

Scientific challenges and ways forward for fishing effort management regimes

Ulrich, Clara

Publication date: 2018

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA): Ulrich, C. (2018). Scientific challenges and ways forward for fishing effort management regimes. Paper presented at FISHFORUM 2018, Rome, Italy.

General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

• Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.

- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

FISHFORUM 20 FORUM 18 FISHERIES SCIENCE

MEDITERRANEAN ND THE BLACK SEA

Scientific challenges and ways forward for fishing effort management regimes

Clara Ulrich, STECF Chair DTU Aqua, Denmark

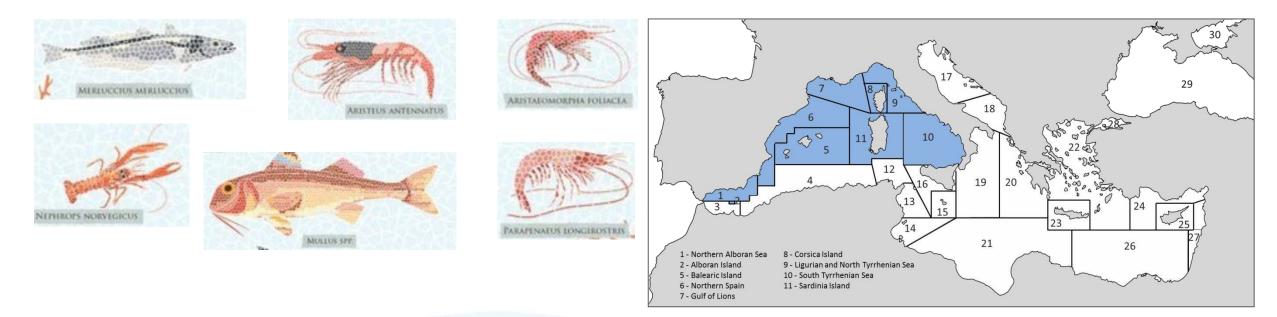
> On behalf of STECF EWG 18-09 (June) and EWG 18-13 (October) https://stecf.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ewg1809 https://stecf.jrc.ec.europa.eu/ewg1813

Background

• March 2018: EU Commission proposal for a Multiannual plan for the fisheries exploiting demersal stocks in the western Mediterranean Sea

FISHFORUM²⁰

• Effort management rather than quota management

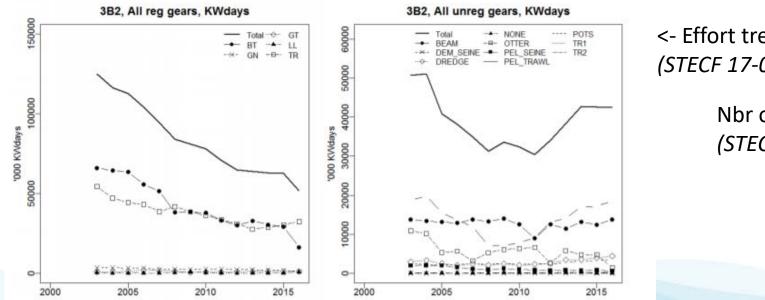


• STECF analyses of the scientific challenges



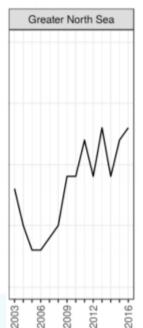
Effort regimes in the world – what have they taught us?

- Faroes Islands: Pure effort regime since 1998... system not limiting, overfishing. Will re-introduce TACs in 2019
- Queensland, Australia: Tradable effort units since 2001... Complex system with conversion rules. has re-introduced harvest limits in 2016
- EU effort regimes in the Baltic and Atlantic: effort limitations set in addition to TACs, either as fast reductions (-10% per year) or indexed on F reduction...



