# Implementing climate smart agriculture: issues, challenges and opportunities

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#### **Presentation Outline**

Climate Change and CSA- Why CSA

Challenges in scaling up CSA options

Opportunities for catalysing upscaling CSA

#### **CSA** defined

It is agriculture that sustainably increases productivity, resilience (adaptation), reduces/removes greenhouse gases (mitigation), and enhances achievement of national food security and development goals.

(FAO 2010)

#### Climate Change and CSA- why CSA

# CSA is a development issue for addressing key results among them:

- Increase and stability in agricultural productivity and production
- Environmental and Ecosystem resilience
- Increased economic opportunities and social resilience

# Provides for economic growth, inclusive development and livelihoods

- Poverty alleviation; Food and Nutrition security; resilience; economic opportunities
- Meeting gender needs, youth and most vulnerable

#### Climate Change and CSA- why CSA

#### Experiences of CSA agenda//issues for consideration:

- CC effects are well known and there is clarity on the impact of climate change on livelihoods and development.
- Recognition of the consequences of extreme weather on production-productivity, food security and poverty.
- Exposure to various CSA interventions with various projects/programmes but implementation, results and impacts have not been that satisfactory.

## Scaling up defined

"Scaling up is reaching as many beneficiaries as possible quickly, sustainably and equitably"

## Key challenges in scaling up CSA

- Technical capacity/knowledge gaps for farmers and extension agents
- Inappropriate training methodologies
- Programming gaps/poor coordination/ disconnect between agriculture and key related sectors of NRM etc;
- Interventions planned largely as projects and not adequately linked to long term national programmes;
- Weak M&E frameworks

## Key challenges in scaling up CSA

 inadequate communication/dissemination of best practices to influence policies/future programming

private sector not adequately engaged;

Poor access to inputs

Under-developed seed systems

poor market opportunities;

#### **Opportunities**

- **CSA** is a global Concern
- 1. SDGs; goal #13,
- 2.UNFCCC processes
  - -NAPAs, NAMA, INDC
- 3. Global Alliance Processes
  - -Global Alliance on CSA
- 4. Alliance for CSA in Africa
- Great potential for developing strategic partnerships.

#### **Opportunities**

- Supporting enabling policy framework
- Strengthening national and local institutions
- Expanding the evidence base
- Enhancing financing options
- Improving coordination and collective action
- Improved access to Climate data and information

#### Key Elements for success to scaling up

#### **Coordination:**

Improving coordination through open dialogue and sharing for increased alignment and harmonization in the efforts to support the scaling up of CSA.

# Knowledge Exchange, Expert Information Support and Learning:

▶ Facilitate and support within and inter-country interaction and exchange for peer-to-peer learning, sharing of results and showcasing of lessons learned.

#### **Communication and advocacy:**

Create awareness and advocate for CSA at all levels including national, regional, continental and global levels

## Thank you for listening