Inflammatory cytokines kinetics define the severity and phase of nephropathia epidemica

Baigildina A., Khaiboullina S., Martynova E., Anokhin V., Lombardi V., Rizvanov A. Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

© 2014 Future Medicine Ltd. Aims: Nephropathia epidemica (NE) is a form of hemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome associated with the Puumala virus species of Hantavirus. The pathogenesis of NE is not well understood; therefore, investigating the inflammatory cytokine response to infection may provide useful knowledge in deciphering the pathophysiology of NE. Materials & methods: Using Luminex and ELISA, we analyzed the serum of 137 NE cases and 44 controls to investigate if serum cytokines associate with different clinical presentations. Results: Serum levels of TNF- α and IL-1 β are associated with disease severity while upregulation of IL-6, CXCL10, CCL2 and CCL3 are associated with clinical presentation. Conclusion: Inflammatory cytokine kinetics associate with the severity and phase of NE. Our data support a role for inflammatory cytokines in the pathophysiology of NE.

http://dx.doi.org/10.2217/BMM.14.88

Keywords

Cytokine, Hantavirus, HRFS, Nephropathia epidemica, Puumala virus