<- Effort trends in the North Sea (STECF 17-09, FDI database)

Nbr of stocks where F≤Fmsy -> (STECF 18-01, CFP monitoring)

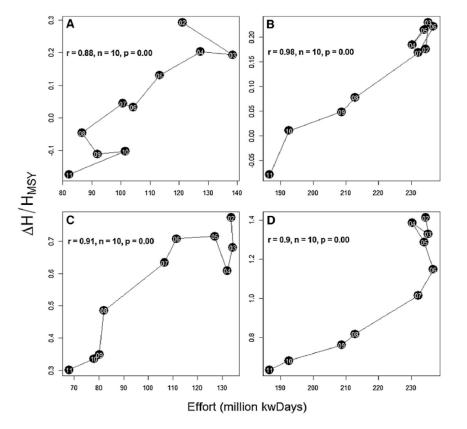




Effort regimes in the world – what have they taught us?

- * Monitoring and control: Is it really easier to measure effort than catches?
- Measure and definition of nominal effort: Hours, days, kWdays?
- Relationship between nominal fishing effort and fishing mortality
- Effective fishing effort, targeting behavior and skipper effect
- Vessels move to less regulated segments
- Input substitution, technological creep and hyperstability
- Idle overcapacity (inactive and partly active vessels)
- Pros and cons of TAC vs TAE
- hybrid system best: limit effort and monitor that catches decrease

=> What are the implications for the Western Med?

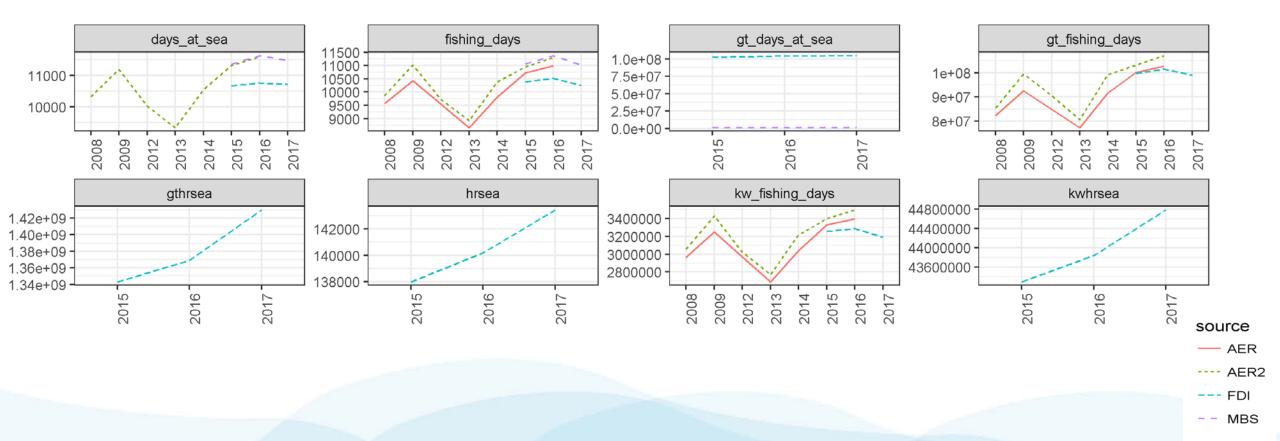


F-E relationship for 4 types of stocks Fernandes and Cook 2013, 10.1016/j.cub.2013.06.016



1) Which measure of fishing effort?

