# A Generalized Nonlinear Volterra-Fredholm Type Integral Inequality and Its Application 

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#### Abstract

We establish a new nonlinear retarded Volterra-Fredholm type integral inequality. The upper bounds of the embedded unknown functions are estimated explicitly by using the theory of inequality and analytic techniques. Moreover, an application of our result to the retarded Volterra-Fredholm integral equations for estimation is given.


## 1. Introduction

Gronwall-Bellman inequality $[1,2]$ is an important tool in the study of existence, uniqueness, boundedness, oscillation, stability, invariant manifolds, and other qualitative properties of solutions of differential equations and integral equation. A lot of its generalizations in various cases can be found from the literature (e.g., [3-7]). During the past few years, some investigators have established a lot of useful and interesting integral inequalities in order to achieve various goals; see [818] and the references cited therein.

Gronwall-Bellman inequality [1, 2] can be stated as follows. If $u$ and $f$ are nonnegative continuous functions on an interval $[a, b]$ satisfying

$$
\begin{equation*}
u(t) \leq c+\int_{a}^{t} f(s) u(s) d s, \quad t \in[a, b] \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

for some constant $c \geq 0$, then

$$
\begin{equation*}
u(t) \leq c \exp \left(\int_{a}^{t} f(s) d s\right), \quad t \in[a, b] . \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

In 2004, Pachpatte [9] has discussed the linear VolterraFredholm type integral inequality with retardation:

$$
\begin{align*}
u(t) \leq & k+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} a(t, s)[f(s) u(s) \\
& \left.+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} c(s, \tau) u(\tau) d \tau\right] d s  \tag{3}\\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(T)} b(t, s) u(s) d s, \quad \forall t \in I .
\end{align*}
$$

In 2011, Abdeldaim and yakout [17] studied a new integral inequality of Gronwall-Bellman-Pachpatte type:

$$
\begin{align*}
& u(t) \leq u_{0} \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t} f(s) u(s) \\
& \quad \times\left[u(s)+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} h(\tau)\right. \\
& \quad \times[u(\tau) \\
& \left.\left.\quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\tau} g(\xi) u(\xi) d \xi\right] d \tau\right] d s \tag{4}
\end{align*}
$$

In this paper, on the basis of $[9,17]$, we discuss a new retarded nonlinear Volterra-Fredholm type integral inequality:

$$
u(t)
$$

$$
\leq k
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \phi_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \phi_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \phi_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \phi_{n}
$$

$$
\left.\left.\left.\times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(T)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \phi_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \phi_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \phi_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \phi_{n}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left.\left.\left.\times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $k$ is a constant. The upper bound estimation of the unknown function is given by integral inequality technique,
such as change of variable, amplification method, differential and integration, inverse function, and the dialectical relationship between constants and variables. Furthermore, we apply our result to retarded nonlinear Volterra-Fredholm type equations for estimation.

## 2. Main Result

Throughout this paper, $\mathbf{R}$ denotes the set of real numbers, $\mathbf{R}_{+}=[0,+\infty), I=\left[t_{0}, T\right], C^{1}(M, S)$ denotes the class of continuously differentiable functions defined on set $M$ with range in the set $S, C(M, S)$ denotes the class of continuous functions defined on set $M$ with range in the set $S$, and $\alpha^{\prime}(t)$ denotes the derived function of a function $\alpha^{\prime}(t)$.

We give the following notations used to simplify the details of presentation.

