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## Experimental observation of the triplet spin-valve effect in a superconductor-ferromagnet heterostructure

Zdravkov V., Kehrle J., Obermeier G., Lenk D., Krug Von Nidda H., Müller C., Kupriyanov M., Sidorenko A., Horn S., Tidecks R., Tagirov L. *Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia* 

## Abstract

The theory of superconductor-ferromagnet heterostructures with two ferromagnetic layers predicts the generation of a long-range, odd-in-frequency triplet pairing at noncollinear alignment (NCA) of the magnetizations of the F layers. This triplet pairing has been detected in a Nb/Cu41Ni 59/normal conducting- (nc-) Nb/Co/CoOx spin-valve-type proximity effect heterostructure, in which a very thin Nb film between the F layers serves as a spacer of nc metal. The resistance of the sample as a function of an external magnetic field shows that for not too high fields, the system is superconducting at a collinear alignment of the Cu41Ni 59 and Co layer magnetic moments but switches to the normal conducting state at a NCA configuration. This indicates that the superconducting transition temperature Tc for NCA is lower than the fixed measuring temperature. The existence of a minimum Tc, at the NCA regime below that one for parallel or antiparallel alignments of the F-layer magnetic moments, is consistent with the theoretical prediction of a singlet superconductivity suppression by the long-range triplet pairing generation. © 2013 American Physical Society.

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