

**Preliminary Report  
of  
The Hakuho Maru Cruise**

**KH-07-1 leg 2**

**7 May ~ 8 June 2007**

**Hakodate – Tokyo**

**Ocean Research Institute  
The University of Tokyo  
2008**

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**KH-07-1 leg 2**

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**Cruise for**  
**observations of water masses, circulation, and**  
**turbulence in the Northwest Pacific Basin**

**by**  
**The Scientific Members of the Cruise**

**Edited by**  
**Masaki KAWABE**



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# 1. Cruise Narrative

The research cruise KH-07-1 leg 2 of R.V. *Hakuho Maru* was conducted for 33 days between 7 May and 8 June 2007 for study of physical oceanography entitled "Study on processes of formation, transportation, and conversion of water masses in the western North Pacific". We departed from the West Pier of Hakodate Port at 14:00 on 9 May and returned to Tokyo Port at 10:00 on 8 June. Due to rough weather, we fled to outside of Miyako and Kamaishi Ports in the Iwate Prefecture from 10 to 12 May, and called urgently at Kamaishi between 9:00 on 18 May and 13:00 on 19 May.

Study subjects of the cruise KH-07-1 leg 2 were

- (1) to study variations of deep circulation currents and distribution of deep water masses (Ocean Research Institute, The University of Tokyo; ORI),
- (2) to study distribution of vorticity in the Kuroshio (ORI),
- (3) to study processes of advection and dissipation of Subtropical Mode Water (Tohoku University),
- (4) to study physical, chemical, and biological processes of the Subtropical Mode Water–seasonal pycnocline system (Tohoku University),
- (5) to study an estimation of coefficient of diffusivity by measuring density ratios and turbulence (Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology),
- (6) to study oceanographic variations in the western North Pacific using Argo floats (Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology, JAMSTEC),
- (7) to study distribution and ecology of drifting seaweeds and phytal animals in the northwestern Pacific (ORI and Tsukuba University).

The primary works were deployment and recovery of moorings of current meters to obtain time series of current velocity, as well as full-depth casts of CTDO<sub>2</sub> (conductivity, temperature, depth, oxygen profiler) for measuring water temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen, LADCP (lowered acoustic Doppler current profiler) for measuring current velocity and echo intensity of sound pulse, and water sampler with Niskin bottles for chemical parameters.

The water sampler frame was equipped with CTDO<sub>2</sub> sensors, 24 Niskin bottles, and two LADCPs with batteries, by attaching a stand for upward LADCP. In order to avoid a touch and collision to sea bottom of the underwater instruments, we equipped the water sampler frame with an altimeter and a bottom-touch-switch. The altimeter monitored the distance from sea bottom within approximately 30 m, but was wrong at C006 and was replaced by a pinger. The bottom-touch-switch hanging a 15-m string and a weight informed us that the instruments reached less than 15 m above sea bottom, by ringing buzzer in the laboratory of the vessel.

CTDO<sub>2</sub> measurement with the sensors was performed during downcast, and sea water was sampled at 24 positions during upcast. Salinity, dissolved oxygen, and nutrients of water samples were measured on board, and the sample values of salinity and oxygen were used for the calibration of sensor values of CTDO<sub>2</sub>. At all CTD stations, water temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen at sea surface were measured by sampling surface water with a bucket, and salinity of the intake water was measured to correct the data of salinograph.

Temperature and salinity data of CTD and XCTD (expendable CTD) were sent to the Japan Meteorological Agency by the TESAC telegram in quasi-real time. We measured current velocity in a surface layer with shipboard ADCP of Furuno Electric Co., Ltd. and RD Instruments throughout the cruise. Visual survey of drifting seaweeds was conducted during the daytime.

On 8 May 2007 at Hakodate Port, we loaded instruments and materials for observations into the vessel (part of them had been loaded at Tokyo Port on 29 March), and coiled ropes of two moorings on a drum of winch. Then we left Hakodate Port at 14:00 on 9 May on schedule, but soon we had to change the observation schedule, because an atmospheric depression approached the observation area. We initially deployed the mooring W1 and conducted CTD/LADCP casts (called CTD casts hereafter) at C001 and C002. After the cast, we headed the vessel to Miyako Port and anchored outside of the port in the evening on 10 May. However, swell was too strong, and we moved to south and anchored outside of Kamaishi Port at noon on 11 May.

We left Kamaishi at 08:00 on 12 May, and performed a measurement of turbulence and microstructure using TURBOMAP and CTD cast at 40°N, 143°40'E in the afternoon. Six moorings W2~W7 were deployed along 40°N between 13 and 16 May. The location of the mooring W3 had been planned to be 40°N, 145°14'E but was changed to 40°N, 145°17'E, because a drift net fishing was performed at the planned place. The moorings W1~W7 with 34 current meters will be recovered on the KH-08-3 cruise. On 17 May, we recovered and redeployed the mooring N2 at 39°N, 146°24.5'E. The recovered four glass spheres had been exploded, and probably due to that the current meter just below the glass spheres stopped at the twentieth day because of a damage of the rotor.

As soon as the deployment of N2 had been over, we started to sail for Kamaishi Port for avoiding bad weather due to a strong depression. We conducted two casts of XCTD at intervals of 20' longitude, but failed the third cast and then gave up XCTD cast. We made urgent port call at the Public Pier of Kamaishi Port at 09:00 on 18 May.

Before this port call, we performed 14 CTD casts (C001~C014), 2 TURBOMAP casts (TM01, TM02), 2 XCTD casts (X001, X002), and picked up drifting seaweeds several times. We used the CTD underwater unit SBE0400 at C001~C005,

whose sensors of conductivity and oxygen did not well function at depths greater than 6100 db at C004 and 5000 db at C005. We changed to SBE0750 at C006, and also changed altimeter to pinger because the altimeter possibly influenced to the bad performance of CTD sensors.

We departed from Kamaishi Port at 13:00 on 19 May. Swells still remained immediately after the departure but weakened soon. We began CTD observations along 38°N at night. We recovered and redeployed the moorings N1 and N3, and recovered N4 between 21 and 23 May. Four glass spheres of N1 had been exploded similar to N2, but the current meter below them had no trouble. The recovery of N3 did not smoothly proceed. When arriving at N3, we had to stay there for two hours to wait for a finish of fisherman's work on a nearby fishing boat. In the recovery, the rope of the mooring was twined at the bottom of *Hakuho Maru*, and the crew lowered a boat to sea and dived to loose the rope. Some glass spheres and ropes were lost by this accident, but all the instruments were recovered safely. Thereafter, we deployed the mooring N3 in the afternoon of 23 May and finished mooring work in this cruise.

Full velocity data throughout the mooring period were obtained from 18 current meters out of 21 recovered in this cruise. Only 20-day record was obtained from one current meter (Union Engineering URCM) because of damage of rotor as mentioned above, and two current meters did not function at all because of heavy damage of the measurement part (Aanderaa RCM11) and a trouble of memory (URCM). Three moored CTDs (Sea-Bird Electronics MicroCAT) functioned well, but the other three did not function because of water leakage.

After leaving Kamaishi, we observed smoothly until 26 May. During this period, except for the mooring work, we conducted 21 CTD casts (C015~C035), 4 TURBMAP casts (TM03~ TM06), and water sampling for helium at 150°E and 157°E on 38°N, deployed an Argo profiling float at 38°N, 156°E, and picked a big mass of drifting seaweeds on 24 May. "Free fall" of the CTD cable down to a depth of 6500 m was performed on 20 May to remove twists of the cable.

On the way of CTD observations along 38°N, we gave up them east of 157°E since weather was forecast to get worse at night on 26 May. We sailed south-eastward from 38°N, 157°E to 32.5°N, 168°E deploying XCTD probes at an interval of 15' latitude (X003~X023, one point was skipped because of strong wind). We arrived at 32.5°N, 168°E on 28 May, and performed TURBOMAP and XCTD casts but not CTD cast because wind was strengthening. We sailed westward performing XCTD casts at intervals of 30' longitude. Then we could cast CTD at 32.5°N, 166°E in the morning of 29 May after waiting for calm weather. We performed CTD casts at intervals of 1° longitude and XCTD casts at the midpoints of CTD stations from 166°E to 160°E along 32.5°N. During these

observations, an atmospheric depression came from the west at much higher speed than expected. The wind strengthened, but fortunately we could perform two CTD casts at 32.5°N, 159°20'E and 158°40'E over the Shatsky Rise.

In total, 9 CTD casts (C036~C044), 2 TURBOMAP casts (TM07, TM08), 12 XCTD casts (X024~X035), water sampling for helium at two stations (166°E, 160°E), and deployment of 2 Argo floats (167°E, 160°E) were performed between 158°40'E and 168°E on 32.5°N.

After the CTD casts over the Shatsky Rise, we sailed westward to 149°E on 32.5°N performing XCTD casts at intervals of 30' longitude. Then we started the observations of Subtropical Mode Water (STMW). At seven stations on the lines from 32.5°N, 149°E to 31°N, 146°20'E and from 31°N, 146°20'E to 31°52' N, 143°50'E, we performed casts of CTD (0~1000 m, C045~C051), TURBOMAP (0~500 m, TM09~TM15), and Fast Repetition Rate Fluorometer (FRRF 0~150 m, FR01~FR07). We changed the observation area a little southward from the original plan, namely, to the south of the 32.5°N line, considering the location of STMW at the observation time and decreasing an influence of atmospheric depression. The observations, therefore, were conducted in good sea condition.

Along 32.5°N, we sailed westward casting XCTD probes and changed the direction northeastward from 32.5°N, 140°E to 34°20'N, 142°20'E (A1). We started the crossing observations of the Kuroshio from A1, by sailing northwestward to A2 (36°N, 141°20'E), and measured velocity of the Kuroshio using shipboard ADCP. The observations were conducted at seven lines which were shifted one after another southwestward from the A1-A2 line. At three lines among the seven ones, we crossed the Kuroshio at low speed of 12 knot, although the usual speed of *Hakuho Maru* is 16 knot, and deployed XCTD probes at intervals of 10 miles (X069~ X101). At the last line, we detoured around the training area of the US Navy "Charley". We finished the Kuroshio observations at 18:30 on 7 June. This was also the end of observations in the cruise KH-07-1.

In total, we performed 51 CTD casts and 15 TURBOMAP casts. These were two thirds of the original plan because of several atmospheric depressions, but the casts in important places for our studies were performed. The recovery of 7 moorings, the recovery and deployment of 3 moorings, the water sampling for helium at 4 stations, and the deployment of 3 Argo floats were conducted as planned. Moreover, 101 XCTD casts and the Kuroshio-crossing observations along 7 lines exceeded the plan, and drifting seaweeds could be sampled at the 40°N and 38°N lines. Thus, the observations in leg 2 of the KH-07-1 cruise were very successful.



## Acknowledgements

Success in this cruise was owing to the devoted work of the people who participated in the cruise KH-07-1 leg 2. I express my gratitude to Captain Shoichi Suzuki, the crew of R.V. *Hakuho Maru*, and the scientists and technical staff for their cooperation in the work throughout this cruise.

We thank the Research Vessel Operation Department of JAMSTEC and the Office for Cruise Coordination of ORI for procedure of the urgent port call to Kamaishi, supply of information of weather and wave forecasts as well as military trainings in the "Charley" area, and so on, and Mr. Tadashi Inagaki, Mr. Hideo Ishigaki, staff in the Office for Cruise Coordination of ORI, and Mss. Fukuko Sogo and Kanae Komaki in the Division of Ocean Circulation of ORI for sending necessary things to Kamaishi Port.

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## 2. Summary of the measurement and correction

### A. Water Sample

#### A1. Instrument

Seawater was sampled from 12-liter Niskin bottles mounted at 24 places on a Sea-Bird Electronics Carousel water sampler SBE32 for 24 bottles (Serial Number 10367-0038).

#### A2. Conductivity

Conductivity of water samples was measured with a salinometer Guildline Portasal Model 8410A (S/N 63893) which was standardized by IAPSO Standard Seawater (Ocean Scientific International Ltd.) of Batch P147 ( $K_{15} = 0.99982$ ). The measurement was done in Laboratory 5 in which air temperature was controlled to be a little ( $\approx 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) lower than water temperature in the salinometer water bath being  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### A3. Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen of water samples was measured with an automatic recording titrator Metrohm Shibata 798 MPT Titrion (S/N 03105). We used  $0.02 \text{ mol l}^{-1}$  Sodium Thiosulfate Solution (Wako Pure Chemical Industries Ltd.) (factor = 1.00) for titration.

#### A4. Nutrients

We analyzed nitrate, nitrite, silicate, and phosphate using an auto analyzer Bran Luebbe AACS-II. Nitrate, nitrite, and phosphate standard solutions were prepared in laboratory before the cruise. Silicate standard solution was 1,000 ppm Silicon Standard Solution for atomic absorption spectrometry (Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd.). For working standards and baseline solution, we used natural seawater of low nutrients which was filtered and analyzed in laboratory before the cruise.

For later comparison of result, we measured concentration of nutrients of the Reference Material of Nutrients in Seawater (RMNS), RMNS Lot-AV and Lot-AX. The average, standard deviation ( $\mu\text{mol kg}^{-1}$ ), and the number of measurement are as follows.

	Nitrate	Nitrite	Silicate	Phosphate
RMNS Lot-AV	33.23	0.07	157.56	2.40
	0.14	0.01	1.30	0.02
	130	130	130	130
RMNS Lot-AX	21.80	0.32	58.59	1.50
	0.10	0.01	0.55	0.01
	130	130	130	130

Concentrations of nutrients of RMNS in the cruise KH-04-4 were as follows.

KH-04-4 leg 1

	Nitrate	Nitrite	Silicate	Phosphate
RMNS Lot-AS	0.01	0.01	1.34	0.04
	0.09	0.01	0.20	0.01
	46	46	46	46
RMNS Lot-AT	7.49	0.01	18.50	0.55
	0.08	0.01	0.25	0.01
	46	46	46	46
RMNS Lot-AU	30.23	0.01	69.45	2.15
	0.17	0.01	0.48	0.01
	46	46	46	46

KH-04-4 leg 2

	Nitrate	Nitrite	Silicate	Phosphate
RMNS Lot-AS	0.08	0.01	1.61	0.07
	0.023	0.004	0.047	0.009
	36	36	36	36
RMNS Lot-AT	7.48	0.01	18.32	0.58
	0.025	0.004	0.046	0.007
	36	36	36	36
RMNS Lot-AU	29.96	0.01	68.16	2.18
	0.068	0.004	0.106	0.006
	72	72	72	72

## B. CTDO<sub>2</sub>

### B1. Instrument

The CTDO<sub>2</sub> was a Sea-Bird Electronics instrument for 6500 db (SBE9plus). The sensor of conductivity was manufactured by Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc. (SBE4) who claimed a resolution of 0.00004 S m<sup>-1</sup> (0.0004 mmho cm<sup>-1</sup>) and an accuracy of ±0.0003 S m<sup>-1</sup> (±0.003 mmho cm<sup>-1</sup>). The sensor of water temperature was manufactured by Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc. (SBE3plus) who claimed a resolution of 0.0002°C and an initial accuracy of ±0.001°C. The sensor of pressure was manufactured by Paroscientific Digiquartz (Model 4xK) with a resolution of 0.001% of full scale and an accuracy of ±0.015% of full scale (6000 db range). The sensor of dissolved oxygen was manufactured by Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc. (SBE43) who claimed an accuracy of 2 % of saturation.

We used two sets of the CTDO<sub>2</sub> underwater instrument. Instrument No. 1 (C001~C005) was CTD SBE9plus (S/N 12545-0400) equipped with conductivity sensor SBE4 (S/N 2496), temperature sensor SBE3plus (S/N 0893), pressure sensor (S/N 12545), oxygen sensor SBE43 (S/N 0775), and pump SBE5 (S/N

1267). Instrument No. 2 (C006~C051) was CTD SBE9plus (S/N 89961-0750) equipped with C sensor SBE4 (S/N 1578), T sensor SBE3plus (S/N 4378), P sensor (S/N 89961), O<sub>2</sub> sensor SBE43 (S/N 0781 at C006~C035, S/N 0628 at C036~C051), and pump SBE5 (S/N 3867).

## B2. Data Collection

Full signals of frequency digitized 24 times per second and sent from the underwater CTD unit SBE9plus were received with the onboard unit SBE11plus and converted to output sequences of RS232C. The data were collected with the Sea-Bird Electronics CTD operating software SEASOFT, using an IBM-compatible personal computer EPSON Endeavor MT7500. The operating system of the personal computer is Windows, and the Windows version of software was used. The full signals of frequency were stored in the hard disc during the lowering stage of CTD cast and then were copied in magnetic optical discs at the deepest point of the cast.

## B3. Calibration

The sensors of conductivity, temperature, and dissolved oxygen are calibrated by Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc. once a year. The obtained coefficients were used in the CTD operating software SEASOFT.

### a. Pressure

Pressure data were corrected by subtracting the value of the pressure sensor in the air of -1.4 db for Instrument No. 1 and 0.4 db (C006~C035) and 0.5 db (C036~C051) for Instrument No. 2.

### b. Conductivity

Conductivity data were moreover calibrated using water-sample data. The ratio of conductivity from water sample to that from CTD ( $CF$ ) was calculated. Vertical change of  $CF$  was expressed with polynomials of pressure  $P$  (db) such as

$$CF = a + bP + cP^2 + dP^3 + eP^4 + fP^5.$$

The sensor value of conductivity was multiplied by  $CF$  computed from the above equation and the following coefficients  $a\sim f$  for station groups.

#### 1) C001~C005

$$a\sim f = 1.000041, .3099419E-6, -.2804392E-9, .8680477E-13, -.8882411E-17, 0.0$$

#### 2) C006C~C014

$$a\sim f = 1.000235, -.2297626E-6, .6475986E-10, -.5371314E-14, 0.0, 0.0$$

#### 3) C015~C023

$$a\sim f = 1.000119, -.9281879E-7, .2017035E-10, -.1125567E-14, 0.0, 0.0$$

#### 4) C024A~C035

$$a\sim f = 1.000065, -.2367516E-7, .3668843E-11, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0$$

#### 5) C036~C044

$a\sim f = 1.000026, .7750997E-7, -.5884139E-10, .1353270E-13, -.9477478E-18, 0.0$   
 6) C045~C051

$a\sim f = 1.000044, .1320197E-5, -.9293677E-8, .1692918E-10, -.8946822E-14, 0.0$

The conductivity sensor was wrong at depths greater than 6096 db at C004 and 4957 db at C005. Salinity data at intervals of 1 db were made for depths greater than 4300 db by interpolating the salinity values from water samples and connected to the salinity data from sensors smoothly.

### c. Dissolved Oxygen

Oxygen data were obtained with the method in the World Ocean Circulation Experiment (WOCE) Operations Manual, WOCE Hydrographic Programme Office Report WHPO 91-1, WOCE Report No. 68/91.