We technically define a sequence of functions $\left\{w_{i}(u)\right\}$ by $\phi_{i}(u)$ in (5), which can be defined recursively by

$$
\begin{gather*}
w_{1}(u):=\max _{\tau \in[0, u]}\left\{\phi_{1}(\tau)\right\}, \\
w_{i+1}(u):=\max _{\tau \in[0, u]}\left\{\frac{\phi_{i+1}(\tau)}{w_{i}(\tau)}\right\} w_{i}(u), \quad i=1, \ldots, n . \tag{6}
\end{gather*}
$$

Obviously, for all $j>i$, the function $w_{j}(u) / w_{i}(u)$ is increasing and the sequence $\left\{w_{i}(u)\right\}$ consists of nondecreasing nonnegative functions and satisfies $w_{i}(u) \geq \phi_{i}(u), i=1, \ldots, n$. Moreover,

$$
\begin{equation*}
w_{i} \propto w_{i+1}, \quad i=1,2, \ldots, n-1 \tag{7}
\end{equation*}
$$

as defined in [4] for comparison of monotonicity of functions, because the ratios $w_{i+1}(u) / w_{i}(u), i=1, \ldots, n-1$, are all nondecreasing.

For given constant $u_{i}>0$, we define functions

$$
\begin{gather*}
W_{1}\left(u, u_{1}\right)=\int_{u_{1}}^{u} \frac{d s}{w_{1}(s)},  \tag{8}\\
W_{i}\left(u, u_{i}\right)=\int_{u_{i}}^{u} \frac{w_{i-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(\cdots W_{i-1}^{-1}(s) \cdots\right)\right) d s}{w_{i}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(\cdots W_{i-1}^{-1}(s) \cdots\right)\right)},  \tag{9}\\
i=2, \ldots, n
\end{gather*}
$$

which are strictly increasing. When there is no confusion, we simply let $W_{i}(u)$ denote $W_{i}\left(u, u_{i}\right)$ and $W_{i}^{-1}$ denote its inverse.

We define functions $\left\{H_{i}(t)\right\}(i=1,2, \ldots, n)$ :

$$
\begin{aligned}
H_{1}(t)= & \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) d t_{1}, \\
H_{2}(t)= & \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}, \\
\vdots & \\
H_{n-1}(t)= & \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times\left[\ldots\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right]\right. \\
& \left.\cdots] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}, \\
H_{n}(t)= & \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times\left[\ldots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right. \\
& \left.\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

We define function

$$
\begin{aligned}
G(u)= & W_{n}\left\{W_{n-1}\left\{\cdots\left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(2 u-k)\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\} \\
& -W_{n}\left\{W _ { n - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(u)+H_{1}(T)\right\}\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.+H_{2}(T)\right\} \cdots\right\}+H_{n-1}(T)\right\} \\
& -H_{n}(T), \quad \forall u>k .
\end{aligned}
$$

Theorem 1. Suppose that $h_{n}(t), f_{i}(t), h_{i}(t) \in C\left(I, \mathbf{R}_{+}\right),(i=$ $1, \ldots, n-1), \alpha \in C^{1}(I, I)$ is nondecreasing with $\alpha(t) \leq t$ and $\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)=t_{0}$ on $I$; all $\phi_{i}$ are continuous functions with $\phi_{i}(u)>$ $0(i=1, \ldots, n)$ for $u>0, W_{i}(+\infty)=+\infty, i=1,2, \ldots, n$.

Suppose that the function $G(u)$ is increasing and $G(u)=0$ has a solution $c$ for $u>k$. If $u(t)$ satisfies (5), then

$$
\begin{align*}
u(t) \leq & W_{1}^{-1} \\
\times & \times\left\{W _ { 2 } ^ { - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W _ { n } \left\{W _ { n - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(c)+H_{1}(t)\right\}\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.+H_{2}(t)\right\} \cdots\right\}+H_{n-1}(t)\right\}+H_{n}(t)\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\}, \quad \forall t \in I \tag{12}
\end{align*}
$$

where $W_{i}^{-1}(i=1,2, \ldots, n)$ are inverse functions of $W_{i}$, respectively.

