

# organic compounds



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## Structure Reports

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### 1-<{E}-[(2-Fluoro-5-nitrophenyl)imino]-methyl}naphthalen-2-ol

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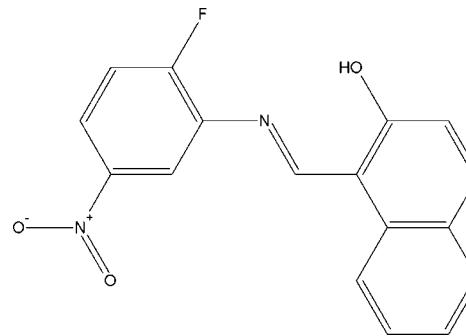
Received 30 April 2013; accepted 3 May 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 123\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.052;  $wR$  factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.8.

The title molecule,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_3$ , is nearly planar [maximum deviation = 0.197 (1)  $\text{\AA}$ ] and the molecular conformation is stabilized by an  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond forming an  $S(6)$  ring motif. The H atom of the intramolecular hydrogen bond was found to be disordered over two sites and thus both the hydroxy and keto tautomers are simultaneously present in the solid. Refinement of the occupancy of this site suggests that the hydroxy form is the major component [occupancy refined to 0.59 (3):0.41 (3)]. Bond lengths are also largely consistent with dominance of the hydroxy form. In the crystal, molecules are linked by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming layers parallel to (101).  $\pi-\pi$  stacking interactions [centroid–centroid distances = 3.5649 (9) and 3.7579 (9)  $\text{\AA}$ ] inter-connect these layers.

## Related literature

For the broad range of biological applications of Schiff bases, see, for example: Cozzi (2004); Chandra & Sangeetika (2004); Sari *et al.* (2003); Verma *et al.* (2004). For the significance of fluorine atoms in drug structures, see: Blair *et al.* (2000); Kirk *et al.* (1979); LeBars *et al.* (1987). For a related structure, see: Akkurt *et al.* (2012). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{11}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_3$   
 $M_r = 310.28$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 14.2226 (6)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 13.0856 (5)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 7.3801 (3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 94.151 (4)^\circ$

$V = 1369.92 (10)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 123\text{ K}$   
 $0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.973$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.994$

15943 measured reflections  
4043 independent reflections  
3166 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$   
 $S = 1.07$   
4043 reflections  
215 parameters  
2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 <sub>i</sub> ···N1	0.88 (1)	1.68 (2)	2.4969 (16)	152 (4)
C3—H3 <sub>j</sub> ···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.48	3.222 (2)	135
C14—H14 <sub>k</sub> ···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.35	3.1724 (19)	145

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y - 1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

The University of Strathclyde, Erciyes University and Manchester Metropolitan University are gratefully acknowledged for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5319).

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# supporting information

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## 1-<{(E)-[(2-Fluoro-5-nitrophenyl)imino]methyl}naphthalen-2-ol

**Alan R. Kennedy, Mehmet Akkurt, Antar A. Abdelhamid, Shaaban K. Mohamed and Gary J. Miller**

### S1. Comment

Schiff bases have been widely studied due to their importance in industrial and biological applications. They serve for example as, antibacterial, antifungal, anticancer (Sari *et al.*, 2003, Verma *et al.*, 2004) and herbicidal agents (Cozzi, 2004; Chandra & Sangeetika, 2004). It is well known that the introduction of fluorine atom into an organic molecule causes dramatic changes in its biological profile (Blair *et al.*, 2000), mainly due to the high electronegativity of fluorine. Incorporating fluorine increases fat solubility, improving the drug's partitioning into membranes and hence increasing bioavailability (LeBars *et al.*, 1987). Fluorination can also aid hydrophobic interactions between the drug and binding sites on receptors or enzymes (Kirk *et al.*, 1979). Further to our study in synthesis of fluorinated bioactive compounds we herein report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

As seen in Fig. 1, the title molecule (I) is nearly planar with maximum deviations of 0.197 (1) Å for O3, -0.157 (1) Å for C9 and 0.145 (2) Å for C6. The naphthalene ring system (C1–C10) makes a dihedral angle of 5.04 (6) ° with the benzene ring (C12–C17) of the 1-fluoro-4-nitrobenzene group. The C1–C11–N1–C12, F1–C13–C12–N1, O1–C2–C1–C11, O2–N2–C16–C17 and O3–N2–C16 C15 torsion angles are -179.56 (13), -179.39 (13), 2.4 (2), -8.9 (2) and -9.7 (2) °, respectively. All bond lengths and angles are similar to those of a related structure previously reported (Akkurt *et al.*, 2012).

