Stereoselective synthesis of (2 Z,4 E)-2,4-pentadien-1-ols via sequential 1,4-elimination reaction and [1,2]-wittig rearrangement starting from (E)-4-alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates

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journal or	Journal of Organic Chemistry				
publication title					
volume	78				
number	24				
page range	12654-12661				
year	2013-12-20				
URL	http://hdl.handle.net/2297/36468				

doi: 10.1021/jo402272r

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ABSTRACT

The sequential 1,4-elimination reaction of (E)-4-alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates and [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement gave (2Z,4E)-2,4-pentadien-1-ols stereoselectively. *Z*-Selective formation of intermediary vinyl ethers, whose stereochemistry was well elucidated by the "*syn*-effect," was achieved by treatment of the 2-butenyl benzoates with KOH in the presence of Pd catalyst. The subsequent [1,2]-Wittg rearrangement by use of *n*-BuLi proceeded with retention of the stereochemistry of the intermediary vinyl ethers.

INTRODUCTION

Stereoselective synthesis of carbon-carbon double bonds as ubiquitous and versatile two-carbon units is among the most important and challenging tasks in organic chemistry.¹ Consequently, a large number of synthetic methodologies have been reported, e.g., 1) Wittig reaction, which utilizes the characteristics of phosphorus,² 2) Peterson reaction, which utilizes silicon,³ 3) Julia olefination, which utilizes sulfones,^{4,5} 4) reduction or carbometalation of alkynes, which takes advantage of organometallic reagents,⁶ and 5) olefin metathesis, which is realized by the use of Grubbs catalysts.⁷ However, these reactions depend on new C–C bond formation or reductive olefin formation from alkynes. On the other hand, while the elimination reaction is also a powerful method for the preparation of olefins, the stereochemistry of the products generally depends on the reaction pathway, i.e., E2 *anti*-elimination, *syn*-elimination, or

E1 elimination. Therefore, few methods have been reported for stereoselective synthesis of olefins using simple elimination reactions.⁸

In our laboratory, stereoselective formation of sterically unfavorable (Z)-olefins was investigated with various types of elimination and isomerization reactions by treatment with a base.⁹ We proposed that Z-selectivity was achieved by the "syn-effect," namely a stereoelectronic effect owing to $\sigma_{C-H} \rightarrow \pi^*_{C=C}$ interaction as depicted in Scheme 1, in which the transition state of the 1,4-elimination of an allylic sulfone is depicted.^{9c} Furthermore, it was found that Z-selectivity based on the "syn-effect" was enhanced when the δ -substituent (R¹ in Scheme 1) was an electron-withdrawing alkoxy or halogen group.

Scheme 1. Concept of the "Syn-effect": $\sigma \rightarrow \pi^*$ Interaction in the Elimination Reaction of Allylic Sulfones



This methodology could then be applied to a stereoselective synthesis of (Z)-olefins in combination with C-C bond formation. We have reported a sequential 1,4-elimination reaction of δ -benzyloxy-substituted allylic sulfones followed by [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement¹⁰ to give (Z)-dienvl alcohols (2,4-pentadien-1-ols), which are useful synthetic intermediates due to the presence of both an allylic alcohol moiety and a diene moiety (Scheme 2a).¹¹ However, the reaction was limited to only α_{α} -disubstituted allylic sulfones. When an α -monosubstituted allylic sulfone was subjected to the reaction, the elimination of the benzyloxy group proceeded preferentially via deprotonation of the more acidic α -proton (Scheme 2b).¹² In this situation, the stereocontrolled preparation of (2Z)-5-monosubstituted-2,4-pentadien-1-ols still remained to be solved. Previously, we found that (1Z,3E)-1,3-dienes were produced stereoselectively in the Pd-catalyzed elimination reaction of acyclic (E)-allylic acetates with a base.^{9g} We anticipated this protocol would be applicable to the sequential 1,4-elimination reaction and [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement. Herein we describe the sequential reaction of stereoselective 1,4-elimination of (E)-4-alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates via the π -allylic palladium complex and subsequent [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement to afford (2Z, 4*E*)-5-monosubstituted-2,4-pentadien-1-ols (Scheme 2c).





RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

We chose (*E*)-4-benzyloxy-1-phenyl-2-butenyl benzoate (**1a**) as a model substrate for the optimization of the reaction conditions.^{13,14} Under our previously reported conditions for allylic acetates using DBU, the Pd-catalyzed [1,4]-elimination reaction of **1a** did not proceed reproducibly. Deactivation of the Pd(0) complex by molecular oxygen contamination was suspected as the cause. In order to prevent this deactivation,

degassed THF was used as the solvent, and the 1,4-elimination reaction was found to proceed reproducibly. After the 1,4-elimination by treatment with DBU,¹⁵ an excess amount of n-BuLi was added to the reaction mixture to give the desired (2Z,4E)-dienyl alcohol 2a in good yield with high Z-selectivity at the C2–C3 double bond (Table 1, Entry 1).¹⁶ However, a large excess (12 equiv) of *n*-BuLi was required to complete the [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement.¹⁷ The search for a base that did not react with n-BuLi revealed that NaOt-Bu could reduce the amount of n-BuLi to 7 equiv for the [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement (Entry 2). However, the desired product 2a was not obtained with NaOt-Bu or KOt-Bu purified by sublimation (Entries 3 and 4). We supposed the actual base might be NaOH or KOH, which was generated by partial hydrolysis of NaOt-Bu or KOt-Bu. Therefore, we employed NaOH and KOH as bases for the initial elimination. To our delight, elimination proceeded¹⁸ reproducibly and further treatment with *n*-BuLi (6 equiv) gave 2a in good yield with excellent Z-selectivity at the C2–C3 double bond (Entries 5 and 6).