Proof. From (5) and (6), we have
$u(t)$
$\leq k$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) w_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) w_{n}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left.\left.\left.\times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(T)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) w_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right.
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) w_{n} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \ldots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \tag{13}
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in I$. Let $z_{1}(t)$ denote the function on the right-hand side of (13), which is a positive and nondecreasing function on $I$. Then (13) is equivalent to

$$
\begin{equation*}
u(t) \leq z_{1}(t), \quad \forall t \in I, \tag{14}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right) \\
& =k+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(T)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) w_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) w_{n} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \ldots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} . \tag{15}
\end{align*}
$$

Differentiating $z_{1}(t)$ with respect to $t$, using (14), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& z_{1}^{\prime}(t) \\
& =\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{1}(\alpha(t)) w_{1}(u(\alpha(t)))\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) w_{n} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times\left[f_{1}(\alpha(t)) w_{1}\left(z_{1}(\alpha(t))\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) w_{n} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\forall t \in I \tag{16}
\end{equation*}
$$

by the monotonicity of $w_{1}$ and $z_{1}$ and the property of $\alpha$. From (16), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{z_{1}^{\prime}(t)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}(t)\right)} \\
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{1}(\alpha(t))\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \frac{w_{2}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)}\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\left.\left.\left.\times \frac{w_{n}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] \\
\forall t \in I \tag{17}
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \tag{18}
\end{align*}
$$

for $t_{0} \leq t \leq T_{1} \leq T ; T_{1}$ is chosen arbitrarily, where $W_{1}$ is defined by (8).

Let $z_{2}(t)$ denote the function on the right-hand side of (18), which is a positive and nondecreasing function on [ $t_{0}, T_{1}$ ]. Then (18) is equivalent to

$$
\begin{gather*}
z_{1}(t) \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}(t)\right), \quad \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]  \tag{19}\\
z_{2}\left(t_{0}\right)=W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}(s) f_{1}(s) d s \tag{20}
\end{gather*}
$$

Differentiating $z_{2}(t)$ with respect to $t$, using (19), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& z_{2}^{\prime}(t) \\
& =\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \frac{w_{2}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{2}} h_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \\
& \times\left[f_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \frac{w_{3}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)}+\cdots\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)}\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\times \frac{w_{n}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{3}\right] d t_{2}\right] \\
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \frac{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{2}} h_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \\
& \times\left[f_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \frac{w_{3}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{3}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{3}\right)\right)\right)}+\cdots\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}\right. \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{3}\right] d t_{2}\right] \\
& \quad \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right], \tag{21}
\end{align*}
$$

by the monotonicity of $w_{i} / w_{1}(i=1,2, \ldots, n)$ and the property of $\alpha$. From (21), we have

$$
\begin{align*}
& \frac{z_{2}^{\prime}(t) w_{1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}(t)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}(t)\right)\right)} \\
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \quad \times \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2} \\
& \quad+\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \quad \times \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{2}} h_{3}\left(t_{3}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \frac{w_{3}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{3}\right] d t_{2} \tag{22}
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. From (22), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& W_{2}\left(z_{2}(t)\right) \\
& \leq W_{2}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{2}} h_{3}\left(t_{3}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \frac{w_{3}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}+\cdots\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)
$$

$$
\left.\times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}
$$

$$
\left.\left.\ldots] d t_{3}\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}
$$

$$
\leq W_{2}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right.
$$

$$
\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{2}} h_{3}\left(t_{3}\right)\right.
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{3}\left(t_{3}\right) \frac{w_{3}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right)\right)}+\cdots\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)
$$

$$
\times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right)}\right.
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)
$$

$$
\left.\times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)}{w_{2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(z_{2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right)} d t_{n}\right]
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left.\left.\left.\times d t_{n-1} \cdots\right] d t_{3}\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \tag{23}
\end{equation*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$, where $W_{2}$ is defined by (9). Repeating the same derivation as in (19), (23), and so on, we obtain