An N—H···O hydrogen bond stabilizes the molecular conformation of (I) forming an S(6) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995; Fig. 1). In the crystal structure, C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig. 2) link the molecules to each other, forming two dimensional layers parallel to (101) (Fig. 3). In addition, these layers connect to each other by  $\pi$ – $\pi$  stacking interactions [ $Cg1\cdots Cg3^{iii}$  = 3.5649 (9) Å and  $Cg3\cdots Cg3^{iv}$  = 3.7579 (9) Å; where symmetry codes (iii) =  $x$ ,  $1/2 - y$ ,  $1/2 + z$  and (iv) =  $1 - x$ ,  $1 - y$ ,  $1 - z$ ;  $Cg1$  and  $Cg3$  are the centroids of the C1–C5/C10 and C12–C17 benzene rings, respectively].

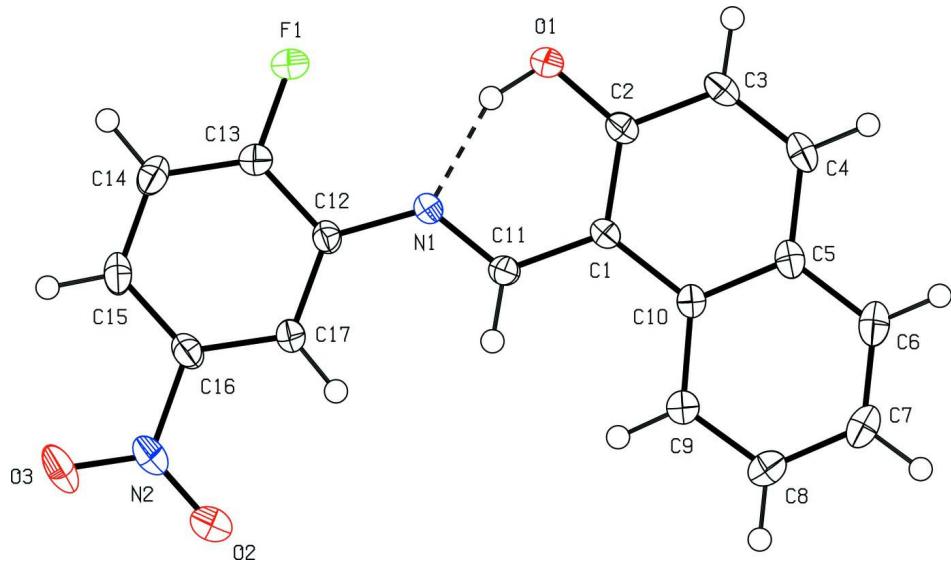
### S2. Experimental

The title compound was obtained unintentionally in a good yield from a three components reaction by heating of 1 mmol (172 mg) 2-hydroxynaphthalene-1-carbaldehyde, 1 mmol (156 mg) 2-fluoro-5-nitroaniline and 1 mmol (188 mg) 5-phenylcyclohexane-1,3-dione in ethanol for 8 h at 350 K. The solvent was evaporated under *vacuum* and the resulting solid was crystallized from a mixture of ethanol and few drops of acetone. Yellow rods of product (*M.p.* 471 K) were collected (73% yield) of sufficient quality for X-ray diffraction.