For SBE43, dissolved oxygen was calculated from the polarographic oxygen sensor electric voltage with the algorithm

$$O_x = \left[ A(O_v + B \frac{dO_v}{dt} + F) + C \exp(-0.03 T) \right] O_x^*(T, S) \exp[DT + EP]$$

where  $O_x$  is the concentration of dissolved oxygen ( $\text{ml l}^{-1}$ ),  $O_v$  the oxygen electric voltage,  $T_o$  the oxygen sensor temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ),  $T$ ,  $S$ , and  $P$  are water temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), salinity (psu), and pressure (db) measured with CTD,  $O_x^*(T, S)$  the saturated oxygen for  $T$  and  $S$ , and  $t$  is time (sec).

The six parameters  $A\sim F$  were determined with a nonlinear least squares fitting to the oxygen of water samples. The result of the coefficients is as follows. The coefficients  $B$  and  $C$  were fixed to zero for SBE43.

#### 1) C001~C005

$A\sim E = 0.407, 0.0, 0.0, 1.28E-3, 1.49E-4$

$F = -0.491$  (C001),  $-0.492$  (C002),  $-0.489$  (C003),  $-0.488$  (C004),  $-0.472$  (C005)

#### 2) C006C~C014

$A\sim E = 0.394, 0.0, 0.0, -1.53E-3, 1.32E-4$

$F = -0.558$  (C006C),  $-0.554$  (C007B),  $-0.555$  (C008),  $-0.561$  (C009),  $-0.546$  (C010),  $-0.555$  (C011),  $-0.552$  (C012),  $-0.546$  (C013),  $-0.547$  (C014)

#### 3) C015~C023

$A\sim E = 0.397, 0.0, 0.0, -9.55E-4, 1.33E-4$

$F = -0.574$  (C015),  $-0.567$  (C016),  $-0.559$  (C017),  $-0.555$  (C018),  $-0.552$  (C019),  $-0.555$  (C020),  $-0.555$  (C021),  $-0.553$  (C022),  $-0.550$  (C023)

#### 4) C024A~C035

$A\sim E = 0.427, 0.0, 0.0, -5.82E-3, 1.26E-4$

$F = -0.566$  (C024A),  $-0.569$  (C025),  $-0.567$  (C026),  $-0.569$  (C027),  $-0.566$  (C028),  $-0.558$  (C029),  $-0.558$  (C030),  $-0.566$  (C031),  $-0.565$  (C032),  $-0.565$  (C033),  $-0.561$  (C034),  $-0.566$  (C035)

#### 5) C036~C044

$A\sim E = 0.658, 0.0, 0.0, -9.69E-3, 1.38E-4$

$F = -0.539$  (C036),  $-0.537$  (C037),  $-0.540$  (C038),  $-0.539$  (C039),  $-0.537$  (C040),  $-0.539$  (C041),  
 $-0.534$  (C042),  $-0.539$  (C043),  $-0.540$  (C044)

6) C045~C051

$A \sim E = 0.508, 0.0, 0.0, 4.20E-3, 2.25E-4$

$F = -0.517$  (C045),  $-0.519$  (C046),  $-0.521$  (C047),  $-0.519$  (C048),  $-0.517$  (C049A),  $-0.520$  (C050),  
 $-0.525$  (C051)

The oxygen sensor was not stable in deep layer between C004 and C035, and the profiles of oxygen were unnatural at several stations. Oxygen data at intervals of 1 db were made for depths of  $P$  db by interpolating the oxygen values from water samples and connected to the oxygen data from sensors smoothly.

$P > 3500$  db (C019),  $3600$  db (C023),  $3800$  db (C012),  $4200$  db (C020),  $4300$  db (C013, C031),  
 $4400$  db (C018),  $4500$  db (C022, C026, C027),  $4600$  db (C005, C030, C033),  $4700$  db  
(C006C),  $4900$  db (C021, C024A),  $5000$  db (C025),  $5100$  db (C004),  $5505$  db (C035)  
 $4250$  db  $> P > 3750$  db (C010)

The oxygen data from sensors at some stations were smoothed for depths of  $P$  db by running means.

50-db running mean  $P > 4800$  db (C008),  $5100$  db (C028, C029)

20-db running mean  $P > 4900$  db (C025),  $5200$  db (C032),  $5300$  db (C034),  $5400$  db (C035)

The oxygen sensor used from C036 was stable, and the profiles of oxygen could be used. The oxygen data at depths of  $P$  db were fitted to the oxygen values from water samples.

$P > 2800$  db (C043),  $4900$  db (C040),  $5300$  db (C036, C037, C039)

#### B4. Fluorometer, Fast Repetition Rate Fluorometer (FRRF)

At C045~C051, the CTDO<sub>2</sub> underwater unit was equipped with a fluorometer Aquatracka III manufactured by Chelsea Instruments Ltd. (S/N 088192).

At FR01~FR07 which were located at the same position as C045~C051, casts of FRRF were conducted. FRRF DF-03B (S/N 138453001), manufactured by Kimoto Electric Co. Ltd. (Osaka, Japan), was used to measure fluorescence induction curves of chlorophyll in phytoplankton. This method is based on relationships between the phytoplankton photosynthesis and phytoplankton in vivo fluorescence. The FRRF had closed dark and open light chambers to measure the fluorescence induction curves on dark-adapted and ambient-irradiated samples. For each optical channel in the dark and light chambers, the FRRF had a high-luminosity blue light-emitting diode (LED) to excite chlorophyll fluorescence at a wavelength of 470 nm with a 25-nm bandwidth.

To cumulatively saturate Photosynthetic Photosystem II (PSII) by light within 150 micro-sec (Kolber et al., 1998), this instrument generated a sequence of

flashes at a repetition rate of about 250 kHz and provides an excitation light intensity of 30 mmol quanta m<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> by adjusting a pulsed current to the LED. The intensity of the excitation light emitted by the LED was measured with a radiometer with a fast amplifier. The fluorescence signal from phytoplankton exposed to the excitation light was collected at a 90° angle, isolated by a band-pass filter (wavelength 680 ± 25 nm), and detected by a photomultiplier tube (PMT). Simultaneously, a small portion of the excitation light was recorded as a reference signal. Both the fluorescence and reference signals were converted at 10 MHz synchronously by a 14-bit analog-to-digital converter and analyzed by a CPU.

The fluorescence yield was calculated as the ratio of the fluorescence signal to the reference signal. Analysis of fluorescence induction curves measured in the dark and light chambers provided PSII parameters such as quantum yield of photochemistry (Fv/Fm), effective absorption cross-section (sigma PSII) and re-oxidation rate of primary electron acceptor (tau). After the fluorescence induction curves were analyzed, the data were calculated to estimate the primary productivity (PbO) (Kolber and Falkowski, 1993) with irradiance (E). E were simultaneously measured by a scalar irradiance sensor (QSP-2200, Biospherical Instruments, Inc., CA, USA).

Kolber, Z. S. and Falkowski, P.G. Use of Active Fluorescence to estimate phytoplankton photosynthesis in situ, *Limnol, Oceanogr*, 38, 1464-1665.

## C. XCTD

We used probes of TSK XCTD-1. The depth of a falling probe was computed with the equation that

$$z = 3.42543 \cdot t - 0.00047026 \cdot t^2.$$

The data were recorded with TSK MK-130 (Tsurumi Seiki Co., Ltd).

## D. Shipboard ADCP

### D1. ADCP (Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.)

Current velocities at three depths of 20 m, 50 m, and 100 m were measured at an interval of 15 seconds. The data were averaged for every minute and recorded with Doppler Sonar Current Profiler System CI-20H.

### D2. ADCP (RD Instruments)

Current velocities at 64 levels at an interval of 16 m from 32-m depth down to about 1000 m were measured with Broadband 38 kHz ADCP and recorded every two minutes.

Uncertainty of the ship heading direction decreases accuracies of the measured flow direction relative to the ship head and the measured velocity compo-

nents. The ship heading direction data by the gyrocompass was manually input with a resolution of one degree when the system was switched on. Inaccuracy of this input is a source of measurement error. Another error source is a deviation in direction of the shipboard transducer from the original design.

According to Joyce (1989; *Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology*, **6**, 169–172), the correct velocity ( $u_w, v_w$ ) is given from a ship speed ( $u_s, v_s$ ) and a measured ADCP velocity ( $u_d, v_d$ ) as

$$u_w = u_s + (1+\beta) (u'_d \cos \alpha - v'_d \sin \alpha)$$

$$v_w = v_s + (1+\beta) (u'_d \sin \alpha + v'_d \cos \alpha),$$

where  $\alpha$  is the error in orientation of transducer, and  $1+\beta$  is the scale factor.

The values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  were estimated by comparing the ship speed obtained from bottom tracking with that from the Global Positioning System. For the comparison, 1638 ensemble data were used. The result is

$$\alpha \text{ (rad)} = 0.0067, \quad \beta = -0.0221.$$

The current velocity data from the RDI ADCP should be corrected with the above equations and coefficients.

#### E. Lowered ADCP

An ADCP instrument of 300 kHz Work Horse manufactured by RD Instruments was attached to the frame of the SBE Carousel water sampler and used as a lowered ADCP in order to obtain vertical profiles of horizontal velocity. Two transducers were set downward at the bottom (master unit) and upward at the top of the water sampler frame (slave unit), and a battery package was mounted on the frame. The instruments were WH300 (downward: S/N 3381, upward: S/N 831). We selected 1 ping per a second (1 ping per two seconds at C009 and C010) and 4-meter bins. They did not function at C001, and the slave unit did not function at C002.

Data were stored in the underwater ADCP unit and recovered on the deck after the cast. Noises and an influence of vertical move and rotation of the ADCP unit must be removed from the original data. Further processes of data should be made after the cruise to obtain correct data of current velocity.

#### F. Altimeter, Pinger

An altimeter PSA-916T (S/N 1000) manufactured by BENTHOS Inc. was attached to the water sampler frame. It indicated the distance from the sea bottom in 30 m or more above the bottom. Initially it functioned well but was wrong at C005, and a pinger BENTHOS 2216 (S/N 1124) manufactured by BENTHOS Inc. for 12000 m was used at C006 and later. Owing to the use of



them, we could observe safely to just above the sea bottom.

## G. TURBOMAP

TURBOMAP (Turbulence Ocean Microstructure Acquisition Profiler), manufactured by Alec Electronics, Kobe, Japan, is 2.426 m in length, 0.405 m in diameter, 43 kg on deck, and 0.6~0.9 kg in water. This instrument is equipped with two shear probes and FPO7 temperature, conductivity, chlorophyll, turbidity, acceleration and pressure sensors. See the Preliminary Report of KH-04-4 for the details.

TURBOMAP is lowered freely with adjusted ballasts at 0.5~0.4 m s<sup>-1</sup>. Sea cable is attached at an opposite side of sensors, and is connected to a personal computer through the portable winch system. Data is transferred through output sequence of USB. The sampling rate is 512 Hz, and transferring rate is 115.2 kbps. TURBOMAP must be operated freely without tension to measure velocity shear correctly. When the observation is finished, TURBOMAP is recovered by the portable winch.

The shear data are fitted on to the Nasymth spectral form to check the validity of data quality. Energy dissipation, scaled dissipation rate, and eddy diffusivities of heat and salt are calculated by using the shear data as well as the density ratio calculated from the temperature and salinity data obtained from TURBOMAP.

## H. Drifting Seaweeds Observation

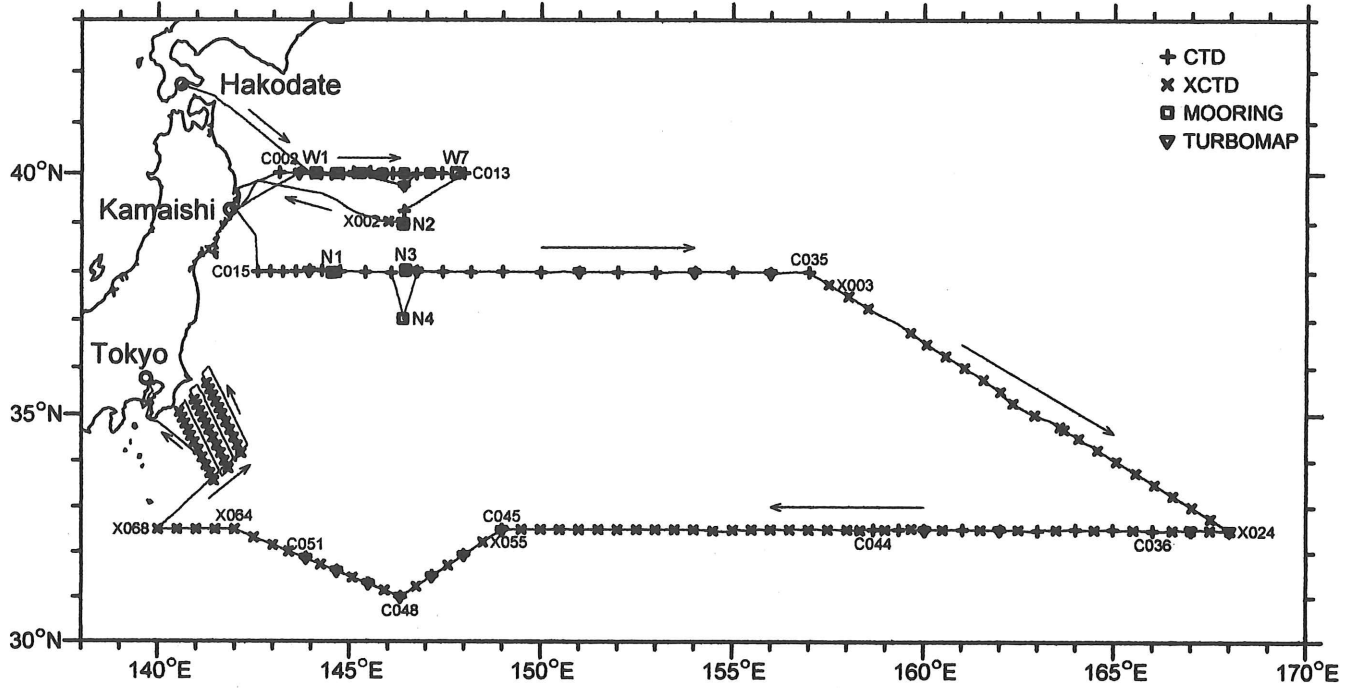
Visual censuses were conducted at sea, in good conditions and from sunrise to sunset. Two sessions were organized from 11 May to 7 June 2007. Observations were taken from the vessel deck at a height of 11.5 m above the sea surface. The vessel navigated along designed transects. The following elements were recorded at each floating seaweed occurrence: time, the perpendicular distance from the boat, seaweed diameter. Distance and diameter were estimated by four trained researchers (two teams of two people), operating alternatively. Some rafts were sampled randomly using dip net with a diameter of 0.5 m during CTD observations. Samples were identified and weighted (wet weight).

### 3. List of Scientists Aboard

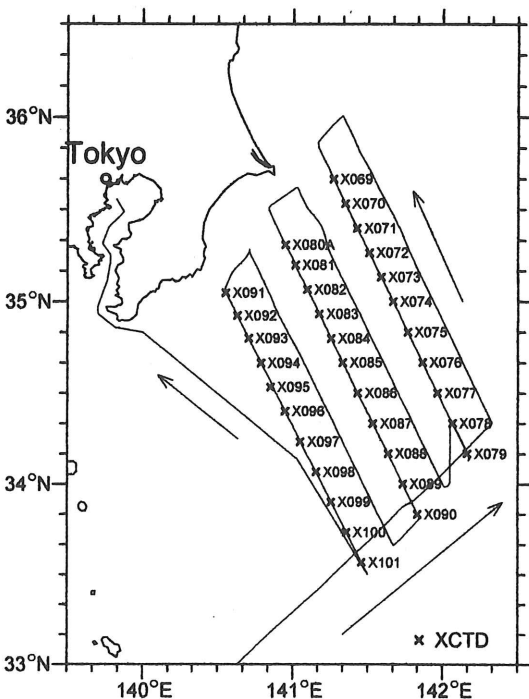
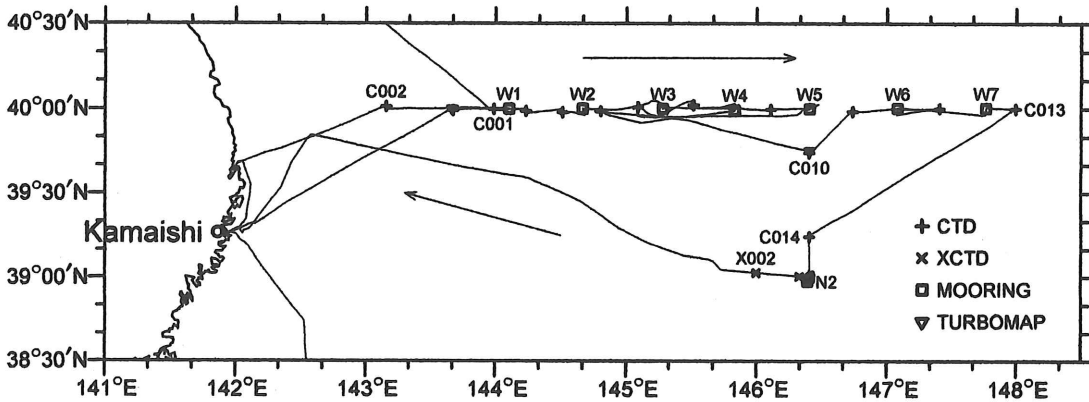
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# 4. Track Chart

General Chart



Enlarged chart off Sanriku, northeastern part of Honshu



Enlarged chart off Boso Peninsula

## 5. Time Table

(Hakodate → Tokyo)

	Date	TIME (JST)																								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	May 9	↑~~~~~ Hakodate																								
2	May 10	~~~~~				C001			~~~~~		W1 deploy		~~~~~				C002		~~~~~				off Miyako			
3	May 11	off Miyako																								
4	May 12	off Miyako						~~~~~						TM01 C003		~~~~~		C004								
5	May 13	C004	~~~~~			C005			~~~~~		W2 deploy		~~~~~			W3 deploy		~~~~~			W4 deploy		~~~~~			
6	May 14	~~~~~				C006C				~~~~~						W5 deploy		~~~~~				C007B		~~~~~		
7	May 15	~~~~~		C008		~~~~~			C009			~~~~~				TM02 C010		~~~~~		C011						
8	May 16	~~~~~			C012			~~~~~			W6 deploy		~~~~~			W7 deploy		~~~~~			C013					
9	May 17	C014		~~~~~			N2 recover		~~~~~		N2 deploy		~~~~~		↑ X001		↑ X002		~~~~~				~~~~~			
10	May 18	Kamaishi																								
11	May 19	Kamaishi												~~~~~						C015		C016		~~~~~		
12	May 20	C017	~~~~~			C018			~~~~~						TM03 C019		~~~~~				C020					
13	May 21	C020	~~~~~			C021			~~~~~		N1 recover		~~~~~			N1 deploy		~~~~~			C022					
14	May 22	C023			~~~~~						N4 recover		~~~~~						TM04 C024A		~~~~~		C025			
15	May 23	C025	~~~~~						N3 recover			~~~~~			N3 deploy		~~~~~				C026					
16	May 24	~~~~~			C027			~~~~~			C028			~~~~~			TM05 C029		~~~~~							
17	May 25	C030			~~~~~			C031			~~~~~			TM06 C032		~~~~~		C033								
18	May 26	C033		~~~~~			C034			↑		~~~~~			C035		~~~~~		↑ X003		↑ X004		↑ X005			