	Ph_OPh 1a	(3 equiv) [Pd(dppe) ₂] (5 mol%) degassed THF rt, 18 h	<i>n</i> -BuLi (<i>n</i> equiv) $0 ^{\circ}$ C 5 min $2 ^{\circ}$ $4 ^{\circ}$ Ph OH 2a	
Entry	Base	n	Yield/%	Z/E^a
1	DBU	12	84	10/1
2	NaOt-Bu	7	< 82	10/1
3	NaOt-Bu ^b	-	complicated	-
4	KOt-Bu ^b	-	complicated	-
5 ^c	NaOH	6	73	10/1
6 ^c	КОН	6	68	>20/1

Table 1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

^{*a*}The ratios were determined by 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectra. Stereochemistries at C4=C5 were *E*.

^bSublimed NaOt-Bu or KOt-Bu was used.

^{*c*}MS4A was added after elimination reaction.

Under the optimized conditions, the sequential 1,4-elimination reaction and [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement of various substrates were performed (Table 2). Benzyl type ethers **1b–1d** with *o-*, *m-*, and *p*-methyl groups produced the corresponding

(2Z,4E)-dienyl alcohols 2b-2d (Entries 2-4). When 2-butenyl benzoates 1e and 1f, bearing electron-donating or electron-withdrawing groups on the aromatic ring were employed, the desired products were also obtained with excellent Z-selectivities (Entries 5 and 6). 4-(2-Naphthylmethyloxy)butenyl benzoate 1g was also converted into the corresponding (2Z, 4E)-dienyl alcohol **2g** (Entry 7). Next, we examined the generality of the sequential reaction for (E)-2-butenyl benzoates bearing various substituents at the α -position of the butenyl group. The desired products 2h-2j were obtained in good yields with excellent Z-selectivities from 2-butenyl benzoates **1h–1j** bearing an aryl or t-Bu substituent on the α -carbon (Entries 8–10). However, in the case of a benzoate 1k with an *i*-Pr group at the α -position of the butenyl group, dienyl alcohol **2k** was obtained in low yield, while excellent Z-selectivity was retained. In this case, by-product 3, derived from deprotonation of not H $_{\delta}$ but H $_{\beta}$ ' followed by [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement, was obtained (Scheme 3).¹⁹

Table 2. Scope of Substrates

$Ar \underbrace{O}_{1} \underbrace{R}_{R} \underbrace{OBz}_{rt, 18 \text{ h}} \underbrace{COH}_{(3 \text{ equiv})}_{(5 \text{ mol}\%)} \underbrace{R}_{rt, 18 \text{ h}} \underbrace{OBLi}_{ft, 18 \text{ h}} \underbrace{OBLi}_{0 \text{ c}}_{0 \text{ c}} \underbrace{OH}_{rt, 18 \text{ h}} \underbrace{OH}_{rt, 18 \text{ h}}_{0 \text{ c}} \underbrace{OH}_{rt, 18 \text{ h}} \underbrace{OH}_{rt, 18$								
Entry	Ar	R		Yield/%	Z/E^a			
1	Ph	Ph	a	68	>20/1			
2	2-MeC ₆ H ₄	Ph	b	65	18/1			
3	3-MeC ₆ H ₄	Ph	c	58	>20/1			
4	4-MeC ₆ H ₄	Ph	d	63	>20/1			
5	4-MeOC ₆ H ₄	Ph	e	71	19/1			
6	4-ClC ₆ H ₄	Ph	f	63	15/1			
7	2-Naph	Ph	g	68	>20/1			
8	Ph	4-MeC ₆ H ₄	h	72	>20/1			
9	Ph	2-Naph	i	67	17/1			
10	Ph	<i>t</i> -Bu	j	53	>20/1			
11	Ph	<i>i</i> -Pr	k	34	>20/1			

^{*a*}The ratios were determined by 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectra. Stereochemistries at C4=C5

were E.

Scheme 3. Generation of By-product 3 in the Reaction of 2-Butenyl Benzoate 1k Bearing an Isopropyl Substituent at the α -Position



In conclusion, we achieved a stereoselective synthesis of (2Z,4E)-2,4-pentadien-1-ols via sequential 1,4-elimination reaction and [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement starting from (*E*)-4-alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates. The present method would be applicable in synthetic chemistry, because the stereochemistry can be predicted correctly by universal stereoelectronic effects.²⁰ Development of other Z-selective reactions based on this strategy is currently underway in our laboratory.