$$
\begin{aligned}
& W_{n-2}\left(z_{n-2}(t)\right) \\
& \leq W_{n-2}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \left.\cdots\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-3}} h_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) f_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) d t_{n-2}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{1} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times[\cdots \\
& {\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.} \\
& \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \times \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \\
& \leq W_{n-2}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \left.\ldots\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-3}} h_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) f_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) d t_{n-2}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{1} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times[\cdots \\
& \\
& \quad\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}  \tag{24}\\
& \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\quad \times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1},
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$, where $W_{n-2}$ is defined by (9).
Let $z_{n-1}(t)$ denote the function on the right-hand side of (24), which is a positive and nondecreasing function on [ $t_{0}, T_{1}$ ]. Then (24) is equivalent to

$$
\begin{equation*}
z_{n-2}(t) \leq W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}(t)\right), \quad \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right] \tag{25}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& z_{n-1}\left(t_{0}\right) \\
& =W_{n-2}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \cdots\right. \\
& \left.\quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-3}} h_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) f_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) d t_{n-2}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{1} . \tag{26}
\end{align*}
$$

Differentiating $z_{n-1}(t)$ with respect to $t$, we have
$z_{n-1}^{\prime}(t)$
$=\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t))$
$\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right.$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \times[\cdots \\
& \\
& \\
& \quad\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)  \tag{27}\\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\quad \times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right],
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. From (27), using (25), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{z_{n-1}^{\prime}(t) w_{n-2}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times[\cdots \\
& \quad\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-3}^{-1}\left(z_{n-2}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\quad \times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times[\cdots \\
& \quad\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \quad \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\quad \times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right], \tag{28}
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$, by the monotonicity of $z_{n-1}, W_{1}^{-1}, \ldots, W_{n-2}^{-1}$ and $w_{n-2} / w_{n-1}$ and the property of $\alpha$. Integrating both sides of the above inequality from $t_{0}$ to $t$, we obtain

$$
\begin{aligned}
& W_{n-1}\left(z_{n-1}(t)\right) \\
& \leq W_{n-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times\left[\ldots\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right]\right. \\
& \left.\quad \cdots] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times[\ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& {\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.} \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right. \\
& \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \\
& \leq W_{n-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times\left[\cdots\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right]\right. \\
& \left.\cdots] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \times[\cdots \\
& {\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.} \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right. \\
& \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}, \tag{29}
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$, where $W_{n-1}$ is defined by (9). Let $z_{n}(t)$ denote the function on the right-hand side of (29), which is a positive and nondecreasing function on $\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. Then (29) is equivalent to

$$
\begin{equation*}
z_{n-1}(t) \leq W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}(t)\right), \quad \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right] \tag{30}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& z_{n}\left(t_{0}\right) \\
& \qquad=W_{n-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
& \quad \times[\ldots \\
& \quad\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\times f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1} \tag{31}
\end{align*}
$$

Differentiating $z_{n}(t)$ with respect to $t$, using (30), we have

$$
\times[\ldots
$$

$$
\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& z_{n}^{\prime}(t) \\
& =\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
& \times[\cdots \\
& {\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.} \\
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right. \\
& \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-2}^{-1}\left(z_{n-1}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2} \\
& \leq \alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
& \times \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right. \\
& \times \frac{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad \times d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. From (32), we have

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{z_{n}^{\prime}(t) w_{n-1}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)}{w_{n}\left(W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{n}\right)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right)\right)} \\
=\alpha^{\prime}(t) h_{1}(\alpha(t)) \\
\times \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) \\
\times\left[\cdots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right. \\
\left.\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \\
\cdots] d t_{2},
\end{gathered}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. Integrating both sides of the above inequality from $t_{0}$ to $t$, we obtain

$$
\begin{aligned}
& W_{n}\left(z_{n}(t)\right)-W_{n}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \\
& \qquad \begin{array}{l}
\leq \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)\right. \\
\\
\times\left[\cdots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right. \\
\left.\quad \times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \\
\cdots
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. From (19), (25), (30), and (34), we have

