

Linear Algebra and its Applications 283 (1998) 99-113

LINEAR ALGEBRA AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Inequalities for the Perron root related to Levinger's theorem

Yu. A. Alpin^{a,1}, L. Yu. Kolotilina^{b,*,2}

^a Kazan State University, Department of Mechanics and Mathematics, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan 42008, Russian Federation

^b St. Petersburg Branch, V.A. Steklov Mathematical Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, Fontanka 27, St. Petersburg 191011, Russian Federation

Received 4 December 1997; received in revised form 20 April 1998; accepted 29 April 1998

Submitted by R.A. Brualdi

Abstract

For the Perron roots of square nonnegative matrices A, B, and $A + D^{-1}B^{T}D$, where D is a diagonal matrix with positive diagonal entries, the inequality

$$\rho(A + D^{-1}B^{\mathsf{T}}D) \ge \rho(A) + \rho(B)$$

is proved under the assumption that A and B have a common unordered pair of nonorthogonal right and left Perron vectors. The case of equality is analyzed. The above inequality generalizes the inequality $\rho(\alpha A + (1 - \alpha)B^T) \ge \alpha \rho(A) + (1 - \alpha)\rho(B)$, proved under stronger assumptions by Bapat, and implies a generalization of Levinger's theorem on the monotonicity of the Perron root of t_{eq} weighted arithmetic mean of a nonnegative matrix and its transpose. Also, for the Perron root

$$\rho\Big(A^{(\alpha)}\circ(D^{-1}A^{\mathsf{T}}D)^{(c-\alpha)}\Big), \quad c \ge 1, \ 0 \le \alpha \le c,$$

of a weighted (entrywise) geometric mean of A and $D^{-1}A^{T}D$, where $A^{(\alpha)} = (a_{ij}^{\alpha})$ and "o" denotes the Hadamard product, the monotonicity property dual to that asserted by generalized Levinger's theorem is established. © 1998 Elsevier Science Inc. All rights reserved.

0024-3795/98/\$19.00 © 1998 Elsevier Science Inc. All rights reserved. PII: S 0 0 2 4 - 3 7 9 5 (9 8) 1 0 0 8 4 - 8

^{*}Corresponding author. E-mail: Liko@pdmi.ras.ru

¹ E-mail: Yuri.Alpin@ksu.ru

² The work of this author was supported in part by INTAS under grant INTAS-93-377 ext.