



Time-resolved IR spectroscopic studies of Sr-NaTaO₃ photocatalysts

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I. Introduction

II. Experimental

III. Results

> Time-resolved IR results during UV irradiation

> Atomic H (D) doping experiments

IV. Conclusions

Introduction





NaTaO₃ perovskite structure

quantum yield > 50 %

La-doped NaTaO₃

A. Kudo et al., Chem. Phys. Lett. 2000, 331, 373

Ca, Sr, Ba-doped NaTaO₃

Iwase et al., ChemSusChem, 2009, 2, 873.

Sr-NaTaO₃ photocatalyst



(A)

 H_2O

Individual Steps in a Photocatalytic Reaction





- 1. Adsorption of molecules on surface
- 2. Generation of an exciton
- 3. Dissociation of exciton into electron and hole
- 4. Trapping of charge carriers in polaronic states
- 5. Transport of charge carriers to surface

6. Trigger reactions in the adsorbed molecules

H. Sezen et al., Sci. Rep. 2014, 4, 3808
H. Sezen et al., Nat. Commun. 2015, 6, 6901
Deinert, J.-C., et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 2014. 113: 057602.
Thomas, D.G., J. Phys. Chem. Solids, 1960. 15: 86-96.
Skettrup, T., Phys. Status Solidi B, 1970. 42: 813-819.
Linsebigler, et al., Chem. Rev., 1995. 95: 735-758.
Petrik, et al., JPC Letters, 2013. 4: 344-349.
Petrik, Kimmel, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys., 2014. 16: 2338-2346.
Thompson, Yates, Topics in Catalysis, 2005. 35: 197-210.

Experimental









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HF-etched Sr-NaTaO₃

e7

IR

e⁻

thermal



equilibrium band

valence

4000

3500

band

3000 2500 2000 1500 Wavenumber (cm⁻¹)

1000

UV

e

(e⁻)



Un-etched Sr-NaTaO₃















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H→e + H⁺



CB

traps

VB

electron

e

HF-etched Sr-NaTaO₃





UV irradiation



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Un-etched Sr-NaTaO₃

Shell (Sr-rich)

Core (Sr-poor)



Atomic H or D doping

UV irradiation







Electron polarons

Conclusions



- The HF-etched and un-etched Srdoped NaTaO₃ samples exhibit the photocatalytic activity, whereas the pure sample is inactive.
- Based on the atomic H(D) experiments, the high photocatalytic activity of Sr-doped samples is attributed to the formation of different electron polaron states (HF-etched Sr-NaTaO₃: 1020 cm⁻¹; un-etched Sr-NaTaO₃: 955 cm⁻¹).