$$
\begin{align*}
& z_{1}(t) \\
& \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left(W_{2}^{-1}\left(\cdots\left(W_{n-1}^{-1}\left(z_{n}(t)\right)\right) \cdots\right)\right) \\
& \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W _ { 2 } ^ { - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W_{n}\left(z_{n}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \times\left[\int _ { \alpha ( t _ { 0 } ) } ^ { t _ { 1 } } h _ { 2 } ( t _ { 2 } ) \left[\cdots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\} \tag{35}
\end{align*}
$$

for all $t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right]$. Substituting (20), (26), and (31) into (35),
we have

$$
\begin{align*}
& z_{1}(t) \\
& \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W_{2}^{-1}\right. \\
& \times\left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W _ { n } \left\{W_{n-1}\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \times\left\{W _ { n - 2 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { 2 } \left\{W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) d t_{1}\right\} \\
& \left.\left.+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\} \cdots\right\} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)[\cdots\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-3}} h_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) f_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) d t_{n-2}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha\left(T_{1}\right)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)[\cdots\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int _ { \alpha ( t _ { 0 } ) } ^ { t _ { 1 } } h _ { 2 } ( t _ { 2 } ) \left[\cdots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\}, \\
& \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T_{1}\right] . \tag{36}
\end{align*}
$$

Since $T_{1}$ is chosen arbitrarily, we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& z_{1}(t) \\
& \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W_{2}^{-1}\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \times\left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W _ { n } \left\{W_{n-1}\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \times\left\{W _ { n - 2 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { 2 } \left\{W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) d t_{1}\right\} \\
& \left.\left.+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\} \cdots\right\} \\
& +\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)[\cdots\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left.\left.\left.\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-3}} h_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) f_{n-2}\left(t_{n-2}\right) d t_{n-2}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)[\cdots\right.
$$

$$
\left.\left.\left.\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\}
$$

$$
+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int _ { \alpha ( t _ { 0 } ) } ^ { t _ { 1 } } h _ { 2 } ( t _ { 2 } ) \left[\cdots \left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right.\right.\right.
$$

$$
\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\times\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1}\right] \cdots\right] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\}
$$

$$
=W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W_{2}^{-1}\right.
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \times\left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W _ { n } \left\{W _ { n - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W_{2}\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\times\left\{W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)+H_{1}(t)\right\}+H_{2}(t)\right\} \cdots\right\} \\
& \left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\times H_{n-1}(t)\right\}+H_{n}(t)\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\}, \quad \forall t \in\left[t_{0}, T\right] \tag{37}
\end{align*}
$$

By the definition of $z_{1}$ and (15), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)-k \\
& \begin{aligned}
&=k+2 \int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(T)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) \\
& \times\left[f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) w_{1}\left(u\left(t_{1}\right)\right)\right. \\
&+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right)
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \times\left[f_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) w_{2}\left(u\left(t_{2}\right)\right)+\cdots\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-2}} h_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) \\
& \quad \times\left[f_{n-1}\left(t_{n-1}\right) w_{n-1}\left(u\left(t_{n-1}\right)\right)\right. \\
& \quad+\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{n-1}} h_{n}\left(t_{n}\right) \\
& \left.\quad \times w_{n}\left(u\left(t_{n}\right)\right) d t_{n}\right] d t_{n-1} \\
& \left.\quad \cdots] d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}=z_{1}(T) . \tag{38}
\end{align*}
$$

From (37) and (38), we have

$$
\begin{align*}
& 2 z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)-k \\
& \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W _ { 2 } ^ { - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { n } ^ { - 1 } \left\{W _ { n } \left\{W _ { n - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W _ { 2 } \left\{W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right.\right. \\
&\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.\left.+H_{1}(T)\right\}+H_{2}(T)\right\} \cdots\right\}+H_{n-1}(T)\right\}+H_{n}(T)\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\} \tag{39}
\end{align*}
$$

or

$$
\begin{align*}
& W_{n}\left\{W_{n-1}\left\{\cdots\left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}\left(2 z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)-k\right)\right\}\right\} \cdots\right\}\right\} \\
& -W_{n}\left\{W _ { n - 1 } \left\{\cdots \left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right)+H_{1}(T)\right\}\right.\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\left.\quad+H_{2}(T)\right\} \cdots\right\}+H_{n-1}(T)\right\}  \tag{40}\\
& -H_{n}(T) \leq 0 .
\end{align*}
$$