Experimental Section

General Method. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts δ are reported in ppm using TMS as an internal standard. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constant (*J*) and integration. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 100 MHz NMR spectrometer. The chemical shifts are reported relative to CDCl₃ (δ = 77.0 ppm). The wavenumbers of maximum absorption peaks in IR spectra are presented in cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI positive, ESI-TOF) spectra were measured with quadrupole and TOF mass spectrometers. All of the melting points were measured with a micro melting point apparatus. THF was freshly distilled from sodium diphenylketyl. THF used for 1,4-elimination was degassed by three freeze-pump-thaw cycles prior to use. DMF was distilled and stored over drying agents.

(*E*)-4-Alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates **1** were prepared from the corresponding propargyl ethers and aldehydes according to the following scheme.



Representative Procedure for Preparation of 4-Alkoxy-2-butyn-1-ol 4a:

To a solution of benzyl propargyl ether (4.00 g, 27.4 mmol) in THF (45 mL), *n*-BuLi (16.9 mL of 1.62 M solution in hexane, 27.4 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C. After stirring for 20 min, benzaldehyde (3.19 g, 30.1 mmol) was added and the resulted solution was stirred for 30 min at -78 °C, warmed to rt, and stirred for 3 h.²¹ The reaction mixture was quenched with a sat. aq solution of NH₄Cl. After evaporating the solvent, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et₂O. The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O, brine, and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt = 5/1) to give **4a** (6.01 g, 87%) as an oil.

In a similar manner, 4-alkoxy-2-butyn-1-ols 4b-4k were prepared from the

corresponding propargyl ethers.

4-(Benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4a)²¹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.25 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 5.53 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H) 7.28–7.41 (m, 8H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 57.0, 63.9, 71.3, 81.8, 86.3, 126.3, 127.6, 127.8, 128.0, 128.1, 128.2, 136.8, 140.2. IR (neat): 3390, 3062, 3030, 2857, 2227, 1644, 1494, 1454, 1387, 1354, 1313, 1264, 1193, 1120, 1071, 1026, 918, 738, 698 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for $C_{17}H_{16}O_2$ [M⁺]: 252.1150. Found: 252.1155.

4-((2-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4b)

4b (3.63 g, 91% from 15.0 mmol of 2-methylbenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.25 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 4.28 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 5.53 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H) 7.15-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.43 (m, 4H) 7.54 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.6, 57.3, 64.2, 69.8, 82.2, 86.4, 125.6, 126.4, 128.0, 128.1, 128.4, 129.0, 130.1, 134.9, 136.9, 140.3. IR (neat): 3391,

3063, 3029, 2864, 2235, 1604, 1493, 1454, 1353, 1262, 1189, 1121, 1072, 945, 918, 843, 809, 745, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 266.1307. Found: 266.1313.

4-((3-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4c)

4c (2.81 g, 86% from 12.3 mmol of 3-methylbenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.21 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 5.53 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.11−7.17 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32−7.42 (m, 3H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.1, 57.0, 64.0, 71.3, 82.0, 86.4, 125.0, 126.4, 128.0, 128.1, 128.3, 128.4, 128.6, 136.8, 137.8, 140.0. IR (neat): 3391, 3029, 2857, 2230, 1492, 1454, 1380, 1353, 1255, 1192, 1157, 1120, 1078, 1003, 918, 785, 742, 698 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 266.1307. Found: 266.1305.

4-((4-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4d)

4d (2.79 g, 92% from 11.4 mmol of 4-methylbenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an

oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.23 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 4.24 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 5.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.55 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.3, 57.3, 64.4, 71.6, 82.5, 86.8, 126.8, 128.4, 128.5, 128.7, 129.3, 134.2, 137.8, 140.7. IR (neat): 3392, 3029, 2857, 2230, 1903, 1515, 1493, 1453, 1382, 1354, 1309, 1262, 1193, 1120, 1077, 1021, 945, 918, 843, 806, 754, 732, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 266.1307. Found: 266.1306.

4-((4-Methoxybenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4e)

4e (1.36 g, 89% from from 5.4 mmol of 4-methoxybenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.21 (br, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.23 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H) 7.32− 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 55.3, 57.1, 64.4, 71.3, 82.5, 86.7, 113.9, 126.7, 128.4, 128.7, 129.3, 130.0, 140.7, 159.4. IR (neat): 3401, 3062, 3031, 2837, 2226, 1612, 1585, 1512, 1493, 1455, 1354, 1302, 1249, 1175, 1118, 1074, 1032, 918, 818, 759, 700 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₃ [M⁺]: 282.1256. Found: 282.1253.

