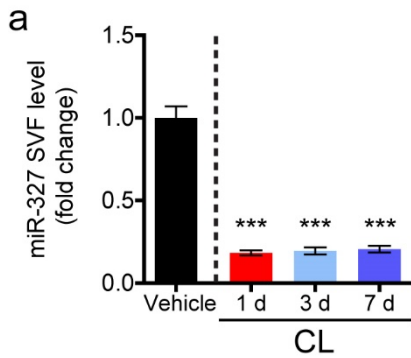


## Supplementary information

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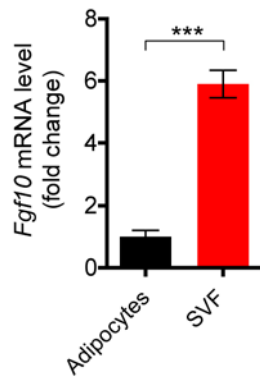
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### 5 **Supplementary Figure 1 | CL-316243 stimulation downregulates miR-327 in WAT-SVF**

6 **(a)** qPCR analysis of miR-327 in visWAT-SVFs of 1-, 3- and 7-day CL-316243- treated  
7 C57BL/6 mice compared to vehicle treated controls. Sno-202 served as internal control (n = 5  
8 samples per group).

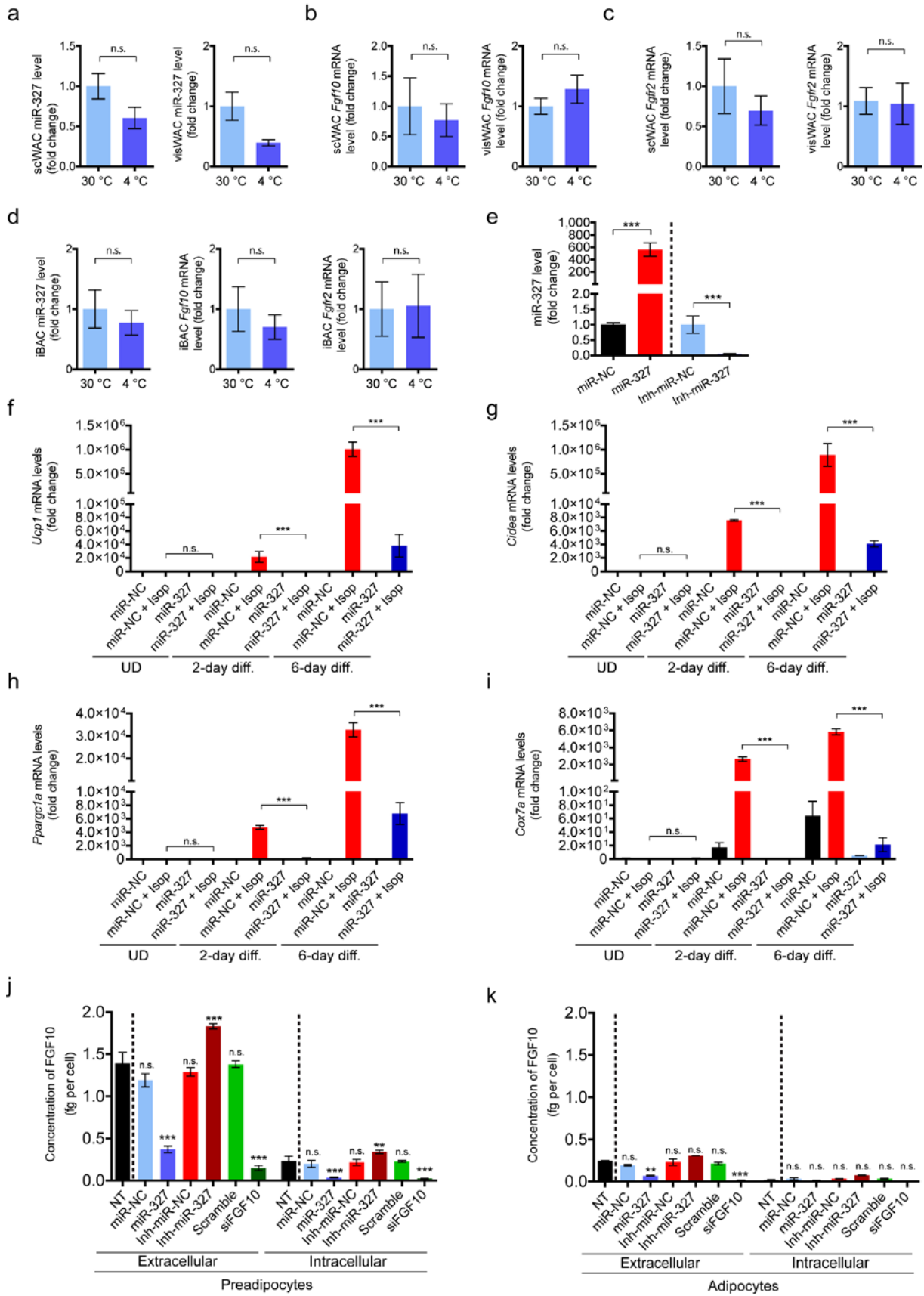
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**Supplementary Figure 2 | *Fgf10* mRNA is predominantly expressed by non-adipocytes in WAT.** (a) qPCR analysis of WAT-SVFs compared to the WAT-adipocyte fractions isolated from C57BL/6 mice. *Actb* served as an internal control (n = 5 samples per group). n.s., not significant. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001 by Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean ± s.e.m.



