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## SINGLE CRYSTAL ESR STUDY OF COPPER(II)-BIS (1,1-DICYANOETHYLENE-2,2-DITHIOLATE)

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A single crystal ESR study of  $[Cu(i-MNT)_2]$  (Bu<sub>4</sub>N)<sub>2</sub> diluted in the corresponding nickel complex is reported. Using an MO model of D<sub>4h</sub> symmetry, the bonding parameters of the first coordination sphere were calculated. The influence of the ligand spin-orbit interaction is considered.

### 1. Introduction

ESR investigations on transition metal chelates with sulphur- or selenium-containing ligands show some interesting new aspects concerning the bonding properties of the first coordination sphere in these chelates: the degree of covalency of the metal-sulphur, -selenium bonds is found to be very high, the unpaired d-electrons are mainly localized in the ligand rather than on the central metal ion [1-7]. The electronic structure of the coordination sphere is considerably affected by the strong ligand spin-orbit interaction in the heavy donor atoms, which will be reflected by the g-tensor. Thus the g-tensor will be a very sensitive indicator regarding the bonding properties and the symmetry of the first coordination sphere [8].

In this paper, we report the results that have been obtained from single crystal ESR studies of the tetra*n*-butylammonium salt of copper(II)-bis (1,1-dicyanoethylene-2,2-dithiolate), [Cu(i-MNT)<sub>2</sub>] (Bu<sub>4</sub>N)<sub>2</sub> (seeI), doped in single crystals of the corresponding nickelcomplex. The bonding parameters of the first coordination sphere are calculated including the ligand spinorbit coupling in the S-donor atoms. The influence ofthe organic ligand system on the CuS<sub>4</sub> unit is dis-

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#### 2. Experimental

Single crystals of  $[Ni(i\cdot MNT)_2]$   $(Bu_4N)_2$  containing approximately 1-2%  $[Cu(i\cdot MNT)_2]$   $(Bu_4N)_2$ were grown by slow evaporation of an acetone solution. The ESR spectra were recorded with a Thomson THN-251 spectrometer (France) in the X-band at room temperature and at 77°K. The magnetic field was calibrated with a <sup>1</sup>H NMR marker; g-values were derived using polycrystalline DPPH as reference.

In order to derive the principal values of the g- and the hyperfine tensors ESR spectra were recorded about every  $10^{\circ}$  in the planes, defined by the directions of the principal axes of the tensors.

#### 3. ESR spectra

In general, in the single crystal spectra the absorption signals of two  $[Cu(i-MNT)_2]^{2-}$  molecules situated in the unit cell (designated by A and B) are observed. The angular dependence can be described by

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