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Terrestrial Models: Introduction and MAIN programs

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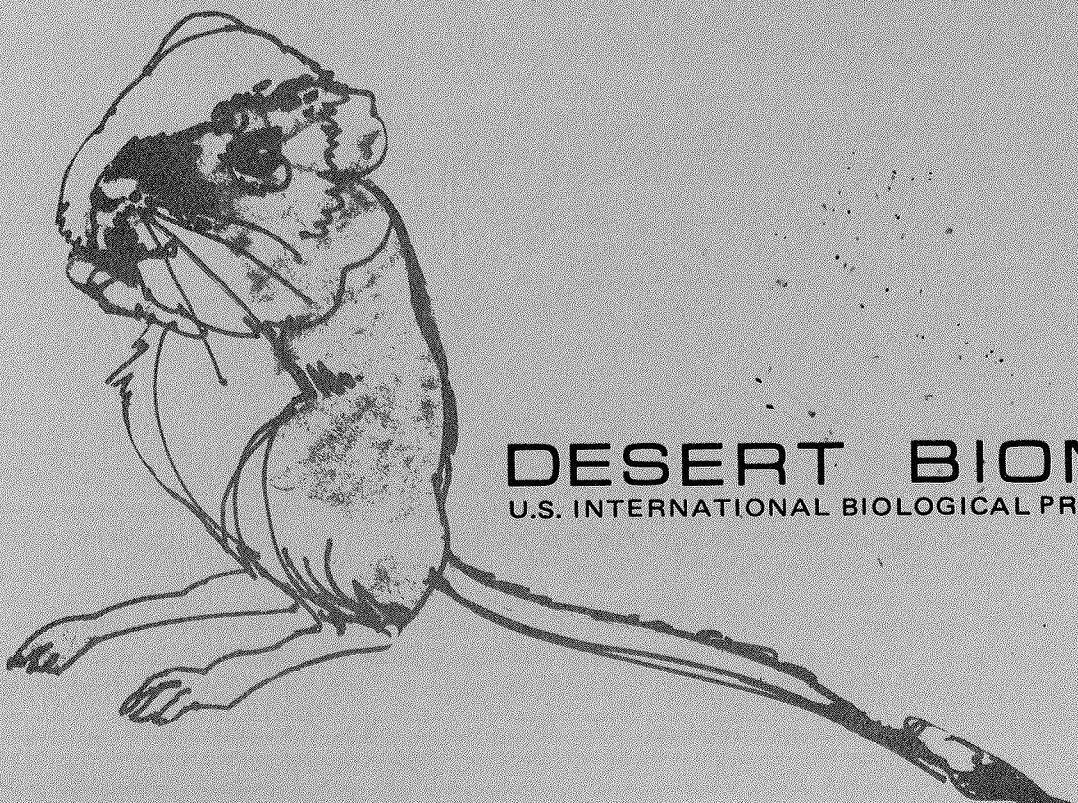
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RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

RM 73-53

TERRESTRIAL MODELS:
Introduction and MAIN Programs
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Utah State University



DESERT BIOME
U.S. INTERNATIONAL BIOLOGICAL PROGRAM

I

TERRESTRIAL MODELS

INTRODUCTION

David W. Goodall

2.1.3.1.1.-1

These models are intended to predict the values of a wide range of variables in the system simultaneously. They may be expected to lack the precision possible in a model intended for a special purpose; but by easy modification (module replacement - see below) they can serve special purposes reasonably well. The fact that all elements in the system are considered simultaneously makes it possible to do a variety of tests to which special-purpose models would not lend themselves, and thus they may serve as a guide to research priorities.

MODULAR STRUCTURE

The models can be conceived as composed of a set of modules which act as "black boxes" to one another. For each, the inputs and outputs are determined by the general characteristics of the system, so that it operates on inputs and provides outputs which are part of the common "language". Internally, each of the modules or submodels may have a great variety of structure but this is a matter of indifference to the rest of the model, to which it is simply a "black box".

The modules are concerned with the various component parts, or sets of processes in the system. Initially, these are the plants; the animals; and the soil plus the decomposers inhabiting it. These modules or submodels may be further subdivided as required. Each submodel is developed at different levels of detail, complexity, and sophistication, and these alternative submodels can then be combined freely to give models which may be highly sophisticated in respect of some components, simple in others.

SUBMODELS DIFFERING IN DEGREE OF SOPHISTICATION

The alternatives to be explored in submodel development cannot all be laid down in advance. It is clear, however, that extremely simple submodels may be required for parts of the system which have little influence on the processes on which attention is currently concentrated and within the time scale considered. For instance, it may be possible to rely on an unrealistically simple submodel for soil erosion where the main subject of interest is the feeding of herbivorous insects during a single summer. It may even be possible to ignore it completely-- to replace this submodel by a null or dummy version which generates no changes whatever. But the legitimacy of this simplification cannot be judged except by comparison with a more sophisticated and realistic submodel. If replacement of the more sophisticated by the less sophisticated version has only negligible effects on the processes of interest then the latter may be accepted for the immediate purpose.

With these considerations in mind, it is intended to develop for each submodel a series of alternatives, differing in the degree of detail and sophistication, and also in the particular emphasis of the sophistication. The less realistic ones are likely to be used only where those subsystems are of less interest, and when the time scale is relatively short.

In early development of the submodels, the simplest versions ignore taxonomic differences, reproductive processes and spatial heterogeneity. Later versions will introduce these complexities in various combinations. The value of the complexities for the different purposes for which the model may be used will then be tested by omitting them one by one, so that a high degree of realism is retained in the model only where it is requisite for the purpose in hand.

THE VARIABLES

Wherever possible, all variables are expressed per unit area. The main state variables modelled are the quantities (per unit area) of different chemical constituents in different components of the biomass, which may be divided in a great variety of ways; in the components of litter, detritus and other dead material (which may also be subdivided in various ways); and in the soil.

Population data and their changes may also be included, but are expressed as real variables representing an average per unit area rather than integral variables for a specific delimited region.

The exogenous variables used in the early models include daily precipitation, mean monthly day and night air temperature, monthly means for daily average and maximum wind speed, mean monthly radiation and photoperiod, mean daily rates of pan evaporation, and specifications of any run-on events, including material imported with the water and its composition. This list is subject to expansion.

CLASSIFICATION OF VARIABLES

In any ecosystem, the variables characterizing it may be classified in different ways for different purposes. Apart from the biological classification itself, one may classify different parts of the system as organ types, by age or stage of development, or their topographical location, or one may classify variables according to whether they are quantities of chemical elements or population data. Plant and animal species may be classified not only according to their taxonomic position, but also by life form, feeding habits, life history, etc. And all these different cross-classifications may be relevant to some part of the functioning of the ecosystem-- some of the processes leading to changes in the values of the state variables.

Cross-classification of state variables (and of some of the parameters of the system) is accordingly a dominant feature of the models. This makes it unnecessary to describe separately the processes in which each state variable is involved. Instead, it is necessary to give separate specifications only for those classifications and classes

which are relevant to the particular process in question, all other classificatory subdivisions of the state variables being ignored for this purpose. If, for instance, for a particular animal species, feeding habits are the same for mature and immature individuals, then the model uses a common description for feeding processes of the different age categories, while in that part of the model describing reproductive behaviour it is clearly of first importance to distinguish these age categories.

FUNCTIONAL FORMS

Most of the variables being real, and most changes being continuous, it is usually appropriate to describe the rates of change in terms of differential equations - and, in general, ordinary first-order differential equations, in which each derivative is directly or indirectly a function of state variables and exogenous variables. No restriction is placed, however, on the type of functions used; they may be linear or non-linear, with or without constraints. One very common type of constraint is imposed by the fact that most of the state variables (biomass, population, etc.) must in their very nature be non-negative, so that the derivative must be non-negative where the value of a state variable is zero.

Though differential equations are the commonest way of representing changes in the model, functions involving discontinuities (such as may be imposed by threshold values of influencing variables) or representing discrete processes are fully acceptable. The general structure of the models is also fully compatible with the introduction of stochastic elements in one or more of the submodels, as well as in exogenous variables.

THE COMPUTER IMPLEMENTATION

The computer representation of these models is written in FORTRAN IV. The intention has been to avoid features of FORTRAN IV which might be peculiar to specific machines or installations so that the models developed might be widely usable.

The computer programs include a general calling program which handles most of the input and puts together the results provided by a number of subroutines. Each of the latter represents a submodel, and they may be nested if the submodels are further divided. There is also a subroutine for input of exogenous variables. Output (handled by special subroutines) takes the form of tabulations of the values of all state variables at particular dates, together with graphs of the time course of particular state variables through the period of simulation.

The programs are written, as far as possible, in general terms so that they may be applied with minimal modification to a wide variety of ecosystems. In particular, the number of classes in each cross-classification of the data, and their designations, are left to be decided at execution time, and facilities are also provided for specifying or modifying the parameters of the system then.

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For computer solution, the differential equations expressing the rates of changes in the state variables are replaced by difference equations over a time unit fixed for the submodel, but not necessarily uniform over all submodels. If the approximation by difference equations over this time leads to negative values of an essentially non-negative variable, the program reduces the time unit as required.

Besides the changes in state variables, the program also keeps a record of the total exchange of the ecosystem with its environment, in terms of each of the constituents (chemical elements, water, and/or energy) included among the state variables, and distinguishes between exchanges with the atmosphere, with the sub-soil or by surface flow with laterally adjacent areas.

DESCRIPTIONS OF MODELS AND SUBMODELS

Standardized descriptions of the models are being prepared for distribution. Though the computer programs implementing the models will also be included in these descriptions, their primary purpose is to describe the model itself in verbal and mathematical terms rather than the computer program - which can speak for itself to those who are interested in the implementation as well as in the conceptualization.

After a brief introduction, the description will detail the assumptions incorporated into that particular model, and will then describe the way in which the various processes are treated. For each process, supplemented where appropriate by graphs, a verbal description will be followed by a mathematical representation of the differential (or other) equations incorporated in the model. For these mathematical representations (which can be skipped by readers who are not mathematically oriented), a standard symbolism has been developed. Since the number of distinct variables and parameters required with proliferation of further submodels may be very large, it is not expected that it will always be possible to use consistently the same symbols for the same variables (or parameters) in all models, though this will be done as far as possible. Consistency is, however, being sought in respect of the classes of symbols, and in the use of sub-scripts, as follows:

1. State variables are designated by X subscripted to indicate the particular state variable in question. It is intended to reserve $X_1 \dots X_9$ for state variables within the plant subsystem, $X_{11} \dots X_{19}$ for those within the animal subsystem, and $X_{21} \dots$ for those concerned with soil micro-organisms, or non-living components of the system. It will be convenient to consider the exterior as specified by a series of dummy state variables, whose absolute values may be meaningless, but changes in which represent the exchanges of the ecosystem with its environment. These dummy variables will be represented by $X_0 \dots X_{09}$.

2. Rates of change in state variables are represented by a superposed dot, as:

$$\dot{X}_2 = \frac{dX_2}{dt}$$

3. Parameters of equations in the system - values not changed by the system, though sometimes varying in step-wise fashion - are indicated by a P. as:

P₂

4. Exogenous variables are signalled by a V, for instance:

V₁₂

5. Temporary variables - variables required in the course of calculation, or for purposes of explaining an algorithm - are designated by a subscripted Z, as:

Z₂

6. Output variables - those calculated from state variables for output purposes only, and playing no part in the dynamics of the system - are signalled by Y, as:

Y₃

7. Subdivision of the rate of change of a state variable is represented by an italic capital used as a prior subscript. Thus, \dot{X}_2 may represent that part of the change in X_2 is attributable to herbivory.
8. Classes of variables or parameters are indicated by lower-case italic letters used as posterior subscripts. Thus, for a state variable classified in two ways (say, by plant species and organ,)

$X_{\alpha pg}$

would represent its value in the p th species and the g th organ. The same subscripts may also be applied to parameters.

9. The following posterior subscripts have been standardized:

<i>a</i>	animal species or group
<i>c</i>	animal cohort
<i>d</i>	type of dead organic material (litter)
<i>f</i>	chemical fractions (constituents)
<i>g</i>	plant organ or portion
<i>h</i>	soil horizon
<i>p</i>	plant species or group
<i>r</i>	route or exchange at ecosystem boundaries
<i>s</i>	plant stage of development

10. For certain of these subscripts, different values have meanings which have been standardized in the descriptions of earlier versions of the submodels, as follows:

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Chemical fractions or constituents

- $f = 1$ Nitrogen
- $f = 2$ Ash constituents
- $f = 3$ "Active" carbon (carbon in metabolically active compounds including proteins and enzymes)
- $f = 4$ "Reserve" carbon (carbon in carbohydrates, fats, glycogen, and other storage compounds)
- $f = 5$ "Structural" carbon (non-metabolizable carbon components that make up the structure of individuals such as bones, hair, skin, in animals; cellulose and lignin in plants)

Plant Organs

- $g = 1$ Leaves
- $g = 2$ Young stems (current year's growth)
- $g = 3$ Older stems and bases
- $g = 4$ Inflorescences
- $g = 5$ Seeds
- $g = 6$ Roots in different soil horizons
etc.

Types of Dead Material

- $d = 1$ Standing dead herbaceous material ("fog")
- $d = 2$ Standing dead woody material
- $d = 3$ Soft plant litter
- $d = 4$ Woody plant litter
- $d = 5$ Soft animal parts
- $d = 6$ Animal skeletons
- $d = 7$ Excreta
- $d = 8$ Dead roots in different soil horizons
etc.

Route of Exchange

- $r = 1$ Atmosphere
- $r = 2$ Soil surface
- $r = 3$ Sub-soil

11. Where it is useful to define a subset of subscript values, this subset is symbolized by an italic capital. Thus, of the set of chemical fractions or constituents indicated by the subscript f the subset containing the carbon fractions only is designated by

$$C = \{3,4,5\}$$

The subset of elements other than carbon is designated by

$$M = \{1,2\}$$

Operations limited to subset of values are indicated by the symbol ϵ ; thus,

$$Y_p = P_1 p X_1 pgf , \quad p \in A$$

indicates that this function applies only to cases where the subscript p is included in the subset A ; and

$$\sum_{p \in A}$$

indicates that summation is limited to these cases.

12. Some readers may not be familiar with the pi-product notation, parallel with the sigma notation for summation; thus,

$$\prod_{p=1}^n X_1 pgf \equiv \prod_p X_1 pgf \equiv X_1 1gf \cdot X_1 2gf \cdot X_1 3gf \dots \dots \dots X_1 ngf$$

$$\text{and } \prod_{p \in A} X_1 pgf \equiv X_1 2gf \cdot X_1 4gf \cdot X_1 7gf$$

where the subset A is defined as:

$$A = \{2,4,7\}$$

13. Other conventions used consistently include the following: \exp is an abbreviation for "exponential"; i.e.

$$\exp (a) = e^a$$

\ln is used for the natural or Napierian logarithm:

$$\ln (a) = \log_e a$$

\max is the abbreviation for the maximum and \min is an abbreviation for "minimum"; thus,

$$\min (X_4 , X_5)$$

indicates the smaller of the values X_4 and X_5 , while

$$\max (X_4 , X_5)$$

indicates the larger of the two values. A subscript placed below \max or \min :

$$\max_f (X_{12} sf / Z_{9} sf)$$

indicates that the expression which follows it should be evaluated for all values of the subscript, and the largest (or smallest) of the resulting quantities taken.

The description of the processes in the model is followed by a list of the symbols used, with definitions and FORTRAN equivalents. There is then some discussion of constraints imposed on the model by the existing computer program, particularly by array dimensions, and changes which might be required to enable it to meet other needs. A flow diagram of the program, and a listing follow, with examples of data used, and of output. The time needed for running the program on a standard installation is also indicated, together with its storage requirement.

CALLING PROGRAM AND INPUT/OUTPUT SUBROUTINES

David W. Goodall

and

Clayton S. Gist

CALLING PROGRAM

INTRODUCTION

The computer program to be described in this report provides a common framework for the terrestrial models to be developed. It does not itself model the dynamics of the system - a task performed by subroutines, which may be varied independently of the main program and of one another. The main program described below organizes most of the input operations, including the calculations of quantities required only as collective input to the subroutines, and performs the incrementation of the state variables in accordance with calculations performed by the subroutines. This program can be combined with various sets of subroutines to form any particular model to be executed.

The program is designed to cover a wide range of terrestrial ecosystems in which the state variables consist of the weight of various chemical constituents contained in plant material, subdivided by species or species group, by stage of development and by organ group; animals, subdivided by species or species group and by stage of development; different types of litter; and soil organic matter. The state variables also include the population of each animal group, and available soil nutrients, together with soil water tension. The soil state variables and others associated with the soil (e.g. roots, and seed reserves) are divided by horizons. Additional state variables may be introduced by the subroutines. The main program then treats them in the same way as the other state variables, and provides facilities for printing them out if wished. Exogeneous variables are acquired through the subroutine EXOGEN, while output is organized by the subroutines REPORT and GRAF.

The parameters of the system (i.e. the constants incorporated in the equations expressing rates of change in the state variables) do not figure in this program, but are introduced into the programs implementing the process submodels, which are called as subroutines in the course of the main program discussed below.

INPUT ORGANIZATION

The successive cards required for input, many of which are optional and determined by the special requirements of the model in question, are detailed below. Constraints are placed on these input data by the array sizes of the program as compiled. These constraints are described in a later section of this report.

I. COMMENTS AND TABLE HEADING

Any comments which it is wished to associate with the output may be printed out before the rest of the output by inserting cards bearing the comment information at the beginning of the input deck. These cards should finish with a blank, or be replaced by a blank if no comments are needed. The blank ending the comments is followed by a single card providing a heading for tabular output.

II. INSTRUCTIONS CARDS

a. Dimensions, Specifications, Input/Output Instructions and Switches

The next three (+) cards contain (in (16I5) format) the following information in successive fields of five columns, right-justified:

Card A

1. The number of plant species or species groups.
2. The number of animal species or species groups.
3. The number of plant organs or organ groups distinguished.
4. The number of carbon fractions separated.
5. The number of chemical elements (excluding carbon if the figure in IIa(4) was positive.)
6. The number of types of dead organic material distinguished.
7. The number of different names to be read in for animal cohorts or stages of development.
8. The number of different names which are to be read in for stages of development of the plants.
9. The number of horizons distinguished for soil variables.
10. The number of soil horizons distinguished for seed records (see VIIb below). If non-positive, this value is interpreted as unity.
11. Number of categories for dry-matter calculations (see V below).
12. The time step for simulation (in thousandths of a day); if this field is non-positive, the time step is taken as one day.
13. The number of entries in the "instructions" array (see VIIb below) to be passed to the subroutines.
14. The number of entries in the "Repetitions" array, determining the time units for the subroutines (see VIIc below); if this value is zero, all subroutines are assumed to use the same time unit as the main program - that specified in (12) above.

Card (s) B

15. The starting date of the run, counting from the beginning of the year.
16. The year in which the run is to begin.
17. The number of the day on which the run is to finish, counting from the beginning of the year in which the run starts.
18. The number of tabulated reports required after the initial report.
19. The number of line graphs required.
20. The number of block graphs required.

If the value at (17) is positive, one or more further cards are read in giving the dates (calculated from the beginning of the year in which the simulation starts) at which tabulated reports will be required. The number of such entries will be equal to the figure in (17). If (17) is blank, only initial and final reports will be provided (but see (25) below).

21. A switch for debugging purposes; if this is positive, extra information is printed out by many of the subroutines in the course of their operation, from the day of simulation it specifies.
22. A switch to complete the debugging operation begun under the previous instruction. If this value is less than that in the previous field, the debugging operation will continue to the end of the run.
23. A switch for timing purposes; if this switch is zero, no timing information will be included in the output; if it is set at "1", timing information will be given for each report and graph produced; if it is set at "2", the C.P.U. time for each time unit simulated will be reported
24. A switch which must be positive if sensitivity tests are to be performed.
25. A switch for tabular reports:
 - 0: Initial and final reports, together with reports on any intermediate dates specified.
 - 1: Only the initial report is required.
 - 2: All tabular reports are to be omitted.
 - 3: The initial report is to be omitted.
26. A switch to provide (when positive) for the printing, with the tabulated reports, of any additional state variables initiated by the process subroutines and stored in the array DUMMY.
27. This and the next field give facilities for a portion of the parameter list to be printed before simulation starts. If the value in this field is positive, it causes values in the block / PARAM /, from this address onwards, to be printed out as soon as they have been read in by the process subroutines.
28. This field gives the last address for values in the COMMON block / PARAM / to be printed out under control of the switch in IIa (27) above.
29. A switch to provide (when positive) for the state variables to be read (in binary form) from a mass storage file designated as Unit 9, instead of from cards.
30. A switch to provide for the state variables to be dumped at specified times, in binary form, into mass storage files designated as Unit 10, Unit 11, etc. The number of such dumps is punched in this field.
31. If the previous field (IIa (30)) is occupied, the dates (from Jan. 1 in the first year of simulation) on which dumps are to be made are specified in these fields. The dates must be in order, and the number of fields occupied is equal to the number in (IIa (30)).

b. Instructions to Subroutines

If (IIa (13)) is positive, a further card is read in containing a number of integers equal to the value in this field, in (16I5) format. These entries may be used for communicating with subroutines at execution time, and conveying instructions modifying their mode of operation.

c. Repetitions of Subroutines

If (IIa(14)) above was occupied by a positive value, a series of cards equal in number to the value in this field is read in. Each of these cards has in the first field of five columns a number, right-justified, representing one of the subroutines ("1" for VEGET, "2" for ANIMAL, and "3" for SOILS; other designations will be allotted later as required); the second field of five columns (6-10) contains, similarly right-justified, the number of times this subroutine is to be repeated within each of the time units simulated - or, in the case of a nested subroutine, within each operation of the subroutine which calls it. In other words, this provides a facility for varying the time units within subroutines, but limited to integral submultiples of the time unit used within the main program.

III. STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT

a. If the value in IIa (8) is greater than one:

1. A card is read in with the number of distinct stages of development for each species of plant, in (16I5) format. The number of entries should equal the number of plants or groups in IIa (1).

2. This card is followed by one card for each species defined in IIIa (1) as having more than one stage of development, and less than the maximum number specified in IIa (8). Each of these cards contains, in (16I5) format, the numerical designations of these stages of development, corresponding with the names to be used for them in output (see IV below).

b. If the value at IIa (7) is positive,

1. A card in (16I5) format is read in giving the number of stages of development for each animal species or group, as for plants in IIIa (1). The number of entries should equal the number of animal groups specified in IIa (2).

2. This is followed by cards specifying the numerical designations for animal stages of development, as in the case of plants at IIIa (2) above.

IV. NAMES

- a. If plants occur in the system (if the value at IIa (1) is positive), the names of plant species or groups are read in, two to a card, with up to 28 characters for each (i.e., the fields used are columns 1-28, and columns 29-56). The number of these names should correspond with the value in IIa (1).

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- b. If there are animals present (if the value at IIa (2) is positive), the names of animal species are read in, in the same way as those for plant species. They should correspond in number with IIa (2).
- c. If plant organs are to be distinguished (i.e. if the value at IIa (3) was positive) the names of these organs or organ groups are read in, three to a card, with up to 24 characters for each (i.e., the fields used are columns 1-24, 25-48 and 49-72). If soil horizons are distinguished (if the figure at IIa (19) is greater than one) roots in different horizons are treated as distinct organ types, and follow the aerial organs.
- d. The names of chemical constituents are read in, up to 12 characters for each, in (20A4) format. Carbon fractions should follow the other constituents; if total carbon is included rather than carbon fractions, it has the last place in the list. The total number of constituents is the sum of the numbers at IIa (4) and IIa (5).
- e. If the value at IIa (8) is greater than one, the names of the stages of development for plants are read in, five to a card, each with up to 16 characters (i.e., the fields used consist of columns 1-16, 17-32, 33-48, 49-64, and 65-80). The number of entries is equal to the value at IIa (8).
- f. If the value at IIa (7) was greater than one, the names of stages of development for animals are read in, in the same way as those for plants in IVe above.
- g. If the value at IIa (6) is positive, the names of different types of dead material or litter are read in, three to a card, using columns 1-24, 25-48 and 49-72. If soil horizons are distinguished (i.e., if the figure at IIa (9) is greater than one), categories of dead material (e.g., dead roots) located in different horizons are treated as different types of litter. The number of entries is equal to the value in IIa (6).

V. DRY MATTER CONVERSIONS

Total dry matter in the various compartments of the system is estimated by a linear function of the various chemical constituents. This section provides the coefficients necessary for these calculations.

- a. If the value at IIa (11) is positive, a card in format (16I5) is read in specifying for the different categories of dead material which set of dry-matter conversion factors is to be used. The number of entries is equal to the value in IIa (6).
- b. Three or more cards (in(8F10.2) format) are read in, each of which specifies a vector of multipliers, equal in number to the sum of the values in IIa (4) and IIa (5), which are to be used for multiplying the chemical constituents to estimate the dry weight of the different organic components of the system. These cards should equal in number the value in IIa (11) if more than three. The first card contains the multipliers to be used for plant material, including seeds; the second is for animal tissue; the third for soil organic matter. Additional cards may be read in if different sets of multipliers are required for certain categories of dead material.

VI. TYPES OF DEAD MATERIAL, AND SOIL HORIZON DEPTHS

- a. The next card divides the categories of dead material (whose overall number has been specified at IIa (6) into three classes; above the soil, on the surface, and beneath the soil. Six integers (in (16I5) format) give the beginning and ending point in the sequence of dead material categories for each of those three classes in succession.
- b. If the value at IIa (10) was greater than one, a card is read in with the lower limit (in mm. depth) of each soil horizon below the surface for which seed populations are distinguished. The number of entries required is equal to than the value at IIa (10).
- c. A card is read in with the lower limit (in mm. depth) of each soil horizon distinguished, in format (8F10.4). The number of entries should equal the value in IIa (9).

VII. INITIAL VALUES OF STATE VARIABLES

The cards in this section give values for the state variables at the starting point of the simulation. Most of them contain the quantities per unit area (g.ha^{-1}) of the various chemical constituents, in the same sequence as in IVd. All are in (8F10.2) format.

- a. For each stage of development of each plant and each of the organ types, a card is read in with the initial values of chemical constituents per unit area of ground (i.e., g.ha^{-1}). The first stage of development of the first species is taken first, and cards equal in number to the number of organs (IIa (3) above) are read in; these are followed by a similar set for the second stage of development of the first species, the third stage of development of that species, and so forth; then there follows a set of cards for the different organs in the first stage of development of the second species, etc. The total number of such cards should accordingly be the product of the value at IIa (3) by the sum of the values in IIIa (1).
- b. Cards are read in containing figures for the initial quantity per unit area of the various chemical constituents contained in viable seeds on or in the soil. These cards are equal in number to the product of the number of plant species or groups (IIa (1) above) by the number of horizons distinguished (IIa (10)). A set of cards for the first plant species, each card representing successive horizons from the surface down, is followed by a similar set of cards for the second species, and so forth. Each card contains the quantities of chemical constituents per unit area (in g.ha^{-1}) for seed of that species in that horizon.
- c. For each animal species a series of cards is read in giving the population and biomass. The first card for each animal species contains the population figures for successive stages of development, the number of such figures being equal to the corresponding entry in IIIb (1); this is followed by a

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sequence of cards, each containing the quantity of chemical constituents for the successive stages of development. The total number of cards for animal data is thus the sum of IIa (2) and the total of the figures in IIIb (1).

- d. One card is read for each of the litter types, giving the quantity of the various chemical constituents per unit area. The total number of such cards is equal to the figure in IIa (6).
- e. A series of cards equal in number to twice the figure in IIa (9) gives the quantity of chemical constituents per unit area in the soil in successive horizons. The first two cards give the composition of the uppermost horizon.
 - 1. The first card specifies the constituents of the organic matter fraction, equal in number to the sum of figures in IIa (4) and IIa (5).
 - 2. The second card gives the chemical elements (equal in number to IIa (5)) present in inorganic form, followed by the water content of that soil horizon soil in mm.

These two cards are followed by similar pairs of cards for successively deeper soil horizons.

- 3. A final card gives the depth of the snow cover if any (in mm.) and its weight (in g.ha⁻¹), and any free water over the soil surface (depth in mm.)

VIII. SPECIFICATIONS FOR GRAPHICAL OUTPUT

- a. If the value at IIa (18) is positive, a series of cards are read in specifying the line graphs required. For each of the graphs in succession, the following cards are needed:
 - 1. A card specifying which variables are to be graphed. These are expressed as addresses in the state variables array (COMMON block / STAT /); the addresses in the sum array (COMMON block / TOTALS /) increased by 10,000; the addresses in the external exchange array (COMMON block / ACC /) increased by 20,000; or the addresses in the array of additional accessible variables (COMMON block / OTHER /) increased by 30,000. These addresses are punched in (16I5) format, and may not exceed eight in number for each line graph.
 - 2. A title card for the graph; all 80 columns may be used.
 - 3. A title for the Y-axis of the graph (the X-axis always being in days). This title may occupy columns 1-40 of the card. If the word "ZERO" is punched in columns 41-44, the Y-axis of the graph will include zero; otherwise, it will extend from the minimum to the maximum value of the variables graphed.
 - 4. If VIIIa (1) designates more than one variable, these are followed by a series of cards equal in number to the entries in VIIIa (1). Each card gives a brief explanation of one of the variables included in the graph, in the same order as their addresses are listed in VIIIa (1). Twenty characters are allowed for each, which should be in columns 1-20 of the card.

5. If the value at IIa (19) is positive, a card is read in giving the addresses of the variables for which block graphs are required; these addresses are coded according to the same rules as in VIIa (1). This card is followed by two cards for each of the block graphs, the first being a title, the second a title for the Y-axis limited to the first 40 columns of the card.

IX. INPUT REQUIRED BY SUBROUTINES

- a. Each of the process subroutines may require parameters, and other specifications to be read in. This takes place after all the preceding input requirements have been met. Where such information is needed, reading is performed by a NAMELIST statement. The first card for each reading operation begins with

b\$NAMEb

where NAME represents the name of that NAMELIST in the subroutine in question, and b represents a blank column. This and subsequent cards then contain entries in the forms:

A = a, B (3) = b , C = c, d, e, n * f,

where A is the name of a variable and B and C are names of arrays included in the NAMELIST; a, b, c, d, e, f, are constants of the appropriate type; and n is an integer. Each NAMELIST input is concluded with

b\$END

For this purpose, the process subroutines are called in the order VEGET, ANIMAL and SOILS.

- b. Specifications for sensitivity tests are then read in. These are discussed in the report on the sensitivity subroutines.
- c. Finally, information on the exogeneous variables is read in. This input is discussed in connection with the EXOGEN subroutine below.

COMPUTATIONAL OPERATIONS

The central part of the program is responsible for incrementation of the state variables. When calculation of all the increments over a single time unit (of which sub-multiples may be used for some of the subroutines) has been completed, they are tested to ensure that none of them would cause state variables to become negative, where this constraint is appropriate (which is true of most state variables in ecological systems). If some of the negative increments are "too large" in this sense, all increments are scaled down in such proportion as the most limiting constraint requires, the increments are applied to all state variables, and the subroutines are called again for recalculation of increments. These increments are then multiplied by the complement of the proportion already applied to the state variables, and the test of their magnitude is repeated. The process continues until a set of increments can be applied *in toto*. Briefly, this is

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equivalent to dividing the time unit over which the difference equations approximate the underlying differentials into arbitrary portions such that the constraints can be met.

This process, central to the program, may be represented as follows: Let X_{ij} be the value of the i 'th state variable at the beginning of the j 'th iteration, and ΔX_{ij} the increment for one time unit as calculated by the subroutines for that iteration. Then:

$$X_{i,j+1} = X_{i,j} + t_j \Delta X_{i,j}$$

where: $t_j = -(\min (-1, \frac{\Delta X_{ij}}{X_{ij}}))^{-1}$

Iteration is completed when: $\sum_j t_j = 1$

In order to avoid difficulties when a state variable gradually approaches zero, a limit is set below which any state variable is arbitrarily set to zero. Moreover, if one constituent of any biological compartment is zero, it is assumed that all other constituents are also zero, and they are set accordingly. Exchanges between the ecosystem and its surroundings are accumulated by the calling program from data provided, time unit by time unit, by the subroutines. These quantities, together with any state variables not constrained to take non-negative values, are incremented in proportion to the increments mentioned in the previous two paragraphs, so that the whole program is operating in time units shorter than that prescribed whenever this proves necessary.

An exception to the general treatment of state variables is the soil water tension for each horizon, which is calculated afresh by the SOILS subroutine for each time unit, rather than being changed by the main program by the addition of an increment calculated by the subroutine.

Sums of state variables for all classes and combinations of classes are required for output, and may also be needed by the subroutines. These summations are accordingly performed by the main program initially, and again after each time unit of the simulation has been performed. Exchanges with the surroundings of the ecosystem-- with the air, with the subsoil, and along the soil surface-- are also accumulated after each time unit.

ARRAY DIMENSIONS

The use of the program is limited by the dimensions allotted to the arrays, and these limitations need discussion so that the user may be in a position to modify them as his particular requirements indicate. On the next page is a list of arrays included in the calling program, in which the dimensions which may appropriately be varied are indicated by letters. Dimensions of other arrays, and dimensions indicated by numbers, are subject to other constraints, and changes in them would call for other changes in the program.

ABIOM (a)	CMINQQ (i,h)	INSTRU (y)	SOILTE (i)
ABIOSP (b)	COHNAM (p,4)	LIGRAF (g)	STATE (r)
AGAIN (c,d)	CORG (i,h)	LISCOH (a)	STNG (x)
AGAINQ (c,d)	CORGH (h)	LISTER (f)	SUMS (w)
ALINAM (e,6)	CORGQQ (i,h)	LISVCO (m)	SVEG (j,n,h)
ALIT (c)	COVER (j)	LITCAT (e)	SVEGO (j,h)
AMAXI (f)	CVEG (m,n,h)	LITRUN (e)	TITLES (f,20)
AMINI (f)	CVEGO (m,h)	MREP (z)	TOT (h)
ANIM (b,h)	CVEGQQ (m,n,h)	NCOH (b)	TOTAL (h)
AORG (i)	CVEGV (n,h)	NCOHCU (b)	VCONAM (s,4)
ASEED (j,k)	CVEGVO (h)	NREPET (u)	VSPNAM (j,7)
ASEEDH (j)	DECINC (r)	NVCOCU (j)	WATABS (i)
ASEEDV (k)	DRYFAC (t,h)	NVCHO (j)	WATABQ (i)
ASPNAM (b,7)	DUMMY (o)	ORGNAM (n,6)	WATER (i)
AVEG (m,n)	DUMMYQ (o)	ORICIN (f)	YAXISS (f,10)
AVEGO (m)	DUSCOM (h)	POP (a)	
AVEGV (n)	EROD (c)	POPQQ (a)	
CBiom (a,h)	ERODQQ (c)	POPSP (b)	
CBIOMN (h)	EXPLA (5,v)	SAVEG (j,n)	
CBIOMQ (a,h)	EXPLAN (5,g)	SAVEGO (j)	
CHNG (x)	FIG (v,70)	SEED (j,k,h)	
CLIT (e,h)	FIGS (g,70)	SEEDEP (k)	
CLITT (h)	FRANAM (h,3)	SEEDH (j,h)	
CLITQQ (e,h)	HORDEP (q)	SEEDQQ (j,k,h)	
CMIN (i,h)	H2O (c)	SEEDV (k,h)	
CMINH (h)	H2OQQ (c)	SEEDVH (h)	

The dimensions indicated by letters define the maximum values possible for the following quantities defined below. Most of these quantities correspond with limits for DO-loops in the FORTRAN program, and the names for these limits are also tabulated to the left.

a:	Total number of animal cohorts.	NSPECA
b:	Number of animal species (or groups).	NCHAN
c:	Number of channels for gain or loss to or from the system.	NELEM
d:	Number of chemical elements.	NOLIT
e:	Number of types of dead material.	NOHISU
f:	Number of separate graphs.	
g:	Number of variables to be graphed.	
h:	Total number of chemical constituents (carbon fractions, if any, <u>plus</u> other elements.)	NERELM
i:	Number of soil horizons (see also q below).	NHORIZ

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j:	Number of plant species (or groups)	NSPECV
k:	Number of soil horizons for seed records.	NSEEDH
m:	Number of plant cohorts.	NVECOH
n:	Number of plant organ types	NORGAN
o:	Extra addresses for state variables and increments available to process subroutines in arrays DUMMY and DUMMYQ	
p:	Number of different names for animal cohorts.	NCOHOR
q:	Soil horizons, plus 1 (i.e. q = i + 1)	NORZI
r:	Total number of "words" in Common Blocks STAT and CHANGE.	LIMIT
s:	Number of different names for plant cohorts.	NVCOHR
t:	Number of different dry-matter conversion functions	NDRCAT
u:	Number of process subroutines.	NOTIME
v:	Number of curves on a single graph.	
w:	Total number of "words" in Common Block TOTALS.	LIMTOT
x:	Total number of "words" in Common Blocks ACC and ACCINC; this dimension should equal the value defined for LIMACC.	LIMACC
y:	Number of instructions to be transferred to subroutines.	NOINST
z:	Number of tabulated reports to be provided.	NREP

It should be noted that, if the dimensions of any of the arrays in the common blocks are changed, not only must these blocks be changed in any subroutines where they occur, but the arrays equivalenced with the common blocks must be changed to correspond, as also the variables specifying their limits, thus:

<u>Common Block</u>	<u>Array</u>	<u>Limit</u>
ACC ACCINC	STNG CHNG	LIMACC
TOTALS	SUMS	LIMTOT
STAT CHANGE	STATE DECINC	LIMIT

Arrays occurring in the paired common blocks ACC and ACCINC, STAT and CHANGE must correspond in their order and in all their dimensions, as tabulated below:

Arrays that must Match in their Dimensions

AGAIN	AGAINQ
CBIOM	CBIOMQ
CLIT	CLITQQ
CMIN	CMINQQ
CORG	CORGQQ
CVEG	CVEGQQ
DUMMY	DUMMYQ
EROD	ERODQQ
H2O	H2OQQQ
POP	POPQQQ
SEED	SEEDQQ
WATABS	WATABQ

SUBROUTINE EXOGEN

This subroutine provides for input of meteorological data initially, and for the supply of daily values of meteorological variables to the process subroutines requiring them. The input required by this subroutine occurs after all other inputs. Unless otherwise stated, all cards are in (8F10.2) format. The cards required are as follows:

1. Mean daily quantity of dust falling from the atmosphere in g.ha^{-1} .
2. Elemental composition of dust (for the same elements, and in the same order, as the ecosystem constituents in the main program), expressed in g. per g.
3. In (I5) format, the number of categories of dead organic material which may be imported by wind or with run-on water.
4. If the value in the previous card is positive, a list in format (16I5) of the litter categories which may be imported. The entries should equal in number the value at (3) above.
5. The mean elemental composition of precipitation (arranged as in (2) above) in g.g^{-1} .
6. A sequence of pairs of cards describing precipitation events. In each pair, the first card gives, in (15I5) format, the dates (in days from Jan. 1); the second card gives (in 15F5.1 format) the amount of precipitation on the dates listed - preceded by a minus sign if the precipitation occurred as snow - in mm water. Each of these cards has the year punched in columns 77-80. The cards must be in chronological order; years before and after the period simulated will be ignored. These precipitation records are ended with a blank card.
7. A set of cards describing deposition events. These cards are divided into groups each of which describes up to 15 deposition events taking place in the same year. Each group is made up as follows:
 - a. A card giving the dates (in days from Jan. 1) of the events in question, in format (15I5).
 - b. A card giving the amounts of water flowing on to the area, in tons ha^{-1} , during the events specified. If deposition is by wind, this card is blank.
 - c. A card giving the amounts of mineral soil deposited, in tons ha^{-1} , during the events specified.
 - d. Cards giving the amounts of mineral elements (as in VIIe (2) of the main program) deposited, in kg.ha^{-1} . Each card gives the quantities of a single element transported in the successive deposition events listed in 7(a).
 - e. Cards giving the amounts of chemical constituents (as in VIIe (1) of the main program) deposited, in kg.ha^{-1} . Each card gives the quantities of a single constituent transported in the successive deposition events.
 - f. If the value at (3) above is positive, cards are read in giving the amounts of chemical constituents transported in detritus, in kg.ha^{-1} . Each card refers to the sequence of deposition events in 7(a) above. The transportable

categories of detritus are taken in order, and for each the different chemical constituents are taken in order. The total number of cards in this section is accordingly the product of the value at (3) and the sum of those at IIa (4) and IIa (5) in the main program description.

Each card in the set has the year to which it applies punched in columns 77-80. Similar sets of cards are read in for successive years, but cards for years outside the period of simulation are ignored. These run-on records are ended with a blank card.

The following cards are included on all occasions:

8. Two cards giving the monthly mean day temperature (in °C.)
9. Two cards giving the monthly mean night temperature (in °C.)
10. Two cards giving the monthly mean potential evapotranspiration (as measured, for instance, by pan evaporation) per day (in mm.)
11. Two cards giving the monthly mean photoperiod (in hrs.)
12. Two cards giving the monthly mean radiation intensity ($\text{cal.cm}^{-2}\text{min}^{-1}$).
13. Two cards giving the monthly mean water-vapor pressure (in mm. hg).
14. Two cards giving the monthly mean wind velocity (in m.sec^{-1}).
15. Two cards giving the monthly mean of daily maximal wind velocity (in m.sec^{-1}).

OPERATIONS

After input cards have been read in, control returns to the main program. The subroutine is called again at the entry point EXOGE2 whenever a new day is simulated. If rainfall or a deposition event occurs on that day, the appropriate values are transferred from storage to the METEOR common block. Similarly, every time the month changes the appropriate monthly means for the other meteorological variables are transferred.

ARRAY DIMENSIONS

Limitations imposed by dimensions for arrays used in the EXOGEN subroutine, but not in the main program, are as follows:

DRUNLT (e,f)	DRUNMI (d)	DRUNOR (f)
ERODED (b)	EXO (c)	LITRUN (e)
MRAIN (a)	MRUNON (b)	RAIN (a)
RUNLIT (b,e,f)	RUNMIN (b,d)	RUNON (b)
RUNORG (b,f)		

where the dimension symbols have the following meanings:

Dimension	Definition	FORTRAN
a:	Number of days with precipitation during the period simulated + number of years -1	NRAIN
b:	Number of days with run-on during the period simulated + number of years -1	NRUNON

<u>Dimension</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>FORTRAN</u>
c:	Total number of words in Common block METEOR	LIMEXO
d:	Number of chemical elements	NELEM
e:	Number of transportable categories of dead material	NRUNLT
f:	Total number of chemical constituents (carbon fractions, if any, <u>plus</u> other elements)	NFRELM

Other dimensions are constrained by other features of the program, and may not be varied so readily.

N.B. If any dimensions within the Common block METEOR are changed, that of EXO with which it is equivalenced must also be changed to correspond; a value equal to the dimension of EXO must be given to LIMEXO, and the value of LIMEXI should be the address of ERODE in the Common block METEOR.

SUBROUTINE REPORT

At times when tabulated output has been requested, the values of all state variables are printed together with their sums. In addition, estimates of dry matter of the various compartments are provided, these being calculated from an expression:

$$Y_{ij} = \sum_k P_{ik} X_{ijk}$$

where k ranges over the chemical constituents included in the model, and where suffix i indicates which set of multipliers P_{ik} (read in at V(c) in the main program) is appropriate ($i = 1$ for plant tissue; $i = 2$ for animal tissue; $i = 3$ for soil organic matter; and, for the various types of dead organic material, i is as specified in V(a) in the main program).

The tabulated output also includes, on all occasions except the initial report, a table of quantities of chemical elements, or water, and of inert soil particles lost by the ecosystem to its surroundings, or gained as the case may be. Exchanges with the atmosphere, with the subsoil (below the lowest horizon for which state variables are included), and laterally along the soil surface, are distinguished. These figures are accumulated over the period of simulation. Precipitation figures are also accumulated and included in the reports. The depth of snow lying on the soil surface is reported in mm., and its weight in g.ha⁻¹.

ARRAY DIMENSIONS

Limitations imposed by dimensions for arrays used in the REPORT subroutine, though not in the calling program, are as follows:

DRYM (a)	SDRYM (d)
DRYMV (b)	SOURCE (b,f)
DRYTH (c)	AGAINT (e)

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- a: Number of plant organs, or number of animal cohorts, whichever is larger.
- b: Number of plant organs, or number of animal species, whichever is larger.
- c: Number of plant species.
- d: Number of plant organs.
- e: Number of chemical elements.
- f: Number of channels for gain or loss to the system.

SUBROUTINE GRAF

Graphical output is available on the line printer, in the form of either line graphs or block graphs, in each case occupying a single printer page. Line graphs use continuous strings of the symbols A, B, ... H, to represent the time course, through the simulation, of up to eight different variables. All are plotted on the same scale, which is normally adjusted so that the extreme values attained can just fit into the page. In the block graphs, the time course of a single variable only is plotted. Each type of graph is provided with appropriate titling.

The X-axis of the graph is always the time in days. The Y-axis is scaled so that all values graphed are within the range $-10 < Y < +10$, and an integral power of 10 is specified in the title as the scaling factor. If the values extend outside the limits $\pm 10^{\frac{1}{10}}$, an error message results. If all values of Y are identical, a small range of Y values around this point is graphed. By use of the ORIGIN option in the main program, a zero value of Y may be specified as the upper or lower limit, in place of the maximum or minimum value actually occurring in the simulation.

The graphs are printed after the final tabulated report. Graphing facilities are provided for all state variables; for all their totals; and for all accumulated exchange between the ecosystem and its surroundings.

TIME AND SPACE REQUIREMENTS

On the UNIVAC 1108, the time required for compilation, and the number of words (36-bit) of core storage required for coded instructions and for data by the programs as listed, are tabulated below:

PROGRAM	COMPIRATION TIME (secs)	CODE STORAGE	DATA STORAGE
MAIN	8.01	3158	3597
EXOGEN	2.63	944	2870
REPORT	4.84	4305	468
GRAF	1.18	512	3801
COMMON STORAGE			16489
TOTAL	16.66	8919	27225

Facilities are provided for monitoring the C.P.U. time required during execution for different parts of the simulation. For this purpose, use is made of the system subroutine EXTIME, which would need to be replaced if the programs were implemented on any other system.