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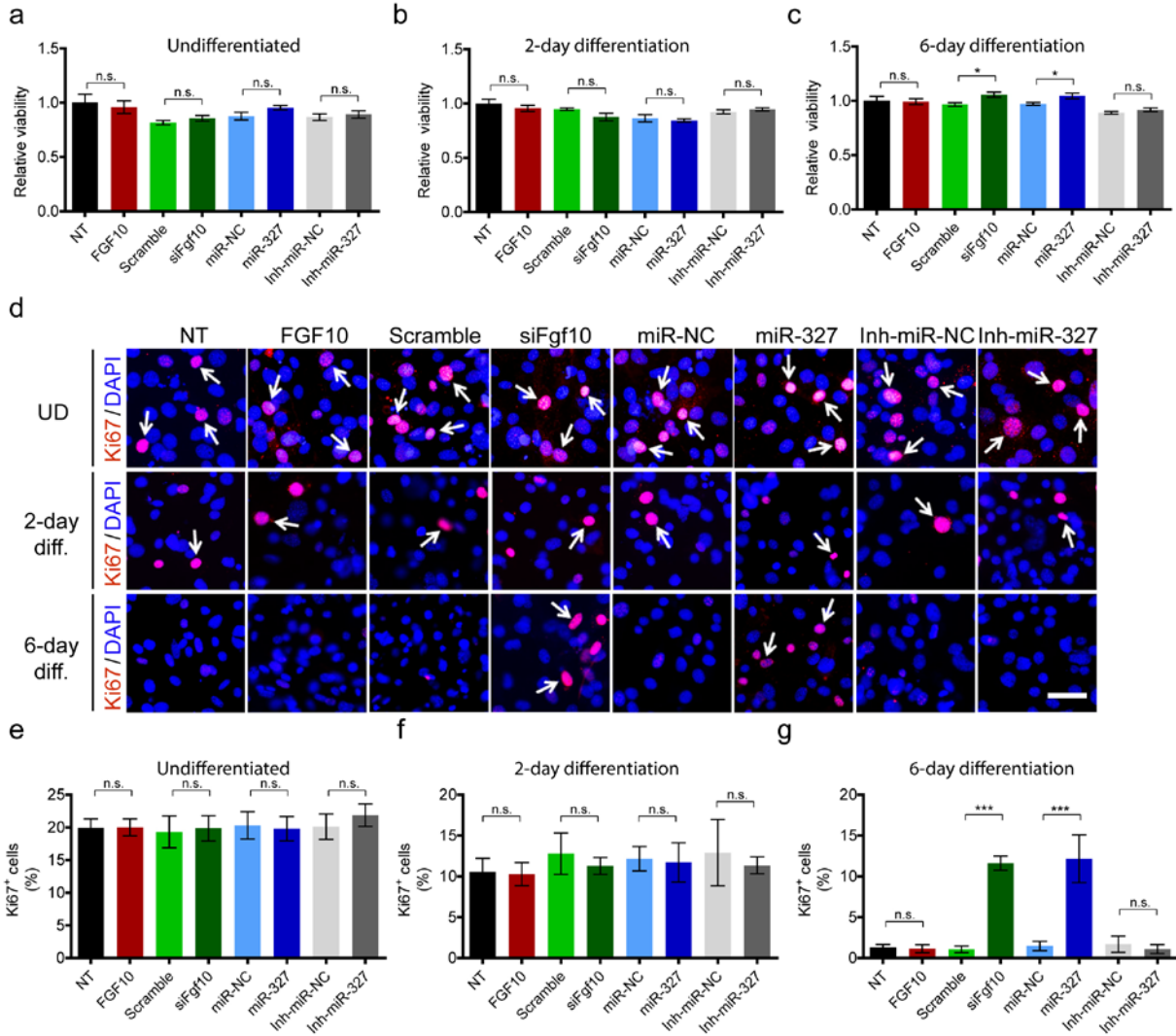
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1 **Supplementary Figure 3 | Effects of browning and miR-327 alterations on miR-327, *Fgf10***  
2 **and *Fgfr2* RNA levels, browning factors and FGF10 protein levels. (a-d)** qPCR analysis of  
3 miR-327, *Fgf10* and *Fgfr2* in primary white adipocytes (WAC) and brown adipocytes (BAC)  
4 derived from scWAT, visWAT and iBAT from 1-week-4 °C-exposed C57BL/6 mice relative  
5 to the 30 °C control group. Sno-202 or *Actb* served as internal controls (n = 5 samples per  
6 group). (e) qPCR analysis of miR-327 levels in 3T3-L1 preadipocytes treated with miR-327  
7 mimics or inhibitors compared to respective controls. Sno-202 served as internal control (n = 5  
8 samples per group). (f-i) qPCR analysis of *Ucp1*, *Cidea*, *Ppargc1a*, and *Cox7a* in  
9 undifferentiated (UD), 2-day differentiated (2-day diff.) and 6-day differentiated (6-day diff.)  
10 3T3-L1 cells treated with miR-NC, miR-NC plus isoproterenol (miR-NC + Isop) for 4h, miR-  
11 327, and miR-327 plus isoproterenol (miR-NC + Isop.). mRNA levels were normalized to the  
12 miR-NC group and *Actb* served as an internal control (n = 5 samples per group). (j, k) ELISA  
13 analysis of extracellular and intracellular FGF10 protein levels in 3T3-L1 preadipocytes and  
14 differentiated adipocytes receiving non-treatment (NT) or treatment prior to differentiation with  
15 miR-NC, miR-327, Inh-miR-327, Scramble, or siFGF10. Extracellular FGF10 concentrations  
16 were determined using 72 h-conditioned medium (n = 5 samples per group). n.s., not significant.  
17 \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001 by Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean ± s.e.m.

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**Supplementary Figure 4 | Proliferation of preadipocytes under various treatment**

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**conditions. (a-c)** Proliferation of undifferentiated (UD), 2-day differentiated (2-day diff.) and

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6-day differentiated (6-day diff.) 3T3-L1 cells receiving recombinant FGF10, siFgf10, miR-

6

327 mimic or miR327 inhibitor treatment. Proliferating cells were normalized to the non-treated

7

(NT) controls (n = 8 samples per group). **(d-g)** Immunohistochemical analysis and

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quantification of Ki67+ proliferating cells. DAPI was used to stain cell nuclei. Arrows point to

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proliferating cells, Scale bar, 100 μm, >30 adipocytes per field; n = 10 random fields. n.s., not

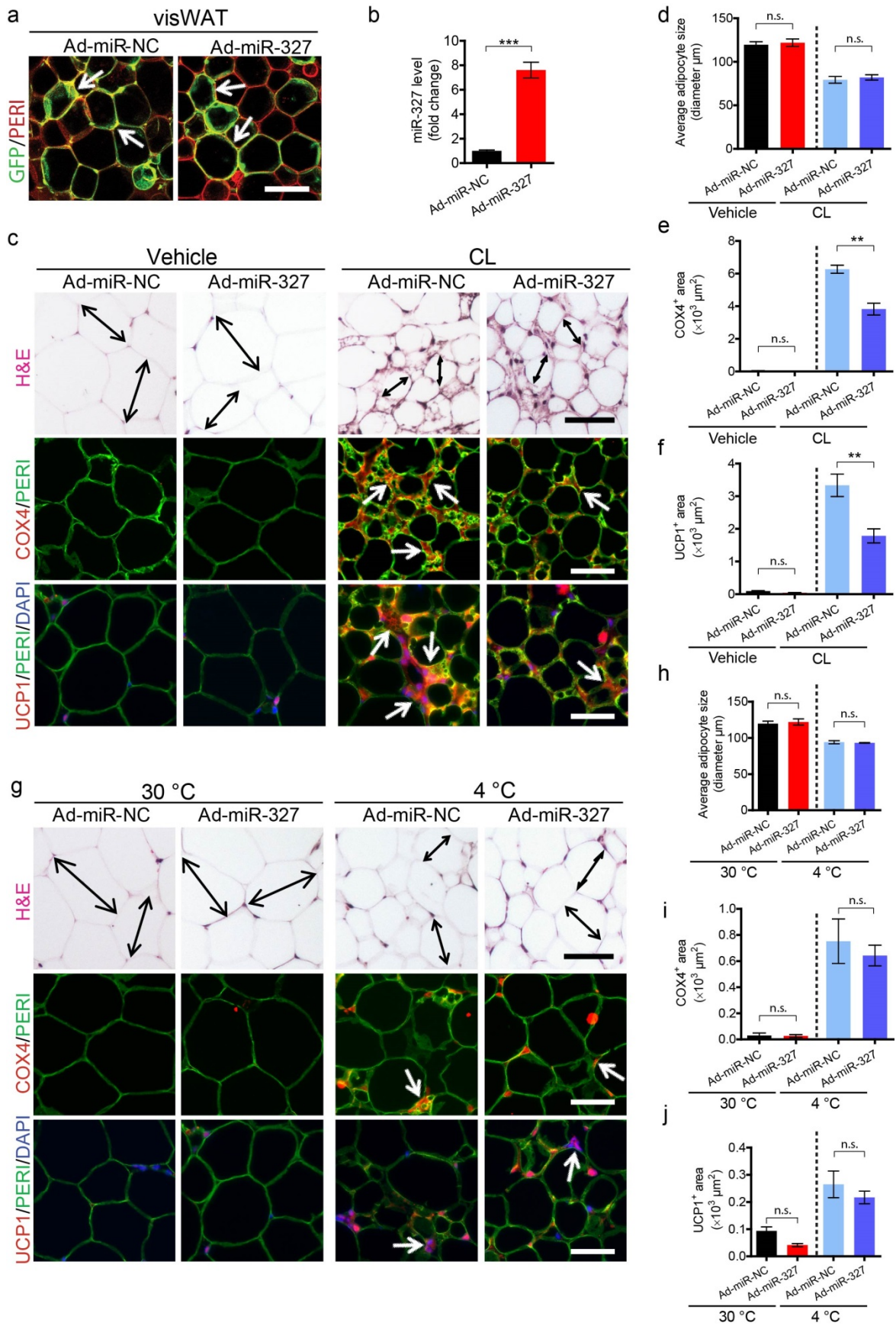
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significant. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001 by Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean ±