Date	TIME (JST)																									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
19 May 27			X006	X007	X008	X009	X010	X011	X012	X013	X014	X015	X016	X017												
20 May 28	X018	X019	X020	X021	X022	X023		TM07	X024	X025		AR02	X026	X027												
21 May 29					C036				X028			C037		X029												
22 May 30		X030			C039			X031			TM08	C040		X032											C041	
23 May 31		C041	X033		C042			AR03	X034		C043		X035		C044						X036	X037				
24 June 1		X038	X039	X040	X041	X042	X043	X044	X045	X046	X047	X048	X049	X050												
25 June 2		X051	X052	X053	X054			FR01	TM09	C045		X055			FR02	TM10	C046		X056					FR03	TM11	C047
26 June 3								FR04	TM12	C048		X058			FR05	TM13	C049A		X059				FR06	TM14	C050	X060
27 June 4																										
28 June 5				A1							A2	A3	X069		X074									A4	A5	X079
29 June 6		A6						A7	A8	X080A		X085											A9	A10	X090	
30 June 7			A11	A12	X091		X096						A13	X101												A14
31 June 8																										

## 6. Summary of Observation Stations

STN:	Station number			
TYPE:	CTD=CTDO only, ROS=CTDO plus water sampler, MOR=Mooring, XCTD=XCTD, TMAP=Turbomap, FRRF=FRRF			
CODE:	BE=Beginning of cast or work, EN=End of work, BO=Bottom, DE=Deployment of mooring or XCTD, RE=Recover of mooring			
DEPTH:	Water depth in meters			
MAXP:	Maximum pressures in decibars			
PARAM:	Sampling parameters			
	1=Salinity,	2=Dissolved	Oxygen,	3-6=Nutrients
	(PO <sub>4</sub> , SiO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> +NO <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> )			
	7=Chlorophyll <i>a</i> , 8=Helium			
	LADCP=Lowered ADCP			
	<i>COMMENTS are included in the columns of MAXP/PARAM</i>			

### KH-07-1 LEG 2

STN	TYPE	DATE	GMT	CODE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	MAXPR	PARAM/COMMENT
C001	ROS	050907	1907	BE	39°59.67'N	143°58.82'E	4234		
C001	ROS	050907	2103	BO	39°59.82'N	143°59.13'E	4237	4275	1-6 SBE9p400 CTDO
C001	ROS	050907	2231	EN	40°00.22'N	143°58.97'E	4251		
W1	MOR	050907	2331	BE	39°59.46'N	144°02.65'E	4388		1 RCM11, 3 CM, 1 MicroCAT
W1	MOR	051007	0116	DE	40°00.01'N	144°06.10'E	5091		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3G
C002	ROS	051007	0450	BE	40°00.43'N	143°09.32'E	1366		LADCP
C002	ROS	051007	0522	BO	40°00.73'N	143°09.31'E	1354	1323	1-6 SBE9p400 CTDO
C002	ROS	051007	0552	EN	40°00.91'N	143°09.29'E	1346		
TM01	TMAP	051207	0629	DE	39°59.90'N	143°39.82'E	2526	416	Turbomap
C003	ROS	051207	0750	BE	39°59.19'N	143°39.98'E	2604		LADCP
C003	ROS	051207	0845	BO	39°59.38'N	143°40.24'E	2615	2599	1-6 SBE9p400 CTDO
C003	ROS	051207	0939	EN	39°59.56'N	143°40.48'E	2630		
C004	ROS	051207	1155	BE	39°59.73'N	144°13.90'E	6977		LADCP
C004	ROS	051207	1406	BO	39°59.20'N	144°13.85'E	6845	6375	1-6 SBE9p400 CTDO
C004	ROS	051207	1559	EN	39°58.68'N	144°13.83'E	6771		
C005	ROS	051207	1736	BE	39°59.42'N	144°31.14'E	6598		LADCP
C005	ROS	051207	1939	BO	39°58.68'N	144°30.71'E	6822	6501	1-6 SBE9p400 CTDO
C005	ROS	051207	2137	EN	39°58.30'N	144°30.55'E	6680		
W2	MOR	051207	2304	BE	39°57.82'N	144°41.08'E	6244		1 RCM11, 4 CM, 1 MicroCAT
W2	MOR	051307	0036	DE	40°00.02'N	144°39.92'E	6170		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3B
W3	MOR	051307	0305	BE	40°02.04'N	145°15.78'E	5388		1 RCM11, 4 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
W3	MOR	051307	0435	DE	39°59.99'N	145°17.02'E	5390		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 1G
W4	MOR	051307	0653	BE	40°01.70'N	145°49.99'E	5157		1 RCM11, 4 CM, 1 MicroCAT
W4	MOR	051307	0759	DE	39°59.48'N	145°50.01'E	5151		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3E
C006C	ROS	051307	1946	BE	39°59.32'N	144°48.37'E	5894		LADCP
C006C	ROS	051307	2128	BO	39°59.08'N	144°48.18'E	5900	5882	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C006C	ROS	051307	2314	EN	39°59.10'N	144°48.06'E	5905		
W5	MOR	051407	0451	BE	40°01.34'N	146°28.01'E	5167		1 RCM11, 2 CM, 1 Aquadopp, 1 MicroCAT
W5	MOR	051407	0618	DE	40°00.00'N	146°24.44'E	5156		1 ADCP, Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3C
C007B	ROS	051407	1008	BE	40°00.01'N	146°07.09'E	5162		LADCP
C007B	ROS	051407	1141	BO	39°59.73'N	146°06.62'E	5182	5242	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C007B	ROS	051407	1316	EN	39°59.52'N	146°06.02'E	5162		
C008	ROS	051407	1536	BE	40°00.24'N	145°31.20'E	5257		LADCP
C008	ROS	051407	1717	BO	40°01.26'N	145°31.08'E	5271	5333	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C008	ROS	051407	1854	EN	40°02.00'N	145°30.91'E	5251		

STN	TYPE	DATE	GMT	CODE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	MAXPR	PARAM/COMMENT
C009	ROS	051407	2102	BE	40°00.17'N	145°05.02'E	5514		LADCP
C009	ROS	051407	2252	BO	40°00.51'N	145°05.34'E	5531	5681	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C009	ROS	051507	0033	EN	40°00.99'N	145°05.38'E	5547		
TM02	TMAP	051507	0515	DE	39°45.05'N	146°24.49'E	5168	445	Turbomap
C010	ROS	051507	0612	BE	39°44.89'N	146°24.54'E	5166		LADCP
C010	ROS	051507	0757	BO	39°44.37'N	146°24.42'E	5161	5239	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C010	ROS	051507	0929	EN	39°44.02'N	146°24.30'E	5162		
C011	ROS	051507	1136	BE	39°59.79'N	146°44.98'E	5212		LADCP
C011	ROS	051507	1317	BO	39°59.03'N	146°44.40'E	5218	5302	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C011	ROS	051507	1448	EN	39°58.87'N	146°43.57'E	5213		
C012	ROS	051507	1732	BE	40°00.12'N	147°24.82'E	5367		LADCP
C012	ROS	051507	1917	BO	40°00.10'N	147°24.35'E	5357	5446	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C012	ROS	051507	2053	EN	40°00.07'N	147°23.81'E	5343		
W6	MOR	051507	2305	BE	39°58.20'N	147°04.68'E	5287		1 RCM11, 3 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
W6	MOR	051607	0000	DE	40°00.14'N	147°04.96'E	5307		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3F
W7	MOR	051607	0301	BE	39°57.86'N	147°45.53'E	5260		1 RCM11, 3 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
W7	MOR	051607	0406	DE	40°00.22'N	147°46.02'E	5279		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3E
C013	ROS	051607	0526	BE	40°00.00'N	148°00.09'E	5313		LADCP
C013	ROS	051607	0708	BO	39°59.96'N	147°59.68'E	5309	5405	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C013	ROS	051607	0843	EN	39°59.82'N	147°59.10'E	5303		
C014	ROS	051607	1437	BE	39°14.94'N	146°24.34'E	5331		LADCP
C014	ROS	051607	1627	BO	39°14.58'N	146°24.46'E	5328	5403	1-6 SBE9p750 CTDO
C014	ROS	051607	1759	EN	39°14.18'N	146°24.36'E	5328		
N2	MOR	051607	2002	BE	38°59.83'N	146°24.40'E	5300		2 RCM11, 2 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
N2	MOR	051607	2200	RE	38°58.51'N	146°23.55'E	5290		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3F
N2	MOR	051707	0000	BE	39°01.45'N	146°23.27'E	5286		4 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
N2	MOR	051707	0106	DE	38°59.82'N	146°24.81'E	5298		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3B
X001	XCTD	051707	0143	DE	39°00.33'N	146°19.94'E	5314		TSK XCTD-1
X002	XCTD	051707	0249	DE	39°01.67'N	145°59.95'E	5248		TSK XCTD-1
C015	ROS	051907	1008	BE	37°59.97'N	142°35.15'E	1240		LADCP
C015	ROS	051907	1036	BO	37°59.83'N	142°35.37'E	1244	1196	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C015	ROS	051907	1103	EN	37°59.73'N	142°35.43'E	1242		
C016	ROS	051907	1233	BE	38°00.36'N	142°55.06'E	1735		LADCP
C016	ROS	051907	1311	BO	38°00.39'N	142°55.20'E	1741	1702	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C016	ROS	051907	1346	EN	38°00.33'N	142°55.32'E	1744		
C017	ROS	051907	1527	BE	38°00.19'N	143°14.88'E	2852		LADCP
C017	ROS	051907	1627	BO	38°00.14'N	143°14.87'E	2852	2831	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C017	ROS	051907	1719	EN	38°00.14'N	143°14.87'E	2852		
C018	ROS	051907	1859	BE	38°00.29'N	143°35.18'E	4830		LADCP
C018	ROS	051907	2050	BO	38°00.33'N	143°35.23'E	4913	4992	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C018	ROS	051907	2155	EN	38°00.38'N	143°35.42'E	4913		
TM03	TMAP	052007	0117	DE	38°00.80'N	143°55.79'E	6958	454	Turbomap
C019	ROS	052007	0216	BE	38°01.07'N	143°56.43'E	6918		LADCP
C019	ROS	052007	0418	BO	38°01.67'N	143°56.73'E	7009	6482	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C019	ROS	052007	0607	EN	38°01.90'N	143°56.71'E	7013		
C020	ROS	052007	1237	BE	37°59.88'N	144°15.58'E	6275		LADCP
C020	ROS	052007	1437	BO	38°01.54'N	144°15.82'E	6203	6380	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C020	ROS	052007	1629	EN	38°02.44'N	144°16.08'E	6182		
C021	ROS	052007	1847	BE	38°00.18'N	144°44.91'E	5497		LADCP
C021	ROS	052007	2028	BO	38°00.48'N	144°44.47'E	5503	5632	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO

STN	TYPE	DATE	GMT	CODE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	MAXPR	PARAM/COMMENT
C021	ROS	052007	2207	EN	38°00.97'N	144°44.05'E	5498		
N1	MOR	052007	2328	BE	38°00.27'N	144°30.38'E	5937		3 RCM11, 3 CM, 2 MicroCAT
N1	MOR	052107	0153	RE	37°59.06'N	144°31.56'E	5851		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 1A
N1	MOR	052107	0404	BE	37°55.53'N	144°41.32'E	5902		2 RCM11, 3 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
N1	MOR	052107	0538	DE	37°59.62'N	144°30.85'E	5919		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3C
C022	ROS	052107	0903	BE	37°59.63'N	145°24.88'E	5329		LADCP
C022	ROS	052107	1042	BO	37°59.40'N	145°24.23'E	5331	5424	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C022	ROS	052107	1216	EN	37°59.21'N	145°23.69'E	5332		
C023	ROS	052107	1504	BE	37°59.92'N	146°04.78'E	5099		LADCP
C023	ROS	052107	1642	BO	37°58.88'N	146°04.56'E	5148	5119	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C023	ROS	052107	1809	EN	37°58.01'N	146°04.26'E	5188		
N4	MOR	052107	2224	BE	36°59.99'N	146°24.60'E	5504		2 RCM11, 2 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
N4	MOR	052207	0025	RE	37°01.48'N	146°23.01'E	5488		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 1B
TM04	TMAP	052207	0457	DE	38°00.25'N	146°45.00'E	5384	533	Turbomap
C024A	ROS	052207	0624	BE	38°00.23'N	146°45.18'E	5384		LADCP
C024A	ROS	052207	0806	BO	38°00.25'N	146°45.32'E	5382	5482	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C024A	ROS	052207	0940	EN	38°00.27'N	146°45.42'E	5380		
C025	ROS	052207	1224	BE	37°59.85'N	147°25.53'E	5592		LADCP
C025	ROS	052207	1408	BO	38°00.03'N	147°25.64'E	5590	5714	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C025	ROS	052207	1544	EN	38°00.18'N	147°25.98'E	5589		
N3	MOR	052207	2137	BE	38°00.19'N	146°24.12'E	5402		3 RCM11, 2 CM, 2 MicroCAT
N3	MOR	052307	0148	RE	38°02.17'N	146°27.17'E	5387		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3A
N3	MOR	052307	0359	BE	38°02.18'N	146°27.74'E	5388		2 RCM11, 2 CM, 1 3D-ACM, 1 MicroCAT
N3	MOR	052307	0502	DE	38°00.94'N	146°26.08'E	5394		Transmitter 43.528MHz, A/R 3D
C026	ROS	052307	1036	BE	37°59.93'N	148°10.33'E	5679		LADCP
C026	ROS	052307	1223	BO	37°59.71'N	148°10.48'E	5684	5808	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C026	ROS	052307	1403	EN	37°59.62'N	148°10.89'E	5684		
C027	ROS	052307	1701	BE	38°00.20'N	149°00.19'E	5798		LADCP
C027	ROS	052307	1849	BO	38°00.42'N	149°00.69'E	5802	5926	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C027	ROS	052307	2030	EN	38°00.31'N	149°01.52'E	5798		
C028	ROS	052407	0001	BE	37°59.79'N	150°00.22'E	5946		LADCP
C028	ROS	052407	0155	BO	37°59.42'N	150°00.03'E	5914	6080	1-8 SBE9p750 CTDO
C028	ROS	052407	0334	EN	37°59.02'N	149°59.74'E	5902		
TM05	TMAP	052407	0715	DE	38°00.05'N	150°59.95'E	5832	520	Turbomap
C029	ROS	052407	0808	BE	37°59.54'N	151°00.42'E	5835		LADCP
C029	ROS	052407	0956	BO	37°59.36'N	151°00.32'E	5836	5971	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C029	ROS	052407	1140	EN	37°59.01'N	151°00.03'E	5838		
C030	ROS	052407	1517	BE	38°00.09'N	152°00.44'E	5821		LADCP
C030	ROS	052407	1706	BO	37°59.69'N	152°00.61'E	5826	5949	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C030	ROS	052407	1845	EN	37°59.35'N	152°00.84'E	5831		
C031	ROS	052407	2218	BE	37°59.88'N	153°00.19'E	5795		LADCP
C031	ROS	052507	0007	BO	37°59.45'N	153°00.12'E	5786	5913	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C031	ROS	052507	0147	EN	37°59.22'N	153°00.00'E	5780		
TM06	TMAP	052507	0532	DE	37°59.91'N	154°00.44'E	5830	364	Turbomap
C032	ROS	052507	0623	BE	37°59.71'N	154°01.40'E	5832		LADCP
C032	ROS	052507	0812	BO	37°59.95'N	154°01.84'E	5830	5966	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C032	ROS	052507	0957	EN	38°00.16'N	154°02.07'E	5834		
C033	ROS	052507	1330	BE	38°00.04'N	155°00.11'E	5979		LADCP
C033	ROS	052507	1526	BO	37°59.85'N	155°00.35'E	5984	6126	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C033	ROS	052507	1708	EN	37°59.77'N	155°00.62'E	5991		



