



Production of Steviol Glycosides in Recombiant Hosts

Douchin, Veronique ; Mikkelsen, Michael Dalgaard; Møller-Hansen, Iben

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(54) **PRODUCTION OF STEVIOL GLYCOSIDES
IN RECOMBIANT HOSTS**

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(71) Applicant: **Evolva SA**, Reinach (CH)

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(72) Inventors: **Veronique Douchin**, Frederiksberg (DK); **Michael Dalgaard Mikkelsen**, Vaerloose (DK); **Iben Møller-Hansen**, Frederiksberg (DK)

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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The invention relates to recombinant microorganisms and methods for producing steviol glycosides and steviol glycoside precursors.

Figure 1

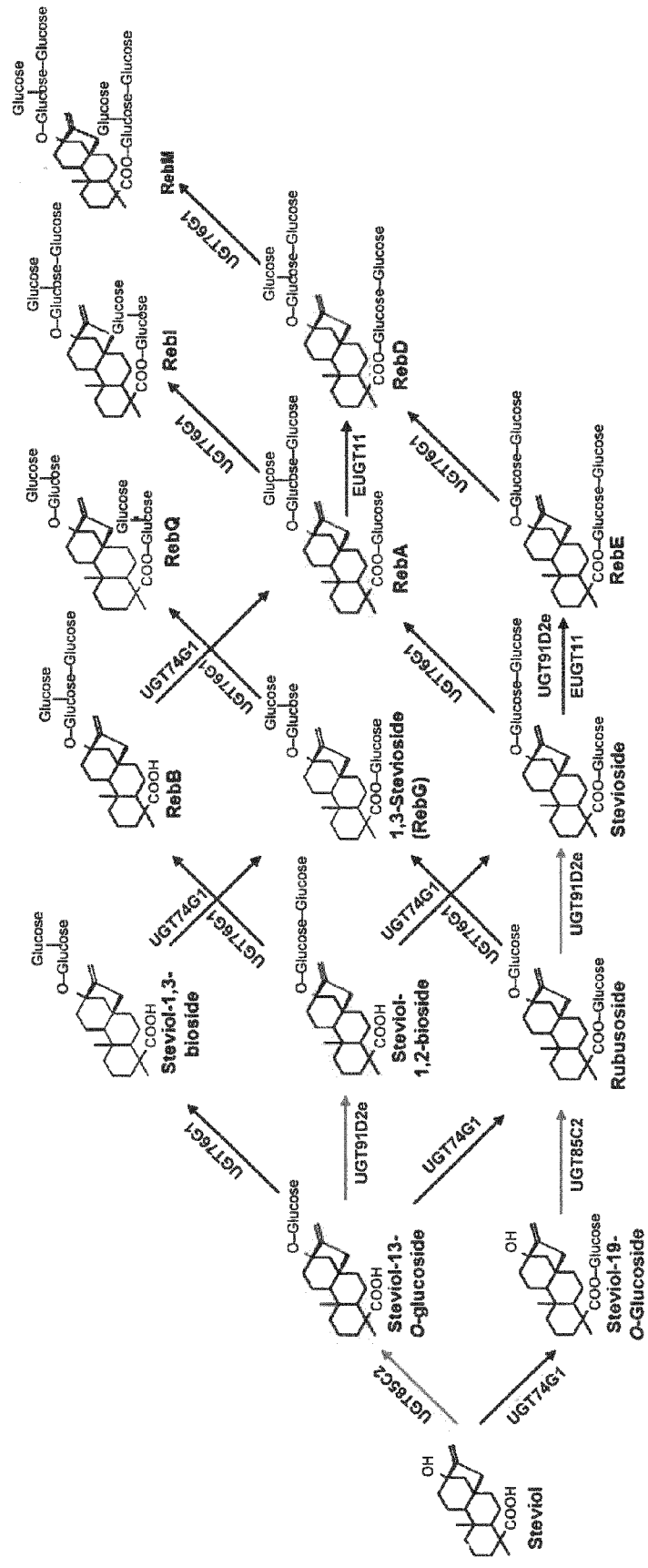


Figure 2

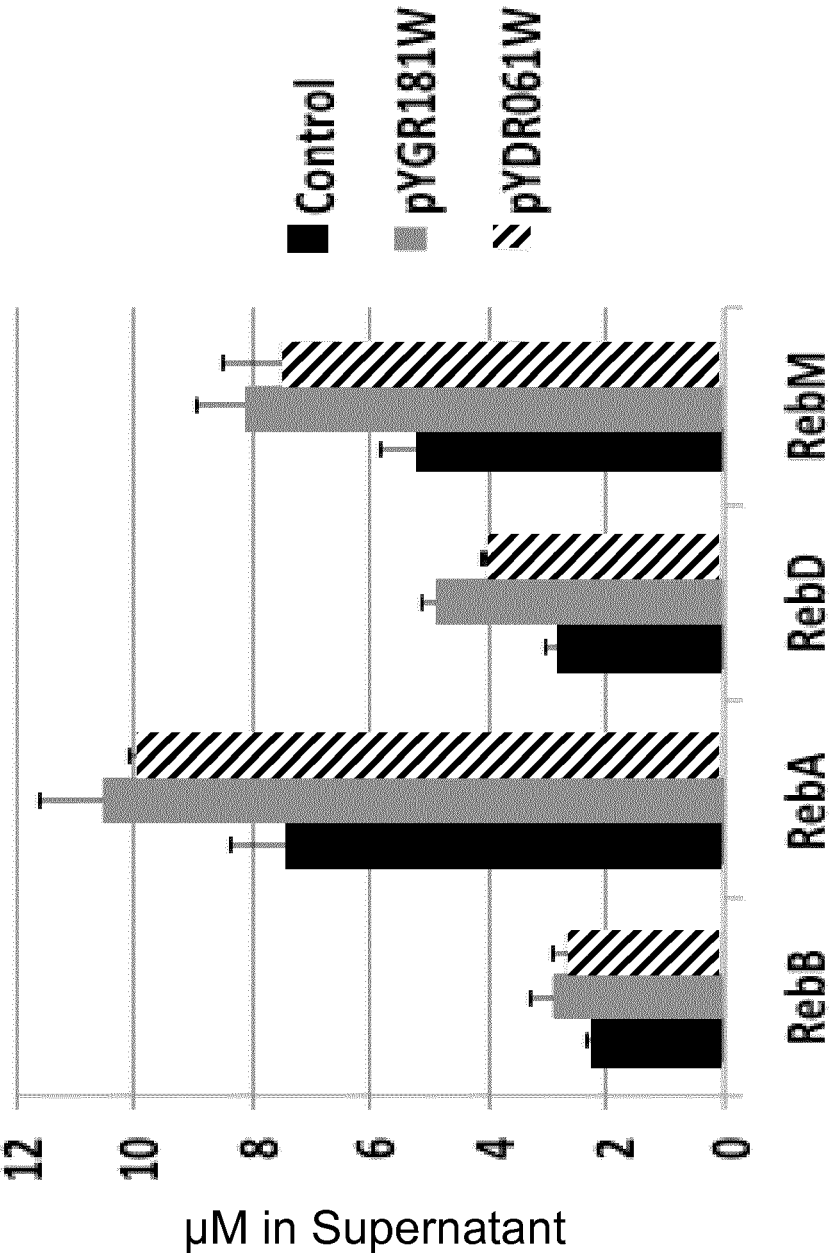


Figure 3A

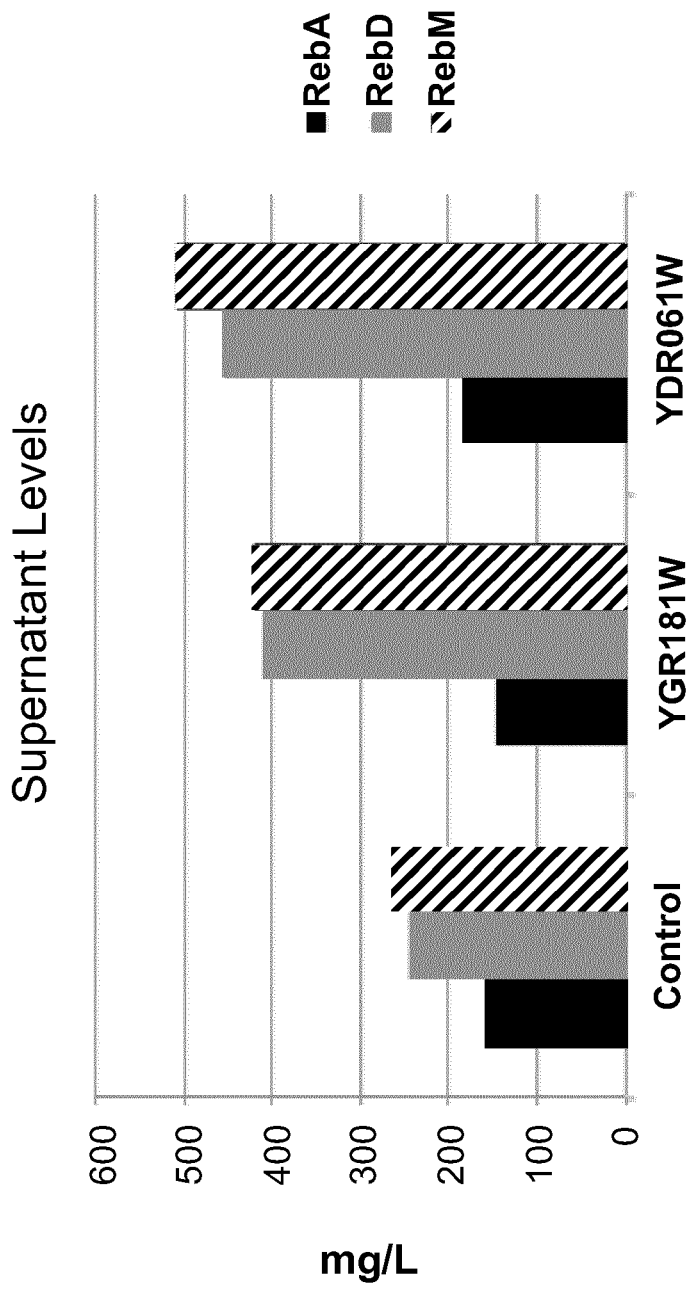


Figure 3B

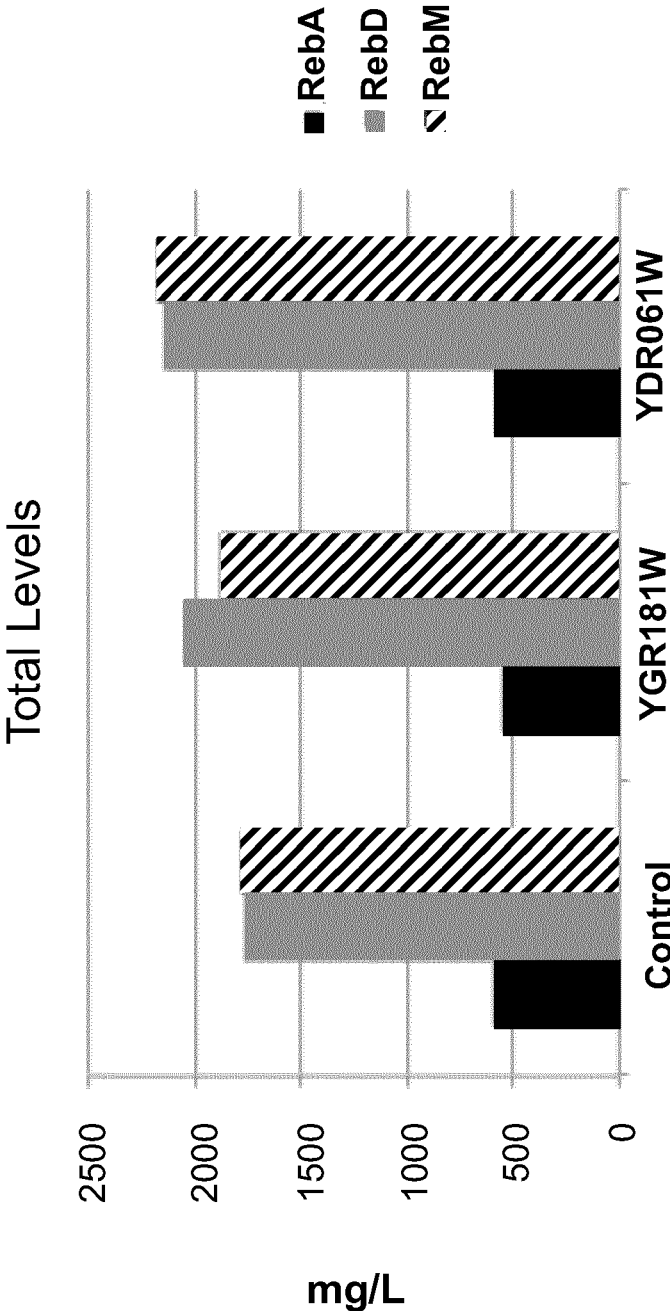
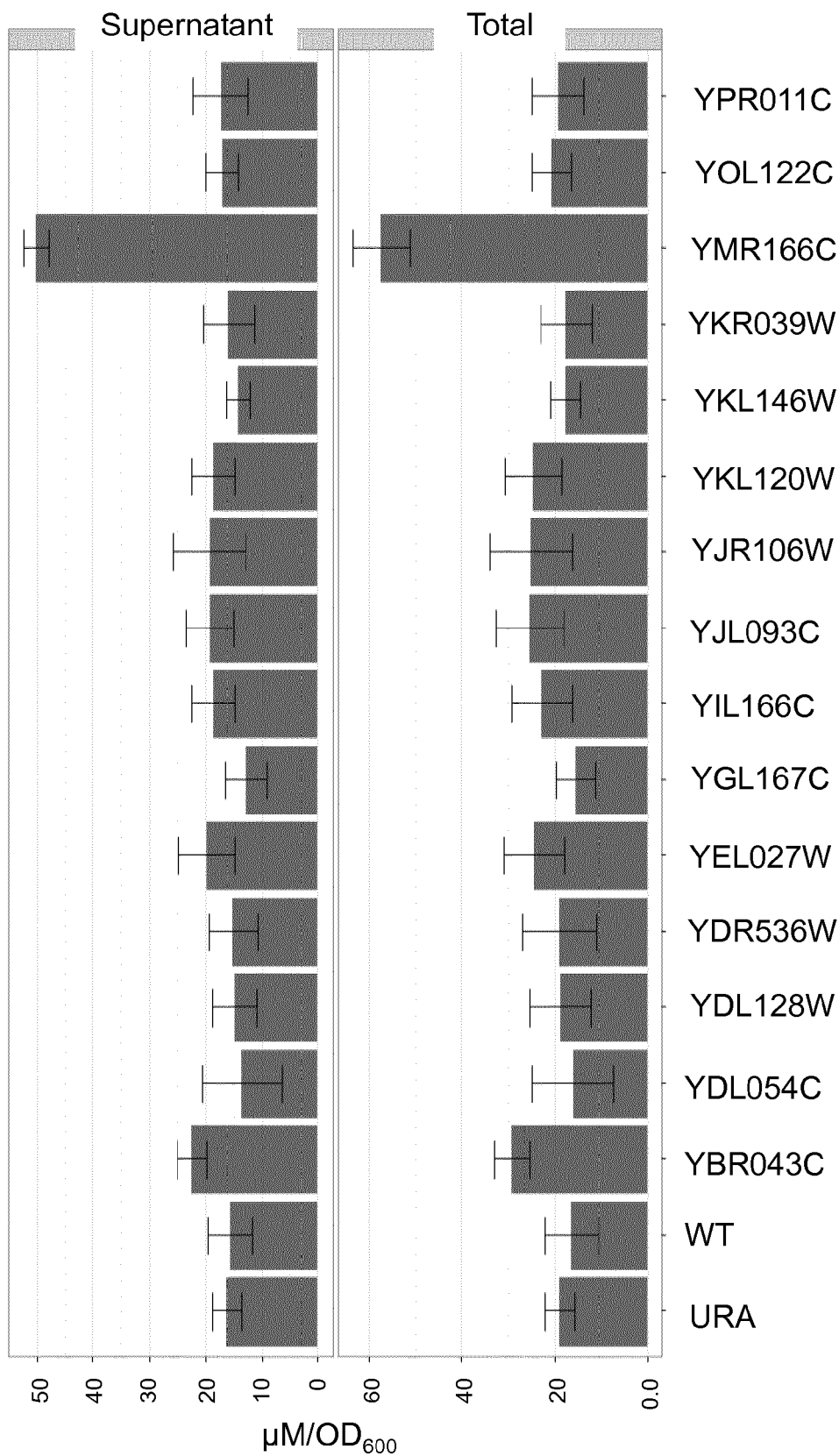


Figure 4A
13-SMG



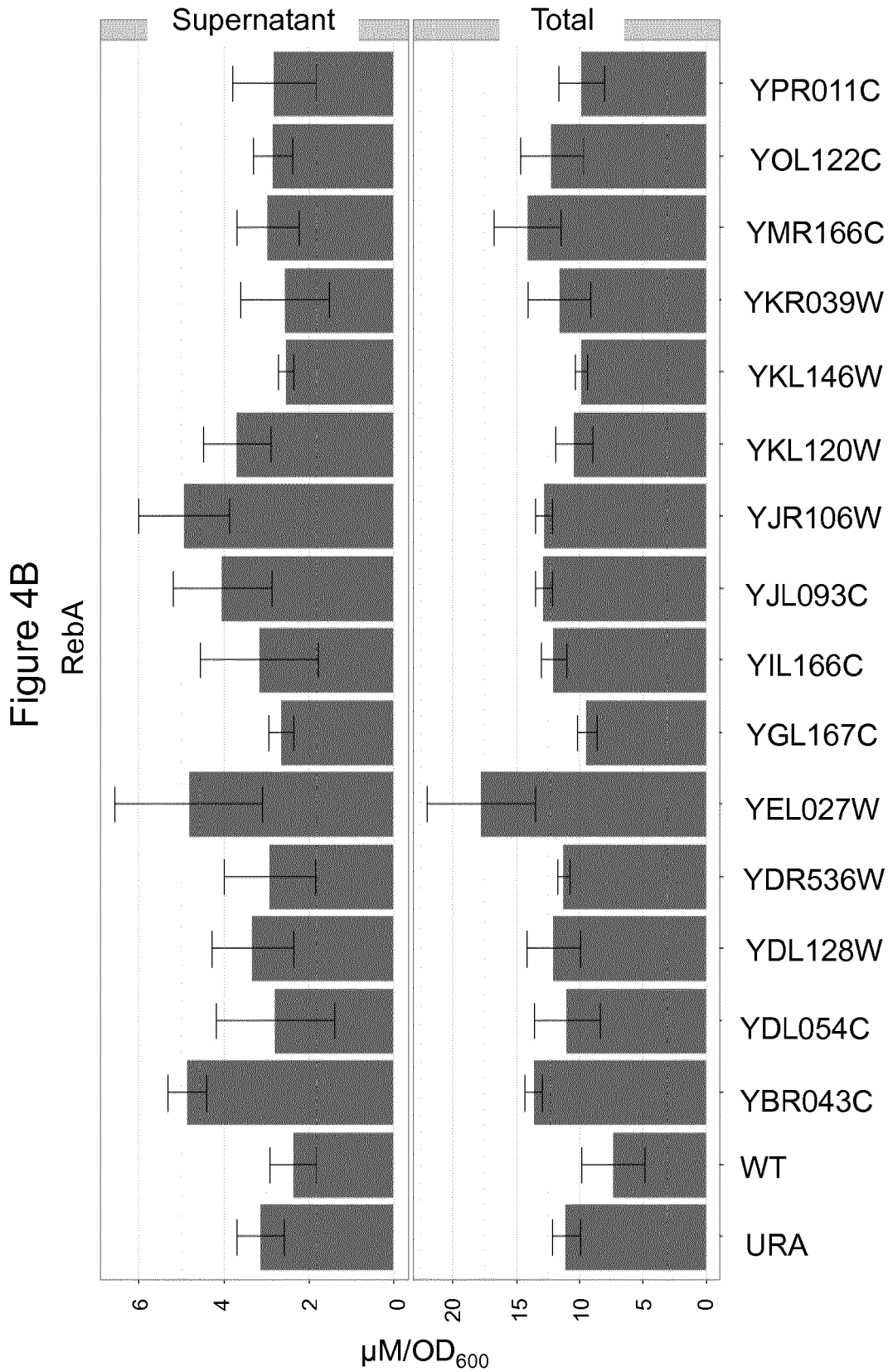
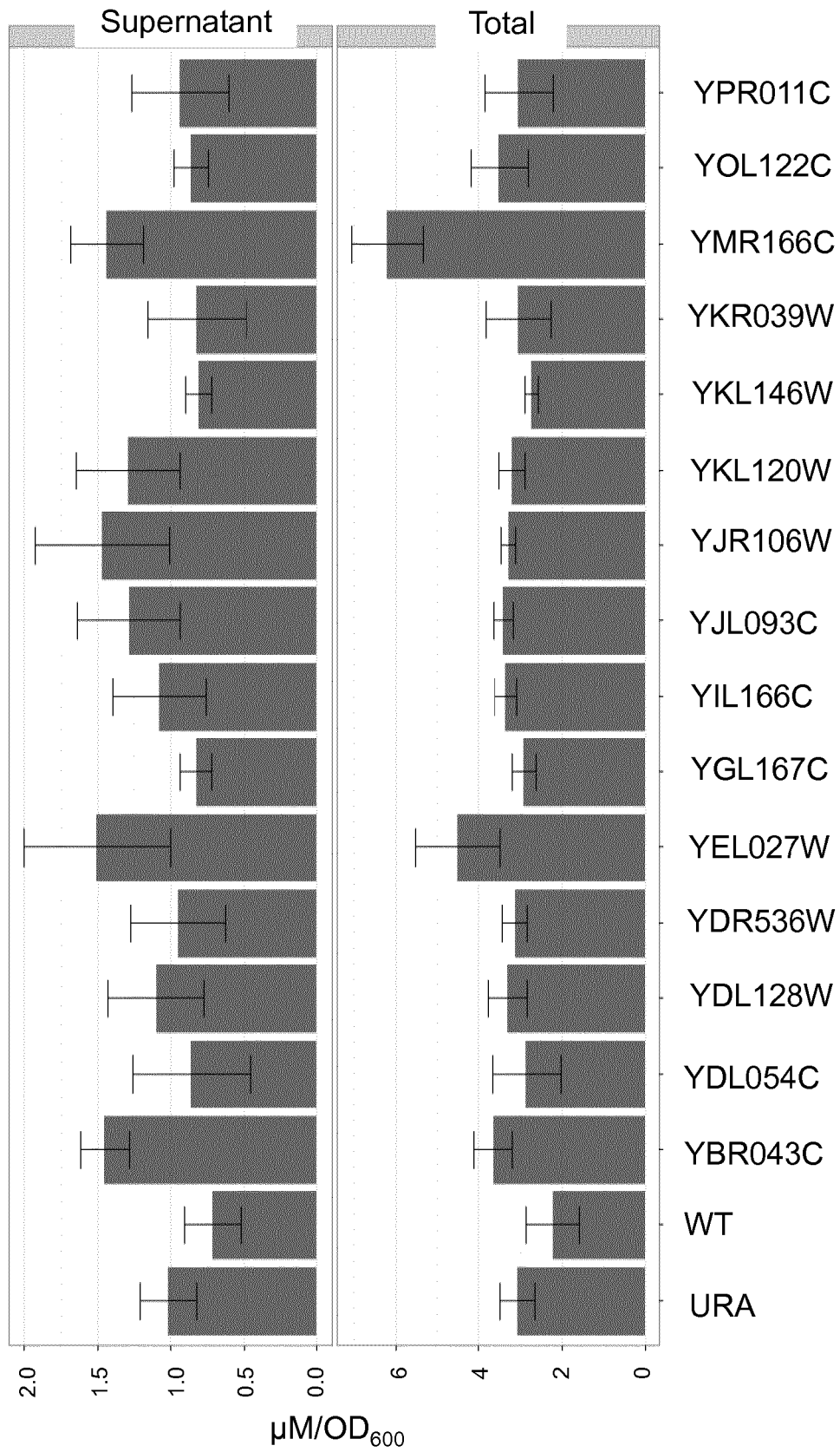
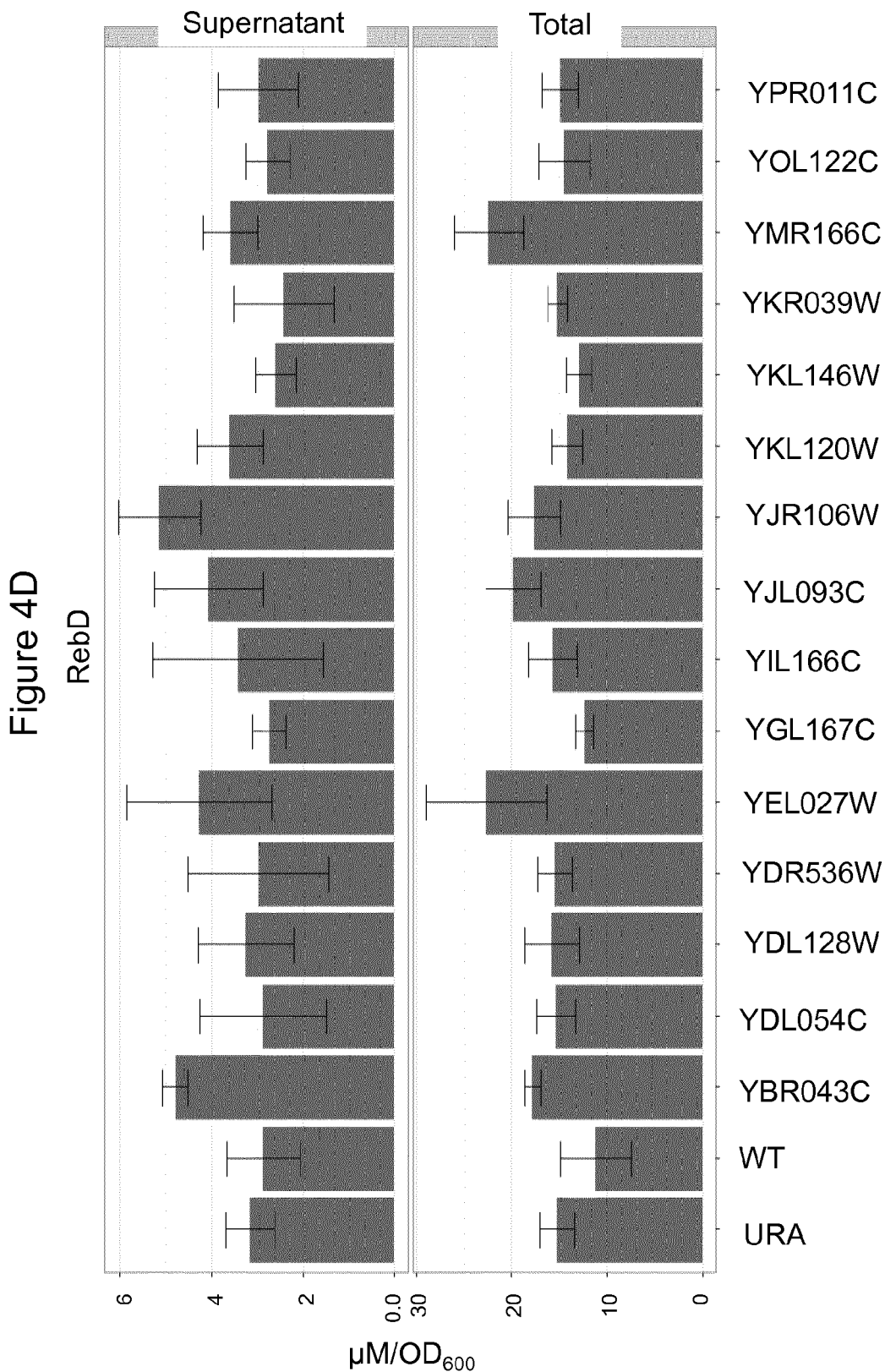