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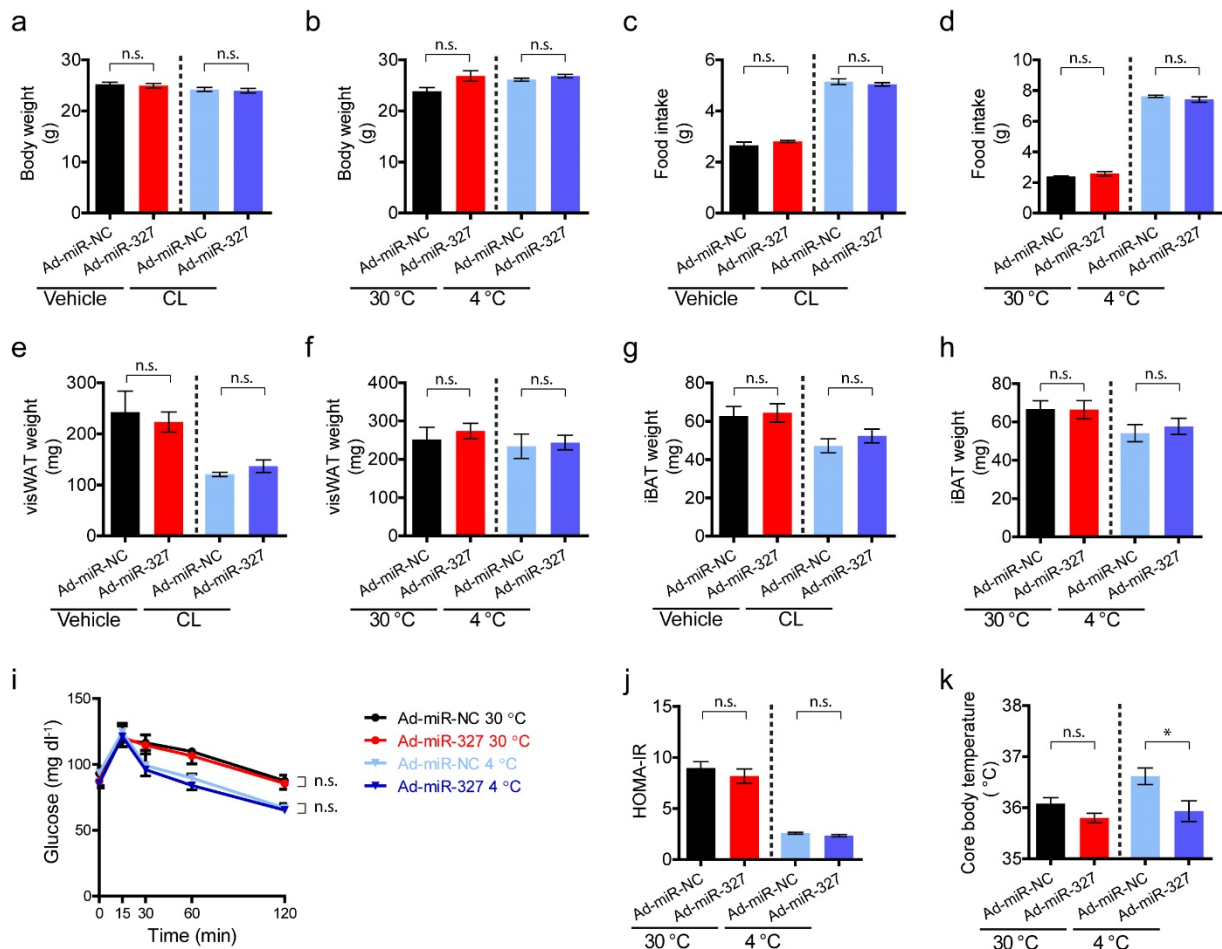
s.e.m.

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1 **Supplementary Figure 5 | Ad-miR-327 inhibits WAT browning.** (a) Histological analysis  
2 of GFP<sup>+</sup> cells in visWAT transfected with a control adenovirus (Ad-miR-NC) or an adenovirus  
3 expressing miR-327 (Ad-miR-327). Perilipin (PERI) was used to identify adipose tissues.  
4 Arrows point to GFP<sup>+</sup> cells. (b) qPCR analysis of miR-327 expression in Ad-miR-327  
5 compared to Ad-miR-NC. Sno-202 served as internal control (n = 6 samples per group). (c, g)  
6 Histological analysis of adipocyte morphology (H&E), adipocytes (PERI), mitochondria  
7 (COX4) and uncoupling protein (UCP1) in (c) 5-day CL-316243 treated visWAT compared to  
8 vehicle treated control. (g) 2-week 4 °C treated visWAT compared to 30 °C control. Double-  
9 headed arrows mark adipocyte diameter. Arrows point to respective positive signals. (d-f and  
10 h-j) Quantifications of adipocyte size and positive signals of COX4 and UCP1 in (d-f) CL-  
11 316243- and vehicle-, and (h-j) 30 °C- and 4 °C- treated visWATs (>30 adipocytes per field; n  
12 = 10 random fields; n =6 mice per group). Immunodeficient NSG mice were used for all  
13 experiments in this figure. Scale bars, 100 μm. n.s., not significant. \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001  
14 by Student's t-test. Data presented as mean ± s.e.m.