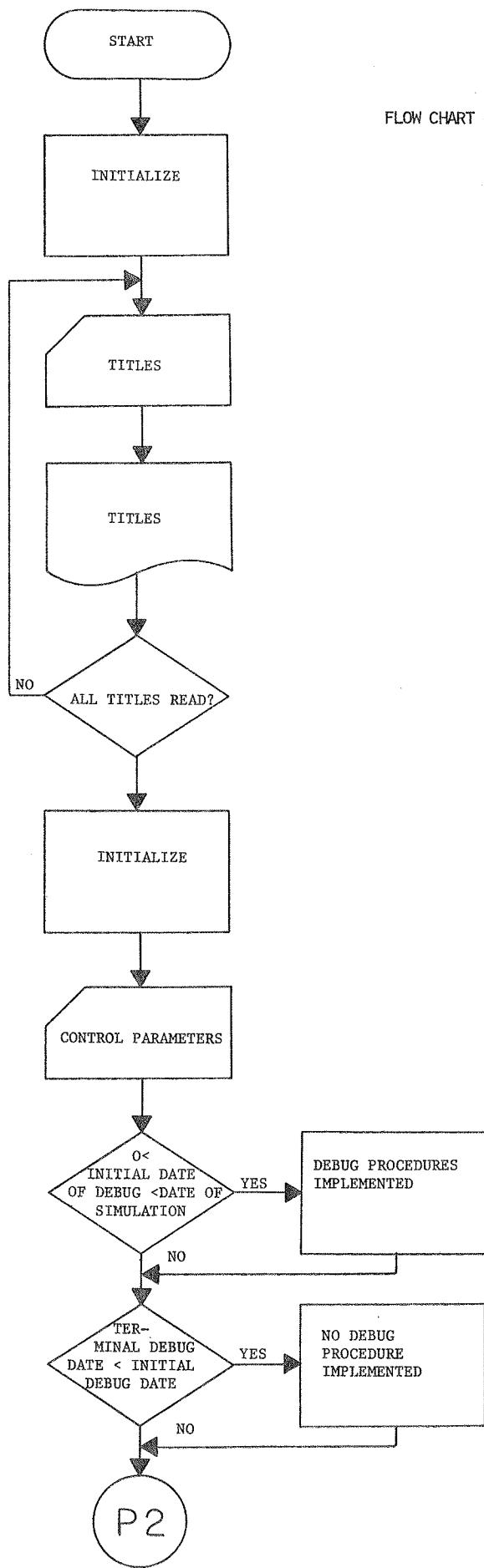
In a trial run with 253 state variables, and the program as listed, the C.P.U. time (in secs) required for the various parts of the execution were as follows:

Initialization and input	0.39 †
Simulation, per time unit	0.04 *
Tabulated report	0.64 †
Graph	0.45

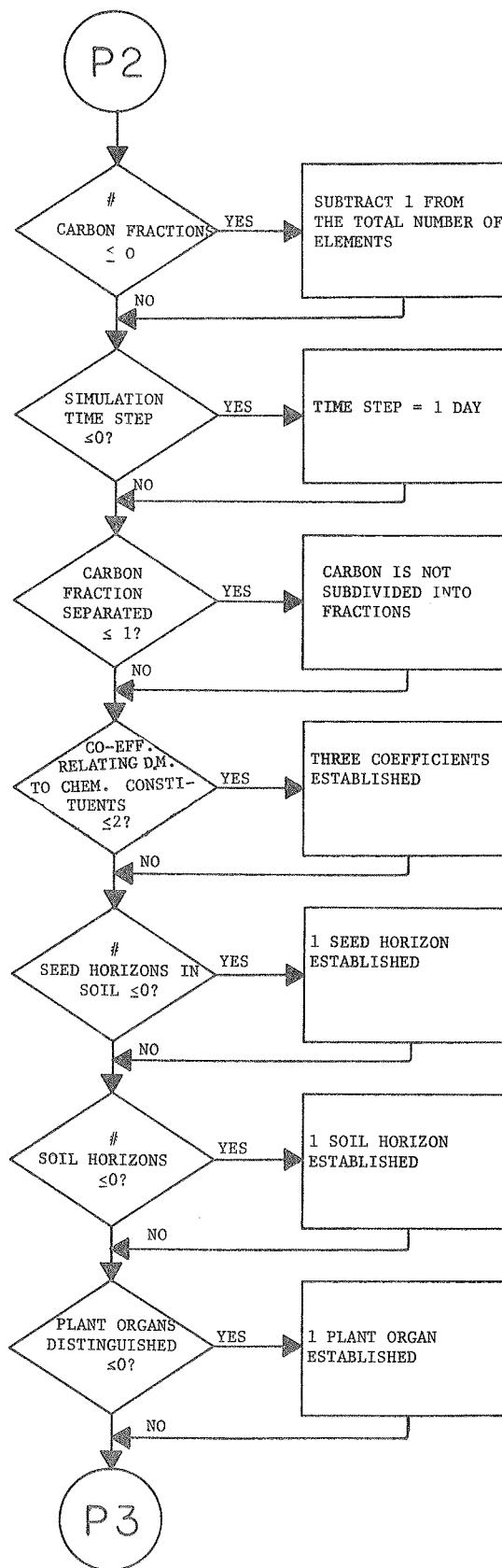
- (*) This is the time required by operations within the main program and the subroutine EXOGEN; the time required by the process subroutines is additional, and is indicated in the descriptions of these subroutines. This time depends on the size of the COMMON blocks / STATE / , / DECINC / and / TOTALS /, and of the array areas within them that are in use.
- (†) These times largely depend on the size of the array areas in use.

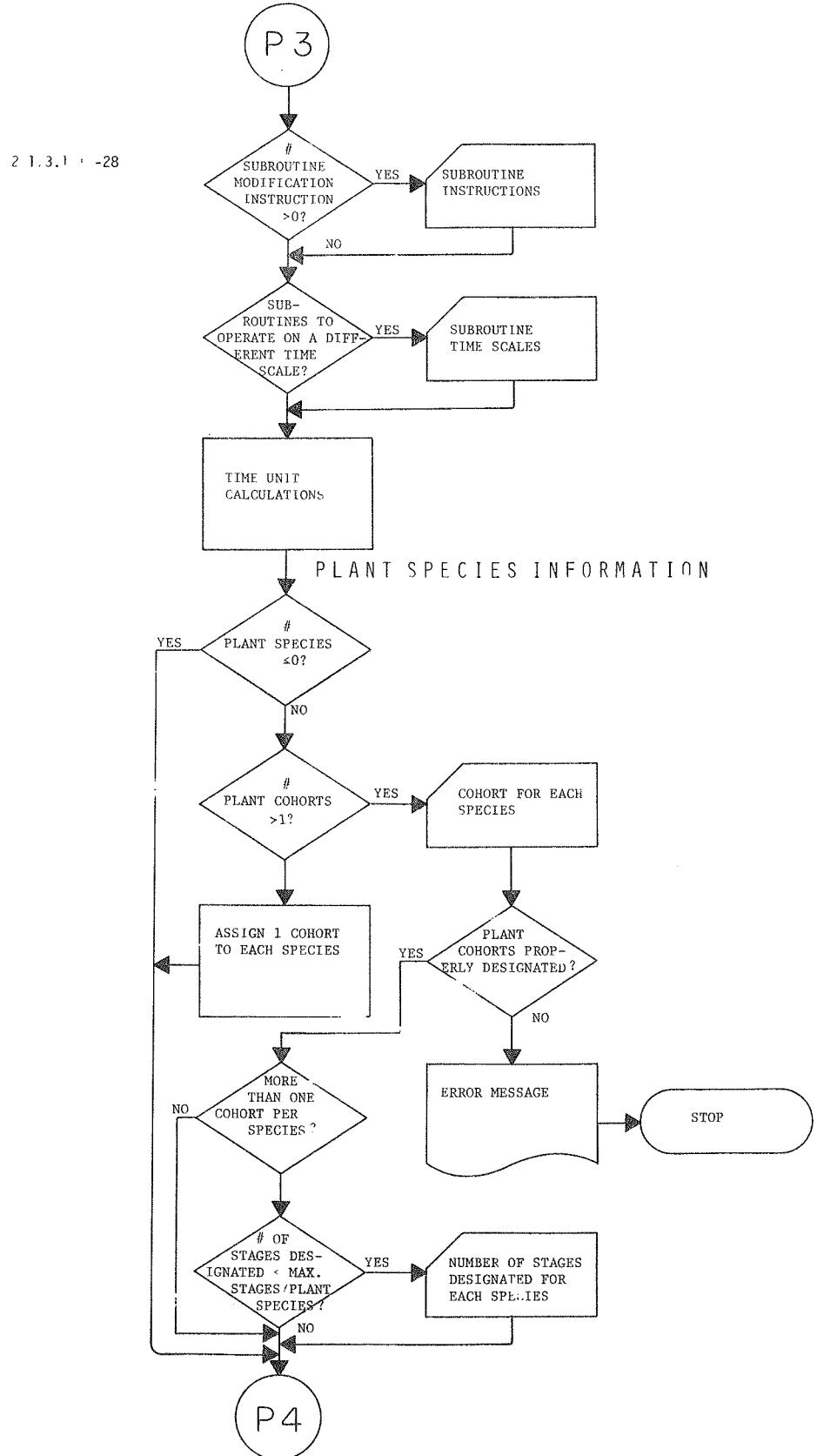
2.1.3.1.1.-26

FLOW CHART OF MAIN



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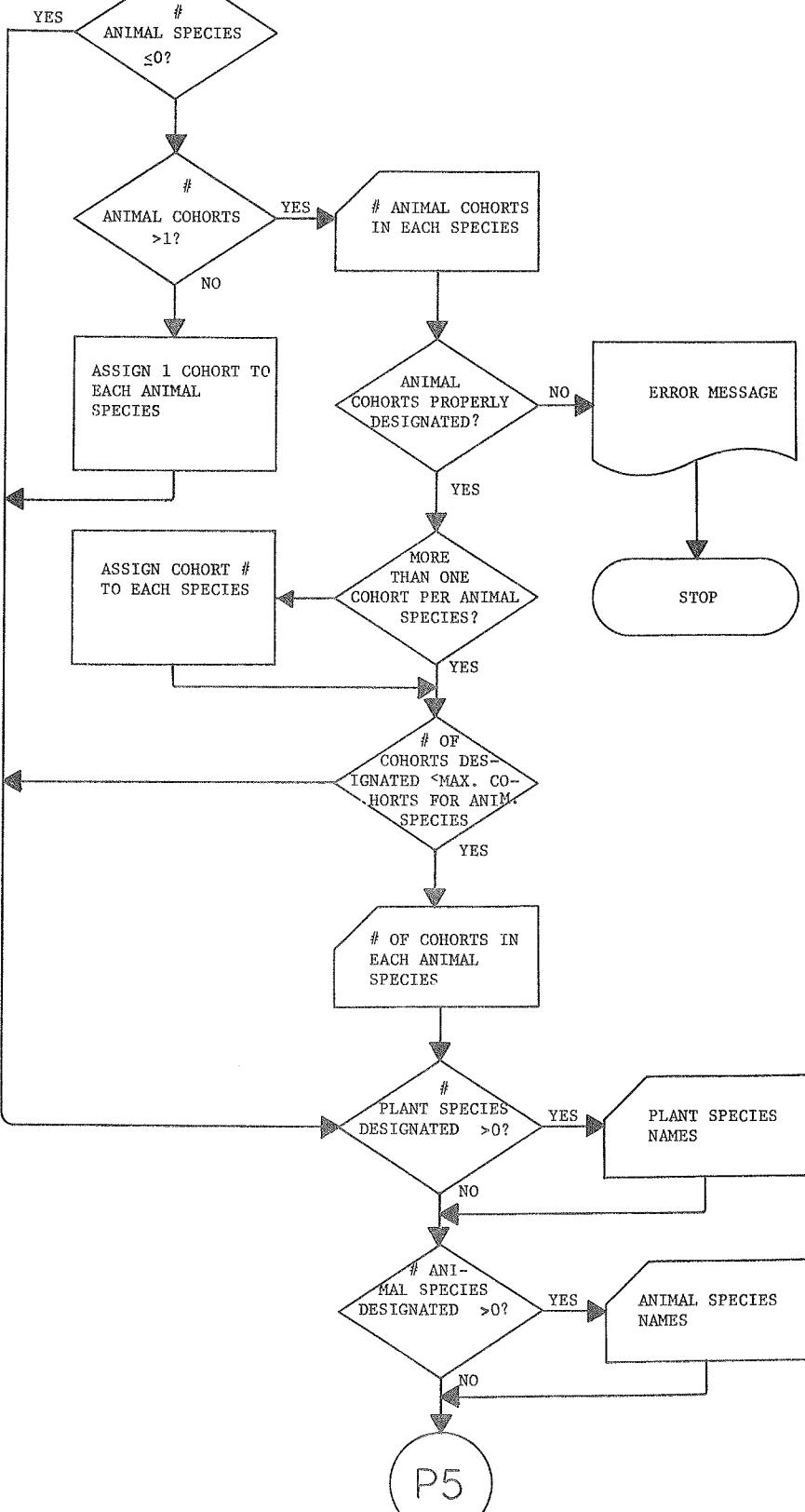


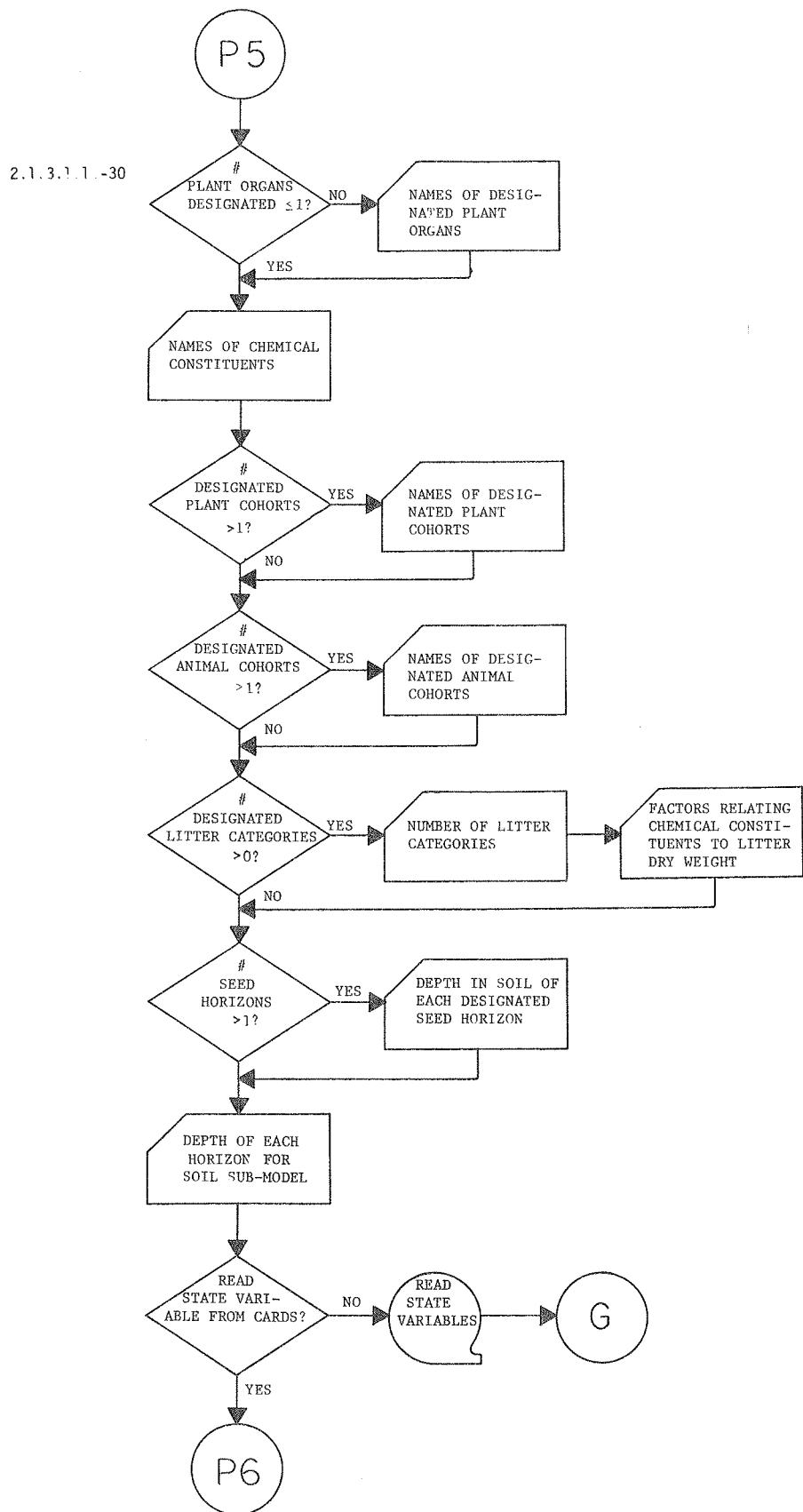


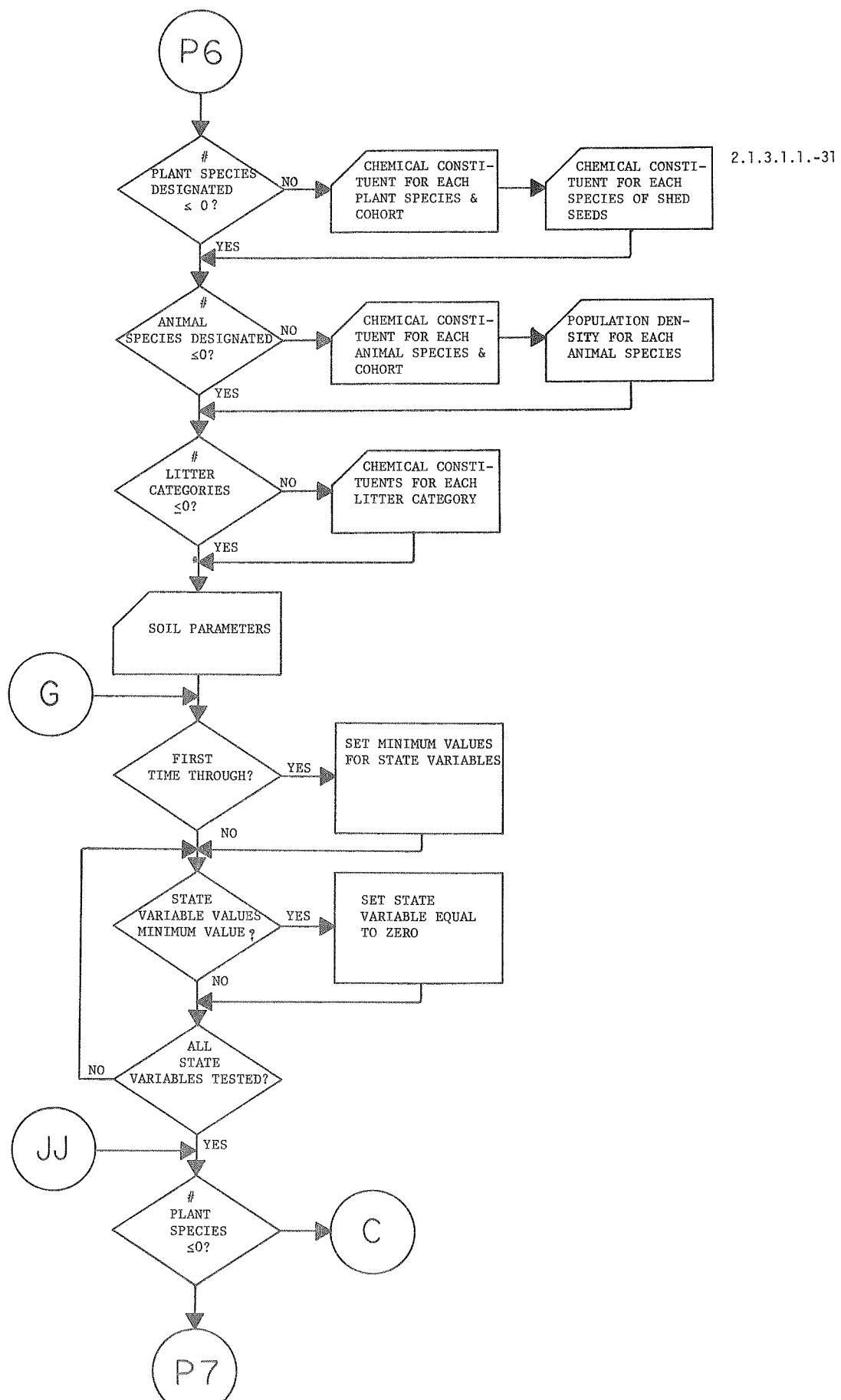
P4

ANIMAL SPECIES INFORMATION

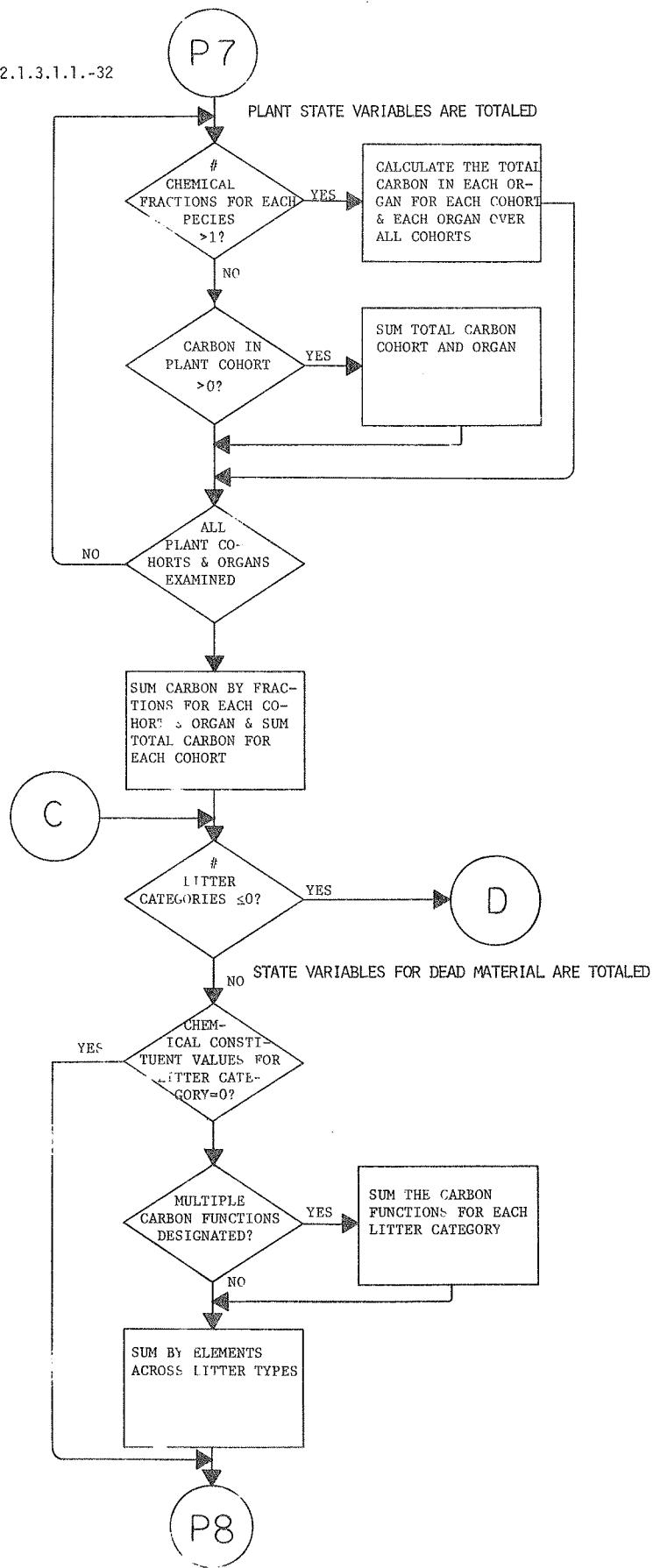
2.1.3.1.1.-29

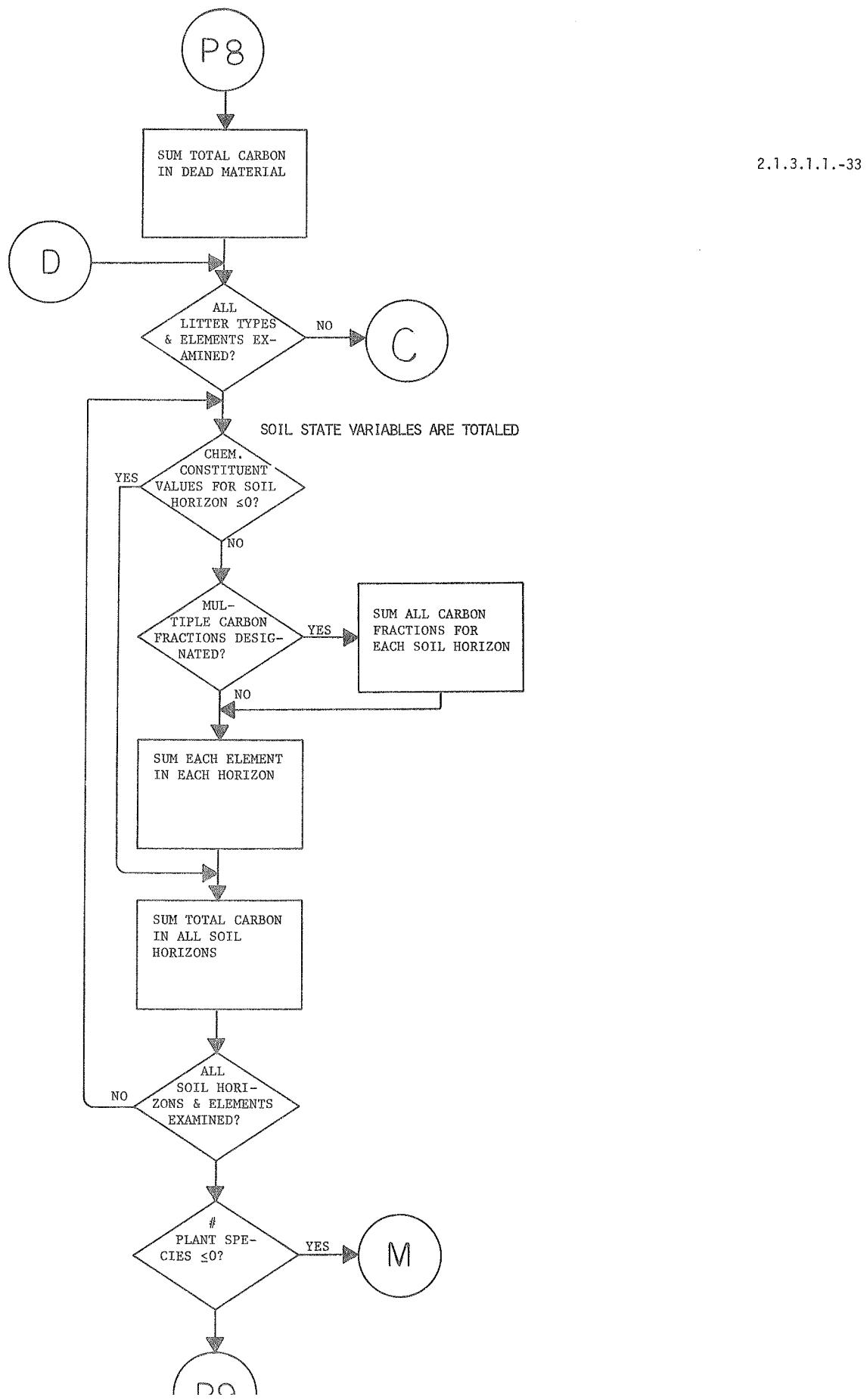




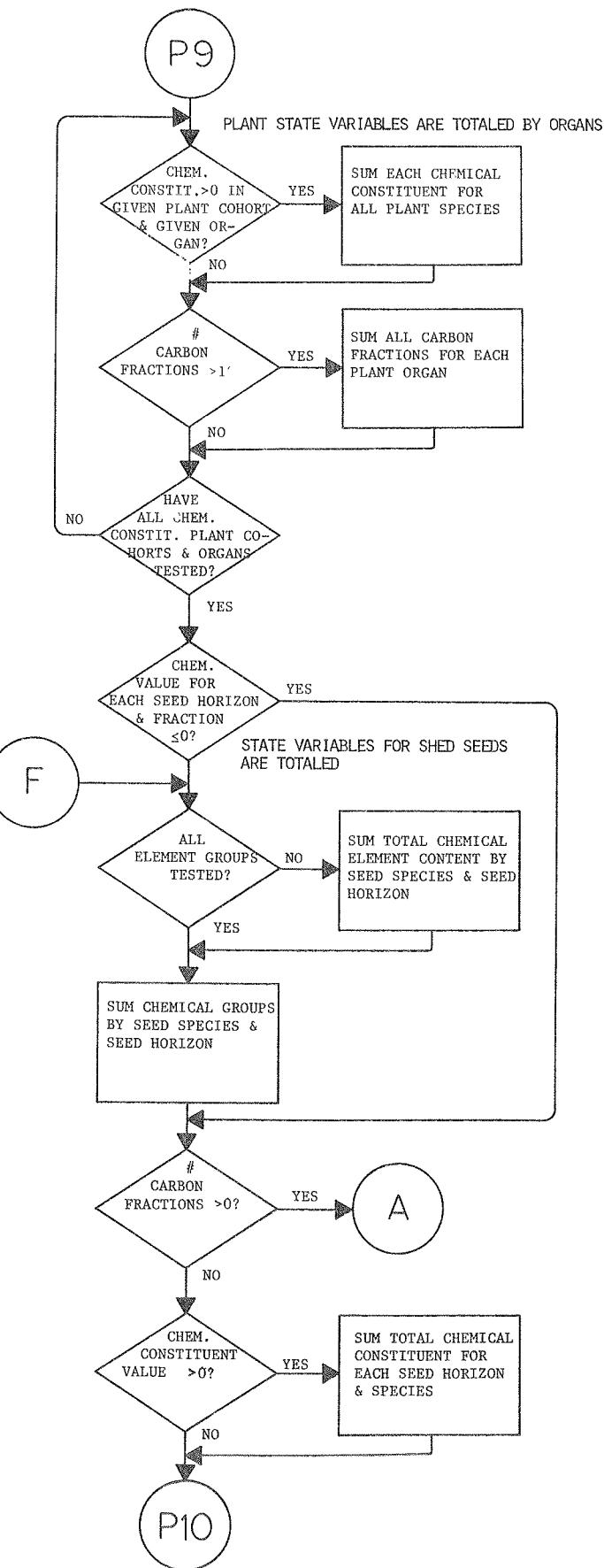


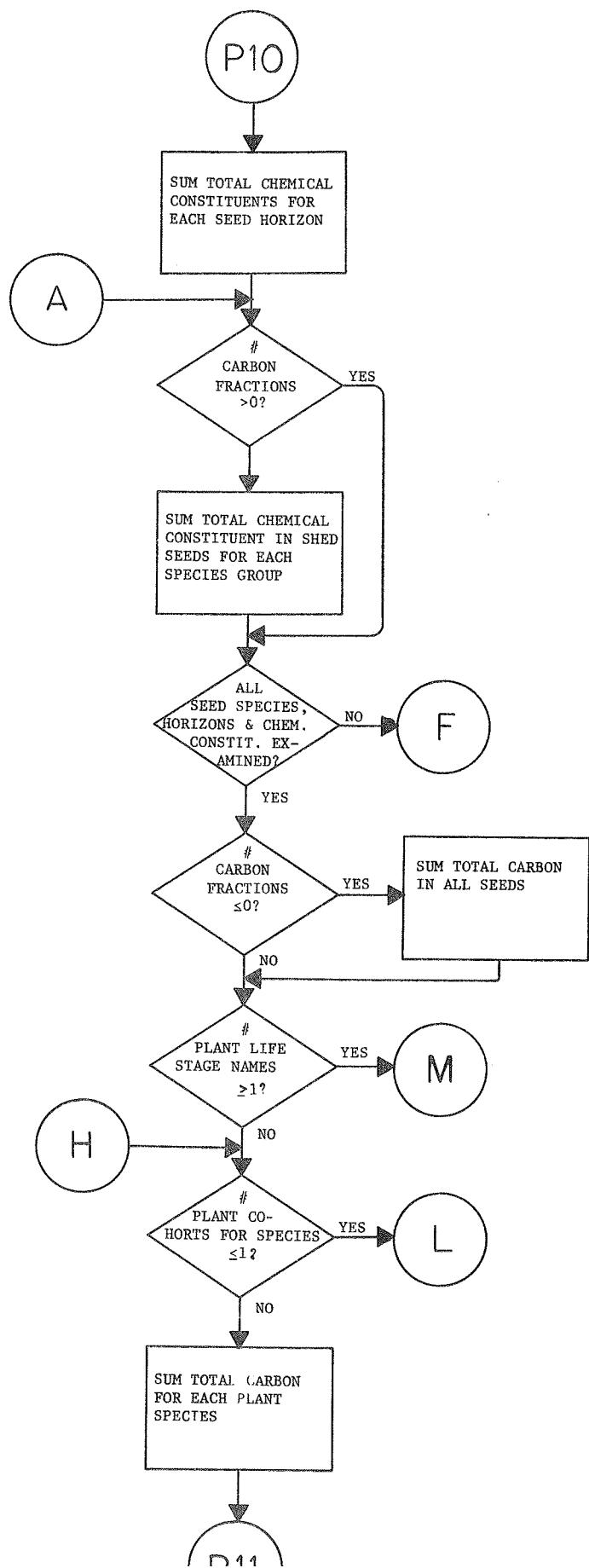
2.1.3.1.1.-32

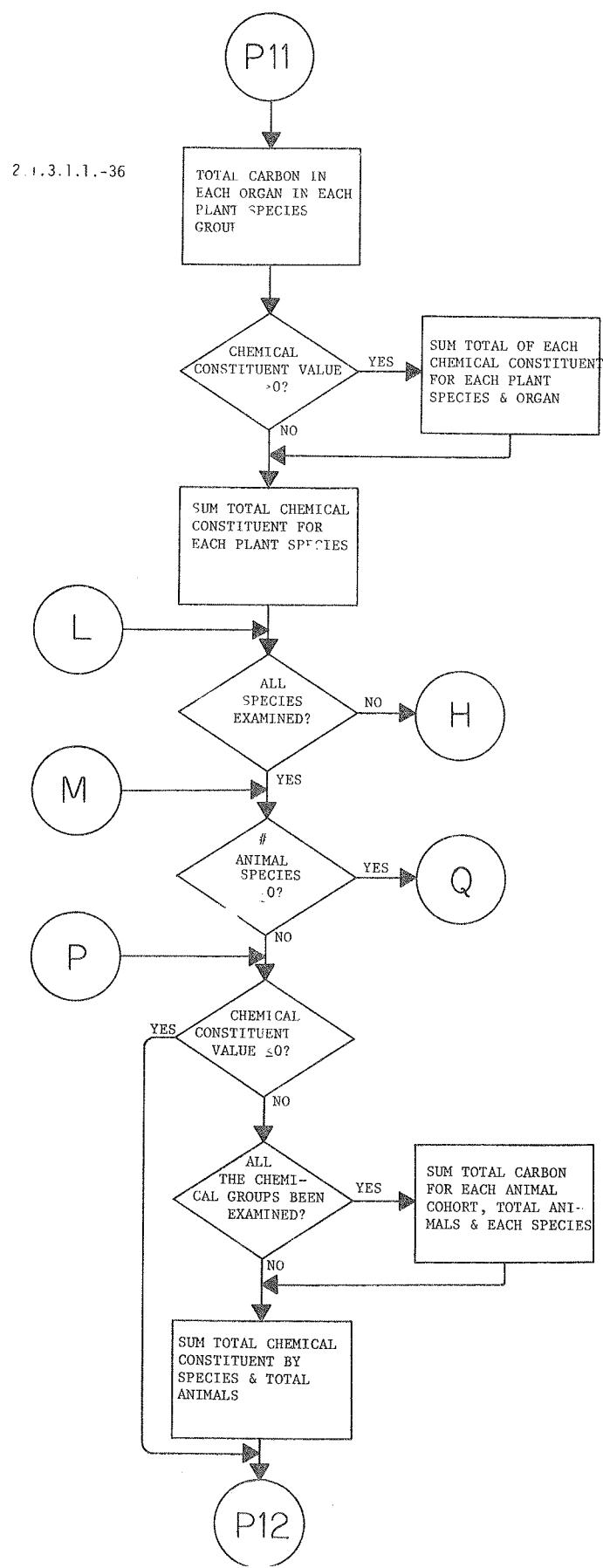


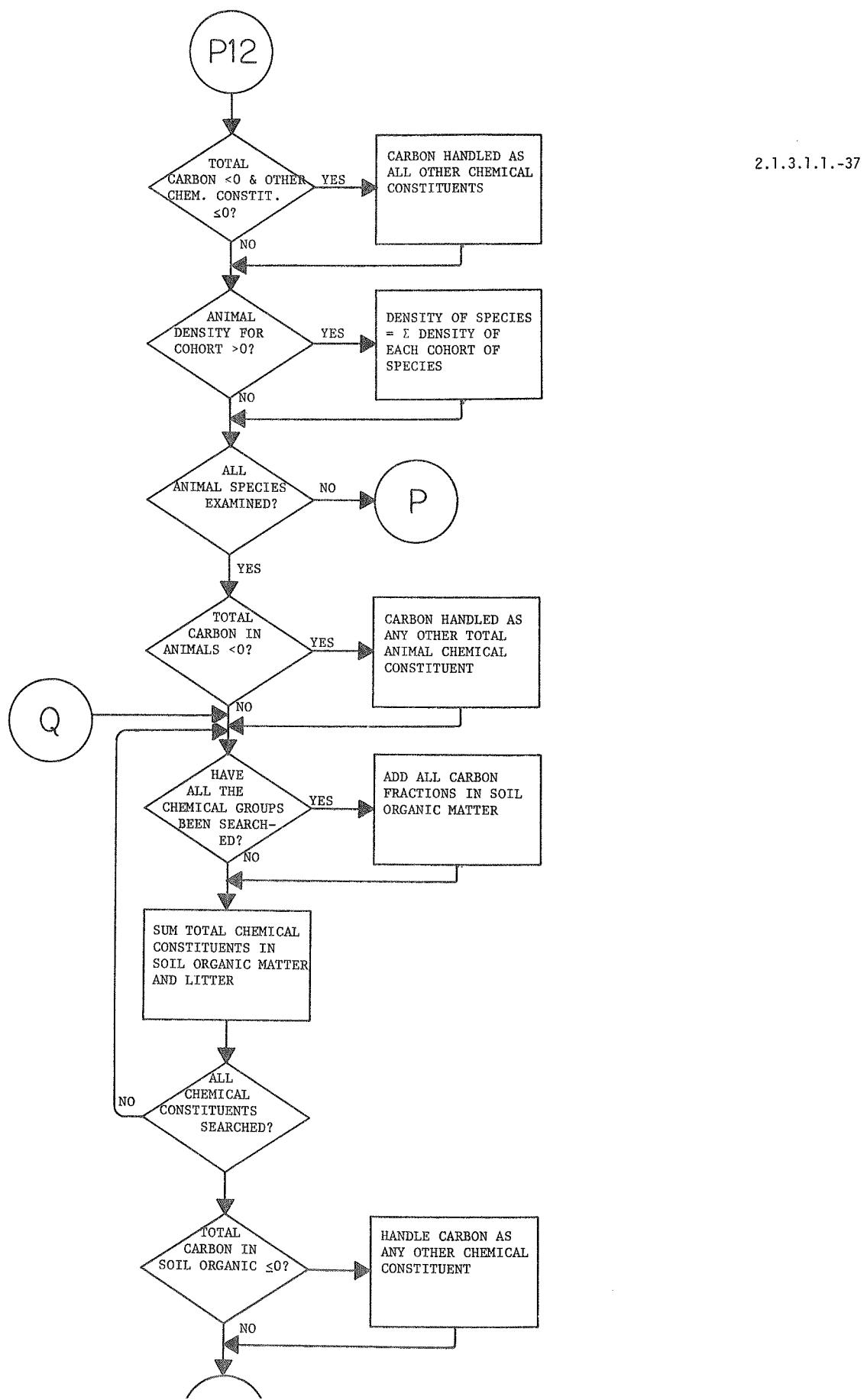


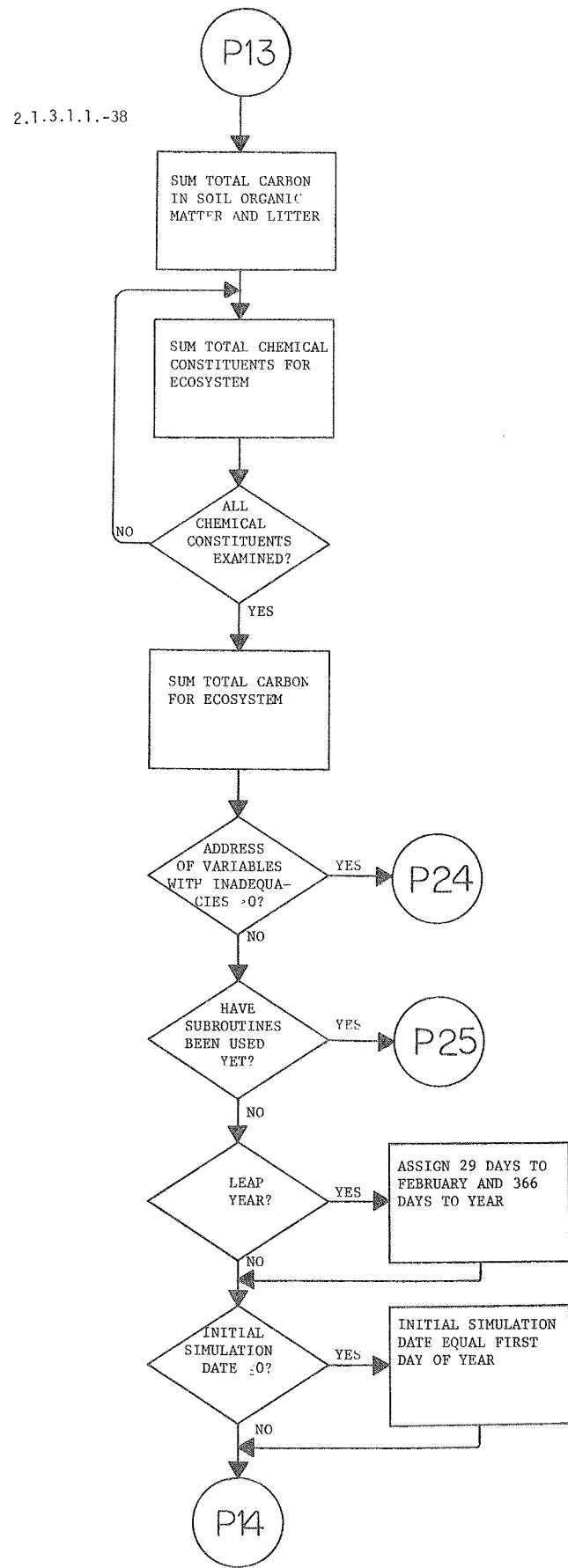
2.1.3 1.1.-34

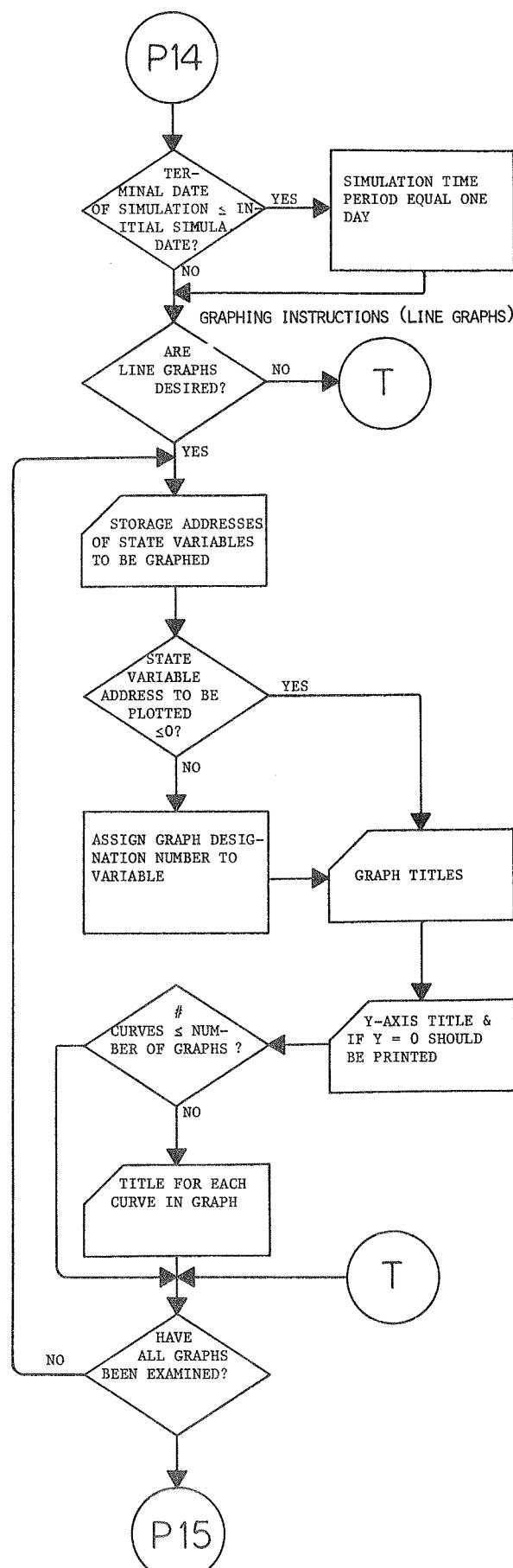












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INSTRUCTIONS FOR BLOCK GRAPHS

2.1.3.1.1 -40

ARE
BLOCK
GRAPHS DESIRED?

HISTOGRAM TITLES
AND CONTROL INFOR-
MATION

YES
 $0 \geq$
REPORT
DATE > FINAL DATE
OF SIMULATION?

NO
ARE
THERE MORE
THAN 1 REPORT &
ARE THEY IN SE-
QUENCE?

ASSIGN REPORT
NUMBERS

NO
HAVE
ALL REPORT
REQUESTS BEEN
EXAMINED?

YES
 $\#$
REPORTS
= 0?

GENERATE ONE REPORT
ON LAST DAY OF
SIMULATION

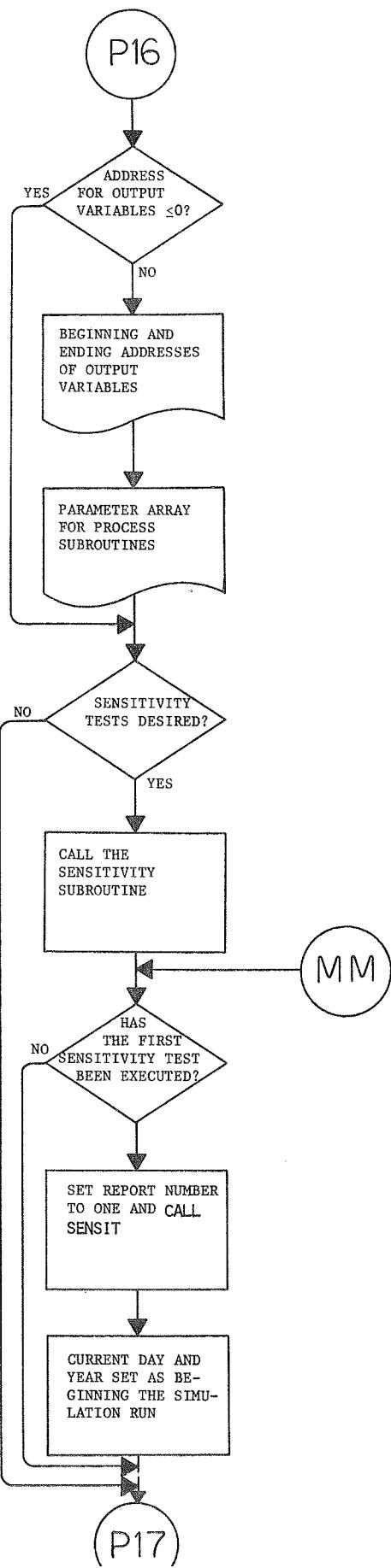
NO
REPORT
REQUESTED FOR
LAST DAY OF SIM-
ULATION?

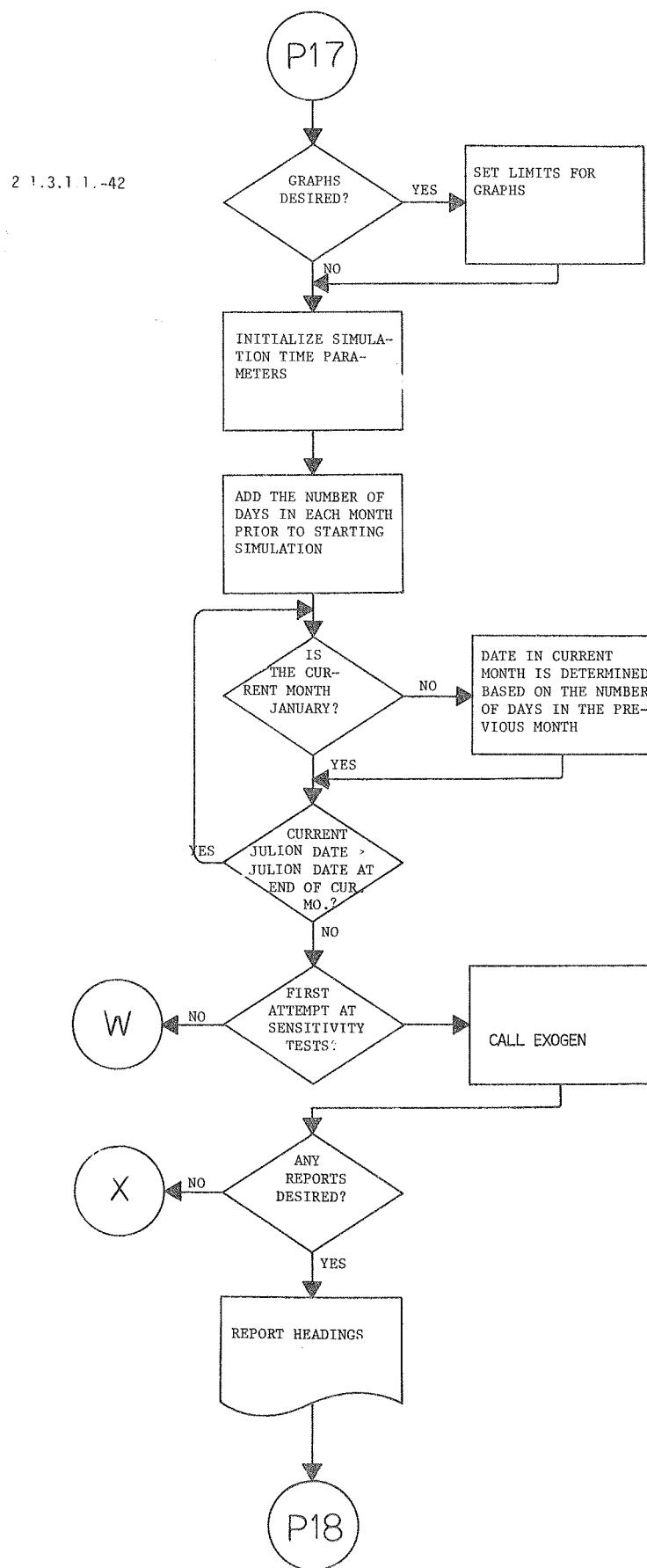
YES
 $\#$
GRAPH REQUESTED
≤ 0?