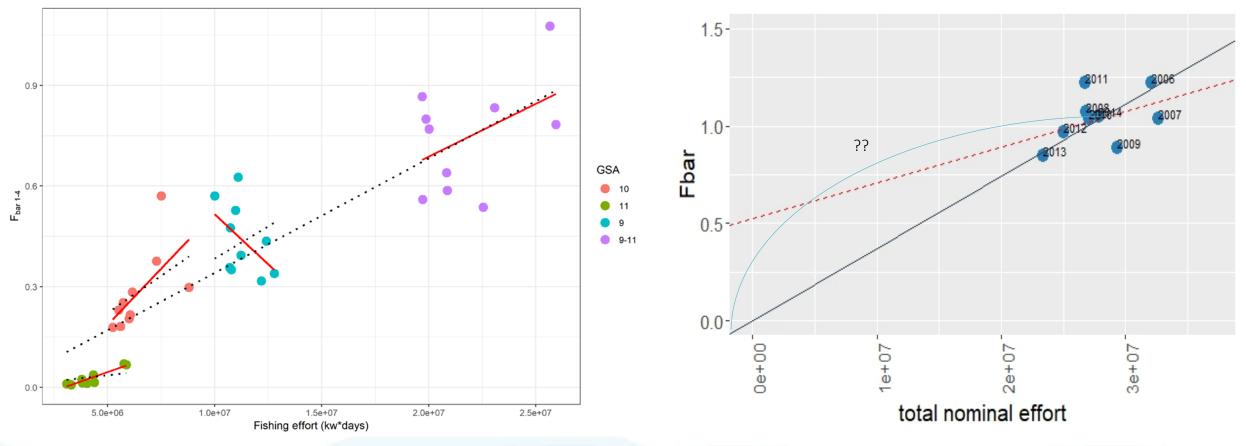
A good measure shall be measurable, controllable and reflect the true activity of the fleet





2) Is fishing effort correlated with fishing mortality?

FISHING MORTALITY against EFFORT DPS - GSAs 9-11 - OTB



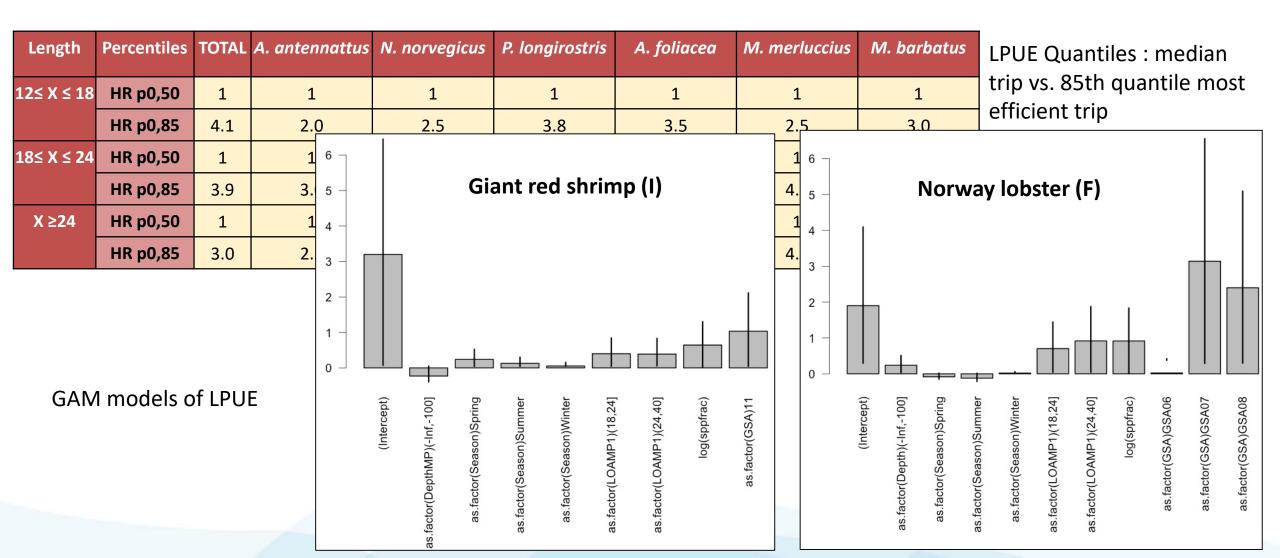
total nominal effort and Fbar for hake in GSAs 9-10-11.

3) Do some fishers catch more than others with the same fishing effort, and why?

