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# **BMJ Open** Evaluation of instructions in patient information leaflets for the use of intranasal corticosteroid sprays: an observational study

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## ABSTRACT

**Objectives** In this study, we analysed patient information leaflets (PILs) of intranasal corticosteroid sprays (INCS) of different manufacturers in the UK to determine if instructions for the use of INCS are complete and uniform. **Setting** PILs of all INCS of all manufacturers, available for patients in the UK, were collected from the British National Formulary website and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency website. All instructions in these PILs were analysed.

**Participants** We identified PILs of INCS from 21 different manufacturers, available for patients in the UK.

**Results** We analysed the instructions for the use of INCS in 21 different PILs and there is large variation in the PIL instructions for the technique of using INCS across PILs. **Conclusion** Complete and uniform instructions for the use of INCS are lacking in PILs for registered preparations in the UK. Structured and standardised instructions to be used by both professionals and patients are essential in order to optimise daily use of INCS.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Allergic rhinitis (AR) is a common condition in both children and adults, with prevalences ranging from 9% in children aged 6-7 years and 27% in adults aged 22-44 years.<sup>12</sup> The recommended pharmacological treatment of AR includes antihistamines and intranasal corticosteroids. Antihistamines are used in oral and intranasal dosage forms. Corticosteroids suppress inflammation and are available in oral dosage forms, but due to systemic adverse events (AEs), intranasal corticosteroids are preferred.<sup>3 4</sup> Intranasal corticosteroids are available in sprays or drops and in most patients sprays are prescribed. An adequate technique of using intranasal corticosteroid sprays (INCS) is imperative: the technique may affect efficacy, AEs and compliance.<sup>5</sup> Little data are available on the association between the quality of the techniques of using INCS and its safety and efficacy.

To our knowledge no standardised protocols are available with instructions for use of

# Strengths and limitations of this study

- This observational study evaluates all patient information leaflets (PILs) of intranasal corticosteroid sprays (INCS) available for patients in the UK.
- This is the first study that evaluates PILs of INCS on uniformity and completeness.
- All PILs are collected from the British National Formulary and Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency websites and each PIL is checked whether a specific instruction for use of the INCS is included.
- We do not know if administration of INCS depends on the instruction described in PILs.
- We did not collect data on instructions for the use of INCS given by doctors, nurses and pharmacists and whether the PILs are used during these instructions.

INCS. Patient information leaflets (PILs) are the only source of information about instructions, in addition to the instructions given by the doctor, nurse or pharmacist. We explored which instructions for the use of INCS are provided in PILs by the different manufacturers in the UK.

#### **METHODS**

PILs of all INCS of all manufacturers, available for patients in the UK, were collected from the British National Formulary website and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency website. These PILs are identical to what is provided to the patient in the medicine pack. The instructions included in these PILs were categorised in the consecutive steps before, during and after administration of the INCS, as shown in table 1. For every PIL we evaluated whether it includes these steps and for each instruction we counted in how many of the PILs it was included. Missing instructions regarding before, during and after administration were coded as such and counted. Steps for priming and cleaning of

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Moment	Step		Instruction	Number
Prior to use	Step 1 Shaking		Shake the bottle	21
	Step 2 Take off dust cap		Take off the dust cap	21
	Step 3		Blow the nose	20
	Nose blowing		No instruction	1
During use	Step 4 Hand position	А	Forefinger and middle finger on both sides of the nozzle and thumb underneath the bottle	15
		В	Hold bottle as shown in the picture	9
	Step 5 Closing nostril	А	Put the tip of the nozzle into the nostril and close the other nostril	17
		В	Put the tip of the nozzle into the nostril	4
	Step 6	А	Slightly tilt forward	18
	Head position	В	Upright	3
	Step 7 Position spray		Point the end of the nozzle slightly outwards, away from the centre ridge of the nose	1
			No instruction	20
	Step 8	А	Squirt a spray of mist in the nose while breathing in	18
	Inhalation instruction	В	Squirt a spray of mist in the nose while breathing in is not necessary	3
	Step 9		Breathe out through the mouth.	18
	Exhalation instruction		No instruction	3
After use	Step 10	А	Wipe the nozzle with a tissue or handkerchief	18
	Clean nozzle	В	Wash the nozzle frequently with warm water.	3
	Step 11		Replace the dust cap	18
	Replace dust cap		No instruction	3
	Step 12		Store the bottle in an upright position.	3
	Storage		No instruction	18