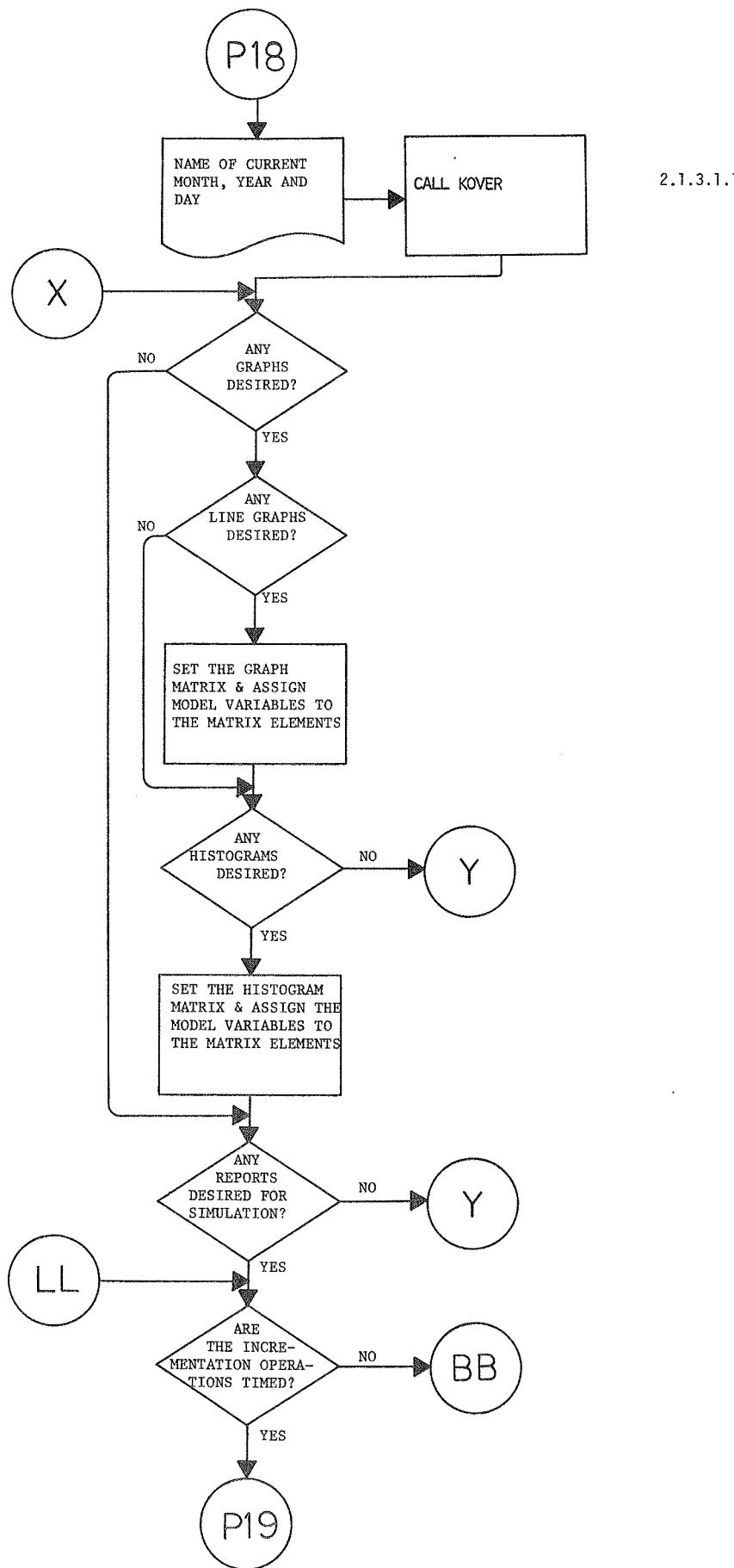
SET LIMITS AND
SCALE GRAPH

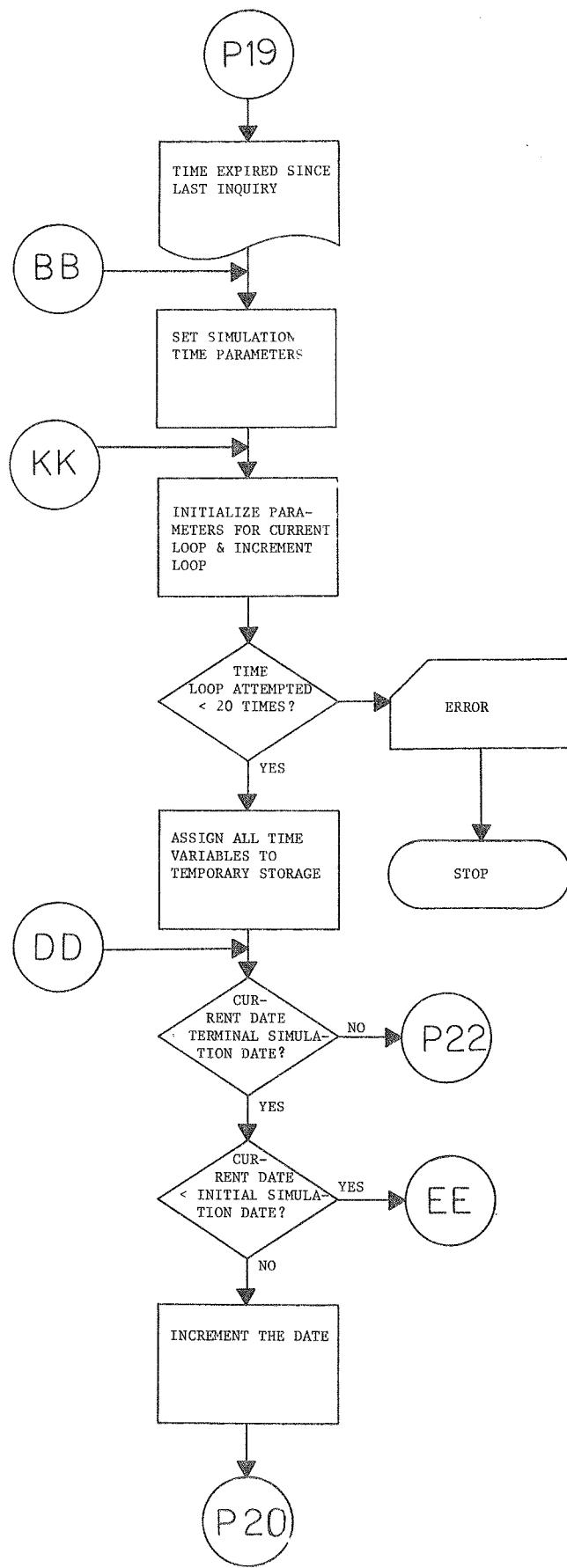
CALL THE INPUT SUB-
ROUTINES FOR THE
PLANT, ANIMAL &
SOIL SUB-MODELS

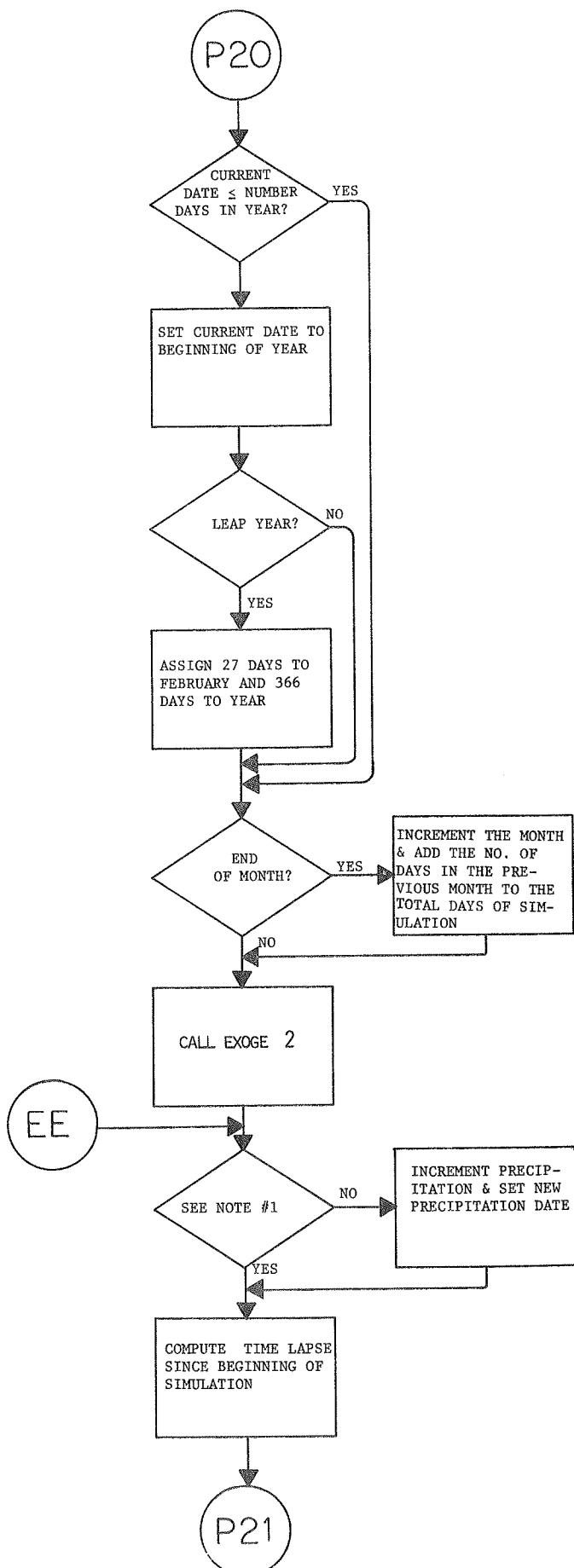
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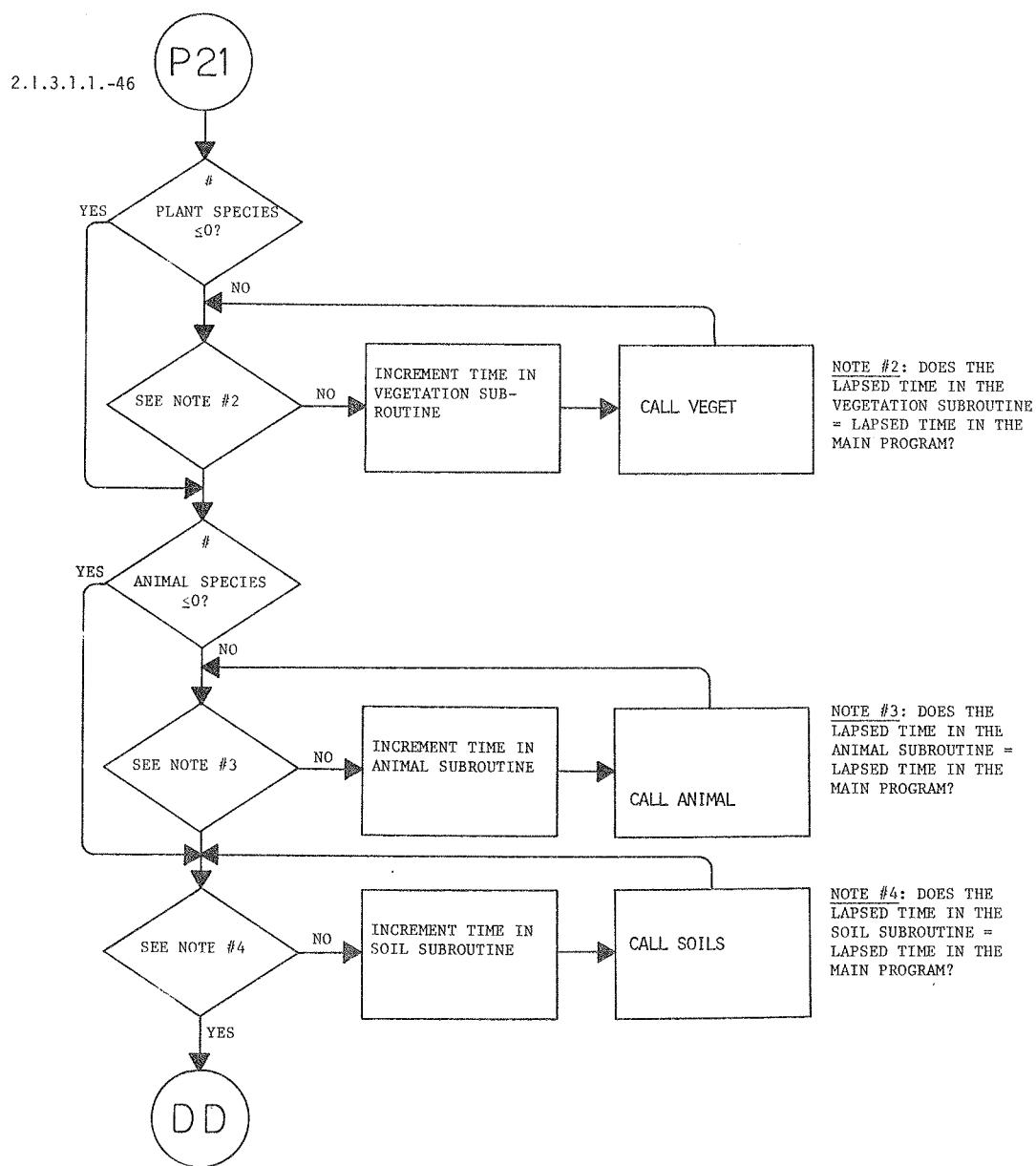


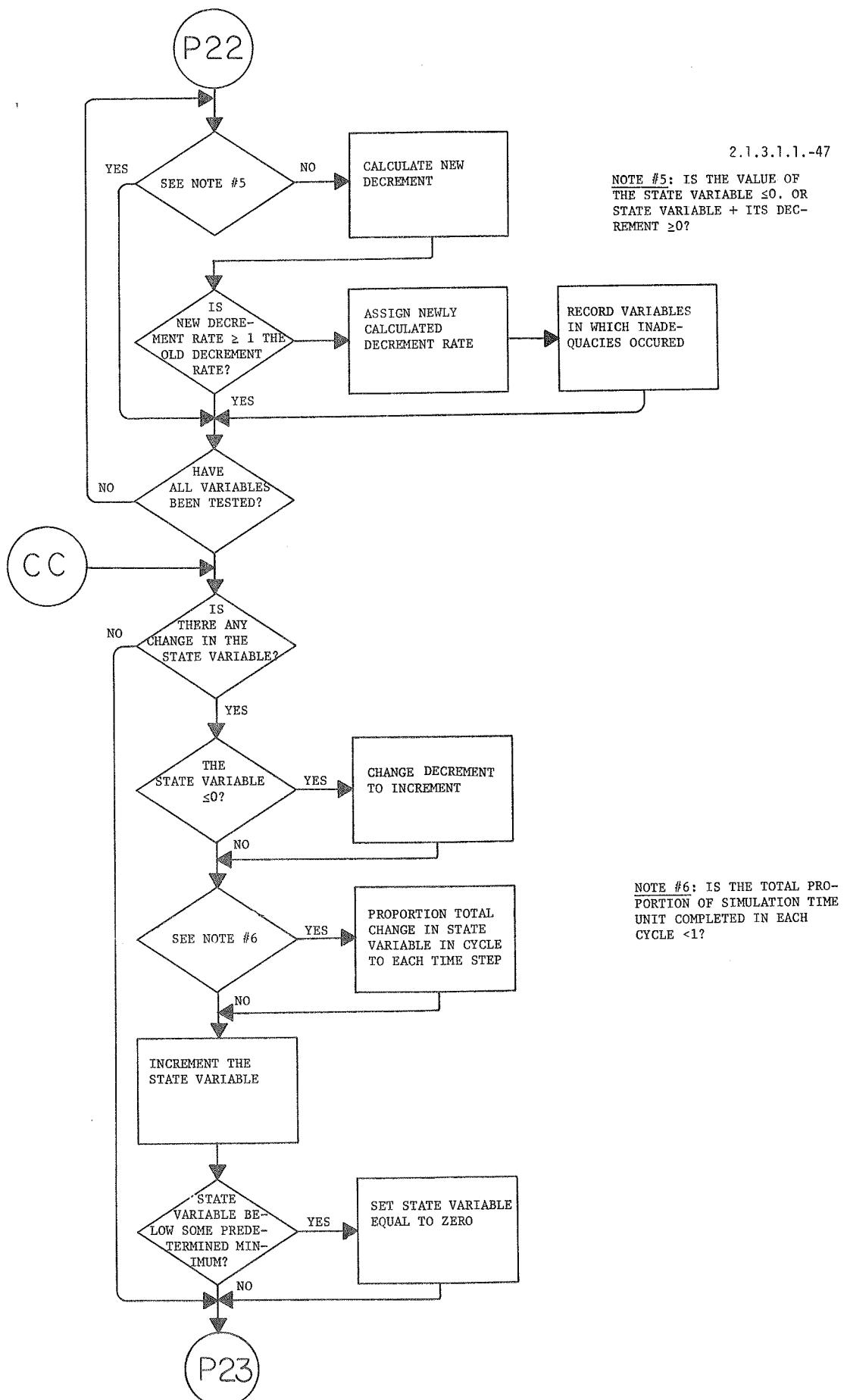




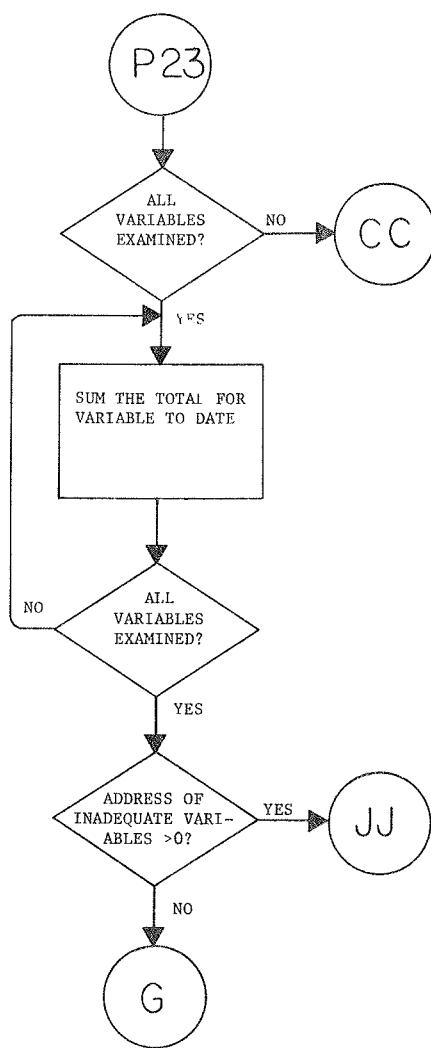


NOTE #1: NUMBER OF UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS DURING TIME PERIOD >1 OR CURRENT SIMULATION DAY ≤ DAY FOR WHICH PRECIPITATION WAS LAST INCREMENTED?





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P24

2.1.3.1.1.-49

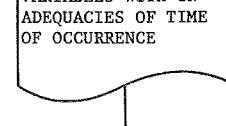
DETERMINE HOW MUCH
SIMULATION TIME IS
LEFT

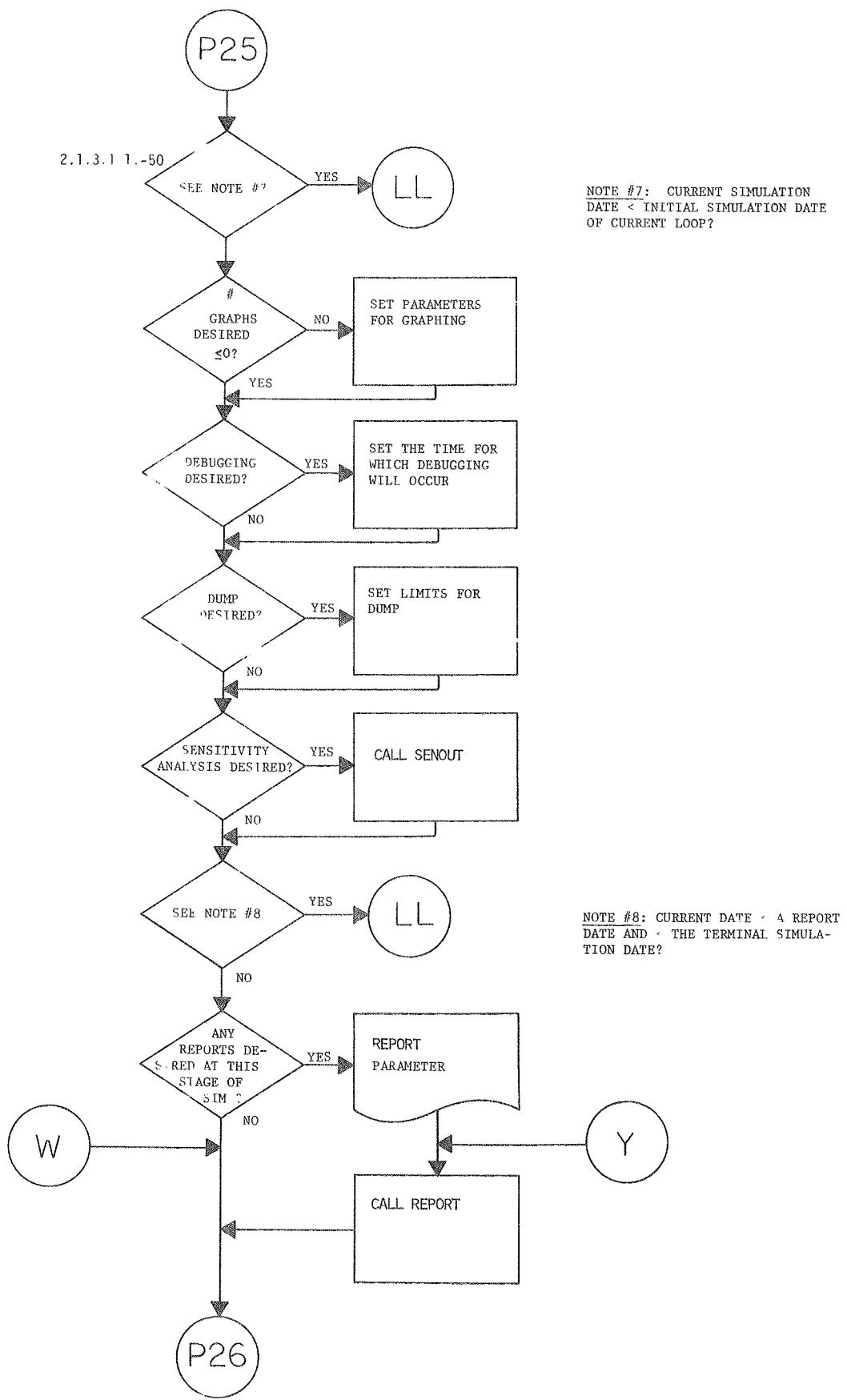
SET THE STATE VARI-
ABLES WITH INADE-
QUACIES TO MINIMUM
VALUES

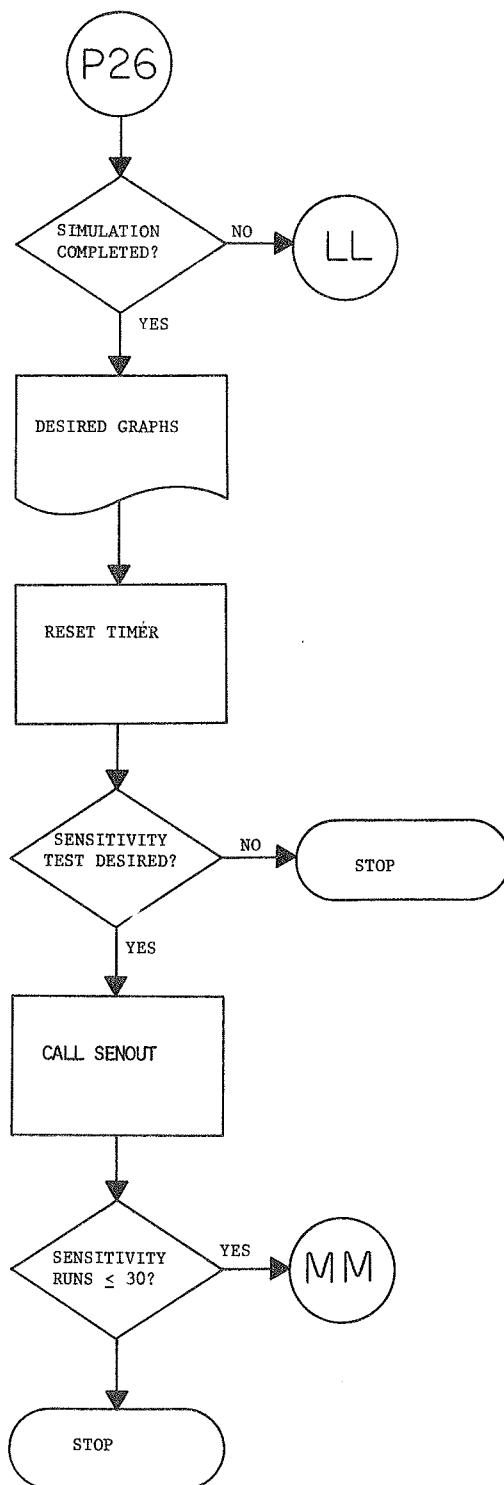
CONSTRUCT AN ARRAY
COMPOSED OF VARI-
ABLES WITH INADE-
QUACIES

VARIABLES WITH IN-
ADEQUACIES OF TIME
OF OCCURRENCE

KK







MAIN
PROGRAM LISTING

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      C FONCTIONAL SUBSTITUTION - CALLING PROGRAM.
      C
      C VARIABLES USED FOR OTHER THAN TEMPORARY PURPOSES ARE DEFINED BELOW.
      C MOST STATE VARIABLES ARE IN UNITS OF GRAMS PER HECTARE. THEIR
      C INCREMENTS IN GRAMS PER HECTARE AND TIME UNIT. EXCEPTIONS ARE INDICATED
      C SPECIFICALLY.
      C
      C PROVISION IS MADE FOR PLANT AND ANIMAL SPECIES GROUPS TO BE DIVIDED
      C INTO DEVELOPMENT STAGES OR COHORTS, WHICH ARE NOT NECESSARILY
      C CONSISTENT AS BETWEEN DIFFERENT SPECIES GROUPS. IN WHAT FOLLOWS,
      C THE TERM "COHORT" REFERS TO A PARTICULAR DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE OF A
      C PARTICULAR SPECIES GROUP.
      C
      C THE FOLLOWING SUBSCRIPTS ARE USED THROUGHOUT THESE EXPLANATORY NOTES.
      C J = TOTAL ACATION. T = PLANT COHORT, J = PLANT ORGAN TYPE,
      C K = CIRRICAL SUBSTITUTION, L = TYPE OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL,
      C N = ANIMAL SPECIES GROUP, V = ENVIRONMENT COHORT. P = PATHWAY OF GAIN OR
      C LOSSES TO THE ECOLOGY-TIME CHANNEL (ATMOSPHERE, SOIL SURFACE). S = PLANT
      C SPECIES GROUP.
      C
      C   C APIOMIN)    CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTION) IN THE NTH ANIMAL
      C   C          COHORT
      C   C ABINMA    CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) TOTALLED OVER ALL
      C   C          ANIMAL COHORTS
      C   C APFCP(M)    CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTION) IN ALL COHORTS OF
      C   C          THE NTH ANIMAL SPECIES
      C   C ADC        SINGLE-COLUMN INCOPMENT FOR GRAPH
      C   C ACATN(K,P)  NET CHANGE IN THE NTH CONSTITUENT IN THE SYSTEM AS A
      C   C          WHOLE THROUGH THE NTH CHANNEL (ATMOSPHERE, SURFACE
      C   C          FLOW; SURSOIL FLOW)
      C   C AGAIN(K,P)  CHANGE PER TIME UNIT IN AGATN(K,P)
      C   C ALINAM(L,T,D) NAME OF THE LTH CATEGORY OF DEAD MATERIAL (UP TO 1F
      C   C          CHARACTERS)
      C   C ALT(L)     CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTION) IN THE LTH CATEGORY
      C   C          OF DEAD MATERIAL
      C   C ALITT      CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) IN THE DEAD MATERIAL
      C   C          MAXIMUM VALUE OF Y AXIS FOR LTH GRAPH.
      C   C AMAXIT    VALUE BELOW WHICH STATE VARIABLE WILL BE SET TO
      C   C          ZERO
      C   C AMINIT    MINIMUM VALUE OF Y AXIS FOR LTH GRAPH
      C   C ANITINC   TIME UNIT FOR SIMULATION IN ANIMAL SUBROUTINE
      C   C ANIMIK,M)  CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUTE IN ALL COHORTS
      C   C          OF THE NTH ANIMAL SPECIES GROUP
      C   C ANIMCG    TIME FOR ANIMAL SUBROUTINE SINCE COMMENCEMENT
      C   C          OF TIME UNIT LTH
      C   C ANNGS     INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN ANNCOV
      C   C ANNCOV   PROPORTION OF GROUND COVERED BY ALL ANNUAL PLANTS
      C   C ANSPK     CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTION) IN THE KTH CATEGORY
      C   C          OF SOIL ORGANIC MATTER
      C   C AOPSH     THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL SOIL ORGANIC MATTER
      C   C          CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTION) IN THE SOIL ORGANIC
      C   C          MATTER
      C   C CASTER    THE TOTAL CARBON IN THE SHED SEEDS OF THE ITH
      C   C          SPECIES AND NTH SEED HORTON
      C   C CESTS    THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL SHED SEEDS OF THE ITH
      C   C          SPECIES (I)
      C

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SPECIES THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL SHED SEEDS
 NO C ASEEDT THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL SHED SEEDS IN THE HTH SEFD
 000 000057 C ASFEDV (H) THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL SHED SEEDS IN THE HTH SEFD
 000 000058 C ATCT
 000 000059 C ASPNAM(M,T,J) NAME OF THE MTH ANIMAL SPECIES (UP TO ?^a CHARACTERS)
 MATTER THE TOTAL CARBON IN DEAD MATERIAL AND SOIL ORGANIC
 000 000060 C ATCT
 000 000061 C AVEG(J,T,J) THE TOTAL CARBON IN THE ECOSYSTEM
 MATTER CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) IN THE JTH ORGAN OF
 THE TTH PLANT COHORT
 000 000062 C AVEG(J,T,J) CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) IN THE ITH PLANT
 COHORT, TOTALLED OVER ALL ORGANS
 000 000063 C AVEG(J,T,J) CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) IN THE JTH ORGAN,
 TOTALLED OVER ALL PLANT COHORTS
 000 000064 C AVEG(J,T,J) CONTENT OF CARBON (ALL FRACTIONS) TOTALLED OVER ALL
 PLANT COHORTS AND ORGANS
 000 000065 C BADD STOPPED BLANK FOR HEADINGS
 000 000066 C CBIM(N,K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE NTH
 000 000067 C CBIM(N,K) ANIMAL COHORT
 000 000068 C CBIM(N,K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT TOTALLED OVER
 ALL ANIMAL COHORTS
 000 000069 C CBIM(N,K) CHANGE DURING THE TIME UNIT IN CPION(MTHK)
 000 000070 C CBIM(N,K) CHANGE IN IITH ACCUMULATOR (IN COMMON BLOCK ACCINC)
 000 000071 C CBIM(N,K) IITH-LTMACC
 000 000072 C CBIM(N,K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE LTH
 CATEGORY OF DEAD MATERIAL
 000 000073 C CLIT(L,K) CHANGE DURING THE TIME UNIT IN CLIT (LTHK)
 000 000074 C CLIT(L,K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN DEAD
 000 000075 C CLIT(L,K) MATERIAL
 000 000076 C CMIN(H,K) THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH MINERAL IN THE INORGANIC SOIL
 000 000077 C CMIN(H,K) MATERIAL IN THE HTH HORIZON
 000 000078 C CMIN(H,K) THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH MINERAL ELEMENT IN THE
 000 000079 C CMIN(H,K) INORGANIC SOIL MATERIAL
 000 000080 C CMIN(H,K) THE INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN CMIN(HTHK)
 000 000081 C COHNAME(L,J,J) THE NAME OF THE ANIMAL COHORT DESIGNATED AS "LL"
 000 000082 C COHNAME(L,J,J) (JJ - 1TH)
 000 000083 C CORG(K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE SOIL
 000 000084 C CORG(K) ORGANIC MATTER
 000 000085 C CORG(K) THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE ITH
 000 000086 C CORG(K) SOIL ORGANIC MATTER TOTALLED OVER ALL HORIZONS
 000 000087 C CORG(K) CHANGE DURING THE TIME UNIT IN CORG(K)
 000 000088 C CORG(K) THE DECIMAL FRACTION OF GROUND COVERED BY THE STH
 000 000089 C CORG(K) PLANT SPECIES
 000 000090 C CORG(K) INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN CORG(K)
 000 000091 C CORG(K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CONSTITUENT IN THE JTH ORGAN OF
 000 000092 C CORG(K) THE ITH PLANT COHORT
 000 000093 C CORG(K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE ITH
 000 000094 C CORG(K) PLANT COHORT SUMMED OVER ALL ORGANS
 000 000095 C CORG(K) CHANGE DURING THE TIME UNIT IN CVEG(I,J,K)
 000 000096 C CORG(K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE JTH
 000 000097 C CORG(K) ORGAN, SUMMED OVER ALL PLANT COHORTS
 000 000098 C CORG(K) CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT, TOTALLED OVER
 000 000099 C CORG(K) ALL PLANT COHORTS AND ORGANS
 000 000100 C CVEG(I,J,K) THE AMOUNT OF PRECIPITATION IN MM ON THE CURRENT DAY
 000 000101 C CVEG(I,J,K) INTEGRAL PART OF TIME SINCE COMMENCEMENT OF TIME
 000 000102 C CVEG(I,J,K) UNIT LOOP

C DECINCK) C CHANGE IN KKTH STATE VARIABLE (KK.LE.LIMIT)
 C DECHAN(K) C ASSOCIATED NAME OF THE JTH MONTH
 C DRYFAV(L,K) C FACTOR PERTAINING THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL
 C CONSTITUENT TO THE DAY MATTER ASSOCIATED WITH IT
 C THE LTH CATEGORY OF MATERIAL
 C DAY AVAILABLE FOR EXTRA STATE VARIABLES AS REQUIRED
 C BY SUBROUTINES
 C INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN DUMMY(J,J)
 C ACCUMULATED NET GAIN OR LOSS OF INEPT PARTICLES
 C THROUGH THE JTH CHANNEL (SEE "AGAIN" ABOVE)
 C CHANGE PER TIME UNIT IN EOD(P)
 C 4F POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION IN MM. ON THE CURRENT
 C DAY
 C EXPLANT(J,J) C IN A GRAPH, EXPLANATION OF THE JTH VARIABLE - UP TO 20
 C CHARACTERS
 C EXPLANIT(I,J) C EXPLANATION (UP TO 20 CHARACTERS) OF JTH LINE IN
 C MULTIPLE-LINE GRAPHICS TAKEN TOGETHER
 C FACTC C PROPORTION OF TIME UNIT STILL TO BE COMPLETED
 C FACTOR C PROPORTION OF UNIT COMPLETED IN ONE CYCLE OF THE
 C TIME UNIT LOOP
 C FIG(TT,J,J) C IN A GRAPH, VALUE OF THE TTTH VARIABLE FOR THE JTH TH
 C COLUMN
 C FIGS (TT,J,J) C VALUES OF THE TTTH VARIABLE FOR SUCCESSIVE COLUMNS OF
 C FINDAY C THE JTH GRAPH
 C FINDAY C A QUANTITY FRACTIONALLY LESS THAN THE TIME AT THE END
 C OF THE CURRENT TIME STEP
 C FRAC C FRACTIONAL PART OF DAY AT POINT OF TIME REACHED
 C FRANAM(K,J,J) C BY SIMULATION
 C FREWAG C NAME OF THE KTH CONSTITUENT, UP TO 16 CHARACTERS
 C FREWAT C THE INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN FREEWATER
 C HIGH C THE DEPTH OF FREE WATER OVER THE SOIL SURFACE, IN MM.
 C HDEP(H) C ARBITRARILY HIGH VALUE TO INITIATE INITIATIONS
 C H2O(P) C THE DEPTH IN MM. TO THE BOTTOM OF THE HTH SOIL HORIZON
 C H2OQD(P) C NET GAIN OR LOSS OF WATER THROUGH THE PTH CHANNEL
 C IDAY C (SEE "AGAIN" ABOVE)
 C IDAY C CHANGE PER TIME UNIT IN H2O(P)
 C IDAY C THE NUMBER OF THE CURRENT DAY - AT THE BEGINNING OF
 C EACH RUN SET EQUAL TO JDAY, AND THEREAFTER INCREMENTED
 C THROUGHOUT THE RUN
 C IDAYPR C THE DAY ON WHICH PPTCM WAS LAST INCREMENTED
 C IDAY1 C INTEGRAL PART (DAYS) IN TIME AT COMMENCEMENT OF THE
 C TIME UNIT LOOP
 C IDAY2 C INTEGRAL PART (DAYS) IN TIME AT COMPLETION OF TIME
 C UNIT LOOP
 C IDUMP(TT) C THE VALUE OF IDAY AT WHICH THE NEXT DUMP OF STATE
 C VARIABLE IS TO BE MADE.
 C ILH C THE STARTING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF PFDAD ROOT CATEGORIES
 C ILIT C THE STARTING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF SURFACE LITTER CATEGORIES
 C IMIN C ADDRESS OF A STATE VARIABLE WHICH IS INADEQUATE TO
 C MEET A PROPOSED DECREMENT.
 C INITYR C STARTING YEAR
 C INSTRU(J,J) C SWITCH FOR THE JTH INSTRUCTION TO BE TRANSFERRED TO
 C IUNIT C SUBROUTINES.
 C IPARAM C THE LOGICAL UNIT FOR THE NEXT DUMP OF STATE VARTABLES.
 C IREP C THE ADDRESS IN THE COMMON BLOCK /PARAM/ FROM WHICH A
 C PRINT-OUT IS TO START
 C R00168 C THE SERIAL NUMBER OF THE NEXT TABULATED REPORT TO BE

C TRUN C RUN COUNTER FOR SENSITIVITY TESTS
 000 000 000 SWITH, POSITIVE FOR SENSITIVITY TESTS
 000 00172 C TSTD THE STARTING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF STANDING DEAD PLANT
 000 00173 C TSW SWITCH FOR SFNOUT SUBROUTINE. 1 DURING RUN, 2 AT
 000 00174 C END OF RUN
 000 000 000 C TYR C TYRDAY CURRENT YEAR DAY, COUNTING FROM JANUARY 1 OF THE CURRENT
 000 000 000 C JDAY YEAR
 000 000 000 C JDUMP THE CURRENT ADDRESS IN IDUMP.
 000 000 000 C JLH THE ENDING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF DEAD ROOT CATEGORIES
 000 000 000 C JLTT THE ENDING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF SURFACE LITTER
 000 000 000 C JPARAM THE ADDRESS IN THE COMMON BLOCK /PARAM/ AT WHICH A
 000 000 000 C JSTATE PRINT-OUT IS TO END
 000 000 000 C JUSTD THE ENDING ADDRESS IN CLIT OF STANDING DEAD PLANT
 000 000 000 C KDAY C KDAY NUMBER OF DAYS SIMULATED TO DATE
 000 000 000 C KDUMP THE FINAL ADDRESS IN IDUMP.
 000 000 000 C LDDBUS VALUE OF IDAY AT WHICH EXTRA OUTPUT IS TO CONCLUDE
 000 000 000 C LIGRAF(I) DESIGNATION NUMBER OF THE ITH VARIABLE TO BE GRAPHED
 000 000 000 C LITACC ADDRESS IN ARRAY "STATE", OR IN ARRAY "SUMS", + 10000,
 000 000 000 C LITACC OR IN ARRAY "STNG" + 20000
 000 000 000 C LIMIT SIZE OF ARRAYS STATE, DECINC
 000 000 000 C LINTOT SIZE OF ARRAY SUMS
 000 000 000 C LISCOM(N) THE NUMERICAL DESIGNATION OF THE NTH ANIMAL COHORT
 000 000 000 C LISTER(I) NUMBER OF CURVES TO BE INCLUDED IN THE ITH GRAPH
 000 000 000 C LISVCO(11) THE INTEGRAL LABEL OF THE NAME OF THE ITH PLANT
 000 000 000 C LITCAT(L) COHRT THE ROW OF DRYFAN TO BE USED AS MULTIPLIFIERS IN
 000 000 000 C LITCAT(L) ESTIMATING DRY MATTER FOR THE LTH CATEGORY OF DEAD
 000 000 000 C LITRUN(L) MATERIAL THE INTEGRAL LABEL OF THE LTH CATEGORY OF DEAD
 000 000 000 C LOOP MATERIAL MOVED DURING DEPOSITION EVENTS
 000 000 000 C LOOPER NUMBER OF TIMES THAT THE TIME UNIT LOOP HAS BEEN
 000 000 000 C ATTEMPTED WITHOUT BEING COMPLETED
 000 000 000 C MDEBUG SWITCH TO RESET EXOCEN INDICES - ZERO WHEN IDAY.GT.0
 000 000 000 C MDEBUG IDAY1, OTHERWISE NEGATIVE WHEN LOOP.EQ.1 AND POSITIVE
 000 000 000 C WHEN LOOP.GT.1
 000 000 000 C MDEBUG VALUE OF IDAY FROM WHICH EXTRA OUTPUT IS TO BEGIN
 000 000 000 C MGRAVITY TEMPORARY STORAGE OF ADDRESSES OF VARIABLES TO BE
 000 000 000 C GRAPHED
 000 000 000 C MONEND THE NUMBER OF DAYS IN THE ITH MONTH
 000 000 000 C MNEND THE NUMBER OF DAY FROM JAN. 1 TO THE END OF THE
 000 000 000 C MONTH CURRENT MONTH
 000 000 000 C MNENZ TEMPORARY STORAGE OF MNEND DURING TIME UNIT LOOP
 000 000 000 C MONTH THE CURRENT MONTH OF THE YEAR
 000 000 000 C MREPI(I) TEMPORARY STORAGE OF MONTH DURING TIME UNIT LOOP
 000 000 000 C NCCHAN DAY FOR THE ITH REPORT
 000 000 000 C NCHECK NUMBER OF CHANNELS FOR EXCHANGE WITH SURROUNDINGS
 000 000 000 C NCHECK SWITCH TO INDICATE FIRST USE OF SUBROUTINES
 000 000 000 C NCOH(W) NUMBER OF DEVELOPMENTAL CATEGORIES (COHORTS) OF THE

* * * ANIMAL SPECIES
 THE ADDRESS IN LINES 4 FOR THE LAST COHORT OF THE MONTH
 ANIMAL SPECIES
 THE NUMBER OF DIFFERENT COHORT NAMES USED
 FINAL DAY OF SIMULATION
 SWITCH FOR OBTAINING THE VALUES OF THE DAILY
 INCREMENTS TO THE STATE VARIABLES. 11 PRODUCES OUTPUT;
 (PRODUCES NO OUTPUT)
 NUMBER OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD MATERIAL FOR
 ESTIMATION OF DRY MATTER FROM CONSTITUENTS
 THE ADDRESSES IN THE /STATE COMMON BLOCK OF THE TIME-TYPE
 VARIABLE WHICH WAS BEEN DECREMENTED TO ZERO DURING THE
 CURRENT TIME UNIT LOOP.
 NUMBER OF CONSTITUENT ELEMENTS OR GROUPS OF ELEMENTS
 NUMBER OF CHEMICAL ELEMENTS OTHER THAN CARBON
 A SWITCH, A POSITIVE VALUE OF WHICH PERMITS THE STATE
 VARIABLE TO BE READ FROM LOGICAL UNIT # RATHER THAN
 FROM CARDS.
 NUMBER OF CARBON FRACTIONS
 STARTING ADDRESS FOR CARBON FRACTIONS IN LIST OF
 CONSTITUENTS
 THE NUMBER OF CARBON FRACTIONS + 2; USED AS A DO LOOP
 PARAMETER
 THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS
 NUMBER OF SOIL HORIZONS
 NHORIZ + 1 (NEEDED FOR DO-LOOPS)
 NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN A HISTOGRAM
 NUMBER OF LINE GRAPHS REQUIRED
 NOGRAF+1 (REQUIRED AS ADDRESS IN GRAPH ARRAYS)
 NUMBER OF BLOCK GRAPHS REQUIRED
 TOTAL NUMBER OF GRAPHS REQUIRED
 NUMBER OF INSTRUCTIONS TO BE TRANSFERRED TO
 SUBROUTINES
 NUMBER OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD MATERIAL
 SWITCH FOR TABULATED REPORTS; 1 FOR OMISSION OF ALL
 BUT INITIAL REPORTS; 2 FOR OMISSION OF ALL, 3 FOR
 OMISSION OF THE INITIAL REPORT ONLY
 NUMBER OF ORGANS FOR EACH PLANT COHORT
 A SWITCH WHICH PROVIDES FOR TIMING OF OUTPUT
 OPERATIONS AND INCREMENTATIONS OF STATE VARIABLES.
 IC USES NO TIMING; 1 CAUSES TIMING OF OUTPUT
 OPERATIONS; 2 CAUSES TIMING OF OUTPUT OPERATIONS AND
 INCREMENTATION OPERATIONS
 NUMBER OF VARIABLES IN A SINGLE GRAPH
 NUMBER OF SUBROUTINES WITHIN DO-LOOPS
 NUMBER OF RUNS FOR SENSITIVITY TESTS
 NUMBER OF DAYS ON WHICH RAIN FALLS
 NUMBER OF TABULATED REPORTS
 NUMBER OF REPETITIONS FOR THE JJ'TH SUBROUTINE
 THE NUMBER OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD MATERIAL MOVED INTO
 THE ECOSYSTEM DURING DEPOSITION EVENTS
 NUMBER OF SOIL HORIZONS WITH BURIED SEED
 SWITCH TO INDICATE PROGRAM IS HALTED BY A FAILURE OF
 DECREMENTATION
 TOTAL NUMBER OF DEVELOPMENTAL CATEGORIES (COHORTS) FOR
 ANIMAL SPECIES
 NUMBER OF ANIMAL SPECIES CATEGORIES

C NSPECV NUMBER OF PLANT SPECIES CATEGORIES
 DCE THE DATE WITHIN THE CURRENT MONTH
 000285 TEMPORARY STORAGE OF NUMMON DURING TIME UNIT LOOP
 000286 TTMF UNIT FOR SIMULATION IN THOUSANDS OF A DAY
 000287 THE ENDING ADDRESS IN LISVCO OF THE JTH PLANT
 CCC SPECIES
 C NVCOH(S) THE NUMBER OF SIZE OR AGE CLASSES (COHORTS) IN THE
 DOD STH PLANT SPECIES
 C NVCOH THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PLANT COHORTS
 DOD THE TOTAL NUMBER OF NAMES OF PLANT COHORTS
 000292 NUMBER OF DAYS IN A YEAR
 000293 NAME OF THE JTH PLANT ORGAN (UP TO 24 CHARACTERS)
 000294 ORGNAME(J,K)
 C NYDAY STARTING POINT FOR TIME UNIT OF SIMULATION
 000295 SWITCH; MUST BE WORD "ZERO" IF THE JTH GRAPH SHOULD
 000296 NOT BE PRINTED TO INCLUDE Y=0
 000297 PARAMETER ARRAY FOR THE PROCESS SUBROUTINES
 000298 INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN PERCOV
 000299 PROPORTION OF GROUND COVERED BY ALL PERENNIAL PLANTS
 000300 THE TIME INTERVAL PER COLUMN OF GRAPHS
 000301 PERIOD
 000302 PLACE(J)
 000303 POPULATION OF THE NTH ANIMAL COHORT, NUMBER PER
 000304 HECTARE
 000305 POPULATION OF THE NTH PLANT COHORT, NUMBER PER
 000306 HECTARE
 000307 CHANGE DURING THE TIME UNIT IN POP(N)
 000308 POPULATION OF ALL COHORTS OF THE NTH ANIMAL SPECIES
 000309 GROUP, NUMBER PER HECTARE
 000310 ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION IN MILLIMETERS
 000311 THE CARBON IN THE JTH ORGAN OF ALL COHORTS IN THE
 000312 STH PLANT SPECIES GROUP
 000313 THE TOTAL CARBON IN ALL COHORTS OF THE STH PLANT
 000314 SPECIES GROUP
 000315 THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
 000316 SHED SEEDS OF THE STH SPECIES AND HTH HORIZON
 000317 DEPTH (IN MM) OF THE BOTTOM OF THE HTH HORIZON FOR
 000318 BURIED SEED (THE FIRST HORIZON CONSISTS OF SEEDS LYING
 000319 ON THE SURFACE)
 000320 THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
 000321 SHED SEEDS OF THE STH PLANT SPECIES GROUP.
 000322 SEEDQ(J,T,H,K) THE INCREMENT IN SEED (T,H,K)
 000323 SEEDV (H,K) THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
 000324 HTH HORIZON
 000325 SHED SEEDS OF THE HTH HORIZON
 000326 THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
 000327 TOTAL SHED SEED BIOMASS
 000328 WEIGHT OF SNOW COVER (MM. PER HA.)
 000329 DEPTH OF SNOW COVER (MM.)
 DCP330 TIME UNIT FOR SIMULATION IN SOILS SUBROUTINE
 000330 TIME FOR SOILS SUBROUTINE SINCE COMMENCEMENT OF TIME
 000331 UNIT LOOP
 000332 MEAN TEMPERATURE OF THE HTH SOIL HORIZON
 000333 JTH STATE VARIABLE (TILE.LIMIT), THIS ARRAY IS ALSO
 C STATE (J) USED FOR INITIAL COMMENTS
 000334 JTH ACCUMULATOR (IN COMMON BLOCK ACC) (TILE.LIMACC)
 000335 JTH TOTAL (TILE.LIMTOT)
 000336 CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE JTH
 000337 ORGAN OF ALL COHORTS OF THE STH PLANT SPECIES
 000338 THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN ALL
 CCC339 COHORTS OF THE TTH SPECIES
 000340 C

THE DECIMAL FRACTION OF GROUND COVERED BY THE ENTIRE
 PLANT COMMUNITY
 INCREMENT PER TIME UNIT IN TCOVFR
 TIME EXPIRED SINCE LAST INQUIRY
 TITLE OF A GRAPH - UP TO 80 CHARACTERS)
 TITLE OF THE KTH GRAPH, UP TO 80 CHARACTERS
 CONTENT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN ALL DEAD
 MATERIAL + SOIL ORGANIC MATTER.
 TOTAL KTH CONSTITUENT IN WHOLE ECOSYSTEM.
 TIME UNIT FOR STIMULATION IN DAY
 TIME UNIT FOR STIMULATION IN DAY
 THE NAME OF THE PLANT COHOTS DESIGNATED AS "LL"
 .IJ = 104)

C VFGCC TIME FOR VEGET SUPROUTINE SINCE COMMENCEMENT OF
 C VFTNC TIME UNIT FOR STIMULATION TN VEGET SUBROUTINE
 C VSPNAM NAME OF THE STH PLANT SPECIE (UP TO 29 CHARACTERS)
 C WATARS UNIT IN WATER (H)
 C WATARS UNIT IN WATER (H)
 C WATERS UNIT IN WATER (H)
 C WATERS UNIT IN WATER TENSION, IN ATMOSPHERES, OF THE HTH HUMITON
 C YDOTTY VALUE FOR THE ITTH COLUMN OF A BLOCK GRAPH
 C XMAX MAXIMUM VALUE FOR X AXIS IN A GRAPH
 C YMIN MINIMUM VALUE FOR X AXIS IN A GRAPH
 C XTITLE(JJ) TITLE FOR THE X AXIS OF A GRAPH, UP TO 40 CHARACTERS
 C YAXISS(TT, JJ) TITLE FOR THE Y AXIS IN THE ITTH GRAPH (UP TO 40 CHARACTERS)
 C YMAX MAXIMUM VALUE FOR Y AXIS IN A GRAPH
 C YMIN MINIMUM VALUE FOR Y AXIS IN A GRAPH
 C YTITLE(JJ) TITLE FOR THE Y AXIS OF A GRAPH. - UP TO 40 CHARACTERS
 C ZERC STORED WORD 'ZERO' FOR COMPARISON WITH ORIGIN

C THE COMMON BLOCK /NAME/ CONTAINS THE NAMES REQUIRED FOR
 C TABULATED OUTPUT

C COMMON/NAMES/COHNAM(12P,4),VCONAM(10,4),VSPNAM(10,7),ASPNAM(10,7),
 1 CRGNAM(10,6),FRANAM(10,3),ALTNAM(15,6)

C COMMON BLOCK /ACC/ CONTAINS ACCUMULATED CHANGES, WHICH MAY BE
 C NEGATIVE. COMMON BLOCK /ACCINC/ CONTAINS THE INCREMENTS TO THE
 C ARRAYS IN /ACC/ FOR A SINGLE TIME UNIT.