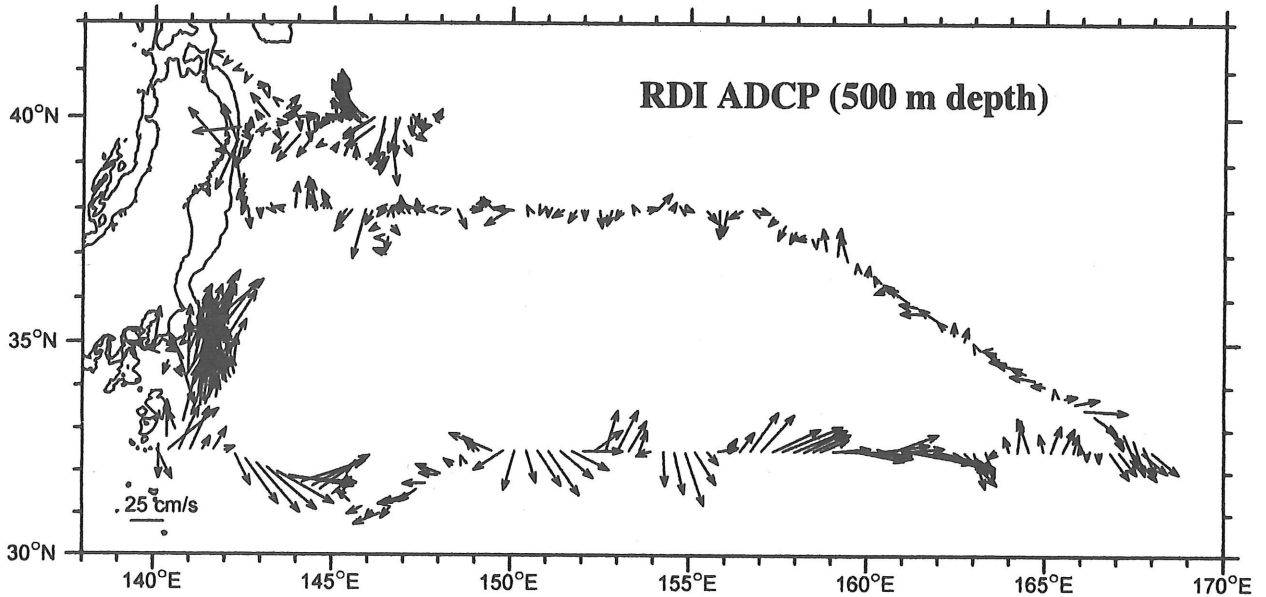
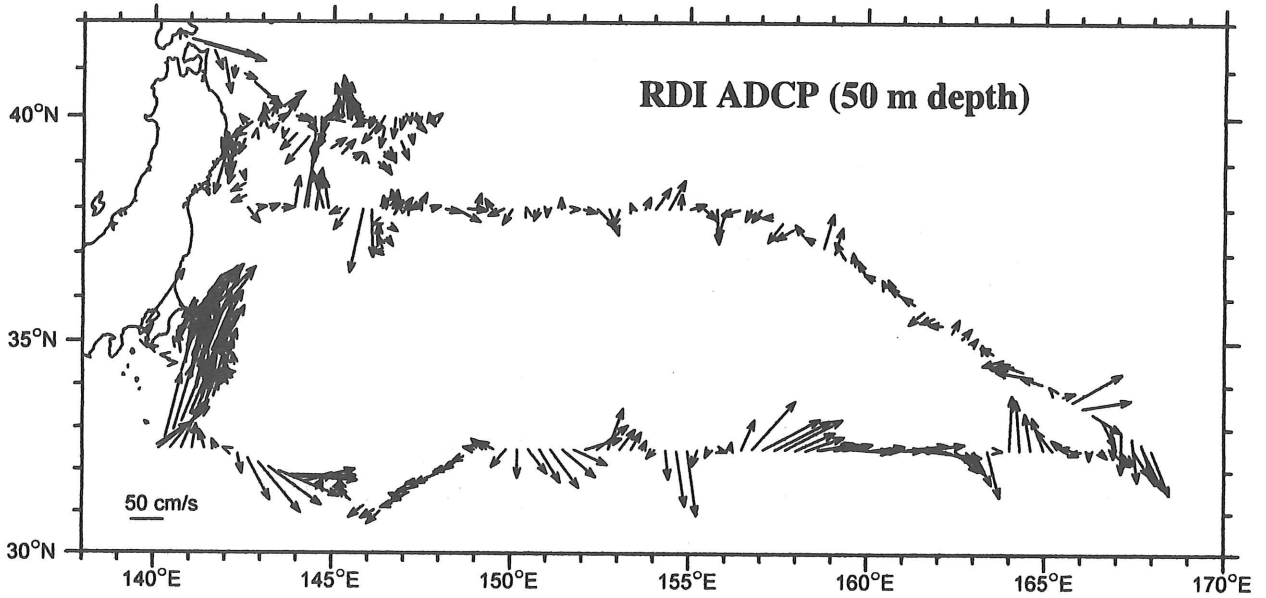
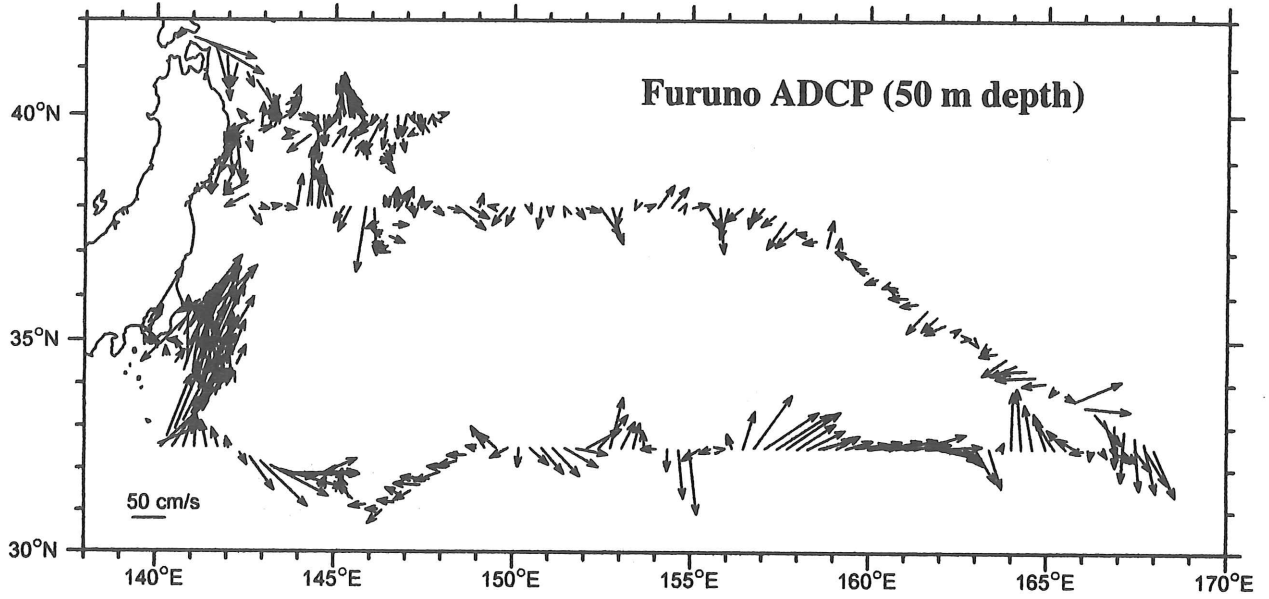
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C034	ROS	052507	2049	BE	37°59.72'N	156°00.25'E	5795		LADCP
C034	ROS	052507	2241	BO	37°58.92'N	156°00.28'E	5791	5931	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C034	ROS	052607	0024	EN	37°58.54'N	156°00.04'E	5792		
AR01	FLOAT	052607	0042	DE	37°58.41'N	156°00.09'E	5794		APEX
C035	ROS	052607	0410	BE	37°59.83'N	157°00.27'E	5722		LADCP
C035	ROS	052607	0559	BO	37°59.83'N	157°00.43'E	5714	5845	1-8 SBE9p750 CTDO
C035	ROS	052607	0738	EN	37°59.83'N	157°00.38'E	5716		
X003	XCTD	052607	1003	DE	37°44.70'N	157°31.48'E	5612		TSK XCTD-1
X004	XCTD	052607	1201	DE	37°30.02'N	158°02.53'E	5226		TSK XCTD-1
X005	XCTD	052607	1402	DE	37°15.00'N	158°33.25'E	4457		TSK XCTD-1
X006	XCTD	052607	1815	DE	36°44.89'N	159°39.57'E	4726		TSK XCTD-1
X007	XCTD	052607	2003	DE	36°29.81'N	160°04.98'E	4803		TSK XCTD-1
X008	XCTD	052607	2154	DE	36°14.99'N	160°34.97'E	4808		TSK XCTD-1
X009	XCTD	052607	2348	DE	36°00.01'N	161°05.09'E	4689		TSK XCTD-1
X010	XCTD	052707	0140	DE	35°44.99'N	161°34.73'E	4690		TSK XCTD-1
X011	XCTD	052707	0324	DE	35°29.89'N	162°01.75'E	4343		TSK XCTD-1
X012	XCTD	052707	0457	DE	35°14.94'N	162°21.54'E	4884		TSK XCTD-1
X013	XCTD	052707	0656	DE	34°59.97'N	162°55.19'E	5563		TSK XCTD-1
X014	XCTD	052707	0916	DE	34°44.98'N	163°35.01'E	5880		TSK XCTD-1
X015	XCTD	052707	0946	DE	34°41.33'N	163°41.92'E	5870		TSK XCTD-1
X016	XCTD	052707	1115	DE	34°29.96'N	164°04.85'E	5925		TSK XCTD-1
X017	XCTD	052707	1313	DE	34°15.01'N	164°34.42'E	6013		TSK XCTD-1
X018	XCTD	052707	1511	DE	34°00.02'N	165°03.72'E	6071		TSK XCTD-1
X019	XCTD	052707	1705	DE	33°44.99'N	165°33.83'E	6041		TSK XCTD-1
X020	XCTD	052707	1851	DE	33°29.83'N	166°03.11'E	6004		TSK XCTD-1
X021	XCTD	052707	2036	DE	33°14.98'N	166°32.53'E	5948		TSK XCTD-1
X022	XCTD	052707	2222	DE	33°00.00'N	167°01.60'E	6120		TSK XCTD-1
X023	XCTD	052807	0008	DE	32°44.96'N	167°30.79'E	5867		TSK XCTD-1
TM07	TMAP	052807	0228	DE	32°29.64'N	168°00.33'E	6007	490	Turbomap
X024	XCTD	052807	0320	DE	32°29.05'N	168°01.47'E	6011		TSK XCTD-1
X025	XCTD	052807	0631	DE	32°29.56'N	167°29.94'E	5938		TSK XCTD-1
AR02	FLOAT	052807	0927	DE	32°30.05'N	167°00.26'E	5939		APEX
X026	XCTD	052807	0931	DE	32°29.89'N	167°00.27'E	5937		TSK XCTD-1
X027	XCTD	052807	1241	DE	32°29.51'N	166°31.24'E	5884		TSK XCTD-1
C036	ROS	052807	1853	BE	32°30.19'N	166°01.18'E	6230		LADCP
C036	ROS	052807	2140	BO	32°29.23'N	166°01.05'E	6220	6374	1-8 SBE9p750 CTDO
C036	ROS	052807	2332	EN	32°28.66'N	166°00.83'E	6222		
X028	XCTD	052907	0141	DE	32°30.00'N	165°29.99'E	6149		TSK XCTD-1
C037	ROS	052907	0348	BE	32°30.03'N	164°59.58'E	6192		LADCP
C037	ROS	052907	0555	BO	32°30.72'N	164°59.04'E	6193	6368	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C037	ROS	052907	0743	EN	32°31.29'N	164°58.76'E	6199		
X029	XCTD	052907	0937	DE	32°30.01'N	164°29.93'E	6196		TSK XCTD-1
C038	ROS	052907	1140	BE	32°29.70'N	164°00.39'E	6148		LADCP
C038	ROS	052907	1342	BO	32°30.62'N	164°00.41'E	6149	6316	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C038	ROS	052907	1530	EN	32°31.26'N	164°00.18'E	6147		
X030	XCTD	052907	1729	DE	32°29.98'N	163°29.89'E	6093		TSK XCTD-1
C039	ROS	052907	1926	BE	32°29.79'N	162°59.98'E	6084		LADCP
C039	ROS	052907	2127	BO	32°28.91'N	163°00.32'E	6080	6248	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C039	ROS	052907	2316	EN	32°28.27'N	163°00.45'E	6080		
X031	XCTD	053007	0119	DE	32°30.04'N	162°30.00'E	6053		TSK XCTD-1

STN	TYPE	DATE	GMT	CODE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	MAXPR	PARAM/COMMENT
TM08	TMAP	053007	0320	DE	32°29.90'N	162°00.18'E	5887	384	Turbomap
C040	ROS	053007	0407	BE	32°29.71'N	162°00.65'E	5892		LADCP
C040	ROS	053007	0603	BO	32°29.54'N	162°01.87'E	5906	6054	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C040	ROS	053007	0751	EN	32°29.50'N	162°02.83'E	5907		
X032	XCTD	053007	1006	DE	32°30.00'N	161°29.98'E	5736		TSK XCTD-1
C041	ROS	053007	1215	BE	32°30.29'N	161°00.40'E	5422		LADCP
C041	ROS	053007	1402	BO	32°30.30'N	161°01.62'E	5477	5598	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C041	ROS	053007	1542	EN	32°30.41'N	161°02.36'E	5475		
X033	XCTD	053007	1801	DE	32°30.00'N	160°29.98'E	5202		TSK XCTD-1
C042	ROS	053007	2009	BE	32°29.85'N	160°00.04'E	4645		LADCP
C042	ROS	053007	2147	BO	32°29.82'N	160°01.31'E	4611	4700	1-8 SBE9p750 CTDO
C042	ROS	053007	2316	EN	32°29.89'N	160°01.92'E	4638		
AR03	FLOAT	053007	2326	DE	32°29.64'N	160°02.03'E	4636		APEX
X034	XCTD	053107	0104	DE	32°31.27'N	159°41.42'E	4380		TSK XCTD-1
C043	ROS	053107	0258	BE	32°30.46'N	159°20.44'E	3746		LADCP
C043	ROS	053107	0415	BO	32°30.37'N	159°21.41'E	3794	3796	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C043	ROS	053107	0522	EN	32°30.13'N	159°22.20'E	3819		
X035	XCTD	053107	0704	DE	32°30.00'N	158°59.83'E	2776		TSK XCTD-1
C044	ROS	053107	0848	BE	32°30.31'N	158°40.46'E	2642		LADCP
C044	ROS	053107	0947	BO	32°30.40'N	158°41.35'E	2643	2652	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C044	ROS	053107	1038	EN	32°30.47'N	158°41.82'E	2640		
X036	XCTD	053107	1223	DE	32°29.55'N	158°20.65'E	2481		TSK XCTD-1
X037	XCTD	053107	1347	DE	32°30.04'N	158°00.36'E	2695		TSK XCTD-1
X038	XCTD	053107	1554	DE	32°29.88'N	157°30.00'E	3053		TSK XCTD-1
X039	XCTD	053107	1800	DE	32°29.95'N	156°59.96'E	3816		TSK XCTD-1
X040	XCTD	053107	2003	DE	32°30.03'N	156°30.02'E	4727		TSK XCTD-1
X041	XCTD	053107	2158	DE	32°30.01'N	156°00.21'E	4692		TSK XCTD-1
X042	XCTD	060107	0001	DE	32°29.91'N	155°30.41'E	4703		TSK XCTD-1
X043	XCTD	060107	0201	DE	32°29.56'N	155°00.39'E	4617		TSK XCTD-1
X044	XCTD	060107	0357	DE	32°28.47'N	154°29.94'E	4755		TSK XCTD-1
X045	XCTD	060107	0546	DE	32°30.01'N	153°59.89'E	5149		TSK XCTD-1
X046	XCTD	060107	0736	DE	32°30.00'N	153°29.98'E	5333		TSK XCTD-1
X047	XCTD	060107	0925	DE	32°30.00'N	152°59.94'E	5508		TSK XCTD-1
X048	XCTD	060107	1109	DE	32°29.98'N	152°29.98'E	5538		TSK XCTD-1
X049	XCTD	060107	1255	DE	32°29.95'N	152°00.00'E	5742		TSK XCTD-1
X050	XCTD	060107	1440	DE	32°29.98'N	151°30.00'E	5754		TSK XCTD-1
X051	XCTD	060107	1627	DE	32°29.97'N	150°59.89'E	5688		TSK XCTD-1
X052	XCTD	060107	1813	DE	32°30.01'N	150°29.88'E	5766		TSK XCTD-1
X053	XCTD	060107	1955	DE	32°29.99'N	149°59.97'E	5740		TSK XCTD-1
X054	XCTD	060107	2134	DE	32°29.99'N	149°29.99'E	5893		TSK XCTD-1
FR01	FRRF	060107	2320	DE	32°29.81'N	149°00.12'E	5694	202	Kimoto DF-03B
TM09	TMAP	060207	0022	DE	32°29.42'N	148°59.71'E	5552	481	Turbomap
C045	ROS	060207	0118	BE	32°29.73'N	148°59.95'E	5678		LADCP
C045	ROS	060207	0145	BO	32°29.80'N	148°59.77'E	5606	1000	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C045	ROS	060207	0220	EN	32°29.94'N	148°59.65'E	5415		
FR01A	FRRF	060207	0230	DE	32°30.01'N	148°59.58'E	5387	149	Kimoto DF-03B
X055	XCTD	060207	0502	DE	32°13.14'N	148°29.98'E	5678		TSK XCTD-1
FR02	FRRF	060207	0703	DE	31°56.27'N	148°00.02'E	5401	145	Kimoto DF-03B
TM10	TMAP	060207	0750	DE	31°55.90'N	147°59.52'E	5433	592	Turbomap
C046	ROS	060207	0906	BE	31°56.24'N	147°59.90'E	5410		LADCP

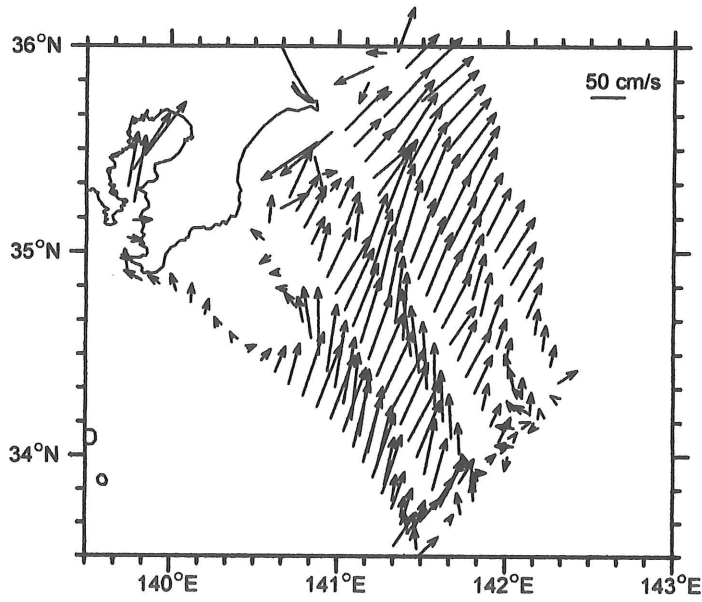
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C046	ROS	060207	0936	BO	31°56.21'N	147°59.61'E	5434	1004	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C046	ROS	060207	1010	EN	31°56.21'N	147°59.35'E	5453		
X056	XCTD	060207	1201	DE	31°42.15'N	147°34.94'E	6001		TSK XCTD-1
FR03	FRRF	060207	1349	DE	31°28.28'N	147°09.91'E	5932	114	Kimoto DF-03B
TM11	TMAP	060207	1433	DE	31°27.86'N	147°09.20'E	5926	426	Turbomap
C047	ROS	060207	1526	BE	31°28.28'N	147°09.87'E	5932		LADCP
C047	ROS	060207	1554	BO	31°28.18'N	147°09.61'E	5932	1020	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C047	ROS	060207	1628	EN	31°28.15'N	147°09.42'E	5932		
X057	XCTD	060207	1818	DE	31°14.01'N	146°44.94'E	6044		TSK XCTD-1
FR04	FRRF	060207	2021	DE	30°59.78'N	146°19.50'E	6116	151	Kimoto DF-03B
TM12	TMAP	060207	2102	DE	30°59.65'N	146°19.14'E	6118	471	Turbomap
C048	ROS	060207	2156	BE	31°00.04'N	146°20.07'E	6121		LADCP
C048	ROS	060207	2230	BO	30°59.89'N	146°19.83'E	6116	1000	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C048	ROS	060207	2304	EN	30°59.76'N	146°19.64'E	6116		
X058	XCTD	060307	0101	DE	31°08.63'N	145°54.96'E	6129		TSK XCTD-1
FR05	FRRF	060307	0252	DE	31°17.57'N	145°29.88'E	5806	151	Kimoto DF-03B
TM13	TMAP	060307	0336	DE	31°17.88'N	145°29.62'E	5852	455	Turbomap
C049A	ROS	060307	0454	BE	31°17.59'N	145°29.77'E	5828		LADCP
C049A	ROS	060307	0522	BO	31°17.84'N	145°29.68'E	5848	1003	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C049A	ROS	060307	0555	EN	31°18.05'N	145°29.51'E	5856		
X059	XCTD	060307	0735	DE	31°25.96'N	145°04.96'E	5451		TSK XCTD-1
FR06	FRRF	060307	0916	DE	31°34.61'N	144°39.99'E	5101	143	Kimoto DF-03B
TM14	TMAP	060307	0958	DE	31°34.77'N	144°39.72'E	5040	376	Turbomap
C050	ROS	060307	1045	BE	31°34.68'N	144°39.97'E	5088		LADCP
C050	ROS	060307	1116	BO	31°34.98'N	144°40.10'E	5030	1000	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C050	ROS	060307	1149	EN	31°35.33'N	144°40.36'E	5014		
X060	XCTD	060307	1335	DE	31°43.31'N	144°15.01'E	5718		TSK XCTD-1
FR07	FRRF	060307	1527	DE	31°51.89'N	143°50.06'E	5932	147	Kimoto DF-03B
TM15	TMAP	060307	1610	DE	31°51.84'N	143°51.76'E	5925	464	Turbomap
C051	ROS	060307	1733	BE	31°51.99'N	143°50.59'E	5932		LADCP
C051	ROS	060307	1801	BO	31°52.21'N	143°51.63'E	5921	1001	1-7 SBE9p750 CTDO
C051	ROS	060307	1835	EN	31°52.39'N	143°52.67'E	5908		
X061	XCTD	060307	2050	DE	32°00.57'N	143°25.00'E	5661		TSK XCTD-1
X062	XCTD	060307	2233	DE	32°09.23'N	142°59.97'E	5627		TSK XCTD-1
X063	XCTD	060407	0028	DE	32°19.28'N	142°30.02'E	7071		TSK XCTD-1
X064	XCTD	060407	0214	DE	32°30.02'N	142°00.00'E	8429		TSK XCTD-1
X065	XCTD	060407	0351	DE	32°30.10'N	141°30.00'E	4112		TSK XCTD-1
X066	XCTD	060407	0526	DE	32°29.93'N	140°59.99'E	2828		TSK XCTD-1
X067	XCTD	060407	0709	DE	32°30.00'N	140°29.98'E	2007		TSK XCTD-1
X068	XCTD	060407	0901	DE	32°30.00'N	140°00.01'E	980		TSK XCTD-1
X069	XCTD	060507	0333	DE	35°39.94'N	141°16.01'E	539		TSK XCTD-1
X070	XCTD	060507	0424	DE	35°31.97'N	141°20.83'E	1195		TSK XCTD-1
X071	XCTD	060507	0516	DE	35°23.96'N	141°25.62'E	1732		TSK XCTD-1
X072	XCTD	060507	0608	DE	35°15.97'N	141°30.42'E	3106		TSK XCTD-1
X073	XCTD	060507	0659	DE	35°08.00'N	141°35.27'E	4012		TSK XCTD-1
X074	XCTD	060507	0748	DE	34°59.97'N	141°40.01'E	4924		TSK XCTD-1
X075	XCTD	060507	0847	DE	34°50.00'N	141°46.00'E	5109		TSK XCTD-1
X076	XCTD	060507	0948	DE	34°39.99'N	141°52.01'E	6701		TSK XCTD-1
X077	XCTD	060507	1047	DE	34°30.00'N	141°58.00'E	8983		TSK XCTD-1
X078	XCTD	060507	1145	DE	34°20.00'N	142°04.00'E	8866		TSK XCTD-1