Described are the consecutive steps before, during and after use of INCS, the specific instruction for a step and the number of PILs wherein the specific instruction is described. Daily administration of INCS consists of 12 steps and for some steps different instructions are described.

the sprays are also mentioned in PILs of INCS, which can also be distinguished in consecutive steps. In this analysis, we only exemplify all steps for daily administration of INCS as mentioned in the PILs.

## Patient and public involvement

Patients and public were not directly involved in this study.

#### RESULTS

We identified PILs of INCS from 21 different manufacturers (table 2). Table 1 shows how many PILs include instructions for each step, and table 2 shows an overview of each spray and whether the instruction is supplied. All PILs instruct to shake the bottle (step 1) and take the dust cap off (step 2) prior to use. Instructions for nose blowing, hand positioning, closing the nostril, head positioning, positioning of the spray, inhaling and exhaling, cleaning the nozzle, replacing the dust cap and storing of the spray (step 3 to step 12) varied or were not included.

In all 21 PILs one or more steps were missing. Instructions for nose blowing, positioning of the spray, exhaling, replacing the dust cap and storing were missing from 1, 20, 3, 3 and 18 PILs, respectively. Instructions regarding hand positioning, closing the nostril, head positioning, inhaling and cleaning were conflicting across PILs (see table 1).

# DISCUSSION

This study shows that there is a large variation in the PIL instructions for the technique of using INCS across PILs of those sprays available for UK patients.

There has been little research on consistency and impact of instructions for use of INCS given by the doctor, nurse or pharmacist on patients' use of these sprays and

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d v	Working compound and dosage	Brand name	Manufacturer	Number of different marketing authorisation holders	Shaking	Dust cap	Nose blowing	Hand position A	Hand position B	Closing nostril A	Closing H nostril p B A	Head F position p	Head position Po B spi	Position Inha spray A	Inhalation Inhalation A B	on Exhalation	Clean nozzle tion A	n Clean e nozzle B	Dust cap	Storage
1 Be	Beclomethasone 50 µg	I	Mylan	16	>	>	>	>	>	>		>		>		>		>		
2 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	Beconase	Omega	I	>	>	>	>		>	3	>		`		>	>		>	
3 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	Beconase	GSK		>	>	>	>		>	3	>		>		>	`		>	
4 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	Nasobec	Teva	ı	>	>	>	>		>	3	>		`		>	>		>	
5 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	Hayfever relief	Ayrton Saunders	6	>	>	>	>		>	,	>		`		>		>		
6 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	Pollenase	Ayrton Saunders	I	>	>	>	>		>	3	>		>		>		>		
7 Be	Beclomethasone 50µg	1	Ennogen Pharma	,	>	>		>		>	,	~		>		>	>		>	
8 B	Budesonide 64 µg		Sandoz	4	>	>	>		>		>	,	`		`		`		\$	>
9 BL	Budesonide 64 µg	Rhinocort	Astrazeneca	4	>	>	>		>		>	,			>		>		>	>
10 Bu	Budesonide 64 µg	Benacort	Astrazeneca	I	>	>	>		>		>	,	>		`		>		\$	>
11 11	Fluticasone furoate 50µg	Pirinase hayfever relief	GSK		>	5	>	>	>	>	,			>		>	\$		>	
12 FI	Fluticasone furoate 50µg	Hayfever and allergy	GSK		\$	>	\$	\$		\$	,	\$		`		\$	\$		`	
13 Flu	Fluticasone furoate 50 µg	Flixonase	GSK	7	>	>	>	>	>	>	,	>		`		>	>		>	
14 Flu	Fluticasone furoate 50 µg Nasofan	Nasofan	Теvа	11	>	`	`	`		`	3	`		`		>	`		>	
15 FIL	Fluticasone furoate 50 µg Flunase	Flunase	Теvа		>	>	>	>		>	3	>		>		>	>		>	
16 Fit 50	Azelastine 125µg Fluticasone propionate 50µg	Dymista	Meda Pharma		\$	`	`		`	`	•	`		`		`	>		`	
17 Flu 27	Fluticasone proprionate 27.5µg	Avamys	GSK		>	>	>		`		``	>	`	>		>	>		>	
18 Mc 50	Mometasone furoate 50µg		Teva		`	>	>	`		`	\$	`		`		>	`		`	
19 Mc 50	Mometasone furoate 50µg		Sandoz		>	>	>	>		`	·	`		`		>	>		>	
20 50	Mometasone furoate 50 µg		Schering-Plough Labo	10	`	>	`	`		`	•	`		`		>	>		>	
21 50	Mometasone furoate 50µg		Cipla		>	>	>		>	>		>		>		>	>		>	