C COMMON /ACC/ AGAIN(3,4),EROD(3),H20(3)
 C COMMON /ACCINC/ ACAIN(3,4),EPD0(3),H20QQQ(3)

C COMMON /SPEC/ NSPECV,NORGAN,NFRACT,
 C COMMON /SPEC/ CONTAINS SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION
 C COMMON TO THE WHOLE SET OF PROGRAMS, BUT EXCLUDING STATE AND
 C OXYGENOUS VARIABLES.

C COMMON/SPEC/NCHAN/INSTRU(2G),
 1 NCAY,NELEM,NOLIT,NCHECK,IDAY,TYRDAY,NREPET(20),NDEBUG,NHORTZ
 2,NCAC(15),LITSCH(2),NCCHC(17),NCOHOR,NFRFLM,NFRAC1,NSPCOH,MONTH,
 3 HCD(15),LITRUN(5),NREP(12),TYR,DRYFAV(3,5)*LITCAT(15)
 4,NCVEC0H,LIVC0(15),NCVCH(15),NSEC5,IRUN,NRUNLT
 5,ISTD,JSTD,ILIT,JIIT,ILH,SEEDEP(6),NSEEDH,NELEM,SJSTATE,JDAY
 6,LOOPR

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0000C79
000040C
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C COMMON CLOCK /CTHER/ CONTAINS A NUMBER OF VARIABLES OTHER THAN
C STATE VARIABLES NEEDED FOR COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MAIN PROGRAM
C AND SUBROUTINES.
C----- COMMON/OTHER/ATOT,ATOT,NDODF,SOILTE(15),PRECMN,WATER(5)
C----- COMMON BLOCK /MFTCOR/ CONTAINS THE VALUES OF EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
C FOR THE CURRENT TIME UNIT.
C----- COMMON/METEOR/ADUMMY(65),DASNOW,DRAIN
C----- COMMON BLOCK /TOTALS/ CONTAINS SUMS OF THE STATE VARIABLES,
C TOGETHER WITH CERTAIN OTHER VARIABLES REQUIRING INITIALIZATION
C BUT NOT INCREMENTATION AT EACH TIME UNIT.
C----- COMMON/TOTALS/CVEG(10,6),CVEGO(15,6),CVEGVO(6),AVFGV(10),AVEGV(15,MN)
C----- 1)AVFGV,ABIONA,CBTIONA(6),ALITY,CLIT(15),SEEDW(6),ABIOSPL(10),M
C----- ZTOT(6),POPSPL(10),AVFG(15,10),ABION(30),ALIT(15),AORG(5),TOTAL(6),M
C----- 3ANIM(1C,6),CVEG(10*1C,6),SAVES(10*10),SVEGO(10,6),SAVEGOL(10)
C----- 4)ASEED(10,6),ASEEDV(6),SEEDH(10),SEEDW(6,6),SEEDH(10,6)
C----- 5)COUGH(5),AORGH,CMINH(6)
C----- COMMON BLOCK /STAT/ CONTAINS THE STATE VARIABLES AND /CHANGE/
C THE P INCREMENTS OR DECREMENTS FOR THE CURRENT TIME UNIT.
C----- COMMON/STATE/CVEG(15,10,6),SEED(10,6,6),POP(30),CBTOM(30,6),
C----- 1)CLIT(15,6),CNSG(5,6),CMIN(5,6),SNOCOV,WATARS(5),
C----- 2)ANNCOV,PERCV,TCVFR,COVER(10),FREWFAT,DUMMY(30)
C----- COMMON /CHANGE/CVEGG(15,10,6),SEEDGG(10*5,6),POPGG(7C),
C----- 1)CBTONG(3C,6),CLITGG(15,6),CORGGG(5,6),
C----- 2)SNOCOG,WATABG(5),
C----- ?)FORWAG,DUMMY(300)
C----- COMMON BLOCK /DIAGP/ CONTAINS INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR GRAPHS.
C----- COMMON/DIAGR/FIG (18,70),EXPLA (5, 8),TITLE(20),YTITLE(10), MAIN0340
C----- 1)XDNT(71),XMAX,YMAX,YMIN,NOSYM,INITYR
C----- COMMON BLOCK /PARAM/ CONTAINS THE VALUES OF PARAMETERS USED BY THE
C PROCESS SUBROUTINES.
C----- COMMON /PARAM/ P(10200)
DIMENSION ORIGIN(30),LIGRAF(30),STNG(18),CHNG(18),MONDAY(12).
1 PLACE(20),DECJAN(12),NEGATE(20),MCRA(8),REST(14),TDUMP(5)
DIMENSTON AMAXI(30),AMINI(30),FIGS(30,70),EXPLAN(5,30) MAIN0370
DIMENSION STATE(1940),DECTNC(11940),SUMS(1459)
DIMENSTON TITLES(35,20),YAXTS(35,15),LISTER(10)
EQUVALENCE (STNG, AGAIN),(CHNG, AGAINQ),(REST, ATOT)
EQUVALENCE (STATE, CVEG), (DEFINC, CVEGGQ),(SUMS, CVEGV)
DATA AMICROW,OC1/*HIGH/1.E20/,NYRDAY/365/,NOCOL/71/,FRAC/0./
DATA IOUNTY/10/,JDUMP/1/
DATA LIMTOT/1453/,LIMACC/18/,LIMIT/1940/
DATA NREP/20*1/,BLANK/' ',IMIN/0/,LOOP/1/,NDERUG/C/
DATA MONDAY/31,28,31,30,31,30,2*31,30,31,30,31,30,JXXX/C/
DATA DECJAN/*JAN*,FEB*,MAD*,APR*,MAY*,JUNE*,JULY*,AUG*,MAIN0410
1)SEPT*,OCT*,NOV*,DEC*/ZERO*/,ORIGIN/30*//
TIMER=EXTIME(1) MAIN0420
MAIN0440

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0C74EE      T01A
0C7456      NC1AA = 3
0C1:      JY = 1
000457      JY = 2
000458      1E FORMAT /////
000459      WRITE (E,1r)
000460      C
000461      C COMMENTS ARE READ IN AND PRINTED OUT UNTIL A BLANK CARD
000462      C TS ENCOUNTERED
000463      C
000464      C 2E QFAR (5*25D) (STAT(I), I=1,2C)
000465      C      WPTTE(5*3C) (STATE(I), I=1,3C)
000466      C      3C FORMAT (I1H, 1(V, ,7A4))
000467      C      NC 4T - 3C
000468      C      TS STATE(7).NF = 3BLANK) GO TO 2C
000469      C      CONTINUE
000470      C      DC 5C I = 1, L1VIT
000471      C      STAT(I) = 0.
000472      C
000473      C 5F DFCTNC(I) = 0.
000474      C      DO 6C I=1,IMACC
000475      C      CTNC(I) = 0.
000476      C      CHNG(I) = 0.
000477      C      PFCNM = 0.
000478      C      NCHFCK = 0
000479      C
000480      C      A HFADING TO READ IN FOR TABULAR OUTPUT
000481      C
000482      C 5FAD(5*25D) (PLACE(I), I=1,2C)
000483      C
000484      C 5P SPECIFICATIONS, SWITCHES AND INSTRUCTIONS ARE READ IN
000485      C
000486      C
000487      C      NELEM, THE NUMBER OF CONSTITUENT ELEMENTS MODELLED, IS
000488      C      ASSUMED TO INCLUDE CARBON UNLESS TWO OR MORE CARBON
000489      C      FRACTIONS (THE NUMBER OF WHICH IS GIVEN IN NFRACT) ARE
000490      C      DISTINGUISHED.
000491      C      READ (5*23C) NSPEC, NSPECA, NORCAN, NFRACT, NELEM, NOLIT, NCOHOR,
000492      C      NWCOHR, NHCRIT, NSEEDH, NDRCAT, NUNIT, NOTNST, NCOHOR,
000493      C      READ (5*23C) JDAY, TYR, NDAY, NRFP, NOGRAF, NOHIST
000494      C      INITTYR = TYR
000495      C      JDAYPR = JDAY - 1
000496      C      TF (NRFP, ST,0) CO TO 62
000497      C      NRFD = 1
000498      C      MPER(I) = NDAY
000499      C      GR TO 66
000500      C
000501      C 6E NELEM = NFILEM
000502      C      READ (5*23C) (NRFP(I), I = 1, NRFP)
000503      C      PEADS(23C, MDBUG, NOSECS, TISENSE, NOREF, JSTATE, IPARAM, JPARAM)
000504      C      1, NEWBEG, KDUMP, (IDUMP(I), I=1, KJUMP)
000505      C      IF ((MDBUG .GT. 0) .AND. (MDERUR .LE. JDAY)) NDEBUG = 1
000506      C      TF (LDEBUG, 1, NFILEM) LDEBUG = NDAY
000507      C      TF (NFRACT, LC, C) NFILEM = NFILEM - 1
000508      C      TF (NUNIT, LC, C) NUNIT = 1000
000509      C      UNIT = FLOOR(NUNIT) * .0C1
000510      C      TF (NFRACT, LE, 1) NFRACT = 0
000511      C      TF (NDRCAT, LE, 1) NDRCAT = 7
000512      C      TF (NSEEDH, LE, 1) NSEEDH = 1

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0000512      IF(NHORIZ.LE.0)NHORIZ=1          MAIN0780
0000513      IF(UNORGAN.LE.0)UNORGAN=1      MAIN0780
0000514
0000515
0000516      C.....INSTRUCTIONS TO PROCESS SUBROUTINES ARE PROVIDED
0000517      IF(UNINST.GT.0)RFAD(5,230) (INSTRUTIV,I=1,NOINST)
0000518      IF(UNTIME.LE.0) GO TO 90           MAIN0800
0000519      C.....FREQUENCY OF REPETITION OF PROCESS SUBROUTINES WITHIN A
0000520      C.....TIME UNIT IS SPECIFIED
0000521      DO 70 I = 1, NTIME               MAIN0820
0000522      70 READ (5,230) J, NRREPET(J)   MAIN0830
0000523      80 NFRACT = NFLEMS + 1          MAIN0840
0000524      CCN VEGTNC = UNIT/FLOAT(NRREPET(1)) - .00001
0000525      CCN ANITNC = UNIT/FLOAT(NRREPET(2)) - .00001
0000526      CCN SOITNC = UNIT/FLOAT(NRREPET(3)) - .00001
0000527      CCN NFPELMENFRACT+NFLEM
0000528      CCN NFPEAC2=NFRACT+2
0000529      CCN IF (NSPECV.LE.0) GO TO 150
0000530      C----- THE STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT FOR THE DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES GROUPS
0000531      C----- ARE SPECIFIED
0000532      C----- ARE SPECIFIED
0000533      C----- ARE SPECIFIED
0000534      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000535      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000536      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000537      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000538      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000539      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000540      DO 90 I = 1, NSPECV
0000541      DO 100 READ (5,230) NYCOH(I), I=1,NSPECV
0000542      100 READ (5,230) NYCOCU(I) = NYCOH(I)
0000543      K1 = 0
0000544      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000545      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000546      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000547      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000548      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000549      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000550      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000551      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000552      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000553      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000554      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000555      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000556      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000557      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000558      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000559      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000560      DO 140 I = 1, NSPECV
0000561      DO 120 L = K, K1
0000562      DO 120 L = K, K1
0000563      DO 130 READ (5,230) LIISVCO(L), L = K, K1
0000564      DO 140 CONTINUE
0000565      DO 150 IF (NSPECV.LE.0) GO TO 270
0000566
0000567
0000568      C----- THE STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT FOR THE DIFFERENT ANIMAL SPECIES
0000569      C----- GROUPS ARE SPECIFIED.

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      C-----+
      C-----+ THE NUMBER OF STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT FOR EACH ANIMAL GROUP
      C-----+ ARE READ.
      C-----+
      000575    000      TF(NVCOHOR.GT.1) GO TO 170
      000      DC1CC,I=1,NSPFCA
      000      NCCHC(I)=I
      150      NCNHI(I)=I
      GO TO 270
      C-----+
      000576    000      C-----+
      000577    000      C-----+
      000578    002      C-----+
      000579    002      C-----+
      000580    000      C-----+
      000581    000      C-----+
      000582    000      C-----+
      000583    000      C-----+
      000584    000      C-----+
      000585    000      C-----+
      000586    000      C-----+
      000587    000      C-----+
      000588    000      C-----+
      000589    000      C-----+
      000590    000      C-----+
      000591    000      C-----+
      000592    000      C-----+
      000593    000      C-----+
      000594    000      C-----+
      000595    000      C-----+
      000596    000      C-----+
      000597    000      C-----+
      000598    000      C-----+
      000599    000      C-----+
      000600    000      C-----+
      000601    000      C-----+
      000602    000      C-----+
      000603    000      C-----+
      000604    000      C-----+
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      000609    000      C-----+
      000610    000      C-----+
      000611    000      C-----+
      000612    000      C-----+
      000613    000      C-----+
      000614    000      C-----+
      000615    000      C-----+
      000616    000      C-----+
      000617    000      C-----+
      000618    000      C-----+
      000619    000      C-----+
      000620    000      C-----+
      000621    000      C-----+
      000622    000      C-----+
      000623    000      C-----+
      000624    000      C-----+
      000625    000      C-----+
      C-----+
      C-----+ THE NAMES OF THE VARIOUS ECOSYSTEM COMPONENTS ARE READ IN.
      C-----+
      270      IF(NSPECV.GT.0)READ(15,280)((VSPNAM(I,J),J=1,7),I=1,NSPECV)
      280      FORMAT(14A4)
      3CD      READ(15,25C)((FRANAM(I,J),J=1,3),I=1,INFRELW)
      IIF(NSPECV.GT.1)READ(15,250)((VCONAM(I,J),J=1,4),I=1,NCOHR)
      IF(NORGAN.LE.1)GO TO 300
      PFD(5,290)((ORGNA(I,J),J=1,6),I=1,NORGAN)
      290      FORMAT(18A4)
      C-----+
      C-----+ N.B. IF "CARBON FRACTIONS ARE NOT DISTINGUISHED, TOTAL
      C-----+ CARBON" IS ASSUMED TO HAVE THE LAST PLACE IN THE LIST OF
      C-----+ CONSTITUENTS.
      3CD      READ(15,25C)((FRANAM(I,J),J=1,3),I=1,INFRELW)
      TF(NVCOHOR.GT.1)READ(15,250)((VCONAM(I,J),J=1,4),I=1,NCOHR)
      TF(NCOHOR.GT.1)READ(15,250)((CCCHNAM(I,J),J=1,4),I=1,NCOHR)
      IIF(NOLIT.GT.0)READ(15,290)((ALINAM(I,J),J=1,6),I=1,NOLIT)
      290      FORMAT(18A4)
      C-----+
      C-----+ INFORMATION FOR DRY-MATTER CALCULATIONS IS READ IN.
      C-----+

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000626      IF (NOLIT.GT.0) READ (5,230) (LITCAT(I), I=1,NOLIT)          MAIN1600
000627      DO 710 J = 1, NRCAT                                         MAIN1610
000628      710 READ (5,240) (DRYFAV(J,I), I=1,NFRELIM)                 MAIN1620
C----- C INFORMATION ABOUT DEPTHS OF SOIL HORIZONS AND THE VERTICAL
C----- DISTRIBUTION OF SEEDS AND DEAD MATERIAL, I= READ IN.
C----- C
C----- IF (NOLIT.GT.0) READ (5,230) ISTD, JSTD, ILIT, JLH, JLIH        MAIN1630
C----- SEEDEP(1) = 0.
C----- IF (NSEEDH.GT.1) READ (5,240) (SEEDEPI, I=2,NSEEDH)             MAIN1640
C----- 320 NHORZ1 = NHORIZ + 1                                         MAIN1650
C----- HORDEP(1) = C.
C----- READ (5,240) (HORDEP(I), I=2,NHORZ1)                           MAIN1660
C----- C
C----- INITIAL VALUES FOR THE STATE VARIABLES ARE READ IN, FROM AN
C----- INPUT FILE IF THE SWITCH NEWREG IS POSITIVE, OTHERWISE FROM CARD
C----- INPUT.
C----- C
C----- IF (NEWBEG.LE.0) GO TO 330
C----- REWIND 9
C----- READ (91) STATE
C----- GO TO 420
C----- 330 IF (NSPECV.LE.0) GO TO 360
C----- NVECOH = NVCOCU(NSPECV)
C----- C.....PLANT CONSTITUENTS
C----- DO 340 I = 1, NVECOH
C----- DO 340 J = 1, NORGAN
C----- READ (5,240) (CVEG(I,J,K), K = 1, NFRELM)
C----- 340 CONTINUE
C----- C.....CONSTITUENTS OF SHED SEEDS
C----- DO 350 I=1,NSPECV
C----- DO 350 J = 1, NSEEDH
C----- 350 PEAD (5,240) (SEED(I,J,K), K=1,NFRELIM)
C----- 360 IF (NSPECA.LE.0) GO TO 380
C----- DO 370 K = 1, NSPECA
C----- K1=1
C----- IF (K.GT.1) K1=NCOHCU(K-1)+1
C----- K2=NCOHCU(K)
C----- C.....ANIMAL POPULATIONS
C----- READ (5,240) (POP(J), J=K1,K2)
C----- D037J=K1,K2
C----- C.....ANIMAL CONSTITUENTS
C----- 370 PEAD (5,240) (CPTOM(I,J,I), I = 1, NFRELM)
C----- NSPCOH=NCOHCU(NSPECA)
C----- 380 IF (NOLIT.LE.0) GO TO 400
C----- C.....CONSTITUENTS OF DEAD MATERIAL
C----- DO 390 I = 1, NOLIT
C----- 390 READ (5,240) (CLIT(I,K), K = 1,NFRELIM)
C----- C.....CONSTITUENTS OF SOIL
C----- 400 DO 410 I = 1, NHORT
C----- 410 READ (5,240) (CORS(I,K), K=1,NFRELIM)

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2.1.3.1.1.~64

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0000740      IF (K1.GT.NELEM) ALIT(I) = ALIT(I) + A
0000741      CLIT(K1) = CLIT(K1) + A
0000742      530 CONTINUE
0000743      IF ((ALIT(I)).LE.0.) AND.((CLIT(I,NFRELM).GT.0.)) ALIT(I) =
1      CLIT(I,NFRELM)
0000744      540 ALIT = ALIT + ALIT(I)
0000745      END
0000746      C.....SOIL STATE VARIABLES ARE TOTALLED
0000747      55C DO 570 I = 1, NHORT
0000748      DO 560 K1 = 1, NFRELM
0000749      DO
0000750      DO 55C DO 570 I = 1, NHORT
0000751      DO 560 K1 = 1, NFRELM
0000752      A = CORG(I,K1)
0000753      IF (A.LE.0.) GO TO 56C
0000754      IF (K1.GT.NELEM) AORG(I) = AORG(I) + A
0000755      CORGH(K1) = CORGH(K1) + A
0000756      56C IF ((CMIN(I,K1).GT.0.) CMINH(K1) = CMINH(K1) + CMIN(I,K1)
0000757      IF ((AORG(I)).LE.0.) AND.((CORG(I,NFRELM).GT.0.)) AORG(I) =
1      CORG(I,NFRELM)
0000758      570 AORG(I) = AORG(I) + AORG(I)
0000759      IF (NSPCV.LE.0.) GO TO 700
0000760      C.....PLANT STATE VARIABLES ARE TOTALLED BY ORGANS
0000761      DO 600 J = 1, NORGAN
0000762      DO 590 K = 1, NFRELM
0000763      DO 580 I = 1, NVECOM
0000764      DO 570 IF ((CVEG(I,J,K).GT.0.) CVEG(J,K) = CVEG(J,K) + CVEG(I,J,K))
0000765      59C CONTINUE
0000766      IF (INFRAC.T.LT.1.) AVEGV(J) = CVEG(J,NFRFLM)
0000767      600 CONTINUE
0000768      C.....STATE VARIABLES FOR SHED SEEDS ARE TOTALLED
0000769      DO 640 I = 1, NSPECV
0000770      DO 630 J = 1, NSEEDH
0000771      DO 620 K = 1, NFRFLM
0000772      DO 610 IF (SEED(I,J,K).EQ.C.160 TO EN4
0000773      603 CONTINUE
0000774      DO 600
0000775      DO 604 DO 605 K = 1, NFRELM
0000776      DO 605 SEED(I,J,K) = D.
0000777      DO 608 DO 620 K = 1, NFRFLM
0000778      DO 600
0000779      DO 603
0000780      DO 604 IF (A.LE.0.) GO TO 620
0000781      DO 605 SEED(I,J,K) = D.
0000782      DO 608 DO 620 K = 1, NFRFLM
0000783      DO 600
0000784      DO 603
0000785      DO 604 IF (K.LE.NELEM) GO TO 610
0000786      ASEED(I,J) = ASEED(I,J) + A
0000787      DO 605 ASEEDV(J) = ASEEDV(J) + A
0000788      DO 606 ASEEDH(I) = ASEEDH(I) + A
0000789      DO 607 ASEEDT = ASEEDT + A
0000790      DO 608 SEEDH(I,K) = SEEDH(I,K) + A
0000791      DO 609 SEEDV(H(K)) = SEEDV(H(K)) + A
0000792      DO 610 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000793      DO 611 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000794      DO 612 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000795      DO 613 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000796      DO 614 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000797      DO 615 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000798      DO 616 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000799      DO 617 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000800      DO 618 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000801      DO 619 SEEDV(J,K) = SEEDV(J,K) + A
0000802      DO 620 TF INFRACT.GT.0.160 TO 630
0000803      IF (SEED(I,J,NFRELM).GT.0.) ASEED(I,J) = SEED(I,J,NFRELM)
0000804      ASEEDV(J) = SEEDV(J,NFRELM)
0000805      630 CONTINUE
0000806      IF (INFRACT.GT.0.) GO TO 640
0000807      ASEEDH(I) = SEEDH(I,NFRELM)
0000808      640 CONTINUE

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```

000 IF (*K.GT.NELEM) AORGH= AORGH+ CORGH(K)
000 TOT(K)= CORGH(K)+ CLTT(K) + CMNH(K)
000 IF (*AORGH.LE.C) AORGH = C02GH(NFREL)
000 ATOT = AORGH+ ALIT+
000
000 TOTALS FOR THE WHOLE SYSTEM ARE CALCULATED
000
000 760 DC 770 K = 1, NFDLM
000 770 TOTAL(K) = CBICMACK + CVEGVO(K) + SEEDVH(K) + TOT(K)
000 ATOT = ABIOMA + AVEGVO + AFEDDT + ATOT
000 IF (*IMIN.GT.D) GO TO 1320
000 IF (*NCHECK.NE.1) GO TO 1340
000
C- THE DATE IS INITIALIZED
C-
000 IF (*MOD(IYR,4).GT.0) GO TO 780
000 MONDAY(2) = 29
000 NYDAY = 365
000 780 IF (*JDAY.LE.0) JDAY = 1
000 IF (*NDAY.LE.JDAY) NDAY = JDAY + 1
000 K = 0
000
C- GRAPHING INSTRUCTIONS ARE READ
C-
000 NOHIS = NOGRAF+1
000 NOHISU = NOGRAF + NOHIST
000 790 IF (*NOGRAF.LE.0) GO TO 860
000
C- INSTRUCTIONS FOR LINE GRAPHS
000
000 800 CONTINUE
000 810 LISTER(I) = K
000 820 READ(15,250) TITLES(I,J), J = 1,2C
000 PREAD(15,250) YAXIS(I,J), J=1,1C, ORIGIN(I)
000 DO 800 J = 1, 8
000 IF (*MGRA(J).LE.0) GO TO 810
000 K = K + 1
000 LIGRAF(K) = MGRA(J)
000
000 830 CONTINUE
000 840 LIST(I) = K
000 850 READ(15,250) TITLES(L,J), J = 1,2C
000 PREAD(15,250) YAXIS(L,J), J=1,1C, ORIGIN(L)
000 IF (*K.LE.I) GO TO 830
000 DO 820 J = I,K
000 820 READ(15,250) EXPLAN(L,J), L = 1,5
000 GOTO 850
000 830 DO 840 J = 1,5
000 840 EXPLAN(J,I) = BLANK
000 850 CONTINUE
000 860 IF (*NOHIST.LE.0) GO TO 890
000
C- INSTRUCTIONS FOR BLOCK GRAPHS
000 870 K1 = K + 1
000 K2 = K + NOHIST
000 PREAD(15,230) LIGRAF(I), I = K1, K2
000 DO 870 I = NOHIS,NOHISU
000 880 READ(15,250) TITLES(I,J), J = 1, 2C
000 PREAD(15,250) YAXIS(I,J), J=1,1C, ORIGIN(I)
000 880 FORMAT(*,20A4)
000
000 890
000 900
000 910
000 920
000 930
000 940
000 950
000 960
000 970
000 980
000 990
000 1000
000 1010
000 1020
000 1030
000 1040
000 1050
000 1060
000 1070
000 1080
000 1090
000 1100
000 1110
000 1120
000 1130
000 1140
000 1150
000 1160
000 1170
000 1180
000 1190
000 1200
000 1210
000 1220
000 1230
000 1240
000 1250
000 1260
000 1270
000 1280
000 1290
000 1300
000 1310
000 1320
000 1330
000 1340
000 1350
000 1360
000 1370
000 1380
000 1390
000 1400
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INITIALIZATIONS OF TANGULAR OUTPUT ARE INITIALIZED

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000911      MAIN3520
000912      MAIN3530
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000926      MAIN3670
000927      MAIN3680
000928      MAIN3690
000929      MAIN3700
000930      MAIN3710
000931      MAIN3720
000932      MAIN3730
000933      C   PROCESS SUBROUTINES ARE CALLED TO PERMIT PARAMETERS TO BE READ
000934      C
000935      CALL VINPUT
000936      CALL AINPUT
000937      CALL SINPUT
000938      C   IF REQUIRED, PART OF THE COMMON BLOCK /PARAM/ IS PRINTED OUT.
000939      C
000940      IF (IPARAM.LE.0) GO TO 947
000941      WRYTE (5*943) IPARAM, JPARAM
000942      943 FORMAT (5*943) IPARAM, JPARAM
000943      FROM COMMON BLOCK /PARAM/ FROM ADDRESS*, I6,* TO ADDRESS*, I6,/1
000944      WRTTE (6*945) (P(I), I = IPARAM, JPARAM)
000945      945 FORMAT (1X, 1G12.5)
000946      947 IRUN = 1
000947      IF (TENSENSE.EQ.0) GO TO 950
000948      C   IF SENSITIVITY TESTS ARE BEING PERFORMED, THE SUBROUTINE SENSIT
000949      C   IS CALLED TO SET THE INITIAL CONDITIONS
000950      C
000951      CALL SENSTIT(RUN)
000952      C
000953      950 INFTRUN.EQ.1) GO TO 960
000954      DAYPR = JDAY - 1
000955      FRAC = C.
000956      CMIN = 0
000957      TREP = 1
000958      CALL SENSTIT(RUN)
000959      NTRN
000960      DAY = JDAY
000961      TYRDAY = JDAY
000962      NCHECK = 0
000963      CONTINUE
000964      NCHGT = C
000965      DO 965 I = 1, LIMACC
000966      CTNS(I) = C
000967

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000 CHNG(I) = 0
000 TF INHISU.LE.E. 60 TO 980
000
000 C LTM TS FOR THE GRAPHS ARE INITIALIZED
000
000 C
000 C 00 47C I = 1, NOHISU
000 C AMIN(I) = HIGH
000 C AMAX(I) = -HIGH
000 C 980 FRAC = E
000
000 C THE CALENDAR MONTH IS DETERMINED
000
000 C
000 C MONEND = 0
000 C MONTH = C
000 C NUMMON = JDAY
000 C 990 MONTH = MON+4 + 1
000 C MONEND = MONEND + MONDAY(MONTH)
000 C IF (MONTH.GT.1) NUMMON = NUMMON - MONDAY(MONTH-1)
000 C IF (IYRDAY.GT.MONEND) 60 TO 990
000
000 C THE SUBROUTINE EXOGEN IS CALLED TO RECEIVE INPUT OF
000 C EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
000
000 C CALL EXOGEN
000 C IF (NOPEP.GE.2) 60 TO 1020
000
000 C A HEADING IS PRINTED FOR THE INITIAL REPORT
000
000 C
000 C NPTTE(6,1000) (PLACE(I),I=1,20)
000 C 1000 FORMAT ('1', 20A4)
000 C WRITE (6,101C) DECJAN(MONTH), NUMMON, TYR
000 C 101C FORMAT ('INITIAL REPORT ON ', A4, I3, T5)
000
000 C PLANT COVER IS CALCULATED
000
000 C CALL KOWER
000 C 1020 IF (INHISU.LE.E.) 60 TO 1140
000
000 C THE GRAF SUBROUTINE IS SUPPLIED WITH CURRENT VALUES FOR THE
000 C VARIABLES TO BE GRAPHED
000
000 C
000 C I2 = 0
000 C IF (NOGRAF.LE.0) GO TO 1080
000 C DO 1070 I = 1, NOGRAF
000 C I1 = I2 + 1
000 C I2 = LISTER(I)
000 C DO 1070 J = I1, I2
000 C I3 = LIGRAF(J)
000 C I4 = I3 / 10000
000 C I3 = I3 - I4 * 10000
000 C I4 = I4 + 1
000 C GO TC (1050,1030,1040,1055), 14
000 C 1030 A = SUM(I3)
000 C 60 TO 1060
000 C 1040 A = STNG(I3)
000 C 60 TO 1060
000 C 1050 A = STATE (I3)
000
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2.1.3.1.1.-70

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OC1C25          C=    TO 1000
OC1C26          C=CE A= DEST117
OC1C27          C=CE AMIN1(T) = AMINI(AMINIT(T),A)
OC1C28          C=AMAX1(AMAX1(T),A)
OC1C29          C=C7C T=I J=1 I= A
OC1C30          C=LCR TF (INCHTER.LE.R) GO TO 149C
OC1C31          C=LE LISTER.NGCAF1
OC1C32          C=I1 + NOHTT
OC1C33          C=I1 + ?
OC1C34          C=NODRAF
OC1C35          C=D 113C J=I1, T?
OC1C36          C=T = + +
OC1C37          C=LIGRAF(J1)
OC1C38          C=T4 - I3/10FF
OC1C39          C=T7 - T4*1000C
OC1C40          C=T4 + 1
OC1C41          C=C T(1112,179C,1177,1115). T4
OC1C42          C=A : JMS(I3)
OC1C43          C=P T0 112C
OC1C44          C=STATE(I3)
OC1C45          C=AMINI(I3)
OC1C46          C=GO T0 112C
OC1C47          C=000
OC1C48          C=1115 A= PEST117
OC1C49          C=112C AMINI(I3) = A
OC1C50          C=AMAX1(I3) = A
OC1C51          C=113C FTGS(J+1) = A
OC1C52          C=114C TF (NOREP,GE,2) GO TO 115C
OC1C53          C=60 TO 149C
OC1C54          C=115C TF (NOSE,LE,1) GO TO 116C
OC1C55          C=----- -----
OC1C56          C=----- -----
OC1C57          C=----- -----
OC1C58          C=----- -----
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OC1C67          C=----- -----
OC1C68          C=----- -----
OC1C69          C=----- -----
OC1C70          C=----- -----
OC1C71          C=----- -----
CC1C72          C=----- -----
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OC1C81          C=----- -----

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C===== THE LIMITS FOR THE TIME UNIT OF SIMULATION ARE SET AND THE
C===== TIME-UNIT LOOP IS INITIALIZED
MAIN4500

116D ORIG = FLOAT(I1DAY) + FRAC
FRAC = AMOD((UNIT + FRAC), 1.)
IDAY1 = IDAY
FINDAY = OPIC + UNIT - .000001
IDAY2 = ORIG + UNIT
IYRDAZ = IYRDAY
MONTH1HZ = MONTH
NUMMOZ = NUMMON
MONMNT = MONENT
NYRDAZ = NYRDAY
TYSR = TYSR
Lmn = Lmn
FACTO = 1.
FACTOR = C.
LCOPER = -1.

000 C.....INITIALIZATION FOR THE CURRENT REPETITION OF THE TIME-UNIT
 000 C.....LOOP IS PERFORMED
 001082 000 MAIN4620
 001083 000 MAIN4630
 001084 000 MAIN4640
 001085 000 MAIN4650
 001086 000 MAIN4660
 001087 000 MAIN4670
 001088 000 FACTOR = FACTO
 001089 000 IDAY = ORIG
 001090 000 LOOP = L30P + 1
 001091 000 IF (LOOP.GT.1) L00PFR = 1
 001092 000 IF (LOOP.LE.2P) GO TO 1190
 001093 000 WRITE (6,11PC) IDAY
 001094 000 1180 FORMAT (F,TIME LOOP ATTEMPT) TWENTY TIMES AT DAY*, I4)
 001095 000 STOP
 001096 000 1190 IMIN = F
 001097 000 TYRDAY = TYRDAZ
 001098 000 MONTH = MONTHZ
 001099 000 NUMMON = NUMMOZ
 001100 000 MONEND = MONENZ
 001101 000 NYRDAY = NYRDAZ
 001102 000 TYP = TYRZ
 001103 000 DO 1280 IDAY = IDAY1, IDAY2
 001104 000 IF (IDAY.LE.IDAY1) GO TO 1210
 001105 000 NUMMON = NUMMON + 1
 001106 000 TYRDAY = TYRDAY + 1
 001107 000 IF (TYRDAY.LE.NYRDAY) GO TO 1200
 001108 000 MONTH = 1
 001109 000 MONEND = MONDAY(1)
 001110 000 TYRDAY = TYRDAY - NYRDAY
 001111 000 NUMMON = TYRDAY
 001112 000 TYP = TYR + 1
 001113 000 NYRDAY = 365
 001114 000 MONDAY(2) = 28
 001115 000 IF (MOD(TYR,4).GT.0) GO TO 1200
 001116 000 MONDAY(2) = 29
 001117 000 NYRDAY = 366
 001118 000 IF (TYRDAY.LE.MONEND) GO TO 1210
 001119 000 NUMMON = TYRDAY - MONEND
 001120 000 MONTH = MONTH + 1
 001121 000 MONEND = MONEND + MONDAY(MONTH)
 001122 000 IF (FLOAT(IDAY).GT.FINDAY) GO TO 1280
 001123 000 C.....THE SUBROUTINE EXGEN IS CALLED FOR CURRENT VALUES OF
 001124 000 C.....THE EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
 001125 000 1210 CALL EXGEN2
 001126 000 LOOPER = 0
 001127 000 MAIN5000
 001128 000 1220 FORMAT (1E4X, F10.3, * SECONDS ELAPSED*)
 001129 000 IF (LOOP.LE.1) OR.(IDAY.LE.DAYPR) GO TO 1230
 001130 000 PRECM = PRECM + DRAIN + DASNOW
 001131 000 IDAYPR = IDAY
 001132 000 1230 DAYDAY = AMIN1 (UNIT, FLOAT(IDAY-IDAY1+1))
 001133 000 C.....THE PROCESS SUBROUTINES ARE CALLED AS FREQUENTLY
 001134 000 C.....AS NECESSARY WITHIN EACH DAY OF THE TIME UNIT.
 001135 000 IF (NSPECV.LE.1) GO TO 1250
 001136 000 1240 IF ((VEGCO + VFCIN).GT.DAYDAY) GO TO 1250
 001137 000 VEGCO = VEGCO + VEGINC
 001138 000

2.1.3.1.1.-72

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MAIN5060  
MAIN5070  
MAIN5080  
MAIN5090  
MAIN5100  
MAIN5110  
MAIN5120  
MAIN5130  
MAIN5140  
MAIN5150  
MAIN5160  
MAIN5170  
  
001133 CALL VFGET  
001134 GO TO 1240  
001141 TF NNP.CA.LT.=1 GO TO 1270  
001142 TF ((ANIMCC + ANINCC).GT.DAYDAY) GO TO 1270  
001143 AN.WCC = ANIMCC + ANINCC  
001144 CALL ANIMAL  
001145 GO TO 1260  
001146 1270 TEV((SOILCO + SCILCO * STNC(I)).GT.DAYDAY) GO TO 1280  
001147 SOILCO = SCILCO + STNC(I)  
001148 CALL SOILS  
001149 GO TO 1270  
001150 1280 NCUTCK = 1  
  
001151 CCC  
001152 DCC  
001153 CCC  
001154 DCC  
001155 CCC  
001156 CCC  
001157 CCC  
001158 CCC  
001159 CCC  
001160 CCC  
001161 CCC  
001162 CCC  
001163 CCC  
001164 CCC  
001165 CCC  
001166 CCC  
001167 CCC  
001168 CCC  
001169 CCC  
001170 CCC  
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001178 CCC  
001179 CCC  
001180 CCC  
001181 CCC  
001182 CCC  
001183 CCC  
001184 CCC  
001185 CCC  
001186 CCC  
001187 CCC  
001188 CCC  
001189 CCC  
001190 CCC  
001191 CCC  
001192 CCC  
001193 CCC  
001194 CCC  
001195 CCC  
  
***** PROPOSED INCREMENTS ARE TESTED TO ENSURE THAT STATE  
***** VARIABLES ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THEM. OTHERWISE, THE  
***** UNIT IS REDUCED  
00 1290 I = 1, LIMIT  
IF ((DECINC(I)).GT.0) GO TO 1290  
IF ((DECINC(I)) < STATE(I).GE.R160) TO 1290  
IF ((STATE(I).GT.R160) GO TO 1287  
IDAY = ORIC  
WRITE (6,1233) I, DECINC(I), IDAY  
FORMAT I, STATE(I), I4, * IS ZERO, SO PROPOSED DECREMENT OF, E15, 8,  
1, PER TIME STEP AT DAY *, 15, * IS IMPOSSIBLE!  
NDAY = IDAY  
NSHORT = 1  
GO TO 1460  
1287 A = -STATE(I)/DECINC(I)  
TF (A.GE.FACTOR) GO TO 1290  
FACTOR = A  
IMIN = I  
1295 CONTINUE  
  
***** INCREMENTS ARE APPLIED, TO THE STATE VARIABLES AND  
***** ACCUMULATORS, AND THE INCREMENT ARRAYS ARE RE-INITIALIZED  
00 1300 I = 1, LIMIT  
A = DECINC(I)  
TF (A.EQ.0.) GO TO 1300  
IF ((STATE(I).LT.0.) A = AMIN(I,0,-A)  
IF (FACTOR.LT.1.) A = A * FACTOR  
STATE(I) = STATE(I) + A  
IF (ABS(STATE(I)).LT.AMICRO) STATE(I) = 0.  
DECINC(I) = 0.  
1300 CONTINUE  
00 1310 I = 1, LIMIT  
STNG (I) = STNC(I) + CHNG(I) * FACTOR  
1310 CHNG(I) = 0.  
IF ((IMIN) 420, 420, 428  
  
***** IF ANY STATE VARIABLES HAVE BEEN INADEQUATE TO MEET  
***** THE PROPOSED DECREMENTS, THE TIME-UNIT LOOP IS RE-ENTERED  
1320 FACTO = FACTO - FACTOR  
STATE(IMIN) = AMICPRO  
NEGATE(LOOP) = IMIN  
WRITE (6,1330) IMIN, FACTOR, IDAY, FRAC  
1330 FORMAT (*,I5,*), PERMITS ONLY, F13.1C, * OF THE PROPOSED UNITMAIN5390  
1 CHANGE AT *, I4, * + *, F5.3, * DAYS*)  
MAIN5370  
MAIN5380  
MAIN5390  
MAIN5310  
MAIN5320  
MAIN5330  
MAIN5340  
MAIN5350  
MAIN5400
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001196   CC TO 1170
001197   134C TODAY = IDAY2
001198   000   IF (IDAY•LE•IDAY1) GO TO 1150
001199   000   IF (NOHISU•LE•R) GO TO 1450
001200   000
001201   000   C-- IF GRAPHS ARE REQUIRED, THE CURRENT VALUES OF VARIABLES
001202   000   C-- FOR GRAPHING ARE RECORDED
001203   000
001204   000   C-- JX = (FRAC + FLOAT(IDAY-JDAY))/PERIOD + 1.
001205   000   IF (IDAY•EQ•NDAY) JX = 70
001206   000   IF (JX•EQ•JXXX) GO TO 1450
001207   000   JXXX = JX
001208   000   T2 = R
001209   000   T1 = 0
001210   000   T = 1 + 1
001211   000   IF (T.GT.NOHISU) GO TO 1440
001212   000   T1 = T2 + 1
001213   000   T2 = T1
001214   000   IF (T.LE.NOGRAF) T2 = LISTER(T)
001215   000   DO 1430 J = T1, T2
001216   000   T3 = LIGRAF(J)
001217   000   T4 = T3/100CC
001218   000   T3 = T3 - T4*1CC0D
001219   000   T4 = T4 + 1
001220   000   GO TO ((1390•1370•1380•1395), T4
001221   000   1370 A = SUMS(T3)
001222   000   GO TO 1400
001223   000   1380 A = STNG(T3)
001224   000   GO TO 1400
001225   000   1390 A = STATE(T3)
001226   000   GO TO 1400
001227   000   1395 A = PEST(T3)
001228   000   1400 FIGS(J,JX) = A
001229   000   IF (JX.LE.JY) GO TO 1420
001230   000   JX1 = JX - 1
001231   000   ADD = ( A - FIGS(J,JY-1)
001232   000   BADD = FIGS(J,JY-1)
001233   000   DO 1410 K = JY, JX1
001234   000   BADD = BADD + ADD
001235   000   1410 FIGS(J,K) =
001236   000   1420 CONTINUE
001237   000   AMAX1(I) = AMAX1(AMAX1(I), A)
001238   000   1430 AMINI(I) = AMINI(AMINI(I), A)
001239   000   GO TO 1360
001240   000   1440 JY = JX + 1
001241   000   1450 IF (MDEBUG.LE.R) GO TO 1455
001242   000   NDEBUG = 0
001243   000   IF ((IDAY.GE.MDEBUG).AND.(IDAY.LE.LDEBUG)) NDEBUG = 1
001244   000
001245   000   C-- STATE VARIABLES MAY BE DUMPED ON LOGICAL UNITS 10 ETC. IF NEEDED.
001246   000
001247   000   1455 IF (KDUMP.LE.C) GO TO 1458
001248   000   IF ((IDUMP.JDUMP).GT.IDAY) GO TO 1458
001249   000   REWIND IOUNIT
001250   000   WRITE (IOUNIT) STATF
001251   000   END FILE IOUNIT
001252   000   WRITE (6,1456) IDAY, IOUNTIT

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2.1.3.1.1.-74

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0001255      145E FORMAT (12,2F) STATE VARIABLES DUMPED AT DAY*, T5,* ON UNIT*, I3*
0001254      JDUMP = JDUMP + 1
0001255      TF (JDUMP.GT.KDUMP) KCUMP = C
0001256      TOUNIT = IUNIT + 1
0001257      145S IF (TENSE.EQ.1) GO TO 146C
0001258      C   IF SENSITIVITY TESTS ARE TO BE PERFORMED, THE CURRENT VALUES
0001259      C   OF THE VARIABLES REQUIRED ARE RECORDED
0001260      C
0001261      C
0001262      D00      ISW = 1
0001263      D00      CALL SENOUT (ISW, IDAY, TRUN)
0001264      D00      146C IF ((IDAY.LT.NFF)(IREP1)).AND.((DAY.LT.NDAY)) GO TO 1150
0001265      D00      C
0001266      D00      C   IF A TABULAR REPORT IS REQUIRED AT THIS STAGE OF THE
0001267      D00      C   SIMULATION, IT IS PRODUCED.
0001268      D00      C
0001269      D00      IF ((NREP.EQ.1).OR.(NOREP.EQ.2)) EO TO 151C
0001270      D00      WRITE (6,10DC1)(PLACE(I), I=1,20)
0001271      D00      KDAY = IDAY - JDAY
0001272      D00      1467 WRITE (6,1470)IREP,DECJAN(MONTH),NUMMON,TYR,KDAY
0001273      D00      1470 FOWAT (1,0REPORT NO., I3, 0, ON *, A4, I3, I5, * (T.F., AFTER, I4,
0001274      D00      1463 FORMAT * REPORT WHEN SIMULATION ENDED AFTER, I5, * DAYS, T.F., JUST
0001275      D00      1471 PRIOR TO *, A4, I3, I5)
0001276      D00      1467 WRITE (6,1470)IREP,DECJAN(MONTH),NUMMON,TYR,KDAY
0001277      D00      1470 FOWAT (1,0REPORT NO., I3, 0, ON *, A4, I3, I5, * (T.F., AFTER, I4,
0001278      D00      1471 1, DAYS OF SIMULATION *)
0001279      D00      1480 IF (FRAC.GT.0.005) WRITE (6,1480) FRAC
0001280      D00      1481 FORMAT 1,4,*, 5,*, *, +, *, F5.3, * DAY*)
0001281      D00      1482 TREF = TREP + 1
0001282      D00      1490 CALL REPORT
0001283      D00      TFINCHECK,GT,CWRITE (6,1495)DECJAN(MONTH),NUMMON,TYR,PRECMM
0001284      D00      1495 FORMAT (1,ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION TO *, A4, I3, I5, * INCLUSIVE I5, *,
0001285      D00      1, F7.1, * MH. - THAT IS *, IPF8.1, * TONS PEP HECTARE *)
0001286      D00      1500 IF (NOSECS.LE.0) GO TO 151C
0001287      D00      1490 THE CPU TIMER IS REPORTED AND
0001288      D00      C   THE SIMULATION IS CONTINUED UNLESS COMPLETE
0001289      D00      1500 FORMAT (1,*, 103X, F10.3, * SECONDS ELAPSED *)
0001290      D00      1510 WRITE (6,1500) TIMER
0001291      D00      1510 IF (IDAY.LT.NDAY) GO TO 1150
0001292      D00      C
0001293      D00      C   IF SIMULATION IS COMPLETE, ANY GRAPHS REQUIRED ARE PRINTED
0001294      D00      1510 I2 = C
0001295      D00      TF (NOGPAF.LE.0) GO TO 1600
0001296      D00      C
0001297      D00      C
0001298      D00      C
0001299      D00      C
0001300      D00      C
0001301      D00      C
0001302      D00      C
0001303      D00      1510 DO 159C I = 1, NOGRAF
0001304      D00      1510 I1 = I2 + 1
0001305      D00      I2 = LISTER(I)
0001306      D00      I3 = C
0001307      D00      1510 DO 156C K = I1, I2
0001308      D00      1510 I3 = I3 + 1
0001309      D00      1510 I3 = 1520.1 - 1.5

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000 1520 FPLA(J,I3) = EXPLAN(J,K)
000 YMAX = AMAX(I)
000 YMIN = AMIN(I)
000 TF((ORIGIN(I).NE.ZERO).OR.((YMAX.GT.0).AND.(YMIN.LT.0))) GO TO
000 1150
000 1530 YMAX = 0.
000 GO TO 1550
000 1540 YMTH = 0.
000 1550 DO 1560 J = 1, 75
000 1555 FGET(I,J) = FIAS(K,J)
000 1570 DO 1575 J = 1, 20
000 1575 TITLE(J) = TITLES(I,J)
000 1580 DO 1585 J = 1, 10
000 1585 YTITLE(J) = YAXISS(I,J)
000 NOSYM = I3
000 CALL GRAF
000 IF (NOSECS.LE.0) GO TO 1590
000 1590 CONTINUE
000 1600 IF (NOHIST.U.LE.NOGRAPH) GO TO 1690
000
C.....BLOCK GRAPHS
000 I1 = I2 + NOHIST
000 I2 = I2 + 1
000 K = NOGRAF
000 1610 DC 1680 I = I2, I1
000 K = K + 1
000 YMAX = AMAX(K)
000 YMIN = AMIN(K)
000 TF((ORIGIN(I).NE.ZERO).OR.((YMAX.GT.0).AND.(YMIN.LT.0))) GO TO
000 11640
000 IF (YMAX) 1620, 1640, 1630
000 1620 YMAX = 0.
000 GO TO 1640
000 1630 YMIN = 0.
000 1640 DO 1650 J = 1, 70
000 1650 XDT(J) = FIGS(I,J)
000 1660 TITLE(J) = TITLES(K,J)
000 1670 YTITLE(J) = YAXISS(K,J)
000 CALL HIST
000
C-- THE CPU TIMER IS REPORTED AND RE-SET
C-- -----
000 1680 CONTINUE
000 1690 CONTINUE
000 IF (ISENSE.EQ.0) STOP
C-- -----
C-- IF SENSITIVITY TESTS ARE REQUIRED, THE SUBROUTINE SENOUT
C-- IS CALLED TO RECORD FINAL VALUES OF THE VARIABLES, AND, IF THE
C-- LAST RUN HAS BEEN COMPLETED, TO PRINT OUT THE RESULTS.
C-- -----
000 1700 SENOUT
000 1710 STOP
C-- -----
000 1720 END

```

2.1.3.1.1.-76

MAIN658C
MAIN659C
MAIN660C
MAIN661D
MAIN662D
MAIN663D

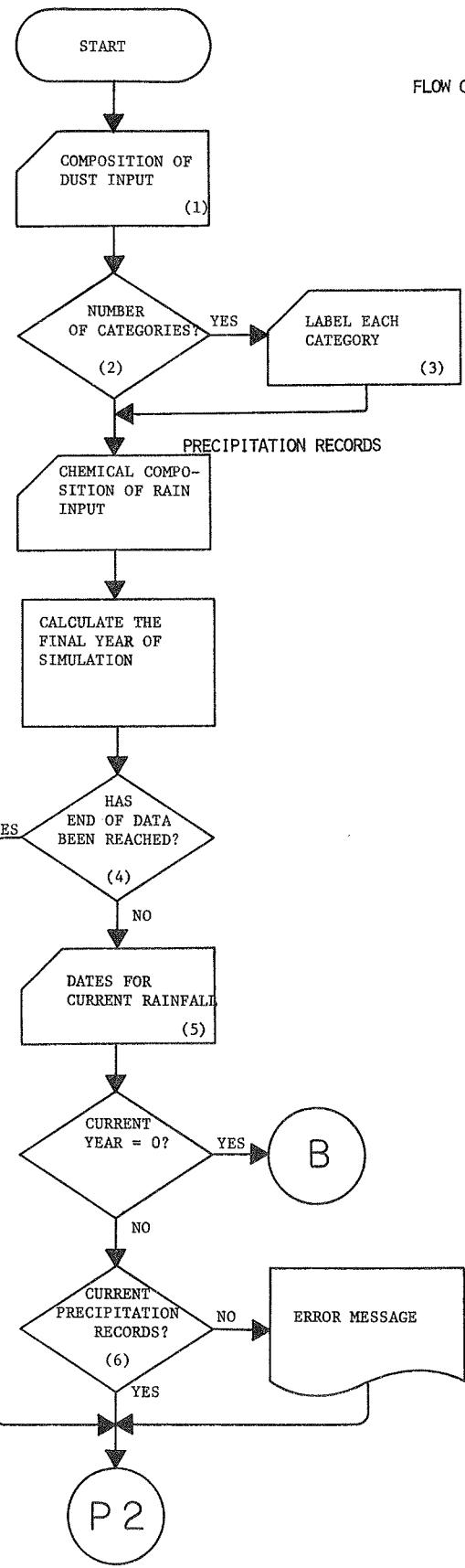
0013E7
001368
001369
001370
001371
001372

000
000
000
000
000
000

TSW =
CALL STROUT (TSW,TDAY,IRUN)
TRUN = TRUN + 1
TF (IRUN.LE.3C1 GO TO 950
STOP
END

0013E7
001368
001369
001370
001371
001372

000
000
000
000
000
000



FLOW CHART OF EXOGEN

2.1.3.1.1.-77

(1) QUANTITY AND CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF DUST INPUT.

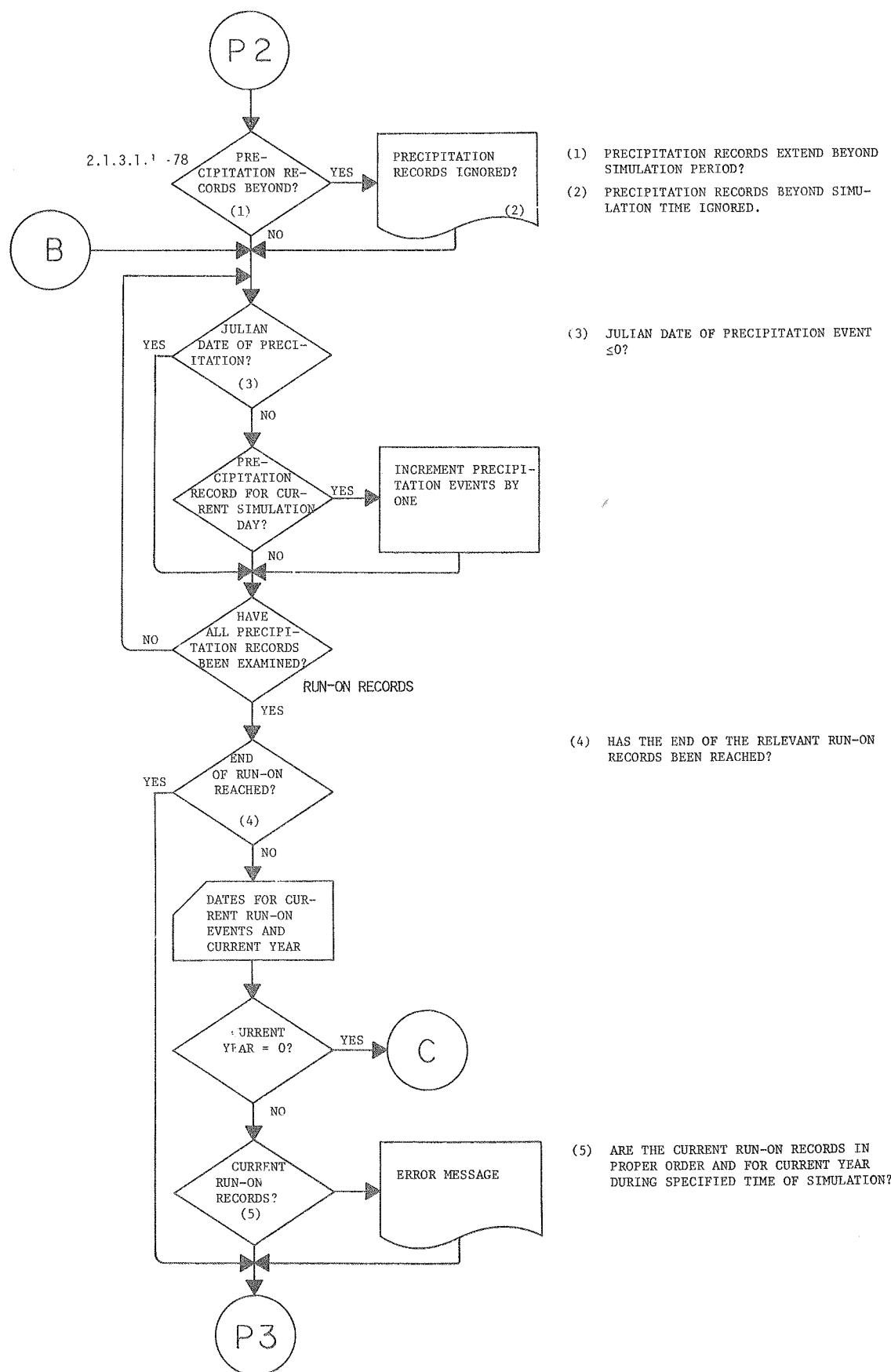
(2) THE NUMBER OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD MATERIAL TRANSPORTED BY WATER >0?

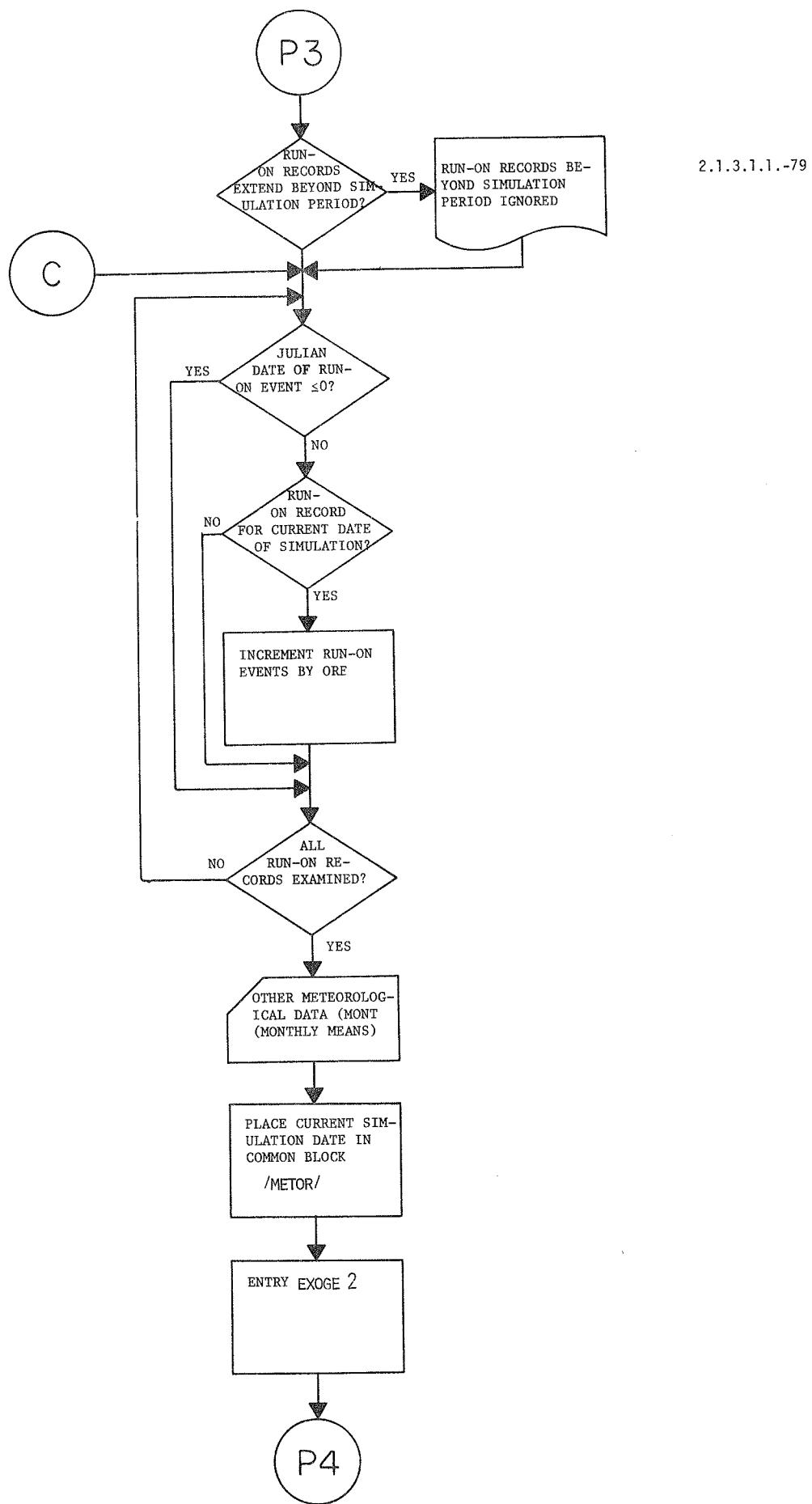
(3) INTEGRAL LABEL OF EACH CATEGORY OF DEAD MATERIAL TRANSPORTED.

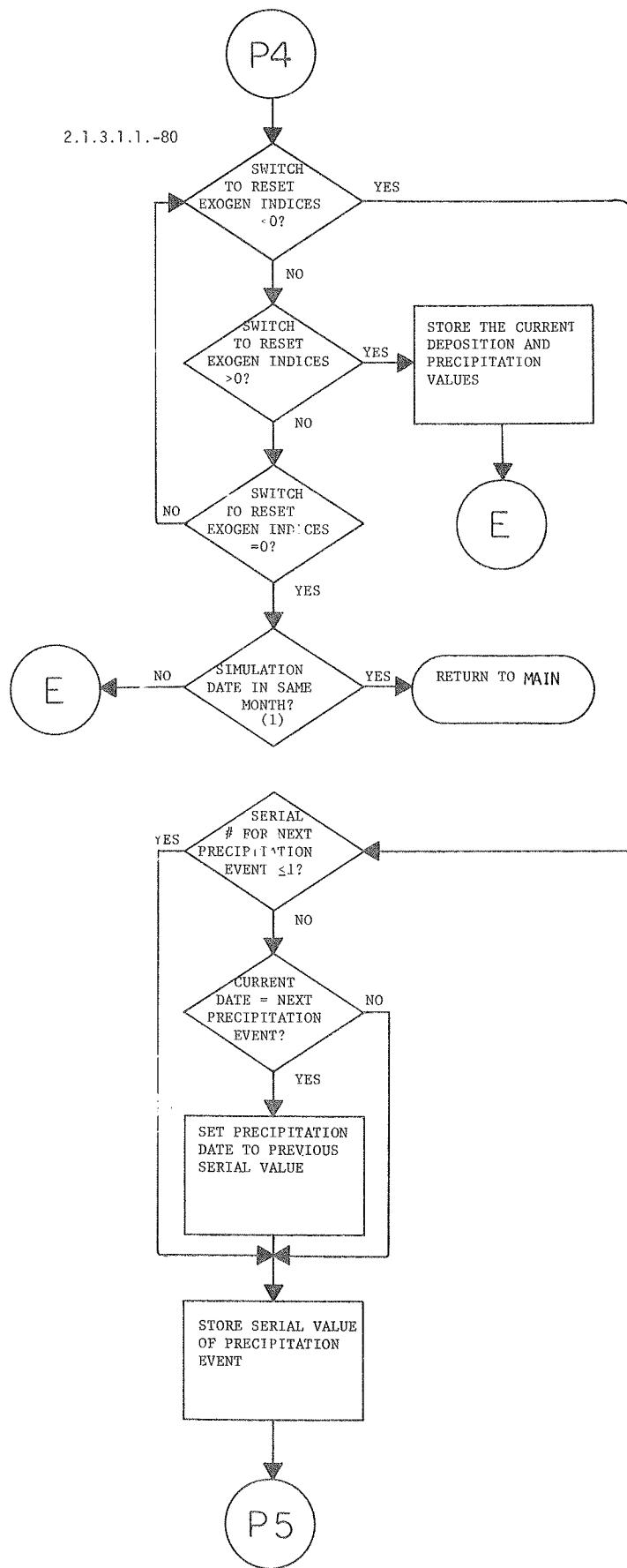
(4) HAS THE END OF THE RELEVANT DATA BEEN RECORDED?

(5) DATES FOR CURRENT RAINFALL EVENTS AND CURRENT YEAR.

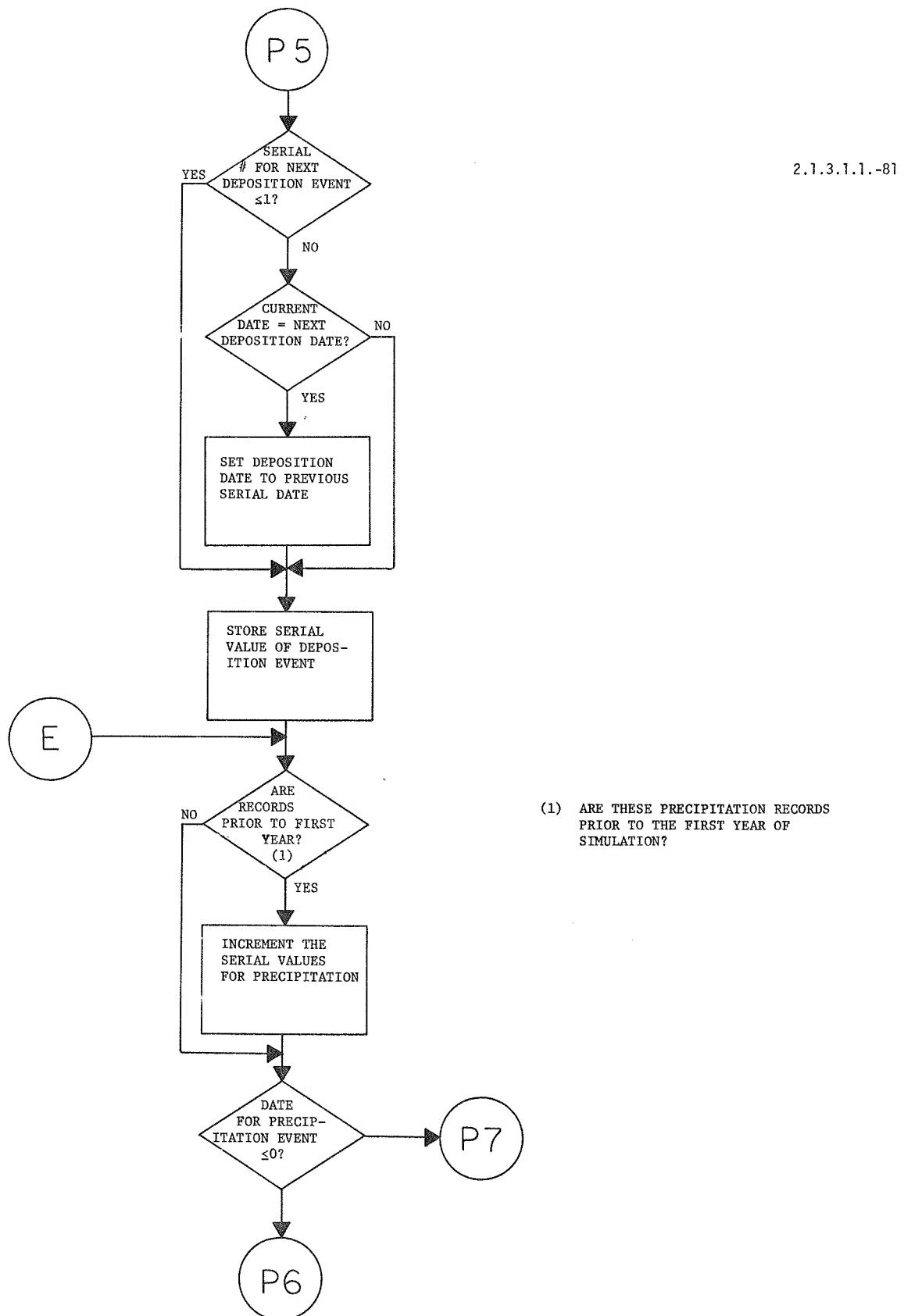
(6) IS THE CURRENT PRECIPITATION RECORD IN PROPER ORDER FOR THE CURRENT YEAR AND IS CURRENT YEAR DURING SPECIFIED TIME OF SIMULATION?



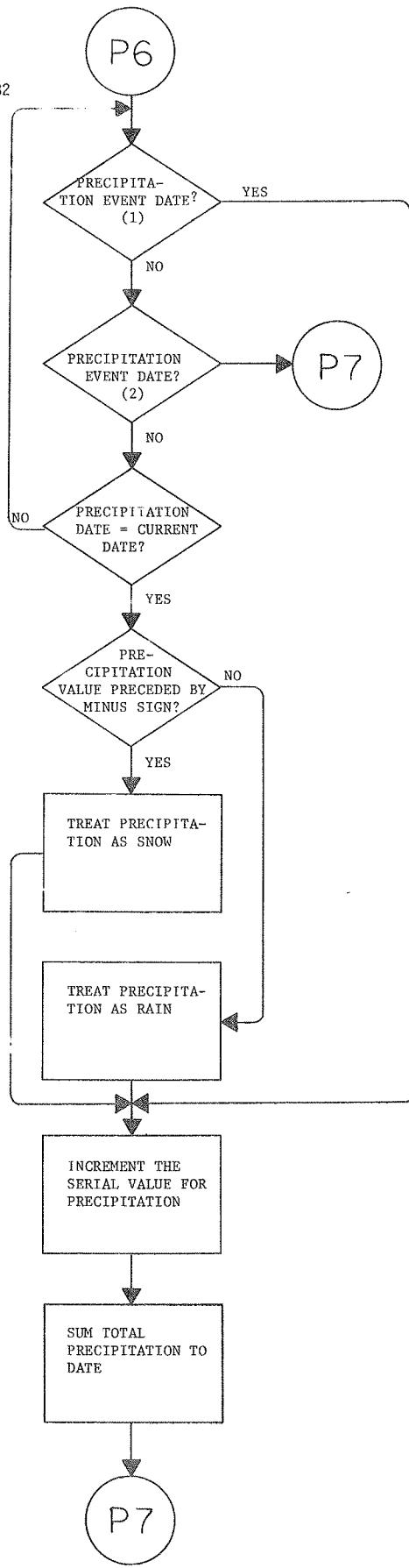




- (1) CURRENT SIMULATION DATE IN SAME MONTH AS PREVIOUS SIMULATION DATE?



2.1 3.1.1.-82

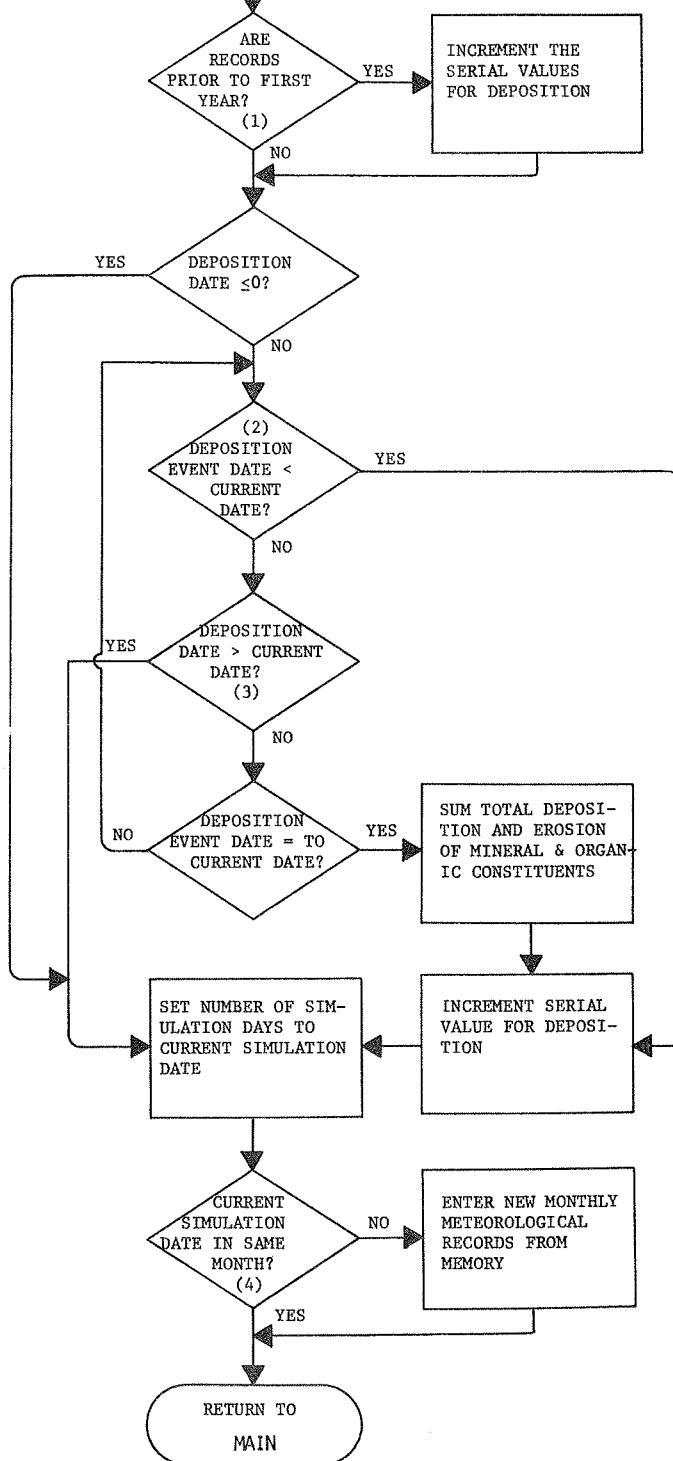


(1) PRECIPITATION EVENT DATE
< CURRENT SIMULATION DATE?

(2) PRECIPITATION EVENT DATE
> CURRENT SIMULATION DATE?

P 7

2.1.3.1.1.-83



(1) ARE THESE DEPOSITION RECORDS PRIOR TO THE FIRST YEAR OF SIMULATION?

(2) DEPOSITION EVENT DATE < CURRENT SIMULATION DATE?

(3) DEPOSITION EVENT DATE > CURRENT SIMULATION DATE?

(4) CURRENT SIMULATION DATE IN SAME MONTH AS PREVIOUS SIMULATION DATE?

EXOGEN
PROGRAM LISTING

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0000001 C THIS SUBROUTINE ORGANIZES INPUT AND STORAGE OF EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
0000002 C AND PROVIDES THE APPROPRIATE CURRENT VALUES TO OTHER SUBROUTINES
0000003 C THROUGH THE COMMON BLOCK /METEOR/.
0000004 C
0000005 C THE FOLLOWING ARE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES NOT IN BLOCKS COMMON TO
0000006 C THE MAIN PROGRAM. THOSE USED FOR TEMPORARY STORAGE ONLY ARE
0000007 C OMITTED.
0000008 C
0000009    000    C DAPHOT   THE PHOTOPERIOD IN HOURS FOR THE CURRENT DAY
0000010    000    C DAYRAD  THE TOTAL RADIATION IN CAL/SQ.CM/DAY FOR THE
0000011    000    C
0000012    000    C DARAIN   THE AMOUNT OF PRECIPITATION TN MM ON THE CURRENT DAY
0000013    000    C DASNOW  SNOWFALL FOR THE CURRENT DAY (IN MM. PRECIPITATION)
0000014    000    C DAYRUN  THE ACCUMULATED AMOUNT OF RUN-ON (G. PER HECTARE)
0000015    000    C DAYWVP THE WATER VAPOR PRESSURE ON THE CURRENT DAY
0000016    000    C DRUNMT (K) THE AMOUNT OF THE K'TH MINERAL ELEMENT IN THE IMPORTED
0000017    000    C DRUNLT (L,K) SOIL MATERIAL ENTERING THE ECOSYSTEM IN THE CURRENT
0000018    000    C
0000019    000    C DRUNLT (L,K) DEPOSITION EVENT
0000020    000    C
0000021    000    C DRUNR   THE AMOUNT OF THE K'TH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
0000022    000    C L'TH CATEGORY OF DEAD MATERIAL MOVED INTO THE
0000023    000    C DRUNR (K) CURRENT DEPOSITION EVENT
0000024    000    C
0000025    000    C DUSCOM  THE AMOUNT OF THE K'TH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT IN THE
0000026    000    C DUSCOM (K) ORGANIC MATTER ENTERING THE ECOSYSTEM IN THE
0000027    000    C
0000028    000    C DUST    CURRENT DEPOSITION EVENT
0000029    000    C DWINAV THE CONCENTRATION (IN G PER GM) OF THE K'TH CHEMICAL
0000030    000    C DWINWY CONSTITUENT IN DUST BLOWN INTO THE ECOSYSTEM PER
0000031    000    C
0000032    000    C ERODE   THE TOTAL WEIGHT OF DUST BLOWN INTO THE ECOSYSTEM PER
0000033    000    C
0000034    000    C ERODEDIT THE AVERAGE WIND SPEED ON THE CURRENT DAY
0000035    000    C
0000036    000    C EVAPORTJ THE MAXIMUM WIND SPEED ON THE CURRENT DAY
0000037    000    C
0000038    000    C EX0(K) THE ACCUMULATED AMOUNT OF INERT SOIL MATERIAL IN
0000039    000    C IRAIN   DEPOSITED MATERIAL
0000040    000    C
0000041    000    C TIRUN   SOIL IMPORTED (G-PER HECTARE) IN THE I'TH DEPOSITION
0000042    000    C
0000043    000    C JIRUN   EVENT
0000044    000    C
0000045    000    C JKDAY   MEAN DAILY POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (MM.) IN THE
0000046    000    C JKYR    J'TH MONTH
0000047    000    C KDAY    ARRAY EQUIVALENT WITH THE COMMON BLOCK /METEOR/
0000048    000    C KYR    THE SERIAL NUMBER OF THE NEXT PRECIPITATION EVENT
0000049    000    C
0000050    000    C LIMEXT  HAS THE SAME MEANING AS IRUN IN THE MEAN PROGRAM, FOR
0000051    000    C LIMEXO PURPOSES OF SENSITIVITY TESTS
0000052    000    C LIMRUN  THE SERIAL NUMBER OF THE NEXT DEPOSITION EVENT
0000053    000    C
0000054    000    C LIRAIN  STORAGE OF IRUN FOR SENSITIVITY TESTS
0000055    000    C

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000056      THE MONTH WHEN EXOGEZ WAS LAST CALLED
000057      DATE (FROM JAN 1) OF THE LTH PRECIPITATION EVENT
000058      DATE (FROM JAN 1) OF THE ITH DEPOSITION EVENT
000059      NUMBER OF PRECIPITATION EVENTS DURING THE PERIOD OF
000060      SIMULATION
000061      NUMBER OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD MATERIAL WHICH CAN BE
000062      TRANSPORTED DURING DEPOSITION EVENTS
000063      NUMBER OF DEPOSITION EVENTS DURING THE PERIOD OF
000064      SIMULATION
000065      MEAN PHOTOPERIOD (HRS) IN THE JTH MONTH
000066      MEAN DAILY RADIATION (CAL./SQ.CM./DAY) IN THE JTH
000067      MONTH
000068      PRECIPITATION (MM) IN THE LTH PRECIPITATION EVENT
000069      THE AMOUNT OF THE KTH CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT
000070      PRESENT IN PRECIPITATION
000071      C RUNLIT(I,N,P) AMOUNT (G. PER HECTARE) OF THE PTH CONSTITUENT IN THE
000072      NTH CATEGORY OF DEAD MATERIAL IMPORTED IN THE ITH
000073      DEPOSITION EVENT
000074      C RUNNIN(X,I,P) AMOUNT (G. PER HECTARE) OF THE PTH CONSTITUENT
000075      IMPORTED IN ORGANIC FORM DURING THE ITH
000076      DEPOSITION EVENT
000077      C RUNONY(I) AMOUNT (G. PER HECTARE) OF WATER IMPORTED IN THE ITH
000078      DEPOSITION EVENT
000079      C RUNORG(I,T,P) AMOUNT (G. PER HECTARE) OF THE PTH CONSTITUENT
000080      IMPORTED IN SOIL ORGANIC MATTER IN THE ITH
000081      DEPOSITION EVENT
000082      C TODAY THE MEAN DAYTIME TEMPERATURE FOR THE CURRENT DAY
000083      C TENDAY(J) MEAN DAY TEMPERATURE IN THE JTH MONTH (DEGREES
000084      CELSIUS)
000085      C TENDNIT(J) MEAN NIGHT TEMPERATURE IN THE JTH MONTH (DEGREES
000086      CELSIUS)
000087      C TONIGHT THE MEAN NIGHT-TIME TEMPERATURE FOR THE CURRENT DAY
000088      C WINDAV(J) MEAN WIND VELOCITY IN THE JTH MONTH (MM. PER HR.)
000089      C WINDMX(J) MEAN DAILY MAXIMUM WIND VELOCITY IN THE JTH MONTH
000090      (MM. PER HR.)
000091      C WVP(J) MEAN WATER VAPOR PRESSURE IN THE JTH MONTH (MM.HG)

000092      SUBROUTINE EXOGEN
000093      DIMENSION MRAIN(200),RAIN(120),MRUNON(50),RUNON(50),
000094      1 ERODED(50),RUNMIN(50,6),RUNORG(50,6),TENDAY(12),TENNIT(12),
000095      2 EVAPOR(12),PHOTOP(12),RADIA(12),WVP(12),WINDAV(12),WINDMX(12),
000096      3 ,EXO(67),RUNLIT(50,5,6),NTMP(15)
000097      C----- COMMON BLOCK /SPEC/ CONTAINS SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION
000098      C----- COMMON TO THE WHOLE SET OF PROGRAMS, BUT EXCLUDING STATE AND
000099      C----- EXOGENOUS VARIABLES.
000100      C----- COMMON /SPEC/NCHAN,INSTRU(20),
000101      C----- NSPECV,NSPECA,NORGAN,NFRACT,
000102      C----- 1 NDAY,NFLEM,NOLIT,NCHECK,IDAY,TYRDAY,NREPET(20),NDEBUG,NHORIZ
000103      C----- 2 ,NCOH(1C),LISCOH(3C),NCOHCUL(1C),NCOH(1C),NCOH(1C),NFRAC1,NFRAC2,NPCOH,NMONTH,
000104      C----- 3 ,HORDEP(6),LITTRUN(5),NREP(120),TYRDRYFAV(3.6),LITCAT(15)
000105      C----- 4 ,NVECOH,LISVCO(15),NVCOH(10),NVCOCU(10),NOSECS,TIRUN,NRUNLT
000106      C----- 5 ,JSTD,JLIT,TLIT,ILH,SEEDEP(16),NSEEDH,NELEM,S,STATE,JDAY
000107      C----- 6 ,LOOPER
000108      C----- COMMON BLOCK /METOR/ CONTAINS THE VALUES OF EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
000109      C----- FOR THE CURRENT TIME UNIT.
000110
000111
000112
000113

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C-----COMMON/NETFOR/EVAP,TDAY,TNIGHT,DAYWVP,DWINWX,DWINAV,DRUNMT(6),DRUNOP(6),DAPHOT,
C-----1 DAYRAD,DUCT,DUSCOM(6),RAINCO(6),ERODE,DRUNR,DRUNMT(6),DRUNOP(6) FX060140
C-----2 ,DRUNLT(5,6),DASNOW,DARAIN
C-----EQUIVALENCE (EXO,EVAP)
C-----DATA LINE X1/23/* LIMEXO /67/* LIRAIN /200/* LIMRUN/50/* EX060180
C-----DATA WRAIN/250*0/* MRUNON/50*0/* EX060190
C-----10 FORMAT (16I5) EX060200
C-----20 FORMAT (18F10.2) EX060210
C-----MONOLD = 0*
C-----IF# IIRUN,LE=1) 60 TO 25
C-----IIRUN = JIRAIN
C-----IIRUN = JIRUN
C-----IYRUN = JIYRUN
C-----IYRAIN = JIYRAN
C-----KDAY = JKDAY
C-----KYR = JKYR
C-----60 TO 485
C-----C INITIAL DATA ARE READ IN
C-----C.....DUST QUANTITY AND COMPOSITION
C-----25 READ (5,20) DUSCOM(K),K=1,NELEM) EX060230
C-----C.....A LIST OF CATEGORIES OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL WHICH CAN BE
C-----C.....IMPORTED DURING DEPOSITION EVENTS IS READ IN. EX060240
C-----C.....READ (5,10) NRINIT EX060250
C-----C.....IF (NRINIT.GT.0) READ (5,10) LLTRUN(I), I=1,NRINIT
C-----C.....PRECIPITATION RECORDS
C-----READ (5,20) RAINCO(K), K=1,NELEM)
C-----NYR = NDAY/366 + TYR
C-----KYR = TYR
C-----I2 = 0
C-----INDEX = 0
C-----30 IF (IINDEX.GT.0) GO TO 160
C-----READ (5,40) INTMP(I), I = 1,15) : JYR
C-----40 FORMAT (15I15, 1X, I4) EX060320
C-----IF (JYR.EQ.0) EC TO 190 EX060330
C-----IF ((JYR.GE.IYR).AND.(JYR.LE.NYR)) GO TO 60 EX060340
C-----IF ((JYR.GE.IYR).AND.(JYR.LE.NYR)) GO TO 60 EX060350
C-----50 READ (5,410) LYR EX060360
C-----IF (JYR.NE.LYR) GO TO 70 EX060370
C-----60 TO 3D EX060380
C-----60 IF (JYR - KYR) 70,100,90 EX060390
C-----70 WRITE (6,80) EX060400
C-----80 FORMAT (*PRECIPITATION RECORDS OUT OF ORDER*) EX060410
C-----60 TO 160 EX060420
C-----90 KYR = KYR + 1 EX060430
C-----I2 = I2 + 1 EX060440
C-----60 TO 5D EX060450
C-----100 DO 110 I = 1, 15 EX060460
C-----I3 = 16 - I EX060470
C-----IF (INTMP(I3).GT.0) GO TO 120 EX060480
C-----110 CONTINUE EX060490
C-----60 TO 5D EX060500

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000170      EX060510
000171      EX060520
000172      EX060530
000173      EX060540
000174      EX060550
000175      EX060560
000176      EX060570
000177      EX060580
000178      EX060590
000179      EX060600
000180      EX060610
000181      EX060620
000182      EX060630
000183      EX060640
000184      EX060650
000185      EX060660
000186      EX060670
000187      EX060680
000188      EX060690
000189      EX060700
000190      EX060710
000191      EX060720
000192      EX060730
000193      EX060740
000194      EX060750
000195      EX060760
000196      EX060770
000197      EX060780
000198      EX060790
000199      EX060800
000200      EX060810
000201      EX060820
000202      EX060830
000203      EX060840
000204      EX060850
000205      EX060860
000206      EX060870
000207      EX060880
000208      EX060890
000209      EX060900
000210      EX060910
000211      EX060920
000212      EX060930
000213      EX060940
000214      EX060950
000215      EX060960
000216      EX060970
000217      EX060980
000218      EX060990
000219      EX061000
000220      EX061010
000221      EX061020
000222      EX061030
000223      EX061040
000224      EX061050
000225      EX061050

12C I1 = I2
I2 = I1 + I3
I1 = I1 + 1
IF !I2.LE.IRAIN) GO TO 130
I3 = I3 - I2 + LRAIN
I2 = LRAIN
INDEX = 1
130 I4 = I1 - 1
DO 140 I = 1, I3
I5 = I + I4
140 NRAIN(I5) = NTEMP(I)
I9 = I1 + 14
READ (5,150) (RAIN(I), I = I1, I9), LYR
150 FORMAT (1SF5.1, IX, I4)
IF !LYR.EQ.JYR) GO TO 30
60 TO 70
160 READ (5,410) J
IF (J.GT.0) GO TO 160
170 WRITE (6,180) JYR
180 FORMAT (1'DPRECIPITATION RECORDS FROM*, I5,* ON IGNORED*)
I2 = I1 - 1
190 NRAIN = I2
IYRAIN = IYR
DO 210 IRAIN = 1, NRAIN
IF !MRAIN(IRAIN).LE.0) GO TO 220
200 IF (IDAY.LE.MRAIN(IRAIN)) GO TO 220
210 CONTINUE
210 IRAIN = NRAIN + 1
220 KYR = TYR
I2 = 0
INDEX = 0
C.....RECORDS OF DEPOSITION EVENTS
230 IF (INDEX.GT.0) GO TO 400
READ (5,40) (TEMP(I), I = 1, 15), JYR
IF (JYR.LE.0) GO TO 440
IF ((JYR.GE.IYR).AND.(JYR.LE.NYR)) GO TO 260
240 I3 = NELEM + NFRELM + NRNLT*NFRLEM + 2
DO 250 I = 1, I3
READ (5,410) LYR
IF (LYR.NE.JYR) GO TO 270
250 CONTINUE
260 IF (JYR - KYR) 270, 310, 300
270 WRITE (6, 280)
280 FORMAT (1'RECOPDS OF DEPOSITION EVENTS OUT OF ORDER*)
WRITE (6,290) IYR,JYR,LYR,NYR,I,I3
290 FORMAT (1'IYR, JYR, LYR, NYR, I, I3 ARE*, 6I5)
GO TO 400
300 KYR = KYR + 1
I2 = I2 + 1
60 TO 260
310 DO 320 I = 1, 15
I3 = I6 - I
IF (NTEMP(I3).GT.0) GO TO 330
320 CONTINUE
60 TO 240

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      EX061070
      EX061080
      EX061090
      EX061100
      EX061110
      EX061120
      EX061130
      EX061140
      EX061150
      EX061160
      EX061170
      EX061180
      EX061190
      EX061200
      EX061210
      EX061220
      EX061230
      EX061240
      EX061250
      EX061260
      EX061270
      EX061280
      EX061290
      EX061300
      EX061310
      EX061320
      EX061330
      EX061340
      EX061350
      EX061360
      EX061370
      EX061380
      EX061390
      EX061400
      EX061410
      EX061430
      EX061440
      EX061450
      EX061460
      EX061470
      EX061480
      EX061490
      EX061500
      EX061510
      EX061520
      EX061530
      EX061540
      EX061550
      EX061560
      EX061570
      EX061580
      EX061590
      EX061600

  330 I1 = I2 + I3
  000 I2 = I1 + 1
  000 I1 = I1 + 1
  000 IF (I2.LE.LIMRUN) GO TO 340
  000 I3 = I3 - I2 + LIMRUN
  000 I2 = LIMRUN
  000 INDEX = 1
  340 I4 = I1 - 1
  000 DO 350 I = 1, I3
  000 I5 = I + I4
  000 350 MRUNON(I5) = NTEMP(I)
  000 I9 = I1 + 14
  000 READ (5*150) (RUNON(I), I = I1, I9), LYR
  000 IF (LYR=NE.JYR) GO TO 390
  000 READ (5*150) (FED(I), I = I1, I9), LYR
  000 IF (LYP.NE.JYR) GO TO 390
  000 DO 360 K = 1, NELEM
  000 READ (5*150) (RUNMIN(I,K), I = I1, I9), LYR
  000 IF (LYR.NE.JYR) GO TO 390
  000 360 CONTINUE
  000 DO 370 K = 1, NFRELW
  000 READ (5*150) (RUNORG(I,K), I = I1, I9), LYR
  000 IF (INRUNLT.LE.0) GO TO 230
  000 370 CONTINUE
  000 IF (INRUNLT.LE.0) GO TO 230
  000 DO 380 J = 1, NRUNL
  000 DC 380 K = 1, NFRELW
  000 READ (5*150) (RUNLIT(I,J,K), I = I1, I9), LYR
  000 IF (LYR.NE.JYR) GO TO 390
  000 380 CONTINUE
  000 67 TO 230
  000 390 CONTINUE
  000 400 READ (5*410) J
  000 410 FORMAT (76X, I4)
  000 IF (J.GT.0) GO TO 400
  000 420 WRITE (6*430) JYR
  000 430 FORMAT (7RECORDS OF DEPOSITION EVENTS FROM*I5* ON IGNORED*)
  000 I2 = I1 - 1
  000 440 NRUNON = I2
  000 IYRUN = IYR
  000 450 DO 470 IRUN = 1, NRUNON
  000 IF (MRUNON(IRUN).LE.0) GO TO 480
  000 460 IF (IDAY.LT.MRUNON(IRUN)) GO TO 480
  000 470 CONTINUE
  000 IRUN = NRUNON + 1
  000 480 READ (5,20) (TEMDDAY(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (TEMNIT(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (EVAPOR(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (PHOTOP(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (RADIA(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (WVP(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5,20) (WINDAY(I), I=1,12)
  000 READ (5*20) (WINDDAY(I), I=1,12)
  000 KDAY = IYR
  000 KDAY=IDAY-1

C.....OTHER METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS (MONTHLY MEANS)
  000272 000
  000273 000
  000274 000
  000275 000
  000276 000
  000277 000
  000278 000
  000279 000
  000280 000
  000281 000
  000282 000
  000283 000

```

```

000284      JIRAIN = IRAIN
000285      JIRUN = IRUN
000286      JIYRUN = TYRUN
000287      JIYRAN = IYRAIN
000288      JKDAY = MDAY
000289      JKXR = KVR
000290      ENTRY EX0GE2
000291      CONTINUE
000292      EX061610
000293      C.....THE INDICES FOR RAIN AND DEPOSITION EVENTS ARE STORED OP
000294      C.....RE-INITIALIZED
000295      NEW
000296      -01
000297      IF (LOOPPER) 487,489,488
000298      487 IF (TRAIN.LE.1) GO TO 511
000299      IF (TYRDAY.EQ.MRUN((TRAIN-1)) TRAIN = TRAIN - 1
000300      511 KRAIN = TRAIN
000301      IF ((TRUN.LE.1) GO TO 512
000302      IF (TYRDAY.EQ.MRUN((TRUN-1)) TRUN = TRUN - 1
000303      KRUN = TRUN
000304      GO TO 491
000305      C-----DATA FOR THE CURRENT DAY ARE EXTRACTED AND PLACED IN THE /MEYDR/
000306      C-----COMMON BLOCK.
000307      C-----C
000308      C-----C
000309      C-----C
000310      C-----C
000311      C-----C
000312      C-----C
000313      C-----C
000314      C-----C
000315      C-----C
000316      C-----C
000317      C-----C
000318      C-----C
000319      C-----C
000320      C-----C
000321      C-----C
000322      C-----C
000323      C-----C
000324      C-----C
000325      C-----C
000326      C-----C
000327      C-----C
000328      C-----C
000329      C-----C
000330      NFW
000331      -01
000332      C.....DEPOSITION EVENTS
000333      620 IF (KVR.GE.0.) GO TO 585
000334      IRUN = IRUN + 1
000335      585 IF (MRUN((IRUN)-1).LE.0) GO TO 740
000336      IF (MRUN((IRUN)) - TYRDAY) 730, 590, 740
000337      DAYRUN = RUNON((IRUN)) + DAYRUN
000338      ERODE = ERODED((IRUN)) + ERODE
000339      DO 700 K = 1, NELEN
000340      DRUNNI(K) = RUNNIN((IRUN+K)) + DRUNNI(K)
000341      DO 710 K = 1, NPRELW
000342      DRUNOR(K) = RUNORG((IRUN+K)) + DRUNOR(K)
000343      DO 720 J=1,NRUNL