4-((4-Chlorobenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4f)

4f (2.67 g, 85% from 11.0 mmol of 4-chlorobenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.18 (br, 1H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.42 (m, 7H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 57.4, 64.2, 70.7, 82.0, 86.6, 126.4, 128.0, 128.2, 128.4, 129.2, 133.5, 135.5, 140.3. IR (neat): 3378, 3031, 2861, 1598, 1540, 1491, 1455, 1408, 1354, 1262, 1193, 1120, 1086, 1015, 918, 841, 806, 733, 699, 674 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₇H₁₅ClO₂ [M⁺]: 286.0761. Found: 286.0765.

4-(2-Naphthalenylmethoxy)-1-phenyl-2-butyn-1-ol (4g)

4e (1.86 g, 73% from 8.4 mmol of 4-methoxybenzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.23 (br, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.55-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.84 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 57.2, 64.3, 71.6, 82.3, 86.5, 125.8, 125.9, 126.0, 126.5, 126.9, 127.5, 127.8, 128.1, 128.2, 128.5, 132.9, 133.0, 134.5, 140.3. IR (neat): 3381, 3057, 2854, 2230, 1601, 1509, 1492, 1454, 1355, 1271, 1173, 1123, 1078, 1003, 918, 856, 818, 754, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₁H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 302.1307. Found: 302.1305.

4-(Benzyloxy)-1-(4-tolyl)-2-butyn-1-ol (4h)

4h (2.13 g, 76% from 10.5 mmol of benzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.15 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 4.27 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 5.49 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29–7.38 (m, 5H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 20.9, 57.1, 63.8, 71.3, 81.7, 86.7, 126.3, 127.6, 127.9, 128.2, 128.9, 136.9, 137.5, 137.7. IR (neat): 3396, 3029, 2858, 2235, 1511, 1496, 1454, 1354, 1264, 1196, 1178, 1114, 1071, 1026, 942, 821, 742, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 266.1307. Found: 266.1300.

4-(Benzyloxy)-1-(2-naphthalenyl)-2-butyn-1-ol (4i)

4i (1.44 g, 81% from 5.8 mmol of benzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.34 (br, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 0.92 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 7.28–7.35 (m, 5H), 7.47–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.82–7.89 (m, 3H), 8.00 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 57.1, 64.2, 71.4, 82.3, 86.4, 124.4, 125.1, 126.0, 127.4, 127.7, 127.9, 127.9, 128.0, 128.2, 128.3, 132.9, 133.0, 136.9, 137.7. IR (neat): 3375, 3057, 2857, 2225, 1601, 1507, 1495, 1455, 1355, 1269, 1167, 1113, 1071, 1025, 951, 903, 861, 821, 748, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₁H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 302.1307. Found: 302.1306.

6-(Benzyloxy)-2,2-dimethyl-4-hexyn-3-ol (4j)²²

4j (1.16 g, 42% from 11.9 mmol of benzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.01 (s, 9H), 1.72 (br, 1H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 4.23 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 7.26–7.36 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 25.2, 35.6, 57.2, 71.1, 71.3, 81.2, 86.3, 127.7, 128.0, 128.3, 137.2. IR (neat): 3446, 3030, 2956, 2867, 2215, 1540, 1478, 1455, 1363, 1321, 1240, 1123, 1072, 1008, 936, 743, 698 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₅H₂₀O₂ [M⁺]: 232.1463. Found: 232.1464.

6-(Benzyloxy)-2-methyl-4-hexyn-3-ol (4k)²²

4k (2.53 g, 94% from 12.3 mmol of benzyl propargyl ether) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.01 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.60 (br, 1H), 1.89 (br, 1H), 4.24 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H) 4.23-4.25 (m, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 7.28-7.36 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 17.3, 18.0, 34.2, 57.2, 67.6, 71.3, 81.1, 86.4, 127.7, 128.0, 128.3, 137.1. IR (neat): 3402, 3031, 2962, 2872, 2215, 1496, 1455, 1384, 1352, 1261, 1207, 1144, 1073, 1027, 936, 743, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₂ [M⁺]: 218.1307. Found: 218.1311.

Representative Procedure for Preparation of *(E)***-4-Alkoxy-2-butenyl Benzoate 1a:**

To a solution of compound **4a** (2.52 g, 10 mmol) in THF (20 mL), Red-Al (5.6 mL of 3.6 M solution in toluene, 20 mmol) was added dropwise at -40 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with a satd. aq solution of Na₂SO₄. After insoluble substrate was filtered off through celite, the solvent was evaporated. The residue was passed through silica gel short column (hexane/AcOEt = 2/1) to afford the almost pure (*E*)-2-buten-1-ol **5a**²³

(2.53 g). This material was used for the conversion to the corresponding benzoate **1a** without further purification. To a solution of the obtained **5a** (2.53 g) in DMF (40 mL) were added Et₃N (2.02 g, 20 mmol), benzoyl chloride (1.40 g, 10 mmol), and DMAP (610 mg, 5 mmol) at rt and the resulted solution was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched with a sat. aq solution of NH₄Cl. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O, brine, and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt = 15/1) to give **1a** (2.51 g, 70% for 2 steps) as an oil.

In similar manner, (*E*)-4-alkoxy-2-butenyl benzoates 1b-1k were prepared from the corresponding 4-alkoxy-2-butyn-1-ols 4b-4k.