### S3. Refinement

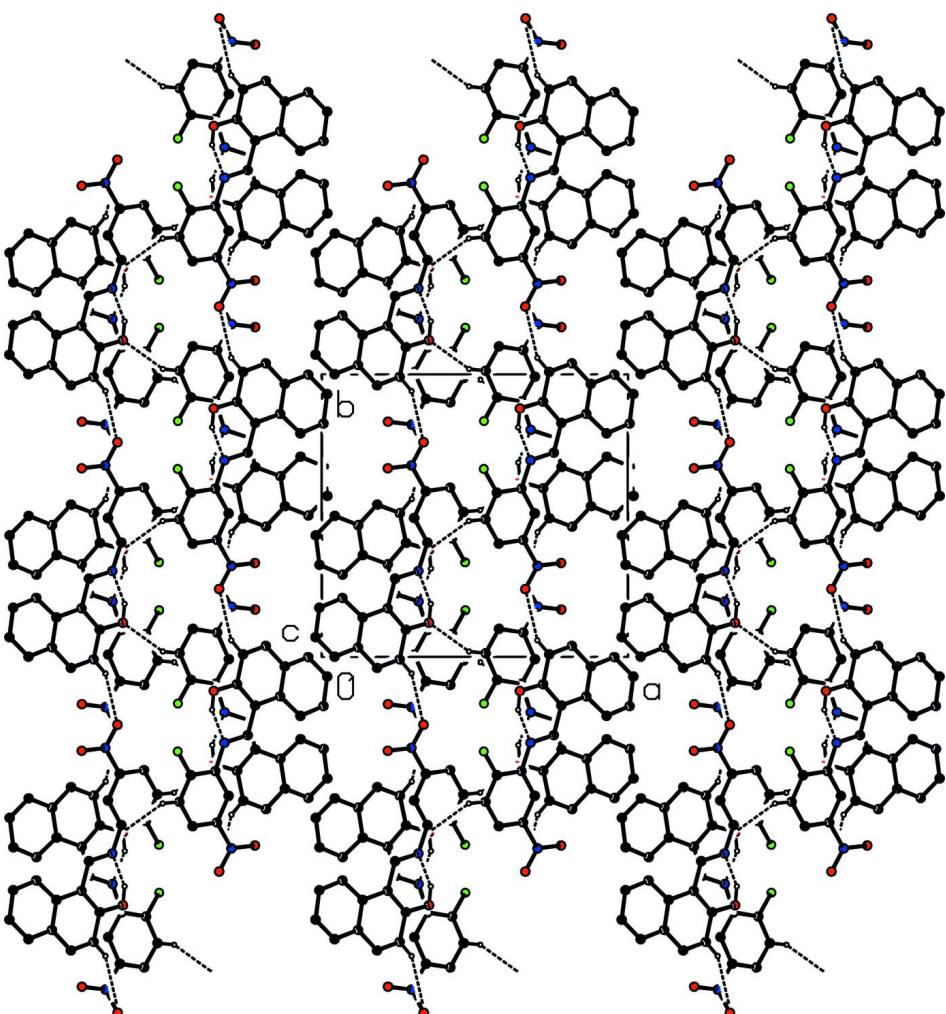
Difference synthesis suggested a disordered model for H1 was appropriate. Refinement over two sites with thermal displacement ellipsoids constrained to be equal and with both O1—H1 and N1—H2 distances restrained to 0.88 (1) Å gave a model with 0.59 (3):0.41 (3) site occupancy in favour of the OH form. The C-bound H atoms were placed in

geometrically optimized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with C—H = 0.95 (aromatic) Å and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

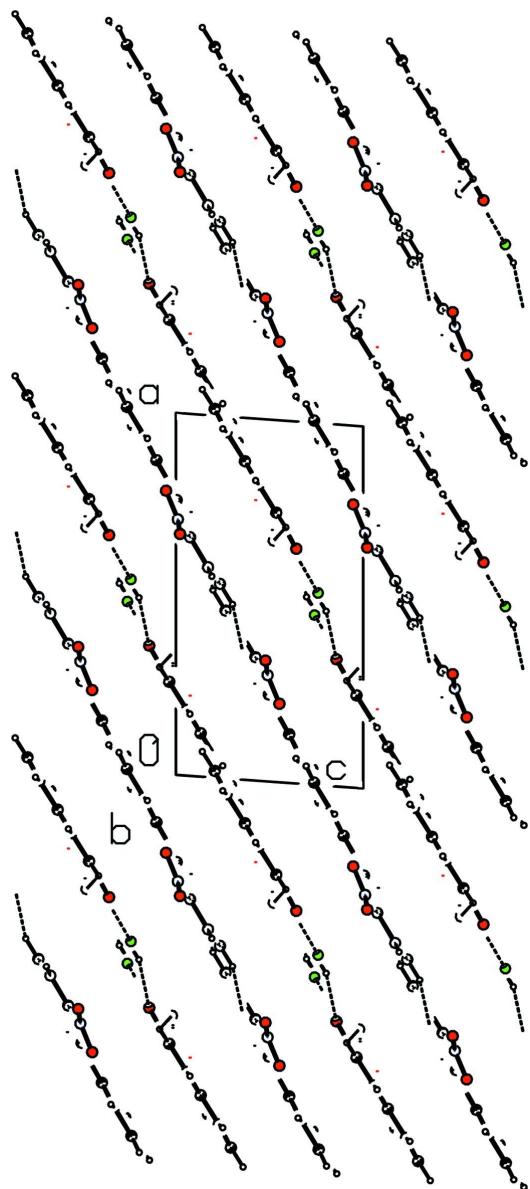


**Figure 1**

The title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 50% probability level. Only the major component (OH tautomer) of the disordered OH and NH tautomers is shown. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is drawn as a dashed line.