Figure 4C
RebB





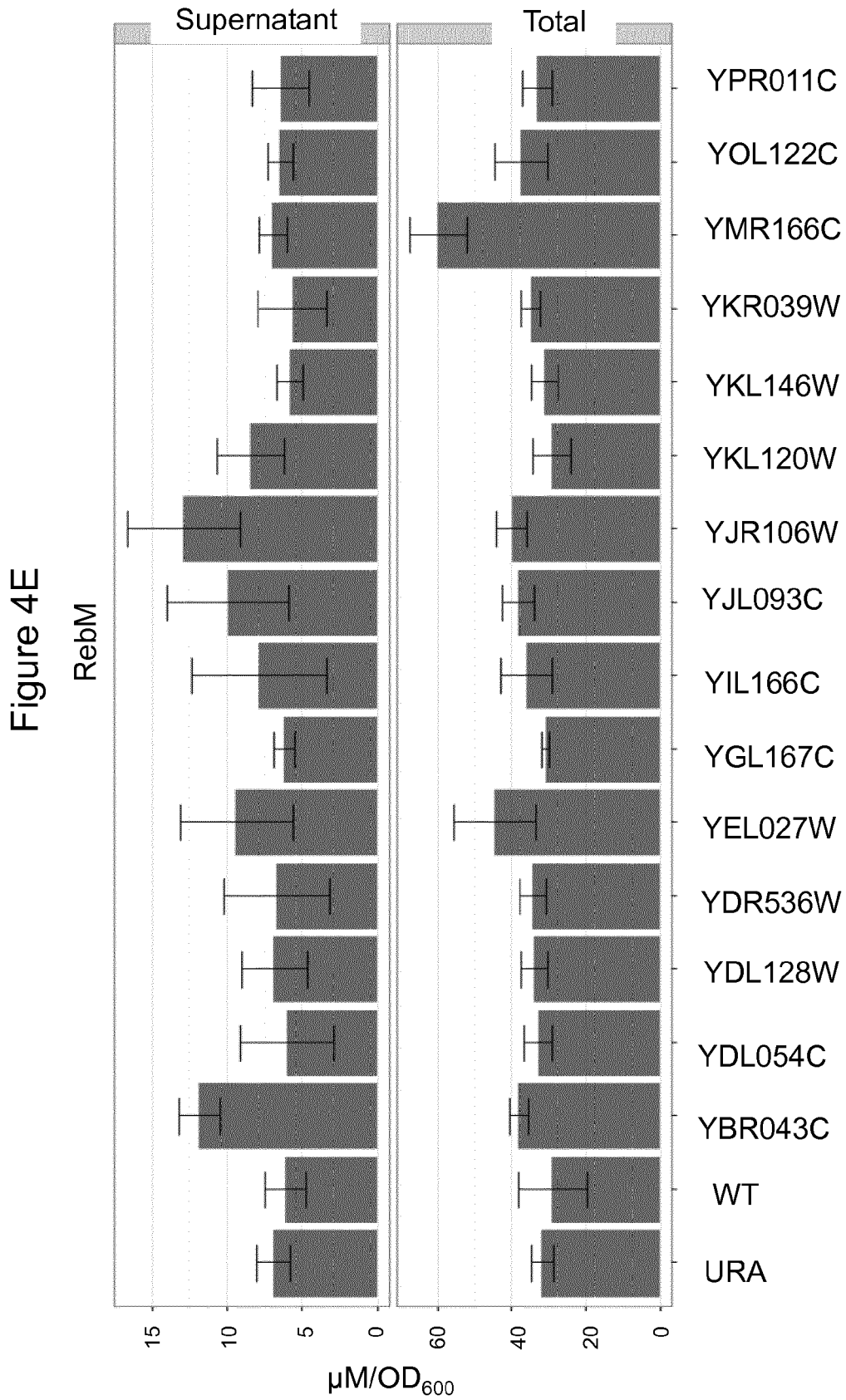


Figure 5A

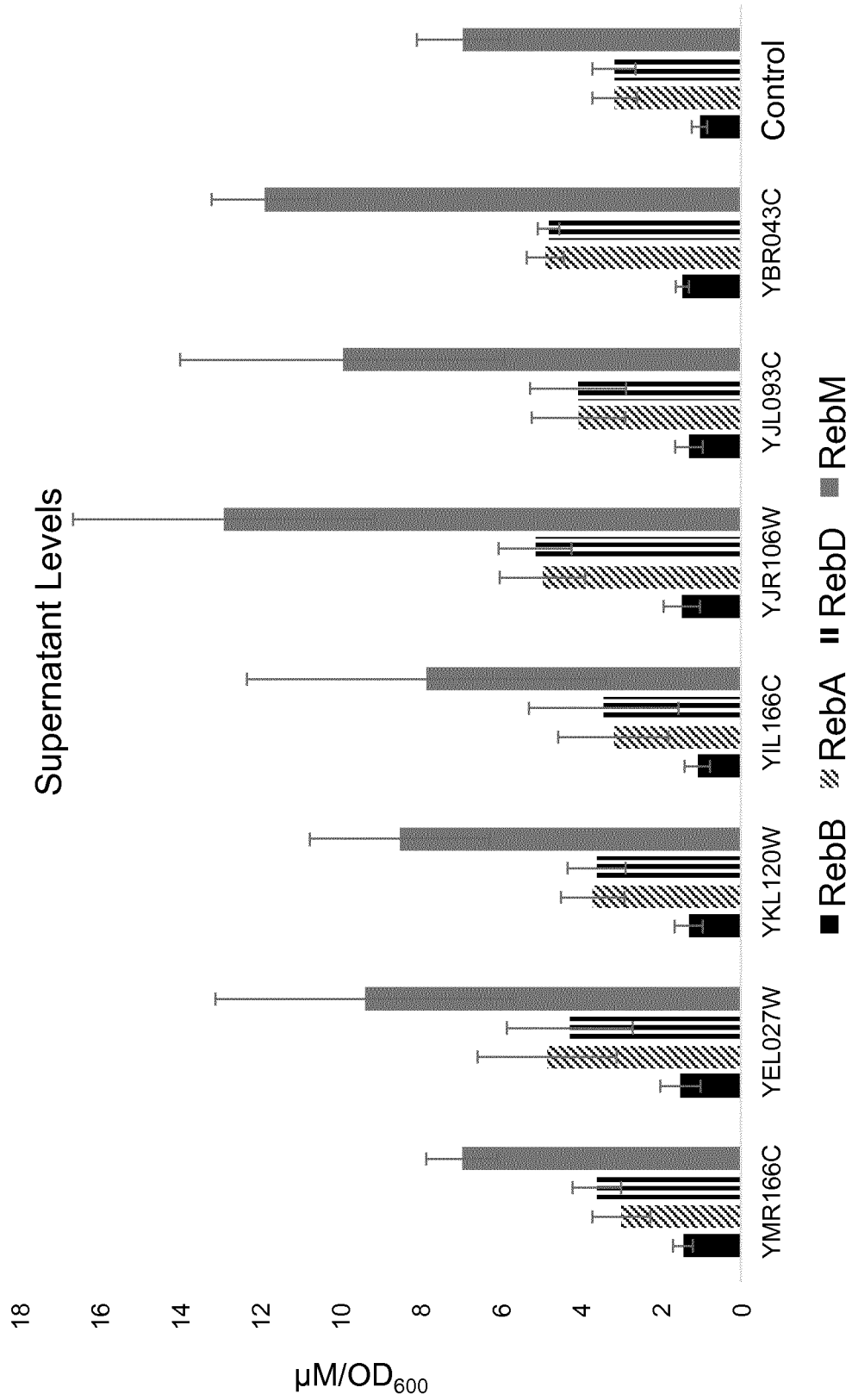
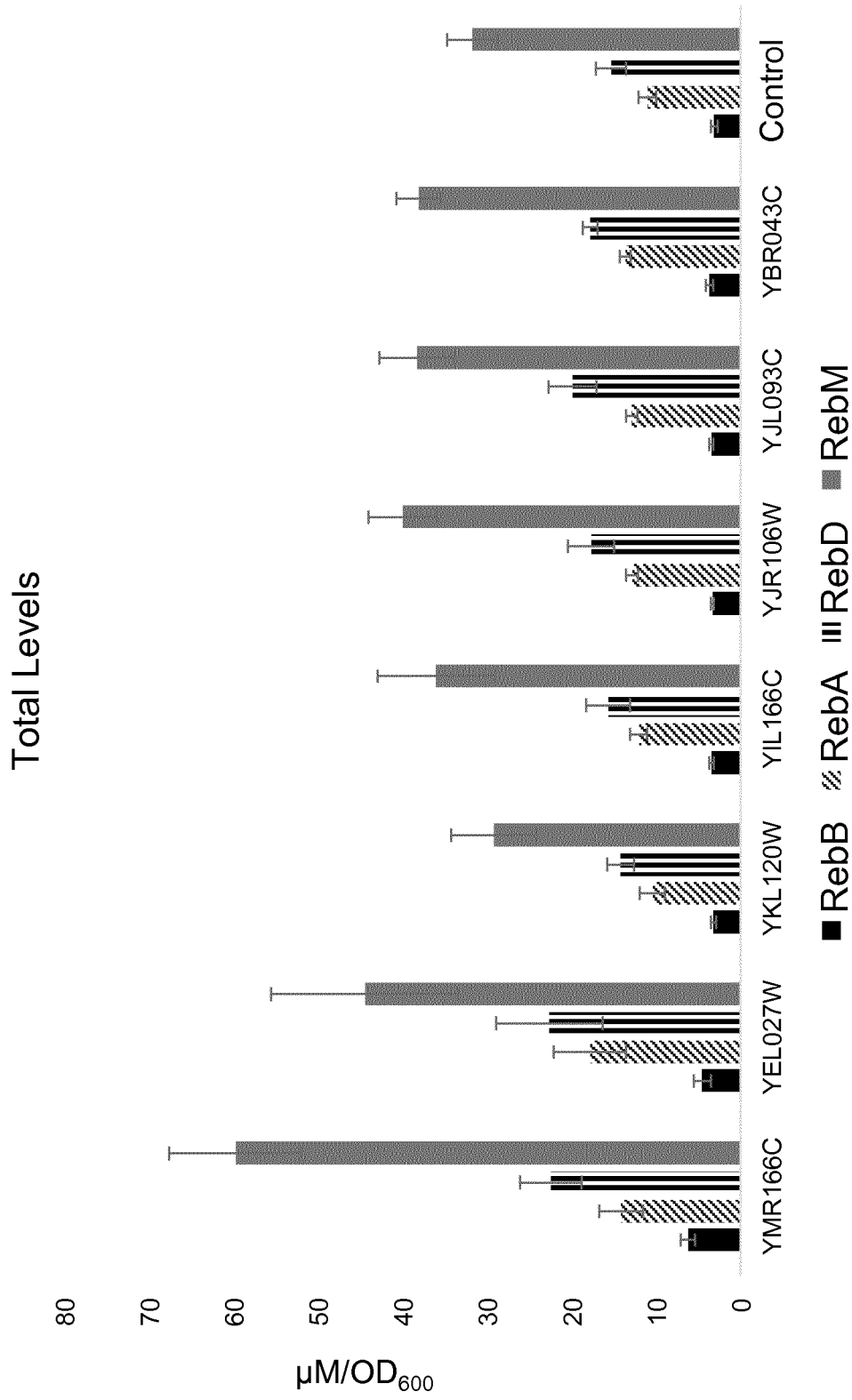


Figure 5B



PRODUCTION OF STEVIOL GLYCOSIDES IN RECOMBIANT HOSTS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] Field of the Invention

[0002] This disclosure relates generally to the recombinant production of steviol glycosides such as rebaudioside A (RebA), rebaudioside B (RebB), rebaudioside D (RebD), and rebaudioside M (RebM) by recombinant hosts such as recombinant microorganisms and isolation methods thereof. In particular, this disclosure relates to modifications to transport systems in a recombinant host to increase production of such steviol glycosides and/or transport of such steviol glycosides into the culture medium.

[0003] Description of Related Art

[0004] Sweeteners are well known as ingredients used most commonly in the food, beverage, or confectionary industries. The sweetener can either be incorporated into a final food product during production or for stand-alone use, when appropriately diluted, as a tabletop sweetener or an at-home replacement for sugars in baking. Sweeteners include natural sweeteners such as sucrose, high fructose corn syrup, molasses, maple syrup, and honey and artificial sweeteners such as aspartame, saccharine, and sucralose. *Stevia* extract is a natural sweetener that can be isolated and extracted from a perennial shrub, *Stevia rebaudiana*. *Stevia* is commonly grown in South America and Asia for commercial production of *stevia* extract. *Stevia* extract, purified to various degrees, is used commercially as a high intensity sweetener in foods and in blends or alone as a tabletop sweetener.

[0005] Chemical structures for several steviol glycosides are shown in FIG. 1, including the diterpene steviol and various steviol glycosides. Extracts of the *Stevia* plant generally comprise rebaudiosides and other steviol glycosides that contribute to the sweet flavor, although the amount of each steviol glycoside often varies, inter alia, among different production batches.

[0006] As recovery and purification of steviol glycosides from the *Stevia* plant have proven to be labor intensive and inefficient, there remains a need for a recombinant production system that can produce high yields of desired steviol glycosides, such as RebD and RebM.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] It is against the above background that the present invention provides certain advantages and advancements over the prior art.

[0008] In particular, the invention provides a recombinant host capable of synthesizing a steviol glycoside, comprising a gene encoding a transporter polypeptide and/or a gene encoding a transcription factor polypeptide that regulates expression of at least one transporter gene; wherein expression of the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide that regulates expression of at least one transporter gene is modified and the recombinant host transports at least a portion of the synthesized steviol glycoside from the host into a culture medium.

[0009] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide is an endogenous gene.

[0010] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, the transporter polypeptide comprises an ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter, a major facilitator superfamily (MFS) transporter, an amino acid/auxin permease (AAP) family transporter, ATPase transporter, a sulfate permease (SuIP) family transporter, a lysosomal cystine transporter (LCT) family transporter, a Ca²⁺:cation antiporter (CaCA) family transporter, an amino acid-polyamine-organocation (APC) superfamily transporter, a multidrug/oligosaccharidyl-lipid/polysaccharide (MOP) transporter, a ZRT/IRT-like protein (ZIP) metal transporter family transporter, a mitochondrial protein translocase (MPT) family transporter, a voltage-gated ion channel (VIC) family transporter, a monovalent cation:proton antiporter-2 (CPA2) family transporter, a ThrE family of putative transmembrane amino acid efflux transporter, an oligopeptide transporter (OPT) family transporter, a K⁺ transporter (Trk) family transporter, a bile acid:Na symporter (BASS) family transporter, a drug/metabolite transporter (DMT) superfamily transporter, a mitochondrial carrier (MC) family transporter, an auxin efflux carrier (AEC) family transporter, an ammonia channel transporter (Amt) family transporter, a metal ion (Mn²⁺-iron) transporter (Nramp) family transporter, a transient receptor potential Ca²⁺ channel (TRP-CC) family transporter, an arsenical resistance-3 (ACR3) family transporter, a nucleobase:cation symporter-1 (NCS1) family transporter, an inorganic phosphate transporter (PiT) family transporter, an arsenite-antimonite (ArsAB) efflux family transporter, an IISP family of transporter, a glycerol uptake (GUP) family transporter, a metal ion transport (MIT) family transporter, a copper transport (Ctr) family or a cation diffusion facilitator (CDF) family transporter.

[0011] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, the modified expression comprises modified expression comprises:

[0012] (a) overexpressing the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide; or

[0013] (b) deleting the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide.

[0014] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide has an activity that is increased.

[0015] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, one or more of the genes encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or one or more of the genes encoding the transcription factor polypeptide are overexpressed.

[0016] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, the transporter polypeptide and/or transcription polypeptide comprise YAL067C set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, YBL089W set forth in SEQ ID NO:15, YBL099W set forth in SEQ ID NO:16, YBR008C set forth in SEQ ID NO:86, YBR021W set forth in SEQ ID NO:87, YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YBR180W set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, YBR241C set forth in SEQ ID NO:17, YBR287W set forth in SEQ ID NO:89, YBR294W set forth in SEQ ID NO:18, YBR295W set forth in SEQ ID NO:90, YBR296C set forth in SEQ ID NO:91, YCL038C set forth in SEQ ID NO:92, YCL069W set forth in SEQ ID NO:19, YCR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:93, YCR028C set forth in SEQ ID NO:20, YCR075C set forth in SEQ ID NO:21, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95,

YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL185W set forth in SEQ ID NO:23, YDL194W set forth in SEQ ID NO:24, YDL210W set forth in SEQ ID NO:25, YDL245C set forth in SEQ ID NO:96, YDL247W set forth in SEQ ID NO:97, YDR011W set forth in SEQ ID NO:98, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR093W set forth in SEQ ID NO:27, YDR292C set forth in SEQ ID NO:99, YDR338C set forth in SEQ ID NO:28, YDR406W set forth in SEQ ID NO:29, YDR497C set forth in SEQ ID NO:100, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:101, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YEL031W set forth in SEQ ID NO:31, YEL065W set forth in SEQ ID NO:103, YER019C-A set forth in SEQ ID NO:104, YER053C set forth in SEQ ID NO:105, YER119C set forth in SEQ ID NO:106, YER166W set forth in SEQ ID NO:32, YFL011W set forth in SEQ ID NO:33, YFL028C set forth in SEQ ID NO:107, YFR045W set forth in SEQ ID NO:108, YGL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:34, YGL013C set forth in SEQ ID NO:35, YGL084C set forth in SEQ ID NO:109, YGL104C set forth in SEQ ID NO:110, YGL114W set forth in SEQ ID NO:111, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGL255W set forth in SEQ ID NO:36, YGR125W set forth in SEQ ID NO:37, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YGR217W set forth in SEQ ID NO:39, YGR224W set forth in SEQ ID NO:40, YGR257C set forth in SEQ ID NO:113, YGR281W set forth in SEQ ID NO:41, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YHL035C set forth in SEQ ID NO:114, YHL036W set forth in SEQ ID NO:115, YHR002W set forth in SEQ ID NO:116, YHR096C set forth in SEQ ID NO:117, YIL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:118, YIL088C set forth in SEQ ID NO:43, YIL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:119, YIL121W set forth in SEQ ID NO:120, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJL094C set forth in SEQ ID NO:45, YJL108C set forth in SEQ ID NO:46, YJL133W set forth in SEQ ID NO:122, YJL212C set forth in SEQ ID NO:47, YJL219W set forth in SEQ ID NO:123, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YJR160C set forth in SEQ ID NO:49, YKL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:124, YKL050C set forth in SEQ ID NO:125, YKL064W set forth in SEQ ID NO:50, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKL209C set forth in SEQ ID NO:128, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YKR050W set forth in SEQ ID NO:51, YKR105C set forth in SEQ ID NO:52, YKR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:53, YLR411W set forth in SEQ ID NO:130, YLR447C set forth in SEQ ID NO:54, YML038C set forth in SEQ ID NO:131, YML116W set forth in SEQ ID NO:55, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR056C set forth in SEQ ID NO:57, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YMR253C set forth in SEQ ID NO:58, YMR279C set forth in SEQ ID NO:133, YNL003C set forth in SEQ ID NO:134, YNL065W set forth in SEQ ID NO:59, YNL070W set forth in SEQ ID NO:60, YNL083W set forth in SEQ ID NO:61, YNL095C set forth in SEQ ID NO:62, YNL121C set forth in SEQ ID NO:63, YNL142W set forth in SEQ ID NO:64, YNL268W set forth in SEQ ID NO:135, YNR055C set forth in SEQ ID NO:136, YOL020W set forth in SEQ ID NO:65, YOL075C set forth in SEQ ID NO:66, YOL077W-A set forth in SEQ ID NO:67, YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOL158C set forth in SEQ ID NO:137, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YOR087W set forth in SEQ ID NO:70, YOR092W set forth in SEQ ID NO:71, YOR100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:138, YOR130C set forth in SEQ ID NO:72, YOR153W set forth

in SEQ ID NO:139, YOR222W set forth in SEQ ID NO:73, YOR271C set forth in SEQ ID NO:140, YOR273C set forth in SEQ ID NO:141, YOR291W set forth in SEQ ID NO:74, YOR306C set forth in SEQ ID NO:75, YOR307C set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, YOR316C set forth in SEQ ID NO:76, YOR332W set forth in SEQ ID NO:143, YOR334W set forth in SEQ ID NO:77, YOR348C set forth in SEQ ID NO:144, YPL036W set forth in SEQ ID NO:145, YPL078C set forth in SEQ ID NO:78, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, YPL274W set forth in SEQ ID NO:80, YPR003C set forth in SEQ ID NO:81, YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82, YPR058W set forth in SEQ ID NO:83, YPR128C set forth in SEQ ID NO:84, or YPR201W set forth in SEQ ID NO:85.

[0017] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL198C set forth in SEQ ID NO:146, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YFL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:147, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, and/or YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82 are overexpressed.

[0018] In some aspects, the recombinant host further comprises:

- [0019]** (a) one or more genes encoding a sucrose transporter and a sucrose synthase;
- [0020]** (b) a gene encoding a geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase (GGPPS) polypeptide;
- [0021]** (c) a gene encoding an ent-copalyl diphosphate synthase (CDPS) polypeptide;
- [0022]** (d) a gene encoding a kaurene synthase (KS) polypeptide;
- [0023]** (e) a gene encoding a kaurene oxidase (KO) polypeptide;
- [0024]** (f) a gene encoding a steviol synthase (KAH) polypeptide;
- [0025]** (g) a gene encoding a cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR) polypeptide;
- [0026]** (h) a gene encoding a UGT85C2 polypeptide;
- [0027]** (i) a gene encoding a UGT76G1 polypeptide;
- [0028]** (k) a gene encoding a UGT91D2 functional homolog; and/or
- [0029]** (l) a gene encoding a EUGT11 polypeptide;
- [0030]** wherein at least one of the genes is a recombinant gene; and
- [0031]** wherein the host is capable of producing one or more of RebA, RebB, RebD and/or RebM.

[0032] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, at least one of the genes is codon optimized for expression in the host.

[0033] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein, at least one of the genes is codon optimized for expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*.

[0034] In some aspects of the recombinant host disclosed herein,

[0035] (a) the GGPPS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:149;

[0036] (b) the CDPS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:150;

[0037] (c) the KO polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:152;

[0038] (d) the KS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 40% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:151;

[0039] (e) the KAH polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 60% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:154;

[0040] (f) the CPR polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:153 and/or a polypeptide having at least 65% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:155;

[0041] (g) the UGT85C2 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 55% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:156;

[0042] (h) the UGT76G1 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 50% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:158;

[0043] (i) the UGT74G1 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 55% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:157;

[0044] (j) the a UGT91D2 functional homolog comprises a UGT91D2e-b polypeptide having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:159; and

[0045] (k) the EUGT11 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 65% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:148.

[0046] In some aspects, the recombinant host disclosed herein comprises a microorganism that is a plant cell, a mammalian cell, an insect cell, a fungal cell, or a bacterial cell.

[0047] In some aspects, the bacterial cell comprises *Escherichia* bacteria cells, *Lactobacillus* bacteria cells, *Lactococcus* bacteria cells, *Cornebacterium* bacteria cells, *Acetobacter* bacteria cells, *Acinetobacter* bacteria cells, or *Pseudomonas* bacterial cells.

[0048] In some aspects, the fungal cell is a yeast cell.

[0049] In some aspects, the yeast cell is a cell from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Yarrowia lipolytica*, *Candida glabrata*, *Ashbya gossypii*, *Cyberlindnera jadinii*, *Pichia pastoris*, *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Hansenula polymorpha*, *Candida boidinii*, *Arxula adenivorans*, *Xanthophyllomyces dendrorhous*, or *Candida albicans* species.

[0050] In some aspects, the yeast cell is a Saccharomycete.

[0051] In some aspects, the yeast cell is a cell from the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* species.

[0052] The invention further provides a method of producing a steviol glycoside, comprising:

[0053] (a) growing the recombinant host disclosed herein in a culture medium, under conditions in which the genes comprising recombinant host disclosed herein are expressed,

[0054] wherein the steviol glycoside is synthesized by the host; and

[0055] (b) optionally isolating the steviol glycoside.

[0056] In some aspects of the methods disclosed herein, the steviol glycoside is RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM, and wherein:

[0057] (a) RebA is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host disclosed herein expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2;

[0058] (b) RebB is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host disclosed herein expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, and UGT91D2;

[0059] (c) RebD is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host disclosed herein expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11; and

[0060] (d) RebM is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host disclosed herein expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11.

[0061] In some aspects of the methods disclosed herein a gene encoding YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL198C set forth in SEQ ID NO:146, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YFL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:147, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, and/or YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82 is overexpressed.

[0062] In some aspects of the methods disclosed herein the steviol glycoside is produced at a concentration of between about 500 mg/L to about 10,000 mg/L.

[0063] The invention further provides a method of increasing production or transport of a steviol glycoside into a culture medium, comprising:

[0064] (a) growing the recombinant host disclosed herein in a culture medium, under conditions in which the genes comprising the host disclosed herein are expressed,

[0065] wherein the steviol glycoside is synthesized by the host; and

[0066] (b) optionally isolating the steviol glycoside.

[0067] In some aspects of the methods disclosed herein, the steviol glycoside is RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM.

[0068] The invention further provides a method increasing production of steviol or a steviol glycoside in a recombinant host, comprising modifying expression of a gene encoding a transporter polypeptide and/or a gene encoding a transcription that regulates expression of at least one transporter gene, wherein the host is capable of transporting at least a portion of the produced steviol or a steviol glycoside from the host into a culture medium.

[0069] These and other features and advantages of the present invention will be more fully understood from the following detailed description of the invention taken

together with the accompanying claims. It is noted that the scope of the claims is defined by the recitations therein and not by the specific discussion of features and advantages set forth in the present description.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0070] FIG. 1 shows the chemical structures and synthesis pathways for various steviol glycosides.

[0071] FIG. 2 is a bar graph of the amount (μM) of RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM in the supernatant of a steviol glycoside-producing strain overexpressing transporter genes YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) or YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26), compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain. See Example 4.

[0072] FIG. 3A and FIG. 3B are bar graphs of the amount (mg/L) of RebA, RebD, or RebM in the supernatant (FIG. 3A) or total culture (FIG. 3B) of a YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) or YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) overexpressing strain, compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain. See Example 4.

[0073] FIG. 4A shows levels of 13-SMG (total levels and supernatant levels; $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$), FIG. 4B shows levels of RebA (total levels and supernatant levels; $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$), FIG. 4C shows levels of RebB (total levels and supernatant levels; $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$), FIG. 4D shows levels of RebD (total levels and supernatant levels; $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$), and FIG. 4E shows levels of RebM (total levels and supernatant levels; $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$) in a steviol glycoside-producing *S. cerevisiae* strain with a genomically integrated transporter gene. The genomically integrated transporter genes of FIGS. 4A-E are YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YDL054C (SEQ ID NO:94), YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDR536W (SEQ ID NO:30), YGL167C (SEQ ID NO:112), YKL146W (SEQ ID NO:127), YKR039W (SEQ ID NO:129), YOL122C (SEQ ID NO:68), and YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82). See Example 6.

[0074] FIG. 5A shows supernatant levels of RebA, RebB, RebD, and RebM (in $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$) of a steviol glycoside-producing strain overexpressing YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), and YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) by the USER cloning system. FIG. 5B shows total levels of RebA, RebB, RebD, and RebM (in $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$) of a steviol glycoside-producing strain overexpressing YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), and YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) by the USER cloning system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0075] All publications, patents and patent applications cited herein are hereby expressly incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

[0076] Before describing the present invention in detail, a number of terms will be defined. As used herein, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. For example, reference to “a nucleic acid” means one or more nucleic acids.

[0077] It is noted that terms like “preferably,” “commonly,” and “typically” are not utilized herein to limit the scope of the claimed invention or to imply that certain features are critical, essential, or even important to the structure or function of the claimed invention. Rather, these terms are merely intended to highlight alternative or additional features that can or cannot be utilized in a particular embodiment of the present invention.

[0078] For the purposes of describing and defining the present invention it is noted that the term “substantially” is utilized herein to represent the inherent degree of uncertainty that can be attributed to any quantitative comparison, value, measurement, or other representation. The term “substantially” is also utilized herein to represent the degree by which a quantitative representation can vary from a stated reference without resulting in a change in the basic function of the subject matter at issue.

[0079] Methods well known to those skilled in the art can be used to construct genetic expression constructs and recombinant cells according to this invention. These methods include in vitro recombinant DNA techniques, synthetic techniques, in vivo recombination techniques, and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) techniques. See, for example, techniques as described in Green & Sambrook, 2012, MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL, Fourth Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, New York; Ausubel et al., 1989, CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley Interscience, New York, and PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications (Innis et al., 1990, Academic Press, San Diego, Calif.).

[0080] As used herein, the terms “polynucleotide,” “nucleotide,” “oligonucleotide,” and “nucleic acid” can be used interchangeably to refer to nucleic acid comprising DNA, RNA, derivatives thereof, or combinations thereof.

[0081] As used herein, the terms “microorganism,” “microorganism host,” “microorganism host cell,” “host cell,” “recombinant host,” “recombinant microorganism host,” and “recombinant host cell” can be used interchangeably. As used herein, the term “recombinant host” is intended to refer to a host, the genome of which has been augmented by at least one DNA sequence. Such DNA sequences include but are not limited to genes that are not naturally present, DNA sequences that are not normally transcribed into RNA or translated into a protein (“expressed”), and other genes or DNA sequences which one desires to introduce into the non-recombinant host. It will be appreciated that typically the genome of a recombinant host described herein is augmented through stable introduction of one or more recombinant genes. Generally, introduced DNA is not originally resident in the host that is the recipient of the DNA, but it is within the scope of this disclosure to isolate a DNA segment from a given host, and to subsequently introduce one or more additional copies of that DNA into the same host, e.g., to enhance production of the product of a gene or alter the expression pattern of a gene. In some instances, the introduced DNA will modify or even replace an endogenous gene or DNA sequence by, e.g., homologous recombination or site-directed mutagenesis. Suitable recombinant hosts include microorganisms.

[0082] As used herein, the term “recombinant gene” refers to a gene or DNA sequence that is introduced into a recipient host, regardless of whether the same or a similar gene or DNA sequence may already be present in such a host.

“Introduced,” or “augmented” in this context, is known in the art to mean introduced or augmented by the hand of man. Thus, a recombinant gene can be a DNA sequence from another species or can be a DNA sequence that originated from or is present in the same species but has been incorporated into a host by recombinant methods to form a recombinant host. It will be appreciated that a recombinant gene that is introduced into a host can be identical to a DNA sequence that is normally present in the host being transformed and is introduced to provide one or more additional copies of the DNA to thereby permit overexpression or modified expression of the gene product of that DNA. Said recombinant genes are particularly encoded by cDNA.