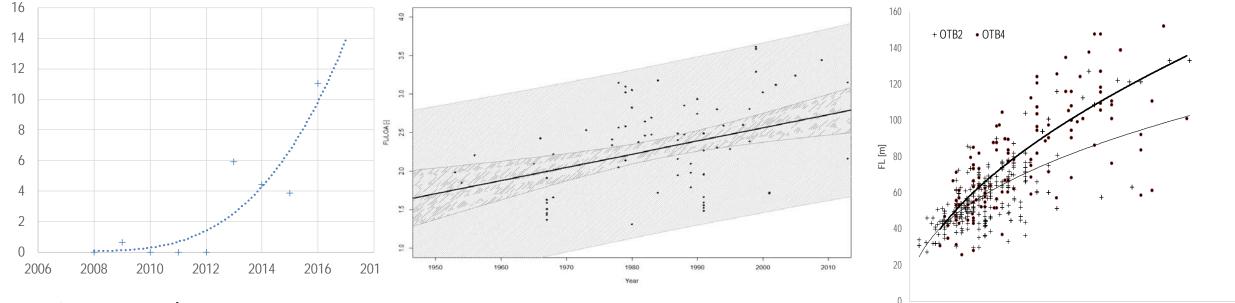
Length	Percentiles	TOTAL	A. antennattus	N. norvegicus	P. longirostris	A. foliacea	M. merluccius	M. barbatus
12≤ X ≤ 18	HR p0,50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	HR p0,85	4.1	2.0	2.5	3.8	3.5	2.5	3.0
18≤ X ≤ 24	HR p0,50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	HR p0,85	3.9	3.0	2.5	2.8	2.5	4.3	4.2
X ≥24	HR p0,50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	HR p0,85	3.0	2.3	2.8	2.2	2.7	4.3	3.2

LPUE Quantiles : median rip vs. 85th quantile most efficient trip

3) Do some fishers catch more than others with the same fishing effort, and why?



4) Can technical creeping annihilate the effects of effort reduction?



% twin trawl in trawl effort

Increase in relative headline length (FL/FOA) and Otterboard area

Potential for shifting to more efficient gear with same horsepower

Power [hp]

2500

2000

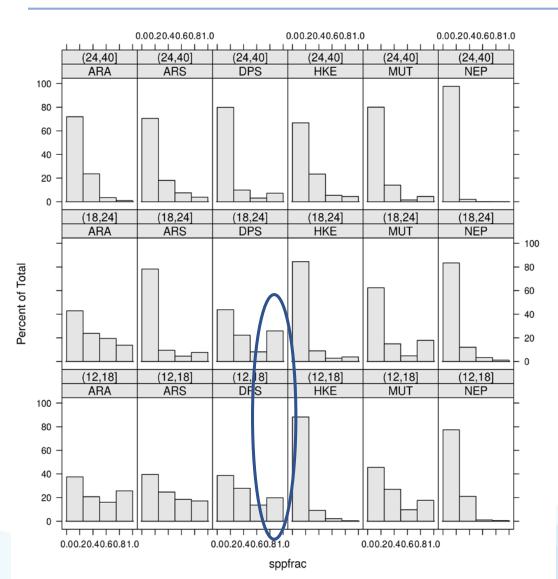
3000

500

Fishing effort is a poor descriptor of the efficiency of the gear used



5) Is it possible to avoid the most overexploited stocks?



Specialisation of trips: percentage of trips having a given fraction of the species

Only few trips are highy specialised in one species. Most are mixed.



Conclusions: challenges and ways forward

- There are several ways to measure fishing effort. Hours (measured with VMS/AIS) is likely a better measure than days
- The relationship between F and E is likely less than 1:1 linear. Fishing mortality will decrease less than fishing effort, especially at the beginning
- There is a huge potential for technical creep and efficiency increase that will maintain high catches (and thus high F) if effort is decreased
- Effort management requires patience and long-term commitment... Visible effects will first be seen after a few years of implementation