**Figure 2**

The hydrogen bonding of the title compound viewed along the *c* axis. The minor component (NH tautomer) of disorder and H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

**Figure 3**

The molecular packing of the title compound viewed along the  $b$  axis, showing the two dimensional layers parallel to (101). Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

### **1-{(E)-[(2-Fluoro-5-nitrophenyl)imino]methyl}naphthalen-2-ol**

#### *Crystal data*

$C_{17}H_{11}FN_2O_3$

$M_r = 310.28$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 14.2226 (6)$  Å

$b = 13.0856 (5)$  Å

$c = 7.3801 (3)$  Å

$\beta = 94.151 (4)^\circ$

$V = 1369.92 (10)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 640$

$D_x = 1.504$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 5692 reflections

$\theta = 3.2\text{--}30.7^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 123\text{ K}$   
Cut rod, yellow

$0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 16.0727 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.973$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.994$

15943 measured reflections  
4043 independent reflections  
3166 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 30.8^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$   
 $h = -19 \rightarrow 20$   
 $k = -18 \rightarrow 18$   
 $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$   
 $S = 1.07$   
4043 reflections  
215 parameters  
2 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_{\text{o}}^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.7073P]$   
where  $P = (F_{\text{o}}^2 + 2F_{\text{c}}^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33\text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27\text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement on  $F^2$  for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted  $R$ -factors  $wR$  and all goodnesses of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The observed criterion of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factor-obs *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
F1	0.46913 (7)	0.33478 (7)	0.24068 (14)	0.0300 (3)	
O1	0.35134 (8)	0.12068 (8)	0.35743 (15)	0.0236 (3)	
O2	0.21721 (11)	0.66754 (10)	0.5527 (3)	0.0535 (6)	
O3	0.33368 (11)	0.75984 (10)	0.4783 (2)	0.0488 (5)	
N1	0.31672 (9)	0.30387 (9)	0.41994 (17)	0.0185 (3)	
N2	0.29390 (11)	0.67768 (10)	0.4896 (2)	0.0313 (4)	
C1	0.21630 (10)	0.17180 (10)	0.51171 (19)	0.0171 (3)	
C2	0.27574 (10)	0.09654 (11)	0.44206 (19)	0.0191 (4)	
C3	0.25569 (11)	-0.00890 (11)	0.4642 (2)	0.0228 (4)	
C4	0.18177 (11)	-0.03893 (11)	0.5579 (2)	0.0240 (4)	
C5	0.11990 (11)	0.03344 (11)	0.6319 (2)	0.0215 (4)	
C6	0.04339 (12)	0.00082 (13)	0.7289 (2)	0.0280 (5)	
C7	-0.01858 (11)	0.06974 (13)	0.7933 (2)	0.0279 (5)	