[0083] As used herein, the term “engineered biosynthetic pathway” refers to a biosynthetic pathway that occurs in a recombinant host, as described herein, and does not naturally occur in the host.

[0084] As used herein, the term “endogenous” gene refers to a gene that originates from and is produced or synthesized within a particular organism, tissue, or cell. In some embodiments, the endogenous gene is a yeast transporter. In some embodiments, the transporter is endogenous to *S. cerevisiae*, including, but not limited to *S. cerevisiae* strain S288C. In some embodiments, an endogenous yeast transporter gene is overexpressed. As used herein, the term “overexpress” is used to refer to the expression of a gene in an organism at levels higher than the level of gene expression in a wild type organism. See, e.g., Prelich, 2012, *Genetics* 190:841-54. In some embodiments, an endogenous yeast transporter gene is deleted. See, e.g., Giaever & Nislow, 2014, *Genetics* 197 (2):451-65. As used herein, the terms “deletion,” “deleted,” “knockout,” and “knocked out” can be used interchangeably to refer to an endogenous gene that has been manipulated to no longer be expressed in an organism, including, but not limited to, *S. cerevisiae*. In some embodiments, a deleted/knocked out gene is a transporter gene or a transcription factor gene that regulates expression of a transporter gene.

[0085] As used herein, the terms “heterologous sequence” and “heterologous coding sequence” are used to describe a sequence derived from a species other than the recombinant host. In some embodiments, the recombinant host is an *S. cerevisiae* cell, and a heterologous sequence is derived from an organism other than *S. cerevisiae*. A heterologous coding sequence, for example, can be from a prokaryotic microorganism, a eukaryotic microorganism, a plant, an animal, an insect, or a fungus different than the recombinant host expressing the heterologous sequence. In some embodiments, a coding sequence is a sequence that is native to the host.

[0086] A “selectable marker” can be one of any number of genes that complement host cell auxotrophy, provide antibiotic resistance, or result in a color change. Linearized DNA fragments of the gene replacement vector then are introduced into the cells using methods well known in the art (see below). Integration of the linear fragments into the genome and the disruption of the gene can be determined based on the selection marker and can be verified by, for example, PCR or Southern blot analysis. Subsequent to its use in selection, a selectable marker can be removed from the genome of the host cell by, e.g., Cre-LoxP systems (see, e.g., Gossen et al., 2002, *Ann. Rev. Genetics* 36:153-173 and U.S. 2006/0014264). Alternatively, a gene replacement vector can be constructed in such a way as to include a portion of the gene to be disrupted, where the portion is devoid of

any endogenous gene promoter sequence and encodes none, or an inactive fragment of, the coding sequence of the gene.

[0087] As used herein, the terms “variant” and “mutant” are used to describe a protein sequence that has been modified at one or more amino acids, compared to the wild type sequence of a particular protein.

[0088] As used herein, the term “inactive fragment” is a fragment of the gene that encodes a protein having, e.g., less than about 10% (e.g., less than about 9%, less than about 8%, less than about 7%, less than about 6%, less than about 5%, less than about 4%, less than about 3%, less than about 2%, less than about 1%, or 0%) of the activity of the protein produced from the full-length coding sequence of the gene. Such a portion of a gene is inserted in a vector in such a way that no known promoter sequence is operably linked to the gene sequence, but that a stop codon and a transcription termination sequence are operably linked to the portion of the gene sequence. This vector can be subsequently linearized in the portion of the gene sequence and transformed into a cell. By way of single homologous recombination, this linearized vector is then integrated in the endogenous counterpart of the gene with inactivation thereof.

[0089] As used herein, the term “steviol glycoside” refers to Rebaudioside A (RebA) (CAS #58543-16-1), Rebaudioside B (RebB) (CAS #58543-17-2), Rebaudioside C (RebC) (CAS #63550-99-2), Rebaudioside D (RebD) (CAS #63279-13-0), Rebaudioside E (RebE) (CAS #63279-14-1), Rebaudioside F (RebF) (CAS #438045-89-7), Rebaudioside M (RebM) (CAS #1220616-44-3), Rubusoside (CAS #63849-39-4), Dulcoside A (CAS #64432-06-0), Rebaudioside I (RebI) (MassBank Record: FU000332), Rebaudioside Q (RebQ), 1,2-Stevioside (CAS #57817-89-7), 1,3-Stevioside (RebG), 1,2-Bioside (MassBank Record: FU000299), 1,3-Bioside, Steviol-13-O-glucoside (13-SMG), Steviol-19-O-glucoside (19-SMG), a tri-glucosylated steviol glycoside, a tetra-glucosylated steviol glycoside, a penta-glucosylated steviol glycoside, a hexa-glucosylated steviol glycoside, a hepta-glucosylated steviol glycoside, di-glucosylated kaurenoic acid, tri-glucosylated kaurenoic acid, di-glucosylated kaurenol, tri-glucosylated kaurenol, and isomers thereof.

[0090] Recombinant steviol glycoside-producing *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (*S. cerevisiae*) strains are described in WO 2011/153378, WO 2013/022989, WO 2014/122227, and WO 2014/122328, each of which has been incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. See, also, Example 2. Methods of producing steviol glycosides in recombinant hosts, by whole cell bio-conversion, and in vitro are also described in WO 2011/153378, WO 2013/022989, WO 2014/122227, and WO 2014/122328.

[0091] In some embodiments, steviol glycosides and/or steviol glycoside precursors are produced in vivo through expression of one or more enzymes involved in the steviol glycoside biosynthetic pathway in a recombinant host. For example, a steviol-producing recombinant host expressing one or more of a gene encoding a geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase (GGPPS) polypeptide, a gene encoding an ent-copalyl diphosphate synthase (CDPS) polypeptide, a gene encoding a kaurene synthase (KS) polypeptide, a gene encoding a kaurene oxidase polypeptide (KO), a gene encoding a steviol synthase (KAH) polypeptide, a gene encoding a cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR) polypeptide,

and a gene encoding a UGT polypeptide can produce a steviol glycoside and/or steviol glycoside precursors in vivo. See Example 2.

[0092] In some embodiments, a recombinant host comprises a nucleic acid encoding a UGT85C2 polypeptide, a nucleic acid encoding a UGT76G1 polypeptide, a nucleic acid encoding a UGT74G1 polypeptide, a nucleic acid encoding a UGT91D2 polypeptide, and/or a nucleic acid encoding a EUGT11 polypeptide. The skilled worker will appreciate that expression of these genes may be necessary to produce a particular steviol glycoside but that one or more of these genes can be endogenous to the host provided that at least one (and in some embodiments, all) of these genes is a recombinant gene introduced into the microorganism. In a particular embodiment, a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism comprises exogenous nucleic acids encoding UGT85C2, UGT76G1, or UGT91D2 polypeptides. In another particular embodiment, a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism comprises exogenous nucleic acids encoding UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 polypeptides. In yet another particular embodiment, a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism comprises exogenous nucleic acids encoding UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 (including inter alia 91D2e, 91D2m, 91D2e-b, and functional homologs thereof), and EUGT11 polypeptides. See Example 2.

[0093] In certain embodiments, the steviol glycoside is RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM. RebA can be synthesized in a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2. RebB can be synthesized in a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, and UGT91D2. RebD can be synthesized in a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11. RebM can be synthesized in a steviol-producing recombinant microorganism expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11 (see FIG. 1, Example 2).

[0094] In some embodiments, steviol glycosides and/or steviol glycoside precursors are produced through contact of a steviol glycoside precursor with one or more enzymes involved in the steviol glycoside pathway in vitro. For example, contacting steviol with a UGT polypeptide can result in production of a steviol glycoside in vitro. In some embodiments, a steviol glycoside precursor is produced through contact of an upstream steviol glycoside precursor with one or more enzymes involved in the steviol glycoside pathway in vitro. For example, contacting ent-kaurenoic acid with a KAH enzyme can result in production of steviol in vitro.

[0095] In some embodiments, a steviol glycoside or steviol glycoside precursor is produced by whole cell bioconversion. For whole cell bioconversion to occur, a host cell expressing one or more enzymes involved in the steviol glycoside pathway takes up and modifies a steviol glycoside precursor in the cell; following modification in vivo, a steviol glycoside remains in the cell and/or is excreted into the culture medium. For example, a host cell expressing a gene encoding a UGT polypeptide can take up steviol and

glycosylate steviol in the cell; following glycosylation in vivo, a steviol glycoside can be excreted into the culture medium. In some embodiments, the cell is permeabilized to take up a substrate to be modified or to excrete a modified product.

[0096] In some embodiments, a steviol glycoside or steviol glycoside precursor composition produced in vivo, in vitro, or by whole cell bioconversion comprises less contaminants than a *stevia* extract from, inter alia, a *stevia* plant. Contaminants include plant-derived compounds that contribute to off-flavors. Potential contaminants include pigments, lipids, proteins, phenolics, saccharides, spathulenol and other sesquiterpenes, labdane diterpenes, monoterpenes, decanoic acid, 8,11,14-eicosatrienoic acid, 2-methyloctadecane, pentacosane, octacosane, tetracosane, octadecanol, stigmasterol, β -sitosterol, α - and β -amyrin, lupeol, β -amyrin acetate, pentacyclic triterpenes, centaureidin, quercetin, epialpha-cadinol, carophyllenes and derivatives, beta-pinene, beta-sitosterol, and gibberellin.

[0097] As used herein, the terms “detectable amount,” “detectable concentration,” “measurable amount,” and “measurable concentration” refer to a level of steviol glycosides measured in AUC, $\mu\text{M}/\text{OD}_{600}$, mg/L, μM , or mM. Steviol glycoside production (i.e., total, supernatant, and/or intracellular steviol glycoside levels) can be detected and/or analyzed by techniques generally available to one skilled in the art, for example, but not limited to, liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry (LC-MS), thin layer chromatography (TLC), high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), ultraviolet-visible spectroscopy/spectrophotometry (UV-Vis), mass spectrometry (MS), and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (NMR).

[0098] As used herein, the terms “or” and “and/or” is utilized to describe multiple components in combination or exclusive of one another. For example, “x, y, and/or z” can refer to “x” alone, “y” alone, “z” alone, “x, y, and z,” “(x and y) or z,” “x or (y and z),” or “x or y or z.” In some embodiments, “and/or” is used to refer to the exogenous nucleic acids that a recombinant cell comprises, wherein a recombinant cell comprises one or more exogenous nucleic acids selected from a group. In some embodiments, “and/or” is used to refer to production of steviol glycosides and/or steviol glycoside precursors. In some embodiments, “and/or” is used to refer to production of steviol glycosides, wherein one or more steviol glycosides are produced. In some embodiments, “and/or” is used to refer to production of steviol glycosides, wherein one or more steviol glycosides are produced through one or more of the following steps: culturing a recombinant microorganism, synthesizing one or more steviol glycosides in a recombinant microorganism, and/or isolating one or more steviol glycosides.

Transporters and Transcription Factor Expression

[0099] This document describes reagents and methods that can be used to efficiently produce steviol glycoside compositions. Modification of transport systems in a recombinant host that are involved in transport of steviol glycosides into culture medium can allow more effective production of steviol glycosides in recombinant hosts.

[0100] As set forth herein, recombinant cells having modifications to cellular transport are capable of producing steviol. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce steviol and have altered expression of at least one endogenous transporter gene. Recombinant hosts described herein

can produce steviol and have altered expression of a transcription factor that regulates expression of at least one endogenous transporter gene. Altering expression of endogenous transporter genes can be useful for increasing production of steviol and/or excretion of steviol into the culture medium.

[0101] As set forth herein, recombinant cells having modifications to cellular transport are capable of producing at least one steviol glycoside, including, but not limited to, RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce at least one steviol glycoside such as RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM and have altered expression of at least one endogenous transporter gene. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce at least one steviol glycoside such as RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM and have altered expression of a transcription factor that regulates expression of at least one endogenous transporter gene. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce at least one steviol glycoside such as RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM and have altered expression of a plurality of endogenous transporter genes and/or of a plurality of transcription factor genes that regulate expression of a plurality of endogenous transporter genes. Altering expression of endogenous transporter genes and/or transcription factors regulating expression of at least one transporter gene can be useful for increasing production of steviol glycosides and/or excretion of steviol glycosides into the culture medium.

[0102] Recombinant hosts disclosed herein can include one or more biosynthesis genes, such as one or more genes encoding a sucrose transporter and a sucrose synthase; a gene encoding a geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase (GG-PPS) polypeptide; a gene encoding an ent-copalyl diphosphate synthase (CDPS) polypeptide; a gene encoding a kaurene synthase (KS) polypeptide; a gene encoding a kaurene oxidase (KO) polypeptide; a gene encoding a steviol synthase (KAH) polypeptide; a gene encoding a cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR) polypeptide; a gene encoding a UGT85C2 polypeptide; a gene encoding a UGT76G1 polypeptide; a gene encoding a UGT74G1 polypeptide; a gene encoding a UGT91D2 functional homolog; and/or a gene encoding a EUGT11 polypeptide; wherein expression of one or more of these genes results in production of steviol steviol glycosides such as RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM.

[0103] As used herein, the terms “transport of a steviol glycoside,” “steviol glycoside transport,” “excretion of a steviol glycoside,” and “steviol glycoside excretion” can be used interchangeably.

[0104] As used herein, the term “transporter” (also referred to as a membrane transport protein) refers to a membrane protein involved in the movement of small molecules, macromolecules (such as carbohydrates), and ions across a biological membrane. Transporters span the membrane in which they are localized and across which they transport substances. Transporter proteins can assist in the movement (i.e., transport or excretion) of a substance from the intracellular space to the culture medium. Transporters are known to function as passive transport systems, carrying molecules down their concentration gradient, or as active transport systems, using energy to carry molecules uphill against their concentration gradient. Active transport is mediated by carriers which couple transport directly to the use of energy derived from hydrolysis of an ATP molecule or by carriers which make use of a pre-established electro-

chemical ion gradient to drive co-transport of the nutrient molecule and a co-transported ion. The latter category comprises symporters and antiporters, which carry the ion in the same or opposite direction, respectively, as the transported substrate.

[0105] Transport proteins have been classified according to various criteria at the Transporter Classification Database (on the world wide web at tcdb.org). See, Saier Jr. et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.*, 42(1):D251-258 (2014). Non-limiting examples thereof include, among others, the family of Multiple Drug Resistance (MDR) plasma membrane transporters that is thought to be ubiquitous among living organisms. The MDR transporter superfamily can be further subdivided according to the mode of operation by which the substrate is transported from one side of the membrane to the other. Transporters can operate to move substances across membranes in response to chemiosmotic ion gradients or by active transport. ATP-binding cassette transporters (ABC transporters) are transmembrane proteins that utilize the energy of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) hydrolysis to carry out translocation of various substrates across membranes. They can transport a wide variety of substrates across the plasma membrane and intracellular membranes, including metabolic products, lipids and sterols, and drugs. Particular non-limiting examples of endogenous ABC transporter genes include PDR5, YDR061W, PDR15, SNQ2, YOR1, YOL075C, MDL2, ADP1, CAF16, VMR1 and STE6 (or a functional homolog thereof). In some aspects, ABC transporters transport steviol glycosides.

[0106] A second group of MDRs is further subdivided based on the nature of the chemiosmotic gradient that facilitates the transport. Saier, Jr. et al., *J. Mol. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* 1:257-279 (1999). In some aspects, MDR transporters transport steviol glycosides.

[0107] Another transporter family, the Major Facilitator Superfamily (MFS) transporters are monomeric polypeptides that can transport small solutes in response to proton gradients. The MFS transporter family is sometimes referred to as the uniporter-symporter-antiporter family. MFS transporters function in, inter alia, in sugar uptake and drug efflux systems. MFS transporters typically comprise conserved MFS-specific motifs. Non-limiting examples of endogenous MFS transporter genes include DTR1, SEO1, YBR241C, VBA3, FEN2, SNF3, STL1, HXT10, AZR1, MPH3, VBA5, GEX2, SNQ1, AQR1, MCH1, MCH5, ATG22, HXT15, MPH2, ITR1, SIT1, VPS73, HXT5, QDR1, QDR2, QDR3, SOA1, HXT9, YMR279C, YIL166C, HOL1, ENB1, TPO4 and FLR1 (or a functional homolog thereof). In some aspects, MFS transporters transport steviol glycosides.

[0108] Other transporter families include the SMR (small multidrug resistant) family, RND (Resistance-Nodulation-Cell Division) family, and the MATE (multidrug and toxic compound extrusion) family. The SMR family members are integral membrane proteins characterized by four alpha-helical transmembrane strands that confer resistance to a broad range of antiseptics, lipophilic quaternary ammonium compounds (QAC), and aminoglycoside resistance in bacteria. See, Bay & Turner, 2009, *BMC Evol Biol.*, 9:140. In some aspects, SMR transporters transport steviol glycosides.

[0109] The MATE family members comprise 12 transmembrane (TM) domains. Members of the MATE family have been identified in prokaryotes, yeast such as *S. cerevisiae* and *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, and plants. See Diener et al., 2001, *Plant Cell.* 13(7):1625-8. The MATE

family members are sodium or proton antiporters. In some aspects, MATE transporters transport steviol glycosides.

[0110] Additional transporter families include the amino acid/auxin permease (AAP) family (for example, YKL146W/AVT3, YBL089W/AVT5, YER119C/AVT6 and YIL088C/AVT7), the ATPase family (for example, YBL099W/ATP1, YDL185W/VMA1, YLR447C/VMA6, YOL077W/ATP19, YPL078C/ATP4, YEL027W/VMA3, YKL016C/ATP7, and YOR332W/VMA4), the sulfate permease (SuP) family (for example, YBR294W/SUL1, YGR125W and YPR003C), the lysosomal cystine transporter (LCT) family (for example, YCR075C/ERS1), the Ca²⁺:cation antiporter (CaCA) family (for example, YDL128W/VCX1 and YJR106W/ECM27), the amino acid-polyamine-organocation (APC) superfamily (for example, YDL210W/UGA4, YOL020W/TAT2, YPL274W/SAM3, YNL268W/LYP1, YHL036W/MUP3, YKR039W/GAP1 and YOR348C/PUT4), multidrug/oligosaccharidyl-lipid/polysaccharide (MOP) (for example, YDR338C), the ZRT/IRT-like protein (ZIP) metal transporter family (for example, YGL225W/ZRT1 and YOR079C/ATX2), the mitochondrial protein translocase (MPT) family (for example, YGR181W/TIM13, YNL070W/TOM7, YNL121C/TOM70, the voltage-gated ion channel (VIC) family (for example, YGR217W/CCH1 and YJL093C/TOK1), the monovalent cation:proton antiporter-2 (CPA2) family (for example, YJL094C/KHA1), the ThrE family of putative transmembrane amino acid efflux transporters (for example, YJL108C/PRM10), the oligopeptide transporter (OPT) family (for example, YJL212C/OPT1 and YGL114W), the K⁺ transporter (Trk) family (for example, TKR050W/TRK2), the bile acid:Na symporter (BASS) family (for example, YMR034C), the drug/metabolite transporter (DMT) superfamily (for example, YMR253C, YML038C/YMD8, and YOR307C/SLY41), the mitochondrial carrier (MC) family (for example, YMR056C/AAC1, YNL083W/SAL1, YOR130C/ORT1, YOR222W/ODC2, YPR011C, YPR058W/YMC1, YPR128C/ANT1, YEL006W/YEA6, YER053C/PIC2, YFR045W, YGR257C/MTM1, YHR002W/LEU5, YIL006W/YIA6, YJL133W/MRS3, YKL120W/OAC1, YMR166C, YNL003C/PET8 and YOR100C/CRC1), the auxin efflux carrier (AEC) family (for example, YNL095C, YOR092W/ECM3 and YBR287W), the ammonia channel transporter (Amt) family (for example, YNL142W/MEP2), the metal ion (Mn²⁺-iron) transporter (Nramp) family (for example, YOL122C/SMF1), the transient receptor potential Ca²⁺ channel (TRP-CC) family (for example, YOR087W/YVC1), the arsenical resistance-3 (ACR3) family (for example, YPR201W/ARR3), the nucleobase:cation symporter-1 (NCS1) family (for example, YBR021W/FUR4), the inorganic phosphate transporter (PiT) family (for example, YBR296C/PHO089), the arsenite-antimonite (ArsAB) efflux family (for example, YDL100C/GET3), the IISP family of transporters, the glycerol uptake (GUP) family (for example, YGL084C/GUP1), the metal ion transport (MIT) family (for example, YKL064W/MNR2, YKL050C and YOR334W/MRS2), the copper transport (Ctr) family (for example, YLR411W/CTR3) and the cation diffusion facilitator (CDF) family (for example, YOR316C/COT1). Particular members of any of these transporter families are included within the scope of the disclosed invention to the extent that altered expression in a cell capable of producing steviol glycoside increases production

of said steviol glycoside from the cell; exemplary members are disclosed above and in Tables 5, 6, and 14.

[0111] As used herein, the term “transcription factor” refers to a DNA-binding protein that regulates gene expression. Preferably, the transcription factor regulates expression of at least one transporter gene.

[0112] Methods for identifying a gene affecting production or transport of steviol glycosides and steviol glycoside pathway intermediates are disclosed herein. Such methods can involve inactivating at least one endogenous transporter gene or modifying expression of at least one transporter gene. Typically, a library of mutant microorganisms is prepared, each mutant in the library having a different endogenous transporter gene inactivated. Methods of inactivating genes and determining their effect in a microorganism are known to a person having ordinary skill in the art; additional methods are disclosed in WO 2014/122328, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. The mutant microorganisms comprising one or more steviol glycoside pathway genes are cultured in a medium under conditions in which steviol or a steviol glycoside is synthesized, and the amount of total, supernatant, and/or intracellular steviol glycosides produced by the microorganism is measured (e.g., using LC-MS) as described herein.

[0113] The disclosure is directed to recombinant host cells in which expression of endogenous transporter or transcription factor genes is modified. In some embodiments, the transporter or transcription factor gene is endogenous to *S. cerevisiae*, including, but not limited to *S. cerevisiae* strain S288C. In some embodiments, expression of an endogenous transporter or transcription factor can be modified by replacing the endogenous promoter with a different promoter that results in increased expression of the transporter protein (e.g., at least a 5% increase in expression, such as at least a 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 40%, 45%, or 50%, 100%, 200% increase or more in expression). For example, an endogenous promoter can be replaced with a constitutive or inducible promoter that results in increased expression of the transporter. Homologous recombination can be used to replace the promoter of an endogenous gene with a different promoter that results in increased expression of the transporter. In other embodiments, the inducible or constitutive promoter and endogenous transporter or transcription factor can be integrated into another locus of the genome using homologous recombination. In other embodiments, the transporter or transcription factor gene can be introduced into a microorganism using exogenous plasmids with a promoter that results in overexpression of the transporter or transcription factor in the microorganism. In yet another embodiment, the exogenous plasmids may also comprise multiple copies of the transporter or transcription factor gene. In a further embodiment, the endogenous transporter or transcription factor can be induced to be overexpressed using native mechanisms to the recombinant microorganism (e.g. heat shock, stress, heavy metal, or antibiotic exposure). In yet a further embodiment, the activity of an endogenous gene product is enhanced or increased (for example, by mutation). In yet another embodiment, a homologous or orthologous gene of an endogenous yeast transporter or transcription factor gene is overexpressed.

[0114] In certain other embodiments, modified expression of a target gene in a recombinant microorganism comprises overexpressing a transporter gene and/or a transcription

factor gene involved in expression of said transporter gene. In yet other embodiments, a plurality of endogenous transporter genes or transcription factor genes is overexpressed in said recombinant microorganism.

[0115] Modification of transcription factor expression can be used to increase transporter expression. For example, yeast transcription factor PDR1 regulates expression of the genes encoding ABC transporters PDR5, SNQ2 and YOR1. Therefore, in some embodiments, promoters for the endogenous PDR1 locus can be replaced with a different promoter that results in increased expression of the transcription factors, which can increase production of endogenous transporters.

[0116] In some embodiments, the transporter gene or transcription factor gene is (using Uniprot Ordered Locus Name for each): YAL067C, YBL089W, YBL099W, YBR008C, YBR021W, YBR043C, YBR180W, YBR241C, YBR287W, YBR294W, YBR295W, YBR296C, YCL038C, YCL069W, YCR011C, YCR028C, YCR075C, YDL054C, YDL100C, YDL128W, YDL185W, YDL194W, YDL210W, YDL245C, YDL247W, YDR011W, YDR061W, YDR093W, YDR292C, YDR338C, YDR406W, YDR497C, YDR536W, YEL006W, YEL027W, YEL031W, YEL065W, YER019C-A, YER053C, YER119C, YER166W, YFL011W, YFL028C, YFR045W, YGL006W, YGL013C, YGL084C, YGL104C, YGL114W, YGL167C, YGL255W, YGR125W, YGR181W, YGR217W, YGR224W, YGR257C, YGR281W, YHL016C, YHL035C, YHL036W, YHR002W, YHR096C, YIL006W, YIL088C, YIL120W, YIL121W, YIL166C, YJL093C, YJL094C, YJL108C, YJL133W, YJL212C, YJL219W, YJR106W, YJR160C, YKL016C, YKL050C, YKL064W, YKL120W, YKL146W, YKL209C, YKR039W, YKR050W, YKR105C, YKR106W, YLR411W, YLR447C, YML038C, YML116W, YMR034C, YMR056C, YMR166C, YMR253C, YMR279C, YNL003C, YNL065W, YNL070W, YNL083W, YNL095C, YNL121C, YNL142W, YNL268W, YNR055C, YOL020W, YOL075C, YOL077W-A, YOL122C, YOL158C, YOR079C, YOR087W, YOR092W, YOR100C, YOR130C, YOR153W, YOR222W, YOR271C, YOR273C, YOR291W, YOR306C, YOR307C, YOR316C, YOR332W, YOR334W, YOR348C, YPL036W, YPL078C, YPL270W, YPL274W, YPR003C, YPR011C, YPR058W, YPR128C, and/or YPR201W. SEQ ID NOs, Uniprot Accession Numbers, and gene names for each Ordered Locus can be found in Tables 5, 6, and 14. In some embodiments, the above transporter genes and transcription factor genes regulate excretion of steviol glycosides.

[0117] In some embodiments, deletion in a steviol glycoside-producing strain of YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDL194W (SEQ ID NO:24), YDL210W (SEQ ID NO:25), YDR536W (SEQ ID NO:30), YFL011W (SEQ ID NO:33), YGL006W (SEQ ID NO:34), YGL013C (SEQ ID NO:35), YGL255W (SEQ ID NO:36), YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38), YGR217W (SEQ ID NO:39), YHL016C (SEQ ID NO:42), YIL088C (SEQ ID NO:43), YJL094C (SEQ ID NO:45), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YKR050W (SEQ ID NO:51), YNL065W (SEQ ID NO:59), YNL083W (SEQ ID NO:61), YNL121C (SEQ ID NO:63), YNL142W (SEQ ID NO:64), YOR291W (SEQ ID NO:74), YOR306C (SEQ ID NO:75), YOR334W (SEQ ID NO:77), YPL270W (SEQ ID NO:79), YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82), YPR128C (SEQ ID NO:84) results in a measurable decrease of RebD excreted into the culture medium, indicating that each plays a role in RebD excretion. See Example 3 and Tables 7-10.

[0118] In some embodiments, deletion in a steviol glycoside-producing strain of YBR180W (SEQ ID NO:13), YAL067C (SEQ ID NO:14), YBR241C (SEQ ID NO:17), YCL069W (SEQ ID NO:19), YCR075C (SEQ ID NO:21), YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDL194W (SEQ ID NO:24), YDR093W (SEQ ID NO:27), YDR338C (SEQ ID NO:28), YDR406W (SEQ ID NO:29), YER166W (SEQ ID NO:32), YFL011W (SEQ ID NO:33), YGL006W (SEQ ID NO:34), YGL013C (SEQ ID NO:35), YGL255W (SEQ ID NO:36), YGR217W (SEQ ID NO:39), YHL016C (SEQ ID NO:42), YJL094C (SEQ ID NO:45), YJL212C (SEQ ID NO:47), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJR160C (SEQ ID NO:49), YKR050W (SEQ ID NO:51), YKR106W (SEQ ID NO:53), YML116W (SEQ ID NO:55), YMR034C (SEQ ID NO:56), YMR056C (SEQ ID NO:57), YMR253C (SEQ ID NO:58), YNL070W (SEQ ID NO:60), YNL083W (SEQ ID NO:61), YNL095C (SEQ ID NO:62), YNL121C (SEQ ID NO:63), YOL075C (SEQ ID NO:66), YOL122C (SEQ ID NO:68), YOR087W (SEQ ID NO:70), YOR222W (SEQ ID NO:73), YOR291W (SEQ ID NO:74), YOR306C (SEQ ID NO:75), YPL274W (SEQ ID NO:80), YPR003C (SEQ ID NO:81), YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82), or YPR201W (SEQ ID NO:85) results in a measurable decrease of RebM, indicating that each plays a role in RebM excretion. See Example 3 and Tables 7-10.

[0119] In some embodiments, overexpression of YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) or YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) improves RebD and RebM transport into the culture medium by approximately 2-fold (~400-500 mg/L of supernatant RebD and RebM in YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) and YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) overexpression strains versus ~250 mg/L of supernatant RebD and RebM in a control steviol glycoside-producing strain). See Example 4, FIG. 2, and FIG. 3.