STN	TYPE	DATE	GMT	CODE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	MAXPR	PARAM/COMMENT
X079	XCTD	060507	1242	DE	34°10.00'N	142°09.98'E	8366		TSK XCTD-1
X080A	XCTD	060507	2334	DE	35°18.54'N	140°56.90'E	850		TSK XCTD-1
X081	XCTD	060607	0011	DE	35°12.00'N	141°00.90'E	1783		TSK XCTD-1
X082	XCTD	060607	0059	DE	35°04.00'N	141°05.65'E	2550		TSK XCTD-1
X083	XCTD	060607	0150	DE	34°56.01'N	141°10.47'E	3036		TSK XCTD-1
X084	XCTD	060607	0247	DE	34°48.00'N	141°15.22'E	4159		TSK XCTD-1
X085	XCTD	060607	0344	DE	34°40.01'N	141°19.97'E	4446		TSK XCTD-1
X086	XCTD	060607	0454	DE	34°30.00'N	141°26.01'E	6738		TSK XCTD-1
X087	XCTD	060607	0601	DE	34°19.91'N	141°32.06'E	6942		TSK XCTD-1
X088	XCTD	060607	0705	DE	34°09.98'N	141°38.11'E	6882		TSK XCTD-1
X089	XCTD	060607	0805	DE	33°59.98'N	141°44.03'E	7708		TSK XCTD-1
X090	XCTD	060607	0902	DE	33°49.99'N	141°50.01'E	8211		TSK XCTD-1
X091	XCTD	060607	1718	DE	35°02.96'N	140°33.02'E	203		TSK XCTD-1
X092	XCTD	060607	1758	DE	34°55.49'N	140°37.64'E	1404		TSK XCTD-1
X093	XCTD	060607	1839	DE	34°48.01'N	140°42.21'E	1992		TSK XCTD-1
X094	XCTD	060607	1924	DE	34°39.94'N	140°47.15'E	2694		TSK XCTD-1
X095	XCTD	060607	2013	DE	34°32.00'N	140°51.00'E	4614		TSK XCTD-1
X096	XCTD	060607	2105	DE	34°24.00'N	140°56.90'E	4873		TSK XCTD-1
X097	XCTD	060607	2215	DE	34°14.00'N	141°03.01'E	5118		TSK XCTD-1
X098	XCTD	060607	2325	DE	34°04.00'N	141°09.31'E	4895		TSK XCTD-1
X099	XCTD	060707	0031	DE	33°54.00'N	141°15.31'E	4792		TSK XCTD-1
X100	XCTD	060707	0130	DE	33°44.00'N	141°21.48'E	4883		TSK XCTD-1
X101	XCTD	060707	0223	DE	33°34.00'N	141°27.57'E	5717		TSK XCTD-1

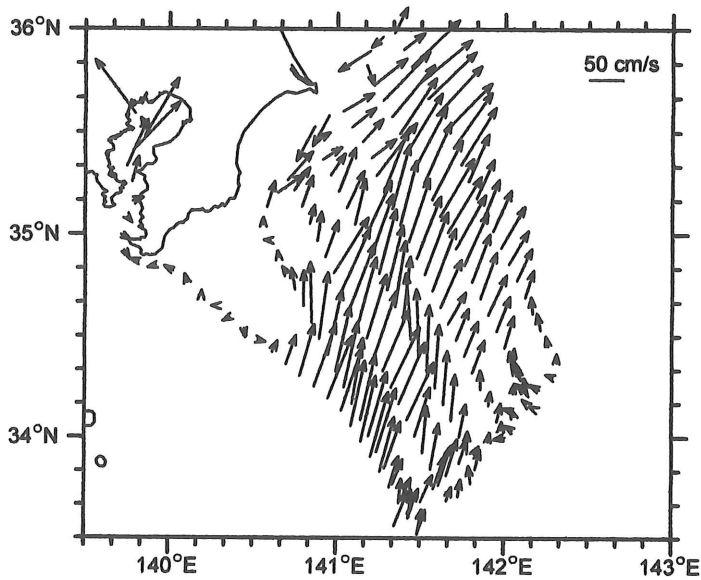
## 7. Chart of Surface Currents



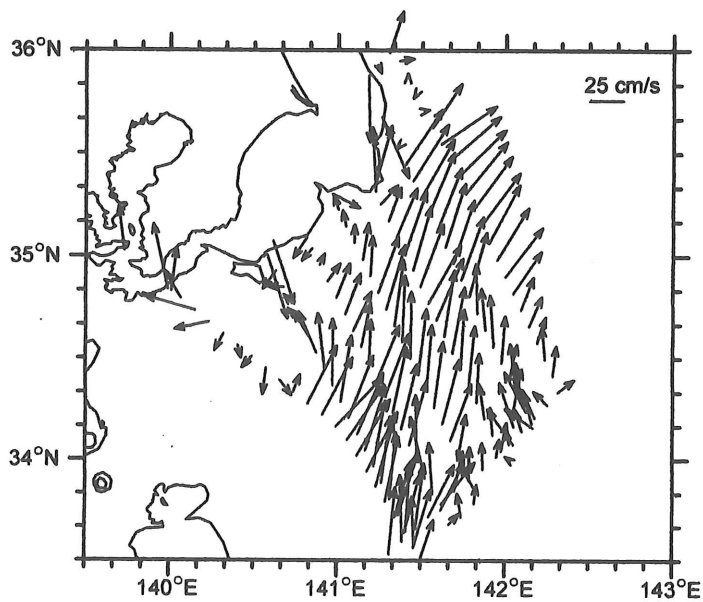
# Off Boso Peninsula



**Furuno ADCP  
(50 m depth)**

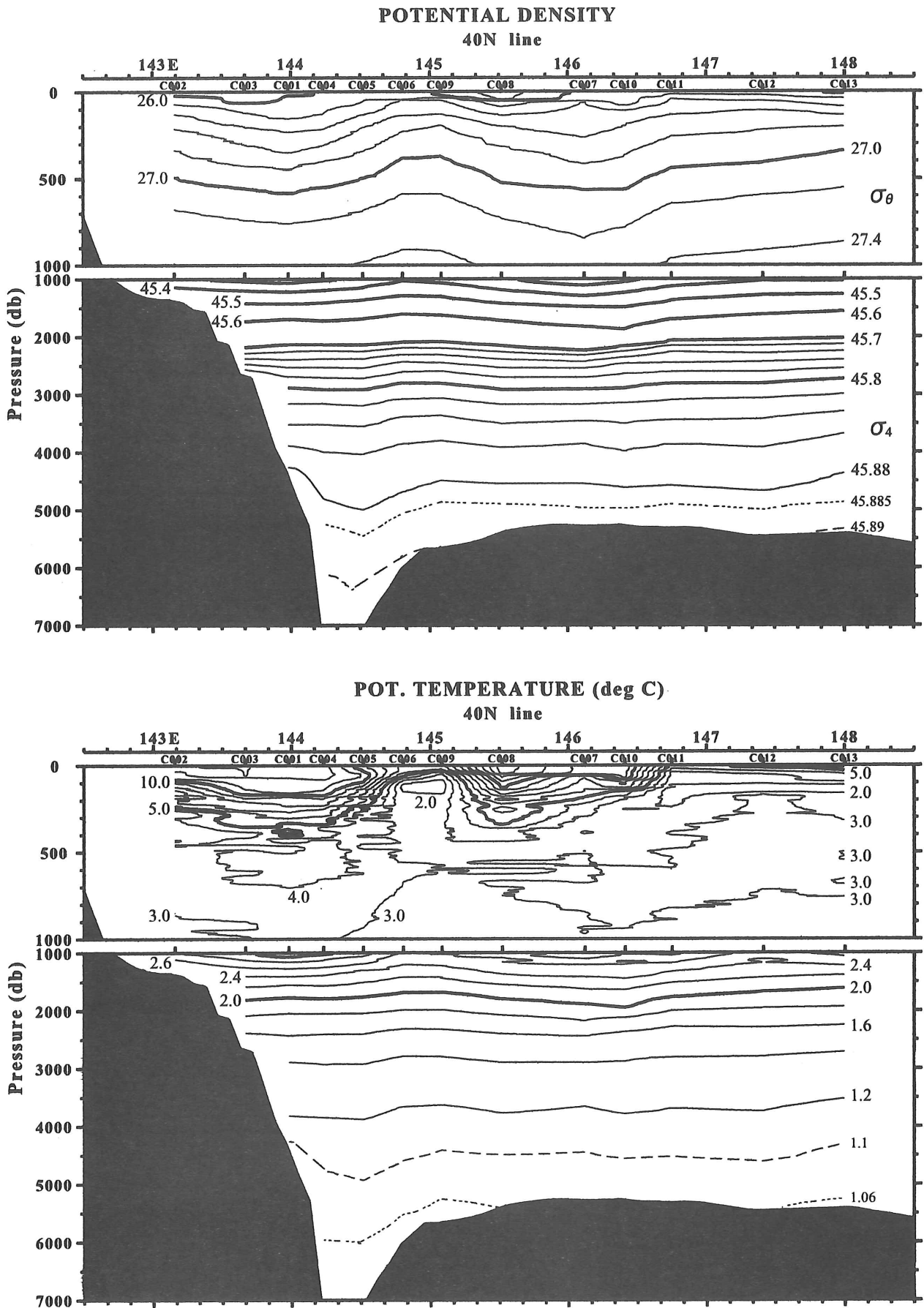


**RDI ADCP  
(50 m depth)**

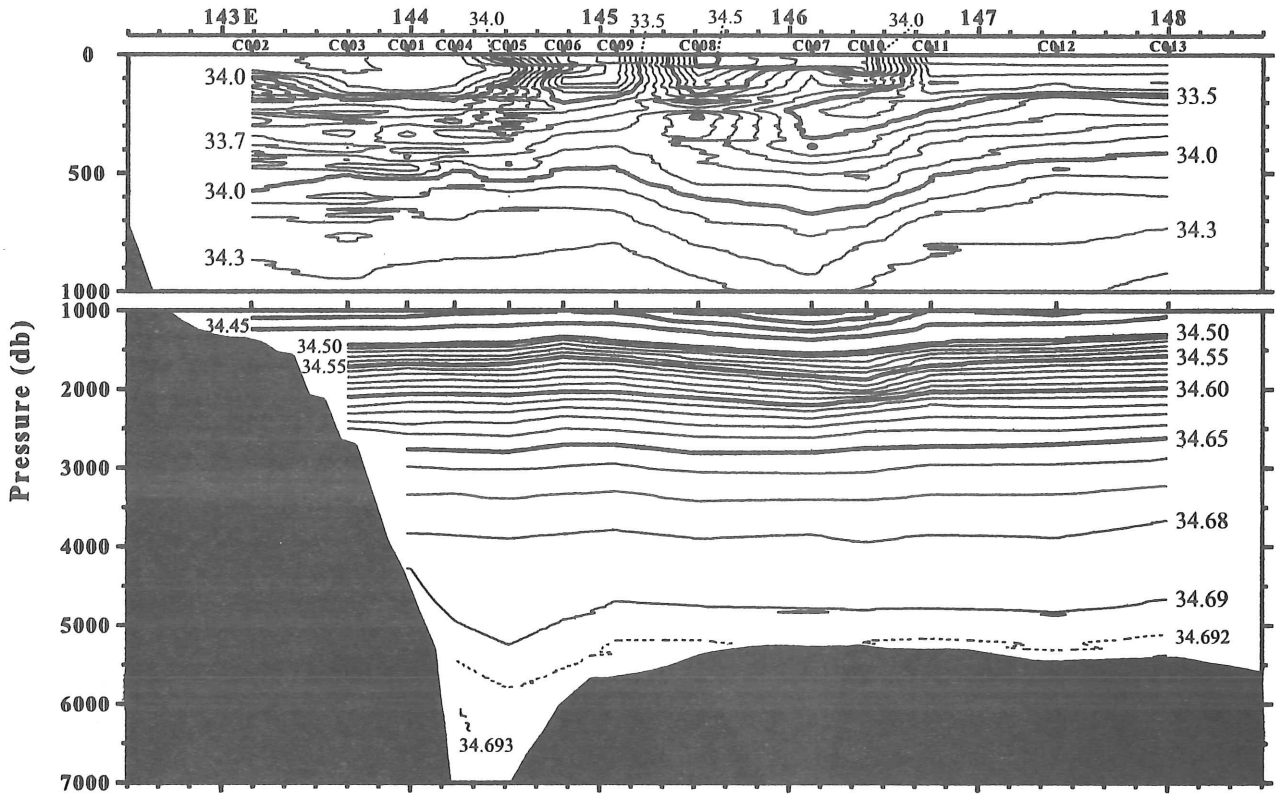


**RDI ADCP  
(500 m depth)**

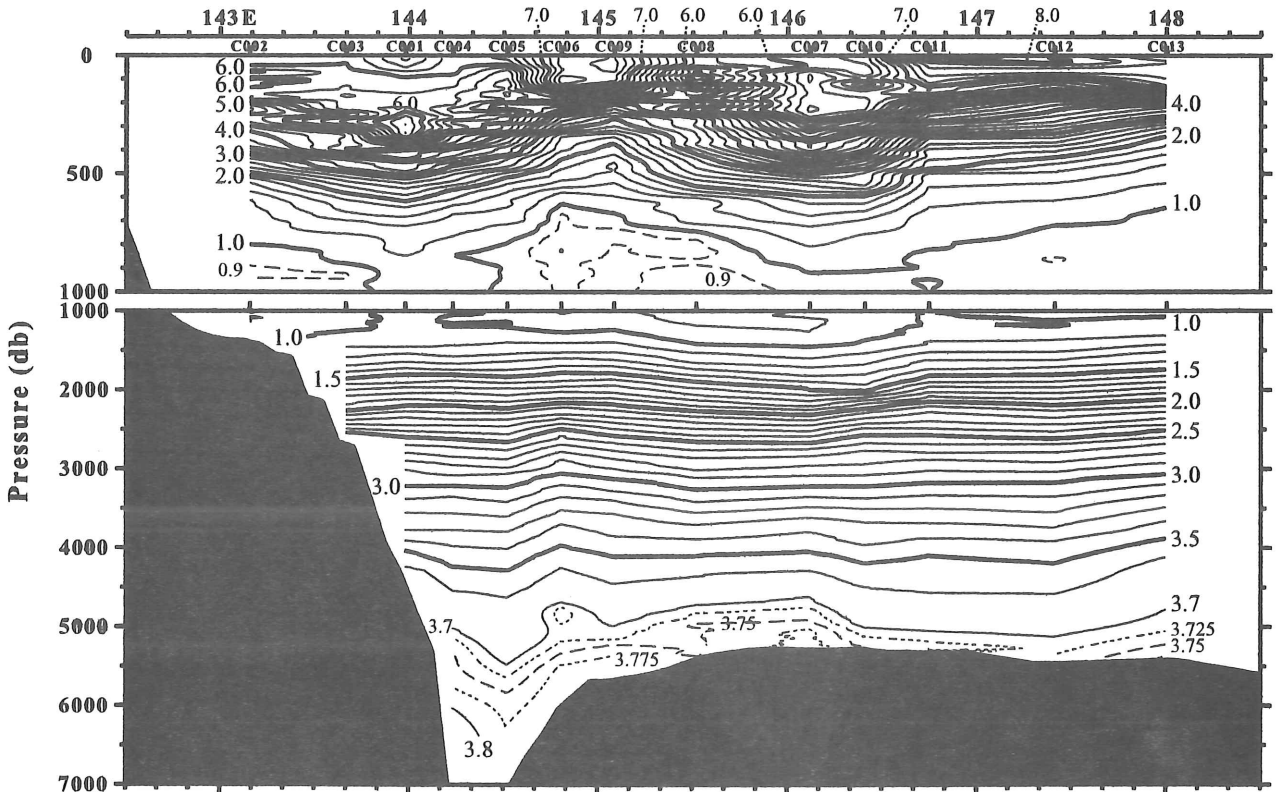
# 8. Vertical Sections of CTDO<sub>2</sub> Data