C8	-0.00642 (11)	0.17414 (13)	0.7622 (2)	0.0258 (4)	
C9	0.06885 (10)	0.20868 (12)	0.6710 (2)	0.0221 (4)	
C10	0.13476 (10)	0.13968 (11)	0.60456 (19)	0.0176 (3)	
C11	0.24075 (10)	0.27705 (11)	0.49616 (18)	0.0177 (3)	
C12	0.34637 (10)	0.40451 (10)	0.39717 (19)	0.0181 (3)	
C13	0.42636 (10)	0.41877 (11)	0.3009 (2)	0.0212 (4)	
C14	0.46365 (11)	0.51311 (13)	0.2649 (2)	0.0251 (4)	
C15	0.42032 (11)	0.59926 (12)	0.3290 (2)	0.0247 (4)	
C16	0.34099 (11)	0.58627 (11)	0.4245 (2)	0.0226 (4)	
C17	0.30302 (10)	0.49186 (11)	0.4606 (2)	0.0200 (4)	
H1	0.357 (3)	0.1877 (8)	0.365 (5)	0.0350*	0.59 (3)
H3	0.29440	-0.05880	0.41300	0.0270*	
H4	0.17090	-0.10980	0.57460	0.0290*	
H6	0.03470	-0.07010	0.74980	0.0340*	
H7	-0.06960	0.04670	0.85880	0.0330*	
H8	-0.05030	0.22180	0.80420	0.0310*	
H9	0.07650	0.28000	0.65260	0.0260*	
H11	0.20120	0.32800	0.54190	0.0210*	
H14	0.51790	0.51890	0.19770	0.0300*	
H15	0.44440	0.66560	0.30790	0.0300*	
H17	0.24850	0.48650	0.52710	0.0240*	
H2	0.350 (3)	0.253 (3)	0.380 (6)	0.0280*	0.41 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
F1	0.0281 (5)	0.0236 (5)	0.0402 (6)	0.0041 (4)	0.0155 (4)	-0.0009 (4)
O1	0.0250 (5)	0.0173 (5)	0.0298 (6)	0.0025 (4)	0.0100 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
O2	0.0504 (9)	0.0238 (7)	0.0908 (12)	0.0049 (6)	0.0365 (9)	-0.0039 (7)
O3	0.0531 (9)	0.0143 (6)	0.0801 (11)	-0.0041 (6)	0.0128 (8)	-0.0018 (6)
N1	0.0198 (6)	0.0141 (6)	0.0220 (6)	0.0010 (4)	0.0038 (5)	0.0016 (4)
N2	0.0368 (8)	0.0152 (6)	0.0423 (8)	0.0018 (6)	0.0056 (7)	0.0009 (6)
C1	0.0186 (6)	0.0139 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0011 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
C2	0.0217 (7)	0.0161 (6)	0.0193 (6)	0.0021 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C3	0.0282 (8)	0.0148 (7)	0.0253 (7)	0.0024 (5)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0027 (5)
C4	0.0292 (8)	0.0141 (6)	0.0282 (8)	-0.0028 (6)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C5	0.0227 (7)	0.0177 (7)	0.0236 (7)	-0.0033 (5)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0026 (5)
C6	0.0282 (8)	0.0256 (8)	0.0303 (8)	-0.0075 (6)	0.0023 (6)	0.0062 (6)
C7	0.0231 (7)	0.0336 (9)	0.0274 (8)	-0.0065 (6)	0.0051 (6)	0.0055 (7)
C8	0.0209 (7)	0.0309 (8)	0.0259 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0048 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C9	0.0220 (7)	0.0199 (7)	0.0246 (7)	-0.0004 (6)	0.0040 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C10	0.0186 (6)	0.0166 (6)	0.0175 (6)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C11	0.0179 (6)	0.0165 (6)	0.0186 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0016 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C12	0.0179 (6)	0.0150 (6)	0.0213 (6)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0002 (5)	0.0023 (5)
C13	0.0204 (7)	0.0200 (7)	0.0234 (7)	0.0015 (5)	0.0040 (6)	-0.0001 (5)
C14	0.0196 (7)	0.0282 (8)	0.0280 (8)	-0.0043 (6)	0.0047 (6)	0.0049 (6)
C15	0.0240 (7)	0.0194 (7)	0.0305 (8)	-0.0062 (6)	0.0002 (6)	0.0061 (6)
C16	0.0249 (7)	0.0149 (7)	0.0279 (7)	0.0005 (5)	0.0006 (6)	0.0007 (5)

C17	0.0205 (7)	0.0159 (6)	0.0239 (7)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0036 (5)	0.0020 (5)
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*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