[0120] In some embodiments, overexpression of a transporter of Table 11 increases excretion of RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM by at least 20%. In some embodiments, overexpression of a transporter of Table 12 increases production of RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM by at least 40%. See Example 5.

[0121] In some embodiments, a transporter gene is integrated into the genome of a steviol glycoside-producing host. In some embodiments, the integrated transporter is YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YDL054C (SEQ ID NO:94), YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDR536W (SEQ ID NO:30), YGL167C (SEQ ID NO:112), YKL146W (SEQ ID NO:127), YKR039W (SEQ ID NO:129), YOL122C (SEQ ID NO:68), or YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82). In some embodiments, integration of YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), or YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132) improves excretion and/or total production of 13-SMG. In some embodiments, integration of YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), or YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132) improves excretion and/or total production of RebA. In some embodiments, integration of YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), or YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132) improves excretion and/or total production of RebB. In some embodiments, integration of YBR043C of SEQ ID NO:88, YEL027W of SEQ ID NO:102, YJL093C of SEQ ID

NO:44, YJR106W of SEQ ID NO:48, and YMR166C of SEQ ID NO:132 improves excretion and/or total production of RebD, and YBR043C of SEQ ID NO:88, YEL027W of SEQ ID NO:102, YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YJL093C of SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W of SEQ ID NO:48, and YMR166C of SEQ ID NO:132 improves excretion and/or total production of RebM, as measured by an increase in RebD and RebM levels in the supernatant compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain. See Example 6.

[0122] In some embodiments, steviol glycoside-producing *S. cerevisiae* strains overexpressing YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44) or YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) produce higher levels of RebD+RebM, compared to a steviol glycoside-producing *S. cerevisiae* strain that does not overexpress YJL093C or YBR043C. See Example 7.

[0123] In some embodiments, a transporter that is knocked out can also have specificity for transport of larger molecular weight steviol glycosides (for example, RebD and the knockout of YGR181W of SEQ ID NO:38 or YOR291W of SEQ ID NO:74), and therefore, can be useful to overexpress in strains where transport of RebD into the culture medium is desired. With appropriate balancing of the rate of glycosylation activity through expression of pathway UGTs, smaller molecular weight steviol glycosides are further glycosylated before they are transported into the culture medium. For example, higher expression levels of a UGT76G1 and UGT91D2e and/or EUGT11, as compared to the UGT74G1 and UGT85C2 enzymes, can prevent accumulation of the steviol monoglucosides that are transported more readily. If the UGT activity level is higher (so the glycosylation rate is faster) than the rate of transport, then greater amounts of larger molecular weight steviol glycosides will be produced.

Steviol and Steviol Glycoside Biosynthesis Nucleic Acids

[0124] A recombinant gene encoding a polypeptide described herein comprises the coding sequence for that polypeptide, operably linked in sense orientation to one or more regulatory regions suitable for expressing the polypeptide. Because many microorganisms are capable of expressing multiple gene products from a polycistronic mRNA, multiple polypeptides can be expressed under the control of a single regulatory region for those microorganisms, if desired. A coding sequence and a regulatory region are considered to be operably linked when the regulatory region and coding sequence are positioned so that the regulatory region is effective for regulating transcription or translation of the sequence. Typically, the translation initiation site of the translational reading frame of the coding sequence is positioned between one and about fifty nucleotides downstream of the regulatory region for a monocistronic gene.

[0125] In many cases, the coding sequence for a polypeptide described herein is identified in a species other than the recombinant host, i.e., is a heterologous nucleic acid. Thus, if the recombinant host is a microorganism, the coding sequence can be from other prokaryotic or eukaryotic microorganisms, from plants or from animals. In some case, however, the coding sequence is a sequence that is native to the host and is being reintroduced into that organism. A native sequence can often be distinguished from the naturally occurring sequence by the presence of non-natural sequences linked to the exogenous nucleic acid, e.g., non-native regulatory sequences flanking a native sequence in a recombinant nucleic acid construct. In addition, stably trans-

formed exogenous nucleic acids typically are integrated at positions other than the position where the native sequence is found. "Regulatory region" refers to a nucleic acid having nucleotide sequences that influence transcription or translation initiation and rate, and stability and/or mobility of a transcription or translation product. Regulatory regions include, without limitation, promoter sequences, enhancer sequences, response elements, protein recognition sites, inducible elements, protein binding sequences, 5' and 3' untranslated regions (UTRs), transcriptional start sites, termination sequences, polyadenylation sequences, introns, and combinations thereof. A regulatory region typically comprises at least a core (basal) promoter. A regulatory region also may include at least one control element, such as an enhancer sequence, an upstream element or an upstream activation region (UAR). A regulatory region is operably linked to a coding sequence by positioning the regulatory region and the coding sequence so that the regulatory region is effective for regulating transcription or translation of the sequence. For example, to operably link a coding sequence and a promoter sequence, the translation initiation site of the translational reading frame of the coding sequence is typically positioned between one and about fifty nucleotides downstream of the promoter. A regulatory region can, however, be positioned as much as about 5,000 nucleotides upstream of the translation initiation site, or about 2,000 nucleotides upstream of the transcription start site.

[0126] The choice of regulatory regions to be included depends upon several factors, including, but not limited to, efficiency, selectability, inducibility, desired expression level, and preferential expression during certain culture stages. It is a routine matter for one of skill in the art to modulate the expression of a coding sequence by appropriately selecting and positioning regulatory regions relative to the coding sequence. It will be understood that more than one regulatory region may be present, e.g., introns, enhancers, upstream activation regions, transcription terminators, and inducible elements.

[0127] One or more genes can be combined in a recombinant nucleic acid construct in "modules" useful for a discrete aspect of steviol and/or steviol glycoside production. Combining a plurality of genes in a module, particularly a polycistronic module, facilitates the use of the module in a variety of species. For example, a steviol biosynthesis gene cluster, or a UGT gene cluster, can be combined in a polycistronic module such that, after insertion of a suitable regulatory region, the module can be introduced into a wide variety of species. As another example, a UGT gene cluster can be combined such that each UGT coding sequence is operably linked to a separate regulatory region, to form a UGT module. Such a module can be used in those species for which monocistronic expression is necessary or desirable. In addition to genes useful for steviol or steviol glycoside production, a recombinant construct typically also comprises an origin of replication, and one or more selectable markers for maintenance of the construct in appropriate species.

[0128] It will be appreciated that because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a number of nucleic acids can encode a particular polypeptide; i.e., for many amino acids, there is more than one nucleotide triplet that serves as the codon for the amino acid. Thus, codons in the coding sequence for a given polypeptide can be modified such that optimal expression in a particular host is obtained, using appropriate codon bias tables for that host (e.g., microorganism). As isolated nucleic acids, these modified sequences can exist as purified molecules and can be incorporated into a vector or a virus for use in constructing modules for recombinant nucleic acid constructs.

[0129] In some cases, it is desirable to inhibit one or more functions of an endogenous polypeptide in order to divert metabolic intermediates towards steviol or steviol glycoside biosynthesis. For example, it may be desirable to downregulate synthesis of sterols in a strain in order to further increase steviol or steviol glycoside production, e.g., by downregulating squalene epoxidase. As another example, it may be desirable to inhibit degradative functions of certain endogenous gene products, e.g., glycohydrolases that remove glucose moieties from secondary metabolites or phosphatases as discussed herein. As another example, expression of membrane transporters involved in transport of steviol glycosides can be activated, such that transportation of steviol glycosides is increased. Such regulation can be beneficial in that transportation of steviol glycosides can be increased for a desired period of time during culture of the microorganism, thereby increasing the yield of glycoside product(s) at harvest. In such cases, a nucleic acid that overexpresses the polypeptide or gene product may be included in a recombinant construct that is transformed into the strain. Alternatively, mutagenesis can be used to generate mutants in genes for which it is desired to increase or enhance function.

Recombinant Hosts

[0130] Recombinant hosts can be used to express polypeptides for the producing steviol glycosides, including mammalian, insect, plant, and algal cells. A number of prokaryotes and eukaryotes are also suitable for use in constructing the recombinant microorganisms described herein, e.g., gram-negative bacteria, yeast, and fungi. A species and strain selected for use as a steviol glycoside production strain is first analyzed to determine which production genes are endogenous to the strain and which genes are not present. Genes for which an endogenous counterpart is not present in the strain are advantageously assembled in one or more recombinant constructs, which are then transformed into the strain in order to supply the missing function(s).

[0131] Typically, the recombinant microorganism is grown in a fermenter at a defined temperature(s) for a desired period of time. The constructed and genetically engineered microorganisms provided by the invention can be cultivated using conventional fermentation processes, including, inter alia, chemostat, batch, fed-batch cultivations, semi-continuous fermentations such as draw and fill, continuous perfusion fermentation, and continuous perfusion cell culture. Depending on the particular microorganism used in the method, other recombinant genes such as isopentenyl biosynthesis genes and terpene synthase and cyclase genes may also be present and expressed. Levels of substrates and intermediates, e.g., isopentenyl diphosphate, dimethylallyl diphosphate, GGPP, kaurene and kaurenoic acid, can be determined by extracting samples from culture media for analysis according to published methods.

[0132] Carbon sources of use in the instant method include any molecule that can be metabolized by the recombinant host cell to facilitate growth and/or production of the steviol glycosides. Examples of suitable carbon sources include, but are not limited to, sucrose (e.g., as found in molasses), fructose, xylose, ethanol, glycerol, glucose, cellulose, starch, cellobiose or other glucose-comprising polymer. In embodiments employing yeast as a host, for example, carbon sources such as sucrose, fructose, xylose, ethanol, glycerol, and glucose are suitable. The carbon source can be provided to the host organism throughout the cultivation period or alternatively, the organism can be grown for a period of time in the presence of another energy source, e.g., protein, and then provided with a source of carbon only during the fed-batch phase.

[0133] After the recombinant microorganism has been grown in culture for the desired period of time, steviol and/or one or more steviol glycosides can then be recovered from the culture using various techniques known in the art. In some embodiments, a permeabilizing agent can be added to aid the feedstock entering into the host and product getting out. For example, a crude lysate of the cultured microorganism can be centrifuged to obtain a supernatant. The resulting supernatant can then be applied to a chromatography column, e.g., a C-18 column, and washed with water to remove hydrophilic compounds, followed by elution of the compound(s) of interest with a solvent such as methanol. The compound(s) can then be further purified by preparative HPLC. See also, WO 2009/140394.

[0134] It will be appreciated that the various genes and modules discussed herein can be present in two or more recombinant hosts rather than a single host. When a plurality of recombinant hosts is used, they can be grown in a mixed culture to produce steviol and/or steviol glycosides.

[0135] Alternatively, the two or more hosts each can be grown in a separate culture medium and the product of the first culture medium, e.g., steviol, can be introduced into second culture medium to be converted into a subsequent intermediate, or into an end product such as, for example, RebA. The product produced by the second, or final host is then recovered. It will also be appreciated that in some embodiments, a recombinant host is grown using nutrient sources other than a culture medium and utilizing a system other than a fermenter.

[0136] Exemplary prokaryotic and eukaryotic species are described in more detail below. However, it will be appreciated that other species can be suitable. For example, suitable species can be in a genus such as *Agaricus*, *Aspergillus*, *Bacillus*, *Candida*, *Corynebacterium*, *Eremothecium*, *Escherichia*, *Fusarium*/*Gibberella*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Laetiporus*, *Lentinus*, *Phaffia*, *Phanerochaete*, *Pichia*, *Physcomitrella*, *Rhodoturula*, *Saccharomyces*, *Schizosaccharomyces*, *Sphaceloma*, *Xanthophyllomyces* or *Yarrowia*. Exemplary species from such genera include *Lentinus tigrinus*, *Laetiporus sulphureus*, *Phanerochaete chrysosporium*, *Pichia pastoris*, *Cyberlindnera jadinii*, *Physcomitrella patens*, *Rhodoturula glutinis*, *Rhodoturula mucilaginoso*, *Phaffia rhodozyma*, *Xanthophyllomyces dendrorhous*, *Fusarium fujikuroi*/*Gibberella fujikuroi*, *Candida utilis*, *Candida glabrata*, *Candida albicans*, and *Yarrowia lipolytica*.

[0137] In some embodiments, a microorganism can be a prokaryote such as *Escherichia coli*.

[0138] In some embodiments, a microorganism can be an Ascomycete such as *Gibberella fujikuroi*, *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Aspergillus niger*, *Yarrowia lipolytica*, *Ashbya gossypil*, or *S. cerevisiae*.

[0139] In some embodiments, a microorganism can be an algal cell such as *Blakeslea trispora*, *Dunaliella salina*, *Haematococcus pluvialis*, *Chlorella* sp., *Undaria pinnatifida*, *Sargassum*, *Laminaria japonica*, *Scenedesmus almeriensis* species.

[0140] In some embodiments, a microorganism can be a cyanobacterial cell such as *Blakeslea trispora*, *Dunaliella salina*, *Haematococcus pluvialis*, *Chlorella* sp., *Undaria pinnatifida*, *Sargassum*, *Laminaria japonica*, *Scenedesmus almeriensis*.

Saccharomyces spp.

[0141] *Saccharomyces* is a widely used chassis organism in synthetic biology, and can be used as the recombinant microorganism platform. For example, there are libraries of mutants, plasmids, detailed computer models of metabolism and other information available for *S. cerevisiae*, allowing

for rational design of various modules to enhance product yield. Methods are known for making recombinant microorganisms.

Aspergillus spp.

[0142] *Aspergillus* species such as *A. oryzae*, *A. niger* and *A. sojae* are widely used microorganisms in food production and can also be used as the recombinant microorganism platform. Nucleotide sequences are available for genomes of *A. nidulans*, *A. fumigatus*, *A. oryzae*, *A. clavatus*, *A. flavus*, *A. niger*, and *A. terreus*, allowing rational design and modification of endogenous pathways to enhance flux and increase product yield. Metabolic models have been developed for *Aspergillus*, as well as transcriptomic studies and proteomics studies. *A. niger* is cultured for the industrial production of a number of food ingredients such as citric acid and gluconic acid, and thus species such as *A. niger* are generally suitable for producing steviol glycosides.

E. coli

[0143] *E. coli*, another widely used platform organism in synthetic biology, can also be used as the recombinant microorganism platform. Similar to *Saccharomyces*, there are libraries of mutants, plasmids, detailed computer models of metabolism and other information available for *E. coli*, allowing for rational design of various modules to enhance product yield. Methods similar to those described above for *Saccharomyces* can be used to make recombinant *E. coli* microorganisms.

[0144] *Agaricus*, *Gibberella*, and *Phanerochaete* spp.

[0145] *Agaricus*, *Gibberella*, and *Phanerochaete* spp. can be useful because they are known to produce large amounts of isoprenoids in culture. Thus, the terpene precursors for producing large amounts of steviol glycosides are already produced by endogenous genes. Thus, modules comprising recombinant genes for steviol glycoside biosynthesis polypeptides can be introduced into species from such genera without the necessity of introducing mevalonate or MEP pathway genes.

Arxula adenivorans (*Blastobotrys adenivorans*)

[0146] *Arxula adenivorans* is dimorphic yeast (it grows as budding yeast like the baker's yeast up to a temperature of 42° C., above this threshold it grows in a filamentous form) with unusual biochemical characteristics. It can grow on a wide range of substrates and can assimilate nitrate. It has successfully been applied to the generation of strains that can produce natural plastics or the development of a biosensor for estrogens in environmental samples.

Yarrowia lipolytica

[0147] *Yarrowia lipolytica* is dimorphic yeast (see *Arxula adenivorans*) and belongs to the family Hemiascomycetes. The entire genome of *Yarrowia lipolytica* is known. *Yarrowia* species is aerobic and considered to be non-pathogenic. *Yarrowia* is efficient in using hydrophobic substrates (e.g. alkanes, fatty acids, oils) and can grow on sugars. It has a high potential for industrial applications and is an oleaginous microorganism. *Yarrowia lipolytica* can accumulate lipid content to approximately 40% of its dry cell weight and is a model organism for lipid accumulation and remobilization. See e.g., Nicaud, 2012, *Yeast* 29(10):409-18; Beopoulos et al., 2009, *Biochimie* 91(6):692-6; Bankar et al., 2009, *Appl Microbiol Biotechnol.* 84(5):847-65.

Rhodotorula sp.

[0148] *Rhodotorula* is unicellular, pigmented yeast. The oleaginous red yeast, *Rhodotorula glutinis*, has been shown to produce lipids and carotenoids from crude glycerol (Saenge et al., 2011, *Process Biochemistry* 46(1):210-8). *Rhodotorula toruloides* strains have been shown to be an

efficient fed-batch fermentation system for improved biomass and lipid productivity (Li et al., 2007, *Enzyme and Microbial Technology* 41:312-7).

[0149] *Rhodospiridium toruloides*

[0150] *Rhodospiridium toruloides* is oleaginous yeast and useful for engineering lipid-production pathways (See e.g. Zhu et al., 2013, *Nature Commun.* 3:1112; Ageitos et al., 2011, *Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology* 90(4):1219-27).

Candida boidinii

[0151] *Candida boidinii* is methylotrophic yeast (it can grow on methanol). Like other methylotrophic species such as *Hansenula polymorpha* and *Pichia pastoris*, it provides an excellent platform for producing heterologous proteins. Yields in a multigram range of a secreted foreign protein have been reported. A computational method, IPRO, recently predicted mutations that experimentally switched the cofactor specificity of *Candida boidinii* xylose reductase from NADPH to NADH. See, e.g., Mattanovich et al., 2012, *Methods Mol Biol.* 824:329-58; Khoury et al., 2009, *Protein Sci.* 18(10):2125-38.

Hansenula polymorpha (*Pichia angusta*)

[0152] *Hansenula polymorpha* is methylotrophic yeast (see *Candida boidinii*). It can furthermore grow on a wide range of other substrates; it is thermo-tolerant and can assimilate nitrate (see also *Kluyveromyces lactis*). It has been applied to producing hepatitis B vaccines, insulin and interferon alpha-2a for the treatment of hepatitis C, furthermore to a range of technical enzymes. See, e.g., Xu et al., 2014, *Virologia Sin.* 29(6):403-9.

Kluyveromyces lactis

[0153] *Kluyveromyces lactis* is yeast regularly applied to the production of kefir. It can grow on several sugars, most importantly on lactose which is present in milk and whey. It has successfully been applied among others for producing chymosin (an enzyme that is usually present in the stomach of calves) for producing cheese. Production takes place in fermenters on a 40,000 L scale. See, e.g., van Ooyen et al., 2006, *FEMS Yeast Res.* 6(3):381-92.

Pichia pastoris

[0154] *Pichia pastoris* is methylotrophic yeast (see *Candida boidinii* and *Hansenula polymorpha*). It provides an efficient platform for producing foreign proteins. Platform elements are available as a kit and it is worldwide used in academia for producing proteins. Strains have been engineered that can produce complex human N-glycan (yeast glycans are similar but not identical to those found in humans). See, e.g., Piirainen et al., 2014, *N Biotechnol.* 31(6):532-7.

Physcomitrella spp.

[0155] *Physcomitrella* mosses, when grown in suspension culture, have characteristics similar to yeast or other fungal cultures. This genera can be used for producing plant secondary metabolites, which can be difficult to produce in other types of cells.

Steviol Glycoside Compositions

[0156] Steviol glycosides do not necessarily have equivalent performance in different food systems. It is therefore desirable to have the ability to direct the synthesis to steviol glycoside compositions of choice. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce compositions that are selectively enriched for specific steviol glycosides (e.g., RebD) and have a consistent taste profile. Thus, the recombinant hosts described herein can facilitate the production of compositions that are tailored to meet the sweetening profile desired for a given food product and that have a proportion

of each steviol glycoside that is consistent from batch to batch. Hosts described herein do not produce the undesired plant by-products found in *Stevia* extracts. Thus, steviol glycoside compositions produced by the recombinant hosts described herein are distinguishable from compositions derived from *Stevia* plants.

[0157] The amount of an individual steviol glycoside (e.g., RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM) produced can be from about 1 mg/L to about 2,800 mg/L, e.g., about 1 to about 10 mg/L, about 3 to about 10 mg/L, about 5 to about 20 mg/L, about 10 to about 50 mg/L, about 10 to about 100 mg/L, about 25 to about 500 mg/L, about 100 to about 1,500 mg/L, or about 200 to about 1,000 mg/L, at least about 1,000 mg/L, at least about 1,200 mg/L, at least about at least 1,400 mg/L, at least about 1,600 mg/L, at least about 1,800 mg/L, or at least about 2,800 mg/L. In some aspects, the amount of an individual steviol glycoside can exceed 2,800 mg/L. The amount of a combination of steviol glycosides (e.g., RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM) produced can be from about 1 mg/L to about 6,000 mg/L, e.g., about 200 to about 1,500, at least about 2,000 mg/L, at least about 3,000 mg/L, at least about 4,000 mg/L, at least about 5,000 mg/L, or at least about 6,000 mg/L. In some aspects, the amount of a combination of steviol glycosides can exceed 6,000 mg/L. In general, longer culture times will lead to greater amounts of product. Thus, the recombinant microorganism can be cultured for from 1 day to 7 days, from 1 day to 5 days, from 3 days to 5 days, about 3 days, about 4 days, or about 5 days.

[0158] It will be appreciated that the various genes and modules discussed herein can be present in two or more recombinant microorganisms rather than a single microorganism. When a plurality of recombinant microorganisms is used, they can be grown in a mixed culture to produce steviol and/or steviol glycosides. For example, a first microorganism can comprise one or more biosynthesis genes for producing steviol and null mutations in a first group of endogenous transporters, while a second microorganism comprises steviol glycoside biosynthesis genes and null mutations in a second group of endogenous transporters. The product produced by the second, or final microorganism is then recovered. It will also be appreciated that in some embodiments, a recombinant microorganism is grown using nutrient sources other than a culture medium and utilizing a system other than a fermenter.

[0159] Alternatively, the two or more microorganisms each can be grown in a separate culture medium and the product of the first culture medium, e.g., steviol, can be introduced into second culture medium to be converted into a subsequent intermediate, or into an end product such as RebA. The product produced by the second, or final microorganism is then recovered. The microorganisms can have the same or a different group of mutations in endogenous transporters. It will also be appreciated that in some embodiments, a recombinant microorganism is grown using nutrient sources other than a culture medium and utilizing a system other than a fermenter.

[0160] Steviol glycosides do not necessarily have equivalent performance in different food systems. It is therefore desirable to have the ability to direct the synthesis to steviol glycoside compositions of choice. Recombinant hosts described herein can produce compositions that are selectively enriched for specific steviol glycosides (e.g., RebD) and have a consistent taste profile. Thus, the recombinant microorganisms described herein can facilitate the production of compositions that are tailored to meet the sweetening profile desired for a given food product and that have a proportion of each steviol glycoside that is consistent from batch to batch. Microorganisms described herein do not produce the undesired plant byproducts found in *Stevia* extracts. Thus, steviol glycoside compositions produced by

the recombinant microorganisms described herein are distinguishable from compositions derived from *Stevia* plants.

[0161] Steviol glycosides and compositions obtained by the methods disclosed herein can be used to make food products, dietary supplements and sweetener compositions. See, e.g., WO 2011/153378, WO 2013/022989, WO 2014/122227, and WO 2014/122328, each of which has been incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0162] For example, substantially pure steviol or steviol glycoside such as RebM or RebD can be included in food products such as ice cream, carbonated beverages, fruit juices, yogurts, baked goods, chewing gums, hard and soft candies, and sauces. Substantially pure steviol or steviol glycoside can also be included in non-food products such as pharmaceutical products, medicinal products, dietary supplements and nutritional supplements. Substantially pure steviol or steviol glycosides may also be included in animal feed products for both the agriculture industry and the companion animal industry. Alternatively, a mixture of steviol and/or steviol glycosides can be made by culturing recombinant microorganisms separately, each producing a specific steviol or steviol glycoside, recovering the steviol or steviol glycoside in substantially pure form from each microorganism and then combining the compounds to obtain a mixture comprising each compound in the desired proportion. The recombinant microorganisms described herein permit more precise and consistent mixtures to be obtained compared to current *Stevia* products. For example, recombinant microorganisms described herein can express transporters specific for transport of a particular rebaudioside into the culture medium. When a transporter is specific for a particular rebaudioside it will enrich the concentration of that compound in the fermentation broth, preventing it from being further reacted to a different compound, and by selectively transporting the rebaudioside into the fermentation broth it will make it easier to recover from the other rebaudiosides and therefore making the process more efficient.

[0163] In another alternative, a substantially pure steviol or steviol glycoside can be incorporated into a food product along with other sweeteners, e.g. saccharin, dextrose, sucrose, fructose, erythritol, aspartame, sucralose, monatin, or acesulfame potassium. The weight ratio of steviol or steviol glycoside relative to other sweeteners can be varied as desired to achieve a satisfactory taste in the final food product. See, e.g., U.S. 2007/0128311. In some embodiments, the steviol or steviol glycoside may be provided with a flavor (e.g., citrus) as a flavor modulator.

[0164] Compositions produced by a recombinant microorganism described herein can be incorporated into food products. For example, a steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism can be incorporated into a food product in an amount ranging from about 20 mg steviol glycoside/kg food product to about 1800 mg steviol glycoside/kg food product on a dry weight basis, depending on the type of steviol glycoside and food product. For example, a steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism can be incorporated into a dessert, cold confectionary (e.g., ice cream), dairy product (e.g., yogurt), or beverage (e.g., a carbonated beverage) such that the food product has a maximum of 500 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a dry weight basis. A steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism can be incorporated into a baked good (e.g., a biscuit) such that the food product has a maximum of 300 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a dry weight basis. A steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism can be incorporated into a sauce (e.g., chocolate syrup) or vegetable product (e.g., pickles) such that the food product has a maximum of 1000 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a

dry weight basis. A steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism can be incorporated into a bread such that the food product has a maximum of 160 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a dry weight basis. A steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism, plant, or plant cell can be incorporated into a hard or soft candy such that the food product has a maximum of 1600 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a dry weight basis. A steviol glycoside composition produced by a recombinant microorganism, plant, or plant cell can be incorporated into a processed fruit product (e.g., fruit juices, fruit filling, jams, and jellies) such that the food product has a maximum of 1000 mg steviol glycoside/kg food on a dry weight basis.

[0165] For example, such a steviol glycoside composition can have from 90-99% RebA and an undetectable amount of *stevia* plant-derived contaminants, and be incorporated into a food product at from 25-1600 mg/kg, e.g., 100-500 mg/kg, 25-100 mg/kg, 250-1000 mg/kg, 50-500 mg/kg or 500-1000 mg/kg on a dry weight basis.

[0166] Such a steviol glycoside composition can be a RebB-enriched composition having greater than 3% RebB and be incorporated into the food product such that the amount of RebB in the product is from 25-1600 mg/kg, e.g., 100-500 mg/kg, 25-100 mg/kg, 250-1000 mg/kg, 50-500 mg/kg or 500-1000 mg/kg on a dry weight basis. Typically, the RebB-enriched composition has an undetectable amount of *stevia* plant-derived contaminants.

[0167] Such a steviol glycoside composition can be a RebD-enriched composition having greater than 3% RebD and be incorporated into the food product such that the amount of RebD in the product is from 25-1600 mg/kg, e.g., 100-500 mg/kg, 25-100 mg/kg, 250-1000 mg/kg, 50-500 mg/kg or 500-1000 mg/kg on a dry weight basis. Typically, the RebD-enriched composition has an undetectable amount of *stevia* plant-derived contaminants.

[0168] Such a steviol glycoside composition can be a RebE-enriched composition having greater than 3% RebE and be incorporated into the food product such that the amount of RebE in the product is from 25-1600 mg/kg, e.g., 100-500 mg/kg, 25-100 mg/kg, 250-1000 mg/kg, 50-500 mg/kg or 500-1000 mg/kg on a dry weight basis. Typically, the RebE-enriched composition has an undetectable amount of *stevia* plant-derived contaminants.

[0169] Such a steviol glycoside composition can be a RebM-enriched composition having greater than 3% RebM and be incorporated into the food product such that the amount of RebM in the product is from 25-1600 mg/kg, e.g., 100-500 mg/kg, 25-100 mg/kg, 250-1000 mg/kg, 50-500 mg/kg or 500-1000 mg/kg on a dry weight basis. Typically, the RebM-enriched composition has an undetectable amount of *stevia* plant-derived contaminants.

[0170] In some embodiments, a substantially pure steviol or steviol glycoside is incorporated into a tabletop sweetener or "cup-for-cup" product. Such products typically are diluted to the appropriate sweetness level with one or more bulking agents, e.g., maltodextrins, known to those skilled in the art. Steviol glycoside compositions enriched for RebA, RebB, RebD, RebE, or RebM, can be packaged in a sachet, for example, at from 10,000 to 30,000 mg steviol glycoside/kg product on a dry weight basis, for tabletop use.

[0171] The invention will be further described in the following examples, which do not limit the scope of the invention described in the claims.

EXAMPLES

[0172] The Examples that follow are illustrative of specific embodiments of the invention, and various uses thereof. They are set forth for explanatory purposes only, and are not to be taken as limiting the invention.

Example 1. LC-MS Analytical Procedures

[0173] The LC-MS methods described here are oriented towards the separation, general detection and potential identification of chemicals of particular masses (i.e. steviol glycosides) in the presence of a mixture (i.e. culture media). LC-MS analyses were performed on: (A) an UltiMate® 3000-TSQ (Thermo Fisher Scientific); (B) a 1290 Infinity—6130SQ (Agilent); or (C) an Acquity—XevoTQD (Waters) system. Specific methods used for each system are described below.

