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Effect of a chemical analogue of autoinducers of microbial anabiosis on the Ca²⁺ response of mycelial fungi

Kozlova O., Kupriyanova-Ashina F., Egorov S., El'-Registan G.
Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

The microbial alkylhydroxybenzenes (AHB), which are anabiosis autoinducers also termed d1 factors, participate in the stress response of mycelial fungi, as determined from changes in intracellular Ca²⁺ concentration. By using the genetically modified strain *Aspergillus awamori* 66A, which produces the recombinant Ca²⁺-dependent protein aequorin, the dynamics of Ca²⁺ was studied in the cytosol of cells exposed to mechanical shock in the presence of protective doses (0.001-0.01% w/vol) of a chemical AHB analogue, 4-n-hexylre-sorcinol. As under stressful conditions, Ca²⁺ concentration increases in the cell cytosol in response to an enhanced AHB level in a growing fungal culture; thus, AHB is perceived by cells as a stress signal. The level of cell response, which was determined from the amplitude of luminescence dependent on the Ca²⁺ concentration in the cytosol, was related to the physiological age of the cells and the AHB concentration. Micromycete preincubation with AHB was found to protect cells from subsequent stress; this was reflected in the Ca²⁺ response. The protective AHB effect was manifested as (1) a significant decrease in the amplitude of luminescence and, thus, in Ca²⁺ accumulation in the cytosol during subsequent mechanical stress (as compared to the control-mechanical stress only); (2) development of a secondary Ca²⁺ response, which was not observed in the control; and (3) a high level of Ca²⁺ retained in the cytosol for a long time in the presence of AHB (as compared to the control without preincubation with AHB). The mechanisms underlying the AHB effect on Ca²⁺ transport systems are discussed. © 2004 MAIK "Nauka/Interperiodica".

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Keywords

Alkylhydroxybenzenes, *Aspergillus awamori*, Ca²⁺ dynamics, Mycelial fungi, Protection from stress, Recombinant aequorin, Stress