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Cu(2) nuclear resonance evidence for a magnetic phase in aged 60-K superconductors $\text{RBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{6+x}$ ($R = \text{Tm}, \text{Y}$)

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Abstract

It is widely believed that the long-range antiferromagnetic order in the $\text{RBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{6+x}$ compounds ($R = \text{Y}$ and rare earths except for Ce, Pr, Tb) is totally suppressed for the oxygen index $x \geq 0.4$ (antiferromagnetic insulator-metal transition). We present the results of the copper nuclear quadrupole resonance/NMR studies of aged $\text{RBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{6+x}$ ($R = \text{Tm}, \text{Y}$) samples showing that a magnetic order can still be present at oxygen contents x up to at least 0.7 and at temperatures as high as 77 K.
