

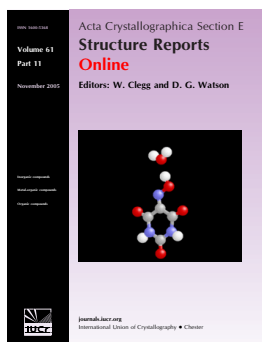
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M. Weil*****N*-Carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea****Anton V. Dolzhenko, Geok Kheng Tan, Lip Lin Koh, Anna V. Dolzhenko
and Wai Keung Chui***Acta Cryst.* (2010). **E66**, o425

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***N*-Carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea**Anton V. Dolzhenko,^{a*} Geok Kheng Tan,^b Lip Lin Koh,^b
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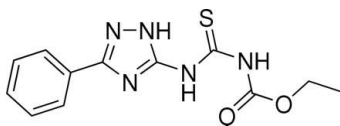
Received 4 January 2010; accepted 19 January 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; *T* = 100 K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002 \text{ \AA}$; *R* factor = 0.040; *wR* factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.9.

The title compound {systematic name: ethyl *N*-[*N*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)carbamothioyl]carbamate}, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2\text{S}$, exists in the 3-phenyl-5-thioureido-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole tautomeric form stabilized by intramolecular hydrogen bonding between the endocyclic NH H atom and the thioureido S atom. The molecular structure is also stabilized by intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}=\text{C}$ hydrogen bonds arranged in an *S*(6) graph-set motif within the carbethoxythiourea moiety. The mean planes of the phenyl and 1,2,4-triazole rings make a dihedral angle of $7.61 (11)^\circ$. In the crystal, the molecules form two types of inversion dimers. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are arranged in $R_2^2(6)$ and $R_2^2(8)$ graph-set motifs, together forming a network parallel to (111).

Related literature

For the synthesis, tautomerism and crystal structure studies of related 1,2,4-triazoles, see: Dolzhenko *et al.* (2007, 2009*a,b,c*). For the structures of related carbethoxythioureas, see: Huang *et al.* (2009); Lin *et al.* (2004, 2007); Su *et al.* (2006); Zhang *et al.* (2003, 2007). For the graph-set analysis of hydrogen bonding, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2\text{S}$ $M_r = 291.33$ Triclinic, *P*1 $a = 5.9929 (3) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 9.4200 (5) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 12.2000 (7) \text{ \AA}$ $\alpha = 91.818 (1)^\circ$ $\beta = 92.585 (1)^\circ$ $\gamma = 101.083 (1)^\circ$ $V = 674.62 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 2$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 100 \text{ K}$ $0.56 \times 0.24 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometerAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2001) $T_{\min} = 0.873$, $T_{\max} = 0.971$

8943 measured reflections

3092 independent reflections

2828 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$ $wR(F^2) = 0.102$ $S = 1.06$

3092 reflections

194 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.59 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

<i>D</i> — <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> — <i>H</i>	<i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> — <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>
$\text{N5—H5N} \cdots \text{S1}^i$	0.81 (2)	2.58 (2)	3.3739 (13)	166.0 (17)
$\text{N4—H4N} \cdots \text{O2}$	0.84 (2)	1.97 (2)	2.6448 (16)	137.3 (18)
$\text{N3—H3N} \cdots \text{S1}$	0.84 (2)	2.67 (2)	3.0926 (13)	113.0 (16)
$\text{N3—H3N} \cdots \text{N2}^{ii}$	0.84 (2)	2.32 (2)	2.9838 (18)	136.5 (18)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $-x, -y + 2, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GW2076).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o425 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810002369]

