat to electricity
- Working fluid/vapor: sodium
- Key process: ( $\Delta p$  across BASE)
- High expected efficiency ( $\sim 40\%$ )
- Issues:
  - Ceramic-metal joint
  - Electrode coating
  - Overvoltage losses
  - Power degradation



### Status AMTEC Laboratory

- ✓ Ceramic to metal joint developed
- ✓ Ceramic coating developed
- ✓ Cooling system for AMTEC cell built
- ✓ Trace heating system designed
- ✓ Current collector structure analyzed
- ✓ Current collector structure analyzed
- ✓ Na melting device built
- ✓ Na-tank filled with 3 liter sodium
- ✓ Na-level sensor tested ( $250^\circ\text{C}$ )
- ✓ AMTEC integration unit designed and under construction
- ✓ Optical analysis of coating started (SEM, TEM)



### AMTEC electrodes

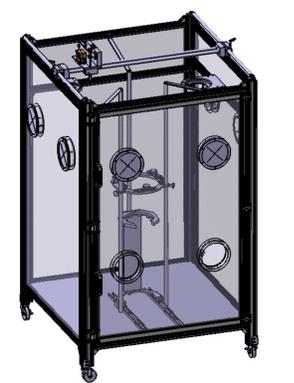
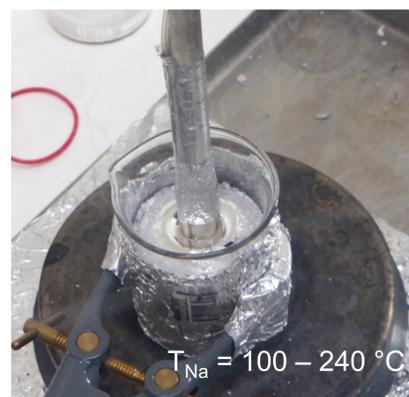
#### Challenges

- Good electrical conductivity
- Good physical bond to BASE
- Low or neutral reactivity against Na and BASE
- High T resistant ( $<1000^\circ\text{C}$ , corrosion resistant)
- Slow grain growth
- Similar CTE with BASE ( $7.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

Electrode	$\rho_{el}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ ) $10^{-8} \Omega\text{m}$	Melting point $^\circ\text{C}$	CTE ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ ) $10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$	Remarks
Mo	5.5	2623	5.2	Rapid grain growth $> 827^\circ\text{C}$ Reaction $\text{Na} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{MoO}_4$
TiN	$\sim 37$	2930	9.4	Reduced perf. vs. Mo. Reaction with Mn, Cr. Large power loss
TiC	$\sim 150$	3160	7.4	Chemically stable. No long time experience
TiB <sub>2</sub>	20	3230	7.2	Moderate perf. No long time experience
NbN	137	2573	10.1	Chem. stable vs Na, BASE No long time experience
RhW	41.3	W 3422 Rh 1964	W 4.2 Rh 8.4	Low power loss. Diffusion Rh $\rightarrow$ Ni, Chemically stable, Expensive
PtW	$\sim 65$	Pt 1768	Pt 9	Lifetime $\sim 7$ yr. Reaction with Mn from steel. Expensive

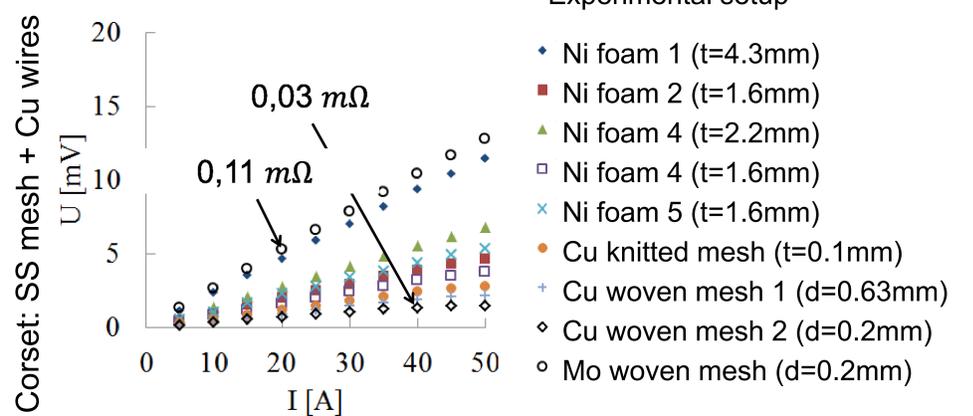
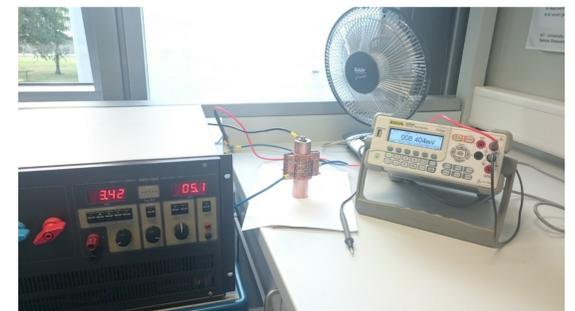
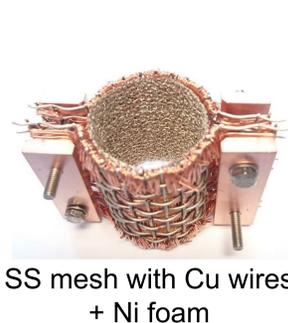
### Na-level sensor – Preliminary tests

- Simultaneous measurement of Temp. & Na-level
- Fast response
- No remnants ( $250^\circ\text{C}$ )
- Thick oxide layer perturbs measurements



### Current collector – Preliminary tests

- Current collector: inner fine structure + outer corset
- Tested combinations:
  - 3 outer corset vs. 9 inner fine structure variations
- Best combination: SS mesh with Cu wires + Cu
- Electrical resistance reduced to 1/8th of former results\*
- Next step: integration of cathode + effect of porosity



\* F. Huber, Interner Bericht IRE 4.1059.90, Elektrodentest 8, 1990