their clinical effectiveness. Nor has there been research on the role of PILs on these outcomes.

PILs fulfil a supporting role; information in PILs improve patients' knowledge, but information needs to concise and precise and information needs to be accompanied by oral information.<sup>6</sup> Different or missing instructions in PILs for the same product of different manufacturers can confuse the patient and healthcare professionals. Instructions for correct use of INCS is a joined task of doctor, nurse, pharmacist and manufacturer. We believe it is essential to provide uniform and complete instructions in PILs.

Benninger *et al* reviewed the literature on techniques of intranasal steroids and their efficacy and developed detailed instructions for administration of INCS, in order to reach highest efficacy and prevent side effects.<sup>7</sup> They recommend to administer the nasal spray in a neutral head position, so to minimise spillage of the drug into the throat which may cause mucosal irritation and facilitate absorption of the drug via the gastrointestinal tract. To minimise the risk of epistaxis, a known AE of INCS, it is recommended to point the nozzle of the spray outward, away from the nasal septum.<sup>8</sup>

The set of instructions of Benninger *et al* provides a good basis for the development of uniform and complete instructions for the use of INCS.

A limitation of our study is that we did not collect data on instructions for the use of INCS given by doctors, nurses and pharmacists and whether the PILs are used as a guide during these instructions.

Furthermore, intranasal corticosteroids are also available in nasal drops. The instructions for administration of these intranasal corticosteroid drops differ from the instructions for administration of INCS and are therefore not included in this study.

In conclusion, complete and uniform instructions for the use of INCS are lacking in PILs for registered preparations in the UK. Patients sometimes have to change their INCS due to price differences, stock availability and, sometimes, efficacy. It is confusing that INCS have a completely different set of instruction. Structured and standardised instructions to be used by both professionals and patients are essential in order to optimise daily use of INCS in patients with AR.

**Contributors** The study was part of the master research project of CR. During this master research CR was supervised by EMVR and TWdV. The original study protocol was set up by CR, EMVR, AGMS and TWdV. The practical part of the study was carried out by CR, hereby EMVR, AGMS and TWdV fulfilled an advisory and supervisory role. The design of the manuscript was set up by all four authors and CR elaborated the design into this manuscript. EMVR, AGMS and TWdV fulfilled an advisory and supervisory role during the writing process.

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**Data sharing statement** This manuscript contains all data used for the presented results (presented in the Tables). No additional unpublished data is available. The data is obtained from patient information leaflets (PILs) that are available for patients in the United Kingdom, these PILs can be found on the internet.

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