N-Carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea

A. V. Dolzhenko, G. K. Tan, L. L. Koh, A. V. Dolzhenko and W. K. Chui

Comment

Annular tautomerism of 1,2,4-triazoles in solutions (Dolzhenko et al., 2009a) and crystalline state (Dolzhenko et al., 2009b,c) is a subject of our continuous investigations. Recently, we reported the crystal structure of 3(5)-amino-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole (Dolzhenko et al., 2009b). Both 3-amino-5-phenyl- and 5-amino-3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole tautomeric forms were found to coexist in the crystal. Herein we study the related structure with carbethoxythiourea moiety presented instead of the amino group. Due to annular tautomerism, there is theoretical possibility for existence of three tautomeric forms viz. *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea (A), *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(5-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)thiourea (B) and *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-4*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea (C) (Figure 2). Unlike 3(5)-amino-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole, only one tautomeric form A was identified in the crystal (Figure 3). The N3—H···S1 hydrogen bonds between the endocyclic N(3)H proton of the triazole ring and the thioureido sulfur S1 atom (Figure 3 and 4, Table 1) are arranged in a S(6) graph-set motif (Bernstein et al., 1995) stabilizing this tautomer. Interestingly, structurally similar carbethoxythioureido substituted pyrazole (Huang et al., 2009) does not possess this motif and crystallizes as a tautomer with the carbethoxythiourea moiety at position 5 of the ring.

The triazole ring is essentially planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0058 Å. Its mean plane makes a dihedral angle of 7.61 (11)° with the phenyl ring.

The C—N bonds of the thiourea group have unequal lengths: the C9—N4 bond is significantly shorter (1.3440 (18) Å) compare to the C9—N5 bond (1.3811 (18) Å). The configuration of the carbethoxythiourea group of the title compound is similar to those reported for the similar structures (Huang et al., 2009; Lin et al., 2007; Lin et al., 2004; Su et al., 2006; Zhang et al., 2007; Zhang et al., 2003). The triazole ring and the thiocarbonyl lie in (*Z*)-configuration across the thiourea C9—N4 bond; while the carbethoxy and thiocarbonyl groups adopt (*E*)-configuration across the C9—N5 bond. This configuration is stabilized by an intramolecular N4—H···O2=C10 hydrogen bond (Figure 3 and 4, Table 1) making a S(6)graph-set motif, which is common for carbethoxythioureas (Huang et al., 2009; Lin et al., 2007; Lin et al., 2004; Su et al., 2006; Zhang et al., 2007; Zhang et al., 2003).

In the crystal, the molecules form two types of cyclic dimers (Figure 4, Table 1). The N2—N3H sides of two molecules are connected by intermolecular hydrogen bonds making the R₂²(6) graph-set motif. Atom N5 is also involved in intermolecular N—H···S interactions with the thiocarbonyl atom S1 of adjacent molecule making another pair with the R₂²(8) graph-set motif similar to those observed in other carbethoxythioureas (Huang et al., 2009; Lin et al., 2007; Lin et al., 2004; Su et al., 2006; Zhang et al., 2007; Zhang et al., 2003). Together, these hydrogen bonds connect molecules in a network parallel to the (111) plane.

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by nucleophilic addition of 3(5)-amino-5(3)-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole (Dolzhenko *et al.*, 2007) to ethoxycarbonyl isothiocyanate in DMF solution at room temperature (Figure 1). Single crystals suitable for crystallographic analysis were grown by recrystallization from toluene.

Refinement

All the H atoms attached to the carbon atoms were constrained in a riding motion approximation [0.95 Å for C_{aryl}—H, 0.99 Å for methylenic protons and 0.98 Å for methyl group; $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{aryl}})$, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methylenic}})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$] while the N-bound H atoms were located in a difference map and refined freely.

Figures



Fig. 1. Synthesis of *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea.

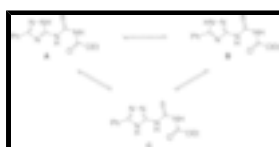


Fig. 2. Annular tautomerism in *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(3(5)-phenyl-1(4)*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5(3)-yl)thiourea.

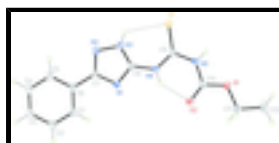


Fig. 3. The molecular structure of *N*-carbethoxy-*N'*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)thiourea, showing the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

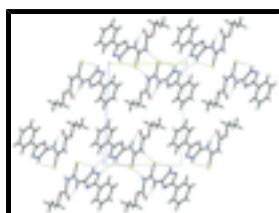


Fig. 4. Crystal packing in the cell (view along axis *a*).

ethyl *N*-[*N*-(3-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)carbamthioyl]carbamate

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₃N₅O₂S

$M_r = 291.33$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.9929(3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 9.4200(5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.2000(7) \text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 91.818(1)^\circ$

$\beta = 92.585(1)^\circ$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 304$

$D_x = 1.434 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 454 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 4121 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

$\gamma = 101.083 (1)^\circ$
 $V = 674.62 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$

Rod, colourless
 $0.56 \times 0.24 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001)
 $T_{\min} = 0.873, T_{\max} = 0.971$
 8943 measured reflections

3092 independent reflections
 2828 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.102$
 $S = 1.06$
 3092 reflections
 194 parameters
 0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0557P)^2 + 0.2404P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.59 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.26167 (6)	0.64734 (4)	-0.02591 (3)	0.02072 (12)
O1	0.58945 (18)	0.44334 (11)	0.28112 (8)	0.0204 (2)
O2	0.31338 (18)	0.55681 (11)	0.33852 (8)	0.0217 (2)

supplementary materials

N1	-0.1894 (2)	0.78466 (13)	0.22558 (10)	0.0180 (3)
N2	-0.1881 (2)	0.93860 (13)	0.08657 (10)	0.0196 (3)
N3	-0.0355 (2)	0.84999 (13)	0.07092 (10)	0.0190 (3)
H3N	0.052 (3)	0.866 (2)	0.0191 (17)	0.033 (5)*
N4	0.1037 (2)	0.66518 (13)	0.17503 (10)	0.0179 (3)
H4N	0.111 (3)	0.643 (2)	0.2411 (17)	0.028 (5)*
N5	0.3803 (2)	0.52952 (13)	0.15529 (10)	0.0187 (3)
H5N	0.458 (3)	0.494 (2)	0.1140 (15)	0.020 (4)*
C1	-0.5206 (3)	0.91936 (16)	0.33573 (12)	0.0208 (3)
H1	-0.4508	0.8519	0.3742	0.025*
C2	-0.6883 (3)	0.97955 (17)	0.38396 (13)	0.0246 (3)
H2	-0.7334	0.9528	0.4553	0.030*
C3	-0.7902 (3)	1.07873 (17)	0.32819 (14)	0.0254 (3)
H3	-0.9047	1.1199	0.3614	0.030*
C4	-0.7245 (3)	1.11747 (16)	0.22403 (13)	0.0237 (3)
H4	-0.7936	1.1857	0.1861	0.028*
C5	-0.5586 (3)	1.05716 (16)	0.17507 (12)	0.0204 (3)
H5	-0.5154	1.0833	0.1034	0.024*
C6	-0.4547 (2)	0.95789 (15)	0.23090 (12)	0.0175 (3)
C7	-0.2773 (2)	0.89424 (15)	0.17999 (12)	0.0172 (3)
C8	-0.0381 (2)	0.76241 (15)	0.15491 (11)	0.0173 (3)
C9	0.2436 (2)	0.61501 (15)	0.10695 (11)	0.0170 (3)
C10	0.4197 (2)	0.51397 (15)	0.26620 (12)	0.0181 (3)
C11	0.6496 (3)	0.42025 (17)	0.39532 (12)	0.0246 (3)
H11A	0.5123	0.3763	0.4334	0.030*
H11B	0.7187	0.5134	0.4339	0.030*
C12	0.8169 (3)	0.32036 (17)	0.39450 (14)	0.0250 (3)
H12A	0.7455	0.2281	0.3572	0.037*
H12B	0.8636	0.3033	0.4702	0.037*
H12C	0.9508	0.3645	0.3556	0.037*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0269 (2)	0.0220 (2)	0.01582 (19)	0.01013 (15)	0.00368 (14)	0.00310 (13)
O1	0.0255 (5)	0.0203 (5)	0.0183 (5)	0.0113 (4)	0.0017 (4)	0.0021 (4)
O2	0.0270 (6)	0.0238 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0120 (4)	0.0040 (4)	0.0029 (4)
N1	0.0203 (6)	0.0153 (6)	0.0188 (6)	0.0047 (5)	0.0010 (5)	0.0011 (5)
N2	0.0205 (6)	0.0206 (6)	0.0194 (6)	0.0083 (5)	0.0000 (5)	0.0019 (5)
N3	0.0212 (6)	0.0206 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0088 (5)	0.0035 (5)	0.0041 (5)
N4	0.0225 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0141 (6)	0.0078 (5)	0.0020 (5)	0.0025 (5)
N5	0.0220 (6)	0.0190 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0093 (5)	0.0039 (5)	0.0006 (5)
C1	0.0230 (7)	0.0193 (7)	0.0214 (7)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0013 (5)
C2	0.0262 (8)	0.0251 (8)	0.0235 (8)	0.0068 (6)	0.0054 (6)	0.0001 (6)
C3	0.0224 (7)	0.0236 (8)	0.0317 (8)	0.0089 (6)	0.0014 (6)	-0.0037 (6)
C4	0.0220 (7)	0.0191 (7)	0.0313 (8)	0.0081 (6)	-0.0035 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C5	0.0214 (7)	0.0183 (7)	0.0211 (7)	0.0032 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0024 (5)
C6	0.0168 (6)	0.0155 (7)	0.0201 (7)	0.0034 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	-0.0016 (5)