(E)-4-(Benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1a)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.07 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 5.96 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.58 (m, 13H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 69.6, 72.3, 75.9, 127.0,

127.6, 127.7, 128.1, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, 129.5, 129.6, 130.1, 130.6, 133.0, 137.9, 139.0, 165.4. IR (neat): 3063, 3031, 2855, 1717, 1600, 1584, 1494, 1452, 1315, 1267, 1176, 1107, 1069, 1025, 968, 751, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂O₃ [M⁺]: 358.1569. Found: 358.1573.

(*E*)-4-((2-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1b)

Starting from 5.0 mmol of **4b**, almost pure **5b** (1.22 g) was obtained. Then 708 mg of the intermediary **5b** was used to give **1b** (644 mg, 61% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.30 (s, 3H), 4.08 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 5.97 (dt, J = 15.6, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 15.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15–7.58 (m, 12H), 8.09 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.7, 69.7, 70.5, 75.8, 125.6, 126.9, 127.7, 128.1, 128.3, 128.5, 129.6, 130.1, 130.6, 132.9, 135.8, 136.6, 139.0, 165.3. IR (neat): 3063, 3031, 2855, 1719, 1601, 1493, 1452, 1314, 1266, 1176, 1107, 1070, 1025, 968, 746, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 372.1725. Found: 372.1728.

(*E*)-4-((3-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1c)

Starting from 5.5 mmol of **4c**, almost pure **5c** (1.33 g) was obtained. Then 707 mg of the intermediary **5c** was used to give **1c** (678 mg, 69% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.33 (s, 3H), 4.06 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 5.97 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 15.5, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.09–7.58 (m, 12H), 8.09 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.3, 69.7, 72.4, 75.9, 124.9, 127.0, 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 128.6, 129.6, 129.7, 130.1, 130.7, 133.0, 137.8, 137.9, 139.0, 165.4. IR (neat): 3061, 3031, 2919, 2855, 1718, 1601, 1585, 1492, 1451, 1314, 1266, 1176, 1158, 1107, 1069, 1025, 968, 907, 780, 757, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 372.1725. Found: 372.1721.

(*E*)-4-((4-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1d)

Starting from 6.4 mmol of **4d**, almost pure **5d** (1.45 g) was obtained. Then 570 mg of the intermediary **5d** was used to give **1d** (546 mg, 58% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.33 (s, 3H), 4.04 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 5.95 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 15.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10–7.58

(m, 12H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.1, 69.5, 72.2, 75.9, 127.0, 127.9, 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 129.0, 129.7, 130.2, 130.6, 133.0, 133.5, 134.9, 137.3, 139.1, 165.5. IR (neat): 3031, 2921, 2856, 1719, 1601, 1515, 1493, 1451, 1315, 1267, 1176, 1107, 1070, 1025, 969, 806, 756, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 372.1725. Found: 372.1726.

(*E*)-4-((4-Methoxybenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1e)

Starting from 3.6 mmol of **4e**, almost pure **5e** (986 mg) was obtained. Then 781 mg of the intermediary **5e** was used to give **1e** (619 mg, 56% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.03 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 5.95 (dt, J = 15.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 15.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.22–7.58 (m, 10H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 55.2, 69.4, 72.0, 75.9, 113.7, 127.0, 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 129.4, 129.7, 130.0, 130.2, 130.6, 133.0, 139.1, 159.2, 165.4. IR (neat): 3062, 3032, 2934, 2836, 1718, 1612, 1585, 1512, 1493, 1452, 1361, 1314, 1266, 1175, 1107, 1026, 968, 820, 756, 713 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄O₄ [M⁺]: 388.1675. Found: 388.1683.

(E)-4-((4-Chlorobenzyl)oxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1f)

Starting from 7.0 mmol of **4f**, almost pure **5f** (1.87 g) was obtained. Then 800 mg of the intermediary **5f** was used to give **1f** (783 mg, 67% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.05 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 5.95 (dt, J = 16.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 16.4, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.59 (m, 12H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 69.8, 71.5, 75.8, 126.9, 128.1, 128.3, 128.4, 128.6, 129.0, 129.3, 129.6, 130.1, 130.8, 133.0, 133.3, 136.5, 138.9, 165.4. IR (neat): 3062, 3032, 2854, 1718, 1600, 1584, 1491, 1451, 1396, 1314, 1267, 1200, 1176, 1108, 1025, 1015, 968, 841, 807, 757, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₄H₂₁ClO₃ [M⁺]: 392.1179. Found: 392.1175.

(E)-4-(2-Naphthalenylmethoxy)-1-phenyl-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1g)

Starting from 5.5 mmol of **4g**, almost pure **5g** (1.35 g) was obtained. Then 802 mg of the intermediary **5g** was used to give **1g** (463 mg, 35% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.11 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 5.98 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.5 Hz,

1H), 6.06 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30–7.58 (m, 11H), 7.75–7.84 (m, 4H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 69.7, 72.4, 75.9, 125.7, 125.8, 126.0, 126.5, 127.0, 127.6, 127.8, 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 129.5, 129.6, 130.1, 130.7, 132.8, 132.9, 133.1, 135.4, 139.0, 165.4. IR (neat): 3058, 2852, 1716, 1601, 1508, 1492, 1451, 1314, 1267, 1175, 1107, 1069, 1025, 966, 856, 818, 753, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₈H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 408.1725. Found: 408.1729.