F1—C13	1.3471 (17)	C8—C9	1.381 (2)
O1—C2	1.3203 (18)	C9—C10	1.415 (2)
O2—N2	1.224 (2)	C12—C17	1.396 (2)
O3—N2	1.2206 (19)	C12—C13	1.397 (2)
O1—H1	0.882 (12)	C13—C14	1.377 (2)
N1—C12	1.3967 (18)	C14—C15	1.384 (2)
N1—C11	1.3019 (19)	C15—C16	1.383 (2)
N2—C16	1.469 (2)	C16—C17	1.382 (2)
N1—H2	0.88 (4)	C3—H3	0.9500
C1—C11	1.427 (2)	C4—H4	0.9500
C1—C2	1.418 (2)	C6—H6	0.9500
C1—C10	1.451 (2)	C7—H7	0.9500
C2—C3	1.421 (2)	C8—H8	0.9500
C3—C4	1.358 (2)	C9—H9	0.9500
C4—C5	1.428 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C5—C10	1.423 (2)	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—C6	1.411 (2)	C15—H15	0.9500
C6—C7	1.370 (2)	C17—H17	0.9500
C7—C8	1.398 (2)		
C2—O1—H1	106 (3)	F1—C13—C12	117.56 (12)
C11—N1—C12	124.99 (13)	F1—C13—C14	118.58 (13)
O2—N2—C16	118.44 (13)	C12—C13—C14	123.86 (13)
O3—N2—C16	118.06 (15)	C13—C14—C15	118.48 (14)
O2—N2—O3	123.49 (15)	C14—C15—C16	118.27 (14)
C11—N1—H2	115 (3)	N2—C16—C15	118.34 (13)
C12—N1—H2	120 (3)	N2—C16—C17	118.12 (14)
C10—C1—C11	121.68 (12)	C15—C16—C17	123.54 (14)
C2—C1—C11	119.07 (13)	C12—C17—C16	118.64 (13)
C2—C1—C10	119.19 (12)	C2—C3—H3	120.00
C1—C2—C3	120.18 (13)	C4—C3—H3	120.00
O1—C2—C3	117.64 (13)	C3—C4—H4	119.00
O1—C2—C1	122.17 (13)	C5—C4—H4	119.00
C2—C3—C4	120.59 (14)	C5—C6—H6	119.00
C3—C4—C5	121.62 (13)	C7—C6—H6	119.00
C4—C5—C6	120.84 (14)	C6—C7—H7	120.00
C4—C5—C10	119.46 (13)	C8—C7—H7	120.00
C6—C5—C10	119.70 (14)	C7—C8—H8	120.00
C5—C6—C7	121.06 (15)	C9—C8—H8	120.00
C6—C7—C8	119.74 (15)	C8—C9—H9	119.00
C7—C8—C9	120.61 (15)	C10—C9—H9	119.00
C8—C9—C10	121.10 (14)	N1—C11—H11	120.00
C1—C10—C5	118.81 (13)	C1—C11—H11	120.00
C5—C10—C9	117.75 (13)	C13—C14—H14	121.00

C1—C10—C9	123.44 (13)	C15—C14—H14	121.00
N1—C11—C1	120.63 (13)	C14—C15—H15	121.00
N1—C12—C17	125.97 (13)	C16—C15—H15	121.00
N1—C12—C13	116.83 (12)	C12—C17—H17	121.00
C13—C12—C17	117.20 (13)	C16—C17—H17	121.00
C11—N1—C12—C17	3.8 (2)	C10—C5—C6—C7	1.8 (2)
C12—N1—C11—C1	179.56 (13)	C6—C5—C10—C1	177.21 (13)
C11—N1—C12—C13	-175.67 (14)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-177.11 (14)
O3—N2—C16—C15	-9.7 (2)	C4—C5—C10—C9	176.47 (14)
O3—N2—C16—C17	170.89 (15)	C6—C5—C10—C9	-2.4 (2)
O2—N2—C16—C15	170.52 (17)	C5—C6—C7—C8	0.3 (2)
O2—N2—C16—C17	-8.9 (2)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-1.6 (2)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-0.4 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.9 (2)
C2—C1—C11—N1	-0.3 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C1	-178.49 (14)
C10—C1—C2—O1	-179.51 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C5	1.1 (2)
C11—C1—C10—C9	6.1 (2)	N1—C12—C13—C14	179.10 (14)
C2—C1—C10—C5	3.5 (2)	C17—C12—C13—F1	179.39 (13)
C11—C1—C2—O1	-2.4 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-0.5 (2)
C11—C1—C2—C3	176.71 (13)	N1—C12—C13—F1	-1.1 (2)
C11—C1—C10—C5	-173.49 (13)	N1—C12—C17—C16	-179.28 (14)
C10—C1—C11—N1	176.69 (13)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.2 (2)
C2—C1—C10—C9	-176.87 (14)	F1—C13—C14—C15	-179.15 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.5 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.7 (2)
O1—C2—C3—C4	176.68 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.7 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	2.2 (2)	C14—C15—C16—N2	-178.86 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C10	1.1 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.98 (15)	N2—C16—C17—C12	179.10 (13)
C4—C5—C10—C1	-3.9 (2)	C15—C16—C17—C12	-0.3 (2)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···N1	0.88 (1)	1.68 (2)	2.4969 (16)	152 (4)
C3—H3···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.48	3.222 (2)	135
C14—H14···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.35	3.1724 (19)	145

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .