

The vaporization enthalpy and vapor pressure of (d)-amphetamine and of several primary amines used as standards at $T / K = 298$ as evaluated by correlation gas chromatography and transpiration

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Abstract

The vapor pressures of several aliphatic and phenyl substituted primary amines at $T/K = 298.15$ are measured by transpiration studies, and their vaporization enthalpies are calculated. The results were combined with compatible literature values to evaluate both the vaporization enthalpy and vapor pressure of (d)-amphetamine by correlation gas chromatography. The results are compared to existing values either estimated or measured for racemic amphetamine. Vaporization enthalpies and vapor pressures at $T/K = 298.15$ of the following were measured by transpiration ($\text{kJ}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, p/Pa): 1-heptanamine, (49.75 ± 0.38 , 291); 1-octanamine, (55.05 ± 0.29 , 108); 1-decanamine, (64.94 ± 0.32 , 12); benzylamine, (54.32 ± 0.32 , 88); (dl)- α -methylbenzylamine, (55.26 ± 0.33 , 82); 2-phenethylamine (57.51 ± 0.35 , 43). The use of several of these materials as standards resulted in a vaporization enthalpy and vapor pressure for (d)-amphetamine at $T/K = 298.15$ of (58.2 ± 2.7) kJ mol^{-1} and (38 ± 12) Pa. © 2013 American Chemical Society.

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