By the definition of $G$, the assumption of Theorem 1 , and (40), we observe that

$$
\begin{equation*}
G\left(z_{1}\left(t_{0}\right)\right) \leq 0=G(c) . \tag{41}
\end{equation*}
$$

Since $H_{2}$ is increasing, from the last inequality and (14), we have the desired estimation (12).

We define the following functions:

$$
\begin{gather*}
H_{1}(t)=\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) f_{1}\left(t_{1}\right) d t_{1}, \\
H_{2}(t)=\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\alpha(t)} h_{1}\left(t_{1}\right)\left[\int_{\alpha\left(t_{0}\right)}^{t_{1}} h_{2}\left(t_{2}\right) d t_{2}\right] d t_{1}, \\
E(u)=W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(2 u-k)\right\}-W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(u)+H_{1}(T)\right\}-H_{2}(T), \tag{42}
\end{gather*}
$$

for all $u>k$, where $W_{i}, i=1,2$ are defined by (8) and (9), respectively.

Corollary 2. Let $n=2, f_{1}(t), f_{2}(t), h_{i}(t), \phi_{i}, W_{i}, i=1,2, \alpha$ be as in Theorem 1. Suppose that the function $E(u)$ is increasing
and $E(u)=0$ has a solution $c$ for $u>k$. If $u(t)$ satisfies (5), then

$$
u(t) \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W_{2}^{-1}\left\{W_{2}\left\{W_{1}(c)+H_{1}(t)\right\}+H_{2}(t)\right\}\right\}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\forall t \in I \tag{43}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $W_{i}^{-1}(i=1,2)$ are inverse functions of $W_{i}$, respectively.

## 3. Application

In this section, we apply our result in Theorem 1 to investigate the retarded Volterra-Fredholm integral equations:

$$
\begin{align*}
& x(t) \\
&= x_{0}+\int_{t_{0}}^{t} F_{1}\left\{s, x(s-\gamma(s)), \int_{t_{0}}^{s} F_{2}[\tau, x(\tau-\gamma(\tau))] d \tau\right\} d s \\
&+\int_{t_{0}}^{T} F_{1}\left\{s, x(s-\gamma(s)), \int_{t_{0}}^{s} F_{2}[\tau, x(\tau-\gamma(\tau))] d \tau\right\} d s, \tag{44}
\end{align*}
$$

for $t \in I$, where $x \in C(I, \mathbf{R}), \gamma \in C^{1}(I, I)$ is nondecreasing with $t-\gamma(t) \geq t_{0}, \gamma\left(t_{0}\right)=0, \gamma^{\prime}(t)<1, F_{1} \in C\left(I \times \mathbf{R}^{2}, \mathbf{R}\right), F_{2} \in$ $C(I \times \mathbf{R}, \mathbf{R})$. Let $\beta(t)=t-\gamma(t)$; then $\beta(t) \in C^{1}(I, I), \beta(t) \leq t$. Since $\beta^{\prime}(t)=1-\gamma^{\prime}(t)>0, \beta(t)$ is an increasing and invertible function.

The following theorem gives the bound on the solution of (44).