C7	0.0172 (7)	0.0159 (6)	0.0185 (7)	0.0039 (5)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C8	0.0194 (7)	0.0153 (6)	0.0171 (7)	0.0036 (5)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C9	0.0186 (7)	0.0136 (6)	0.0184 (7)	0.0026 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C10	0.0213 (7)	0.0135 (6)	0.0199 (7)	0.0042 (5)	0.0015 (5)	0.0023 (5)
C11	0.0318 (8)	0.0256 (8)	0.0194 (7)	0.0135 (6)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0021 (6)
C12	0.0249 (8)	0.0235 (8)	0.0285 (8)	0.0094 (6)	-0.0008 (6)	0.0042 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C9	1.6632 (14)	C1—C6	1.394 (2)
O1—C10	1.3274 (17)	C1—H1	0.9500
O1—C11	1.4568 (17)	C2—C3	1.390 (2)
O2—C10	1.2142 (18)	C2—H2	0.9500
N1—C8	1.3194 (18)	C3—C4	1.386 (2)
N1—C7	1.3680 (18)	C3—H3	0.9500
N2—C7	1.3260 (19)	C4—C5	1.385 (2)
N2—N3	1.3674 (17)	C4—H4	0.9500
N3—C8	1.3345 (18)	C5—C6	1.397 (2)
N3—H3N	0.84 (2)	C5—H5	0.9500
N4—C9	1.3440 (18)	C6—C7	1.4685 (19)
N4—C8	1.3845 (18)	C11—C12	1.501 (2)
N4—H4N	0.84 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9900
N5—C10	1.3803 (18)	C11—H11B	0.9900
N5—C9	1.3811 (18)	C12—H12A	0.9800
N5—H5N	0.81 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9800
C1—C2	1.389 (2)	C12—H12C	0.9800
C10—O1—C11	115.00 (11)	C1—C6—C5	119.48 (13)
C8—N1—C7	102.43 (12)	C1—C6—C7	120.00 (13)
C7—N2—N3	102.54 (11)	C5—C6—C7	120.52 (13)
C8—N3—N2	109.22 (12)	N2—C7—N1	114.46 (13)
C8—N3—H3N	131.7 (14)	N2—C7—C6	122.90 (13)
N2—N3—H3N	118.4 (14)	N1—C7—C6	122.64 (13)
C9—N4—C8	128.91 (13)	N1—C8—N3	111.32 (12)
C9—N4—H4N	117.6 (13)	N1—C8—N4	121.13 (13)
C8—N4—H4N	113.1 (13)	N3—C8—N4	127.42 (13)
C10—N5—C9	127.10 (13)	N4—C9—N5	114.77 (12)
C10—N5—H5N	116.8 (13)	N4—C9—S1	125.65 (11)
C9—N5—H5N	115.5 (13)	N5—C9—S1	119.58 (11)
C2—C1—C6	120.04 (14)	O2—C10—O1	125.48 (13)
C2—C1—H1	120.0	O2—C10—N5	125.13 (13)
C6—C1—H1	120.0	O1—C10—N5	109.38 (12)
C1—C2—C3	120.18 (14)	O1—C11—C12	106.95 (12)
C1—C2—H2	119.9	O1—C11—H11A	110.3
C3—C2—H2	119.9	C12—C11—H11A	110.3
C4—C3—C2	119.88 (14)	O1—C11—H11B	110.3
C4—C3—H3	120.1	C12—C11—H11B	110.3
C2—C3—H3	120.1	H11A—C11—H11B	108.6
C5—C4—C3	120.28 (14)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C11—C12—H12B	109.5