[0174] Method A:

[0175] LC-MS analyses were performed using an Ulti-Mate® 3000 UPLC system (Dionex) fitted with a waters ACQUITY UPLC® BEH shield RP18 column (2.1×50 mm, 1.7 μm particles, 130 Å pore size) connected to a TSQ Quantum® Access (ThermoFisher Scientific) triple quadrupole mass spectrometer with a heated electrospray ion (HESI) source, unless otherwise indicated. Elution was carried out using a mobile phase of eluent B (MeCN with 0.1% Formic acid) and eluent A (water with 0.1% Formic acid) by increasing the gradient from 25% to 47% B from min. 0.0 to 4.0, increasing 47% to 100% B in min. 4.0 to 5.0, holding 100% B from min. 5.0 to 6.5 re-equilibration. The flow rate was 0.4 mL/min and the column temperature 35° C. The steviol glycosides were detected using SIM (Single Ion Monitoring) with the following m/z-traces.

TABLE 1

MS analytical information for Steviol Glycosides			
Description	Exact Mass	m/z trace	compound (typical t_R in min)
Steviol + 1 Glucose	[M + H] ⁺	481.2 ± 0.5	19-SMG (2.29),
	481.2796	503.1 ± 0.5	13-SMG (3.5)
Steviol + 2 Glucose	[M + Na] ⁺	665 ± 0.5	665.2615
	665.3149		Rubusoside (2.52) Steviol-1,2-bioside (2.92) Steviol-1,3-bioside (2.28)
Steviol + 3 Glucose	[M + Na] ⁺	827.4 ± 0.5	827.3677
	827.3677		1,2-Stevioside (2.01) 1,3-Stevioside (2.39) RebB (2.88)
Steviol + 4 Glucose	[M + Na] ⁺	989.4 ± 0.5	989.4200 RebA (2.0)
Steviol + 5 Glucose	[M + Na] ⁺	1151.4 ± 0.5	1151.4728 RebD (1.1)
Steviol + 6 Glucose	[M + Na] ⁺	1313.5 ± 0.5	1313.5257 RebM (1.3)

[0176] The levels of steviol glycosides were quantified by comparing with calibration curves obtained with authentic standards from LGC Standards. For example, standard solutions of 0.5 to 100 μM RebA were typically utilized to construct a calibration curve.

[0177] Method B:

[0178] A second analytical method was performed on the Agilent system 1290 Infinity fitted with a waters ACQUITY UPLC® BEH shield RP18 column (2.1×50 mm, 1.7 μm particles, 130 Å pore size, Waters) was connected to a 6130 single quadrupole mass detector (Agilent) with a APCI ion source. Elution was carried out using a mobile phase of eluent B (MeCN with 0.1% Formic acid) and eluent A (water with 0.1% Formic acid) by increasing the gradient from 23% to 47% B from min. 0.0 to 4.0, increasing 47% to 100% B in min. 4.0 to 5.0, holding 100% B from min. 5.0 to 6.5 re-equilibration. The flow rate was 0.6 mL/min and the column temperature 50° C. The steviol glycosides were detected using SIM (Single Ion Monitoring) with the following m/z-traces.

TABLE 2

MS analytical information for Steviol Glycosides					
SIM trace No	time window	m/z trace	Exact Mass	Description	compound (typical t_R in min)
1	0.0-1.51 min	1289.5	[M - H] ⁻ 1289.5281	Steviol + 6 Glucose	RebM (0.91)
	1.51-1.90 min	687.3	[M + HCOOH - H] ⁻ 687.3217	Steviol + 2 Glucose	Rubusoside
	1.90-5.0 min	641.0	[M - H] ⁻ 641.3168	Steviol + 2 Glucose	1,2-Stevioside (1.44) 1,3-stevioside (1.74)
2	0.0-1.0 min	1127.4	[M - H] ⁻ 1127.4752	Steviol + 5 Glucose	RebD (0.81)
	1.0-5.0 min	525.3	[M - HCOOH - H] ⁻ 525.2689	Steviol + 1 Glucose	19SMG (2.49) 13SMG (2.65)
3	0.0-2.8 min	965.4	[M - H] ⁻ 965.4224	Steviol + 4 Glucose	RebA (1.42)
4	0.0-3.2 min	803.4	[M - H] ⁻	Steviol +	1,2-Stevioside (2.16)
			803.3696	2 Glucose	1,3-Stevioside (2.34) RebB (2.13)

[0179] The levels of steviol glycosides were quantified by comparing with calibration curves obtained with authentic standards from LGC Standards. For example, standard solutions of 0.3 to 25 μ M RebA were typically utilized to construct a calibration curve.

[0180] Method C:

[0181] A third analytical method used was LC-MS analyses performed using a Waters ACQUITY UPLC (Waters Corporation, Milford, Mass.) with Waters ACQUITY UPLC® BEH C18 column (2.1×50 mm, 1.7 μ m particles, 130 Å pore size) coupled to a Waters ACQUITY TQD triple quadrupole mass spectrometer with electrospray ionization (ESI) in negative mode. Compound separation was achieved by a gradient of the two mobile phases A (water with 0.1% formic acid) and B (MeCN with 0.1% formic acid) by increasing from 20% to 50% B between 0.3 to 2.0 min, increasing to 100% B at 2.01 min, holding 100% B for 0.6 min and re-equilibrate for another 0.6 min. The flow rate was 0.6 mL/min and the column temperature 55° C. RebD (m/z 1127.5), RebM (m/z 1289.5), rebaudioside A (m/z 965.4) and RebB (m/z 803.4) were monitored using SIM (Single Ion Monitoring) and quantified by comparing with authentic standards.

Example 2. Construction of a Steviol Glycoside-Producing Yeast Strain

[0182] Steviol glycoside-producing *S. cerevisiae* strains were constructed as described in WO 2011/153378, WO 2013/022989, WO 2014/122227, and WO 2014/122328, each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, a yeast strain comprising a recombinant gene encoding a *Synechococcus* sp. GGPPS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:149), a recombinant gene encoding a truncated *Zea mays* CDPS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:150), a recombinant gene encoding an *A. thaliana* KS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:151), a recombinant gene encoding a recombinant *S. rebaudiana* KO1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:152), a recombinant gene encoding an *A. thaliana* ATR2 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:153), a recombinant gene encoding an *O. sativa* EUGT11 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:12; SEQ ID NO:148), a recombinant gene encoding an SrKAHe1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:154), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* CPR8 polypeptide (SEQ ID

NO:7, SEQ ID NO:155), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT85C2 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:156), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT74G1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:157), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT76G1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:158), and a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT91D2 variant (or functional homolog), UGT91D2e-b (SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:159) polypeptide produced steviol glycosides. As analyzed by LC-MS (Method C) following DMSO-extraction of total steviol glycosides from the whole cell and broth mixture (total production), the strain produced between 18-21 μ g/mL or 1-1.5 μ g/mL/OD₆₀₀ RebM after growth for five days in 1 mL SC (Synthetic Complete) media at 30° C. with 400 rpm shaking in deep-well plates. See Table 3.

TABLE 3

Steviol glycoside production in a representative <i>S. cerevisiae</i> strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.				
RebB (μ g/mL/ OD ₆₀₀)	RebA (μ g/mL/ OD ₆₀₀)	RebD (μ g/mL/ OD ₆₀₀)	RebM (μ g/mL/ OD ₆₀₀)	Normalized by OD ₆₀₀
0.21	0.33	0.33	1.3	Average
0.028	0.054	0.032	0.14	Std Deviation
RebB (μ g/mL)	RebA (μ g/mL)	RebD (μ g/mL)	RebM (μ g/mL)	
3.1	4.9	5.0	19.0	Average
0.42	0.81	0.48	2.1	Std Deviation

[0183] A second strain, which comprised additional copies of the genes of the first strain, was analyzed for steviol glycoside production. The second strain produced RebD and RebM as primary steviol glycosides, although at higher levels than the first strain.

[0184] As analyzed by LC-MS (Method C) following DMSO-extraction of total steviol glycosides from the whole cell and broth mixture (total production), the second strain produced between 60-80 μ g/mL or 4-6 μ g/mL/OD₆₀₀ RebM, after growth for five days in 1 mL SC media at 30° C. with

400 rpm shaking in deep-well plates. Production of RebA, RebB, RebD and RebM by the second strain is shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4

Steviol glycoside production in an <i>S. cerevisiae</i> strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.				
RebA ($\mu\text{g/mL}/$ OD_{600})	RebB ($\mu\text{g/mL}/$ OD_{600})	RebD ($\mu\text{g/mL}/$ OD_{600})	RebM ($\mu\text{g/mL}/$ OD_{600})	Normalized by OD_{600}
2.1	0.67	1.6	4.8	Average
0.66	0.21	0.75	2.3	Std Deviation
RebA ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	RebB ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	RebD ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	RebM ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Average
31.0	10.1	23.7	72.5	Std Deviation
9.9	3.1	11.3	34.4	

Example 3. Knockout of Yeast Endogenous Transport Genes and Transport-Related Genes

[0185] Observations from deep-well studies of Example 2 and similar strains indicated that the fraction of RebA, RebB, RebD or RebM in the supernatant changes with time, and the effect was determined not to be the result of cell lysis. To determine the effect of various transporters on steviol glycoside excretion in *S. cerevisiae*, deletion cassettes for homologous recombination were obtained by designing primers annealing approximately 200 bp upstream and downstream of the open reading frame (ORF) and then amplifying the ORF-specific deletion cassette from the *S. cerevisiae* deletion collection. The candidate genes selected include identified ORFs with relation to transport or comprising membrane spanning domains, regardless of subcellular localization. In the resulting colonies, the presence of the deletion cassette at the correct locus was verified by colony PCR. A maximum of 6 clones of each deletion was frozen down as freezer stock. All samples for analysis were initiated from the freezer stock and grown in SC medium for 5 days (30° C., shaking 400 rpm) prior to harvest and extraction of samples for LC-MS. Samples were analyzed for the presence of RebA, RebB, RebD and RebM in the culture broth lacking cells (Supernatant) as well as in the whole cell and broth mixture (Total production).

[0186] Concentrations of total and supernatant RebA, RebB, RebD and RebM were compared to the levels in a control steviol glycoside-producing strain. The amounts of RebA, RebB, RebD and RebM in each sample were normalized to the control strain by dividing the value of a particular steviol glycoside with the corresponding value for the control strain, thereby calculating a percentage to the

control strain, where 1 equals 100 percent. The “ideal candidate” would exhibit a decrease in RebA, RebB, RebD and/or RebM levels in the supernatant, as compared to the control steviol glycoside-producing strain, without decreasing RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM total production.

[0187] The effect of yeast gene knockouts on transport of higher molecular weight steviol glycosides into the culture medium was tested in a strain that produces steviol glycosides, such as the strains described in Example 2. Disruption of each specific transporter gene was performed by homologous recombination. After 5 days of growth in 1 mL SC medium at 30° C. and 400 rpm, cells were harvested. A 50 μL aliquot of the culture was mixed with an equal volume of 100% DMSO, vortexed, and heated to 80° C. for 10 min. The suspension was then centrifuged to remove cell debris. 60 μL of the mixture were analyzed by LC-MS as the “Total” sample. The remaining culture was then centrifuged to pellet cells. An aliquot of 50 μL was removed from the supernatant (i.e., the culture medium) and mixed with an equal volume of 100% DMSO. The suspension was heated to 80° C. for 10 min and centrifuged. 60 μL of the mixture were analysed by LC-MS as the “Supernatant” sample. The amounts of higher molecular weight steviol glycosides (including RebA, RebB, RebD, RebM) were measured by LC-MS (Method C), as described in Example

[0188] The data demonstrate that disruption of a single endogenous yeast transporter gene in a steviol glycoside-producing strain resulted in a decrease in the level of various steviol glycosides in the supernatant of the culture media, as evaluated by the normalized amount transported into the supernatant (see Tables 5-10). Tables 5-10 comprise lists of transport related genes that were knocked out in a steviol glycoside-producing strain. More specifically, Table 5 comprises a compiled list of genes by ordered locus name found to affect steviol glycoside excretion in steviol glycoside-producing strains and are therefore identified as having a role in steviol glycoside excretion. When the specified genes were knocked out, a more than 40% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production of RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM was observed. This corresponded approximately to more than 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of a control steviol glycoside-producing strain (a value of 1 equals 100 percent of the control strain, whereas a value of 0.5 indicates a 50% decrease).

[0189] Table 6 comprises a compiled list of genes by ordered locus name found to affect steviol glycoside excretion in steviol glycoside-producing strains and are therefore identified as having a role in steviol glycoside excretion. When knocked out, these genes caused a mean of between 20-40% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production. This corresponded to approximately between 1 and 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of the control strain (a value of 1 equals 100 percent of the control strain, whereas a value of 0.5 indicates a 50% decrease).

TABLE 5

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM levels compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.					
A.					
SEQ ID No.	Ordered Locus Name	Family	Description	Gene name	Uniprot Accession No.
13	YBR180W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	DTR1	P38125
14	YAL067C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	SEO1	P39709

TABLE 5-continued

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM levels compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.					
15	YBL089W	AAAP	Secondary Transporter	AVT5	P38176
16	YBL099W	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	ATP1	P07251
17	YBR241C	MFS	Secondary Transporter		P38142
18	YBR294W	SulP	Secondary Transporter	SUL1	P38359
19	YCL069W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	VBA3	P25594
20	YCR028C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	FEN2	P25621
21	YCR075C	LCT	Secondary Transporter	ERS1	P17261
22	YDL128W	CaCA	Secondary Transporter	VCX1	Q99385
23	YDL185W	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	VMA1	P17255
24	YDL194W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	SNF3	P10870
25	YDL210W	APC	Secondary Transporter	UGA4	P32837
26	YDR061W	ABC	ATP-Dependent		Q12298
27	YDR093W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	DNF2	Q12675
28	YDR338C	MOP/MATE	Secondary Transporter		Q05497
29	YDR406W	ABC	ATP-Dependent	PDR15	Q04182
30	YDR536W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	STL1	P39932
31	YEL031W	P-ATPas	ATP-Dependent	SPF1	P39986
32	YER166W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	DNF1	P32660
33	YFL011W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	HXT10	P43581
34	YGL006W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	PMC1	P38929
35	YGL013C		Transcription factor	PDR1	P12383
36	YGL255W	ZIP	Secondary Transporter	ZRT1	P32804
37	YGR125W	SulP	Secondary Transporter		P53273
38	YGR181W	MPT	ATP-Dependent	TIM13	P53299
39	YGR217W	VIC	Ion Channels	CCH1	P50077
40	YGR224W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	AZR1	P50080
41	YGR281W	ABC	ATP-Dependent	YOR1	P53049
42	YHL016C	SSS	Secondary Transporter	DUR3	P33413
43	YIL088C	AAAP	Secondary Transporter	AVT7	P40501
44	YJL093C	VIC	Ion Channels	TOK1	P40310
45	YJL094C	CPA2	Secondary Transporter	KHA1	P40309
46	YJL108C	ThrE	Secondary Transporter	PRM10	P42946
47	YJL212C	OPT	Secondary Transporter	OPT1	P40897
48	YJR106W	CaCA	Secondary Transporter	ECM27	P47144

B.

No.	Ordered Locus Name	Family	Description	Gene name	Uniprot Accession No.
49	YJR160C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	MPH3	POCE00
50	YKL064W	MIT	Ion Channels	MNR2	P35724
51	YKR050W	Trk	Secondary Transporter	TRK2	P28584
52	YKR105C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	VBA5	P36172
53	YKR106W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	GEX2	P36173
54	YLR447C	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	VMA6	P32366
55	YML116W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	SNQ1/ATR1	P13090
56	YMR034C	BASS	Secondary Transporter		Q05131
57	YMR056C	MC	Secondary Transporter	AAC1	P04710
58	YMR253C	DMT	Secondary Transporter		Q04835
59	YNL065W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	AQR1	P53943
60	YNL070W	MPT	ATP-Dependent	TOM7	P53507
61	YNL083W	MC	Secondary Transporter	SAL1	D6W196
62	YNL095C	AEC	Secondary Transporter		P53932
63	YNL121C	MPT	ATP-Dependent	TOM70	P07213
64	YNL142W	Amt	Ion Channels	MEP2	P41948
65	YOL020W	APC	Secondary Transporter	TAT2	P38967
66	YOL075C	ABC	ATP-Dependent		Q08234
67	YOL077W-A	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	ATP19	P81451
68	YOL122C	Nramp	Secondary Transporter	SMF1	P38925
69	YOR079C	ZIP	Secondary Transporter	ATX2	Q12067
70	YOR087W	TRP-CC	Ion Channels	YVC1	Q12324
71	YOR092W	AEC	Secondary Transporter	ECM3	Q99252
72	YOR130C	MC	Secondary Transporter	ORT1	Q12375
73	YOR222W	MC	Secondary Transporter	ODC2	Q99297
74	YOR291W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	YPK9	Q12697
75	YOR306C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	MCH5	Q08777
76	YOR316C	CDF	Secondary Transporter	COT1	P32798
77	YOR334W	MIT	Ion Channels	MRS2	Q01926
78	YPL078C	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	ATP4	P05626
79	YPL270W	ABC	ATP-Dependent	MDL2	P33311
80	YPL274W	APC	Secondary Transporter	SAM3	Q08986
81	YPR003C	SulP	Secondary Transporter		P53394

TABLE 5-continued

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM levels compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.					
82	YPR011C	MC	Secondary Transporter		Q12251
83	YPR058W	MC	Secondary Transporter	YMC1	P32331
84	YPR128C	MC	Secondary Transporter	ANT1	Q06497
85	YPR201W	ACR3	Secondary Transporter	ARR3	Q06598

TABLE 6

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM levels compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.					
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A.

SEQ ID No.	Ordered Locus Name	Family	Description	Gene name	Uniprot Accession No.
86	YBR008C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	FLR1	P38124
87	YBR021W	NCS1	Secondary Transporter	FUR4	P05316
88	YBR043C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	QDR3	P38227
89	YBR287W	AEC	Secondary Transporter		P38355
90	YBR295W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	PCA1	P38360
91	YBR296C	PiT	Secondary Transporter	PHO89	P38361
92	YCL038C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	ATG22	P25568
93	YCR011C	ABC	ATP-Dependent	ADP1	P25371
94	YDL054C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	MCH1	Q07376
95	YDL100C	ArsAB	ATP-Dependent	GET3	Q12154
96	YDL245C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	HXT15	P54854
97	YDL247W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	MPH2	POCD99
98	YDR011W	ABC	ATP-Dependent	SNQ2	P32568
99	YDR292C	IISP	ATP-Dependent	SRP101	P32916
100	YDR497C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	ITR1	P30605
101	YEL006W	MC	Secondary Transporter	YEA6	P39953
102	YEL027W	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	VMA3	P25515
103	YEL065W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	SIT1	P39980
104	YER019C-A	IISP	ATP-Dependent	SBH2	P52871
105	YER053C	MC	Secondary Transporter	PIC2	P40035
106	YER119C	AAAP	Secondary Transporter	AVT6	P40074
107	YFL028C	ABC	ATP-Dependent	CAF16	P43569
108	YFR045W	MC	Secondary Transporter		P43617
109	YGL084C	GUP	Secondary Transporter	GUP1	P53154
110	YGL104C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	VPS73	P53142
111	YGL114W	OPT	Secondary Transporter		P53134
112	YGL167C	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	PMR1	P13586
113	YGR257C	MC	Secondary Transporter	MTM1	P53320
114	YHL035C	ABC	ATP-Dependent	VMR1	P38735
115	YHL036W	APC	Secondary Transporter	MUP3	P38734

B.

No.	Ordered Locus Name	Family	Description	Gene name	Accession No.
116	YHR002W	MC	Secondary Transporter	LEU5	P38702
117	YHR096C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	HXT5	P38695
118	YIL006W	MC	Secondary Transporter	YIA6	P40556
119	YIL120W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	QDR1	P40475
120	YIL121W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	QDR2	P40474
121	YIL166C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	SOA1	P40445
122	YJL133W	MC	Secondary Transporter	MRS3	P10566
123	YJL219W	MFS	Secondary Transporter	HXT9	P40885
124	YKL016C	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	ATP7	P30902
125	YKL050C	MIT	Ion Channels		P35736
126	YKL120W	MC	Secondary Transporter	OAC1	P32332
127	YKL146W	AAAP	Secondary Transporter	AVT3	P36062
128	YKL209C	ABC	ATP-Dependent	STE6	P12866
129	YKR039W	APC	Secondary Transporter	GAP1	P19145
130	YLR411W	Chr	Ion Channels	CTR3	Q06686
131	YML038C	DMT	Secondary Transporter	YMD8	Q03697
132	YMR166C	MC	Secondary Transporter		Q03829
133	YMR279C	MFS	Secondary Transporter		Q03263

TABLE 6-continued

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM levels compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.					
134	YNL003C	MC	Secondary Transporter	PET8	P38921
135	YNL268W	APC	Secondary Transporter	LYP1	P32487
136	YNR055C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	HOL1	P53389
137	YOL158C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	ENB1	Q08299
138	YOR100C	MC	Secondary Transporter	CRC1	Q12289
139	YOR153W	ABC	ATP-Dependent	PDR5	P33302
140	YOR271C	MTC	Secondary Transporter	FSF1	Q12029
141	YOR273C	MFS	Secondary Transporter	TPO4	Q12256
142	YOR307C	DMT	Secondary Transporter	SLY41	P22215
143	YOR332W	F-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	VMA4	P22203
144	YOR348C	APC	Secondary Transporter	PUT4	P15380
145	YPL036W	P-ATPase	ATP-Dependent	PMA2	P19657

[0190] Steviol glycoside exporter candidates were selected from the data based on two selection criteria for each steviol glycoside measured (L e., two methods of normalizing expression).

[0191] Transporter selection criterion 1 corresponded to selection based on the level of high molecular weight steviol glycosides (RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM) available in the supernatant, as well as the total production of the said steviol glycoside. Both values were normalized to the value of the corresponding steviol glycoside-producing control strain. The control level was set to 1, and the corresponding steviol glycoside level was calculated as a percentage of the control. For Ordered Locus Names (i.e., genes) of interest, the steviol glycoside available in the supernatant should be below 0.6 (below 60% of the control) or between 0.8-0.6 (80-60% of the control). To avoid false positives or a bias towards transporters that decrease the production in general, the calculation had an additional requirement that the total production had to be similar to the control. In the current calculation, production was set to be between 0.85 and 1.15 of the control, when the control is set to 1. In this regard, steviol glycoside production levels did not affect results. Table 7 shows the supernatant/total ratio for each candidate that fulfills the selection criteria.

[0192] Transporter selection criterion 2 corresponded to selection based on the ratio of high molecular weight steviol glycosides (RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM) in the supernatant relative to total production of the said steviol glycoside. The supernatant-to-total production ratio was normalized to the ratio of the corresponding steviol glycoside-producing strain control. The control level was set to 1, and the corresponding steviol glycoside ratio was calculated as a percentage of the control. For Ordered Locus Names (i.e., genes) of interest, the supernatant-to-total production ratio for a given steviol glycoside should be below 0.6 (below 60% of the control) or between 0.8-0.6 (80-60% of the control). To avoid false positives or a bias towards transporters that decrease the production in general, the calculation had an additional requirement that the total production had to be similar to the control. In the current calculation, production was set to be between 0.85 and 1.15 of the control, when the control is set to 1. In this regard, steviol glycoside production levels did not affect results. Table 8 shows the supernatant/total ratio for each candidate that fulfills the selection criteria.

[0193] The data demonstrate that disruption of a single endogenous yeast transporter gene in a steviol glycoside-producing strain resulted in a decrease in the level of various

steviol glycosides in the supernatant of the culture media, as evaluated by the normalized amount transported into the supernatant (see Tables 5-10), and are therefore identified as having a role in steviol glycoside excretion.

[0194] For example, deletion in a steviol glycoside-producing strain of YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDL194W (SEQ ID NO:24), YDL210W (SEQ ID NO:25), YFL011W (SEQ ID NO:33), YGL006W (SEQ ID NO:34), YGL013C (SEQ ID NO:35), YGL255W (SEQ ID NO:36), YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38), YGR217W (SEQ ID NO:39), YIL088C (SEQ ID NO:43), YJL094C (SEQ ID NO:45), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YNL065W (SEQ ID NO:59), YNL083W (SEQ ID NO:61), YNL121C (SEQ ID NO:63), YNL142W (SEQ ID NO:64), YOR306C (SEQ ID NO:75), or YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82) led to a measurable decrease of RebD excreted into the culture medium, indicating that each plays a role in RebD excretion. This was confirmed by transporter selection criteria 1 and 2 (see Tables 7 and 8, RebD column).

[0195] Furthermore, for example, deletion in a steviol glycoside-producing strain of YBR180W (SEQ ID NO:13), YBR241C (SEQ ID NO:17), YCL069W (SEQ ID NO:19), YCR075C (SEQ ID NO:21), YDL128W (SEQ ID NO:22), YDL194W (SEQ ID NO:24), YDR093W (SEQ ID NO:27), YDR338C (SEQ ID NO:28), YER166W (SEQ ID NO:32), YFL011W (SEQ ID NO:33), YGL006W (SEQ ID NO:34), YGL013C (SEQ ID NO:35), YGL255W (SEQ ID NO:36), YGR217W (SEQ ID NO:39), YJL094C (SEQ ID NO:45), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJR160C (SEQ ID NO:49), YKR106W (SEQ ID NO:53), YML116W (SEQ ID NO:55), YMR056C (SEQ ID NO:57), YNL070W (SEQ ID NO:60), YNL083W (SEQ ID NO:61), YNL095C (SEQ ID NO:62), YNL121C (SEQ ID NO:63), YOR087W (SEQ ID NO:70), YOR291W (SEQ ID NO:74), YOR306C (SEQ ID NO:75), YPL274W (SEQ ID NO:80), or YPR011C (SEQ ID NO:82) led to a measurable decrease of RebM, indicating that each plays a role in RebM excretion. This was confirmed by transporter selection criteria 1 and 2 (see Tables 7 and 8, RebM column).

[0196] Table 7 represents the calculated ratio, normalized to a steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides, of supernatant/total production for each gene (by ordered locus name) deleted in the steviol glycoside-producing strain. The supernatant or supernatant/total ratio of less than 0.6 represented a more than 40% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production of RebA, RebB, RebD,

or RebM, which corresponded approximately to more than 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of the control steviol glycoside-producing strain and indicates the gene as having a role in steviol glycoside transportation (Table 7). The supernatant or ratio supernatant/total of between 0.6 and 0.8 represents a 40-20% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production of RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM, which corresponds to approximately

between 1 and 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of the control steviol glycoside-producing strain, and indicates the gene as having a role in steviol glycoside transportation and/or production (Table 8). Total production of each steviol glycoside was between 0.85 and 1.15 compared to the steviol glycoside-producing strain. Table 8 shows the supernatant/total ratio for each candidate that fulfills the selection criteria.