SALINITY (psu)  
40N line

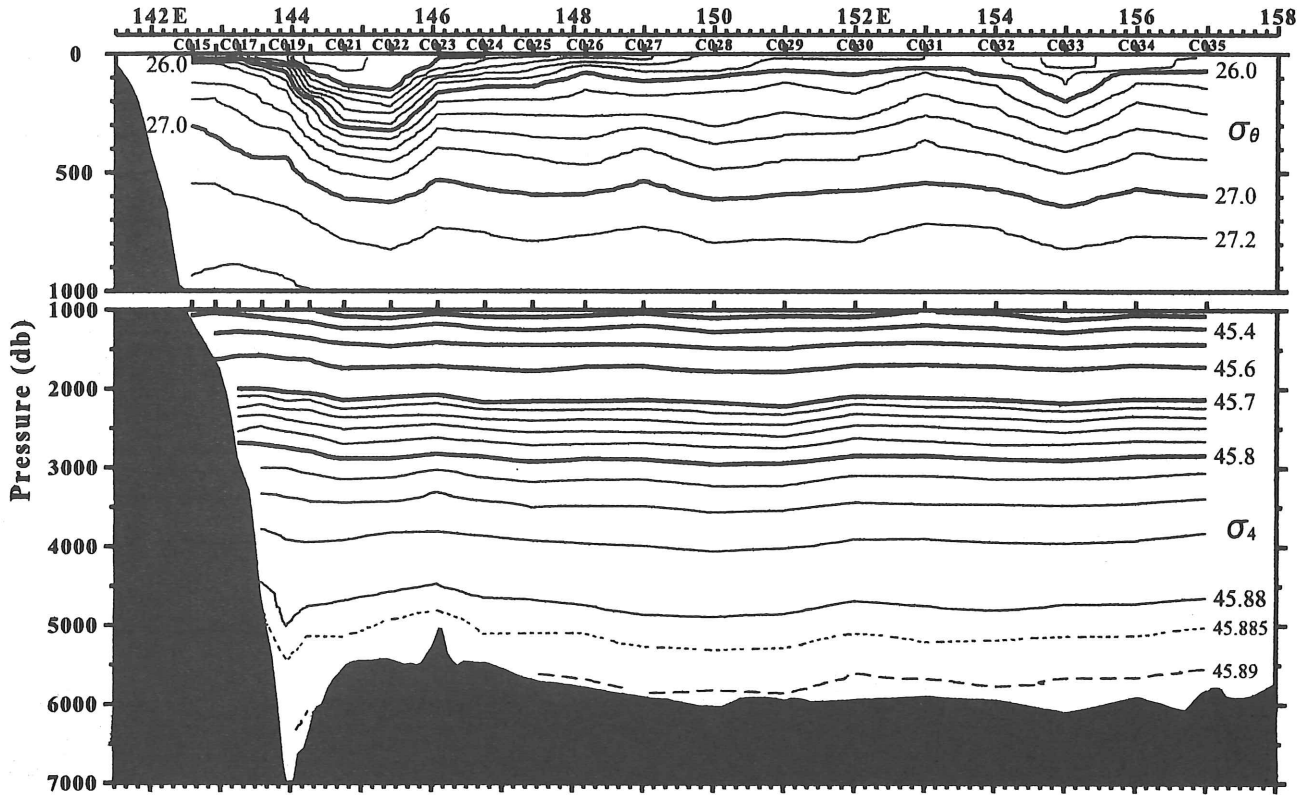


DISSOLVED OXYGEN (ml/l)  
40N line

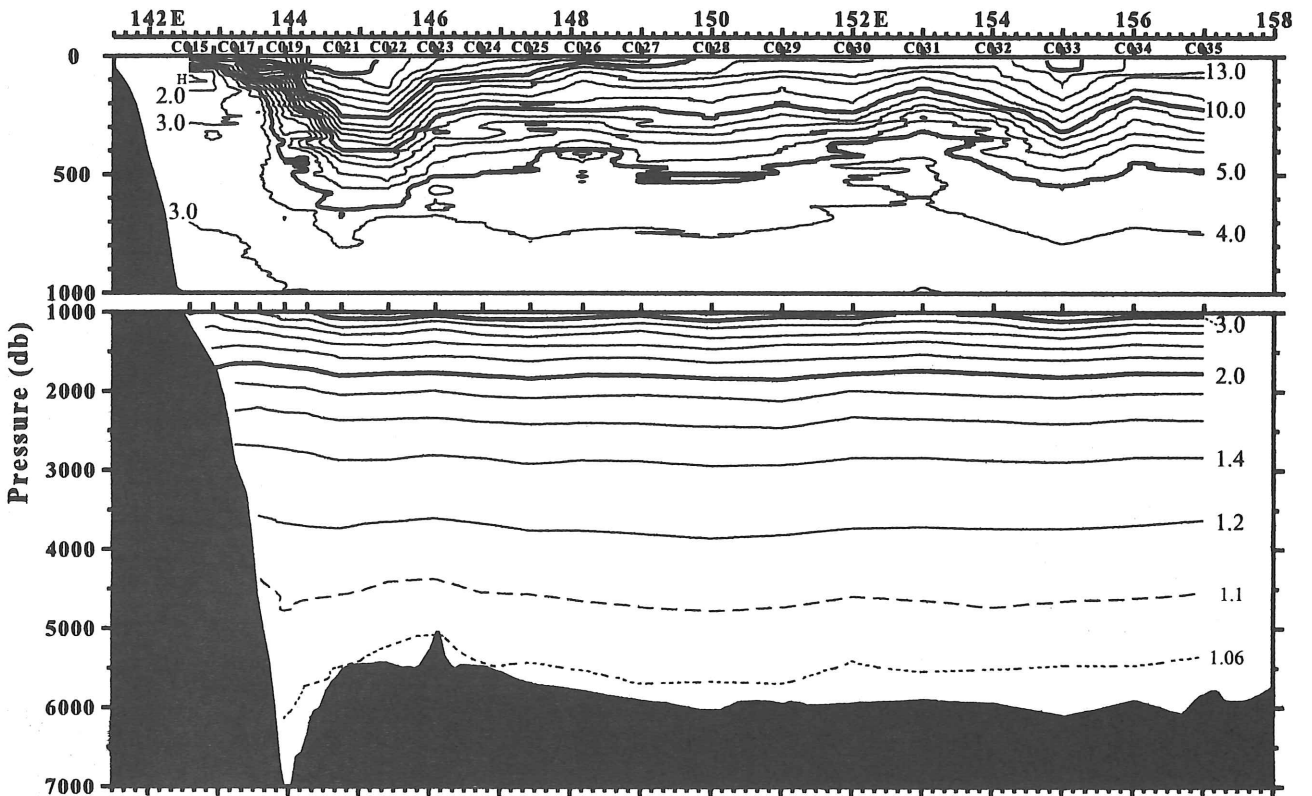




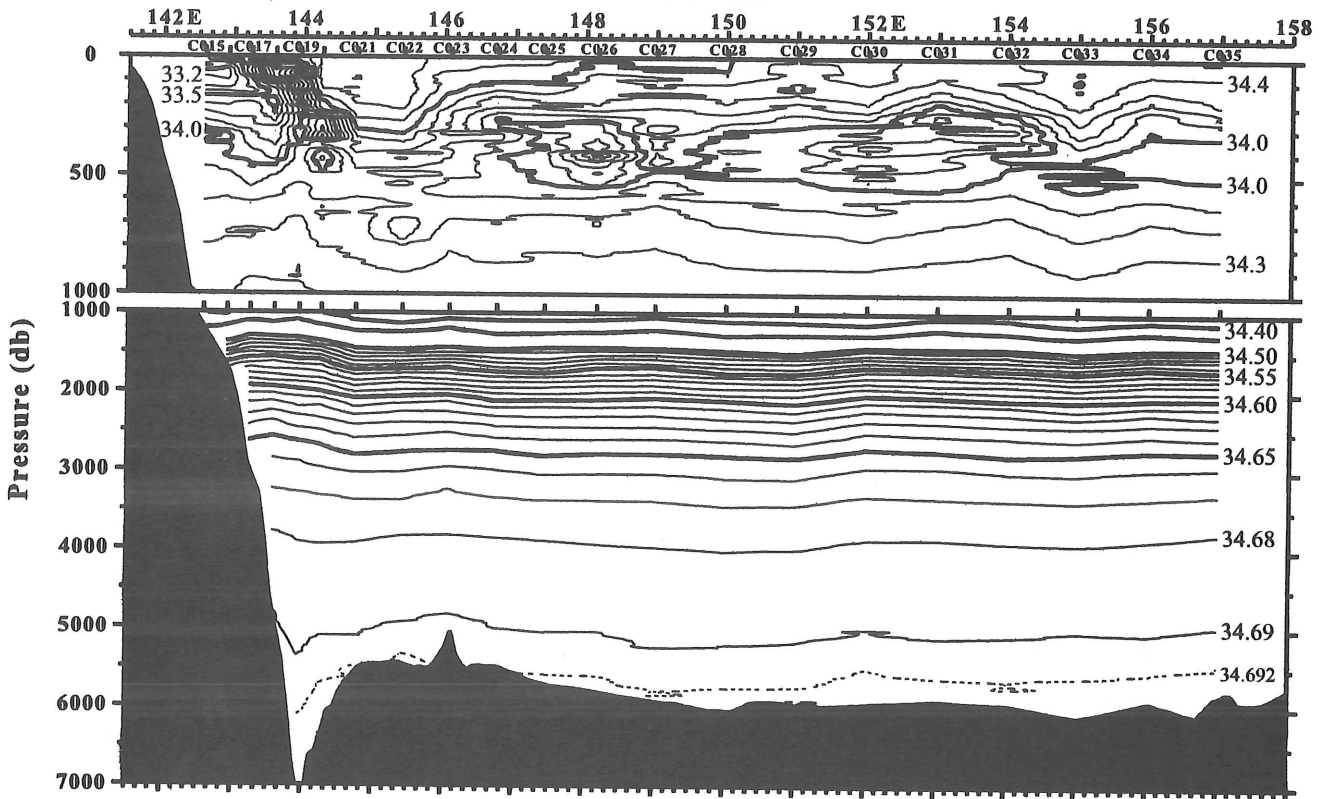
POTENTIAL DENSITY  
38N line



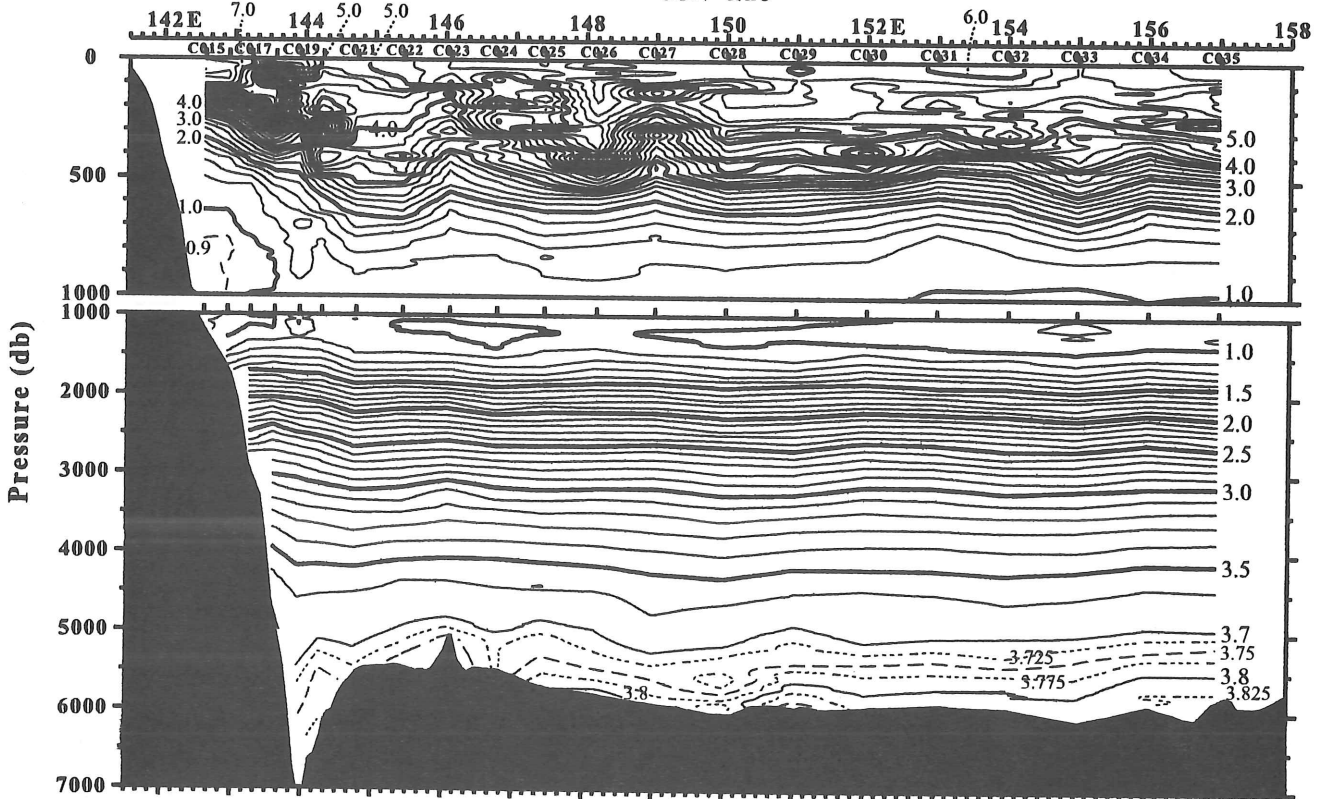
POT. TEMPERATURE (deg C)  
38N line



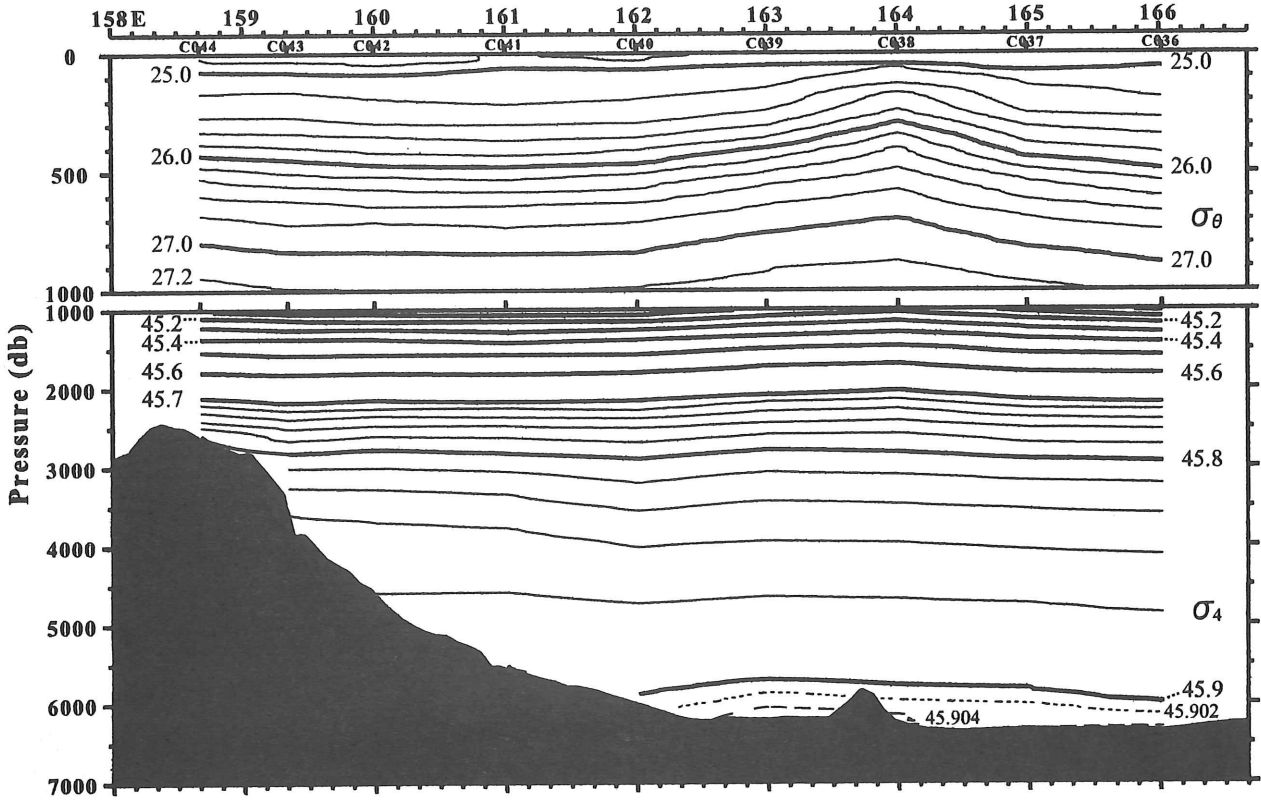
SALINITY (psu)  
38N line



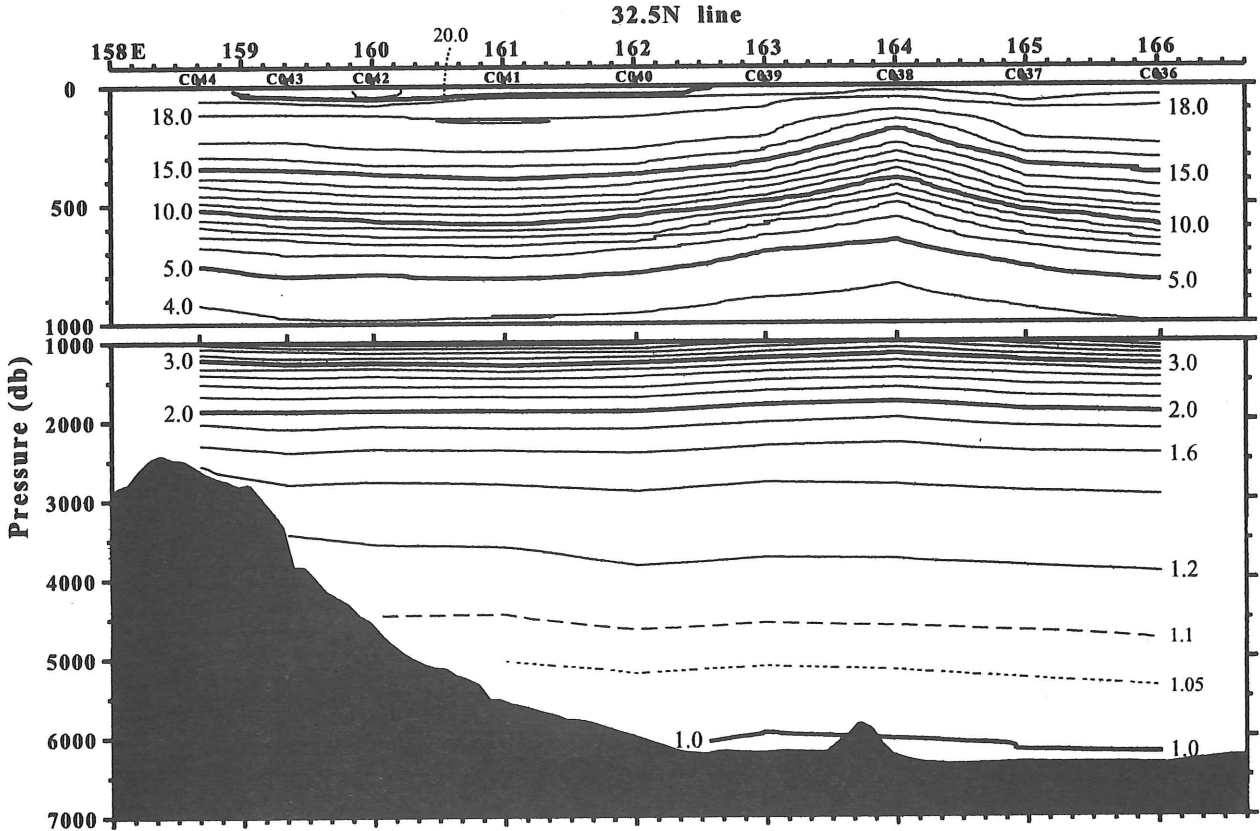