```

2.1.3.1.1.-90

```

000 DC 720 K=1 ,NPFELM
000 720 DRUNLT(J,K) = PUNLIT (IRUN,J,K) + DRUNLT(J,K)
000 IRUN = IRUN + 1
000 KDAY = IYRDAY
000 KYR = IYR
000 IF (MONTH.EQ.MONOLD) RETURN
000
000 ***** OTHER METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS
000 DAY = TEMDN(MONTH)
000 TNLIGHT = TEMNN(MONTH)
000 EVAP = EVAP0(MONTH)
000 DAYWVP = WVP(MONTH)
000 DWINAV = WINDAV(MONTH)
000 DWINMX = WINDMX(MONTH)
000 DAYRAD = RADIA(MONTH)
000 DAPHOT = PHOTOP(MONTH)
000 MONOLD = MONTH
000 RETURN
000
00000341 EX06215C
00000342 EX06216C
00000343 EX06217C
00000344 EX06218C
00000345 EX06219C
00000346 EX06220C
00000347 EX06221C
00000348 EX06222C
00000349 EX06223C
00000350 EX06224C
00000351 EX06225C
00000352 EX06226C
00000353 EX06227C
00000354 EX06228C
00000355 EX06229C
00000356 EX06230C
00000357 EX06231C
00000358 EX06232C
00000359 EX06233C

```

```

000 JIRAIN = IRAIN
000 JIRUN = IRUN
000 JIVRUN = IYRUN
000 JIVRAN = IYRAIN
000 JKDAY = KDAY
000 JKVR = KYR
000 ENTRY EX0G2
000 EX0G1610

485 CONTINUE

00000284      000
00000285      000
00000286      000
00000287      000
00000288      000
00000289      000
00000290      000
00000291      000
00000292      000
00000293      000
00000294      000
00000295      000
00000296 NEW -01
00000297      000
00000298      000
00000299      000
00000300      000
00000301      000
00000302      000
00000303      000
00000304      000
00000305      000
00000306      000
00000307      000
00000308      000
00000309      000
00000310      000
00000311      000
00000312      000
00000313      000
00000314      000
00000315      000
00000316      000
00000317      000
00000318      000
00000319      000
00000320      000
00000321      000
00000322      000
00000323      000
00000324      000
00000325      000
00000326      000
00000327      000
00000328      000
00000329      000
00000330 NFW
00000331 -D1
00000332
00000333
00000334
00000335
00000336
00000337
00000338
00000339
00000340

C.....THE INDICES FOR RAIN AND DEPOSITION EVENTS ARE STORED ON
C.....RE-INITIALIZED
IF (LOOPER) 487=489,488
487 IF (IYRDAY.EQ.=MRAIN(IRAIND-1)) IRAIN = IRAIN - 1
511 IRAIN = TRAIN
IF (IRUNLE.1) GO TO 512
IF (IYRDAY.EQ.=MRUNON(IRUN-1)) IRUN = IRUN - 1
512 IRUN = IRUN
GO TO 491
488 IRAIN = KRAIN
IRUN = KRUN
C DATA FOR THE CURRENT DAY ARE EXTRACTED AND PLACED IN THE /METFOR/
C COMMON BLOCK.
C
60 TO 491
489 IF (KDAY.EQ.IYRDAY) RETURN
491 DO 490 I = LINEX1, LIMEX0
490 EX01640

C.....PRECIPITATION
IF (KVR.GE.IYR) GO TO 560
IRAIN = TRAIN + 1
560 IF (MRAIN(IRAIN).LE.0) GO TO 520
580 IF (MRAIN(IRAIN)-
590 A = RAIN(IRAIN)
590 A = RAIN(IRAIN)

C.....WHETHER RAIN OR SNOW
IF (A.GE.0.) GO TO 600
A = -A
DASNOW = A + DASNOW
GO TO 610
600 DARAIN = A + DARAIN
610 IRAIN = TRAIN + 1
C.....DEPOSITION EVENTS
620 IF (KYR.GE.IYR) GO TO 585
IRUN = IRUN + 1
585 IF (MRUNON(IRUN).LE.0) GO TO 740
IF (MRUNON(IRUN) - TYRDAY) 730, 590, 740
690 DAYRUN = RUNON(IRUN) + DAYRUN
ERODE = ERODED(IRUN) + ERODE
DO 700 K = 1, NELEM
700 DRUNMI(K) = RUNMIN(IRUN,K) + DRUNMI(K)
DO 710 K = 1, NERELM
710 DRUNORIK(K) = RUNORG(IRUN,K) + DRUNOR(K)
DO 720 J=1,NRNLN
EX061890
EX061900
FX061910
EX061920
EX061930
FX061940
EX062080
EX062110
EX062120
EX062130
FX062140

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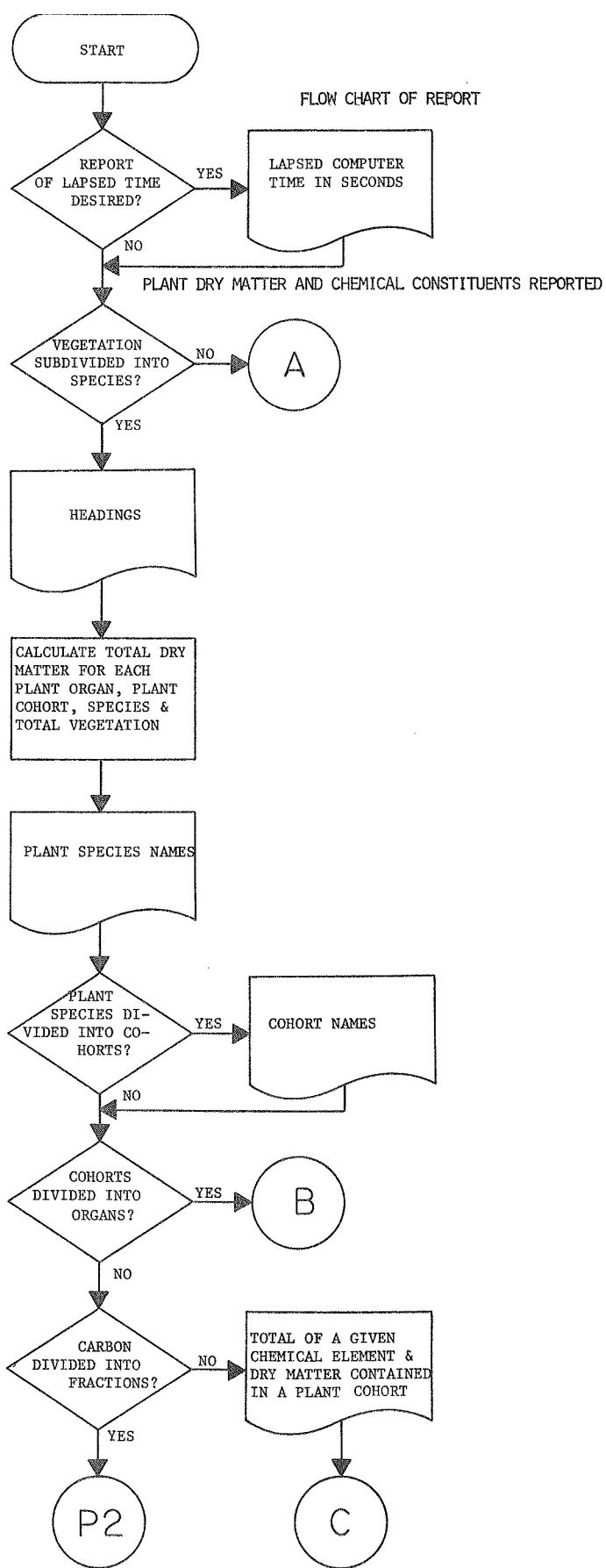
2.1.3.1.1.-90

```
000341      DO 720 K=1 ,NFDELW
000342      000    720 DRUNLT(J,K) = PUNLIT (IRUN,J,K) + DRUNLT(J,K)
000343      000    730 IRUN = IRUN + 1
000344      000    740 KDAY = IYDAY
000345      000    KYR = IYR
000346      000    IF (MONTH.EQ.MONOLD) RETURN
000347      000
000348      000    ..... OTHER METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS
000349      000    TODAY = TEMDAY(MONTH)
000350      000    TONIGHT = TEMNIT(MONTH)
000351      000    EVAP = EVAP0P(MONTH)
000352      000    DAYWVP = WVF(MONTH)
000353      000    DWINDAV = WINDAV(MONTH)
000354      000    DWINDMX = WINDMX(MONTH)
000355      000    DAYRAD = RADIA(MONTH)
000356      000    DAPHOT = PHOTOP(MONTH)
000357      000    MONOLD = MONTH
000358      000    RETURN
000359      000
000341      EX06215C
000342      EX06216C
000343      EX06217C
000344      EX06218C
000345      EX06219C
000346      EX06220C
000347      EX06221C
000348      EX06222C
000349      EX06223C
000350      EX06224C
000351      EX06225C
000352      EX06226C
000353      EX06227C
000354      EX06228C
000355      EX06229C
000356      EX06230C
000357      EX06231C
```

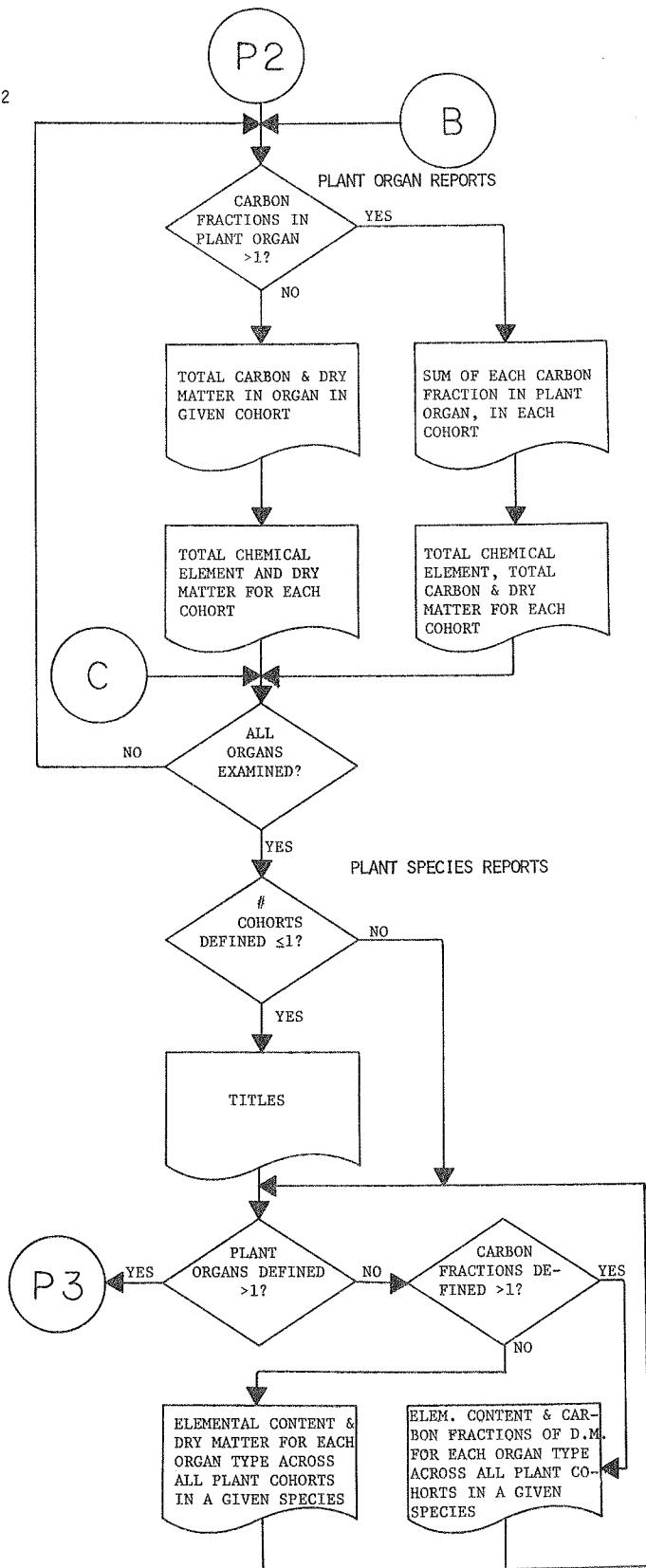
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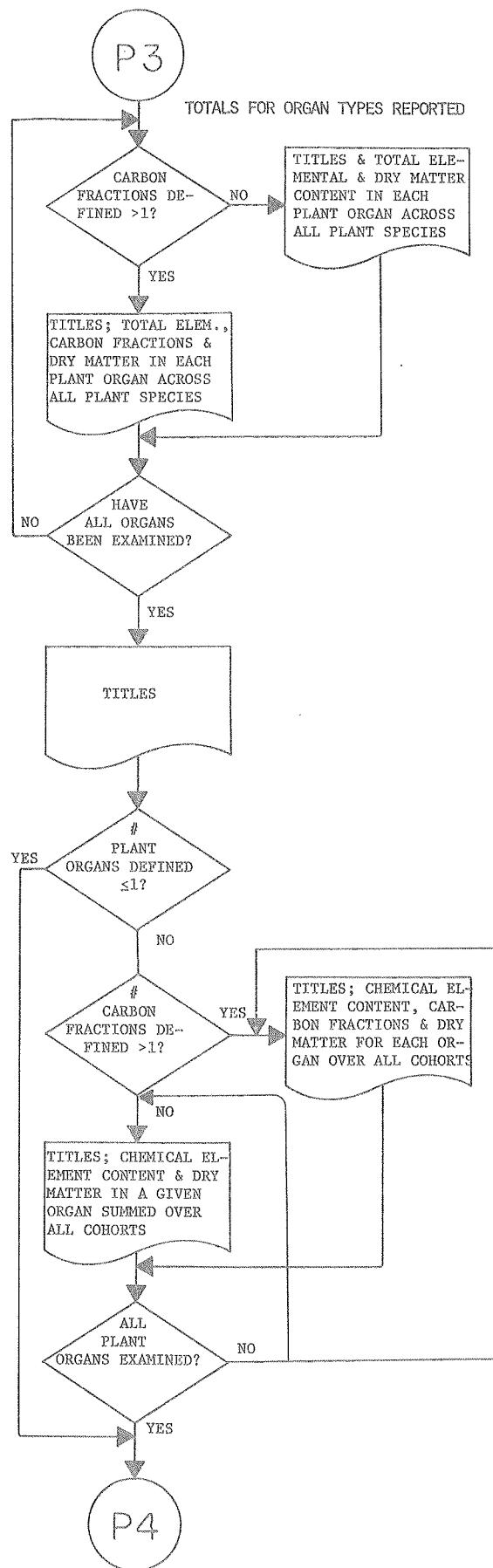
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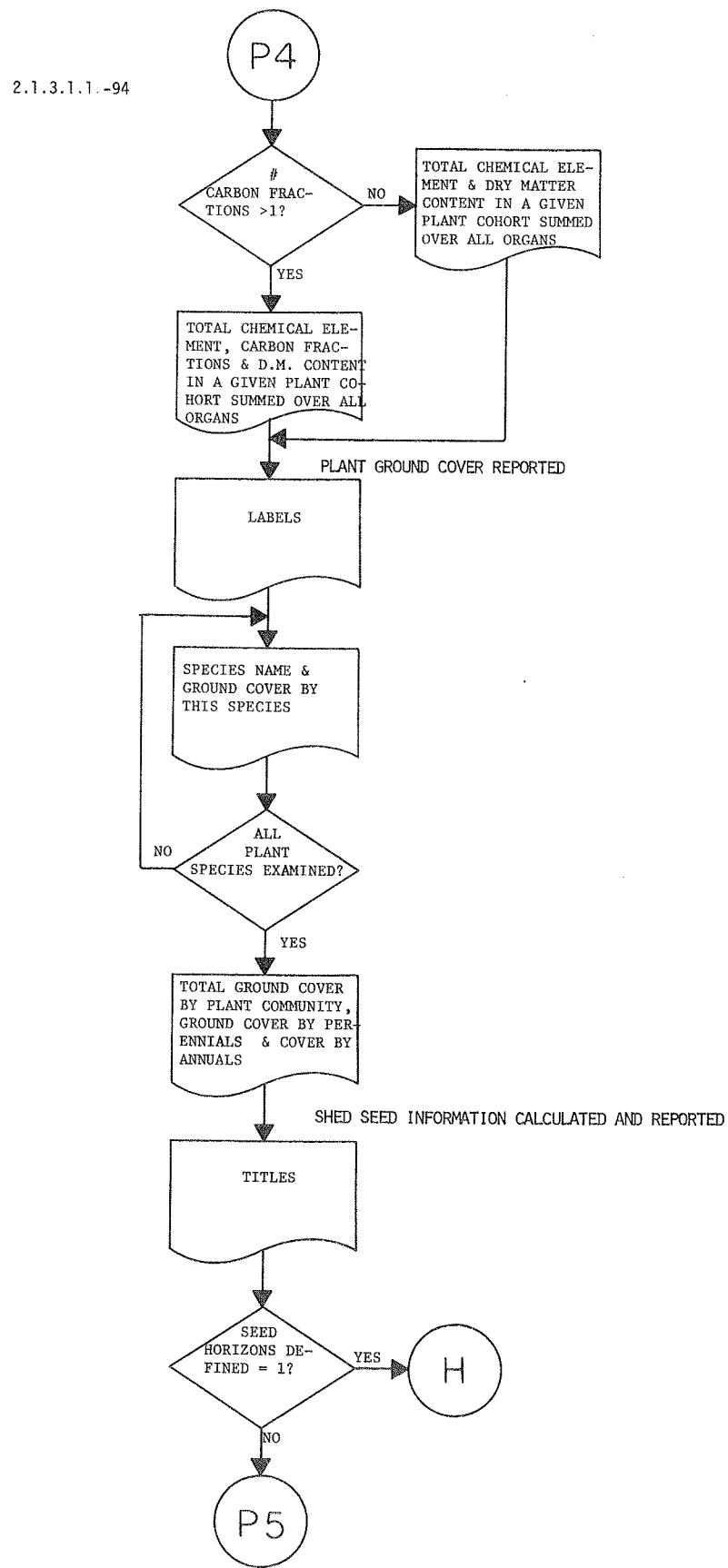
2.1.3.1.1.-91



2.1.3.1.1.-92

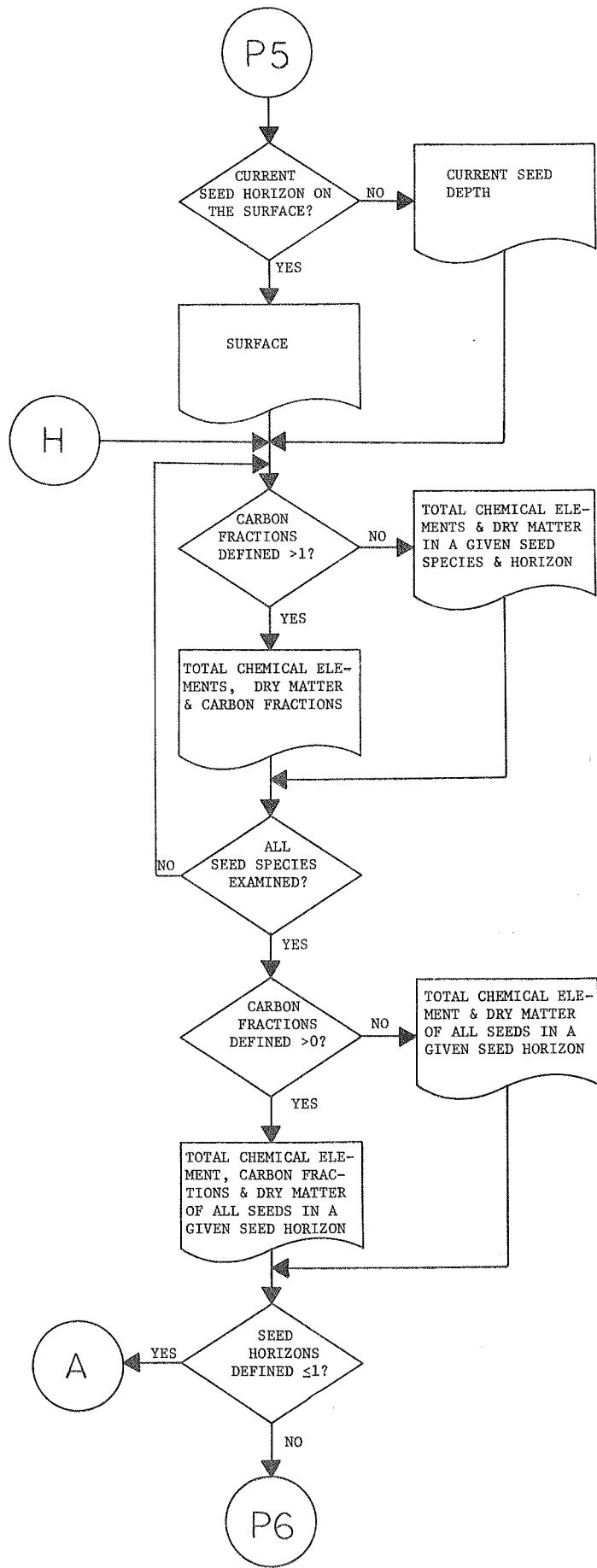




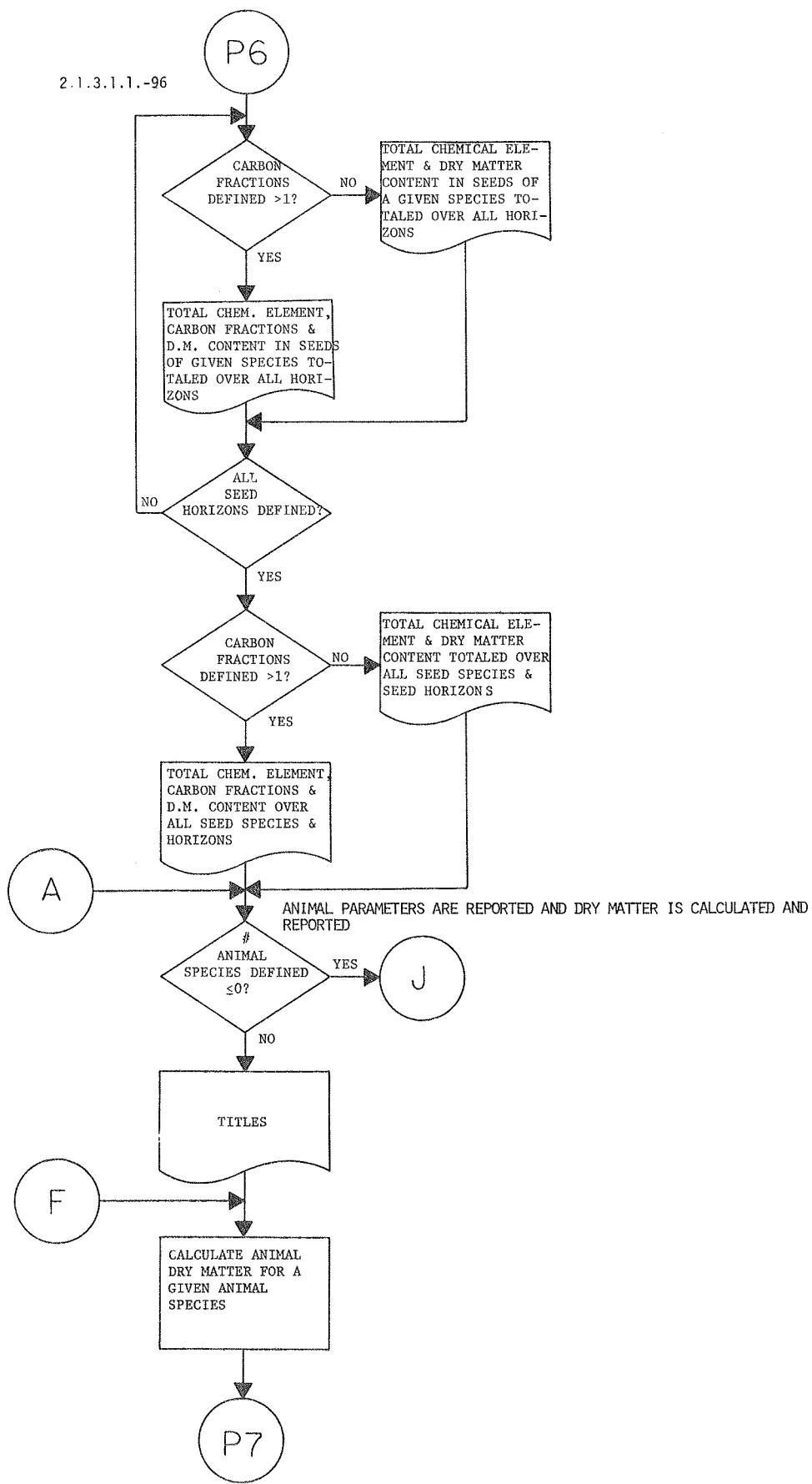


P5

2.1.3.1.1.-95

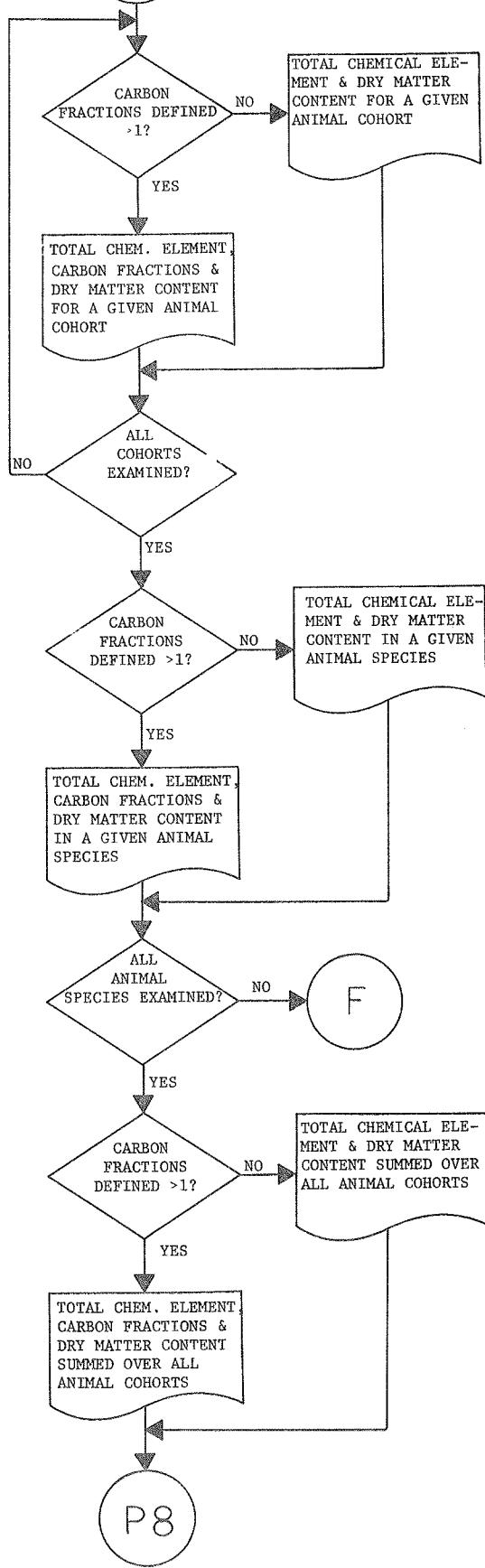


2.1.3.1.1.-96

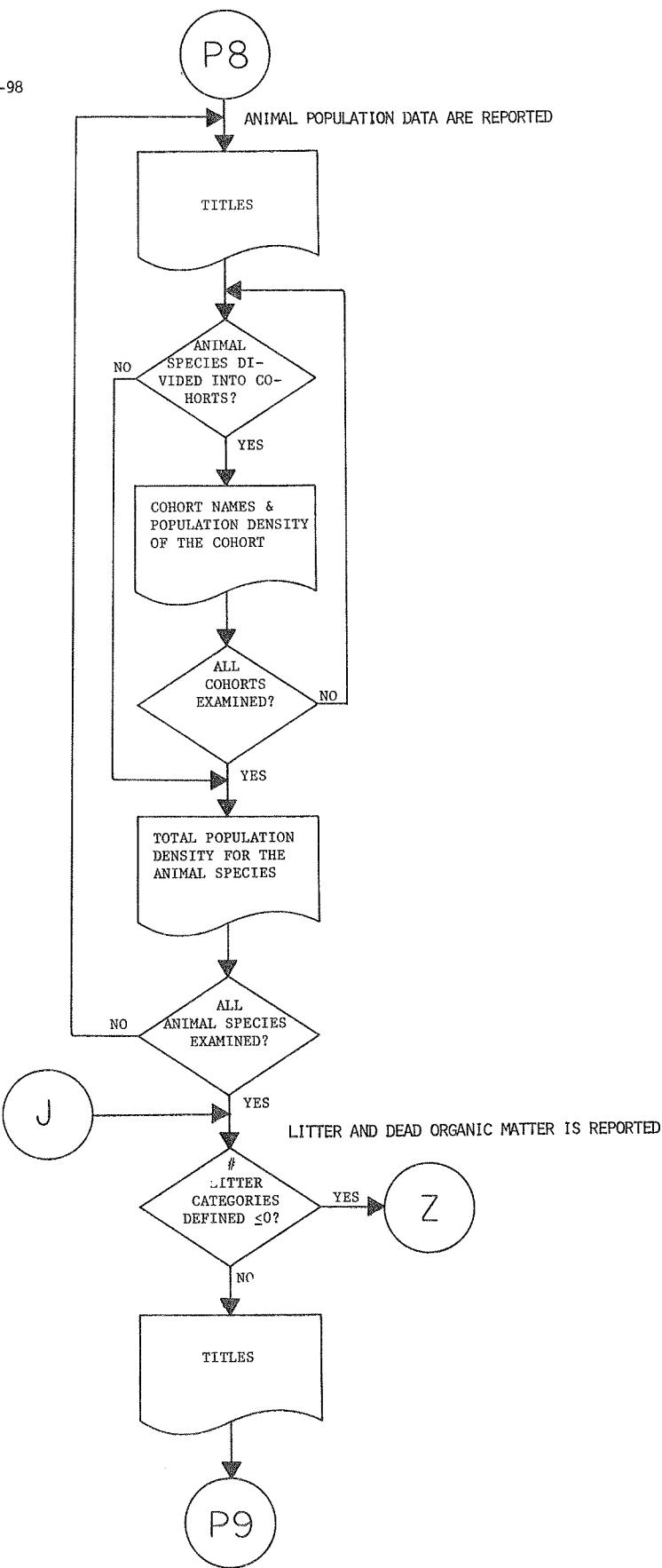


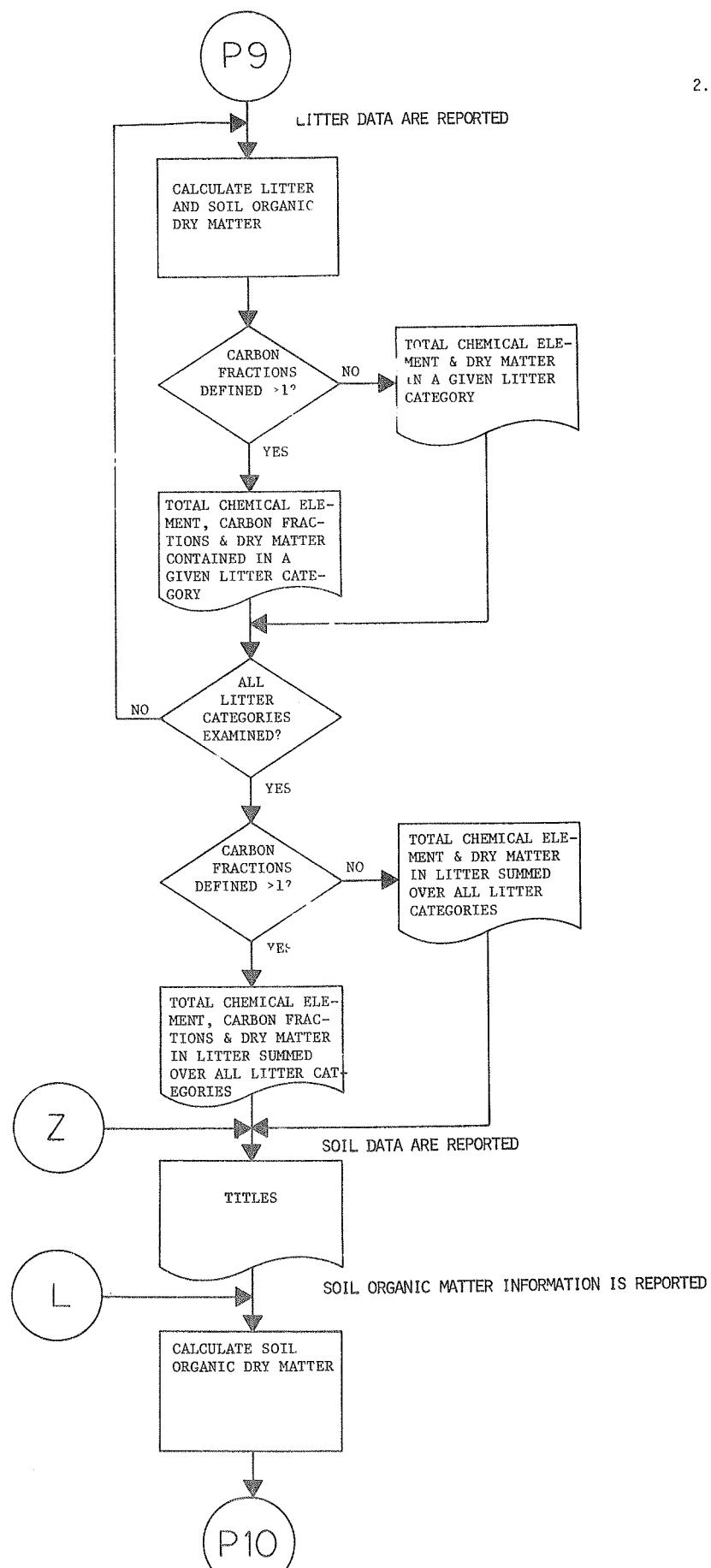
P7

2.1.3.1.1.-97

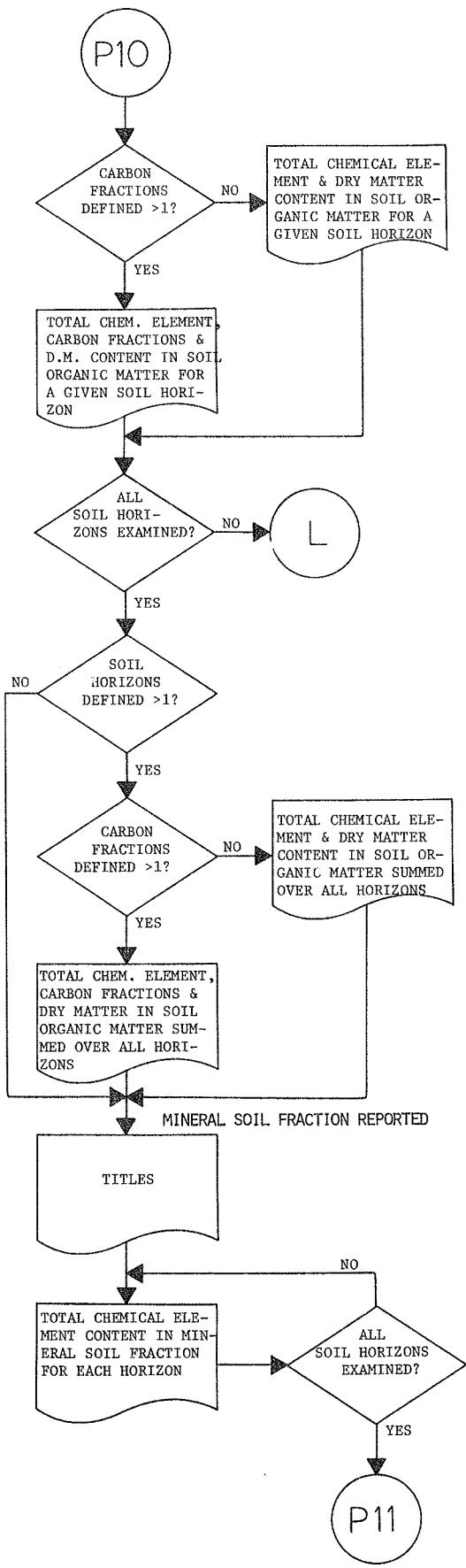


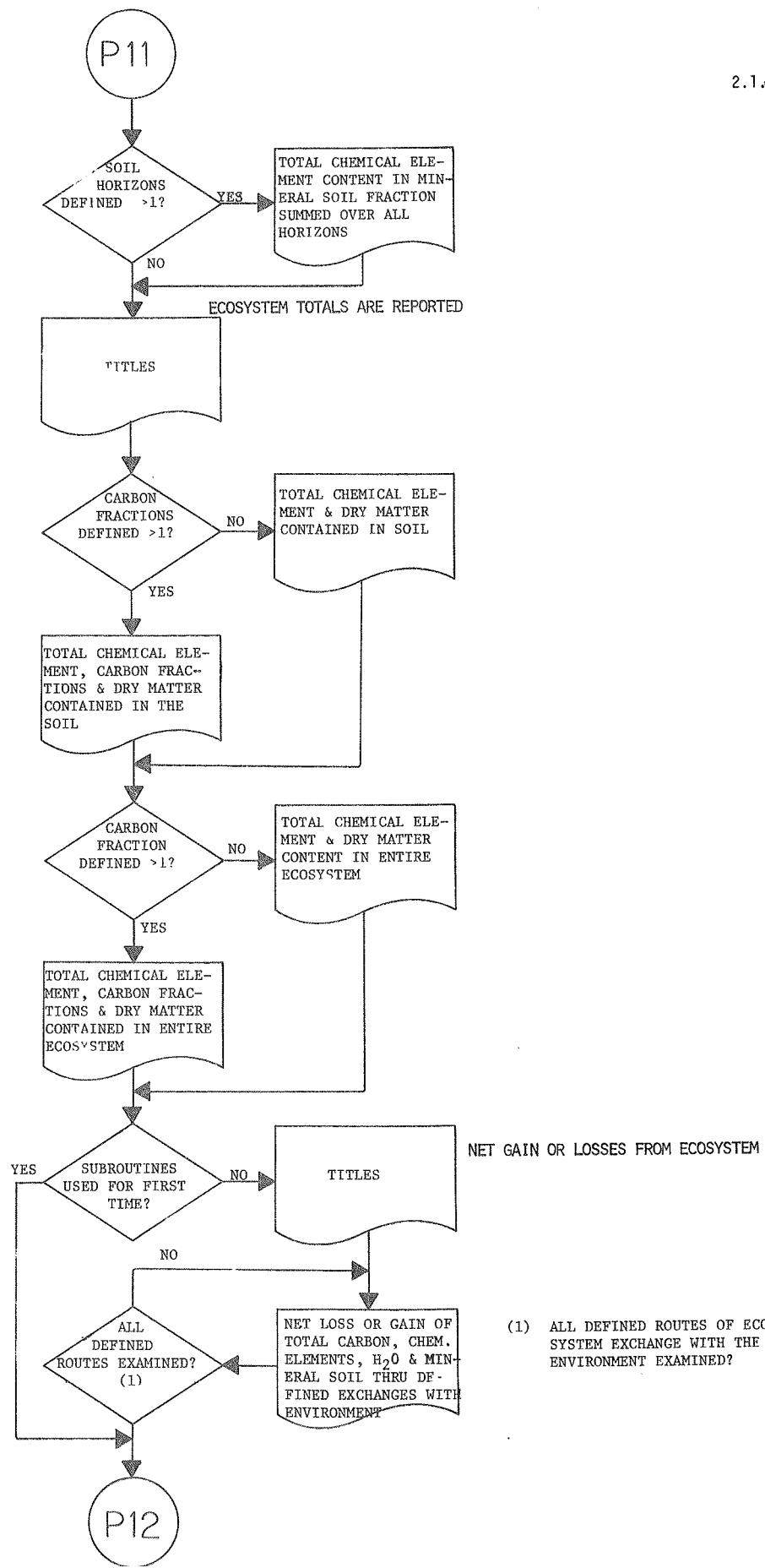
2.1.3.1.1.-98

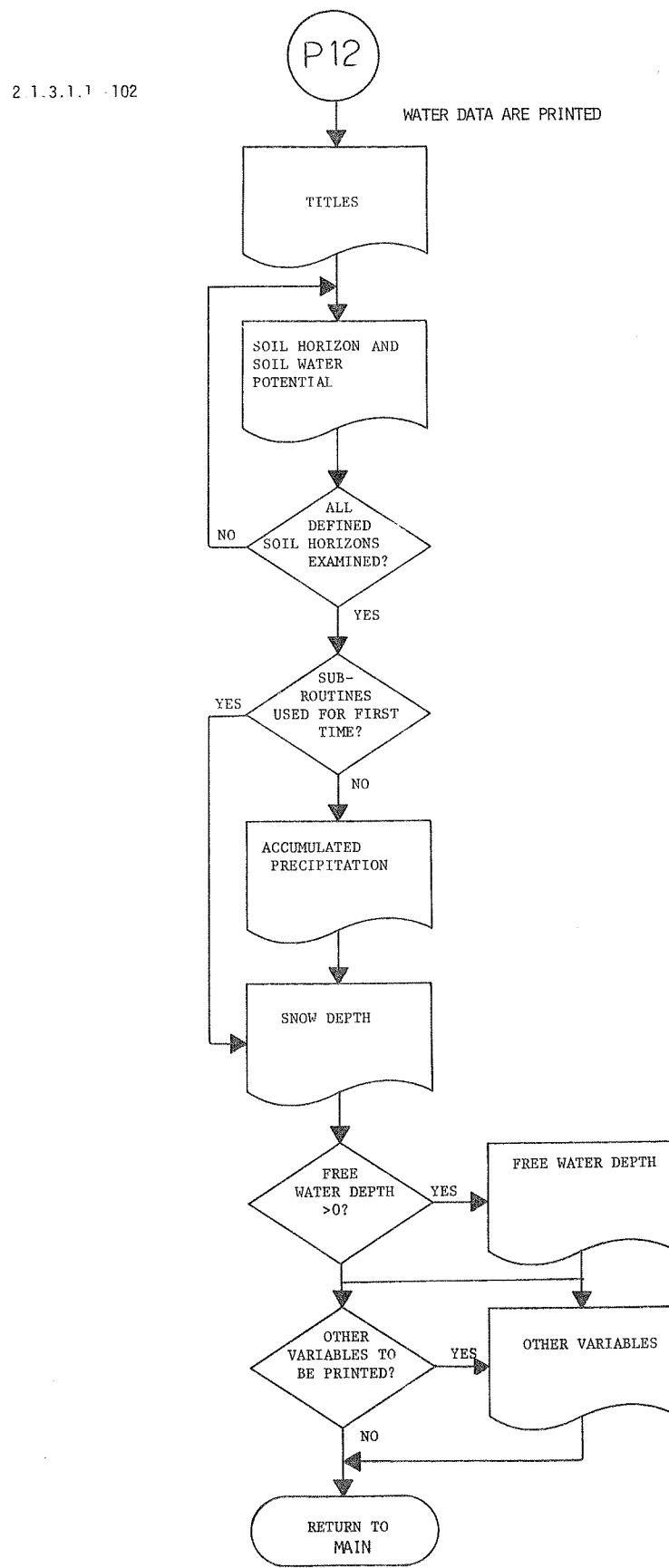




2.1.3.1.1.-100







REPORT
PROGRAM LISTING

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      SUBROUTINE REPORT
      C THE COMMON BLOCK /NAME/ CONTAINS THE NAME- READING FROM
      C TABULATED OUTPU
      C
      CCOMMON/NAME/CONNAME(1:4),NAME(1:7),YRNAME(1:7),PERNAME(1:7),
      1 OPNAME(1:7),CONAM(1:7),ALTRNM(1:7)
      C
      C COMMON BLOCK /ACC/ CONTAINS ACCUMULATED CHANGES. WHICH MAY BE
      C NEUTRAL. COMMON BLOCK /ACC/ CONTAINS THE INCREDIMENT UNIT.
      C ARPAYS IN /ACC/ FOR A SINGLE TIME UNIT.
      C
      COMMON /ACC/ ACC(1:4),ACATN(1:4),ERONC(1:4),HOC(1:7)
      C
      C COMMON BLOCK /SPEC/ CONTAINS SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER INFORMATION
      C COMMON TO THE WHOLE SET OF PROGRAMS, BUT EXCLUDING STATE AND
      C EXECUTUS VARIABLES.
      C
      COMMON/SPEC/NCHAN,INSPCH(20),
      1 NDAY,NLEM,NCHECK,IDAY,TYDAY,NPESET(20),NPEFACT,
      2 NCODH(15),LISCH(35),NCCHC(15),NCQCR,NFREL,NPCAN,MONTH,
      3 HORDEP(6),LITRUN(15),MREP(15),TYR,DYFAV(3,6),LITCAT(15),
      4 NVECH,LICCOL(15),NVCCH(15),NSECES,IPIN,NRULET
      5,STD,JSTD,ILIT,ILIT,ILH,JLH,SEDEP(6),NEETH,NELEM,JSTATE,JDAY
      6,INOPEN
      C
      C COMMON BLOCK /OTHER/ CONTAINS A NUMBER OF VARIOUS OTHER THINGS
      C STATE VARIABLES NEEDED FOR COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MAIN PROGRAM
      C AND SUBPROGRAMS.
      C
      COMMON/OTHER/ATGTD,ATGTD,SNOPD,SOILTF(15),PRDMN,WATER(5)
      C
      C COMMON BLOCK /TOTALS/ CONTAINS SUMS OF THE STATE VARIABLES
      C TOGETHER WITH CERTAIN OTHER VARIABLES REQUIRING INITIALIZATION
      C BUT NOT INCLEMENTATION AT EACH TIME UNIT.
      C
      COMMON/TOTALS/CVEGVAL(6),CVFRCL(6),CVEGVOL(6),AVFCV(15),AVFCV(15),
      1)AVEGVO,AETOMA,CRIMATE),ALTIT,CLTT(15),SEEDWH(15),SEEDPL(15),
      2TOT(6),POPPL(15),AVFC(15,10),AEZOM(15),AOPE(5),TOTAL(15),
      3ANTMIC(6),CVEC(15,15,6),SAVFOL(15,6),SVEG(15,6),AVFC(15),
      4,AVEED(10,6),ACEEDV(15),ASEEPH(15),ASFFPH(15),SFEDH(15,6),
      5,CORG(6),ANRCH,CMINH(6)
      C
      C COMMON BLOCK /STAT/ CONTAINS THE STATE VARIABLES AND /CHAR/ AND
      C THE TIME INCREMENTS FOR THE CURRENT TIME UNIT.
      C
      COMMON/STAT/CVFRCL(6),CMINH(6),POPPL(6),POPMN(6),
      1 CLTT(15,6),CNGC(6),CMIN(6),CNCCOV,WATASC(6),
      2 ANNCOV,PERCOV,TCOVER(15),FWAT,CMMY(6)
      DTMENSION FRY(15),DMY(15),DTW(15),DTPY(15),DTPY(15),DT,
      1 ACATN(3)
      DATA OGDH/,0001,0002,0003,0004,0005,0006,0007,0008,0009,00010,00011,00012/
      DATA CAPDN/,0001,0002,0003,0004,0005,0006,0007,0008,0009,00010,00011,00012/
      DATA PLANK/,0001,0002,0003,0004,0005,0006,0007,0008,0009,00010,00011,00012/
      DATA SOURCE/0001,0002,0003,0004,0005,0006,0007,0008,0009,00010,00011,00012/
      1,00013,00014,00015,00016,00017,00018,00019,00020,00021,00022,00023,00024,00025,00026,00027,00028,00029,00030,00031,00032,00033,00034,00035,00036,00037,00038,00039,00040,00041,00042,00043,00044,00045,00046,00047,00048,00049,00050,00051,00052,00053,00054,00055,00056,00057,00058,00059,00060,00061,00062,00063,00064,00065,00066,00067,00068,00069,00070,00071,00072,00073,00074,00075,00076,00077,00078,00079,00080,00081,00082,00083,00084,00085,00086,00087,00088,00089,00090,00091,00092,00093,00094,00095,00096,00097,00098,00099,00100,00101,00102,00103,00104,00105,00106,00107,00108,00109,00110,00111,00112
  
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2.1.3.1.1.-106

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124 FORMAT(1X,4A4)
125 IF (NORGAN.CT=1) GO TO 150
126 IF (INFRAC.TCT=1) GO TO 175
127 WPTTE (6,14C) (VEFC(J,1,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), DRYM(1)
128 GO TO 175
129 WPTTE (6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM), DRYM(1)
130 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
131 GO TO 200
132 DO 140 J = 1, NORGAN
133 TR INFACT.CT=1,3C,7C
134 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
135 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
136 GO TO 200
137 DO 140 J = 1, NORGAN
138 FC TO 140
139 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
140 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
141 CONTINUE
142 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
143 GO TO 200
144 DO 145 J = 1, NORGAN
145 FC TO 140
146 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
147 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
148 CONTINUE
149 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
150 GO TO 200
151 DO 152 J = 1, NORGAN
152 FC TO 140
153 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
154 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
155 CONTINUE
156 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
157 GO TO 200
158 DO 159 J = 1, NORGAN
159 FC TO 140
160 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
161 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
162 CONTINUE
163 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
164 GO TO 200
165 DO 166 J = 1, NORGAN
166 FC TO 140
167 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
168 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
169 CONTINUE
170 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
171 GO TO 200
172 DO 173 J = 1, NORGAN
173 FC TO 140
174 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
175 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
176 CONTINUE
177 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
178 GO TO 200
179 DO 180 J = 1, NORGAN
180 FC TO 140
181 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
182 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
183 CONTINUE
184 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
185 GO TO 200
186 DO 187 J = 1, NORGAN
187 FC TO 140
188 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K = 1, NFRELM
189 WRITE(6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K = 1, NFRELM, AVEC(T,1), DRYM(1)
190 CONTINUE
191 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
192 GO TO 200
193 DO 194 J = 1, NORGAN
194 FC TO 140
195 WPTTE (6,14C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), J=1,7
196 WPTTE (6,21R)
197 FORMAT(15X,*ALL STAGES*)
198 IF (INORGAN.GT.T=1) GO TO 230
199 IF (INFRAC.GT.T=1) GO TO 220
200 WPTTE (6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), DRYM(1)
201 GO TO 270
202 WPTTE (6,14C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), SAVEEG(T8,1), DRYM(1)
203 GO TO 270
204 CONTINUE
205 FORMAT(1X*,2E8,8F12.2)
206 DO 207 J = 1, NORGAN
207 IF (INFRAC.GT.T=1) GO TO 240
208 WPTTE (6,16C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K=1,NFREL(M)
209 1SDRYM(J)
210 GO TO 250
211 WPTTE (6,16C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K=1,NFREL(M)
212 1SAVEEG(J), SDRYM(J)
213 CONTINUE
214 IF (INFACT.GT.T=1) GO TO 260
215 WPTTE (6,28C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), DRYM(1)
216 GO TO 270
217 WPTTE (6,28C) (VEG(J,1,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), SAVEFO(T1), DRYM(1)
218 CONTINUE
219 OSGDMT = OSGDMT + DRYM(1)
220 WPTTE (6,29C)
221 FORMAT(1XCALL SPECIES)
222 DO 310 J=1,NORGAN,L=1 GO TO 320
223 TR INFRAC.CT=1,100 TO 325
224 WPTTE (6,16C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K=1,E
225 WPTTE (6,16C) (ORGNAME(J,K)), K=1,NFREL(M), DRYM(1)

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000227      GO TO 31C
000228      300 WRITE(6,16C) (ORGNAME(J,K),K=1,6), (CVECV(J,K),K=1,NFRELW), AVFCV(J)
000229      1, DRYMVO(J)
000230      000 31C CONTINUE
000231      000 32C IF(INFRACGT.1) GO TO 33C
000232      000      WRITE(6,28D) (CVECV(J,K),K=1,NFRELW), DRYMVO
000233      000      GO TO 34D
000234      000      WRITE(6,28D) (CVECV(J,K),K=1,NFRELW), AVFCV(J), DRYMVO
000235      000

C.....COVER DATA ARE PRINTED
000236      000 34C WRITE(6,35D)
000237      000      35C FORMAT(1,OCROUND COVER BY DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES, PER CENT., *1
000238      000      DP 360 I = 1, NSPECY
000239      000      36C WRITE(6,37C) (VSPECM(I,J), J = 1,7), COVER(I)
000240      000      37C FORMAT(1Z0X,7A4,2PF2C.3)
000241      000      WRITE(6,38D) TCOVER
000242      000      380 FORMAT(1T12, "TOTAL", T49, 2PF2D.3)
000243      000      WRITE(6,385) PERCENT, ANNCOV
000244      000      385 FORMAT(142X,PERENNIALS,2PF1C.3, ANNUALS, 2PF1C.3)
000245      000
000246      000
000247      000
000248      000 C BIOMASS OF SHED SEEDS IS PRINTED
000249      000 39C WRITE(6,39D)
000250      000      39C FORMAT(1,OCCONSTITUENTS OF SHED SEEDS)
000251      000      WRITE(6,57D) (IFRANAM(I,J), J = 1,3), I = 1,NFRELW)
000252      000      IF(INFRACGT.1) WRITE(6,70) (BLANK, J=1,NFREL3), TOTNAM, TOTNAT
000253      000      1, IF(INFRACLE.1) WRITE(6,70) (BLANK, J=1,NFREL3), DRYMAZ, DRYNAZ
000254      000      DO 400 I = 1, NSEEDH
000255      000      400 DRYTH(I) = 0.
000256      000      DRYTH = 0.
000257      000      DO 500 K1 = 1, NSEEDH
000258      000      IF(INSEEDH.EQ.1) GO TO 440
000259      000      IF(K1.LE.1) GO TO 42C
000260      000      K2 = K1 - 1
000261      000      WRITE(6,41D) 1, SEEDDEP(K2), SEEDDEP(K1)
000262      000      41C FORMAT(1, FROM*, F5.0, *, F5.0, *, MN, *)
000263      000      60 TO 440
000264      000      420 WRITE(6,43D)
000265      000      43C FORMAT(1, SURFACE*)
000266      000
000267      000
000268      000      C.....DRY MATTER IS CALCULATED
000269      000      440 DRYMVO = 0.
000270      000      DO 480 I = 1, NSPECY
000271      000      DRYMO = 0.
000272      000      DO 450 K=1,NFRELW
000273      000      DRYMO = DRYMVO + SEED(I,K)*DRYFAV(I,K)
000274      000      DRYMVO = DRYMVO+DRYMO
000275      000      DRYTH(I) = DRYTH(I) + DRYMO
000276      000
000277      000
000278      000      C.....INDIVIDUAL VALUES ARE PRINTED
000279      000      45C IF(INFRACGT.1) GO TO 47C
000280      000      WRITE(6,46D) (VSPECM(I,J), J=1,7), (SEED(I,K1,J), J=1,NFRELW), DRYMO
000281      000      46D FORMAT(*,*7A4,F1D.2,7F12.2)
000282      000      60 TO 480
000283      000      47C WRITE(6,45D) (VSPECM(I,J), J=1,7), (SEED(I,K1,J), J=1,NFRELW),
1ASEED(I,K1), DRYMO

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000284      48C CONTINUE
000285      DO IF (INFRACT.GT.5) (SCREEN(K1,K),K=1,NFRELIN), DRYMVC
000286      000 WRTTE (6,28C) (SCREEN(K1,K),K=1,NFRELIN), DRYMVC
000287      000 IN TO 5C
000288      000 WRTTE (6,28C) (SCREEN(K1,K),K=1,NFRELIN), ACEDY(K1), DRYMVC
000289      000 DRYTH = DRYTH + DRYMVC
000290      000 QRCOMT = QRCOMT + DRYTH
000291      000 IF (NSEDH.LE.1) GO TO 550
000292      000
000293      000      CCCCC TOTAL CYCP HORIZON AND CONSTNTD
000294      000      WRTT (6,51)
000295      000      FORMATT (ALL, WRTTNC)
000296      000      DO 530 I = 1, NSEEV
000297      000      IF (INFRACT.GT.1) GO TO 520
000298      000      WRTTE (6,46F) (VSPPNM (7,J),J=1,7), (SEFDH(I,K),K=1,NFRELIN),
000299      000      1DPV (I)
000300      000      60 72 53
000301      000      521 WRTTE (6,46F) (VSPPNM (7,J),J=1,7), (SEFDH(I,K),K=1,NFRELIN),
000302      000      1ASFFDH(I), DRYTH(I)
000303      000      53L CONTINUE
000304      000      IF (INFRACT.GT.1) GO TO 540
000305      000      WRTTE (6,28C) (SEEDVH(K)), K=1,NFRELIN), DRYTVH
000306      000      GO TO 550
000307      000      540 WRTTE (6,28C) (SEEDVH(K), K=1,NFRELIN), ASEENDT,DRYTVH
000308      000      550 IF (NSPICA.LE.0) GO TO 790
000309      000
000310      000      C----- ANIMAL DATA ARE PRINTED
000311      000      C----- WRITE (6,55D)
000312      000      ECR FORMAT (1$CONSTITUENTS OF ANIMAL BIOMASS, G, OF KCAL,PFR HFTARF,1)PFPT108P
000313      000      WRITE (6,57D) ((FRANAM(I,J), J = 1,7), I = 1,NFRELIN)
000314      000      IF (INFRACT.GT.1), WRITE (6,70) (PLANK,J=1,NFRELIN),TOTNAT
000315      000      1,DRYMA1,DRYMA2,DRYMA3
000316      000      1IF (INFRACT.LE.1) WRITE (6,70) (BLANK,J=1,NFRELIN),DRYMA1,DRYMA2,DRYMA3
000317      000      57C FORMAT (30X, 24A4)
000318      000
000319      000      C----- DRY MATTER IS CALCULATED
000320      000      DRYMVC = D.
000321      000      K1=1
000322      000      I7=2
000323      000      DO 690 I = 1, NSPECA
000324      000      IF (I.GT.1) K1=NCOHCUT(I-1)+1
000325      000      K2=NCOHCUT(I)
000326      000      WRTTE (6,58C) (ASPNAME(I,J), J=1,7)
000327      000      58C FORMAT (1$,7A4)
000328      000      DRYMVC(I) = 0.
000329      000      DO 680 J = K1, K2
000330      000      DRYM(J) = 0.
000331      000      DO 590 K = 1, NFRELIN
000332      000      59C DRYM(J) = DRYM(J) + CB104 (J,K) * DRYFAV(IJ,K)
000333      000      DRYM(I) = DRYM(I) + DRYM(J)
000334      000      600 CONTINUE
000335      000      DRYMVC = DRYMVC + DRYM(I)
000336      000      IF (K2.GT.K1) GO TO 630
000337      000      IF (INFRACT.GT.1) GO TO 51C
000338      000
000339      000      C----- INDIVIDUAL BIOMASS VALUES ARE PRINTED
000340      000

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000341      WRTIE (6,67) 1,RCM(K1,J), J=1,NFRELIM), DRYM(K1)
000342      GC TO 65C
000343      E1C WRTIE (5,62) 1,RCM(K1,J), J=1,NFRELIM), APM(J), DRYM(K1)
000344      E2C FORMAT (14,7EV, 3F17.0)
000345      GC TO 63C
000346      E3C DO 65D K = K1, N2
      LELTSCOH(K)
      IF INFRACR, T, J, I, T, 64C
      WRTIE (6,66, 1,LCNAM(L,J), J=1,4), C, TCM(K,J), J-, NFRELIM), DRYM(K)
      GC TO 65C
      E4C WRTIE (6,66, 1,LCNAM(L,J), J=1,4), C, TCM(K,J), J-, NFRELIM), APM(J)
      1,DRYM(K)
      E5D CONTINUE
      E6C FORMAT (5X, 4A4, 6X, 8F17.2)
      E7C **** TOTALS ARE PRINTED
      IF INFRACR, GT, 110C TO 67C
      WRITE (6,77) 1,ANIM(I,K), K=1,NFRELIM), DRYM(V(I))
      GO TO 68C
      E7C WRITE (6,73C) 1,ANIM(I,K), K=1,NFRELIM), APM(SP(I)), DRYM(V(I))
      68C WRITE (6,75C)
      69C CONTINUE
      70C FORMAT (1IH )
      ORGMT = ORGMDT + DRYM(V
      IF INFRACR, GT, 110C TO 71C
      WRITE (6,72) 1,RCM(AK1,K=1,NFRELIM), DRYM(V0
      GO TO 74C
      71D WRTIE (6,72) 1,RCM(AK1,K=1,NFRELIM), APM(A), DRYM(V
      72D FORMAT (*TOTOTAL, ALL SPECIES*, 2X, RF17.2)
      73D FORMAT (1CX, *TOTAL*, 1CX, RF17.2)
      74C **** POPULATION DATA ARE PRINTED
      74C WRTIE (6,75C)
      75D FORMAT (*DANIMAL POPULATIONS, PER HECTARE)
      75D DO 78C I = 1, NSPECA
      K1 = 1
      IF (I,67,1) K1 = NOHCUI(I-1) + 1
      K2 = NOHCUI(I)
      WRITE (6,58) 1,ASPM(M(T,J), J=1,7)
      IF (K2,GT,K1) GO TO 76D
      WRITE (6,62C) POP(K1)
      GO TO 78C
      76C DO 77C K = K1, K2
      LELTSCOH(K)
      77C WRTIE (6,66) 1,LCNAM(L,J), J=1,4), POP(K)
      WRITE (6,77) 1,CDSP(I)
      WRITE (6,75C)
      78C CONTINUE
      C----- DATA FOR DEAD ORGANIC MATTER ARE PRINTED
      000372      000
      000373      000
      000374      000
      000375      000
      000376      000
      000377      000
      000378      000
      000379      000
      000380      000
      000381      000
      000382      000
      000383      000
      000384      000
      000385      000
      000386      000
      000387      000
      000388      000
      000389      000
      000390      000
      000391      000
      000392      000
      000393      000
      000394      000
      000395      000
      000396      000
      000397      000
      79C APGMDA = 0.
      IF (NOHTL, 0, 1) GC TO 98C
      WRTIE (6,80C)
      88C FORMAT (*OCNSTITUENTS OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL, G, OR KCAL. PGR HEREPTGOF
      1CTARE*)
      WRITE (6,81C) 1,FPNAM(I,J), J = 1,79, T = 1, NFRELIM)

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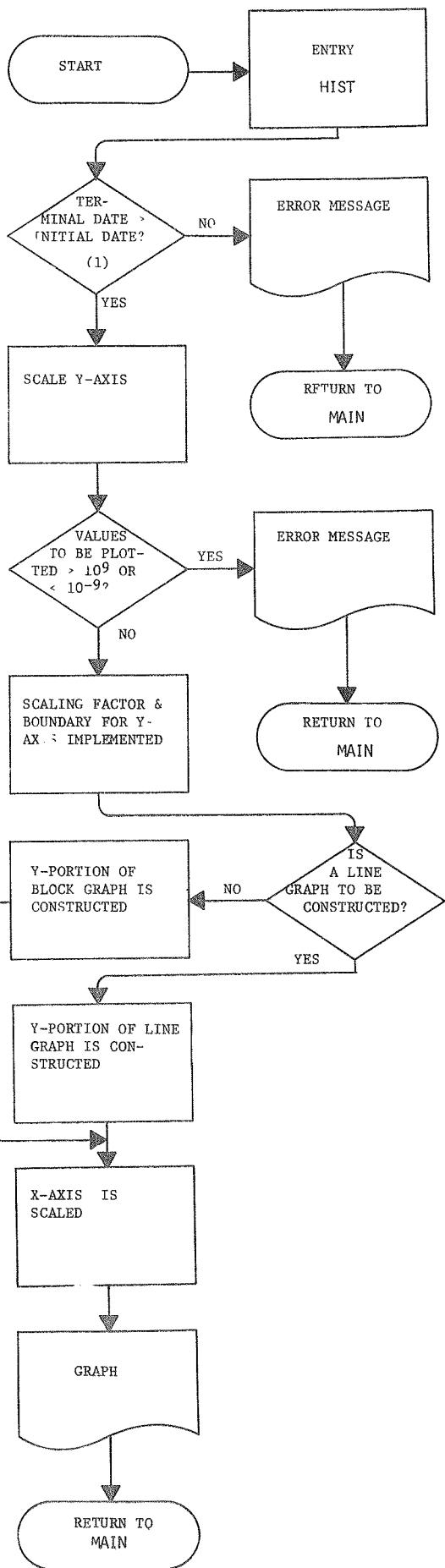

2.1.3.1.1.-112

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      FONTR = 1, J
      FC 116FT = 1, J
      1160 AGATNT(II) = 0.
      DC 117FT = 1, NCHAN
      H2OTOT = H2OCT + H2OIT
      FRONT = ERODT + EPODT
      DO 117FT K = 1, J
      1170 AGATNT(K) = AGATNT(K) + AGATN (T,K)
      WPTTR (6p11or) H2OTCT, FRCTOT, LACANT(V), "-1, J
      :18* ENDMAP (*C TOTAL, 17, 2F1E, C, 5F1, 2)
      :-----+
      :-----+ WATER DATA ARE ROTATED
      :-----+
      :-----+ 1190 WRITE (6:1715)
      :-----+ DN 110FT I = 1, N4NPI -
      T1 = 1 * 1
      :-----+ 1200 WRITE (6:14P1) HORDEF(I), HOPDEF(I)
      :-----+ DN 110FT I = 1, N4NPI -
      :-----+ 1200 WRITE (6:14P1) WATER(I)
      :-----+ 1210 FORMAT (10$OILWAIFR POTENTIAL, ATM *)
      :-----+ 123C IF (SNODEP=CT) WRITE (6,174C) SNCHTF, SNCOCV
      :-----+ 1240 FORMAT (10*,14X, *SNOW COVEP =*, F7.1, MM, CR, -6PF8.1,
      :-----+ 1 *TONS PER HECTARE*)
      :-----+ IF (FREWFAT.GT.C.) WRITE (6,125D) FREWFAT
      :-----+ 1250 FORMAT (10*,14X, *FPEF WATER DEPTH =*, F7.1, MM, *)
      :-----+ IF (IJSTATE.LE.5) RETURN
      :-----+ WRITE (6,126D)
      :-----+ 1260 FORMAT (10$ADDITIONAL STATE VARIABLES*)
      :-----+ WRITE (6,127D)(JUNMM(YII), II = 1, 25)
      :-----+ 127D FORMAT (1H *, 8F15.5)
      :-----+ RETURN
      :-----+ END

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FLOW CHART OF GRAF

2.1.3.1.1.-113

- (1) TERMINAL DATE OF SIMULATION
GREATER THAN INITIAL DATE OF
SIMULATION?

GRAF
PROGRAM LISTING

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000001      WHEN CALLED AS GRAF, THIS SUBROUTINE RECEIVES IN EACH ROW OF THE    8280
000002          ARRAY FIGS THE 70 VALUES OF Y REQUIRED FOR SUCCESSIVE VALUES OF X.    8290
000003          C EQUALLY SPACED BETWEEN XMIN AND XMAX. THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM    8300
000004          C VALUES OF Y ARE TRANSFERRED AS YMINT, YMAX. THE NUMBER OF ROWS    8310
000005          C OF FIGS USED I.E. THE NUMBER OF CURVES REQUIRED ON THE GRAPH IS    8320
000006          C TRANSFERRED AS NOSYM. THE TITLE FOR THE GRAPH IS TRANSFERRED AS    8330
000007          C TITLE, THAT FOR THE Y AXIS AS YYTITLE.    8340
000008          C THE MEANINGS OF THE DIFFERENT GRAPHS ARE TRANSFERRED (IN ORDER) IN    8350
000009          C THE SUCCESSIVE COLUMNS OF EXPLAN. ENTRY HIST PRODUCES A PLOCK    8360
000010          C GRAPH WITH NOCOL COLUMNS EQUALLY SPACED BETWEEN XMIN AND XMAX, THF    8370
000011          C VALUE FOR EACH COLUMN BEING TRANSFERRED IN XDOT.
000012
000013          C THE FOLLOWING ARE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES NOT COMMON TO THE MAIN
000014          C PROGRAM. VARIABLES USED ONLY FOR TEMPORARY PURPOSES ARE OMITTED.
000015          C
000016          C A          THE RANGE OF X VALUES
000017          C ANUM(I)     STOPAGE FOR DIGIT SYMBOLS
000018          C APNS       STORED VERTICAL LINE (') FOR VERTICAL BOUNDARY OF GRAPH
000019          C
000020          C B          OF GRAPH
000021          C BLANK      THE RANGE OF Y VALUES
000022          C FWT1(I)    A STORED BLANK FOR USE IN OUTPUT
000023          C GRAPH(I,J) FORMAT FOR Y AXIS SCALE HEADING
000024          C
000025          C C          SYMBOLS STORED, ONE PER WORD, TO FORM THE OUTPUT
000026          C C          GRAPH
000027          C C          A STORED HYPHEN (-) FOR USE IN OUTPUT
000028          C C          DATE IN THE YEAR FOR MARKERS ALONG THE X AXIS
000029          C C          THE LAST COLUMN - IN THIS IMPLEMENTATION ALWAYS 71
000030          C C          A SWITCH DETERMINED BY THE ENTRY POINT, 1 FOR LINE
000031          C C          GRAPHS, 3 FOR BLOCK GRAPHS
000032          C C          THE COLUMN INTERVAL - IN THIS IMPLEMENTATION, ALWAYS 1
000033          C C          THE FIRST COLUMN - IN THIS IMPLEMENTATION, ALWAYS 1
000034          C C          NUMBER OF YEAR FOR MARKERS ALONG THE X AXIS
000035          C C          EXPONENT OF MULTIPLYING FACTOR FOR Y AXIS
000036          C C          A STORED PLUS SIGN (+) FOR USE IN OUTPUT
000037          C C          A SMALL REAL NUMBER TO SERVE AS POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE
000038          C C          LIMITS OF THE Y AXIS WHERE Y IS ALWAYS ZERO
000039          C C          A STORED ASTERISK (*) FOR USE IN BLOCK GRAPHS
000040          C C          STORED ALPHABETICAL SYMBOLS FOR LINE GRAPHS
000041          C C          STORAGE FOR THE HORIZONTAL BOUNDARY OF THE GRAPH
000042          C C          INCREMENT OF X PER COLUMN
000043          C C          VALUE OF Y AT MARKER POINTS ON Y AXIS
000044          C C          PRINTER LINES PER UNIT OF Y
000045          C C          INCREMENT OF Y PER PRINTER LINE
000046          C
000047          C          SUBROUTINE GRAF
000048          C
000049          C          COMMON BLOCK /DIAGR/ CONTAINS INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR GRAPHS.
000050          C
000051          C          COMMON/DIAGR/FIGS(8,70),EXPLAN(5,8),TITLE(20),YYTITLE(10),
000052          C          1,XDOT(71),XMINT,YMINT,NOSYM,INITYR
000053          C          DIMENSION FWT1(17),SYMBOL(8),GRAPH(51,71),ANUM(10)
000054          C          1,YAXIS(6),XLINE(18),IDAYS(8),IYEARS(8)
000055          C          DATA XLINE/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/
000056          C          1,2*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/,*/*+---*/

```


2.1.3.1.1.-116

```

000113      WRITE (6,301) TITLE(K), K=1,20)          9130
000114      WRITE (6,2292)
000115      2292 FORMAT ('*OFACTOP FOR Y AXIS *GT. 1C**9 OR .LT. 1C**-9')
000116      RETURN
000117
000118      C----- THE APPROPRIATE SCALING FACTOR IS INSERTED IN THE FORMAT FOR
000119      C----- THE Y AXIS.
000120      DO 2291 IF (I.IF=0) GO TO 393           9140
000121      FMT1(3) = HYPHEN
000122      2291 IF (I.IF=0) GO TO 393           9150
000123      FMT1(4) = ANUM(J+1)                   9160
000124      393 FMT1(4)
000125      C----- THE Y BOUNDARY OF THE GRAPH IS INSERTED.
000126      C----- DO 1 I = 1, 51
000127      1 GRAPH(I,1) = APOS
000128      DO 3 I = 1,51,1C
000129      3 GRAPH(I,1) = PLUS
000130      000
000131      000
000132      000 XUNIT = 50./{YMAX-YMIN}
000133      000 YUNIT = 70./{XMAX-XMIN}           9240
000134      000 GO TO (901,902, 903)             9250
000135      000 WRITE (6,911)                   9260
000136      000 902 FORMAT ('*ODOT DIAGRAM FACILITY NOT AVAILABLE')
000137      000 RETURN
000138      000
000139      000 C----- THE BLOCK GRAPH IS CONSTRUCTED.
000140      000
000141      000 903 Y = YMIN
000142      000 YUN = 1./YUNIT
000143      000 DO 921 I = 1, 51
000144      000 DO 811 K = 2, NOCOL
000145      000 IF (XDOTT(K).GE.Y) GRAPH(I,K) = STAR
000146      000 811 CONTINUE
000147      000 Y = Y + YUN
000148      000 S21 CONTINUE
000149      000 DO 912
000150      000 DO 34 I = 1, NOSYM
000151      000 DO 5 J = 1, 70
000152      000 K = (FIGS(I,J) - YMIN)*YUNIT+.1
000153      000 IF (K.GT.50) GO TO 5
000154      000 GRAPH(I,J+1)= SYMBOL(I)
000155      000 5 CONTINUE
000156      000 34 CONTINUE
000157      000 912 XUNIT = {XMAX - XMIN}/7.
000158      000
000159      000 C----- THE LINE GRAPH IS CONSTRUCTED.
000160      000 901 DO 34 I = 1, NOSYM
000161      000 DO 5 J = 1, 70
000162      000 K = (FIGS(I,J) - YMIN)*YUNIT+.1
000163      000 IF (K.GT.50) GO TO 5
000164      000 GRAPH(I,J+1)= SYMBOL(I)
000165      000 5 CONTINUE
000166      000 16 IDAYS(I) = XMIN + XUNIT * FLOAT(I-1)
000167      000 DO 6 I = 2,8
000168      000 IDAYS(I) = IYEARS(I-1)
000169      000 11 NYRDAY = 365

```


INPUT/OUTPUT EXAMPLE

A listing of a set of input cards follows, with the resulting output, using the third versions of the sub-routines VEGET, ANIMAL and SOILS. For each input card, the number of the input statement by which it is read is indicated.

THESE DATA ARE DERIVED FROM BIONIC PROGRESS REPORTS FOR DATA YEAR 1971. NOT ALL OF THE DATA WERE AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF THIS SIMULATION; THUS MANY STATE VARIABLE VALUES AND PARAMETED VALUES HAD TO BE DEDUCED.

2.1.3.1.1.-120

000113 70.00 70.00 210.00 336.00 76.36
 000114 80.00 80.00 240.00 384.00 87.27
 000115 100.00 100.00 300.00 480.00 1090.91
 000116 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000117 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000118 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000119 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000120 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000121 10.00 10.00 30.00 48.00 10.91
 000122 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92
 000123 0.832 1.438 1.896 6.0.0 ? 1.512
 000124 NFTM- 40.00 800.00 125.00 63.74 3977.27
 000125 28.46 56.92 87.64 90.91 3977.27
 000126 8.00 160.00 25.00 18.18 795.45
 000127 140.00 2800.00 437.50 318.18 13920.45
 000128 240.00 480.00 1200.00 1200.00 960.00
 000129 24.00 48.00 120.00 120.00 96.00
 000130 240.00 480.00 1200.00 1200.00 960.00
 000131 205.60 4112.00 642.50 467.27 20443.18
 000132 1370.80 27416.00 4283.75 3115.45 136301.13
 000133 1850.00 37000.00 5781.25 4204.55 183948.86
 000134 130400. 652000. 326000. 326000. 2608000.
 000135 180000. 77000. 4.8 4.8 MAIN 683
 000136 134400. 672000. 336000. 336000. MAIN 682
 000137 74000. 171000. 12.0 12.0 MAIN 683
 000138 428000. 2140000. 1070000. 1070000. MAIN 682
 000139 188000. 505000. 50.0 50.0 MAIN 683
 000140 000141 1024710262102921030710322
 000142 BIOMASS OF ANNUALS BY ORGAN
 000143 TOTAL CARBON (G. PER HA.)
 000144 LEAVES
 000145 YOUNG STEMS
 000146 INFLORESCENCES
 000147 SEEDS
 000148 ROOTS D-6CM
 000149 1023810239102401024210243
 000150 LEAF BTOMASS OF SHRUBS BY SPECIES
 000151 TOTAL CARBON (G. PER HA.)
 000152 LYCTUM
 000153 KRAMERTIA
 000154 LARREA
 000155 AMBROSTA
 000156 AMBROSTA
 000157 GRAYIA
 000158 1023310284102851028710288
 000159 SEED BTOMASS OF SHRUBS BY SPECIES
 000160 TOTAL CARBON (G. PER HA.)
 000161 LYCTUM
 000162 KRAMERTIA
 000163 LARREA
 000164 AMBROSTA
 000165 GRAYIA
 000166 20007
 000167 EXCHANGE OF CARBON WITH ATMOSPHERE (+ INPUT FROM - OUTPUT TO)
 000168 GRAMS PER HECTARE
 000169 0164901655201655

PERCENTAGE SATURATION OF SOIL(V/V BASIS)
 FRACTION OF HORIZON WIDTH ZERO
 0-6 CM
 6-12 CM
 12-18 CM
 18-24 CM
 24-30 CM
 30-36 CM
 36-42 CM
 42-48 CM
 48-54 CM
 54-60 CM
 60-66 CM
 66-72 CM
 72-78 CM
 78-84 CM
 84-90 CM
 90-96 CM
 96-100 CM
 100-106 CM
 106-112 CM
 112-118 CM
 118-124 CM
 124-130 CM
 130-136 CM
 136-142 CM
 142-148 CM
 148-154 CM
 154-160 CM
 160-166 CM
 166-172 CM
 172-178 CM
 178-184 CM
 184-190 CM
 190-196 CM
 196-202 CM
 202-208 CM
 208-214 CM
 214-220 CM
 220-226 CM
 226-232 CM
 232-238 CM
 238-244 CM
 244-250 CM
 250-256 CM
 256-262 CM
 262-268 CM
 268-274 CM
 274-280 CM
 280-286 CM
 286-292 CM
 292-298 CM
 298-304 CM
 304-310 CM
 310-316 CM
 316-322 CM
 322-328 CM
 328-334 CM
 334-340 CM
 340-346 CM
 346-352 CM
 352-358 CM
 358-364 CM
 364-370 CM
 370-376 CM
 376-382 CM
 382-388 CM
 388-394 CM
 394-400 CM
 400-406 CM
 406-412 CM
 412-418 CM
 418-424 CM
 424-430 CM
 430-436 CM
 436-442 CM
 442-448 CM
 448-454 CM
 454-460 CM
 460-466 CM
 466-472 CM
 472-478 CM
 478-484 CM
 484-490 CM
 490-496 CM
 496-502 CM
 502-508 CM
 508-514 CM
 514-520 CM
 520-526 CM
 526-532 CM
 532-538 CM
 538-544 CM
 544-550 CM
 550-556 CM
 556-562 CM
 562-568 CM
 568-574 CM
 574-580 CM
 580-586 CM
 586-592 CM
 592-598 CM
 598-604 CM
 604-610 CM
 610-616 CM
 616-622 CM
 622-628 CM
 628-634 CM
 634-640 CM
 640-646 CM
 646-652 CM
 652-658 CM
 658-664 CM
 664-670 CM
 670-676 CM
 676-682 CM
 682-688 CM
 688-694 CM
 694-700 CM
 700-706 CM
 706-712 CM
 712-718 CM
 718-724 CM
 724-730 CM
 730-736 CM
 736-742 CM
 742-748 CM
 748-754 CM
 754-760 CM
 760-766 CM
 766-772 CM
 772-778 CM
 778-784 CM
 784-790 CM
 790-796 CM
 796-802 CM
 802-808 CM
 808-814 CM
 814-820 CM
 820-826 CM
 826-832 CM
 832-838 CM
 838-844 CM
 844-850 CM
 850-856 CM
 856-862 CM
 862-868 CM
 868-874 CM
 874-880 CM
 880-886 CM
 886-892 CM
 892-898 CM
 898-904 CM
 904-910 CM
 910-916 CM
 916-922 CM
 922-928 CM
 928-934 CM
 934-940 CM
 940-946 CM
 946-952 CM
 952-958 CM
 958-964 CM
 964-970 CM
 970-976 CM
 976-982 CM
 982-988 CM
 988-994 CM
 994-1000 CM

[At this point, NAMELIST input required by the process subroutines (q.v.) is read in]

000512	11°	12°	13°	13°	14°	15°	15°	14°	14°	15°	15°	14°	EXOGEN
000513													EXOGEN
000514													EXOGEN
000515													EXOGEN
000516													EXOGEN
000517													EXOGEN
000518													EXOGEN
000519													EXOGEN
000520													EXOGEN
000521													EXOGEN
	277	277	277	277	278	278	278	278	279	279	279	280	EXOGEN
	277	277	277	277	278	278	278	278	279	279	279	280	EXOGEN
	277	277	277	277	278	278	278	278	279	279	279	281	EXOGEN

VITAL REPORT ON DEC 10 1970

INSTITUENTS OF VEGETATIONAL BIOMASS? G. PER HECTARE

NITROGEN AS NHEM. PROTEIN C

	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
ICLUM ANDERSONII	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
LEAVES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
YOUNG STEM S	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	10108.40	41033.60	31588.75	495311.59
INFLORESCENCES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOT S 0-6 CM	741.20	2864.80	2316.25	16371.48
ROOT S 6-20 CM	4990.00	19760.00	15437.50	36318.81
ROOT S 20-70 CM	6670.00	26580.00	20843.75	292059.99
TOTAL	22459.60	8938.40	70186.25	32682.98
<i>NAMERIA PARVIFOLIA</i>	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
LEAVES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
YOUNG STEM S	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	5766.60	23066.40	18020.62	282563.40
INFLORESCENCES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOT S 0-6 CM	422.00	1588.00	1318.75	20677.99
ROOT S 6-20 CM	2816.00	11254.00	8800.00	13798.00
ROOT S 20-70 CM	3804.00	15216.00	11887.50	186395.99
TOTAL	12808.60	51234.40	40026.87	627621.37
<i>IRREAT TRIDENTATA</i>	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
LEAVES	250.00	800.00	781.25	1909.09
YOUNG STEM S	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	5016.20	20064.80	15675.62	11400.45
INFLORESCENCES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOT S 0-6 CM	366.00	1464.00	1143.75	5614.77
ROOT S 6-20 CM	2448.00	9776.00	7637.50	37493.18
ROOT S 20-70 CM	3298.00	13192.00	10306.25	50594.32
TOTAL	11374.20	45296.80	35544.37	172217.84
<i>HEDRA NEVADENSIS</i>	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
LEAVES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
YOUNG STEM S	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	1752.20	7008.80	5475.62	3982.27
INFLORESCENCES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOT S 0-6 CM	128.40	513.60	401.25	291.82
ROOT S 6-20 CM	860.00	3440.00	2687.50	1954.55
ROOT S 20-70 CM	1154.00	4516.00	3606.25	2622.73
TOTAL	3894.60	15578.40	12170.62	2851.37
<i>IBROSEA DUMOSA</i>	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
LEAVES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
YOUNG STEM S	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	1266.20	5064.80	3956.87	2877.73
INFLORESCENCES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOT S 0-6 CM	92.80	371.20	290.00	210.91
ROOT S 6-20 CM	618.00	2472.00	1931.25	1404.55
ROOT S 20-70 CM	834.00	3336.00	2606.25	1895.45
TOTAL	2811.00	11244.00	8784.37	6388.59
<i>IVYIA SPINOSA</i>	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00

100%TS 6-20 CM 12094.60 48378.40
 100%TS 20-70 CM 16322.80 65290.20
 TOTAL 55244.84 22077.95

UND COVER BY DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES, PER CENT.
Lycium Andersonii 5.364
Krameri a Parvifolia 3.282
Larrea Tridentata 3.510
Ephedra Nevadensis 1.371
Ambrosia dumosa 1.873
Gayaria spinosa 0.653
Lycium pallidum 0.520
Eurotia lanata 0.124
 OTHER PERENNIALS 0.164
 ANNUALS 0.000
 TOTAL 15.768

PERENNIALS 15.768 ANNUALS 0.000

STUDENTS OF SHED SEEDS

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
<i>Lycium Andersonii</i>	30.00	90.00	244.00	32.73	266.73	600.01	
<i>Krameri a Parvifolia</i>	70.00	70.00	210.00	336.00	76.36	622.36	139.9.99
<i>Larrea Tridentata</i>	80.00	80.00	240.00	384.00	87.27	711.27	159.9.99
<i>Ephedra Nevadensis</i>	1000.00	1000.00	3000.00	4800.00	1090.91	8850.91	20000.00
<i>Ambrosia dumosa</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00	
<i>Gayaria spinosa</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00	
<i>Lycium pallidum</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00	
<i>Eurotia lanata</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00	
OTHER PERENNIALS	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00	
TOTAL	1240.00	1240.00	3720.00	5952.00	1352.73	11074.73	24800.01

STUDENTS OF ANIMAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE
 NITROGEN ASH ELEM. PROTEIN

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
<i>Podomys merriami</i>	0.33	1.44	1.90	6.09	1.51	9.50	15.46
ADULT	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JUVENILE	0.33	1.44	1.90	6.09	1.51	9.50	15.46
TOTAL							
IL. ALL SPECIES	0.33	1.44	1.90	6.09	1.51	9.50	15.46

ANAL POPULATIONS, PER HECTARE
Podomys merriami
 ADULT 0.92
 JUVENILE 0.00
 TOTAL 0.92

STUDENTS OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE
 TYPE OF MATERIAL NITROGEN ASH ELEM. PROTEIN

TOTAL C OTHER C RESERVE C TOTAL C DRY MATTER

3. STANDING DEAD 40.00 800.00 1250.00 4193.18 10000.00

3. LY STANDING DEAD 28.46 56.92 87.64 179.27 434.20

3. LITTER 8.00 160.00 25.00 79.5.45 199.9.99

3. LY LITTER 140.00 280.00 437.50 318.18 399.3.99

TANIN. PARTS 240.00 480.00 1200.00 1392.0.45 14676.13

LETONS 240.00 480.00 1200.00 960.0.00 12000.00

TOTAL C OTHER C RESERVE C TOTAL C DRY MATTER

360.00 120.00 120.00 360.00 1200.00

1993.92 1993.92 1993.92 1993.92 1993.92

	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
<i>Lycium Andersonii</i>	30.00	90.00	244.00	32.73	266.73	600.01
<i>Krameri a Parvifolia</i>	70.00	70.00	210.00	336.00	76.36	622.36
<i>Larrea Tridentata</i>	80.00	80.00	240.00	384.00	87.27	711.27
<i>Ephedra Nevadensis</i>	1000.00	1000.00	3000.00	4800.00	1090.91	8850.91
<i>Ambrosia dumosa</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00
<i>Gayaria spinosa</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00
<i>Lycium pallidum</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00
<i>Eurotia lanata</i>	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00
OTHER PERENNIALS	10.00	10.00	30.00	48.00	10.91	200.00
TOTAL	1240.00	1240.00	3720.00	5952.00	1352.73	11074.73

PERENNIALS 15.768 ANNUALS 0.000

XCRETA-SURFACE	240.00	480.00	1200.00	1200.00	9600.00	12000.00	1939.20
EAD ROOTS 0-6CM	205.60	412.00	642.50	467.27	2044.18	21552.95	51393.99
EAD ROOTS 6-20CM	1370.80	27416.00	4283.75	3115.45	136301.13	143700.33	342693.97
EAD ROOTS 20-70CM	1850.00	37000.00	5781.25	4204.55	183948.86	193934.66	462500.00
TOTAL	4146.85	73352.92	13902.64	10798.28	379574.27	404275.14	59506.44
OIL VARIABLES							
ORGANIC MATTER CONSTITUENTS		NITROGEN	ASH ELEMENT.	PROTEIN (%)	RESERVE (%)	OTHER C	TOTAL C
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	130400.00	652000.00	326000.00	376000.00	2608000.00	3260000.00	8606400.00
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	134400.00	672000.00	336000.00	336000.00	2688000.00	3360000.00	8870400.00
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	428000.00	214000.00	1070000.00	1070000.00	8560000.00	10700000.00	28248000.00
TOTAL	692800.00	3464000.00	1732000.00	1732000.00	1385600.00	17320000.00	45724800.00
N MINERAL FRACTION							
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	180000.00	77000.00					
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	740000.00	171000.00					
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	188000.00	505000.00					
TOTAL	4420000.00	753000.00					
TOTAL, SOIL AND DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL							
11138945.85	4290352.87	1745902.52	1742798.27	14235574.12	17724275.00	46670706.00	
TOTAL IN ECOSYSTEM							
OIL WATER POTENTIAL, ATM.							
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.		-20.00					
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.		-20.00					
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.		-20.00					

NUTRIENTS OF VEGETATIONAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE

INSTITUTIONS OF VEGETATIONAL BIOMASS*		G. OR KCAL. ^a	PEP HECTARE	DRY MATTER
CYTUM ANDERSONII	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN	TOTAL
LEAVES	1107.90	3545.03	3185.76	8749.23
YOUNG STEMS	35.61	142.56	102.31	5931.57
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	10067.63	4027.80	31396.47	547.25
INFLORESCENCES	9.57	34.83	27.50	15458.97
SEEDS	"	"	"	78.13
ROOTS 0-6 CM	741.12	2965.03	2310.51	119.33
ROOTS 6-20 CM	4929.97	19723.57	15371.96	184.95
ROOTS 20-70 CM	6555.03	26625.10	20751.15	0.00
TOTAL	23546.82	93314.12	73145.65	59582.07
AMERIA PARVIFOLIA				
-EAVES	47.19	150.97	147.44	360.30
YOUNG STEMS	"	"	"	80.00
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	5682.27	22746.09	17614.28	12810.39
INFLORESCENCES	"	"	"	87497.12
SEEDS	"	"	"	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	415.83	1564.56	1289.01	937.46
ROOTS 6-20 CM	2774.82	11107.58	8601.57	6255.69
ROOTS 20-70 CM	3748.37	15004.70	11619.45	8450.51
TOTAL	12668.48	50573.91	39271.76	28314.34
ARREA TRIDENTATA				
-EAVES	379.10	1213.06	1110.75	2972.23
YOUNG STEMS	1.63	6.51	4.67	4.12
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	5007.32	20029.28	15647.45	11380.59
INFLORESCENCES	"	"	"	76816.86
SEEDS	"	"	"	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	365.56	1462.24	1142.29	830.91
ROOTS 6-20 CM	2440.19	9760.75	7625.25	5546.23
ROOTS 20-70 CM	3292.72	13170.90	10269.35	7483.89
TOTAL	11486.51	45642.73	35819.77	28218.06
VEDRA NEADENSI				
-EAVES	"	"	"	0.00
YOUNG STEMS	90.29	361.44	259.40	228.85
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1816.24	7265.17	5658.68	4145.56
INFLORESCENCES	24.26	88.30	69.71	96.67
SEEDS	"	"	"	2129.65
ROOTS 0-6 CM	421.48	421.58	1161.51	426.31
ROOTS 6-20 CM	137.16	548.67	426.35	314.09
ROOTS 20-70 CM	894.31	3577.36	2785.62	2041.99
TOTAL	4580.47	4787.03	3728.38	2731.56
PIROSIA DUMOSA				
-EAVES	100.38	321.19	289.83	791.45
YOUNG STEMS	2.11	8.44	6.05	5.34
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1257.36	5031.82	3909.39	2843.38
INFLORESCENCES	"	"	"	1.30
SEEDS	"	"	"	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	92.29	369.33	286.92	208.74
ROOTS 6-20 CM	614.16	2457.78	1907.42	1388.97
ROOTS 20-70 CM	828.57	3316.54	2576.60	1874.26
TOTAL	2895.57	11505.74	8979.51	7113.95

MAY 19 COTTONOCK

LEAVES	223.60	201.16	551.15	437.46	2805.34
YOUNG STEMS	45.09	37.06	29.17	17.95	565.59
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	160.82	124.52	91.02	61.84	8340.29
INFLORESCENCES	2.69	2.14	2.34	9.23	1971.77
SEEDS	1.25	1.25	3.47	5.30	33.74
ROOTS 0-6 CM	29.86	11.95	92.42	67.72	25.19
ROOTS 6-20 CM	195.85	78.38	60.68	43.41	14.31
ROOTS 20-70 CM	264.35	105.68	81.83	59.70	11.13
TOTAL	975.02	3842.64	3002.64	2608.59	19957.63
YCTUM PALLIDUM					47163.07
LEAVES	47.52	152.38	135.97	297.95	1912.94
YOUNG STEMS	5.58	22.34	16.07	85.75	115.92
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	357.90	1431.95	1115.15	549.70	7424.03
INFLORESCENCES	35	1.29	1.02	1.41	17542.75
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	16.21
ROOTS 0-6 CM	27.61	110.46	86.01	62.62	42.45
ROOTS 6-20 CM	175.29	701.33	546.17	397.48	2692.44
ROOTS 20-70 CM	236.52	946.32	736.96	536.32	363.25
TOTAL	850.87	3366.08	2638.50	2199.37	12949.94
EUROTIA LANATA					47163.07
LEAVES	4.14	13.26	12.10	32.64	75.79
YOUNG STEMS	1.11	4.45	3.37	1.29	1.74
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	65.64	262.76	203.84	147.97	1010.81
INFLORESCENCES	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.08	0.24
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"
ROOTS 0-6 CM	4.78	19.15	14.82	10.79	7.35
ROOTS 6-20 CM	32.06	128.32	99.34	72.27	49.30
ROOTS 20-70 CM	43.20	172.94	133.88	97.40	66.55
TOTAL	149.96	596.95	463.97	361.43	2271.15
OTHER PERENNIALS					7318.05
LEAVES	1.01	3.25	2.93	8.07	5.35
YOUNG STEMS	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.32
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	32.81	131.25	102.19	74.91	50.35
INFLORESCENCES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"
ROOTS 0-6 CM	2.39	9.55	7.45	5.46	3.64
ROOTS 6-20 CM	15.91	63.66	49.62	36.72	24.55
ROOTS 20-70 CM	21.88	86.53	67.48	48.63	33.14
TOTAL	74.02	294.34	229.73	173.28	1124.20
ANNUALS					1527.21
LEAVES	34.70	113.13	98.54	268.65	230.39
YOUNG STEMS	20.72	75.76	57.28	78.57	265.56
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
INFLORESCENCES	17.13	62.35	49.87	67.60	21.3.61
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"
ROOTS 0-6 CM	19.76	72.08	54.47	74.69	24.94
ROOTS 6-20 CM	11.22	41.68	31.37	43.09	25.2.87
ROOTS 20-70 CM	1.60	5.95	4.48	6.15	2.0.80
TOTAL	127.97	393.78	359.92	653.17	1153.90
ALL SPECIES					21.67.00
LEAVES	5735.86	5185.47	14103.71	11223.70	30518.88
YOUNG STEMS	663.66	479.18	450.80	2522.42	71972.84
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	24689.09	76892.47	55961.71	37929.12	3452.41
INFLORESCENCES	52.52	191.17	151.59	208.63	12153.28
SEEDS	445.58	445.68	1228.90	2250.38	2393.44
ROOTS 0-6 CM	1836.35	7340.58	5710.24	4194.44	1015.25

'00TS 6-20 CM 48° 45° 92 37627.19 18561.8.24 250657.20 592309.41
 '00TS 20-70 CM 16288.84 65172.89 50726.05 36925.19 25023.8.08 337890.27 798442.87
 TOTAL 57355.62 226880.83 178001.08 141513.65 858204.48 1177719.19 2782458.09

UND COVER BY DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES, PER CENT.