(E)-4-(Benzyloxy)-1-(4-tolyl) -2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1h)

Starting from 5.2 mmol of **4h**, almost pure **5h** (1.32 g) was obtained. Then 715 mg of the intermediary **5f** was used to give **1h** (615 mg, 58% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.34 (s, 3H), 4.06 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 5.95 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 15.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.57 (m, 12H), 8.08 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.2, 69.8, 72.3, 75.9, 127.1, 127.6, 127.8, 128.3, 128.4, 128.6, 129.2, 129.3, 129.7, 130.2, 130.9, 133.0, 136.0, 138.0, 165.5. IR (neat): 3030, 2921, 2857, 1717, 1601, 1514, 1495, 1452, 1315, 1267, 1176, 1108, 1069, 1025, 968, 816, 737, 711 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄O₃

[M⁺]: 372.1725. Found: 372.1730.

(E)-4-(Benzyloxy)-1-(2-naphthalenyl)-2-buten-1-yl benzoate (1i)

Starting from 4.8 mmol of **4i**, almost pure **5i** (1.29 g) was obtained. Then 667 mg of the intermediary **5i** was used to give **1i** (528 mg, 53% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.08 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 5.99 (dt, J = 15.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J = 15.5, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.24–7.61 (m, 11H), 7.80–7.93 (m, 4H), 8.12 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 70.7, 73.3, 77.0, 125.7, 127.10, 127.16, 127.19, 128.6, 128.7, 129.0, 129.3, 129.4, 130.6, 130.7, 131.1, 131.5, 133.9, 134.0, 137.3, 138.8, 166.4. IR (neat): 3059, 2853, 1717, 1601, 1508, 1452, 1361, 1314, 1266, 1175, 1106, 1069, 1025, 968, 858, 818, 749, 711 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₈H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 408.1725. Found: 408.1727.

(*E*)-6-(Benzyloxy)-2,2-dimethyl-4-hexen-3-yl benzoate (1j)

Starting from 4.6 mmol of **4j**, almost pure **5j** (866 mg) was obtained. Then 494 mg of the intermediary **5j** was used to give **1j** (328 mg, 37% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.02 (s, 9H), 4.04 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 5.28 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (dd, J = 6.0, 15.5 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (dt, J = 4.5, 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.38 (m, 5H), 7.45 (dd, J = 7.8, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 25.9, 34.7, 69.7, 71.9, 81.4, 127.5, 127.7, 127.9, 128.3, 129.5, 130.5, 130.7, 132.8, 138.0, 165.6. IR (neat): 3063, 3031, 2965, 2868, 1718, 1601, 1452, 1395, 1365, 1316, 1270, 1176, 1111, 1069, 1025, 970, 736, 711 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₂H₂₆O₃ [M⁺]: 338.1882. Found: 338.1878.

(*E*)-6-(Benzyloxy)-2-methyl-4-hexen-3-yl benzoate (1k)

Starting from 7.4 mmol of **4k**, almost pure **5k** (1.58 g) was obtained. Then 547 mg of the intermediary **5k** was used to give **1k** (528 mg, 57% for 2 steps) as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.00 (d, J = 6.9, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.4, 3H), 1.99–2.10 (m, 1H), 4.04 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 5.35 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (dd, J = 16.5, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (dt, J = 16.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.58 (m, 8H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.0, 18.2, 32.2, 69.8, 72.0, 78.9, 127.5, 127.7, 128.2, 128.3, 129.1, 129.5, 130.0, 132.8, 138.0, 165.7. IR (neat): 3063, 3031, 2965, 2873, 1717,

1601, 1584, 1494, 1452, 1387, 1368, 1270, 1176, 1111, 1069, 1025, 971, 738, 712 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₁H₂₄O₃ [M⁺]: 324.1725. Found: 324.1721.

Representative Procedure for Sequential 1,4-Elimination Reaction and [1,2]-Wittig Rearrangement of (E)-2-Butenyl Benzoate 1a (Table 2, Entry 1). To a mixture of powdered KOH (21 mg, 1.05 mmol) and [Pd(dppe)₂] (16 mg, 0.018 mmol) was added compound 1a (125 mg, 0.35 mmol) in THF (12 mL) dropwise at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h. After MS4A was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 min, the mixture was cooled to 0 °C and n-BuLi (1.27 mL of 1.62 M solution in hexane, 2.1 mmol) was added. After 5 min, the reaction mixture was quenched with a sat. aq solution of NH₄Cl. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et₂O. The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O, brine, and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt = 10/1 with 1% Et₃N) to give **2a** (56 mg, 68%, Z/E = >20/1) as an oil.