DISSOLVED OXYGEN (ml/l)  
38N line



POTENTIAL DENSITY  
32.5N line

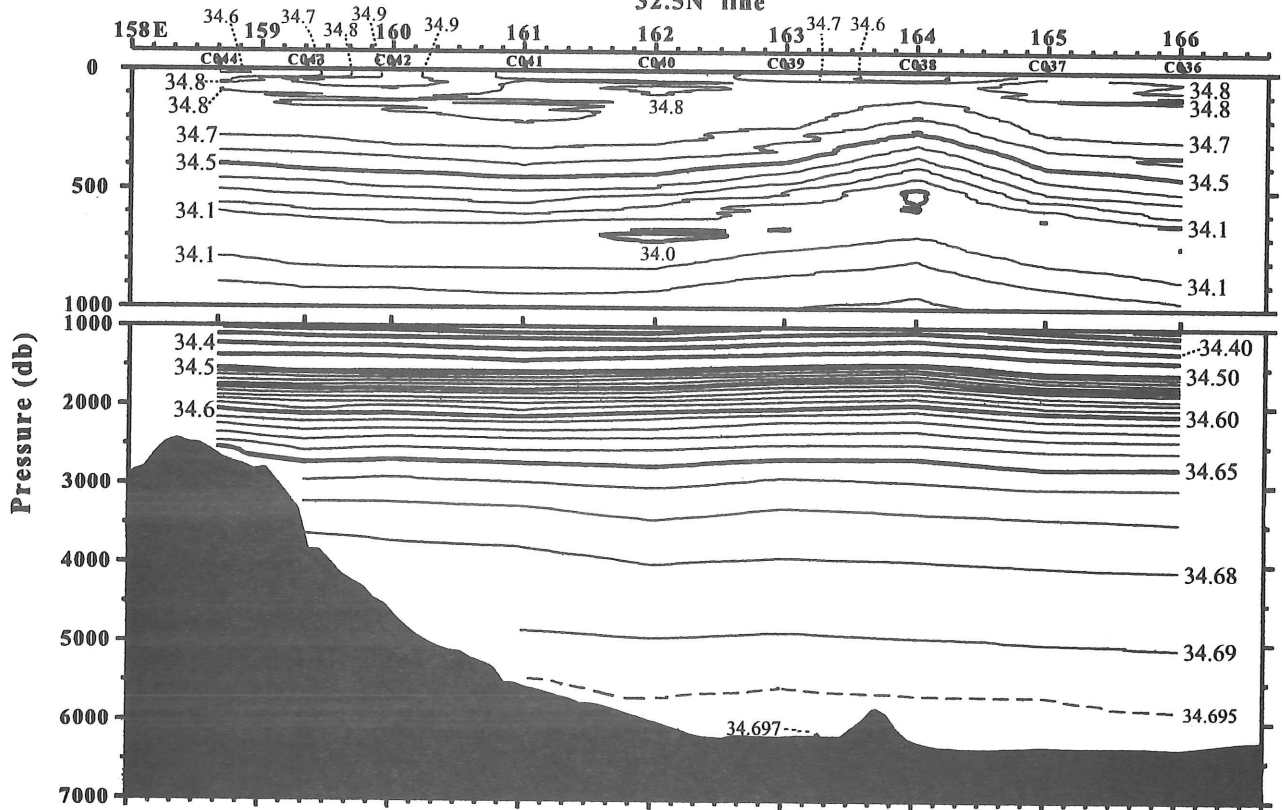


POT. TEMPERATURE (deg C)  
32.5N line



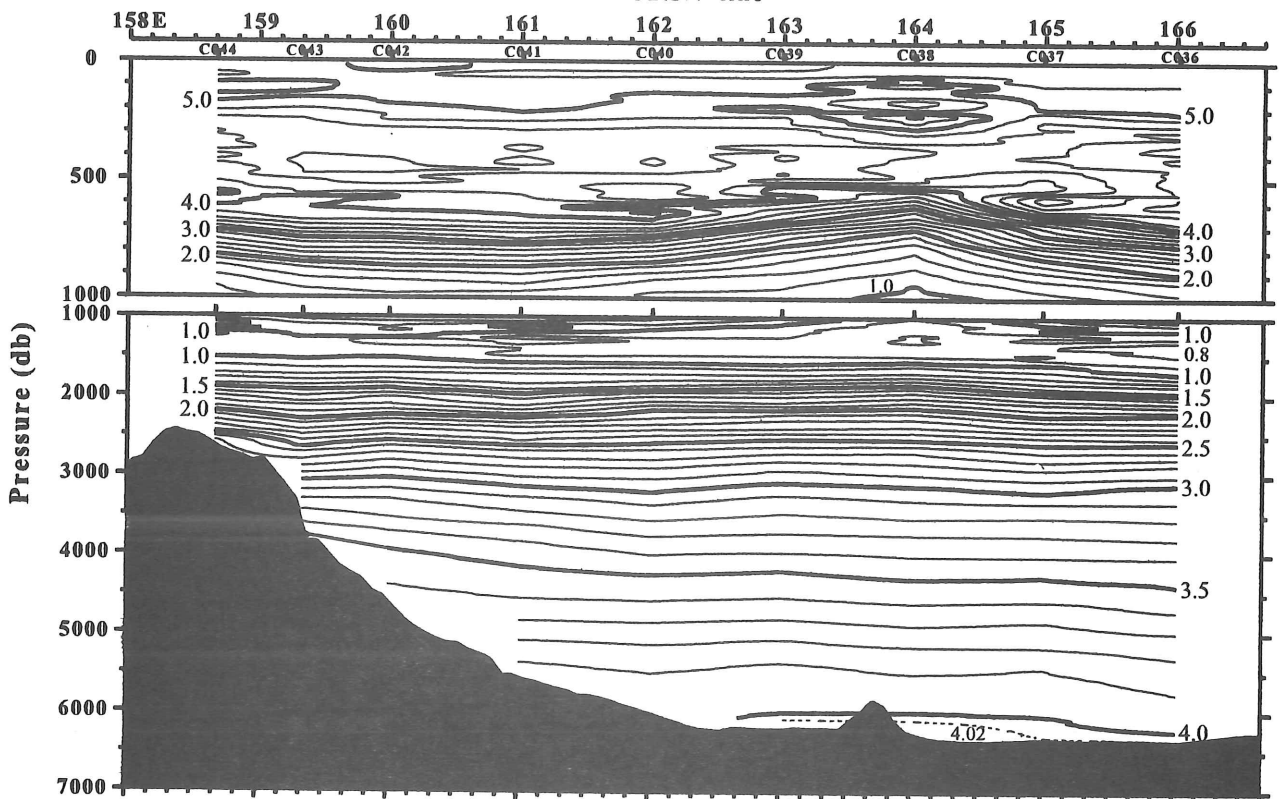
### SALINITY (psu)

32.5N line



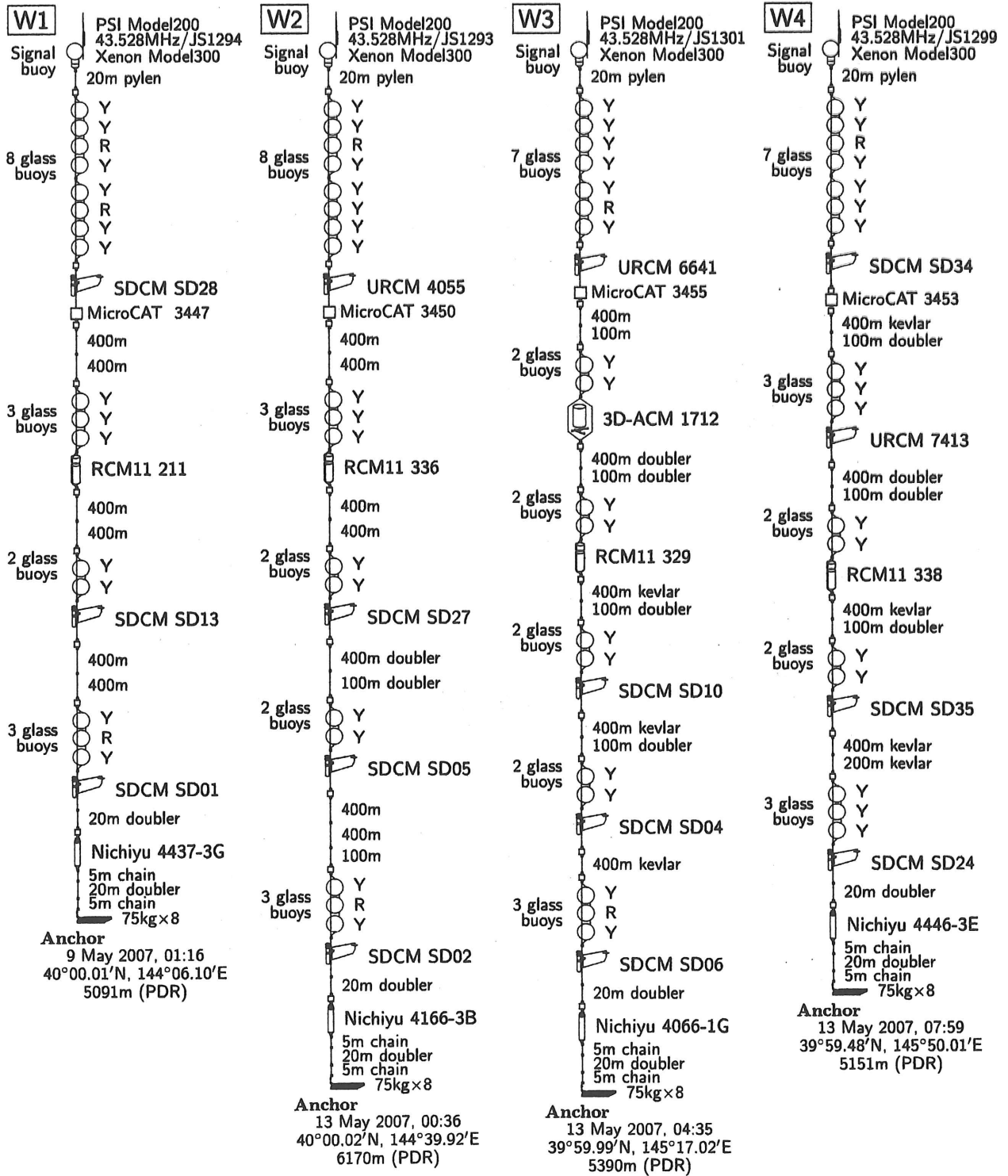
### DISSOLVED OXYGEN (ml/l)

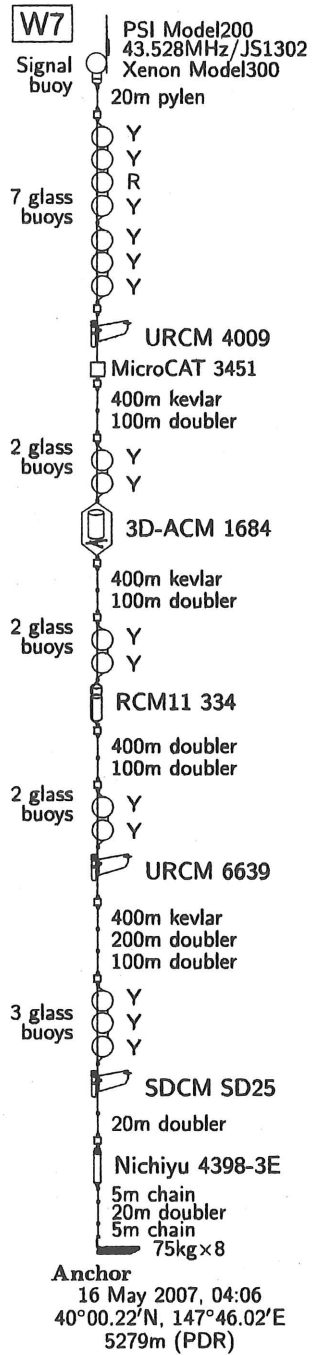
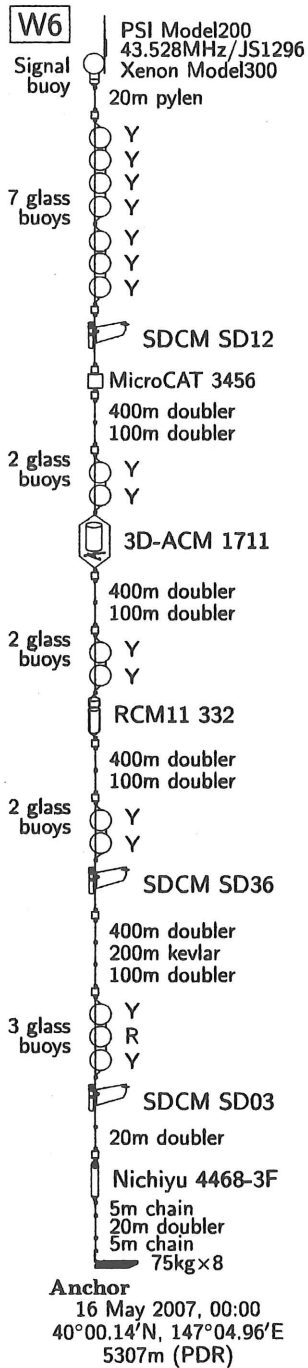
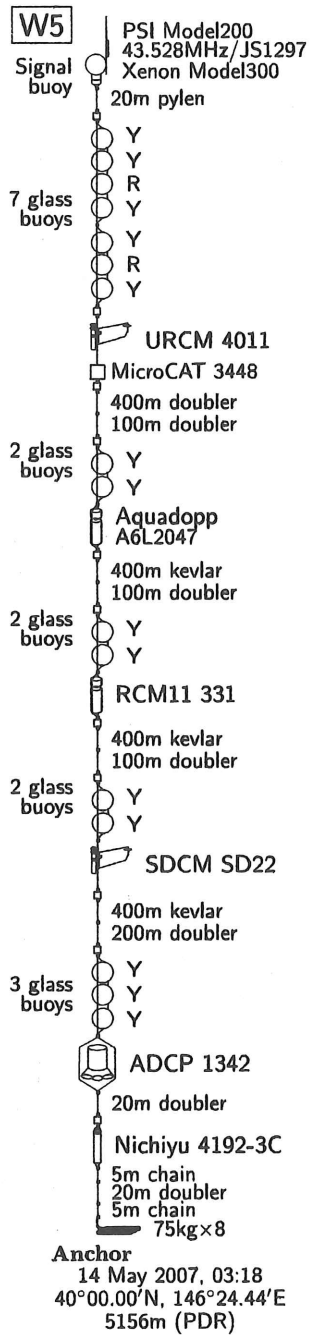
32.5N line