LYCIUM ANDERSONII	5.805
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	3.257
LARREA TRIDENTATA	3.567
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	1.489
AMBROSTIA DUMOSA	1.979
CRAYTA SPINOSA	0.773
LYCIUM PALLIDUM	0.579
EUROTTIA LANATA	0.129
OTHER PERENNIALS	0.167
ANNUALS	0.947
TOTAL	17.328

PERENNIALS 16.537 ANNUALS .947

SUBSTUTENTS OF SHED SEEDS

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
LYCIUM ANDERSONII	29.74	29.74	89.23	142.77	32.45	264.45	594.90
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	69.40	69.40	208.21	333.14	75.71	517.05	1388.07
LARREA TRIDENTATA	79.32	79.32	237.96	380.73	86.53	705.21	1586.37
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	991.48	991.48	2974.45	4759.12	1081.62	8815.19	19829.67
AMBROSTIA DUMOSA	3.91	3.91	29.74	47.59	1.0.82	88.15	198.30
CRAYTA SPINOSA	3.91	3.91	29.74	47.59	1.0.82	88.15	198.30
LYCIUM PALLIDUM	9.91	9.91	29.74	47.59	1.0.82	88.15	198.30
EUROTTIA LANATA	9.91	9.91	29.74	47.59	1.0.82	88.15	198.30
OTHER PERENNIALS	9.91	9.91	29.74	47.59	1.0.82	88.15	198.30
JALS	8.43	8.43	25.28	40.45	8.19	74.93	168.55
TOTAL	1227.95	1227.95	3683.85	5894.17	1339.59	10917.61	24559.03

SUBSTITUTENTS OF ANIMAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
PODOMYS MERRIAMI	0.64	1.07	1.49	5.68	1.13	8.30	13.16
ADULT	0.37	0.69	0.80	5.96	0.75	7.51	11.25
JUVENILE	1.01	1.76	2.29	11.64	1.87	15.80	24.41
TOTAL							
IL. ALL SPECIES	1.01	1.76	2.29	11.64	1.87	15.80	24.41

TOTAL POPULATIONS, PER HECTARE

PODOMYS MERRIAMI	·72
ADULT	1.09
JUVENILE	1.81
TOTAL	

STUDENTS OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE	
TYPE OF MATERIAL	
3. STANDING DEAD	17.50
3. Y STANDING DEAD	144.43
3. LITTER	181.02
3. Y LITTER	143.49
T ANIM. PARTS	203.44
LETONS	22.48

NITROGEN

PROTEIN C

RESERVE C

OTHER C

DRY MATTER

TOTAL C

PEP HECTARE

4466.22

6288.04

5618.62

13305.37

34355.05

17146.42

1895.49

1141.34

31.307

EXCRETA, SURFACE	183.26	362.71	889.28	889.63	7088.57	8867.48	14741.91
DEAD ROOTS 0-5CM	208.43	4026.79	652.00	474.18	19978.08	21104.25	50325.58
DEAD ROOTS 6-20CM	1416.22	27337.85	4427.40	3219.92	135629.17	143276.49	341660.10
DEAD ROOTS 20-70CM	1414.37	27595.95	4486.39	3262.83	136878.47	144627.70	344858.32
TOTAL	3934.74	54485.94	13143.34	10948.47	329802.05	353893.87	829043.55
SOIL VARIABLES							
ORGANIC MATTER CONSTITUENTS		NITROGEN	ASH ELEMENT	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C
FROM 0- TO 60.	NN.	130454.16	652204.73	326369.97	326396.25	2611603.84	3264370.06
FROM 60- TO 200.	NN.	134389.51	672220.02	335992.34	335979.77	2689035.41	3361007.50
FROM 200- TO 700.	NN.	425785.17	2138737.56	17655912.92	1065531.87	8553497.87	10690932.62
TOTAL	NN.	690628.84	3463152.31	1728275.22	1727907.87	13860137.12	17316320.00
IN MINERAL FRACTION							
FROM 0- TO 60.	NN.	179770.57	76566.01				
FROM 60- TO 200.	NN.	73384.94	168491.65				
FROM 200- TO 700.	NN.	185923.31	511754.51				
TOTAL	NN.	439078.32	756812.16				
TOTAL, SOIL AND DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL	1133641.37	4284460.37	1741418.56	1738856.33	14189939.12	17670213.75	46545359.50
TOTAL IN ECOSYSTEM	1192226.45	4512370.87	1923105.78	1886275.78	15049485.00	18858866.25	49352401.00

ACCUMULATED NET GAIN OR LOSS TO ECOSYSTEM TO OR FROM ATMOSPHERE BY RUN-OFF OR RUN-ON TO OR FROM SUBSOIL	-83250509.00	MINERAL <SOIL WATER "00 "00 "00	NITROGEN ASH ELEM. "00 "00 "00	TOTAL C "00 "00 "00
TOTAL	-83250509.00	"00	-3206.26	"00 "00 "00
SOIL WATER POTENTIAL, ATM.				-21307.50
FROM 0- TO 60. MM.	-35.00			"00
FROM 60- TO 200. MM.	-35.00			"00
FROM 200- TO 700. MM.	-15.00			"00

ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION TO APR 10 1971 INCLUSIVE IS 9.4 MM. - THAT IS 94.0 TONS PER HECTARE

ROCK VALLEY -- ZONE 20

REPORT NO. 2 ON MAY 10 1971 (I.F.) AFTER 151 DAYS OF SIMULATION

CONSTITUENTS OF VEGETATIONAL BIOMASS. G. OR KCAL. PFR HECTARE

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
L YCIUM ANDERSONII							
LEAVES	1111.87	3557.62	3197.05	8780.32	6956.19	18933.57	49660.83
YOUNG STEMS	356.18	144.82	103.93	91.70	555.93	1780.39	493434.72
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	10067.88	40279.12	31397.20	22838.40	154593.56	708829.26	437.57
INFLORESCENCES	2.58	34.87	27.53	38.18	119.49	185.20	
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00
ROOTS 0-5 CM	741.17	2365.25	2310.56	1682.10	11380.85	15373.62	36326.86
ROOTS 6-20 CM	4930.19	1974.45	15372.59	11186.50	7570.83	102262.92	241639.32
ROOTS 20-70 CM	5655.31	2662.60	20751.95	15100.37	102193.23	138045.54	726190.70
TOTAL	23552.14	93332.24	73160.91	59717.57	351503.18	489381.67	114980.36
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA							
LEAVES	239.82	76.74	700.50	1882.48	1500.14	4083.12	9625.75
YOUNG STEMS	30.21	120.92	86.80	76.55	464.27	627.57	1486.65
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	5709.73	22856.02	17593.18	12879.99	87913.12	118492.29	280048.33
INFLORESCENCES	2.95	10.74	8.48	11.76	37.81	57.05	134.80
SEEDS	"	3.21	8.83	16.19	3.50	28.53	64.57
ROOTS 0-5 CM	421.32	1685.55	1304.79	951.38	6487.44	8743.67	20665.33
ROOTS 6-20 CM	2796.79	11195.53	8646.70	6311.37	43065.01	58041.08	137177.04
ROOTS 20-70 CM	3775.83	15114.63	11698.36	8520.11	5619.42	78358.88	185196.85
TOTAL	12979.84	51754.93	40155.64	30649.84	197616.65	269432.13	634399.31
L ARREA TRIDENTATA							
LEAVES	3594.97	3247.83	8854.84	7028.96	19131.63	45113.16	
YOUNG STEMS	28.75	115.07	82.53	72.85	441.76	597.22	1814.75
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	5014.10	20556.42	15565.93	11397.88	76521.08	103985.85	26592.57
INFLORESCENCES	2.91	10.61	8.38	11.61	36.35	56.34	133.12
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"	"	
ROOTS 0-5 CM	368.27	1473.10	1150.09	47.98	1037	84.52	191.32
ROOTS 6-20 CM	2451.03	9808.17	7556.92	837.78	5649.71	7637.58	19046.00
ROOTS 20-70 CM	3306.28	13225.18	10328.35	5573.72	37601.41	50831.55	120103.28
TOTAL	12304.32	48269.02	38166.70	34314.93	178411.39	68568.35	162011.10
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS							
LEAVES	"	"	"	"	"	"	0.00
YOUNG STEMS	118.92	480.95	338.55	298.80	1852.63	2489.97	5901.77
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1841.59	7374.98	5725.18	4206.45	28296.77	38278.40	90381.95
INFLORESCENCES	26.55	96.68	75.37	1005.84	331.28	513.45	1213.14
SEEDS	"	773.18	2131.96	3905.61	844.42	6881.99	15578.32
ROOTS 0-5 CM	142.14	569.24	440.18	326.47	2184.24	2950.90	6974.48
ROOTS 6-20 CM	913.72	3559.19	2338.25	2089.55	18039.93	18967.73	49626.04
ROOTS 20-70 CM	1220.87	4889.21	3793.56	2790.55	18759.30	25343.52	59893.16
TOTAL	5036.98	17843.66	15344.01	13723.38	66308.57	95375.95	224728.85
AMAROSIA DUMOSA							
LEAVES	283.25	906.51	819.77	2236.47	1772.97	4824.22	11379.35
YOUNG STEMS	111.45	45.84	32.89	29.01	175.99	237.89	563.54
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1259.56	5040.65	3915.57	2846.87	19368.36	26132.79	61756.25
INFLORESCENCES	2.30	8.38	6.67	9.15	2.870	44.48	105.10
SEEDS	"	"	"	"	"	"	5.33
ROOTS 0-5 CM	93.06	372.42	289.12	210.59	1430.98	1930.78	4562.85
ROOTS 6-20 CM	617.23	2470.10	1918.18	1396.72	9491.15	12805.05	30263.18
ROOTS 20-70 CM	832.58	3331.93	2587.54	1883.99	12802.70	17274.18	40822.18
TOTAL	3099.69	12176.09	9555.46	8616.16	45071.13	149457.78	53252.75
GRAYIA SPINOSA							

LEAVES	73.11	234.03	210.52	576.92	1285.30	2937.32
YOUNG STEM S	11.63	46.56	33.40	29.47	178.78	572.45
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	401.98	1608.96	1245.39	910.35	6185.78	8341.53
INFLORESCENCES	52	1.89	1.50	2.05	6.46	10.01
SEEDS	88	88	2.43	4.41	~ 96	23.66
ROOTS 0-6 CM	29.87	119.55	92.45	67.75	45.93	7.79
ROOTS 6-20 CM	195.89	784.08	507.00	443.52	3014.49	1464.99
ROOTS 20-70 CM	264.11	1057.13	818.48	597.85	4064.23	4065.02
TOTAL	977.98	3853.08	3011.17	2632.34	14368.18	9607.37
- YCIMUM PALLIDUM						12952.88
LEAVES	103.58	331.44	297.51	818.28	548.09	47290.97
YOUNG STEM S	28.52	114.15	81.93	72.28	438.22	4161.04
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	358.41	1434.00	1116.81	812.63	505.18	1403.40
INFLORESCENCES	63	2.29	1.81	2.51	7.84	17567.83
SEEDS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	27.81	111.27	86.59	63.14	427.19	1353.27
ROOTS 6-20 CM	176.10	704.60	548.51	399.55	2704.97	8632.14
ROOTS 20-70 CM	237.54	950.40	739.89	538.90	3648.62	8927.41
TOTAL	932.59	3648.15	2873.15	2707.29	13380.10	18960.54
- ERYTHRITA LANATA						44799.89
LEAVES	4.26	13.64	12.43	33.54	26.59	72.56
YOUNG STEM S	1.13	5.52	3.37	3.33	2.01	2.72
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	65.65	262.82	203.43	147.97	1011.08	1362.49
INFLORESCENCES	0.03	0.11	0.09	0.12	0.37	1.36
SEEDS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	4.79	19.16	14.83	10.79	73.71	92.33
ROOTS 6-20 CM	32.07	128.37	99.35	72.28	493.86	234.77
ROOTS 20-70 CM	93.21	173.00	133.89	97.82	665.54	665.49
TOTAL	150.13	597.62	464.40	362.46	2273.17	2119.67
) OTHER PERENNIALS						7326.31
LEAVES	2.79	8.93	8.03	22.03	17.46	47.52
YOUNG STEM S	1.11	4.42	3.30	2.27	1.62	2.19
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	32.83	131.35	102.24	74.65	503.82	5.18
INFLORESCENCES	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.06	5.18
SEEDS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	2.39	9.58	7.46	5.48	36.75	49.69
ROOTS 6-20 CM	15.94	63.77	49.70	36.79	246.29	117.41
ROOTS 20-70 CM	21.91	86.67	67.58	48.71	331.99	322.78
TOTAL	75.97	300.71	235.31	187.74	1137.97	785.97
ANNUALS						1059.67
LEAVES	34.70	113.13	98.54	268.55	230.39	597.57
YOUNG STEM S	20.72	75.76	57.28	78.57	265.56	401.41
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
INFLORESCENCES	17.13	62.35	49.87	57.50	213.61	331.07
SEEDS	22.84	22.85	63.91	114.43	24.94	203.29
ROOTS 0-6 CM	19.76	72.08	54.47	74.65	252.87	382.03
ROOTS 6-20 CM	11.22	41.68	31.37	43.09	145.73	220.19
ROOTS 20-70 CM	1.67	5.95	4.48	6.15	20.80	31.43
TOTAL	127.97	393.78	359.92	653.17	1153.90	5101.96
ALL SPECIES						5101.96
LEAVES	2976.81	9527.61	8587.28	23473.53	18638.65	50699.46
YOUNG STEM S	286.50	1145.03	818.03	749.85	4376.71	5944.35
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	24751.71	95044.19	77065.92	56116.99	380304.79	513497.68
INFLORESCENCES	62.62	227.92	180.61	248.84	780.95	1213294.56
SEEDS	809.87	810.07	2234.07	4089.93	880.48	121040
ROOTS 0-6 CM	1850.59	7398.21	5750.65	4230.27	28383.38	16316.87

ROOTS 5-20 CM	12140.18	48575.93	37786.07	27553.10	186505.65	251845.81
ROOTS 20-70 CM	16359.24	65410.29	50924.03	37102.37	251348.60	339374.96
TOTAL	59227.61	232189.26	183346.67	153564.87	871224.21	1208135.73

GROUND COVER BY DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES, PER CENT.

LYCIUM ANDERSONII	5.83%
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	3.37%
LARREA TRIDENTATA	3.97%
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	1.53%
AMBROSIA DUMOSA	2.22%
GRAYIA SPINOSA	0.783
LYCIUM PALLIDUM	0.587
EUROTIA LANATA	0.129
OTHER PERENNIALS	0.175
ANNUALS	0.994
TOTAL	18.17%

PERENNIALS 17.358 ANNUALS 0.994

CONSTITUENTS OF SHED SEEDS

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
LYCIUM ANDERSONII	29.65	29.65	88.95	142.32	32.35	263.61	592.39
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	69.18	69.18	207.54	332.07	75.47	515.08	1383.62
LARREA TRIDENTATA	79.05	79.05	237.19	379.51	86.25	702.35	1581.29
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	98.83	98.83	264.93	474.38	107.816	878.97	1976.19
AMBROSIA DUMOSA	9.88	9.88	29.65	47.44	13.78	87.87	197.56
GRAYIA SPINOSA	10.26	10.26	30.69	49.32	11.19	91.21	205.21
LYCIUM PALLIDUM	9.88	9.88	29.65	47.44	10.78	97.87	197.66
EUROTIA LANATA	9.88	9.88	29.65	47.44	10.78	97.87	197.66
OTHER PERENNIALS	9.88	9.88	29.65	47.44	10.78	97.87	197.66
ANNUALS	8.47	8.40	25.20	40.32	9.16	74.59	158.01
TOTAL	1224.39	1224.39	3673.10	5877.19	1335.71	10885.99	24487.97

CONSTITUENTS OF ANIMAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
DIPODOMYS MERRIAMI	0.61	1.01	1.40	6.25	1.06	8.77	13.58
ADULT	0.51	0.97	1.11	6.30	1.05	8.46	13.04
JUVENILE	1.12	1.98	2.51	12.55	2.12	17.17	26.63
TOTAL							

TOTAL, ALL SPECIES

ADULT	1.02	2.51	12.55	2.12	17.17	26.63
JUVENILE	1.02	2.51	12.55	2.12	17.17	26.63
TOTAL	1.02	2.51	12.55	2.12	17.17	26.63

ANIMAL POPULATIONS, PER HECTARE

	ORGANIC MATERIAL, 6.0 OR KCAL. PER HECTARE	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
HERB. STANDING DEAD	16.23	331.47	51.79	37.67	164.7.93	1737.39	4143.02	6249.70
WOODY STANDING DEAD	142.71	529.76	452.82	329.33	1859.99	2642.13	5724.00	13555.91
HERB. LITTER	180.33	1082.59	576.79	1248.02	3899.20	14394.81	34323.05	81542.80
WOODY LITTER	143.20	2748.84	456.86	332.26	13605.69	10196.81	16942.80	31531.77
SOFT ANIMAL PARTS	199.87	408.18	1019.95	1021.55	8153.31	979.42	1136.77	1888.85
SKELETONS	22.26	45.47	113.68	113.68	979.42			

EXCRETA, SURFACE	180.38	355.40	864.52	864.52	868.1.04	8610.54	14317.8F
DEAD ROOTS 0-6CM	207.52	4010.70	649.39	472.28	19898.25	21019.92	50124.36
DEAD ROOTS 6-20CM	1416.22	27337.85	4427.40	3219.92	135629.17	143276.49	341660.10
DEAD ROOTS 20-70CM	1410.98	27540.79	4477.42	3256.31	136602.86	144338.59	344158.39
TOTAL	3919.69	64391.16	13090.60	10896.00	29090.86	353077.45	827374.05

SOIL VARIABLES

ORGANIC MATTER CONSTITUENTS	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	ORG.D.W.
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	130448.75	552183.66	326379.03	326408.11	2611742.39	3264529.47	8617577.00
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	134389.51	672220.02	335992.34	335979.77	2689035.41	3361007.50	8873135.87
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	425736.91	2138578.91	1065814.92	1065431.22	355888.25	10690133.87	28223835.75
TOTAL	590575.17	3462982.56	1728185.78	1727819.08	1385966.00	17315670.75	45714548.50
IN MINERAL FRACTION							
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	179486.97	76259.19					
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	72692.12	166348.09					
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	184779.87	508974.34					
TOTAL	436958.96	751581.62					

TOTAL, SOIL AND DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL	1131453.81	4278955.31	1741276.37	1738715.06	14188756.75	17658748.00	46541922.50
TOTAL IN ECOSYSTEM	1191916.94	4512370.94	1928298.64	1898169.66	15061318.75	18887786.75	49420422.00

ACCUMULATED NET GAIN OR LOSSES TO ECOSYSTEM	WATER	MINERAL SOIL	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	TOTAL C		
TO OR FROM ATMOSPHERE	60007359.00	"00	-3515.81	"00	7195.15		
BY RUN-OFF OR RUN-ON	"00	"00	"00	"00	"00		
TO OR FROM SUBSOIL	"00	"00	"00	"00	"00		
TOTAL	60007359.00	"00	-3515.81	"00	7195.15		
SOIL WATER POTENTIAL, ATM.							
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	-1.30						
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	-22.00						
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	-22.00						
ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION TO MAY 10 1971 INCLUSIVE IS	25.7 MM.	- THAT IS	267.0 TONS PER HECTARE	1.016 SF			

ROCK VALLEY -- ZONE 2D

REPORT NO. 3 ON JUNE 25 1971 (T.E.) AFTER 197 DAYS OF SIMULATION

CONSTITUENTS OF VEGETATIONAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
L. LYCTUM AND FRONSONIA							
LEAVES	599.64	22 38.69	2011.79	5525.16	4 377.29	11914.24	28103.53
YOUNG STEMS	36.33	145.44	104.78	92.09	558.30	754.76	1787.97
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	10067.95	40279.33	31397.42	22838.60	154594.84	20830.35	493448.50
INFLORESCENCES	6.03	21.93	17.32	24.01	75.16	116.49	275.23
SEEDS	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	741.19	2865.32	2310.71	1687.14	11381.10	15373.94	42887.11
ROOTS 6-20 CM	4930.25	19724.70	15372.77	11185.65	75704.77	102264.20	241647.34
ROOTS 20-70 CM	6655.38	26626.51	27752.17	15100.57	102194.41	138097.14	326194.48
TOTAL	23136.78	92001.91	71965.55	56449.22	348885.86	477301.62	1127779.64
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA							
LEAVES	2516.61	8057.71	7735.59	19874.08	15770.46	42887.14	101148.11
YOUNG STEMS	388.27	1554.90	1114.58	983.54	5971.73	8069.89	19117.24
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	6033.89	24155.37	18620.37	13699.22	9217.18	12536.70	296028.01
INFLORESCENCES	22.67	82.52	65.65	89.85	282.78	438.28	1035.27
SEEDS	81.17	81.19	224.74	40.91	8.86	722.57	1634.16
ROOTS 0-6 CM	485.28	1946.76	1491.11	1115.88	7487.06	10094.05	23854.57
ROOTS 6-20 CM	3055.93	12236.03	9408.58	6968.35	47063.47	63440.40	149568.99
ROOTS 20-70 CM	4100.34	16415.17	12627.87	9341.08	85107.44	201184.38	
TOTAL	16885.67	64530.23	50788.42	52481.17	232719.82	35989.41	793982.62
LARREA TRYDENTATA							
LEAVES	1393.32	4472.21	4025.20	10995.29	8757.81	23778.30	56084.68
YOUNG STEMS	67.53	270.68	193.76	170.99	1039.56	1404.40	3327.13
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	5030.54	20125.72	15711.29	11438.01	77191.34	104341.24	246537.10
INFLORESCENCES	3.95	14.41	11.44	15.72	49.39	76.55	180.84
SEEDS	51.96	91.48	25.19	45.97	9.88	814.00	1881.65
ROOTS 0-6 CM	372.11	1488.73	1160.91	867.41	5710.10	7713.41	18237.68
ROOTS 6-20 CM	2465.17	9865.47	7698.49	5611.33	37842.94	51152.77	120855.50
ROOTS 20-70 CM	3325.19	13302.98	10380.59	7565.05	51023.71	68693.35	162952.78
TOTAL	12750.22	49532.68	39435.87	37103.76	181715.42	258255.06	810373.36
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS							
LEAVES	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00	" 00
YOUNG STEMS	122.94	498.15	399.40	308.42	192.00	2577.82	6110.61
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1845.41	7391.97	5734.88	4215.48	2364.14	36314.51	90547.15
INFLORESCENCES	26.56	95.68	76.33	105.84	351.45	1213.14	
SEEDS	836.19	835.40	2305.67	4223.90	913.23	7442.81	16897.81
ROOTS 0-6 CM	1442.98	5722.72	492.47	328.54	2197.72	2968.73	7016.82
ROOTS 6-20 CM	916.95	3672.95	2846.89	2097.42	14093.82	19038.13	44993.41
ROOTS 20-70 CM	1224.88	4906.39	3804.23	2800.40	18826.67	25431.30	60101.92
TOTAL	5115.91	17975.26	15559.88	14080.00	6664.67	8236.74	226830.87
AMPHROSIA DUNOSA							
LEAVES	169.10	541.31	486.40	1335.16	1058.56	2830.52	6794.63
YOUNG STEMS	12.63	50.57	36.27	32.00	194.15	262.42	621.65
OLDER STEMS AND BASES	1260.12	5042.95	3917.07	2850.22	19377.44	6144.73	51784.62
INFLORESCENCES	1.41	5.14	4.08	5.51	17.61	27.29	64.47
SEEDS	" 31	" 31	" 91	1.55	" 34	2.80	6.32
ROOTS 0-6 CM	617.59	372.89	289.44	210.97	1432.79	1933.21	4568.61
ROOTS 6-20 CM	823.15	334.27	2589.11	1397.85	9498.41	12815.71	70285.10
ROOTS 20-70 CM	2367.60	11819.41	9242.71	7718.71	44391.50	61352.91	144977.19
GRAYIA SPINOSA							

LEAVES	43.46	139.13	125.15	392.98	272.20	747.33	1746.25
YOUNG STEM S	11.65	46.64	33.46	29.52	172.09	242.06	573.43
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	401.99	1509.00	1245.42	910.38	6185.93	8341.74	19715.19
INFLORESCENCES	.28	1.03	.82	1.17	3.54	5.49	12.96
SEEDS	.48	.48	1.33	2.41	.52	.27	9.66
ROOTS 0-6 CM	29.87	119.56	92.46	67.76	459.66	619.88	1465.09
ROOTS 6-20 CM	195.90	784.17	607.02	443.55	3014.61	4065.18	9607.77
ROOTS 20-70 CM	264.12	1057.17	818.51	597.98	4064.39	5480.78	17953.39
TOTAL	947.75	3757.13	2924.18	2395.61	14179.95	19499.73	46083.72
- <i>YCTUM PALLIDUM</i>							
LEAVES	55.15	208.48	187.20	514.70	407.65	1109.55	2617.29
YOUNG STEM S	28.52	114.15	81.93	72.28	438.22	592.43	1403.40
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	358.41	1434.00	1116.81	812.63	550.18	7436.62	17567.83
INFLORESCENCES	.40	1.49	1.19	1.58	4.97	7.64	18.05
SEEDS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	27.81	111.27	86.59	63.14	427.19	576.92	1363.27
ROOTS 6-20 CM	176.10	704.60	548.51	399.55	2704.97	3653.03	8632.14
ROOTS 20-70 CM	237.54	950.40	739.89	538.90	358.82	4927.41	11643.49
TOTAL	893.93	3524.39	2762.06	2402.77	13136.75	18301.59	43245.49
- <i>EUROTIA LANATA</i>							
LEAVES	2.69	8.62	7.85	21.20	16.81	45.86	108.12
YOUNG STEM S	.13	.54	.38	1.38	2.06	2.78	6.58
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	65.65	262.83	203.43	147.97	1011.13	1362.53	3220.26
INFLORESCENCES	.02	.07	.06	.08	.25	.38	.90
SEEDS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	4.79	19.15	14.83	10.79	.73.72	99.34	234.80
ROOTS 6-20 CM	32.07	128.38	99.35	72.29	493.89	665.53	1572.96
ROOTS 20-70 CM	43.22	173.01	133.90	97.42	655.59	895.91	2119.79
TOTAL	148.57	592.61	459.80	350.08	2263.45	3073.33	7263.41
- <i>OTHER PERENNIALS</i>							
LEAVES	2.07	6.63	5.95	16.36	12.98	35.29	83.25
YOUNG STEM S	.11	.44	.31	.28	1.68	2.27	5.37
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	32.83	131.34	102.24	74.46	503.85	680.54	1608.19
INFLORESCENCES	.00	.01	.01	.01	.04	.06	.14
SEEDS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
ROOTS 0-6 CM	2.39	9.58	7.47	5.88	36.75	49.70	117.42
ROOTS 6-20 CM	15.94	63.77	49.70	36.79	246.31	332.80	786.04
ROOTS 20-70 CM	21.91	86.68	67.58	48.72	332.02	448.32	1059.75
TOTAL	75.26	298.45	233.26	182.09	1133.63	1548.98	3660.16
- <i>ANNUALS</i>							
LEAVES	20.47	66.74	58.14	158.50	135.93	352.57	832.64
YOUNG STEM S	12.23	44.70	33.79	46.35	156.68	236.83	560.38
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
INFLORESCENCES	10.11	36.78	29.42	39.88	126.03	195.33	461.33
SEEDS	13.48	13.48	37.71	67.52	14.72	119.94	271.22
ROOTS 0-6 CM	18.95	63.12	52.24	71.62	242.50	366.36	866.91
ROOTS 6-20 CM	10.76	39.97	30.09	41.32	139.76	211.16	499.64
ROOTS 20-70 CM	1.59	5.70	4.29	5.90	119.95	30.14	71.32
TOTAL	87.52	276.50	245.68	431.10	835.56	1512.35	3563.43
- <i>ALL SPECIES</i>							
LEAVES	4912.52	15739.52	14143.29	38783.43	30810.09	83736.80	197518.50
YOUNG STEM S	680.33	2726.20	1948.25	1755.79	10461.56	14145.60	33513.76
OLDER STEM S AND BASES	25096.79	100433.08	78048.85	56986.96	385651.62	520587.41	1230456.81
INFLORESCENCES	71.44	260.03	206.35	283.71	891.00	1380.96	3262.34
SEEDS	1023.09	1023.35	2824.55	5164.52	1117.36	916.43	20611.83
ROOTS 0-6 CM	1919.55	7675.12	5948.23	4403.72	29448.59	39800.54	94062.78

ROOTS 6-20 CM	12419.26	43692.94	78580.85	78255.17	190802.95	757638.89	608854.76
ROOTS 20-70 CM	16707.22	66858.27	51918.14	77981.25	256725.61	346624.98	819143.05
TOTAL	67879.20	244408.51	193618.42	173594.50	90598.77	1773121.66	307473.81

GROUND COVER BY DIFFERENT PLANT SPECIES, PFR CENT.

LYCIUM ANDERSONII	5.66%
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	4.79%
LAPREA TRIDENTATA	4.18%
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	1.54%
AMBROSIA DUMOSA	2.09%
GRAYIA SPINOSA	0.74%
LYCIUM PALIDUM	0.67%
EUROTIA LANATA	0.12%
OTHER PERENNIALS	0.17%
ANNUALS	0.59%
TOTAL	18.915

PERENNIALS 18.479 ANNUALS 0.598

CONSTITUENTS OF SHED SEEDS

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
LYCIUM ANDERSONII	29.5%	29.50	88.51	141.62	32.19	262.32	590.08
KRAMERIA PARVIFOLIA	6.9.6%	6.9.65	20.8.80	33.4.58	75.99	619.37	1393.35
LARREA TRIDENTATA	7.9.60	7.9.60	23.8.60	38.2.30	86.84	707.73	1592.17
EPHEDRA NEVADENSIS	98.3.45	98.3.45	29.50.38	47.20.61	107.2.87	874.3.87	1966.9.22
AMBROSIA DUMOSA	10.0.05	10.0.05	30.0.13	48.0.28	10.0.97	89.38	201.0.8
GRAYIA SPINOSA	10.0.50	10.0.50	31.0.63	51.0.77	11.0.57	94.27	212.15
LYCIUM PALIDUM	9.0.83	9.0.83	29.0.50	47.0.21	10.0.73	87.44	195.69
EUROTIA LANATA	9.0.83	9.0.83	29.0.50	47.0.21	10.0.73	87.44	195.69
OTHER PERENNIALS	9.0.83	9.0.83	29.0.50	47.0.21	10.0.73	87.44	195.69
ANNUALS	17.70	17.71	51.0.23	86.0.94	10.0.32	157.49	355.25
TOTAL	1230.09	1230.09	3687.79	5907.02	1341.93	10936.74	24603.36

CONSTITUENTS OF ANIMAL BIOMASS, G. OR KCAL. PER HECTARE

	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
DIPODOMYS MERRIMAN	0.52	1.0.28	6.0.64	0.97	8.0.89	17.0.62	4431.81
ADULT	0.72	1.0.37	1.0.54	5.0.81	1.0.49	8.0.84	6174.21
JUVENILE	1.0.27	2.0.29	2.0.82	12.0.45	2.0.46	17.0.73	7871.9.13
TOTAL	1.0.27	2.0.29	7.0.82	12.0.45	2.0.46	17.0.77	27.0.94

TOTAL: ALL SPECIES

ANIMAL POPULATIONS, PER HECTARE

DIPODOMYS MERRIMAN	ADULT	JUVENILE	TOTAL
0.62	0.93	1.55	

CONSTITUENTS OF DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL, G. O.P. KCAL. PER HECTARE

TYPE OF MATERIAL	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	DRY MATTER
HERB. STANDING DEAD	21.74	354.68	73.87	68.70	171.8.25	1860.82	4431.81
WOODY STANDING DEAD	123.15	524.91	448.67	326.31	182.9.25	2617.54	6174.21
HERB. LITTER	746.70	3D92.33	2377.55	6145.37	7893.64	16416.56	7871.9.13
WOODY LITTER	124.86	2731.78	457.36	332.62	1351.4.25	14304.23	34088.12
SOFT ANIM. PARTS	171.40	401.90	1003.98	1005.48	802.5.94	10036.40	16676.12
SKELETONS	19.31	45.29	113.22	113.22	915.79	1132.24	1881.32

EXCRETA, SURFACE	155.28	346.94	833.74	833.86	551.14	8283.25	13778.49
DEAD ROOTS 0-6CM	201.78	3981.68	646.45	471.58	19149.98	20868.01	49756.92
DEAD ROOTS 6-20CM	1411.02	27312.21	4424.26	3218.47	135493.47	143142.19	341335.43
DEAD ROOTS 20-70CM	1411.04	27541.03	4477.61	3256.56	136605.66	144339.82	344171.32
TOTAL	4387.27	66332.74	14856.20	15773.18	372372.06	363701.44	851012.86

SOIL VARIABLES

ORGANIC MATTER CONSTITUENTS	NITROGEN	ASH ELEMENT.	PROTEIN C	RESERVE C	OTHER C	TOTAL C	ORG. D. W.
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	130422.98	552171.42	326388.32	326425.81	2611584.41	3264799.03	8618203.17
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	134385.55	672233.91	335989.60	335975.95	2689103.69	3361069.22	8873302.87
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	42577.69	2138578.91	1065814.42	1065431.22	855888.25	10690133.87	28223835.75
TOTAL	690545.44	3462984.22	1728192.84	1727832.97	13859976.25	17316002.00	45715341.50
IN MINERAL FRACTION							
FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	177619.82						
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	71179.98	160902.67					
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	182438.06	501225.81					
TOTAL	431237.87	737413.27					

TOTAL, SOIL AND DEAD ORGANIC MATERIAL

1126170.56	4266730.19	1743049.03	1743606.14	14192348.25	17675003.25	46586354.00
1190231.11	4512371.06	1940358.05	1923120.09	15099601.37	18963079.25	49598409.00
TOTAL IN ECOSYSTEM						

ACCUMULATED NET GAIN OR LOSS TO ECOSYSTEM	WATER	MINERAL SOIL	NITROGEN	ASH ELEM.	TOTAL *
TO OR FROM ATMOSPHERE	-133312962.00	"00	-5201.73	"00	82619.23
BY RUN-OFF OR RUN-ON	"00	"00	"00	"00	"00
TO OR FROM SUBSOIL	"00	"00	"00	"00	"00
TOTAL	-133312962.00	"00	-5201.73	"00	82619.23

SOIL WATER POTENTIAL, ATM.

FROM 0. TO 60. MM.	-35.00
FROM 60. TO 200. MM.	-35.00
FROM 200. TO 700. MM.	-22.00

ACCUMULATED PRECIPITATION TO JUNE 25 1971 INCLUSIVE IS 280.7 MM. - THAT IS 287.0 TONS PER HECTARE

BIOMASS OF ANNUALS, BY ORGAN

Y AXIS $(\times 10^{12} \text{ g})$ * TOTAL CARBON (G. PER HA.)
 5.9757 +

+

4.7806

+

3.5854

+

2.3903

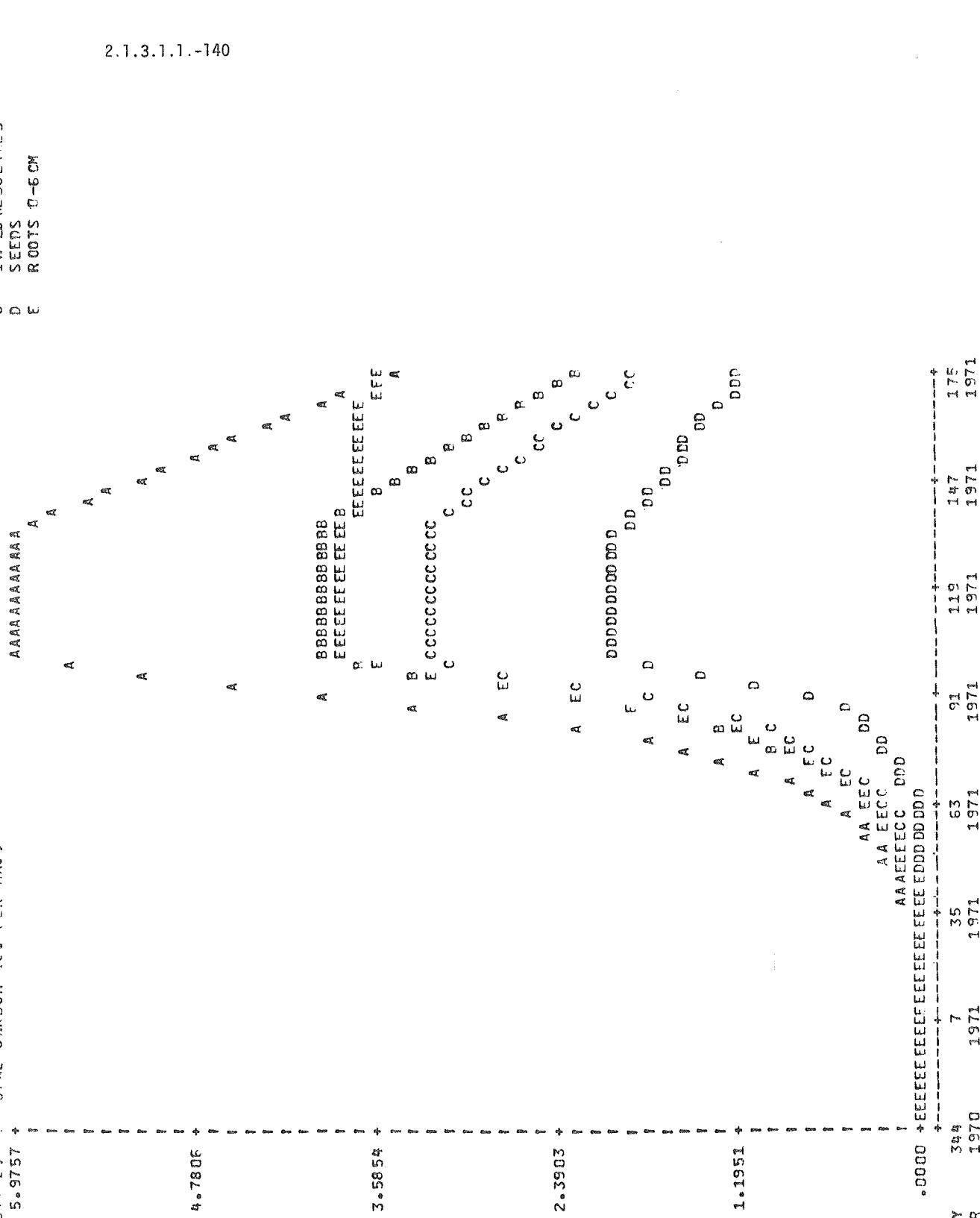
+

1.1951

+

TIME - DAY
YEAR

349 7 35 63 91 119 147 175
1970 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971



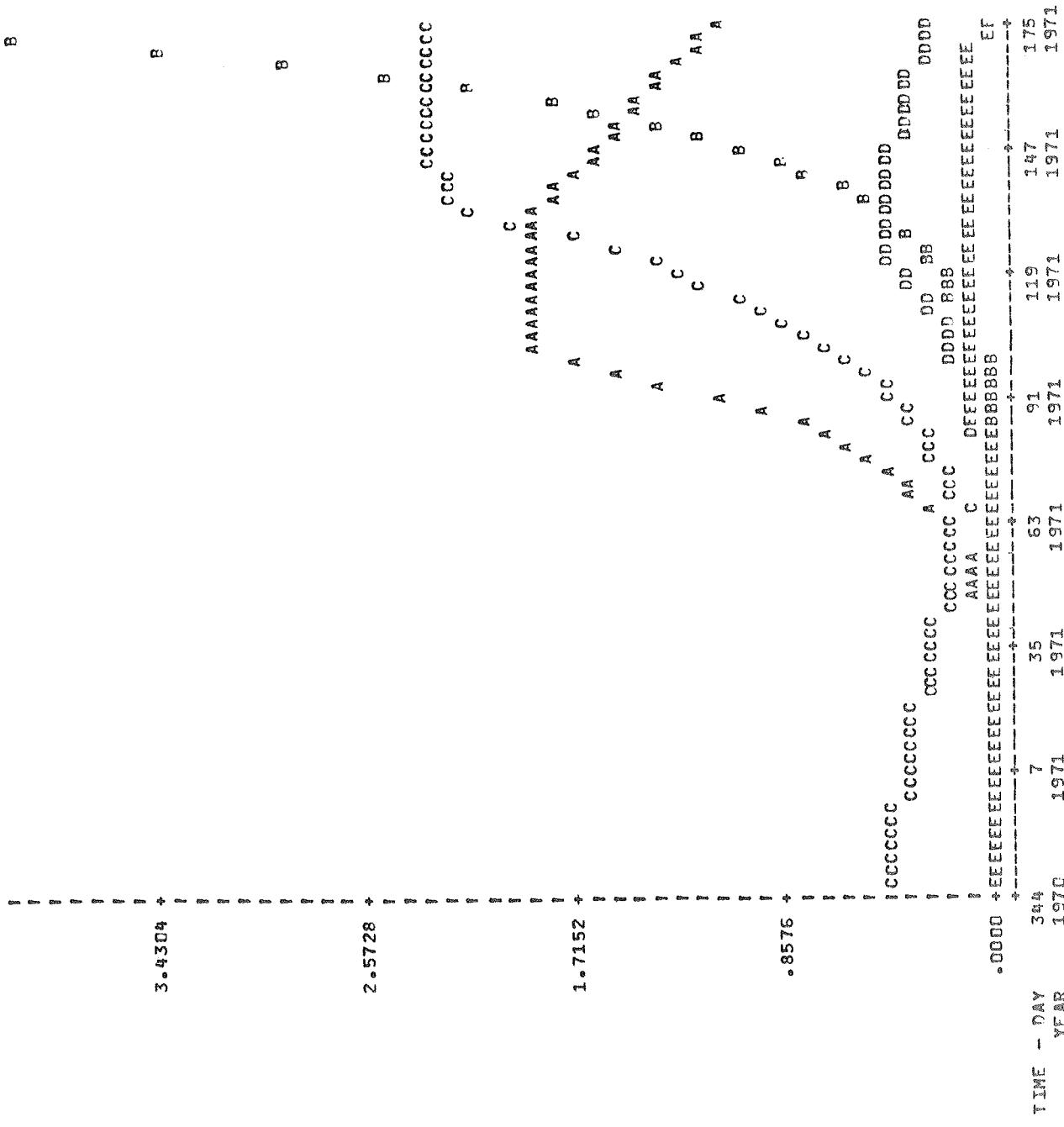
2.1.3.1.1.-140

A LEAVES
 B STEM
 C RESCENES
 D SEEDS
 E ROOTS 0-6 CM

LITTER BIOMASS OF SHRUBS. BY SPECIES

Y AXIS ($\times 10^{**} 4$) TS TOTAL CARBON (G. PER HA.)

LYCUTUM
KRAMERIA
LARREA
AMBROSIA
GRAYIA



2.1.3.1.1.-141

STED BIOMASS OF SHRUBS, BY SPECIES

LYCTUM
KRAMERT.
LARREA
AMBRO ST.
GRAYIA
A B C D E

2.1.3.1.1.-142

THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

3-565

2.05297

卷之三

60
70
80
90

EXCHANGE OF CARBON WITH ATMOSPHERE (+ INPUT FROM - OUTPUT TO)

Y AXIS (*10**4) TS GRAMS PER HECTARE
8.2619 +

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2.1.3.1.1.-143

EXCHANGE OF CARBON WITH ATMOSPHERE (+ INPUT FROM - OUTPUT TO)

Y AXIS (*10**4) TS GRAMS PER HECTARE
8.2619 +

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2.1.3.1.1.-143

EXCHANGE OF CARBON WITH ATMOSPHERE (+ INPUT FROM - OUTPUT TO)

Y AXIS (*10**4) TS GRAMS PER HECTARE
8.2619 +

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2.1.3.1.1.-143

PERCENTAGE SATURATION OF SILICATE ANATASIS

Y AXIS (*10**-1) % FRACTION OF HORIZON WITH
1.956R +

1

A

2.1.3.1.1.-144

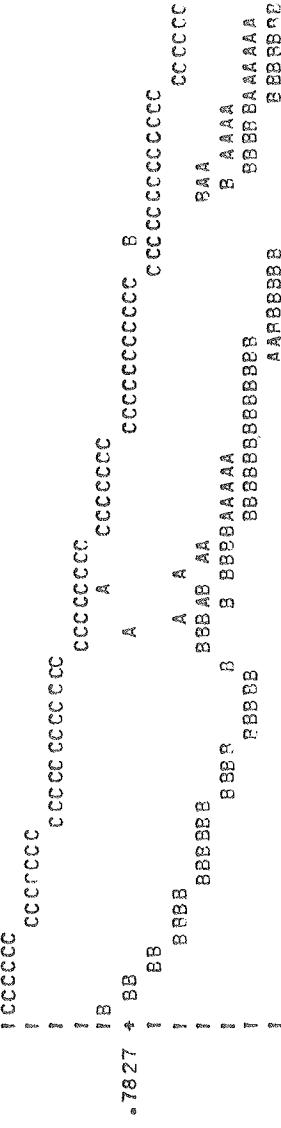
A C-F CM
B S-20 CM
C 20-70 CM

1.5654 +

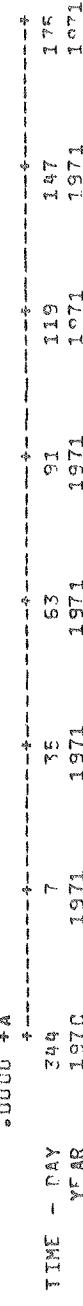
1.1741 +

A

AA



•3918 +

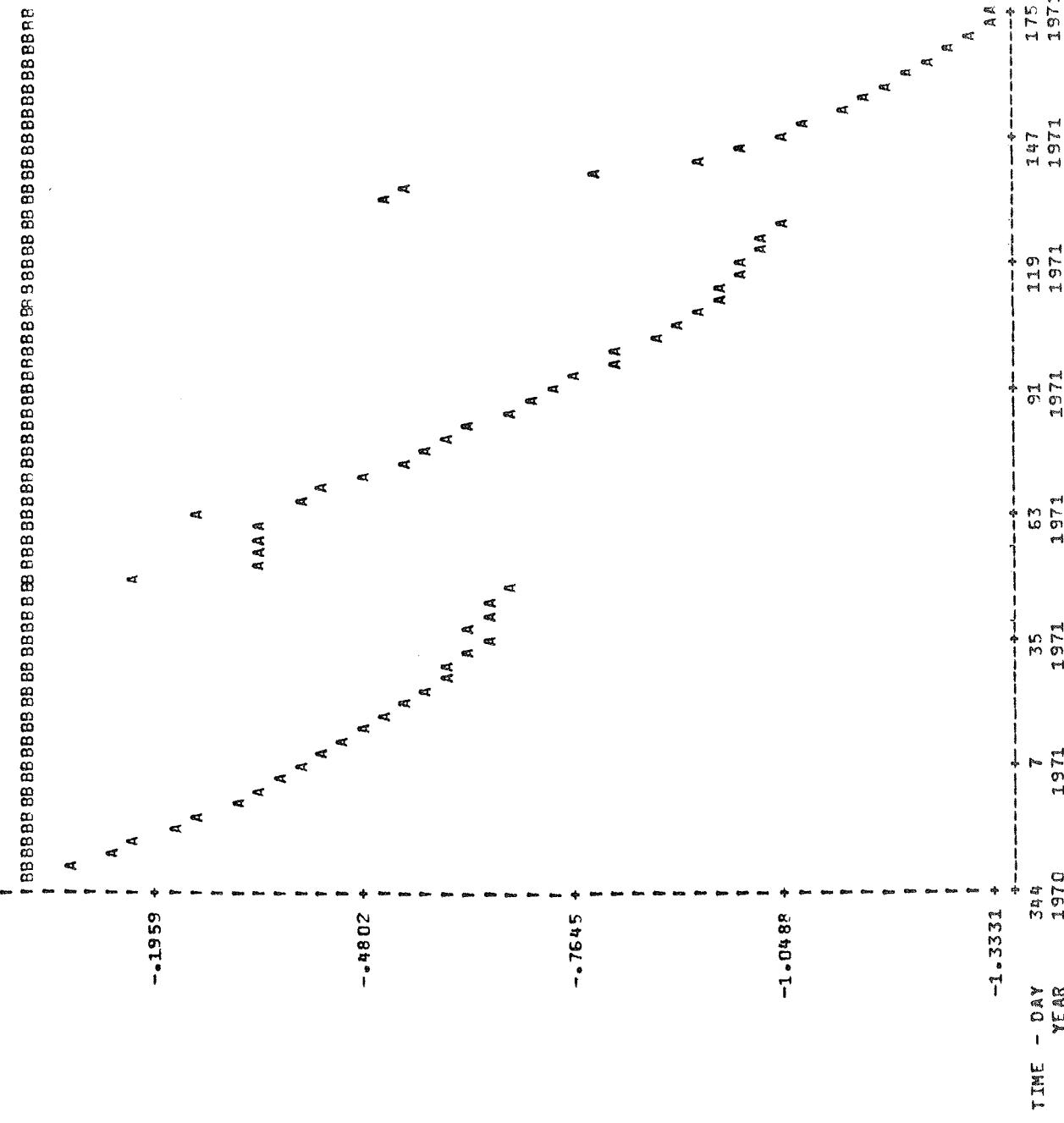


WATER EXCHANGE WITH ATMOSPHERE AND SURFACE LOSS

Y AXIS ($\times 10^{**}$) GRAMS WATER PER HECTARE
*0884 +

ATMOS PRFPE

S U M M A R Y



2.1.3.1.1.-145

EXCHANGE OF CARBON WITH ATMOSPHERE(+ INPUT FROM - OUTPUT TO)

Y AXIS (*10** 4) IS GRAMS PER HECTARE
8.2600 +