In a similar manner, (2Z,4E)-2,4-pentadien-1-ols **2b**–**2k** were obtained from **1b**–**1k**.

(2Z,4E)-1,5-Diphenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2a)²⁴

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.04 (br s, 1H), 5.69 (dd, J = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 15.5, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.45 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 70.0, 123.6, 125.9, 126.6, 127.5, 127.9, 128.5, 128.6, 130.1, 133.1, 134.9, 136.9, 143.1. IR (neat): 3366, 3027, 1599, 1492, 1449, 1280, 1073, 1027, 986, 945, 859, 740, 697 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₇H₁₆O [M⁺]: 236.1201. Found: 236.1207.

During the optimization of the reaction conditions, a mixture of (2Z,4E)-2a and (2E,4E)-isomer was obtained as shown in Table 1. Selected NMR data for the (2E,4E)-isomer:²⁵ δ 5.32 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (dd, J = 15.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J

= 15.1, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 15.6, 10.5 Hz, 1H).

(2Z,4E)-1-(2-Methylphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2b)

2b (56 mg, 65% from 0.35 mmol 1b) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃): 1.92 (br, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 5.62 (dd, J = 8.7, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 11.0, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24–7.59 (m, 9H). Selected data of (2*E*,4*E*)-isomer; 5.51 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (dd, J = 6.4, 15.5 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 11.0, 15.5 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 11.0, 16.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 19.4, 67.4, 123.3, 125.3, 126.4, 126.6, 127.5, 128.0, 128.7, 130.4, 130.5, 132.3, 134.9, 135.1, 136.9, 141.2. IR (neat): 3440, 3024, 1599, 1489, 1457, 1372, 1241, 1158, 1046, 989, 749, 699 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O [M⁺]: 250.1358. Found: 250.1359.

(2Z,4E)-1-(3-Methylphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2c)

2c (50 mg, 58% from 0.35 mmol **1c**) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.97 (br, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 5.68 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.44 (m, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.5, 70.1, 123.0, 123.4, 126.55, 126.61, 128.0, 128.4, 128.5, 128.7, 130.2, 133.1, 135.0, 137.0, 138.4, 143.1. IR (neat): 3331, 3025, 1605, 1489, 1448, 1306, 1152, 1029, 987, 946, 779, 754, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI):

Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O [M⁺]: 250.1358. Found: 250.1347.

(2Z,4E)-1-(4-Methylphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2d)

2d (55 mg, 63% from 0.35 mmol **1d**) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.95 (br, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 5.69 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.44 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.1, 70.0, 123.4, 125.8, 126.6, 127.9, 128.7, 129.3, 130.1, 133.2, 134.9, 137.0, 137.4, 140.2. IR (neat): 3421, 3024, 2920, 1604, 1512, 1492, 1449, 1374, 1242, 1178, 1044, 986, 811, 749, 693 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O [M⁺]: 250.1358. Found: 250.1363.

(2Z,4E)-1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2e)

2e (66 mg, 71% from 0.35 mmol 1e) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.92 (br, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 5.71 (dd, J = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (dd, J = 15.5, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.44 (m, 7H). Selected data of (2*E*,4*E*)-isomer; 5.29

(m, 1H), 5.,99 (dd, J = 15.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 15.1, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 15.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 55.3, 69.7, 114.0, 123.4, 126.6, 127.2, 127.9, 128.6, 129.8, 133.2, 134.8, 135.3, 136.9, 159.1. IR (neat): 3382, 3026, 2956, 2834, 1610, 1584, 1509, 1449, 1302, 1247, 1173, 1033, 986, 946, 862, 830, 741, 692 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI-TOF): Calcd for $C_{18}H_{18}O_2Na$ [M+Na⁺]: 289.1204. Found: 289.1198.

(2Z,4E)-1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2f)

2f (59 mg, 63% from 0.35 mmol **2f**) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.98 (br, 1H), 5.62 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.42 (m, 9H). Selected data of (2*E*,4*E*)-isomer; 5.30 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 11.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 69.3, 123.0, 126.6, 127.3, 128.1, 128.7, 130.6, 132.5, 133.3, 135.5, 136.8, 141.5. IR (neat): 3351, 3027, 1636, 1595, 1489, 1449, 1400, 1090, 1013, 986, 945, 861, 826, 744, 691 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for

C₁₇H₁₅OCl [M⁺]: 270.0811. Found: 270.0814.

(2Z,4E)-1-(2-Naphthalenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2g)

2g (68 mg, 68% from 0.35 mmol **1g**) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.09 (br, 1H), 5.76 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 7.26−7.55 (m, 9H), 7.81−7.91 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 70.2, 123.3, 124.1, 124.3, 125.9, 126.2, 126.6, 127.6, 128.0, 128.4, 128.7, 130.4, 132.8, 132.9, 133.3, 135.2, 136.8, 140.4. IR (neat): 3447, 3024, 1599, 1507, 1492, 1449, 1371, 1242, 1158, 1123, 1046, 990, 896, 858, 818, 747, 693 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₁H₁₈O [M⁺]: 286.1358. Found: 286.1353.