TABLE 7

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in RebA, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.							
Transporter selection criterion 1 Total vs. Supernatant				Transporter selection criterion 2 Ratio Sup/Total vs. Total			
RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YBR180W			0.486				0.486
YBR241C			0.529				0.529
YCL069W			0.519				0.519
YCR075C			0.448				0.448
YDL128W		0.459	0.405			0.459	0.405
YDL194W		0.652	0.482				0.482
YDL210W		0.000				0.000	
YDR093W			0.569				0.569
YDR338C			0.451				0.451
YEL031W	0.488				0.488		
YER166W			0.495				0.495
YFL011W		0.581	0.547			0.581	0.547
YGL006W						0.410	0.424
YGL013C		0.673	0.507				0.507
YGL255W		0.669	0.632				
YGR181W		0.419				0.419	
YGR217W		0.598	0.429			0.598	0.429
YIL088C		0.135				0.135	
YJL094C		0.568	0.525			0.568	0.525
YJR106W		0.470	0.432			0.470	0.432
YJR160C			0.689				
YKL064W	0.337				0.337		
YKR106W			0.509				0.509
YML116W			0.706				
YMR056C							0.591
YNL065W						0.571	
YNL070W			0.633				
YNL083W			0.481			0.592	0.481
YNL095C			0.610				
YNL121C		0.620	0.456				0.456
YNL142W	0.561	0.369		0.561		0.369	
YOR087W			0.611				
YOR291W			0.681				
YOR306C		0.596	0.559			0.596	0.559
YOR334W		0.520			0.520		
YPL078C		0.590			0.590		
YPL270W		0.665					
YPL274W			0.561				0.561
YPR011C		0.542	0.611			0.542	

TABLE 8

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.							
Transports cal 1; total vs sup				Transports cal 2; ratio sup/total vs total			
RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YBL089W			0.739				0.739
YBR008C	0.784		0.640	0.784			0.640

TABLE 8-continued

	Transports cal 1: total vs sup				Transports cal 2: ratio sup/total vs total			
	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YBR021W		0.731				0.731		
YBR043C	0.755			0.796	0.755			0.796
YBR180W			0.747				0.747	
YBR241C			0.688		0.798		0.688	
YBR287W	0.781	0.823	0.768		0.781		0.768	
YBR295W			0.885	0.876				
YBR296C		0.724	0.799	0.790		0.724	0.799	0.790
YCL038C		0.709		0.752		0.709		0.752
YCL069W			0.785				0.785	
YCR075C			0.634				0.634	
YDL054C			0.920					
YDL100C			0.867					
YDL194W							0.652	
YDL210W				0.834				
YDL245C	0.852							
YDL247W				0.682				0.682
YDR011W			0.852					
YDR093W	0.792	0.775	0.704		0.792	0.775	0.704	
YDR338C	0.711	0.695	0.680		0.711	0.695	0.680	
YDR497C				0.694				0.694
YEL006W				0.657			0.774	0.657
YEL065W			0.635				0.635	
YER119C				0.872				
YER166W	0.771	0.843	0.687		0.771		0.687	
YFL011W		0.787				0.787		
YFL028C			0.641				0.641	
YFR045W			0.779				0.779	
YGL006W			0.410	0.424				
YGL013C							0.673	
YGL084C		0.804						
YGL104C	0.628	0.731		0.683	0.628	0.731		0.683
YGL114W						0.796		
YGL167C	0.829							
YGL255W							0.669	0.632
YGR217W		0.801						
YGR257C	0.842							
YHL035C			0.900	0.792				0.792
YHL036W				0.798				0.798
YHR096C			0.879	0.798				0.798
YIL006W	0.763			0.689	0.763		0.791	0.689
YIL120W				0.814				
YIL121W			0.903					
YIL166C			0.844					
YIL212C			0.817	0.682				0.682
YJR106W	0.719				0.719			
YJR160C		0.781	0.985			0.781		0.689
YKL050C				0.896				
YKL120W				0.706				0.706
YKL146W		0.890						
YKR039W	0.763				0.763			
YKR106W		0.785	0.738			0.785	0.738	
YLR411W	0.852		0.782				0.782	
YML038C			0.724				0.724	
YML116W			0.898					0.706
YMR056C			0.675	0.591		0.786	0.675	
YMR279C				0.885				
YNL065W	0.710	0.792	0.571		0.710	0.792		
YNL070W	0.893		0.892					0.633
YNL083W			0.592					
YNL095C			0.726				0.726	0.610
YNL121C							0.620	
YNL268W		0.920						
YNR055C			0.643				0.643	
YOL122C				0.935				
YOL158C			0.848	0.728				0.728
YOR087W								0.611
YOR100C		0.916						
YOR271C		0.889	0.758	0.608			0.758	0.608

TABLE 8-continued

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.								
	Transports cal 1: total vs sup				Transports cal 2: ratio sup/total vs total			
	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YOR273C	0.726	0.916	0.635		0.726		0.635	
YOR291W								0.681
YOR307C								0.765
YOR348C				0.644				0.644
YPL036W	0.763		0.698		0.763		0.698	
YPL078C			0.798				0.798	
YPL270W			0.746			0.665	0.746	
YPL274W	0.817	0.807	0.721				0.721	
YPR011C	0.763				0.763			0.611

[0197] The effect of yeast gene knockouts on transport of higher molecular weight steviol glycosides into the culture medium (i.e., supernatant) also was tested in a steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides, which was described in Example 2. The data demonstrated that disruption of a single endogenous yeast transporter gene in the steviol glycoside-producing strain resulted in a decrease in the level of various steviol glycosides in the supernatant of the culture media, as evaluated by the normalized amount transported or by the supernatant-to-total-production ratio (see Tables 9 and 10, RebD column). For example, deletion in the steviol glycoside-producing strain of YDR536W (SEQ ID NO:30), YHL016C (SEQ ID NO:42), YKR050W (SEQ ID NO:51), YOR291W (SEQ ID NO:74), YOR334W (SEQ ID NO:77), YPL270W (SEQ ID NO:79), YPR058W (SEQ ID NO:83), or YPR128C (SEQ ID NO:84) led to a measurable decrease of RebD transported into the supernatant, indicating that they play a role in RebD excretion. This was confirmed by transporter selection criteria 1 and 2 (see Tables 9 and 10, RebD column).

[0198] Furthermore, for example, deletion of YAL067C (SEQ ID NO:14), YDR406W (SEQ ID NO:29), YHL016C (SEQ ID NO:42), YJL212C (SEQ ID NO:47), YKR050W (SEQ ID NO:51), YMR034C (SEQ ID NO:56), YMR253C (SEQ ID NO:58), YOL075C (SEQ ID NO:66), YOL122C (SEQ ID NO:68), YOR222W (SEQ ID NO:73), YPR003C (SEQ ID NO:81), or YPR201W (SEQ ID NO:85) led to a measurable decrease of RebM transported into the superna-

tant, indicating that they play a role in RebM excretion. This was confirmed by transporter selection criteria 1 and 2 (see Tables 9 and 10, RebM column).

[0199] Table 9 represents the calculated ratio, normalized to a steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides, of supernatant/total production for each gene (by ordered locus name) deleted in the steviol glycoside-producing strain. The supernatant or ratio supernatant/total of less than 0.6 represents a more than 40% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production of RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM, which corresponds approximately to more than 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of a control steviol glycoside-producing strain, and indicates the gene as having a role in steviol glycoside transportation and/or production (Table 9). The supernatant or ratio supernatant/total of between 0.6 and 0.8 represents a 40-20% decrease in either the supernatant alone or in the ratio of supernatant/total production of RebA, RebB, RebD, or RebM, which corresponds to approximately between 1 and 2 standard deviations removed from the mean of the control strain, and indicates the gene as having a role in steviol glycoside transportation and/or production, and indicates the gene as having a role in steviol glycoside transportation and/or production (Table 10). Total production of each steviol glycoside was between 0.85 and 1.15 compared to the control steviol glycoside-producing strain. Table 10 shows the supernatant/total ratio for each candidate that fulfills the selection criteria.

TABLE 9

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.								
	Transporter selection criterion 1 total vs sup				Transporter selection criterion 2 ratio sup/total vs total			
	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YAL067C				0.541				0.541
YBL089W	0.433	0.416			0.433	0.416		

TABLE 9-continued

Transport related genes with over a 40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.

	Transporter selection criterion 1 total vs sup				Transporter selection criterion 2 ratio sup/total vs total			
	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YBL099W	0.523				0.523			
YBR294W	0.495				0.495			
YCR028C		0.419				0.419		
YDL185W	0.551				0.551			
YDL210W	0.626	0.469				0.469		
YDR061W	0.482		0.471		0.482		0.471	
YDR406W				0.288				0.288
YDR536W	0.715		0.365				0.365	
YFL011W		0.444				0.444		
YGR125W		0.400				0.400		
YGR224W		0.361				0.361		
YGR281W		0.596				0.596		
YHL016C			0.427	0.296			0.427	0.296
YJL093C		0.499				0.449		
YJL108C	0.589				0.589			
YJL212C	0.442			0.461	0.442			0.461
YKR050W	0.554		0.378	0.304	0.554		0.378	0.304
YLR447C	0.512				0.512			
YMR034C	0.331			0.316	0.331			0.316
YMR253C	0.389			0.375	0.389			0.375
YOL020W	0.371				0.371			
YOL075C	0.494			0.471	0.494			0.471
YOL077W-A	0.531				0.531			
YOL122C				0.457				0.457
YOR079C	0.552				0.552			
YOR092W	0.407				0.407			
YOR130C	0.588				0.588			
YOR222W	0.469			0.457	0.469			0.457
YOR291W			0.428				0.428	
YOR334W			0.327				0.327	
YPL270W			0.375				0.375	
YPR003C	0.400			0.418	0.400			0.418
YPR058W			0.461				0.461	
YPR128C			0.342				0.342	
YPR201W	0.376			0.353	0.376			0.353

TABLE 10

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.

	Transport cal 1; total vs sup				Transport cal 2; ratio sup/total vs total			
	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YCR011C				0.654				0.654
YDL210W			0.729		0.626		0.729	
YDR292C	0.724				0.724			
YDR536W					0.715			
YEL027W		0.799				0.799		
YER019C-A	0.789				0.789			
YER053C	0.651				0.651			
YGR256W	0.744				0.744			
YHR002W	0.795				0.795			
YJL133W	0.691				0.691			
YJL219W	0.674				0.674			
YKL016C	0.627				0.627			
YKL209C	0.721				0.721			
YKR105C					0.646			

TABLE 10-continued

Transport related genes with a 20-40% decrease in Reb A, RebB, RebD or RebM compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides.							
Transports cal 1; total vs sup				Transport cal 2; ratio sup/total vs total			
RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM	RebA	RebB	RebD	RebM
YMR166C		0.924					
YNL003C		0.814					
YOR153W	0.801						
YOR316C				0.640			
YOR332W	0.700			0.700			

[0200] Knockouts of YDL210W (SEQ ID NO:25) and YPL270W (SEQ ID NO:79) resulted in decreased RebD excretion in the steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides and the steviol glycoside-producing strain comprising additional copies of genes encoding GGPPS, truncated CDPS, KS, KO, ATR2, EUGT11, SrKAHe1, CPR8, UGT85C2, UGT74G1, UGT76G1, and EUGT11 polypeptides. As well, knockouts of YJL212C (SEQ ID NO:47) and YOL122C (SEQ ID NO:68) resulted in decreased RebM transport in both strains.

Example 4. Confirmation of Knockout of Yeast Endogenous Transport Genes by Overexpression in a RebD/M-Producing Strain

[0201] Overexpression of a subset of the initial candidate transporters from Example 3 was performed using both plasmid-based expression and an integration cassette. First, deep-well microtiter plate culture experiments were carried out. Two transport genes were overexpressed using a plasmid in a RebD/M-producing strain in order to confirm the results from the knockout experiments. YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38), a TIM complex, helper protein for insertion of mitochondrial inner membrane proteins, and YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) an ABC-like transporter were overexpressed. The data shown in FIG. 2 demonstrate that the phenotype based on the knockout studies was confirmed with a plasmid based overexpression phenotype for YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) and YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) in deep-well plates.

[0202] Next, confirmation of the phenotype in fermenters was performed in additional steviol glycoside-producing strains, which were characterized by intergration of YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) or YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) on chromosome XII. The steviol glycoside-producing strains were grown on defined media at 30° C. in a fed-batch fermentation for about 5 days under glucose-limited conditions, and the levels of RebA, RebB, RebD, and RebM were measured using LC-MS (Method B, Example 1). The graphs shown in FIG. 3 illustrate an approximate 2-fold increase in RebD and RebM transported in the culture medium for the new integration constructs, and little change in RebA and RebB transport. Overexpression of YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) or YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) resulted in improved (~2-fold) RebD and RebM transport into the culture medium (~400-500 mg/L of supernatant RebD and RebM in YGR181W (SEQ ID NO:38) and YDR061W (SEQ ID NO:26) overexpression strains versus ~250 mg/L of supernatant RebD and RebM in a control

steviol glycoside-producing strain). See FIG. 3A. The ratio of transported RebD as compared to the total RebD increased from 0.158 in the control strain to 0.21-0.25 with the candidate genes overexpressed. RebM transport into the culture medium was also simultaneously improved. See FIG. 3.

Example 5. Overexpression of Selected Yeast Endogenous Transport Genes

[0203] Overexpression in a steviol glycoside-producing strain (as described in Example 2) using a plasmid with a constitutive promoter of the transporter genes shown in Table 11 resulted in greater than a 20% increase in excretion of RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM. Results were analyzed using criterion 2 described in Example 3. Additionally, overexpression of the transporter genes shown in Table 12 resulted in greater than a 40% improvement in production of RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM. Table 11 shows the supernatant/total ratio for each candidate that fulfills the selection criteria.

TABLE 11

Transport related genes with over a 20% increase in RebA, RebB, RebD or RebM excretion, compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.				
Ratio Supernatant/Total				
	RebB	RebA	RebD	RebM
YOR079C			1.21	
YMR166C		1.36	1.53	1.38
YEL027W		1.62	1.82	1.52
YDL054C		1.45	1.38	1.31
YKL120W		1.83	1.89	1.93
YDR536W		1.79	1.80	1.76
YBL099W				1.22
YML116W		1.32	1.31	1.42
YIL166C			1.27	1.22
YKR039W			1.26	1.41
YOR307C				1.23
YKL146W		1.36	1.47	1.66
YGL167C				1.33
YJL093C				1.29
YOR306C	1.67			
YDL128W	1.85		1.29	
YOR153W	1.42		1.21	
YKL050C	1.59	1.22		
YJL094C	1.71	1.24	1.24	
YCL069W	1.59			
YOL158C	1.52			
YFL011W	1.44			

TABLE 11-continued

Transport related genes with over a 20% increase in RebA, RebB, RebD or RebM excretion, compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.				
	Ratio Supernatant/Total			
	RebB	RebA	RebD	RebM
YJR106W			1.38	1.33
YBR043C				1.20
YPR011C				1.27

TABLE 12

Transport related genes with over a 40% increase in RebA, RebB, RebD or RebM production, compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.				
	Increases in Production			
	RebB	RebA	RebD	RebM
YMR166C				1.52
YIL166C		1.41	1.50	1.55
YKR039W			1.48	1.52
YKL146W				1.42
YJL093C			1.46	1.43
YOR306C				1.59
YDL128W				1.49
YOL122C			1.41	1.59
YIL006W			1.64	2.03
YFL028C				1.55
YBR021W			1.51	1.87
YHR002W			1.51	1.73
YEL031W			1.45	1.66
YCL069W				1.53
YOL158C			1.42	1.63
YKL064W			1.40	1.44
YHR096C				1.42
YOR332W				1.44
YDR338C			1.50	1.55
YJR106W			1.41	1.44
YBR043C			1.55	1.49
YPR011C				1.43
YFR045W			1.44	

Example 6. Genomic Integration of Transporter Genes

[0204] DNA of the transporter genes selected for integration into the genome of a RebD/M-producing *S. cerevisiae* strain (see Example 2) was amplified from an S288C background by PCR and cloned into a plasmid with homology regions for the integration site and a PGK1 promoter for overexpression, using the USER cloning system. See, e.g., Nour-Eldin et al., 2010, *Methods Mol Biol.* 643:185-200. The USER cloning construct including the homology regions and the transporter was cut out from the plasmid using restriction enzymes, and the linear piece of DNA was integrated into the genome of the receiving RebD/M-producing strain by standard LiAc method. The genomically integrated transporters were tested in plates that release glucose from a polymer after addition of a growth medium. A polymer that releases 20 g/L glucose over 3 days was used to mimic the feed profile during fermentation. Steviol glycoside levels were measured by LC-MS (see Example 1), and OD₆₀₀ was measured on a Perkin Elmer 2104 Multilabel reader. YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), and YMR166C

(SEQ ID NO:132) showed improved excretion of 13-SMG. (FIG. 4A). YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), and YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132) showed improved excretion of RebA (FIG. 4B). YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), and YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132) showed improved excretion of RebB (FIG. 4C). YBR043C of SEQ ID NO:88, YEL027W of SEQ ID NO:102, YJL093C of SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W of SEQ ID NO:48, and YMR166C of SEQ ID NO:132 showed improved production of RebD, and YBR043C of SEQ ID NO:88, YEL027W of SEQ ID NO:102, YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:121), YJL093C of SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W of SEQ ID NO:48, and YMR166C of SEQ ID NO:132 showed improved production of RebM, as measured by an increase in RebD and RebM levels in the supernatant compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain. See FIGS. 4D and 4E. Controls with a URA marker are also shown in FIG. 4.

[0205] FIG. 5A shows supernatant levels of RebA, RebB, RebD, and RebM of an additional steviol glycoside-producing strain overexpressing YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), and YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) by the USER cloning system. The strain of FIG. 5 comprised a recombinant gene encoding a *Synechococcus* sp. GGPPS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:149), a recombinant gene encoding a truncated *Zea mays* CDPS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:150), a recombinant gene encoding an *A. thaliana* KS polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:151), a recombinant gene encoding a recombinant *S. rebaudiana* KO1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:152), a recombinant gene encoding a KO polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:XX, SEQ ID NO:XX), a recombinant gene encoding an *A. thaliana* ATR2 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:153), a recombinant gene encoding an *O. sativa* EUGT11 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:12; SEQ ID NO:148), a recombinant gene encoding an SrKAHe1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:154), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* CPR8 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:155), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT85C2 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:156), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT74G1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:157), a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT76G1 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:158), and a recombinant gene encoding an *S. rebaudiana* UGT91D2 variant (or functional homolog), UGT91D2e-b (SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:159) polypeptide. FIG. 5B shows total levels of RebA, RebB, RebD, and RebM of the above described steviol glycoside-producing strain overexpressing YMR166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YEL027W (SEQ ID NO:102), YKL120W (SEQ ID NO:126), YIL166C (SEQ ID NO:132), YJR106W (SEQ ID NO:48), YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44), and YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) by the USER cloning system.

Example 7. Production of RebD and RebM by Fermentation of Steviol Glycoside-Producing *S. cerevisiae* Strains Overexpressing YJL093C or YBR043C

[0206] YJL093C (SEQ ID NO:44) and YBR043C (SEQ ID NO:88) were individually overexpressed in the steviol glycoside-producing strain described in Example 3. The strains were cultivated by fermentation (fed-batch, minimum medium, glucose-limiting) for approximately 130 h. Production of RebD and RebM was measured by LC-MS. As shown in Table 13, the strains overexpressing YJL093C or YBR043C produced higher levels of RebD and RebD+RebM, as compared to a control steviol glycoside-producing strain.

TABLE 13

Production of RebD and RebM in <i>S. cerevisiae</i> strains overexpressing YJL093C and YBR043C.						
Strain	Ferm. Length (h)	Final Cell Dry Weight	RebD Titer (g/L)	RebM Titer (g/L)	RebD + RebM	RebD/RebM Ratio (g/g)
Control	126.83	104.53	1.38	4.47	5.85	0.31
YJL093C	130.10	114.40	3.42	2.80	6.22	1.22
YBR043C	129.17	112.00	3.56	2.72	6.28	1.31

TABLE 14

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 1
Synechococcus sp. GGPPS (GenBank ABC98596.1)

atggtcgcac	aaactttcaa	cctggatacc	tacttatccc	aaagacaaca	acaagttgaa	60
gaggccctaa	gtgctgctct	tgtgccagct	tatcctgaga	gaatatacga	agctatgaga	120
tactccctcc	tggcaggtgg	caaaagatta	agacctatct	tatgtttagc	tgcttgcgaa	180
ttggcaggtg	gttctgttga	acaagccatg	ccaactgctg	gtgcacttga	aatgatccat	240
acaatgtcac	taattcatga	tgacctgcca	gccatggata	acgatgattt	cagaagagga	300
aagccaacta	atcacaaagt	gttcggggaa	gatatagcca	tcttagcggg	tgatgcgctt	360
ttagcttagc	cttttgaaca	tattgcttct	caacaagag	gagtaccacc	tcaattggtg	420
ctacaagtta	ttgctagaat	cggacacgcc	gttgetgcaa	caggcctcgt	tggaggccaa	480
gtcgtagacc	ttgaatctga	aggtaaagct	atcttcttag	aaacattgga	gtatattcac	540
tcacataaga	ctggagcctt	gctggaagca	tcagttgtct	caggcgggat	tctcgcaggg	600
gcagatgaag	agcttttggc	cagatgtgct	cattacgcta	gagatagg	cttggctttt	660
caaatcgtcg	atgatctcct	ggatgttact	gctacatctg	aacagttggg	gaaaaccgct	720
ggtaagacc	aggcagccgc	aaagccaact	tatccaagtc	tattgggttt	agaagcctct	780
agacagaaag	cggaaaggtt	gattcaatct	gctaaggaag	ccttaagacc	ttacggttca	840
caagcagagc	cactcctagc	gctggcagac	ttcatcacac	gtcgtcagca	ttaa	894

SEQ ID NO: 2
Zea mays truncated CDPS

atggcacagcaca	catcagaate	cgcagctgtc	gcaaagggca	gcagtttgac	ccctatagtg	60
agaactgaag	ctgagtcaag	gagaacaaga	tggccaaccg	atgacgatga	cgccgaacct	120
ttagtggatg	agatcagggc	aatgcttact	tccatgtctg	atggtgacat	ttccgtgagc	180
gcatacgata	cagcctgggt	cggattgggt	ccaagattag	acggcgggtga	aggtcctcaa	240
tttccagcag	ctgtgagatg	gataaagaat	aaccagttgc	ctgacggaag	ttggggcgat	300
gccgcattat	tctctgcta	tgacaggett	atcaataccc	ttgctcctcg	tgtaactttg	360
acaaggtggt	ccctaagaac	agagatgaga	ggtagaggac	tatctttttt	gggtagggaac	420
atgtggaaat	tagcaactga	agatgaagag	tcaatgccta	ttggcttoga	attagcattt	480
ccatctttga	tagagcttgc	taagagccta	ggtgtccatg	acttccctta	tgatcaccag	540
gccctacaag	gaactctact	ttcaagagag	atcaaaatga	agaggattcc	aaaagaagtg	600
atgcataccg	tttccaaatc	aatattgcac	agtttggagg	gtatgcctgg	cctagattgg	660
gctaaactac	ttaaactaca	gaggagcgac	ggaagttttt	tgctctcacc	agctgccact	720
gcatatgctt	taatgaatac	cggagatgac	aggtgtttta	gctacatcga	tagaacagta	780
aagaaattca	acggcggcgt	ccctaagtgt	tatccagtg	atctatttga	acatatttgg	840
gccgttgata	gacttgaaag	attaggaatc	tccaggctact	tccaaaagga	gatcgaacaa	900
tgcatggatt	atgtaaacag	gcattggact	gaggacggta	tttgttgggc	aaggaactct	960
gatgtcaaa	aggtggacga	cacagctatg	gcctttagac	ttcttaggtt	gcacggctac	1020
agcgtcagtc	ctgatgtggt	taaaaacttc	gaaaaggagc	gtgaattttt	cgcatttgtc	1080
ggacagtcta	atcaagctgt	taccggtatg	tacaacttaa	acagagcaag	ccagatatcc	1140
ttcccaggcg	aggatgtgct	tcataagact	ggtgccttct	catatgagtt	cttgaggaga	1200
aaagaagcag	agggagcttt	gagggacaag	tggatcattt	ctaaagatct	acctggtgaa	1260
gtttgtgata	ctttggattt	tccatggatc	ggcaacttac	ctagagtcga	ggccagagac	1320
tacctagagc	aataccgagg	tggatgagac	gtttggattg	gcaagacatt	gtataggatg	1380
ccacttgaat	acaatgatgt	atatttggaa	tggcaagaaa	tggatttcaa	ccactgccag	1440
gctttgcatc	agttagagtg	gcaaggacta	aaaagatggt	atactgaaaa	taggttgatg	1500
gactttggtg	tcgcccaga	agatgcoctt	agagcttatt	ttcttgagc	cgcatctggt	1560
tacgagcctt	gttagagctgc	cgagaggett	gcattgggcta	gagccgcaat	actagctaac	1620
gccgtgagca	cccacttaag	aaatagocca	tcatcagag	aaaggttaga	gcattctctt	1680
aggtgtagac	ctagtgaaaga	gacagatggc	tctctggtta	actcctcaag	tggctctgat	1740
gcagttttag	taaaggctgt	cttaagactt	actgattcat	tagccagggga	agcacagcca	1800
atccatggag	gtgaccocaga	agatattata	cacaagttgt	taagatctgc	ttgggocgag	1860
tgggttaggg	aaaaggcaga	cgctgcccga	agcgtgtgca	atggtagttc	tgcaagtagaa	1920
caagagggat	caagaatggt	ccatgataaa	cagacctgtc	tattattggc	tagaatgatc	1980
gaaatttctg	ccggtagggc	agctggtgaa	cgagccagtg	aggacggcga	tagaagaata	2040
attcaattaa	caggctccat	ctgagacagt	cttaagcaaa	aaatgctagt	ttcacaggac	2100
cctgaaaaaa	atgaagagat	gatgtctcac	gtggatgacg	aattgaagtt	gaggattaga	2160
gagttcgttc	aatatttctg	tagactaggt	gaaaaaaaga	ctggatctag	cgaaccagg	2220
caaacatttt	taagtatagt	gaaatcatgt	tactatgctg	ctcattgccc	acctcatgtc	2280
gttgatagac	acattagtag	agtgattttc	gagccagtaa	gtgcccga	gtaaccggc	2340

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 3
Arabidopsis thaliana KS (similar to GenBank AEE36246.1)

atgtctatta	atttgagatc	tccggtt	agctcccaa	taagcgcaac	tttggaaag	60
ggcttagact	ctgaagttca	aacaagagca	aacaatgtat	cttttgagca	gaccaaaagag	120
aagatcagga	aaatgcttga	gaaggtcgag	ttgagcgtga	gtgcctatga	cactagtgtg	180
gtagctatgg	tcccatcacc	atccagtcaa	aacgcacctc	ttttcccaca	gtgcgtcaaa	240
tggctacttg	ataatcaaca	tgaggacggc	tcttggggat	tgataacca	cgaccatcag	300
agcttaaaga	aagatgtggt	gtcatccaca	ttagcctcta	tcctagctct	taagaaatgg	360
ggaataggcg	aaagacagat	caataagggt	ctacagtcca	ttgaattaaa	ctctgcacta	420
gttaccgatg	aaactataca	aaaacctaca	ggtttcgaca	tcatttttcc	aggaatgalt	480
aagtacgcc	gggaccttaa	ttgaccata	cctctggct	cagaagtgt	cgacgatatg	540
atcaggaaaa	gagatctaga	cttaaaagtgt	gatagcgaga	aatcagcaa	aggtagagag	600
gcttatcttg	cctatgttct	tgaaaggaact	aggaacttga	aggactggga	cttaattgtg	660
aaatcagaga	gaaagaacgg	tagtctattt	gatagtccag	ctacaaccgc	cgacgtttc	720
actcaatttg	gcaatgacgg	tgcttgagg	tacttatggt	cacttttaca	gaaattcgag	780
gccgacgtgc	ctagtgtata	tccatttgc	caatacgcta	gattaagcat	aatcgctact	840
ttagaatcat	tgggaattga	cagagatttc	aagactgaga	taaaagcat	attggatgag	900
acctataggt	actggcttag	aggtgacgaa	gaaatttccc	tagatttggc	ccatagtgca	960
cttgctttta	ggttgctttt	agcccacggc	tatgacgtgt	catacgatcc	tctaaagcca	1020
tttgcagagg	aatctggttt	cagcgatacc	cttgagggat	atgttaaaaa	caccttttcc	1080
gtattagagc	ttttcaaggc	tgcccanaag	taccctcatg	agagtgtctt	gaaaaagcag	1140
tgttgctgga	caaaacaata	tctagaaatg	gaactaagtt	catgggttaa	aacaagcgtt	1200
agggacaagt	acttgaaaaa	ggaagtggag	gatgctttgg	catttccatc	atatgcctct	1260
ttaaaaagaa	gtgaccacag	aaggaaaaat	cttaatggct	cagcagttga	aaacacaaga	1320
gtaaccaaga	cctcttacag	gttgcataat	atatgtacat	cagatattct	aaaacttgct	1380
gtcgacgatt	tcaacttttg	ccaacttatt	catagagagg	aaatggaaag	attggataga	1440
tggatagtg	agaatagact	acaggaatta	aagttcgcca	gacaaaaat	ggcttactgt	1500
tactttagtg	gctgtgccac	actattctct	ccagaattgt	ctgacgcaag	gatctcatgg	1560
gctaagggag	gtgttctaac	cacagtagtc	gatgactttt	ttgatgttg	cggtagttaa	1620
gaagagcttg	agaacttaac	tcacttggtg	caaaagtggg	atcttaattg	agttcctgaa	1680
tactctcag	agcatgtaga	aataattttc	tctgtcctaa	gagacacatt	cttagaaaac	1740
ggtgataaag	cccttacata	tcagggcaga	aacgttactc	accatattgt	gaaaaatagg	1800
ttggacttac	ttaagagcat	gctaaggggag	gctgaatggt	ccagtgacaa	atcaacccca	1860
tctttggaag	attacatgga	gaatgcctat	atcagcttcg	cattaggtcc	tattgtattg	1920
ccagctacat	accttatagg	acctccacta	cctgaaaaga	ctgtcgactc	ccaccaatat	1980
aatcaattat	acaaacttgt	tagtaccatg	ggtagactat	taaacgatat	ccagggcttt	2040
aagaggggat	cagccgaggg	aaaacttaac	gcagtgtctc	tacatataaa	gcatgaaaga	2100
gacaacagaa	gcaaaagaggt	tattatagaa	tccatgaaa	gattggctga	aaggaaaaga	2160
gaggaaattac	caaaacttgt	actagaagag	aaaggtagtg	tcgttccaag	agaatgcaag	2220
gaagccttct	taaaaatgtc	aaaagtgttg	aacctttttt	ataggaagga	tgatggcttc	2280
acatctaacy	acttgatgag	ccttgtgaaa	tccgtcatct	acgagcctgt	ttcacttcaa	2340
aagagagtc	taacttga					2358

SEQ ID NO: 4
S. rebaudiana K01 (codon optimized)

atggatgctg	tgacgggttt	gttaactgtc	ccagcaaccg	ctataactat	tggtggaact	60
gctgtagcat	tggcggtagc	gctaatcttt	tggtacctga	aatcctacac	atcagctaga	120
agatcccaat	caaatcatct	tccaagagtg	cctgaagtcc	caggtgttcc	attgttagga	180
aatctgtttac	aaatgaaagga	gaaaaagcca	tacatgactt	ttacgagatg	ggcagcgaca	240
tatggacctc	tctatagtat	caaaaactggg	gctacaagta	tggttgtggt	atcatctaat	300
gagatagcca	aggaggcatt	ggtgaccaga	ttccaatcca	tatctacaag	gaaacttatct	360
aaagccctga	aagtacttac	agcagataag	acaatggtcg	caatgtcaga	ttatgatgat	420
tatcataaaa	cagttaaagag	acacatactg	accgccgtct	tggttcttaa	tgacacagaaa	480
aagcatagaa	ttcacagaga	tatcatgatg	gataacatata	ctactcaact	tcatgaattc	540
gtgaaaaaca	accagaaca	ggaagaggta	gaccttagaa	aaatctttca	atctgagtta	600
ttcggcttag	ctatgagaca	agccttagga	aaggatgttg	aaagtttgta	cgttgaagac	660
ctgaaaaatca	ctatgaatag	agacgaaatc	tttcaagtcc	ttgttgttga	tccaatgatg	720
ggagcaatcg	atggtgattg	gagagacttc	tttccatacc	taaagtgggt	cccaaacaaa	780
aagttcgaaa	atactattca	acaaatgtac	atcagaagag	aagctgttat	gaaatctta	840
atcaaaagagc	acaaaaagag	aatagcgtca	ggcgaaaagc	taaatagtta	tatogattac	900
cttttatctg	aagctcaaac	tttaaccgat	cagcaactat	tgatgtcctt	gtgggaacca	960
atcattgaat	cttcagatac	aaacatggtc	acaacagaat	gggcaatgta	cgaattagct	1020
aaaaacccta	aattgcaaga	taggttgtag	agagacatta	agtcogctcg	tggtattgaa	1080
aagataaccg	aagagcatct	atcacagctg	ccttacatta	cagctatttt	ccacgaaaca	1140
ctgagaagac	actaccaggt	tctatcatt	cctctaagac	atgtacatga	agataccggt	1200
ctaggcggct	accatgttcc	tgctggcaca	gaacttggcg	ttaacatcta	cggttgcaac	1260
atggacaaaa	acgtttggga	aaatccagag	gaatggaacc	cagaaagatt	catgaaagag	1320
aatgagacaa	ttgattttca	aaagacgatg	gccttcggtg	gtggtaaagag	agtttgtgct	1380
ggttccttgc	aagccctttt	aactgcactc	atggggattg	ggagaatggt	tcaagagttc	1440
gaatggaaac	tgaaggatat	gactcaagag	gaagtgaaca	cgataggcct	aactacacaa	1500
atgtaagac	cattgagagc	tattatcaaa	cctaggatct	aa		1542

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 5
A. thaliana ATR2 (codon optimized)

atgtcttct	cttctctct	cagtaacct	atgattgatt	tgatggctgc	tattattaaa	60
ggtgaaccag	ttatcgctc	cgaccagca	aatgcctctg	cttatgaatc	agttgctgca	120
gaattgtctt	caatgttgat	cgaaaacaga	caattcgcca	tgatcgtaac	tacatcaatc	180
gctgttttga	tccggttgat	tgtcatgttg	gtatggagaa	gatccgtag	tggttaattct	240
aaaagagtcg	aacctttgaa	accattagta	attaagccaa	gagaagaaga	aatagatgac	300
ggtagaaaga	aagttacaat	atttttcgg	acccaaactg	gtacagctga	aggttttgca	360
aaagccttag	gtgaagaagc	taaggcaaga	tacgaaaaga	ctagattcaa	gatagtcgat	420
ttggatgact	atgccgctga	tgacgatgaa	tacgaagaaa	agttgaagaa	agaagatggt	480
gcatttttct	ttttggcaac	ctatgggtgac	ggtgaaccaa	ctgacaatgc	agccagattc	540
tacaaatggt	ttacagaggg	taatgatcgt	ggtgaatggt	tgaaaaactt	aaagtacggt	600
gttttcggtt	tgggtaacag	acaatcgaa	catttcaaca	aagttgcaaa	ggttgctcgc	660
gatattttgg	tccaacaagg	tgtccaaga	ttagtccaag	taggtttggg	tgacgatgac	720
caatgtatag	aagatgactt	tactgcctgg	agagaagcct	tgtggcctga	attagacaca	780
atcttgagag	aagaaggtga	caccgctgt	gctaccccat	atactgctgc	agtttagtaa	840
tacagagttt	ccatccatga	tagtgaagac	gcaaagttta	atgatatac	tttggccaat	900
ggtaacggtt	atacagtttt	cgatgcacaa	cacccttaca	aagctaactg	tgacgtcaag	960
agagaattac	atacaccaga	atccgacaga	agttgtatac	acttggaatt	tgatatacgt	1020
ggttccggtt	taaccatgaa	gttgggtgac	catgtaggtg	ttttatgcga	caattttgct	1080
gaaactgttg	atgaagcatt	gagattgttg	gatatgtccc	ctgacactta	ttttagtttg	1140
cacgctgaaa	aagaagatgg	tacaccaatt	tccagttctt	taccacctcc	attccctcca	1200
tgtaacttaa	gaacagcctt	gaccagatac	gcttgctgtg	tatcatcccc	taaaagtcc	1260
gccttggttg	ctttagccgc	tcatgctagt	gatcctactg	aagcagaag	attgaaacac	1320
ttagcatctc	cagccggtaa	agatgaatat	tcaaagtggg	tagttgaatc	tcaaagatca	1380
ttgttagaag	ttatggcaga	atttccatct	gccaagcctc	cattaggtgt	cttctttgct	1440
ggtgtagcac	ctagattgca	accaagattc	tactcaatca	gttcttcacc	taagatcgct	1500
gaaactagaa	ttcatgttac	atgtgcatca	gtctacgaaa	agatgccaac	cggtagaatt	1560
cacaagggtg	tatgctctac	ttggatgaaa	aatgctgttc	cttacgaaaa	atcagaaaa	1620
ttgttcttag	gtagaccaat	cttcgtaaga	caatcaaaact	tcaagttgac	ttctgattca	1680
aaggttccaa	taatcatgat	aggtcctggt	acaggtttag	ccccattcag	aggtttcttg	1740
caagaaagat	tggctttagt	tgaatctggt	gtcgaattag	gtccttcagt	tttgttcttt	1800
ggtgttagaa	acgaagaat	ggatctcatc	tatgaagaag	aattgcaag	attcgtcgaa	1860
tctggtgcat	tggccgaatt	atctgtagct	ttttcaagag	aaggtccaac	taaggaatac	1920
gttcaacata	agatgatgga	taaggcatcc	gacatagga	acatgatcag	tcaaggtgct	1980
tatttgtagc	tttgccgtga	cgaaaagggt	atggccagag	atgtccatag	atctttgac	2040
acaattgtct	aagaacaagg	ttccatggat	agtaccaaa	ctgaaggttt	cgtaaaagaa	2100
ttacaaactt	ccggtagata	cttgagagat	gtctggtga			2139

SEQ ID NO: 6
Stevia rebaudiana KAHe1 (codon-optimized)

atggaagcct	cttacctata	catttctatt	ttgcttttacc	tggcatcata	cctgttccacc	60
actcaactta	gaaggaaagag	cgctaatcta	ccaccaaccg	tgtttccatc	aataccaatc	120
atggacact	tatacttact	caaaaagcct	ctttatagaa	ctttagcaaa	aatgtccgct	180
aagtacggac	caatactgca	attacaactc	ggctacagac	gtgttctggt	gatttctctca	240
ccatcagcag	cagaagagtg	ctttaccaat	aacgatgtaa	tcttcgcaaa	tagacctaa	300
acattgtttg	gcaaaatagt	gggtggaaca	tcccttggca	gtttatccta	cgccgatcaa	360
tggcgtaatc	taaggagagt	agcttctatc	gaaatcctat	cagttcatag	gttgaacgaa	420
tttcatgata	tcagagtggga	tgagaacaga	ttgttaatta	gaaaaactag	aagttcatct	480
tctcctgtta	ctcttataac	agtcttttat	gctctaacaat	tgaacgtcat	tatgagaatg	540
atctctggca	aaagatattt	cgacagtggg	gatagagaat	tggaggagga	aggtaagaga	600
tttcgagaaa	tcttagacga	aacgttgctt	ctagccggtg	cttctaagt	tggcagctac	660
ttaccaat	tgaactgggt	gggagttaag	tctcttgaaa	agaaattgat	cgctttgag	720
aaaaagagag	atgacttttt	ccagggtttg	attgaacagg	ttagaaaaac	tcgtggtgct	780
aaagttaggca	aagctagaaa	aacgatgac	gaactcttat	tatctttgca	agagtcagaa	840
cctgagtaact	atacagatgc	tatgataaga	tcttttgtcc	taggtctgct	ggctgcaggt	900
agtgatactt	cagccggcac	tatggaatgg	gccatgagct	tactgggtcaa	tcaccacat	960
gtattgaaga	aagctcaagc	tgaatctatc	agagttatcg	gtaataacag	attgattgac	1020
gagtcagaca	ttggaaat	cccttaccatc	gggtgtatta	tcaatgaaac	tctaagactc	1080
tatccagcag	ggccattggt	gttcccacat	gaaagtctcg	ccgactgcgt	tatttccggt	1140
tacaatat	ctagaggtac	aatgttaact	gtaaaccaat	gggcgattca	tcacgactcct	1200
aaagtcttygg	atgatcctga	aacctttaa	cctgaaagat	tcaaggtatt	agaaggaact	1260
agagatggtt	tcaaaactat	gccattcgg	tctggggagaa	gaggatgtcc	aggatgaaggt	1320
ttggcaataa	ggctgttagg	gatgacacta	ggctcagtg	tccaatggtt	tgattgggag	1380
agagtaggag	atgagatggt	tgacatgaca	gaaggtttgg	gtgtcacact	tcctaaggcc	1440
gttccattag	ttgccaaatg	taagccacgt	tccgaaatga	ctaatactcct	atccgaactt	1500
ttaa						1503

SEQ ID NO: 7
Stevia rebaudiana CPR8

ATGCAATCTAACTCCGTGAAGATTTCCGCGCTTGATCTGGTAACTGCCTGTTTAGCGGCAAGGTTTT
GGACACATCGAACCATCGGAATCGGGAGAATCTGCTATGCTGCCACTATAGCGATGATTAAGGAGA
ATCGTGAGCTGTTGATGATCACTCAACAACGTCGGTGTGCTGATTGATCGGATGCGTGTGCTTTGGTG
TGGCGGAGATCGTCTACGAAGAAGTCCGCGTTCGAGCCACCGGTGATGTGGTTCGGAAGAGAGTGCA

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

AGAGGAGGAAGTTGATGATGGTAAGAAGAAAGTTACGGTTTTCTTCGGCACCCAAACTGGAACAGCTG
AAGGCTTCGCTAAGGCACTGTTGAGGAAGCTAAAAGCTCGATATGAAAAGGCTGCTTTAAAGTAATT
GATTTGCATGATATGCTGCTGATGACDATGAGTATGAGGAGAAAACAAAGAAAGAAATCTTTGGCCTT
TTTTTTTTTGGCTACGTATGGAGATGGTGAGCCACAGATAATGCTGCCAGATTTTATAAATGGTTTA
CTGAGGAGATGCGAAAGGAGAATGGCTTAATAAGCTTCAATATGGAGTATTTGGTTTGGGTAACAGA
CAATATGAACATTTTAAACAAGATCGCAAAGTGGTTGATGATGGTCTTGTGAGAACAGGGTGCAAAGCG
TCTTGTTCCTGTTGGACTTGGAGATGATGATCAATGTATTGAAGATGACTTCACCGCATGGAAGAGT
TAGTATGGCCCGAGTTGGATCAATTACTTCGTGATGAGGATGACACAACCTTGTGCTACTCCATACACA
GCTGCTGTTGACAGATATCGCGCTGTTTTTTCATGAAAACACAGACCGGTTTCTGAAGATTATAGTTA
TACAAATGGCCATGCTGTTTCATGATGCTCAACATCCATGCAGATCCAACGTGGCTGTCAAAAAGGAAC
TTCATAGTCTGAAATCGACCGGCTTGCACCTCACTTGAATTTGACATCTCGAACACCGGACTATCA
TATGAAACTGGGGACCATGTTGGAGTTTACTGTGAAAACCTGAGTGAAGTTGTGAATGATGCTGAAAG
ATTAGTAGGATTACCACAGACACTTACTCCTCCATCCACACTGATAGTGAAGACGGGTCCGCCACTTG
GCGAGCCCTCATTTGCCCGCTCCTTTCCCGCATGCACTTAAAGGAAAGCATTGACGTGTTATGCTGAT
GTTTTGAGTTCTCCCAAGAAGTCGGCTTGTCTGCACTAGCTGCTCATGCCACCGATCCAGTGAAGC
TGATAGATTGAAATTTCTTGCATCCCCCGCGGAAAGGATGAATATTTCTCAATGGATAGTTGCAAGCC
AAAGAAGTCTCCTTGAAGTCATGGAAGCATTTCCCGTCAGCTAAGCCTTCACTTGGTGTTTCTTTGCA
TCTGTTGCCCGCGCTTACACCAAGATACTACTTATTTCTTCCACCAAGATGGCACCGGATAG
GATTCATGTTACATGTGCATTAGTCTATGAGAAAACACCTGCAGGCCGCATCCACAAAGGAGTTTGT
CAACTGGATGAGAACCGCAGTGCCTATGACCCGAGAGTCAAGATTGACGTTGGGCCCAATATACGTC
CGAACATCCATTTAGACTACCATCTGACCTAAGGTCCCGGTTATCATGATTGGACTGGCACTGG
TTTGGCTCCTTTAGAGGTTTCTTCAAGAGCGGTTAGCTTAAAGGAAAGCCGGAACGACCTCGGTT
TATCCATTTTATCTTCGGATGTAGGAATCGCAAAGTGGATTTTATATGAAAACGAGCTTAAACAAC
TTTGTGGAGACTGGTGCTTCTGAGCTTATGTTGCTTCTCCCGTGAAGGCCGACTAAGGAATA
TGTGCAACACAAGATGAGTGAGAAGGCTTCGGATATCTGGAACCTGCTTCTGAAGGAGCATATTTAT
ACGTATGTGGTATGCCAAAGGCATGGCCAAAGATGTACATCGAACCTCCACACAATTTGTCGAAGAA
CAGGGATCTTTGATCTGTCAAAGGCAGAACTCTACGTGAAGAACTTCAAAATGTCAGGAAGATACCT
CCGTGACGTTTGGTAA

SEQ ID NO: 8

Stevia rebaudiana UGT85C2 (codon optimized)
atggatgcaa tggcaactac tgagaaaaag cctcatgtga tcttcaatcc atttccctgca 60
caatctcaca taaaggcaat gctaaaagtt gacacaacta tacaccataa gggattacag 120
ataactttcg tgaataccga cttcatccat aatcaatctc tggaaatctag tggccctcat 180
tgthtggacg gacgccacag gtttagatc gaacaactc ctgacggtgt ttcacatcc 240
ccagaggcct ccatccaat aagagagagt ttaactgaggt caatagaaac caactttttg 300
gatcgtttca ttgacttggc cacaaaact ccagaccac caacttgcac aatctctgat 360
ggctttctgt cagtgtttac tatcgacgt gccaaaaag tgggatccc agttatgatg 420
tactggactc ttgctgcatg cggtttctat ggtttctatc acatccatc tcttatgaa 480
aagggtttg ctccactgaa agatgcatc tacttaacca acggctacct ggatactgt 540
attgactggg taccaggtat ggaaggtata agacttaag atttccctt ggattggtct 600
acagacccta atgataaagt attgatggtt actacagaag ctccacaag atctcataag 660
gtttcacatc atatctttca cacctttgat gaattggaac catcaatcat caaaacctg 720
tctctaagat acaatcatat ctacactatt ggtccattac aattactct agatcaaatt 780
cctgaagaga aaaagcaaac tggatttaca tcttcaacg gctactctt agtgaagag 840
gaaccagaat gttttcaatg gctacaaagt aaagagccta attctgtggt ctacgtcaac 900
ttcggaagta caacaggtat gtccttggaa gatatgactg aatttgggtt gggccttgc 960
aattcaaatc attactttct atgattatc aggtccaatt tggtaaatagg ggaaacgcc 1020
gtattacctc cagaattgga ggaacacatc aaaaagagag gtttcaatgc ttcctgggtg 1080
tctcaggaaa aggtattgaa acatcctct gttggtggtt tcttactca ttcggtttg 1140
ggctctaca tcgaatcact aagtgcagga gttccaatga tttgtggcc atattcatgg 1200
gaccaactta caaattgtag gtatatctgt aaagagtggt aagttggtt agaaatggga 1260
acaaaggtta aacgtgatga agtgaagaa tgggttcagg agttgatggg ggaaggtggc 1320
cacaagatga gaaacaaggc caaagattgg aaggaaaaag ccagaatgct tattgctcct 1380
aacgggtcat cctctctaaa cattgataag atggtaaaag agattacagt cttagccaga 1440
aactaa 1446

SEQ ID NO: 9

S. rebaudiana UGT74G1 (GenBank AAR06920.1)
atggcggaac aacaaaagat caagaaatca ccacacgttc tactcatccc attcccttta 60
caaggccata taaacccttt catccagttt ggcaaacgat taatctccaa aggtgtcaaa 120
acaacacttg ttaccacctt ccacacctt aactcaaccc taaaccacag taacaccacc 180
accacctcca tcgaaatcca agcaatctcc gatggttgtg atgaaggcgg ttttatgagt 240
gcaggagaat catatttggg aacattcaaa caagttgggt ctaaatcact agctgactta 300
atcaagaagc ttcaaaagtga aggaaccaca attgatgcaa tcaattatga ttctatgact 360
gaatgggttt tagatgttgc aattgagttt ggaatcgatg gtggttcggt tttcaactca 420
gcttgtgttg taaacagctt atattatcat gttcataagg gtttgatttc tttgccattg 480
gggtaaaactg tttcggttcc tggatttcca gtgcttcaac ggtgaggag acgcttaatt 540
ttgcagaatc atgagcaaat acagagccct tggctcaga tggttgttgg tcagtttgc 600
aatattgatc aagcacgttg ggtcttcca aatagttttt acaagctcga ggaagaggtg 660
atagagtgga cagagaagat atggaacttg aaggtaatcg ggccaacact tccatccatg 720
taccttgaca aacgacttga tgatgataa gataacggat ttaactctca caaagcaaac 780
catcatgagt gcagtgaactg gttagacgat aagccaaaag aatcagttgt ttacgtagca 840
tttggtagcc tgggtgaaaca tggaccgca caagtggaag aaatcaacag ggcttataa 900
gatagtgatg tcaactctt gtgggttatc aaacataaag aagaggggaa gctcccagaa 960

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.						
aatctttcgg	aagtaataaa	aaccggaaa	ggtttgattg	tagcatggg	caacaattg	1020
gatgtgtag	cacacgaatc	agtaggatgc	tttgttacac	attgtgggtt	caactcaact	1080
cttgaagcaa	taagtcttgg	agtcccogtt	gttgcaatgc	ctcaattttc	ggatcaaac	1140
acaaatgcc	agcttctaga	tgaattttg	ggtgttgagg	ttagagtaa	ggctgatgag	1200
aatgggatag	tgagaagagg	aaatcttgcg	tcatgtatta	agatgatfat	ggaggaggaa	1260
agaggagtaa	taatccgaaa	gaatgocgta	aatggaagg	atttggttaa	agttagcgtt	1320
catgaagggt	gtagctcaga	caatgatatt	gtcgaatttg	taagttagct	aattaaggct	1380
taaatTTTTg	ttgctttgta	ttttatgtgt	tatggTTTTt	tgatttagat	gtattcaatt	1440
aatattgaat	cataactaaa	ttcaagatta	ttgtttgtaa	tattctttgt	cctaaaattt	1500
tgcgacttaa	aacctttagt	ttataaaaa	aaattagaaa	atactattgc	acgga	1555

SEQ ID NO: 10

<i>S. rebaudiana</i> UGT76G1 (codon optimized)						
atggaaaaca	agaccgaaac	aacagttaga	cgtaggcgta	gaatcattct	gtttccagta	60
ccttttcaag	ggcacatcaa	tccaatacta	caactagcca	acgttttgta	ctctaaaggt	120
ttttctatta	caatctttca	caccaatttc	aacaaccaa	aaacatcaa	ttaccacat	180
ttcacattca	gattcactac	tgataatgat	ccacaagatg	aacgtatttc	aaacttacct	240
accacaggtc	ctttagctgg	aatgagaatt	ccaatcatca	atgaacatgg	tgccgatgag	300
cttagaagag	aatttagagtt	acttatgttg	gcatccgaag	aggacagga	agtcctttgt	360
ctgattactg	acgctctatg	gtactttgcc	caatctgtgg	ctgatagttt	gaatttgagg	420
agatttggac	taatgacatc	cagtctgttt	aactttcacg	ctcatgttag	tttaccacaa	480
tttgacgaat	tgggataact	ggaccctgat	gacaagacta	ggtttagagga	acaggcctct	540
ggttttccta	tgttgaaagt	caaagatata	aagtctgcct	attctaattg	gcaaatcttg	600
aaagagatct	taggaaagat	gatcaaacag	acaagggtt	catctggagt	gatttggaac	660
agtttcaaa	agtttagaaga	gtctgaattg	gagactgtaa	tcagagaaa	tcagacacct	720
tcatctctga	taccattacc	aaaacatttg	actgcttctc	cttctctttt	gttggatcat	780
gacagaacag	tttttcaatg	gttggaccaa	caaccaccta	gttctgtttt	gtacgtgtca	840
tttggtagta	cttctgaagt	cgatgaaaag	gacttctctg	aaatcgcaag	aggcttagtc	900
gatagtaagc	agtcatctct	ttgggtcgtg	cgccaggtt	tcgtgaaagg	ctcaacatgg	960
gtcgaaccac	ttccagatgg	ttttctaggg	gaaagaggta	gaatagtcaa	atgggttctt	1020
caacaggaag	tttttagctca	tggcgtattt	ggggcattct	ggactcattc	cggtatgga	1080
tcaactttag	aattcagatg	cgaagggtta	cctatgatct	tttcagattt	tggtcttgat	1140
caaccactga	acgcaagata	catgtctgat	gttttgaaag	tgggtgata	tctagaaaat	1200
ggctgggaaa	ggggtgaaat	agctaattga	ataagacgtg	ttatgggtga	tgaagagggg	1260
gagtatatca	gacaaaaacg	aagagtgctg	aagcaaaaag	ccgacgtttc	tctaatgagc	1320
ggaggctctt	catacgaatc	cttagaatct	cttgtttcct	acatttcac	actgtaa	1377

SEQ ID NO: 11

<i>S. rebaudiana</i> UGT91D2e-b (codon optimized)						
atggctactt	ctgattccat	cgttgacgat	agaaagcaat	tgcattgtgc	tacttttcca	60
tggttggctt	tcggtccat	tttgccatc	ttgcaattgt	ccaagttgat	tgctgaaaag	120
ggtcacaagg	tttcatctct	gtctaccacc	agaaacatcc	aaagattgtc	ctctcatatc	180
tccccattga	tcaacgttgt	tcaattgact	ttgccaagag	tccaagaatt	gccagaagat	240
gctgaagcta	ctactgatgt	tcacccagaa	gatatccctt	acttgaaaa	ggcttccgat	300
ggtttacaac	cagaagttac	tagattcttg	gaacaacatt	cccagattg	gatcatctac	360
gattatactc	attactgggt	gccatccatt	gctgcttcat	tgggtatttc	tagagcccat	420
ttctctgta	ctactgatgt	ggctattgct	tatatgggtc	catctgctga	tgctatgatt	480
aacggttctg	atggtagaac	taccgttgaa	gatttgacta	ctccaccaa	gtggtttcca	540
tttccaacaa	aagtcctgtg	gagaaaacac	gatttggcta	gatttggttc	atacaaaagt	600
ccaggtattt	ctgatgggta	cagaatgggt	atggttttga	aaggttccga	ttgcttgggt	660
tctaagtgtc	atcatgaatt	cggtactcaa	tgggtgcctt	tgttggaaac	attgcatcaa	720
gttccagttg	ttccagtagg	ttgttgcca	ccagaaatc	caggtgacga	aaaagacgaa	780
acttgggttt	ccatcaaaaa	gtggttggat	ggtaagcaaa	agggttctgt	tgtttatggt	840
gcttgggttt	ccgaagcttt	ggtttctcaa	accgaagttg	tgaattggc	tttgggtttg	900
gaattgtctg	gtttgccatt	tgtttgggt	tacagaaaac	ctaaaggtcc	agctaatgct	960
gattctgttg	aattgccaga	tggtttcgtt	gaaagaacta	gagatagagg	tttggtttgg	1020
acttctgtgg	ctccacaatt	gagaattttg	tctcatgaat	ccgtctgtgg	tttcttgact	1080
cattgtgggt	ctggttctat	cgttgaaggt	ttgatgtttg	gtcaccattt	gattatgttg	1140
ccaatctttg	gtgaccaaac	attgaaacgt	agattattgg	aagataagca	agtcctatc	1200
gaaatcccaa	gaaatgaaga	agatggttgc	ttgaccaaag	aatctgttgc	tagatctttg	1260
agatccgttg	tcggtgaaaa	agaaggtgaa	atctacaagg	ctaacgctag	agaattgtcc	1320
agaatctaca	acgataccaa	ggtcgaaaa	gaatacgttt	cccaattctg	tgactacttg	1380
gaaaagaatg	ctagagctgt	tgccattgat	catgaattct	ga		1422

SEQ ID NO: 12

<i>Oryza sativa</i> sequence encoding EUGT11 (codon optimized)						
atggatagtg	gctactcctc	atcttatgct	gctgcccgtg	gtatgcacgt	tgtgatctgc	60
ccttgggttg	cctttggtca	ccctgtacca	tgtctggatt	tagcccaaa	actggcctca	120
agaggccata	gagtatcatt	tgtgtctact	cctagaaaata	tctctcgttt	accaccagtc	180
agacctgtc	tagtctctct	agttgcattc	gttgcctctc	cacttccaag	agtagaagga	240
ttccagacg	gcccgtgaat	tactaatgac	gtaccacatg	atagacctga	catggtcgaa	300
ttgcatagaa	gagcctttga	tggattggca	gctccatttt	ctgatgtcct	gggcaacgca	360
tgtgcagact	gggttatagt	cgatgtattt	catcactggg	ctgctgcagc	cgcatggaa	420
cataaggtgc	cttgtgctat	gatgttgta	gggtcagcac	acatgatcgc	atccatagct	480
gatagaagat	tggaaagagc	tgaaacagaa	tccccagccg	cagcaggaca	aggtaggcca	540

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.		
gctgcccgcc	caacctttga	600
gggatgagtc	ttgctgaaag	660
agatcctgog	tcgagttoga	720
cctattactt	tccttggtct	780
gatgctactg	ttaggtgggt	840
ggttctgagg	taccactagg	900
gccggaacaa	gattcctttg	960
ctaccagctg	ggttogaaga	1020
ccacaaatga	gtattctagc	1080
aactcaacaa	tagaaggact	1140
gatcagggac	ctaacgcaag	1200
aatgatggtg	atggttcott	1260
gttgaggaag	agtcatctaa	1320
gctgacatgg	cttgctcacg	1380
aaagactaa		1389

SEQ ID NO: 13
YBR180W
>sp|P38125|DTR1_YEAST Dityrosine transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = DTR1 PE = 1 SV = 1
MGSEPFQKKNLGLQINSQESGTRSTFHSLEDLGDVINESWDQVNRANIDHDFHEH
PDSSPSLSAQKAKTKEEVAVKSSNSQSRDPSPDQAHIPYTYFSKDQRLIIFGIIIFIG
FLGPMGNIYIPALPLLQREYDVSATTINATVSVFMAVFSVGLFWGALADFGGRKFLYM
VSLSLMLLVNLLLAAPVNI AALFVLRIFQAFASSSVISL GAGTVTDVVPVPHRGAIAIY
FMMGPNMGPIIAPIVAGLILMKGNVWRWLFGPTSIMTGIALLIVTALLPETLRCIVGNPD
PKWGDKDERENNESPPFEGNKISHRRLEPDI GIRKPVNNDAPFQENFPKPKAGLTLYW
KMIKCPPIIITSVSTALLFSSYAFSVTFSSYLEHDFRFTMLEIGAAVYVCGVAMLLGSQ
SGGHLSDYLRSRWIKSHPKKFPFAEFRLLNLIGILLTICGTIGYGWAIFFHYHFVLLV
FSALTAFGMTWCSNTSMTYLTELFPKRAAGTVAVSSFFRNVGAAISSAIILQLCNAMGIG
WCFTGLGLCSSISLIGILYLLIFQRKYTAKEF

SEQ ID NO: 14
YAL067C
>sp|P39709|SE01_YEAST Probable transporter SE01 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SE01 PE = 1 SV = 1
MYSIVKEIIVDPYKRLKWFIPVKRQVEDLPDDLNSTEIVTISNSIQSHETAENFITTS
EKDQLHFETSSYSEHKDNVNVTRSYEYRDEADRPWRRFFDEQEYRINEKERSHNKWSWF
KQGTSPKKEKLLIKLDVLLAFYSCIAYWVKYLDVTNINNAVYSGMKEDLGFQNDLVHTQ
VMYTVGNIIIFQLPFLIYLNKPLNLYVLPDLWLLTVGAAYVNSVPHLKAIRFFIGAF
EAPSYLAYQYLFSGFYKHDEMVRRAFYYLQYIGILSAGGIQSAVYSSLNGVNGLEGWR
WNFIIDATVSVVVGILGFYSLPGDPYNCYSIFLTDDEIRLARKRLKENQTKGSDFPETKVF
DIKLWKTIFSDWKIYLLTLWNIFCWNSDNVSSGAYLLWLKSLKRYSI PKLNQLSMITPGL
GMVYLMLTGIIADKLHSRWFIIIFTVQVNIIGNSILAAWDVAEGAKWPAFMLQCFGWAMA
PVLYSWQNDICRRDAQTRAITLVMTNIMAQSSTAWISVLVWKTBEAPRYLKGFTFTACSA
FCLSITWTFVVLVYFYKRDERNNAKNGIVLYNSKHGVEKPTSKDVETLSVSDEK