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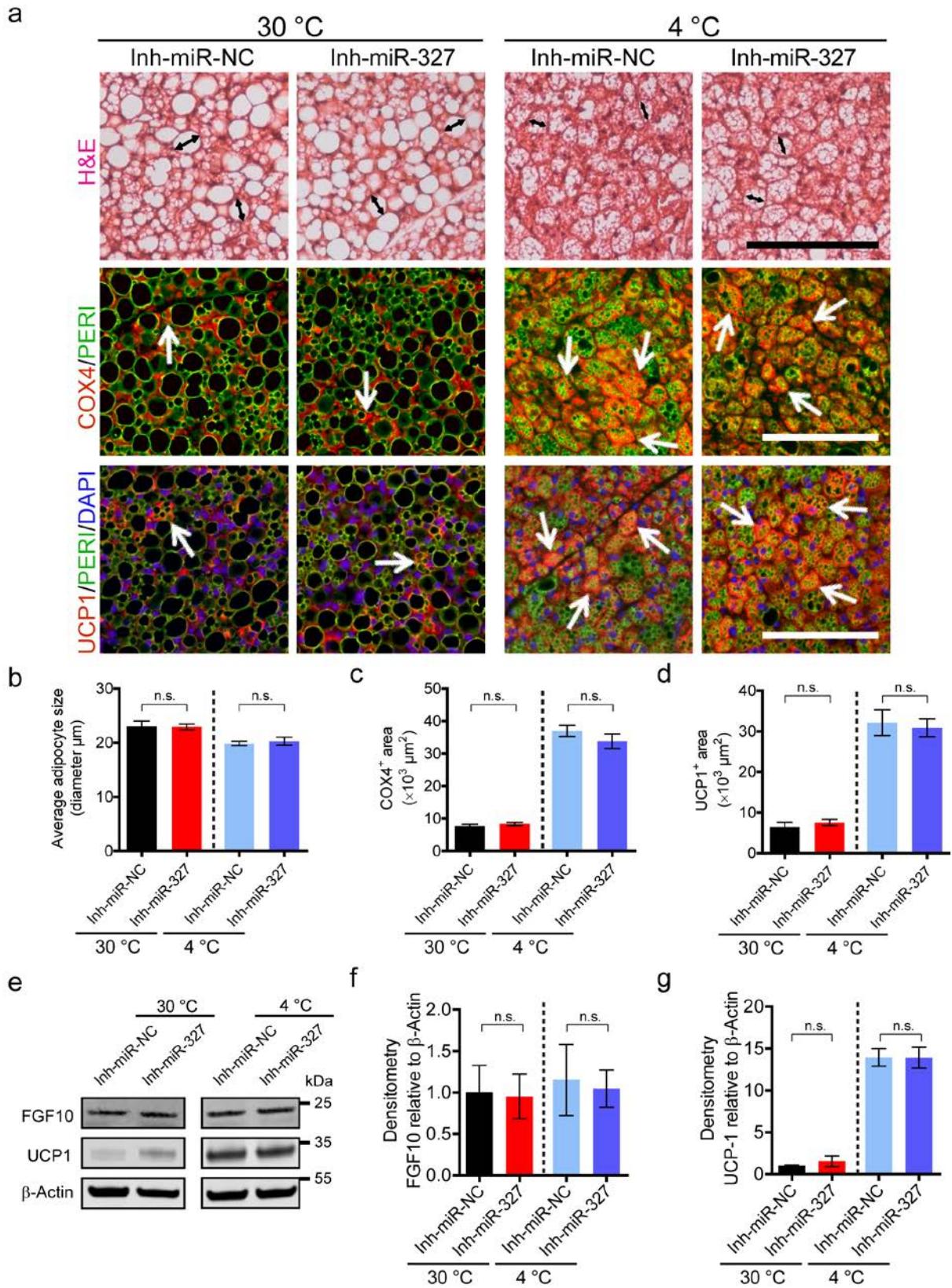


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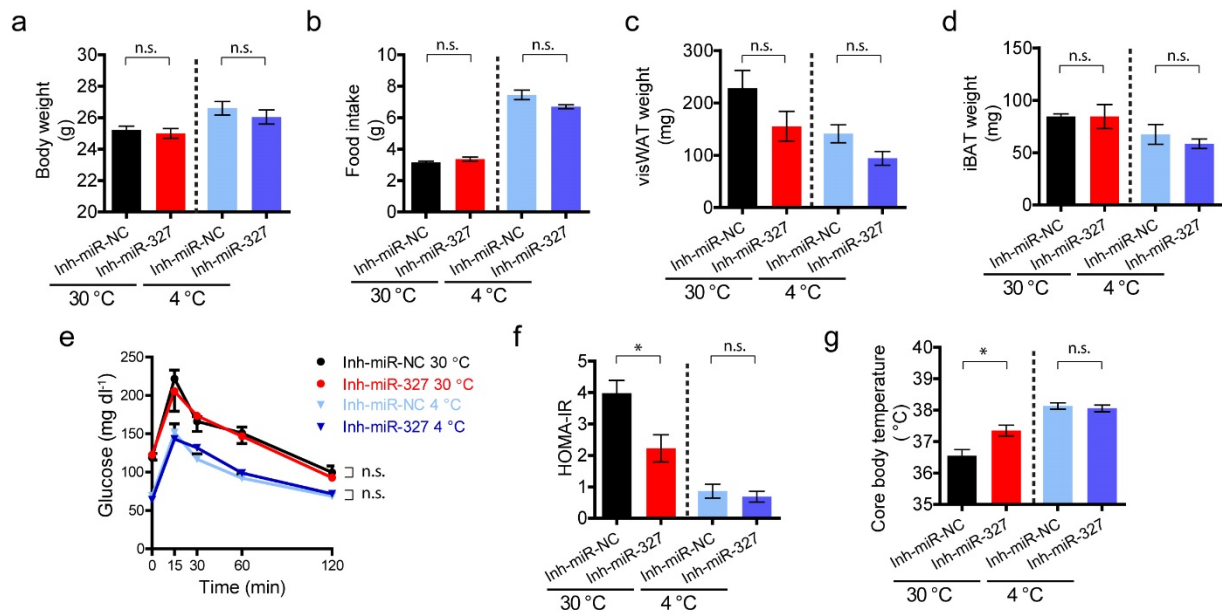
3 **Supplementary Figure 6 | Global metabolic changes of miR-327-treated mice (a-h)** Body  
 4 weight, food intake, visWAT weight, and iBAT weight of NSG mice treated with Ad-miR-NC  
 5 or Ad-miR-327, followed by 5-day CL-316243 treatment or 2-week 4 °C exposure (n = 12 mice  
 6 per group). (i) Glucose tolerance test (GTT) of Ad-miR-NC- or Ad-miR-327-treated NSG mice  
 7 under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 6-8 mice per group). (j) Homeostatic model  
 8 assessment of insulin resistance (HOMA-IR) of Ad-miR-NC- or Ad-miR-327-treated NSG  
 9 mice exposed for under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 6 mice per group). (k) Core body  
 10 temperature of Ad-miR-NC- or Ad-miR-327-treated NSG mice under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C  
 11 exposure (n = 12 mice per group). n.s., not significant. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001 by  
 12 Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean ± s.e.m.