supplementary materials

C3—C4—H4	119.9	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.13 (14)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.9	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.9	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N5—H5N \cdots S1 ⁱ	0.81 (2)	2.58 (2)	3.3739 (13)	166.0 (17)
N4—H4N \cdots O2	0.84 (2)	1.97 (2)	2.6448 (16)	137.3 (18)
N3—H3N \cdots S1	0.84 (2)	2.67 (2)	3.0926 (13)	113.0 (16)
N3—H3N \cdots N2 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (2)	2.32 (2)	2.9838 (18)	136.5 (18)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x, -y+2, -z$.

Fig. 1



Fig. 2

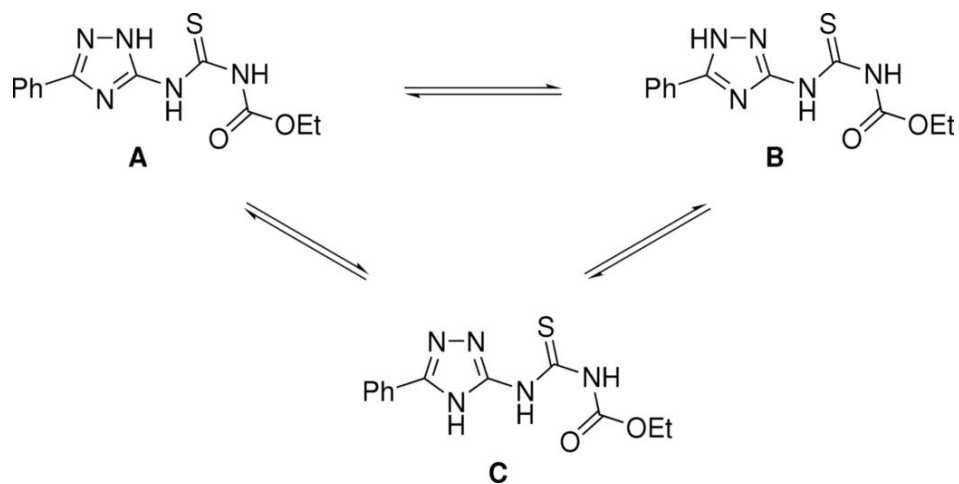


Fig. 3

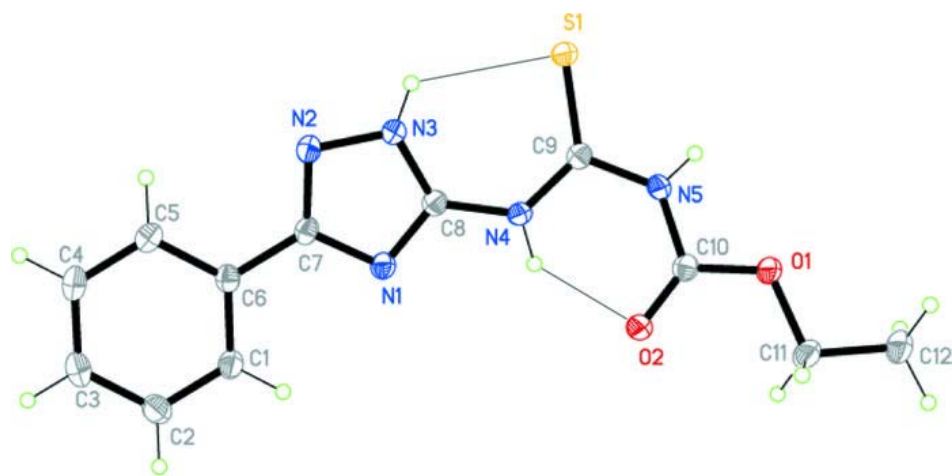


Fig. 4