(2Z,4E)-5-(4-Methylphenyl)-1-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2h)

2h (63 mg, 72% from 0.35 mmol 1h) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.98 (br, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 5.66 (dd, J = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13−7.48 (m, 10H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 21.3, 70.0, 122.4, 125.9, 126.5, 127.6, 128.6, 129.4, 130.4,

132.4, 134.1, 135.0, 138.0, 143.1. IR (neat): 3293, 3023, 1630, 1603, 1509, 1490, 1453, 1343, 1287, 1191, 1017, 984, 954, 941, 908, 839, 806, 765, 735, 696 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O [M⁺]: 250.1358. Found: 250.1343.

(2Z,4E)-5-(2-Naphthalenyl)-1-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-ol (2i)

2i (67 mg, 67% from 0.35 mmol 1i) was obtained as an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.05 (br, 1H), 5.73 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32−7.48 (m, 8H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78−7.81 (m, 4H). Selected data of (2*E*,4*E*)-isomer; 5.35 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 16.4, 9.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 70.1, 123.5, 123.6, 125.9, 126.1, 126.4, 126.9, 127.6, 127.7, 128.0, 128.3, 128.6, 130.3, 133.10, 133.15, 133.5, 134.4, 135.2, 143.0. IR (neat): 3397, 3030, 1626, 1600, 1506, 1491, 1454, 1268, 1115, 1008, 985, 953, 851, 822, 750, 700 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₂₁H₁₈O [M⁺]: 286.1358. Found: 286.1363.

(2Z,4E)-6,6-Dimethyl-1-phenyl-2,4-heptadien-1-ol (2j)

2j (44 mg, 53% from 0.35 mmol **1j**) was obtained an oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.06 (s, 9H), 1.90 (br, 1H), 5.51 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.42 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 29.4, 33.5, 69.9, 119.5, 125.8, 127.4, 128.5, 130.5, 130.9, 143.4, 149.0. IR (neat): 3330, 3029, 2959, 2902, 2864, 1650, 1602, 1493, 1451, 1362, 1267, 1038, 985, 949, 743, 698 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₅H₂₀O [M⁺]: 216.1514. Found: 216.1522.

A mixture of 2k and 3 (40 mg, 59% from 0.35 mmol 1k) was obtained as an oil. The yields of 2k and 3 were determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of their mixture. After further separation of 2k and 3 by column chromatography, the physical properties were measured.

(2Z,4E)-6-Methyl-1-phenyl-2,4-heptadien-1-ol (2k)

2k (34%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.03 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.89 (br, 1H), 2.35-2.43 (m, 1H), 5.50 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 8.7

Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.42 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 22.20, 22.21, 31.4, 69.9, 121.8, 125.8, 127.5, 128.5, 130.5, 130.7, 143.4, 145.1. IR (neat): 3331, 3026, 2958, 2924, 1696, 1601, 1540, 1493, 1452, 1377, 1028, 986, 853, 746, 669 cm⁻¹. HRMS (EI): Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O [M⁺]: 202.1358. Found: 202.1367.

(E)-6-Methyl-1-phenyl-3,5-heptadien-1-ol (3)

3k (25%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.75 (s, 3H), 1.78 (s, 3H), 1.79 (br, 1H), 2.80 (dd, J = 13.2, 12.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dd, J = 13.2, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dd, J = 12.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (dd, J = 15.1, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 15.1, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.33 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): 18.3, 26.0, 44.3, 76.7, 124.2, 126.5, 127.4, 128.5, 129.6, 132.0, 136.3, 137.9. IR (neat): 3404, 3026, 2922, 2855, 1659, 1602, 1494, 1453, 1376, 1260, 1094, 1029, 986, 959, 868, 801, 746, 700 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI-TOF): Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈ONa [M+Na⁺]: 225.1255. Found: 225.1255.

Supporting Information

¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of compounds **1–4**. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at http://pubs.acs.org/.

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(13) In order to reduce the amount of base for [1,2]-Wittig rearrangement, the benzoate was selected as a substrate without enolizable α -proton instead of the corresponding acetate.

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(15) When the reaction was quenched after the 1,4-elimination step, generation of a 10/1 mixture of (1Z,3E)-1-benzyloxy-4-phenyl-1,3-butadiene and its (1E,3E)-isomer²⁶ was confirmed by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude products.

(16) The stereochemistry of a double bond between C4 and C5 in the obtained dienol

was confirmed to be *E*-form.^{9g} In the text, only the stereochemistry of C2=C3 was discussed.

(17) The deprotonation of DBU with excess amount of *n*-BuLi was confirmed by a deuterium-labeling experiment shown below.



(18) In the absence of Pd catalyst, 1,4-elimination did not proceed and **1a** was recovered.

(19) When the reaction was quenched after the 1,4-elimination step, generation of a mixture of 1-benzyloxy-5-methyl-1,3-butadiene and 1-benzyloxy-5-methyl-2,4-butadiene was confirmed by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude products.

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