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1 **Supplementary Figure 7 | Inhibition of miR-327 does not affect BAT.** (a) Histological  
2 analysis of adipocyte morphology (H&E), adipocytes (PERI), mitochondria (COX4) and  
3 uncoupling protein 1 (UCP1) in Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-miR-327-treated iBAT under 2-week 30  
4 °C or 4 °C exposure. Double-headed arrows mark adipocyte diameters. Arrows point to  
5 respective positive signals. (b-d) Quantifications of adipocyte size and positive signals of  
6 COX4 and UCP1 in Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-miR-327-treated iBAT under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C  
7 exposure (>30 adipocytes per field; n = 10 random fields; n = 4 mice per group). (e-g) Western  
8 immunoblot analysis and quantification of FGF10 and UCP1 in Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-miR-  
9 327-treated iBAT under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure. FGF10 and UCP1 protein levels were  
10 quantified as densitometric signals and normalized to  $\beta$ -Actin (n = 4 samples per group). Scale  
11 bars, 100  $\mu$ m. kDa, kilodalton. n.s., not significant. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001 by  
12 Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean  $\pm$  s.e.m.



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2 **Supplementary Figure 8 | Global metabolic changes of miR-327 inhibitor-treated mice.**

3 (a-d) Body weight, food intake, visWAT weight, and iBAT weight of C57BL/6 mice treated

4 with Inh-miR-NC or Inh-miR-327, followed by 2-week 4 °C or 30 °C exposure (n = 12 mice

5 per group). (e) Glucose tolerance test (GTT) of Inh-miR-NC- or Inh-miR-327-treated C57BL/6

6 mice under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 6-8 mice per group). (f) Homeostatic model

7 assessment of insulin resistance (HOMA-IR) of Inh-miR-NC- or Inh-miR-327-treated mice

8 under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 6 mice per group). (g) Core body temperature of Inh-

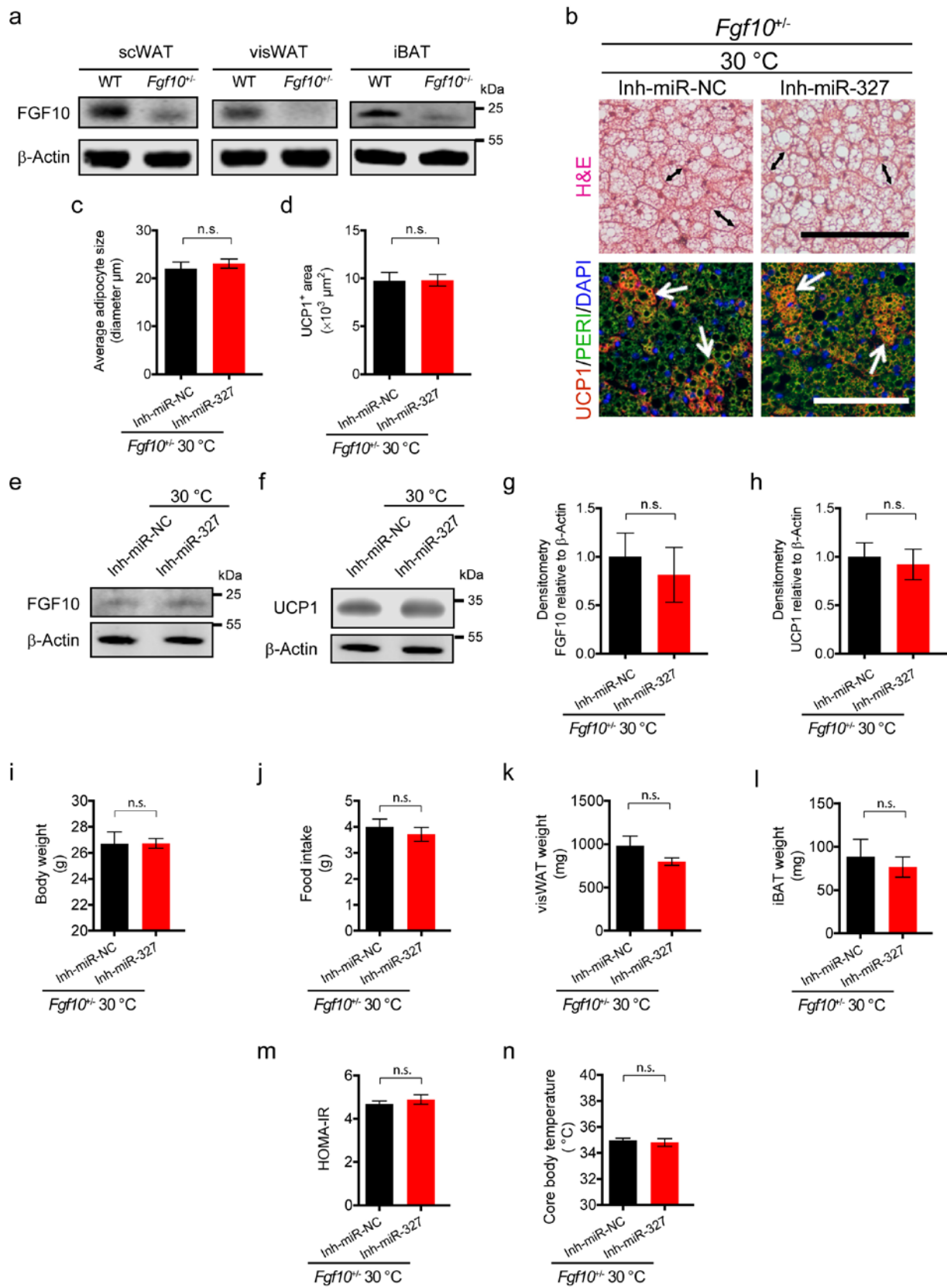
9 miR-NC- or Inh-miR-327-treated mice under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 12 mice per

10 group). n.s., not significant. \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, and \*\*\*P < 0.001 by Student's *t*-test. Data

