THE EFFECT OF BRAND PERSONALITY AND BRAND IDENTIFICATION ON CUSTOMER RETENTION : EXAMINING ISLAMIC BANKING SERVICES IN MALAYSIA

HUSNIYATI ALI

'ISMAH OSMAN

SHARIFAH FAIGAH SYED ALWI

FACULTY OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA
SHAH ALAM

ABSTRACT

The development of Islamic banks in Malaysia is increasingly challenging with more banks offering products and services based on Islamic principles. Hence, this study explores customers' perception towards corporate image and its impact on selfexpressive value, brand distinctiveness, brand attractiveness as well as brand identification towards their most preferred Islamic bank in Malaysia. Institutional theory as well as theory of social identification was exploited as the theoretical foundation for developing the conceptual model. Accordingly, data was collected firstly, through an exploratory study, through interviews with customers, Sharī' ah supervisors, practitioners and lecturers in Islamic banking. Next, 'self-administered questionnaires were distributed among 600 customers of Islamic banks in Lumpur through purposive sampling, specifically in selected Islamic banks, shopping malls and stations of public transportation. Analysis of data was conducted through descriptive, exploratory and confirmatory factor analysis. Subsequently, structural equation modelling with 308 respondents was then conducted to test the hypothesized relationships among the constructs, as postulated in the model. Nine hypothesis links were supported, while eight were rejected. Results indicate that firstly, corporate image of Islamic banks are determined by institutional image and performative image. Performative image constitutes items including friendliness, reliability, honesty, security, achievement-orientation, leading-orientation, up-to-date and excitement. In consequence, institutional image constitutes god-consciousness, which includes items like being Islamic, humbleness, fairness and trustworthiness. Secondly, institutional image and performative image have impact on brand attractiveness. However, they do not have an impact on self-expressive value, brand distinctiveness and brand identification. Thirdly, self-expressive value has an impact on brand's attractiveness. Fourth, brand's attractiveness and brand's distinctiveness have an impact on consumers' identification with a brand. Fifth, brand's attractiveness has an impact on word of mouth, as well as brand loyalty. Sixth, consumers' identification with a brand has an impact on brand loyalty. It is hoped that this study would facilitate in developing corporate image in Islamic banks, due to intense competition from many players of the industry.

DECLARATION

We hereby declare that this study is the result of our own investigation, except where otherwise stated.

Y T	•			1 .
Hiic	nist	of 1	Λ.	lъ
Hus	HII V	alı	α	11
	Hus	Husniy	Husnivati	Husniyati A

Signature Guly Co

Date. $\mathcal{V}/\sqrt{\mathcal{V}4}$

b) 'Ismah Osman

Signature....

Date.....

c) Sharifah Faigah Syed Alwi

Signature. Jun S.

TABLE OF CONTENT

Abstract	iii
Declaration Page	iv
Acknowledgement	V
List of Tables	vi
List of Figures	
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Overview of the Study	
1.2 Statement of the Problem	
1.3 Scope of the Study	
1.4 Objectives of the Study	
1.5 Research Questions	
1.6 Significance of the Study	
1.7 Definition of Terms	
1.8 Organization of Thesis.	
1.0 Organization of Theore	
CHAPTER 2: THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ISLAMIC BANKING	16
CHAPTER 2: THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ISLAMIC BANKING	
2.1 Introduction	16
2.1 Introduction	16
2.1 Introduction2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law	16 16 18
 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System 	16 16 18
 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid 	16 18 21
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 	16 18 21 21
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 	16 18 21 21 22
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 	16182121222323
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 	16182122232323
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 	1616
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 	1616
2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 2.8 The Development of Islamic Banking.	161821222323252527
 2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 2.8 The Development of Islamic Banking. 2.8.1 Historical development of Islamic banks. 	1616
2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 2.8 The Development of Islamic Banking. 2.8.1 Historical development of Islamic banks. 2.8.2 The Worldwide Islamic Banking outlook.	161618212323252527293133
2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System. 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System. 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 2.8 The Development of Islamic Banking. 2.8.1 Historical development of Islamic banks. 2.8.2 The Worldwide Islamic Banking outlook. 2.8.3 Historical development of Islamic banking in Malaysia.	1618212223252527293333
2.1 Introduction. 2.2 Rationale of a single-industry study: Islamic Banking. 2.3 Islamic Financial System: Sources of Law. 2.4 The foundation of Islamic Financial System 2.4.1 Principle of Tawhid. 2.4.2 Principle of Khilafah. 2.4.3 Principle of Ownership. 2.5 Maqasid Al-Shari'ah. 2.6 Principles of Islamic Financial System 2.6.1 Prohibition of Riba'. 2.7 The Objectives of Islamic Banks. 2.8 The Development of Islamic Banking. 2.8.1 Historical development of Islamic banks. 2.8.2 The Worldwide Islamic Banking outlook.	

CHAPTER 3: LITERATURE REVIEW	47
3.1 Introduction	47
3.2 Corporate brand	47
3.3 Marketing Images	51
3.3.1 Corporate Image	
3.3.1.1 Corporate image as an emotional construct	54
3.3.1.2 Corporate image as value	
3.3.1.3 Corporate image as an element of reputation	55
3.4 Brand personality	57
3.4.1 Theories of brand personality	60
3.4.1.1 Means end theory	60
3.4.1.2 Congruity theory	61
3.4.1.3 Cognitive approach	62
3.4.1.4 Anthropomorphic theory	
3.4.2 Measuring brand personality	65
3.5 Definition of corporate image for this study based on the above	
discussion of brand personality and corporate image	69
3.6 Institutional theory	
3.6.1 Performative action	73
3.6.2 Institutional action	75
3.6.3.1 Shari'ah: the basis for understanding god-consciousness	76
3.7 The Theory of Social Identification	
3.8 Theoretical Development	
3.9 Research Hypothesis	
3.10 Concluding Remarks.	88
CHAPTER 4: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	89
4.1 Introduction	
4.2 Method of Investigation : Philosophical Assumptions of the Study	90
4.3 The Research Design	
4.4 Data Collection Method	95
4.4.1 Survey Research	
4.4.1.1 Self-administered Survey	98
4.5 Development of Research Measures	103
4.5.1 Specify domain of construct	
4.5.2 Item generation	
4.5.2.1 Literature Search	
4.5.2.2 In-depth Interviews	
4.5.2.2.1 Pre-testing interview questions	108