Chong and Tan *BMC Proceedings* 2012, **6**(Suppl 4):P21 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1753-6561/6/S4/P21

### **POSTER PRESENTATION**

BMC Proceedings

**Open Access** 

# Keratin 15, transcobalamin I and homeobox gene Hox-B13 expression in breast phyllodes tumors: novel markers in biological classification

L Chong<sup>1\*</sup>, PH Tan<sup>2</sup>

*From* International Conference for Healthcare and Medical Students 2011 Dublin, Ireland. 4-5 November 2011

#### Introduction

Breast phyllodes tumors are rare neoplasms which present challenges for histological classification. Microscopic features are not always predictive of clinical behavior, and scarce data exist on the prognostic role of biological markers. Our study evaluated a series of 145 phyllodes tumors diagnosed at the Department of Pathology, Singapore General Hospital between 2006 and 2009, incorporating 91 (62.8%) benign, 40 (27.6%) borderline, and 14 (9.7%) malignant phyllodes tumors.

#### Methods

Antibodies to keratin 15 (KRT15), transcobalamin I (TCN1), and homeobox gene Hox-B13 (HOXB13) were applied to sections cut from tissue microarray blocks. KRT15 and TCN1 positivity was defined when there was reactivity of 1% or more stromal cells, while HOXB13 positivity was defined using a H-score of 100 and above.

#### Results

Positive immunohistochemical expression for KRT15, TCN1, and HOXB13 was seen in 21 (14.5%), 96 (66.2%), and 66 (45.5%) of tumors, respectively. Stromal expression of KRT15, TCN1, and HOXB13 was significantly correlated with tumor grade (P<0.001, P<0.001, P = 0.012), stromal hypercellularity (P = 0.005, P<0.001, P = 0.023), mitotic activity (P<0.001), and microscopic borders (P = 0.006, P<0.001, P = 0.011).

#### Conclusions

Co-expression of TCN1 and HOXB13 was seen in 21 of 91 (23.1%) benign, 18 of 40 (45.0%) borderline, and 11 of

<sup>1</sup>Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, Ireland

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

14 (78.6%) malignant tumors, suggesting that the dualmarker panels of TCN1 and HOXB13 might be helpful in classifying borderline and malignant tumors. Although expression of TCN1 alone was present in all malignant and 34 of 40 (85.0%) borderline tumors, a combined panel with HOXB13 excluded some benign cases and was a better discriminant for a significant proportion of borderline and malignant tumors.

#### Author details

<sup>1</sup>Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, Ireland. <sup>2</sup>Singapore General Hospital, Singapore.

Published: 9 July 2012

doi:10.1186/1753-6561-6-S4-P21 Cite this article as: Chong and Tan: Keratin 15, transcobalamin I and homeobox gene Hox-B13 expression in breast phyllodes tumors: novel markers in biological classification. *BMC Proceedings* 2012 6(Suppl 4):P21.

## Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

) BioMed Central

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



© 2012 Chong and Tan; licensee BioMed Central Ltd. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.