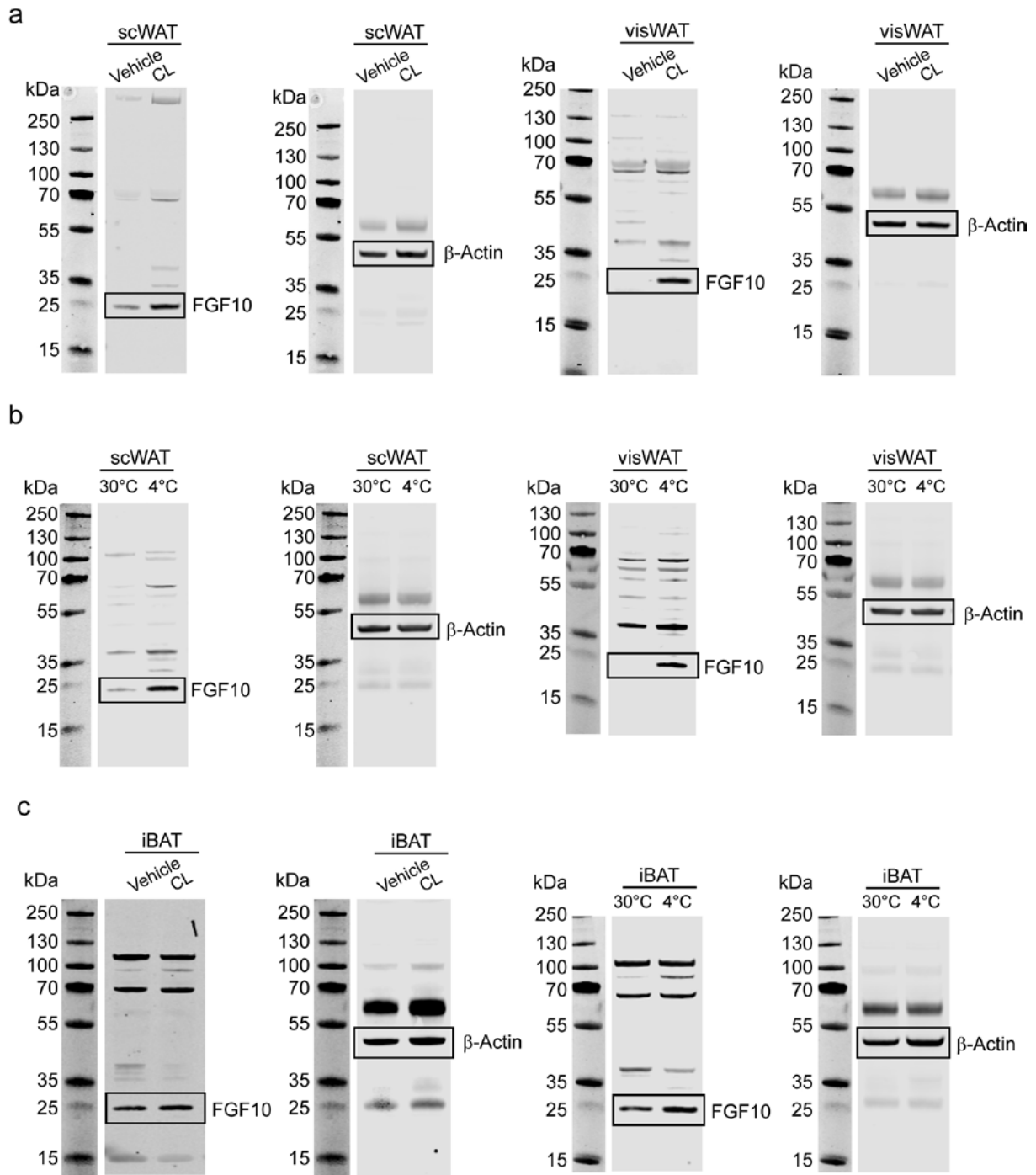
11 presented as mean ± s.e.m.

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1 **Supplementary Figure 9 | Attenuation of miR-327 inhibition-triggered global metabolic**  
2 **phenotype in *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> mice. (a)** Western immunoblot analysis of FGF10 in scWAT, visWAT  
3 and iBAT of *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> mice compared to those of WT mice. **(b)** Histological analysis of  
4 adipocyte morphology (H&E), adipocytes (PERI) and uncoupling protein 1 (UCP1) in iBAT  
5 isolated from Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-miR-327-treated 2-week-30 °C- exposed *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> mice.  
6 Double-headed arrows mark adipocyte diameters. Arrows point to respective positive signals.  
7 **(c-d)** Quantifications of adipocyte size and positive signals of UCP1 in Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-  
8 miR-327-treated 2-week 30 °C-exposed iBAT derived from *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> mice (>30 adipocytes per  
9 field; n = 10 random fields). **(e-h)** Western immunoblot analysis and quantification of FGF10  
10 and UCP1 proteins in Inh-miR-NC- and Inh-miR-327-treated *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> iBAT under 2-week 30  
11 °C exposure. FGF10 and UCP1 protein levels were quantified as densitometric signals and  
12 normalized to β-Actin (n = 5 samples per group). **(i-n)** Body weight, food intake, visWAT  
13 weight, iBAT weight, HOMA-IR, and core body temperature of *Fgf10*<sup>+/-</sup> mice treated with Inh-  
14 miR-NC or Inh-miR-327 under 2-week 30 °C or 4 °C exposure (n = 5-8 samples per group).  
15 Scale bars, 100 μm. kDa, kilodalton. n.s., not significant. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, and \*\*\*P<0.001  
16 by Student's *t*-test. Data presented as mean ± s.e.m.  
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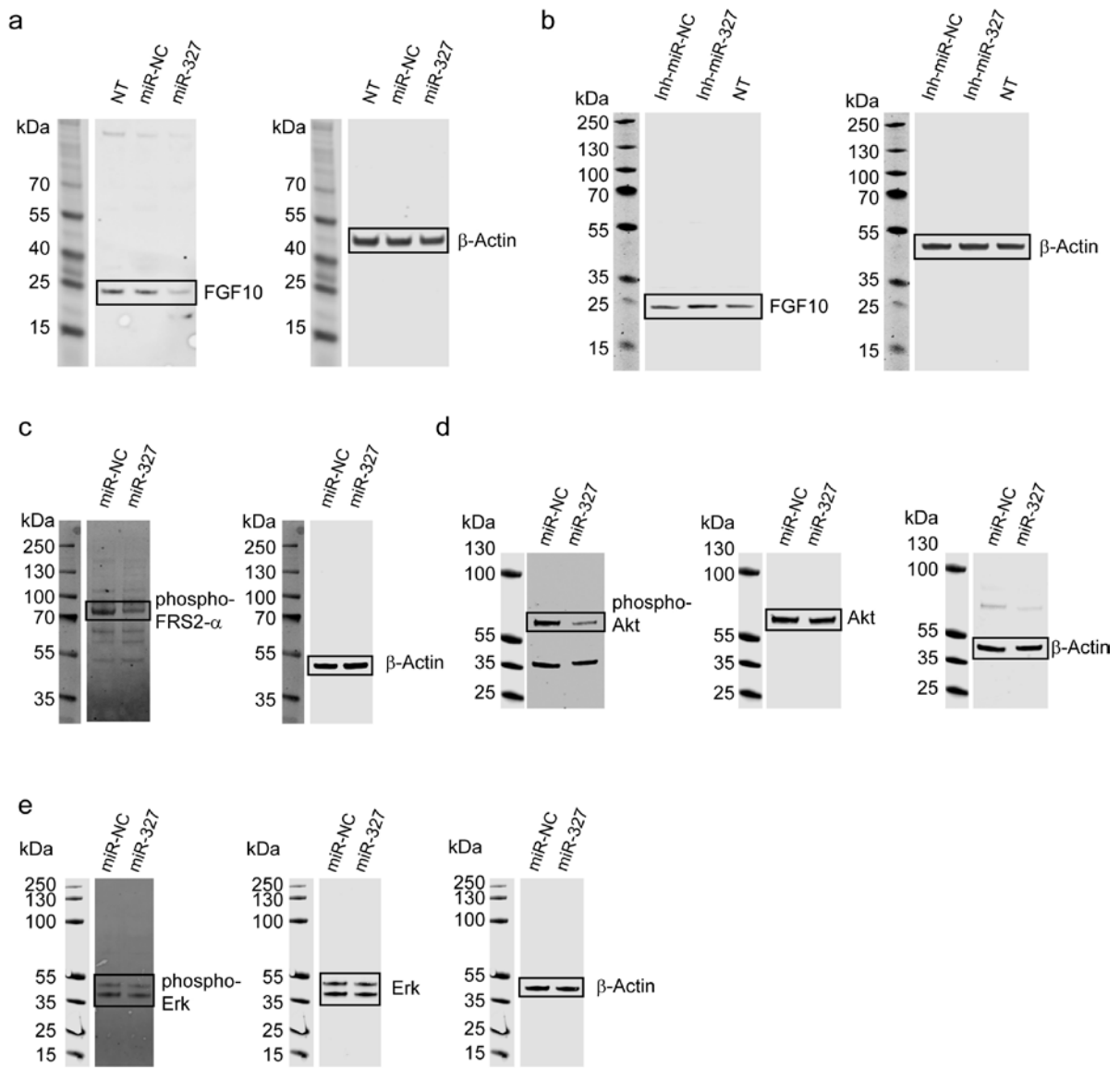