Theorem 3. Suppose that $F_{1}, F_{2}$ in (44) satisfy the conditions

$$
\begin{gather*}
\left|F_{1}(s, x, y)\right| \leq h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x|)+|y|\right],  \tag{45}\\
\left|F_{2}(s, x)\right| \leq h_{2}(s) w_{2}(|x|),
\end{gather*}
$$

where $f_{1}(s), h_{1}(s), h_{2}(s), w_{1}(s)$ and $w_{2}(s)$ are as in Theorem 1 ; let $M=\max _{t \in I}\left(1 / \beta^{\prime}\left(\beta^{-1}(t)\right)\right)<\infty$. Assume that the function

$$
\begin{align*}
H_{3}(u)= & W_{2}\left[W_{1}(2 u-k)\right] \\
& -W_{2}\left[W_{1}(u)+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(T)} h_{1}(s) f_{1}(s) d s\right]  \tag{46}\\
& -\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(T)} h_{1}(s)\left[\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} h_{2}(\tau) f_{2}(\tau) d \tau\right] d s
\end{align*}
$$

is increasing and $H_{3}(t)=0$ has a solution c for $u>k$. If $x(t)$ is a solution of (44), then

$$
\begin{align*}
|x(t)| \leq W_{1}^{-1}\left\{W _ { 2 } ^ { - 1 } \left[W_{2}\right.\right. & {\left[W_{1}(c)+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(t)} M h_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) f_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) d s\right] }  \tag{47}\\
& \left.\left.+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(t)} M h_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right)\left[\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} M h_{2}\left(\beta^{-1}(\tau)\right) d \tau\right] d s\right]\right\}, \quad \forall t \in I
\end{align*}
$$

where $W_{1}, W_{2}, W_{1}^{-1}$, and $W_{2}^{-1}$ are as in Theorem 1.
Proof. Using the condition (45), we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
&|x(t)| \leq\left|x_{0}\right|+\int_{t_{0}}^{t} h_{1}(s) {\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(s-\gamma(s))|)\right.} \\
&+\int_{t_{0}}^{s} h_{2}(\tau) \\
&\left.\times w_{2}(|x(\tau-\gamma(\tau))|) d \tau\right] d s \\
&+\int_{t_{0}}^{T} h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(s-\gamma(s))|)\right. \\
&\left.+\int_{t_{0}}^{s} h_{2}(\tau) w_{2}(|x(\tau-\gamma(\tau))|) d \tau\right] d s \\
&=\left|x_{0}\right|+\int_{t_{0}}^{t} h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(\beta(s))|)\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\left.+\int_{t_{0}}^{s} h_{2}(\tau) w_{2}(|x(\beta(\tau))|) d \tau\right] d s \\
+\int_{t_{0}}^{T} h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(\beta(s))|)\right. \\
\left.+\int_{t_{0}}^{s} h_{2}(\tau) w_{2}(|x(\beta(\tau))|) d \tau\right] d s \\
\begin{array}{r}
\leq\left|x_{0}\right|+\int_{t_{0}}^{t} h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(\beta(s))|)\right. \\
+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(s)} M h_{2}\left(\beta^{-1}(\tau)\right) \\
+\int_{t_{0}}^{T} h_{1}(s)\left[f_{1}(s) w_{1}(|x(\beta(s))|)\right. \\
+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(s)} M h_{2}\left(\beta^{-1}(\tau)\right)
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\left.\times w_{2}(|x(\tau)|) d \tau\right] d s \\
\leq\left|x_{0}\right|+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(t)} M h_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) \\
\times\left[f_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) w_{1}(|x(s)|)\right. \\
+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} M h_{2}\left(\beta^{-1}(\tau)\right) \\
\left.\times w_{2}(|x(\tau)|) d \tau\right] d s \\
+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{\beta(T)} M h_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) \\
\times\left[f_{1}\left(\beta^{-1}(s)\right) w_{1}(|x(s)|)\right. \\
+\int_{\beta\left(t_{0}\right)}^{s} M h_{2}\left(\beta^{-1}(\tau)\right) \\
\left.\times w_{2}(|x(\tau)|) d \tau\right] d s \tag{48}
\end{array}
$$

for $t \in I$, where several changes of variables are made. Applying the result of Theorem 1 to the last inequality, we obtain the desired estimation (47).

## Conflict of Interests

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this paper.

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