

In vivo RNAi screening for novel therapeutic cancer targets

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Melanoma is the most aggressive type of skin cancer and its incidence is steadily increasing. Melanomas tend to spread rapidly, which is associated with a grim prognosis. Until recently, most advanced stage melanomas were refractory to the available therapeutic options, but there are recent developments offering better perspectives. For example, new therapeutic approaches have become available, which target genetic vulnerabilities within the melanomas. A primary example of such a dependency is the common BRAFV^{600E} mutation, which is essential for proliferation and survival of melanoma cells. In the clinic, the mutant BRAF oncogene product can be targeted by specific inhibitors, including vemurafenib, which cause unprecedented melanoma regression. However, relapse eventually occurs around six months due to a variety of resistance mechanisms, both MAP kinase-dependent and -independent. Therefore, in spite of these new perspectives, there is a dire need to identify additional targets amenable to therapeutic intervention, to be used in combination with vemurafenib or other specific inhibitors to overcome or prevent drug resistance and achieve more durable responses. To achieve this, we set out to identify melanoma factors that are required for proliferation and survival specifically in an *in vivo* setting. Thus, we performed negative selection RNAi screens parallel *in vitro* and *in vivo* and focused on the hits that were preferentially depleted in tumors relative to the corresponding cells in culture. The results from these screens will be discussed.

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EDUCATIONS/TRAINING

- 1982-1988 Master's in Medical Biology, VU University Amsterdam
1988-1994 Graduate Research (Ph.D.) at Leiden University, Division of Molecular Carcinogenesis. Thesis advisor: Prof. A.J. van der Eb
1994-1995 First Postdoctoral Training, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA, Division of Neoplastic Disease Mechanisms, Laboratory of Dr. M.E. Ewen (Division head: Prof. D.M. Livingston)
1995-2000 Second Postdoctoral Training, Netherlands Cancer Institute, Amsterdam, Division of Molecular Carcinogenesis, Laboratory of Prof. R. Bernards (Division head)

POSITIONS

- 2000-2002 Research Associate, Netherlands Cancer Institute
2002-2005 Assistant Professor ('AvL Fellow'), Netherlands Cancer Institute
2005-2008 Associate Professor and permanent staff member, Netherlands Cancer Institute
2008- Affiliate Professor of Functional Oncogenomics, VU University Medical Center (VUmc), Amsterdam
2012- Head, Division of Molecular Oncology, Netherlands Cancer Institute
2012- Chair of the Scientific Faculty Council, Netherlands Cancer Institute

HONORS & AWARDS

- 2005 Elected EMBO Young Investigator (YIP)
2006 VICI Award (Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research (NWO))
2007 Society for Melanoma Research (SMR) Jr. Researcher Award 2007
2008 Elected EMBO Member
2009 Queen Wilhelmina Award by the Netherlands Cancer Society (KWF;€ 2,000,000) awarded by Queen Beatrix of the Netherlands

RECENT PUBLICATIONS

1. Kaplon J, Zheng L, Meissl K, Chaneton B, Selivanov V, MacKay G, van der Burg S, Verdegaal E, Cascante M, Shlomil T, Gottlieb E and Peeper DS. A critical role for the mitochondrial gatekeeper pyruvate dehydrogenase in oncogene-induced senescence. *Nature* 498: 109-112, 2013.
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4. Hömig-Hölzel C, van Doorn R, Vogel C, Germann M, Cecchini MG, Verdegaal E, and Peeper DS. Antagonistic TSC22D1 variants control BRAF(E600)-induced senescence. *EMBO J* 30: 1753-1765, 2011.
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9. Douma S, Van Laar T, Zevenhoven J, Meuwissen R, Van Garderen E, Peeper DS Suppression of anoikis and induction of metastasis by the neurotrophic receptor TrkB. *Nature* 430: 1034-1039, 2004.