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2 **Supplementary Figure 10 | Full gel scans for Fig 3a, 3b and 3c. (a) Gel scan for Fig. 3a. (b)**

3 **Gel scan for Fig. 3b. (c) Gel scan for Fig. 3c.**

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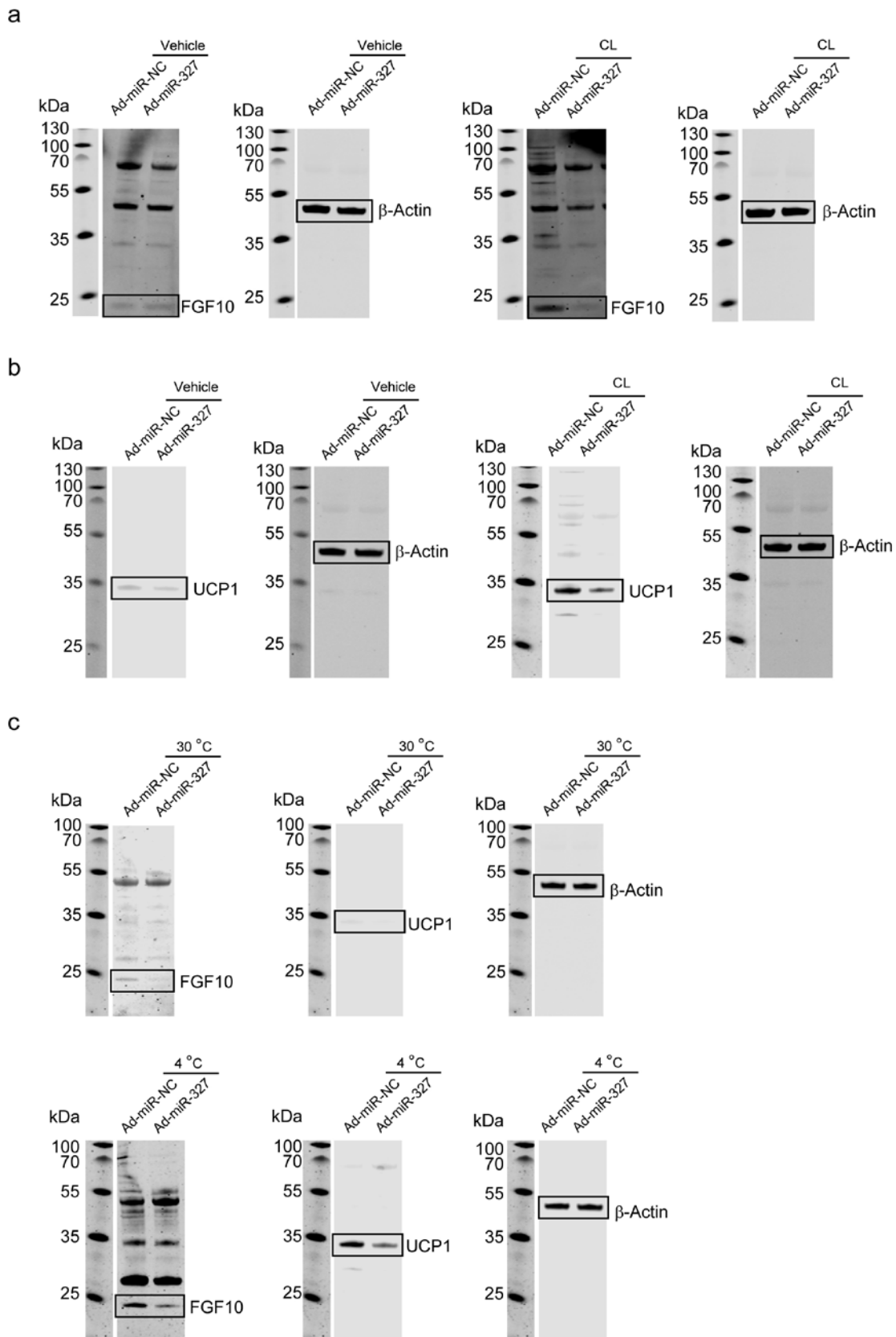
2 **Supplementary Figure 11 | Full gel scans for Fig 4b, 4e, 4g, 4i and 4k** (a) Gel scan for Fig.

3 4b. (b) Gel scan for Fig. 4e. (c) Gel scan for Fig. 4g. (d) Gel scan for Fig. 4i. (e) Gel scan for

4 Fig. 4k.

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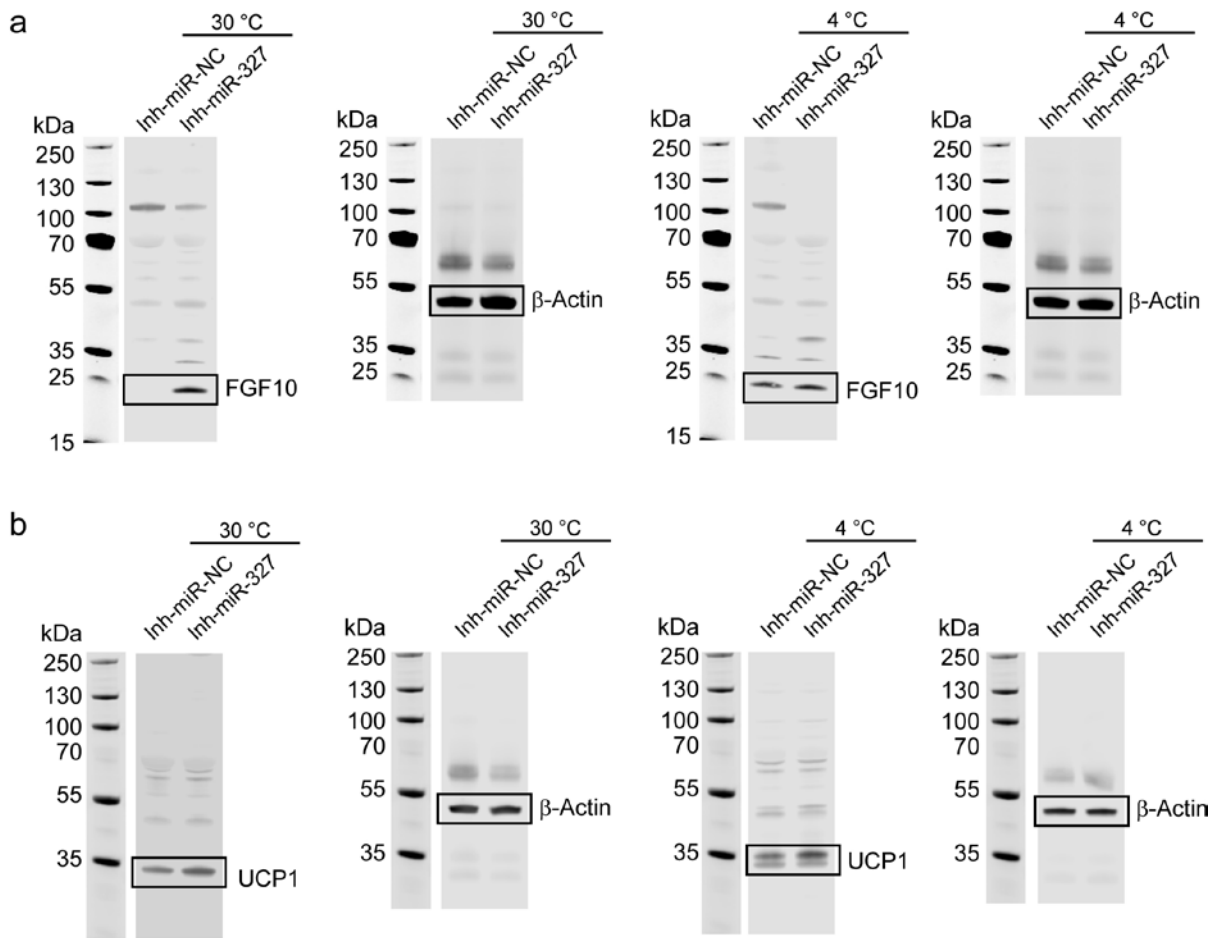