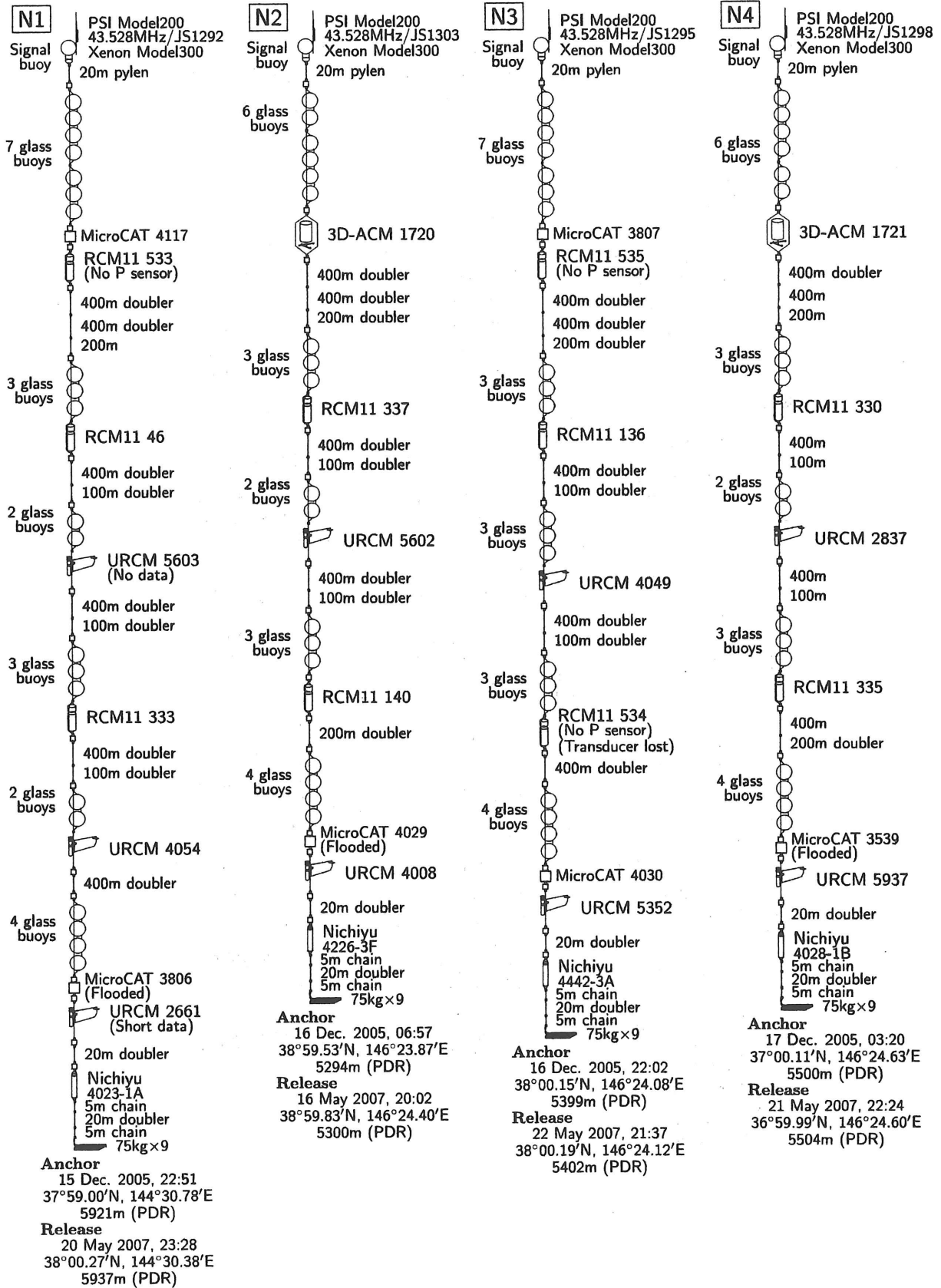
# 9. Mooring Systems

## Deployed Systems at 40°N

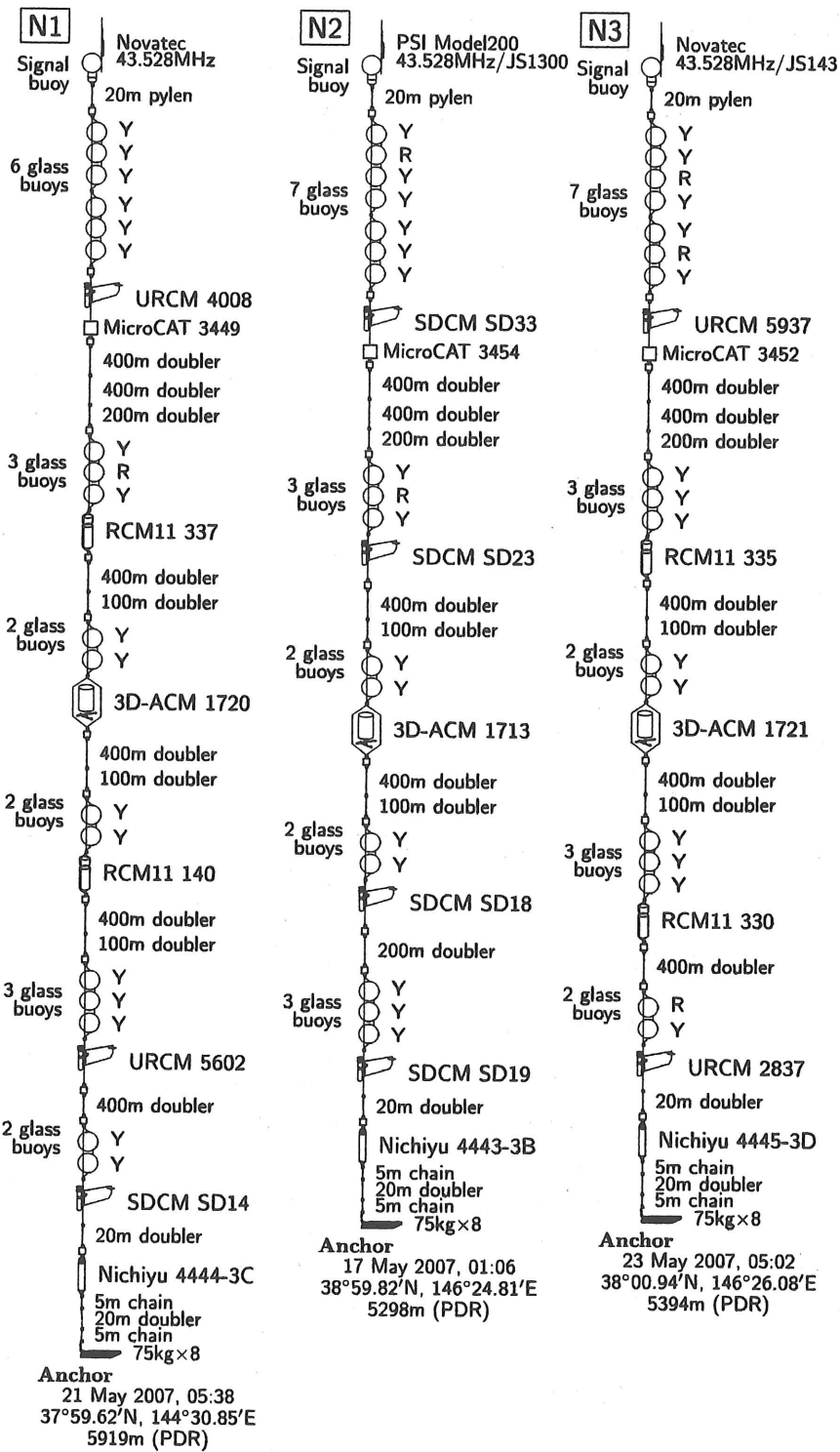




## Recovered Systems in 38°N Area



## Deployed Systems in 38°N Area

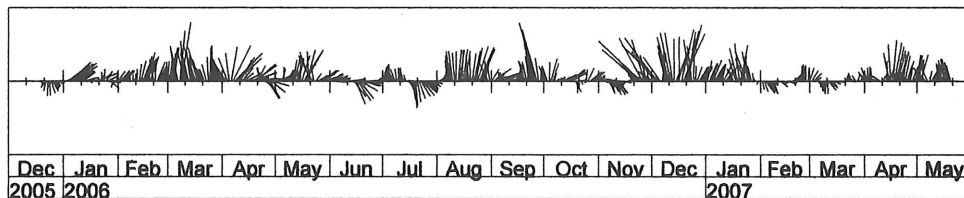




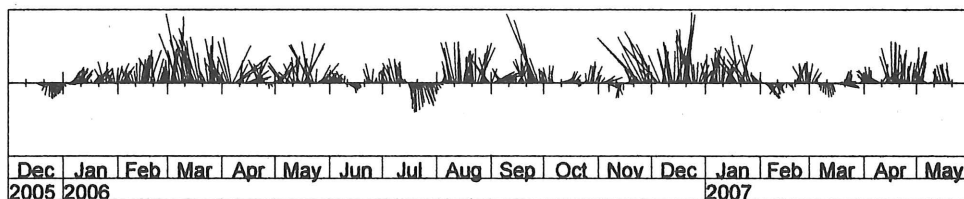
## 10. Results of Moored Current Meters

### **N1** 37-59.00N, 144-30.78E, Water Depth 5921m

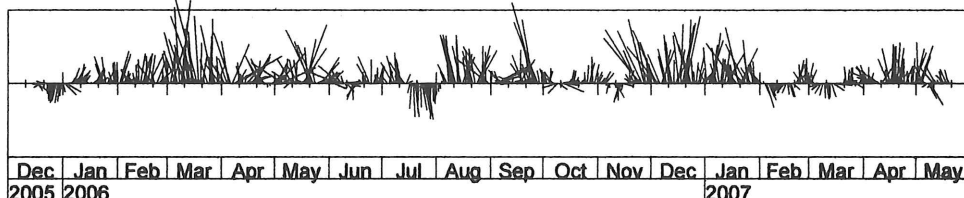
2970m (RCM11 533, c830)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.95 \pm 0.34, 3.32 \pm 0.71)$



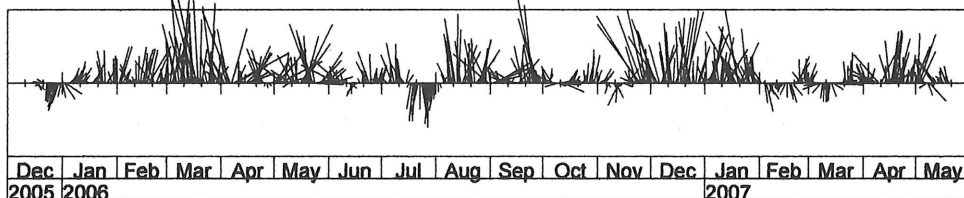
3970m (RCM11 46, c832)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.11 \pm 0.26, 4.09 \pm 0.80)$



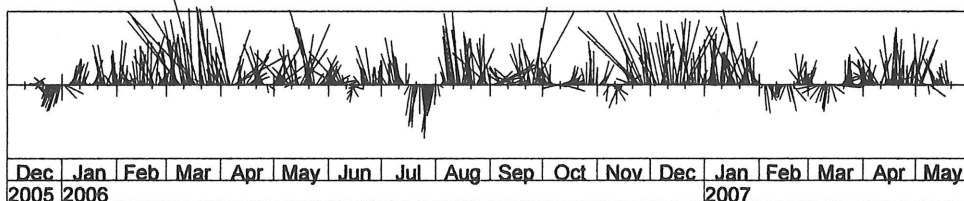
4970m (RCM11 333, c834)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-0.07 \pm 0.20, 4.22 \pm 0.87)$



5470m (URCM 4054, c837)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.10 \pm 0.21, 4.96 \pm 1.03)$

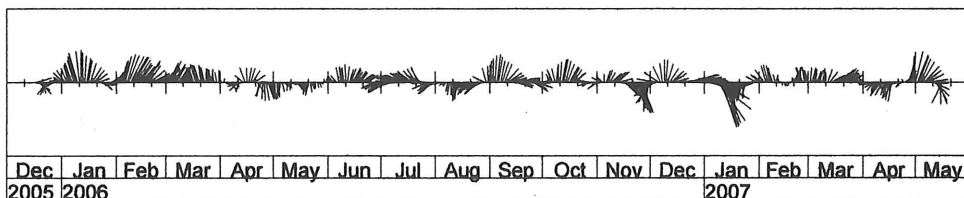


5870m (URCM 2661, c828)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-0.30 \pm 0.25, 5.83 \pm 1.07)$

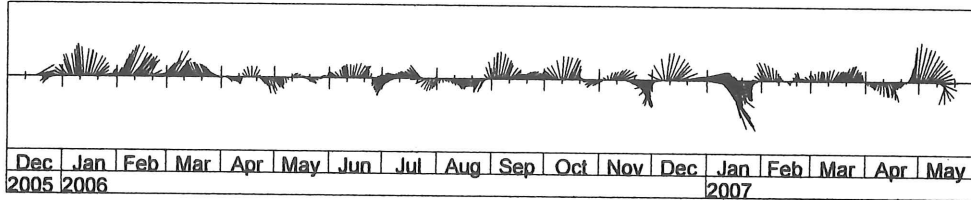


### **N2** 38-59.53N, 146-23.87E, Water Depth 5294m

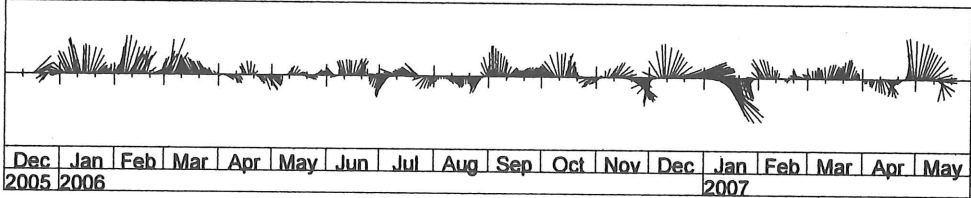
3040m (3D-ACM 1720, c843)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.63 \pm 0.55, 0.72 \pm 0.60)$



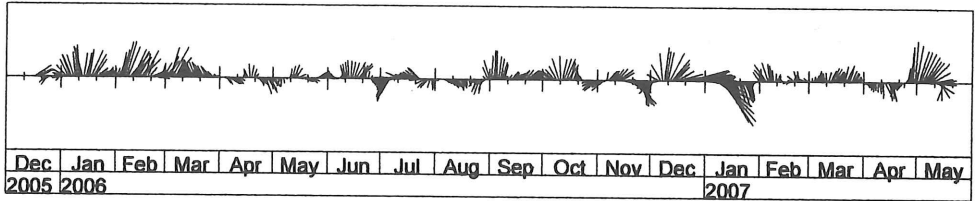
4040m (RCM11 337, c835)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.90 \pm 0.57, 0.84 \pm 0.60)$



4540m (URCM 5602, c838)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.75 \pm 0.60, 1.21 \pm 0.63)$



5040m (RCM11 140, c833)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.96 \pm 0.57, 1.11 \pm 0.57)$



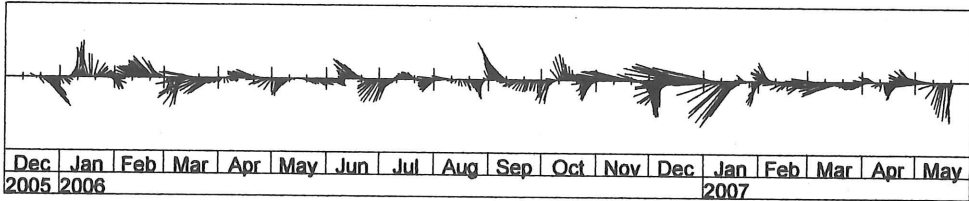
5240m (URCM 4008, c838)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (0.31 \pm 1.57, 0.30 \pm 0.94)$



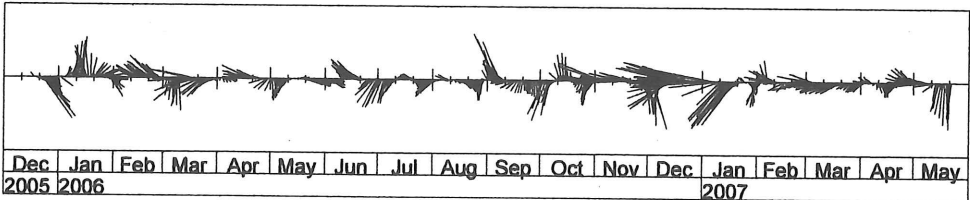
N  
E  
10 cm/s

**N3** 38-00.15N, 146-24.08E, Water Depth 5399m

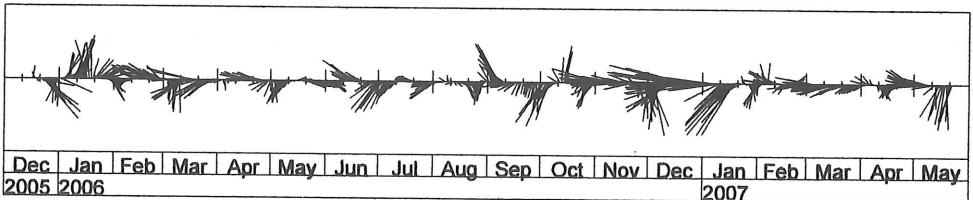
2950m (RCM11 535, c831)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-3.34 \pm 0.86, -0.97 \pm 0.50)$



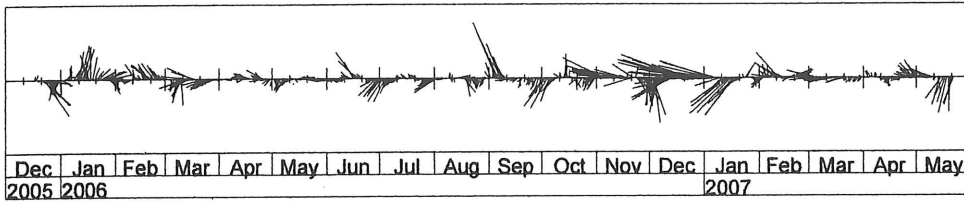
3950m (RCM11 136, c842)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-3.11 \pm 1.17, -1.21 \pm 0.55)$



4450m (URCM 4049, c846)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-3.47 \pm 1.26, -1.37 \pm 0.59)$



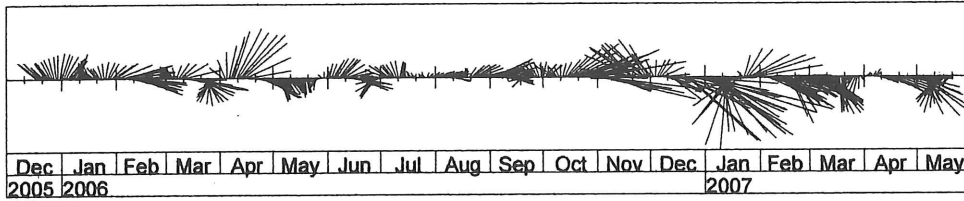
5350m (URCM 5352, c845)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (-2.27 \pm 1.05, -0.43 \pm 0.44)$



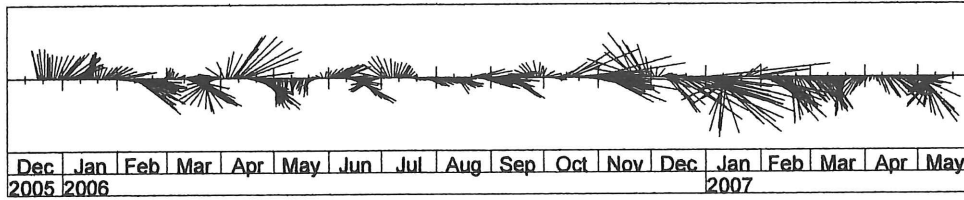
N  
E  
10 cm/s

**N4** 37-00.11N, 146-24.63E, Water Depth 5500m

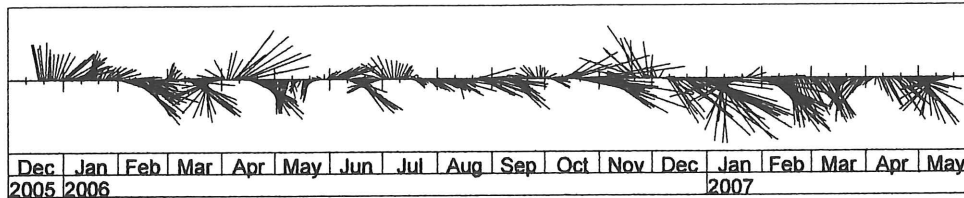
2850m (3D-ACM 1721, c852)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (4.66 \pm 1.28, -0.83 \pm 1.51)$



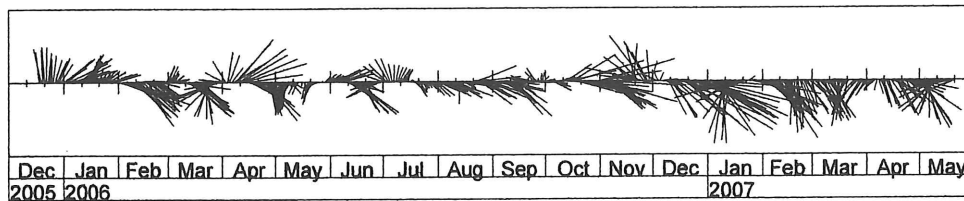
3850m (RCM11 330, c849)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (4.94 \pm 1.19, -2.10 \pm 1.34)$



4350m (URCM 2837, c826)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (4.95 \pm 1.28, -3.06 \pm 1.58)$



4850m (RCM11 335, c848)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (4.36 \pm 1.15, -2.91 \pm 1.42)$



5450m (URCM 6937, c851)  $(\bar{U}, \bar{V}) = (4.20 \pm 1.26, -3.43 \pm 1.12)$