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2 **Supplementary Figure 12 | Full gel scans for Fig 8a, 8b and 8c** (a) Gel scan for Fig. 8a. (b)

3 Gel scan for Fig. 8b. (c) Gel scan for Fig. 8c.



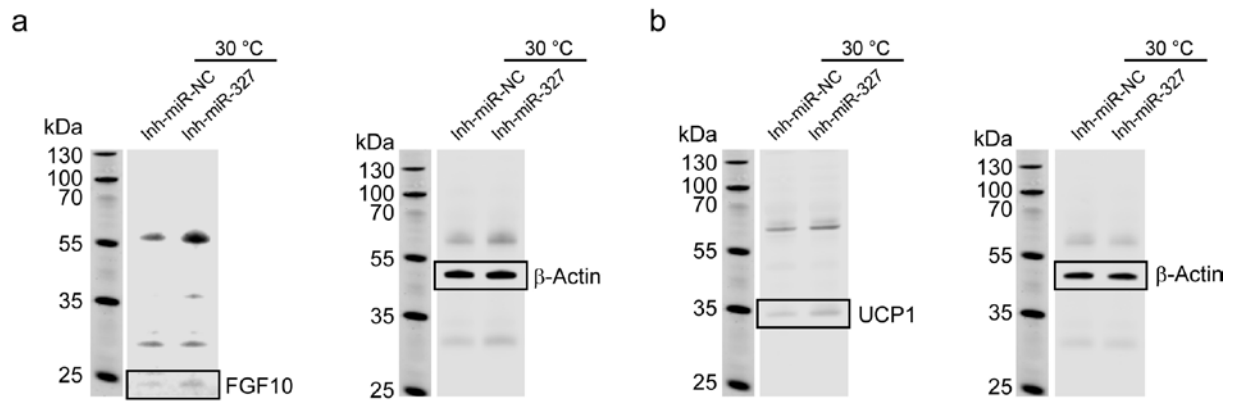


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2 **Supplementary Figure 13 | Full gel scans for Fig 9e and 9f (a) Gel scan for Fig. 9e. (b) Gel**

3 scan for Fig. 9f.

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2 **Supplementary Figure 14 | Full gel scans for Fig 10e and 10f (a) Gel scan for Fig. 10e. (b)**

3 Gel scan for Fig. 10f.

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1 **Supplementary Table 1 | Primer sequences**

<b>Gene</b>	<b>Forward primer sequence</b>	<b>Reverse primer sequence</b>
<b>qPCR primers</b>		
<i>Fgf10</i>	5'-CCGACACCACCAGTTCCTAC-3'	5'-CTTTGACGGCAACAACCTCCG-3'
<i>Actin</i>	5'-AGGCCCAGAGCAAGAGAGG-3'	5'-TACATGGCTGGGGTGTGAA-3'
<i>Pparg</i>	5'-GTGCCAGTTTCGATCCGTAGA-3'	5'-GGCCAGCATCGTGTAGATGA-3'
<i>Prdm16</i>	5'-CAGCACGGTGAAGCCATTC-3'	5'-GCGTGCATCCGCTTGTG-3'
<i>Ppargc1a</i>	5'-AGCCGTGACCACTGACAACGAG-3'	5'-GCTGCATGGTTCTGAGTGCTAAG-3'
<i>Adipoq</i>	5'-CTTTCATGTACACCGTGATGTG-3'	5'-ACCTCTCCTGTTCTCTTAATCC-3'
<i>Cebpa</i>	5'-TGGAGACGCAACAGAAGGTG-3'	5'-CAGCCTAGAGATCCAGCGAC-3'
<i>Cebpb</i>	5'-GGGGTTGTTGATGTTTTTGGT-3'	5'-TCGAAACGGAAAAGGTTCTCA-3'
<i>Cebpg</i>	5'-AATTGGCCCCAAAGAGCCTG-3'	5'-CCCTACACTGGGATGCAGTT-3'
<i>Ucp1</i>	5'-AAACAGAAGGATTGCCGAAA-3'	5'-TGCATTCTGACCTTCACGAC-3'
<i>Cidea</i>	5'-TGCTCTTCTGTATCGCCCAGT-3'	5'-GCCGTGTTAAGGAATCTGCTG-3'
<i>Cox7a</i>	5'-CAGCGTCATGGTCAGTCTGT-3'	5'-AGAAAACCGTGTGGCAGAGA-3'
<i>Cox8b</i>	5'-GAACCATGAAGCCAACGACT-3'	5'-GCCAAGTTCACAGTGGTTCC-3'
<i>Fgfr2</i>	5'-CACTCGGGGATAAATAGCTCCAAT-3'	5'-GCCAAAGTCTGCTATCTTCATCAC-3'
<b>PCR primers for cloning</b>		
<i>Fgf10</i> 3'UTR bs1	5'-TCCTCCCCATGACGATCCAA-3'	5'-ATGACCCAAGTGCTTTCCAGT-3'
<i>Fgf10</i> 3'UTR bs2	5'-TGGACCACCCACAACCAAAA-3'	5'-CAGGGGGAATGTAGGGTGG-3'
Mutated <i>Fgf10</i> 3'UTR bs1	5'-TCAAGTTTGGATGGAAGTTATCACG ATGCGAACAATGTTGTGGTGGGGGC-3'	5'-GCCCCACCACAACATTGTTCCGCAT CGTGATAACTTCCATCCAACCTTGA-3'
Mutated <i>Fgf10</i> 3'UTR bs2	5'-CTATGTGTAAACAGTCATCACGATAGT ACTGCGGACATTAACAGCTTCTAGCA-3'	5'-TGCTAGAAGCTGTTTAATGTCCGCAGT ACTATCGTGATGACTGTTTACACATAG-3'

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