SEQ ID NO: 15
YBL089W
>sp|P38176|AVT5_YEAST Vacuolar amino acid transporter 5
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AVT5
PE = 3 SV = 2
MPSNVRSGVLTLLHTACGAGVLAMPFAFKPFLMPGLITLTFCGICSLCGLLLQTRIAKY
VPKSENASFALTKQLINPISVVPDFATAVKCFGVGSYLIIVGDLVPPQIVQSFYRND
NMSGSQEHMFLDRRLYITLIIVFVISPCLPKRSLNSLRYASMI AIVSVAYLSGLIIYHF
VNRHQLERQVYFVMPHGDSQSHSPLTTLPIFVVFAYTCHNMFVINEQVDKSFVKVIRRI
PIFAIVLAYFLYIIIGGTGYMTFGENIVGNILTLYPNSISTTIGRLAMLMLVLAFFPLQ
HPCRSSVKNIIFIENFRKGLYDNRASFIPLDNFNSEDPEAPTQQNNEEPLRSESLR
HINIITLCILLFSYLLAISITSLAKVLAIVGATGSTSISFILPGLFGYKLI GSEFTGTNE
RVPTSIIKIFKXLSLSLFIWGIAMVASLSAIVFLGTSSH

SEQ ID NO: 16
YBL099W
>sp|P07251|ATPA_YEAST ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATP1
PE = 1 SV = 5
MLARTAAIRSLRSLTINLSTKARPAALAAALSTRRLASTKAQTEVSSILEERI KGVSD
NLNETGRVLAVGDGIARVFLMNIQAEEVLFSSGVKGMALNLEPGQVGVIFLFGSDRLVK
EGELVKRTGNIVDVPVPGGLLGRVVDALGNPIDGKGPIDAAGRSRAQVKAPGILPRRSVH
EPVQTGLKAVDALVPIGRGQRELIIGDRQTGKTAVALDITLNQKRWNNGSDES KKLVCYV
VAVGQKRSTVAQLVQTLQHDAMKYSIIVAATASEAAPLQYLAPPTAASIGWFRDNGKH
ALIVYDLSKQAVAYRQLSLLRRPPGREAYPGDVFYLSRLLERAAKLSEKEGSGSLTA
LPVIETQGGDVSAYIPTNVISITDQIIFLEAELFYKGI RPAINVGLSVSRVGSAAQVKAL
KQVAGSLKFLAQYREVAFAQFGSDDLASTKQTLVVRGERLTLQLKQNYSP LATEEQVP
LIYAGVNGHLDGIELSRIGEFESSFLSYLKNHNELETEIREKGELS KELLASLSKATES
FVATF

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 17

YBR241C

>sp|P38142|YB91_YEAST Probable metabolite transport protein YBR241C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YBR2410
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MAETERLMPNGGSRETKPLITGHLILGTIVACLGSIQYGYHIAELNAPQEFLLSCSRFEAP
 DENISYDDTWVGHQHLKQCIALTDSQYGAIITSIFSIGGLFGSYAGNWANRYGRKYVSMG
 ASAMCMVSSLLFFNSYLQLLFGFRFLVGMSCGTAVITPLFINEIAPVWVRGAMGSMNQ
 VSINLIGILLTQTLALKYADSYNWRWLLFSGSVIAVANI LALWKVDES PRWLVS HGFVSEA
 ETALFKLRPGTYQQAKQEI QDWQRSHGHNRDPESSEETHSGPTLWQYVTDPSYKKPRTVI
 LAILSCQQFCGINSIIFYGKVIKILPDYSIQVNFASILNVVVTLAASAIIDHVGRRP
 LLLASTTVMTAMSLISVGLTSLVSFLLVTATFVYIAAFAI GLGPI PFLIIGELSY PQDA
 ATAQSFGTVCNWLATFIVGYLFPIGHGLMGGYVFAIFAIAAMPATVYVYKRPETKGGKT
 YSEVWAGY

SEQ ID NO: 18

YBR294W

>sp|P38359|SUL1_YEAST Sulfate permease 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SUL1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSRKSSTEVVHNQEDADIEVFSEYRTYRESEAAENRDLHNGDEENWKVNSSKQKFGVT
 KNELSDVLYDSIPAYEESTVTLKEYYDHSIKNNLTAKSAGSYLVSLFPIIKWPHYNTFW
 GYADLVAGITVGCVLVLPQMSYAQIASLSPYGLYSSFIGAFIYSLFATSKDVCIGPVAV
 MSLQTAKVIAEVLKYPEDQTEVTAPIIATTLCLLCGIVATGLGILRLGFLVELISLNAV
 AGFMTGSAFNIIWQIPALMGYNSLVNTREATYKVVINTLKLHPNTKLDVAVGLIPLVIL
 YVWKWCGTFGITLADRYYRNQPKVANRLKSFYFQAAMRNAVIVVPTAISWSITRNKS
 SKDRPISILGTVPVSLNEVGMKIPDGLLSNMSSSEIPASIVLVLEHIAISKSGFRINDY
 KVVDPQELIAIGVTNLIGTFPHSYPATGFSRSALKKACNVTRPFGVFTGGCVLLALYC
 LTAFFFPKATLSAVI IHAVSDDLTSYKTTWTFWKTNPDCISFIVTVFIVTFSSIENG
 IFAMCWCSCAMLLLKQAFPAGKFLGRVEVAEVLNPTVQEDIDAVISSNELPNELNKQVKS
 TVEVLPAPYKFSVQWVDFDHGYSRELNINTTVRPPPGVIVYRLGDSFTYVNC SRHYDI
 IFDRIKEETRRGQLITLRRKSDRPWNDPGEWKMPDLSKSLKPKKRHSATTNSDLPI SNGS
 SNGETYKPLLVKVDLQVAVQVDSAVQSLVDRKAVNRYADRVQEFHAGIISPWIK
 RSLLSVKFGTNTNEYSDDSIAGHS SFHVAKVLKDDVDYTDSDRISTSYSNYETLCAAT
 GTNLPPFHIDIPDFSKWV

SEQ ID NO: 19

YCL069W

>sp|P25594|VBA3_YEAST Vacuolar basic amino acid transporter 3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VBA3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MNMLIVGRVVASVGGSQLQTLFCVIGCTMVGERSRPLVISILSCAFVAVAIVGPIIGGAF
 TTHVTRWRCFYINLPIGGLAIIMPLLTAKAENKGLQQIKDAIGTISSTFKFRHQVNF
 KRLMNGIIFKDFDFGFALCSAGLVFLGLTFGGNKYSWNSGQVIAYLVLVGLVLFIFSLV
 YDFPLDFKFNPEPDNISYRPLLLRRLVAKPAIIINMVTFLLCTGYNGQMIYSVQFFQLI
 FASSAWKAGLHLIPIVITNVI AAIASGVITKKLGLVKPLLIFGGVLGVI GAGLMTLMTNT
 STKSTQIGVLLLPFGSLGFALQASLMSAQLQITKDRPEAAMDPIEVTAFNTFMKSLGTLT
 GGVLSTTVFSASFHNKVSRAHLEPYEGKTVDDMILYRLQNYDGSHTIGNILSDSIKNVF
 WMDLGFYALGFLFCSFSSNKKLIIPKDETPEDNLEDK

SEQ ID NO: 20

YCR028C

>sp|P25621|FEN2_YEAST Pantothenate transporter FEN2 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = FEN2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MMKESKSTQHEVERESVSKRAIKRLLLFKIDLVLSFVCLQYWINYVDRVGFNTAYI
 SGMKEDLKMVGNLTVSNTVFMIGYIVGMVNNMLMLCVPPRIWLSFCTFAWGLLTLGMY
 KVTSFKHICAIRFPQALFESCTFSGTHFVLGWSYKEDELPIRSIFTGSGLVGSMFSGFM
 QTSIFTHLNGRNLGAWRWLFIIIDFCITLPIAIYGFIFFPGLPDQTS AVSKFSMTRYIFN
 EQELHYARRRRLPARDESTRLDWSTIPRVLKRWHWMMFSLVWVWVGGENLGFASNSTFALWL
 QNQKYLTAQRNYPYSGIFAVGIVSTLCSAVYMSKIPRARHWHVSVFISLVVMIIVAVLIRA
 DPLNPKVVFSAQYLGAVYAGQAVFVSWANII CHADLQERAI VLASMMNMFSGAVNAWWSI
 LFFASDMVPKFERGCYALLATAISSGIVSVVIRSLQIKENLSKKQVPYIDANDMPGEDDD
 DDNQDNENDGDDESMEVELHNEEMAEISNPFR

SEQ ID NO: 21

YCR075C

>sp|P17261|ERS1_YEAST Cystine transporter OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ERS1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MVSLDDILGIVVYVTSWSISMPPIITNWRHKSASAIMDFVMLNTAGYSYLVISIFLQLY
 CWKMTGDES DLGRPKLTQDFWYCLHGCLMNVVLLTQVAVAGIWRFPKGRKMNPNWYL
 RILLASLAIFSLLTQVFMYSNYWYDWHNSRTLAYCNNLFLKISMSLIKIYIPQVTHNSTR
 KSMDCFPTQGVFLDVTGGIASLLQLIWLQSLNDQGFSLDTFVTFNGKVLGSMVTLIFNFI
 INQWVYR SRGHDLASEYPL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 22
 YDL128W
 >sp|Q99385|VCX1_YEAST Vacuolar calcium ion transporter
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VCX1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MDATPPLLTVANSHPARNPKHTAWRAAVYDLQYILKASPLNPLLVFVPLGLIWHGFQLSH
 TLTPLFNFLAIIPLAAI LANATEELADKAGNTIGGLLNATPGNAVELIVSI IALKKGQVR
 IVQASMLGSLLSNLLVLGLCFIFGGYNRVQQTFFNQTAQTMSLLAIACASLLIPAAFR
 ATPLPHGKEDHFIDGKILELSRGTSSIVILIVVFLFLYFQLGSHHALFEQQEETDEVMSTI
 SRNPHHSLSVKSSLVILLGTTVIISFCADFLVGTIDNVVESTGLSKTFI GLIIVPIVGN
 AEHVTSVLVAMKMDLALGVAIGSSLQVALFVTFPMVLVGMIDVPMTLNFSTFETATL
 FIAVFLSNYLILDGESNWLEGVMSLAMYILIAMAFFYYPDEKTLDSIGNSL

SEQ ID NO: 23
 YDL185W
 >sp|P17255|VATA_YEAST V-type proton ATPase catalytic subunit A
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VMA1
 PE = 1 SV = 3
 MAGAIENARKEIKRISLEDHAESYGAISVSGPVVIAENMIGCAMYELVKVGHNDNLVGE
 VIRIDGDKATIQVYEEETAGLTVGDPVLRGTGKPLSVELGPGLMETIYDGIQRPLKAIKEES
 QSIYIPRGIDTPALDRITIKWQFTPGKQVGDHISGGDIYGSVFENSLISSHKILLPPRSR
 GTITWIAPAGEYTLDEKILEVEFDGKSDFTLYHTWPVRVPRPVTEKLSADYPLLTGQVR
 LDALFPCVQGGTTCIPGAFGCGKTVISQSLSKYSNSDAIIVVGCFAKGTNVLMDGSI EC
 IENIEVGNKVMGDKGRPREVIKLPRGRETMYSVVQKSQHRAHKS DSSREVPPELLKFTCNA
 THELVVRTPRSVRRLSRITIKGVEYFEVITFEMGQKKAPDGRIVELVKEVSKSYPISEGPE
 RANELVESYRKASNKAYFEWTI EARDLSLLGSHVRKATYQTYAPILYENDHFFDFMOKSK
 FHLTIEGPKVLAYLLGLWIGDGLSDRATFSVDSRDTSLMERVTEYAEKLNLCAYEKDRKE
 PQVAKTVNLYSKVVVRNGIRNNLNTENPLWDAIVGLGFLKDGVKNI PSFLSDNIGTRET
 FLAGLIDSDGVYTDHEGIKATIKTIHTSVRDGLVSLARSLGLVSVNAEPKVDMMNGTKH
 KISYAIYMSGGDVLLNVLKSCAGSKKFRPAPAAAFARECRGFYFELQELKEDDYGITLS
 DSDSHQFLLANQVNVHNCGERGNEMAEVLMEEPELYTEMSGTKEPIMKRTTLVANTSMP
 VAAREASTYTGITLAEYFRDQGNVSMIADSSSRWAEALREISGRLEGMPADQGFPAVLG
 AKLAFYERAGKAVALGSPDRTGVSIVAAVSPAGGDFSDPVTATLGI TQVFWGLDKKL
 AQRKHPSPINTSVSYKYTNVNLKFDYSNYPEFVLRDRMKELLSNAEELEQVVLVGVKS
 ALSDSDKITLDVATLIKEDFLQQNGYSTYDAFCPIWKT FDMRAFISYHDEAQA KAVANGA
 NWSKLADSTGDVKHAVSSSKFPEPSRGEKEVHGFEKLLSTMQERFAESTD

SEQ ID NO: 24
 YDL194W
 >sp|P10870|SNF3_YEAST High-affinity glucose transporter SNF3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SNF3
 PE = 1 SV = 3
 MDPNSNSSSETLRQEQGFLDKALQRVKGIALRRNNSNKDHTDDTTGSI RPTSLQRQN
 SDRQSNMTSVPTDDISTIDDNSILFSEPPQKQSMMSICVGVFVAVGGFLPGYDTGLINS
 ITSMNYVKSHVAPNHDSFTAQQMSILVLSFLSLGTFFGALTAPFISDSYGRKPTIIFSTIF
 IFSIGNSLQVAGGITLLIVGRVISGIGIGAISAVVPLYQAEATHKSLRGAIIISTYQWAI
 TWGLLVSSAVSQGTHARNDASSYRIPIGLQVWVSFLAIGMFFLPESPRYVVLKDKLDEA
 AKLSFLRQVPHVDSGLLEELVEIKATYDYEASEGSSNFIDCFISSKSRPKQLRMPFTGI
 ALQAFQQQSGINFI FYGVNPNFKTGVSNSVLVSIYAVNVVFNVPGLFFVEFPGRKRV
 LVVGGVIMTIANFIVAVIGCSLKTVAAKVMIAFICLPIAASFATWGGVWVWISAEYLP
 GVRSKCTAICAAANLWVNFICALITPYIVDTGSHSTSLGAKIFFIWGSLNAMGVIVVYLT
 VYETKGLTLEEIDELIYIKSSTGVVSPKFNKDIRERALKFYDPLQRLLEDGKNTFVAKRNN
 FDETPRNDFRNTISGEIDHSPNQKEVHSIPERVDIPTSTEILESPNKSSGMTVPVSPSL
 QDVP IQTTEPAEIRTKYVDLGNLGLNTYNRGPPSLSDSSEDEYTEDEIGGPPSQGDQS
 NRSTMNDINDYMARLIHSTSTASNTTDKFSGNQSTLRVHTASSHSDTTEEDSNLMDLNG
 LALNAYNRGPPSILMNSDDEEANGGETSDNLNTAQDLAGMKERMAQFAQSYIDKRGGLEP
 ETQSNILSTSLSVMDATNEHNNEILHSSEENATNPVNENNDLK

SEQ ID NO: 25
 YDL210W
 >sp|P32837|UGA4_YEAST GABA-specific permease OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = UGA4 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSMSKKNENKISVEQRISTDIGQAYQLQGLGSLNLSIRSKTGAGEVNYIDAARKSVNDNQL
 LAEIGYKQELKRFSTLQVFGIAFSIMGLLPSIASVMGGGLGGPALTLVWGVFVAFFLIL
 LVGITMAEHASSIPTAGGLYWTYYYAPEGYKEISFIIGCSNSLALAGVCSIDYGLAE
 ETAAAVTLTKDGNFEVTSGLKYGIFAGAVVMCICTCVASGAIARLQTLISIFANLFIIVL
 LFIALP IGTKHRMGGFNDGDFIFGKYENLSDWNNGWQFCLAGEMPVAVTIGSFDSCVHQ
 EEAKDAKKSVPIGISSIAVCWILGWLIICLMACINPDIDSVLDSKYGFALAQI IYDSL
 GKKWAI AFMSLI AFQFLMGASITTA VSRQVWAFSRDNLPLSKYIKRVDISKYVPPFAI
 LAACVGSLLILGLLCLIDDAATDALPSLAVAGNNLAWSTPTVFRLTSGRDLFRPFPFYLK
 I WSP I VAWTGVAFQLFI I I LVMFP SQQHGI TKSTMNYACVIGPGIWL AGIYYKYKKKY
 YHGPATNLSDDDYTEAVGADV IDTIMSKQEP

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 26
YDR061W
>sp|Q12298|YD061_YEAST Uncharacterized ABC transporter ATP-binding protein YDR061W OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YDR061W PE = 1 SV = 1
MSTNKFVVRITNALFKSSLASNSPPVYPKRIRHFEILPNEKWVIWGPQKGFLLDVLNKKY
ICEPPLSLRFGFLKSSNILPRIEQVAFKGVMPHTAHLARSAYEYFKDDYDQTCQFIFDKA
SGSNVAVSKVETNNRQINMELYNALVENLNLSSLQDRWVMGLSNQOMRRARLARSILKEP
DLLLIDDDPFLGLDPAAIATISQFLAKYDSIEVSGGCPVIGLRYQDTIPAWCTHICCVDE
KNGILFEGPIEKLQSKMDETRSRALKELEQLKASNSKEDISINDLICIHPMYGKKEHEI
IKMPHLIELDGLSVSYKGEAVLENLHWKQVQPGSKWHIRGDNVSGKSTLLSLTAEHPQSW
NSRVINDGVPRRTGKTNFYDLNSKIGMSSPELHAIFLKNAGGRMLNIRESVATGYHEASSN
NYLPWIKRLDKNSQEIWNMYLKYFGLDKDADSVLFEQLSVSDQKLVLFVRSLLIKMPQILI
LDEAFSGMEVEPMMRCHFELEWPGTVLVVAHVAEETPKCAHYLRLISPGYEIIGDMEN

SEQ ID NO: 27
YDR093W
>sp|Q12675|ATC4_YEAST Phospholipid-transporting ATPase DNF2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = DNF2 PE = 1 SV = 1
MSSPSKPTSPFVDDIEHESGSASNGLSSMSPFDDSFQFEKPSAHGNIEVAKTGGSVLKR
QSKPMKDI STPDLSKVTFDGIDDDYSNDNDINDDDELNGKKEIHEHEHENEVDDDLHSPQAT
PMPNTGGFEDVELDNNEGSNNSQADHKLKRVRFGRTRNKSGRIDINRSKTLKWKAKNFH
NAIDEFSTKEDSLNSALQNRSEDLRTVYINLPLPEDMLDEDGLPLAVYPRNKIRTTKYT
PLTFPPKNILFQFHNFIYFLILLILGAFQIFGVNTNPGFASVPLIVIVII TAIKDGIED
SRRTVLDLEVNTRTHILSGVKNENVAVDNVS LWRFFKANTRALIKIFEYFSENLTAAAG
REKLLQKKREELRRKRNSRSPGPRGSLDSIGSYRMSADFGRPSLDYENLNQTM SQANRYN
DGENLVDRTLQPNPECRFAKDYKVKVGDIVRVHNNDIEIPADMILLSTSDVDGACYVET
KNLDGETNLKVRQSLKCSKIIKSRSDI TRTKFWESEGFPHANLYSYQGNFKWQDTQNGNI
RNEPVNINLLRGCTLRNTKWAMGMVIFTGDDTKIMINAGVTPTKKSRI SRELNF SVIL
NFVLLF ILCFPAGI VNGVYKQKPRSRDYFEFGTIGGSASTNGFVSPWVAVILYQSLVPI
SLYISVEI IKTAAIIFIYTDVLLYNAKLDYPTPKSWNISDDLQGI EYIFSDKGTLTQN
VMEFKKCTINGVSYGRAYTEALAGLRKRQGVDSVSEGRREKEIEIAKDRETMIDELRMSD
NTQCFPEDLTFVSKIEIVEDLKGSSGDHQKCEHFLALALACHSVLVEPNKDDPKKLDIK
AQSPDESALVSTARQLGYSFVGSKSGLIVEIQGVQKEFQVLNVLEFNSRRKRMSCIIKI
PGSTPKDEPKALLICKGADSVIYSRDLRTQNDATLLEKTAHLHEEYATEGLRTLCLAQRE
LTSWYERWVKTVDVAAAASVTNREBEELDKVTDVIERELLLGGTAIEDRLQDGVDPDSIAL
LAEAGIKLWVLTGDKVETAINGFSCNVLNNDMELLVVKASGEDVEEFGSDPIQVNNLV
TKYLRKFGMSGSEELKEAKREHGLPQGNFAVIDGDALKVALNGEEMRRKFLLLCKNC
KAVLCCRVSPAQKA AVVKLVKKTLDVMTLAI GDGSNDVAMIQSADVGVG IAGEEGRQAVM
CSDYAIAGQFRYVTRVLVHVGKWCYKRLAEMIPQFFYKNVIFTL S LFWYGIYNNFDGSLF
EYTYLTFYNLAPTSVPVILLAVLDQDVS DTVSMVLPQLYRVGILRKEWNQTKFLWYMLDG
VYQSVICFPFFPYLA YHKNMVVTENGLGLDHRVFGVFTAVTAVTS CNFYVPMQYRWDWF
CGLFICLGLAVFYGTGWTSSSSSNEFYKGAARVFAQPAYWAVLVFVGVLFCLPRFTID
CIRKIFYPKDI EIVREMWRGDFDLYPQGYDPTDPSRPRINEIRPLTDFKEPISLDTHFD
GVSHSQETIVTEEIPMSILNGEQSRKGYRVSTTLERRDQLSPVTTNNLPRRSMASARG
NKLRTSLDRTREEMLANHQLDTRYSVERARASLDLPGINHAETLLSQRSDR

SEQ ID NO: 28
YDR338C
>sp|Q05497|YD338_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter YDR338C OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YDR3380 PE = 1 SV = 1
MAGILSKTLSEVHPSLRTNGMIGINTHRRISLGFLLPKNKNPLVRKFRARTRNIDQRSFR
SLTDDFGSNVHEPNYLGNI DEEPDLYHDEEDGELSRTISLPSRVS ETPELSPQDVDWI
LHEHERRYSSVCNSDNEEASQSNTPDRIQEYSGRELEYDEFMNLQAQKQLTRS AVTDA
KGTSHHRRPSPFVSVTSRGSVPTIYQEIENDSEALAE LAHSHVTFKSEARV LASYSFPLI
FTFLEQIFPMVCSLTVGHGKNE LA AVSLASMTSNITLAI FEGIATSLD LCPQAYGSG
REFYSVGVHLQRCIAFSLVYI PFVAMWYSEPLLSYII PEKELINLTSRFLRVLLIGAPA
YIFFENLKRFLQAQGFIDAGIYVLTICAPLNVLVSYTLVWNKYIGVGFIAAIAVVLNFW
LMFFLLLFYALYIDGRKCWGGFSRKAFTHWNDLGHAFSGIIMLEAEELSYELLTFSAY
YGVSYLAAQSAVSTMAALLYMI PFAIGISTSTRIANFI GAKRTDFAHIS SQVGLSFSFIA
GFINCCILVFGRNLIANIYSKDPEVIKLI AQVLPVGVIQNFDSLNAVAGSCLRGQGMQS
LGSIVNLMAYLFGIPLALILSWFFDMKLYGLWIGIGSAMLILGLVEAYYVLPFDWKIM
TYAEILKETEDDEVDSD EYLTDSDDPDENTALLGA

SEQ ID NO: 29
YDR406W
>sp|Q04182|PDR15_YEAST ATP-dependent permease PDR15 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PDR15 PE = 1 SV = 1
MSSDIRDVEERNRSRSSSSSSNSAAQSIGQHPYRGFDEAAERVELARTLTSQSLLYT
ANSNNSSSNHNAHNA DRSRVFSTDMEGVNPVFTNPDPGYNPKLDPNSDQFSSTAWQON
MANICTSDPDFYKPYSLGCVWKNLSASGDSADVSYQSTFANIVPKLLTKGLRLLKPSKEE
DTFQILKPMDGCLNPGELLVVLGRPGSGCTLLKSISSNSHGFKIAKDSIVSYNGLSSD

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

IRKHYRGEVYNAESDIHLPHTLVYQTLFTVARMKTPQNRKIGVDREAYANHVTEVAMAT
 YGLSHTRDTKVGNDLVRGVSGGERKRVSAEVAICGARFQCWDNATRGLDSATALEFIRA
 LKTQADIGKTAATVAIYQCSQDAYDLFDKVCVLDGQYLYFGPAKDAKKYFQDMGYCPP
 RQTTADFLTITSITSPETERIISKEFIEKGRVPTPKDMAEYWLQSESYKNLIDIDSTLEK
 NTDEARNIRDAHAKQAKRAPSSPYVNVGMQVKYLLIRNFWRMKQSASVTLWQVIGN
 SVMAFILGSMFYKVMKNDTSTFYFRGAAMPFAILFNAFSCLEIFSLYETRPITEKHRT
 YSLYHPSADAFASVLEMPPKLITAVCFNIFYPFLVDFRRNGGVFFYYFLINVIATFTLS
 HLFRCVGSLLTKTLQEQAMVPASMLLLAISMYTGFAIPKTKILGWSIWIWYINPLAYLPESL
 MINEFHDRRFPCAQYIPAGPAYQNI TGTQRVCSAVGAYPGNDYVLGDDFLKESYDEYHKH
 KWRGFGIGMAYVVFVFFVYLI LCEYNEGAKQKQGMVVFVLRSKI KQLKKEGKLEKHPGD
 IENNAGSSPDSATTEKKILDDSSSEGSDDSSDNAGLGLSKSEAI PWRDLCDYDVPKGGQR
 RILNNVDGWVPGTTLTALMGASGAGKTTLLDCLAERVMTGVI TGNIFVDGRLRDESPRS
 IGYCQQDLHLKATVRESLRFSAYLRQPSVSVIEEKRYVEEVI KILEMQQYSDAVVGV
 AGEGLNVEQRKRLTIGVELAARPKLLVFLDEPTSGLDSQTAWDTCOLMRKLATHGQAILC
 TIHQPSAILMQQFDRLLFLQKGGQTVYVPGDLGEGCKTMDIFESKGAHKCPDANPAEWM
 LEVVGAAPGSHATQDYNVWRNSDEYKAVQEELDWMEKNLPGRSKEPTABEHPFAASLY
 YQFMVTRIRLQQLYWRSPDYLWSKFLITIFNQVF IGTFFKADRSLOGLQNLQMSIFMYT
 VIFNPI LQOYLP SFVQQRDLYEAREPRTSFLAFFLSQI IVEIPWNLGATIAICYIY
 YAVGFYANASAAQQLHERGALFWLFSIAFYVYIGSMGLLMSFNEVAETAAMGTLTLPMT
 ALSFCGMATPKVMPRFWI FMYRVSPLTYMIDALLALGVANVDVKCSNYEMVKFPPSPGT
 TCGDYMASYIKLAGTGYLSDPSATDICSFCVAVSTNAFLATFSSHYRRWRNYGIFICYI
 APDYIAATFLYWLSRVPKKNGKISEKPKK

SEQ ID NO: 30
 YDR536W
 >sp|P39932|STL1_YEAST Sugar transporter STL1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = STL1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MKDLKLSNFKGKFSRTSHWGLTGKRLRYFITIASMTGFSLFGYDQGLMASLITGKQFN
 EPPATKENGDRHATVTVQGAATTSCYELGCPAGSLFVVMFCGERIGRKLILMGSVITIG
 AVISTCAFRGYWALGQFII GRVVTGVGTGLNTSTIPVWQSEMSKAENRGLLVNLEGSTIA
 FGTMIAYWIDPGLSYTNSSVQWRPVPVSMQIVFALFLAFMIKLPESPRWLISQSRTEEAR
 YLVGTLDDADPNDEVI TEVAMLHDVAVNRKKEKHSLSLSPSRGRSQNLQRLALIAASTQF
 FQQFTGCNAAIYYS TVLFNKTIKLDYRLSMIIGGVFATIALSTIGSFFLI EKLGRKLF
 LLGATGQAVSPTITFAVLKVENKENARGAAVGLFLFITFFGLSLLSLPWYPPETIASMKV
 RASTNAFSTCTNWL CNFAVVMFTPIFIGSGWGCYLPFAVMNYLYIPVIFFFYPETAGRS
 LEEIDIIFAKAYEDGTQPRVANHLPKLSLQEVEDHANALGSYDDEMEKEDFGEDRVEDT
 YNQINGDNSSSSSNIKNEDTVNDKANFEG

SEQ ID NO: 31
 YEL031W
 >sp|P39986|ATC6_YEAST Manganese-transporting ATPase I
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SPF1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTKKSFVSSPIVRDSTLLVPKSLIAKPYVLPFFPLYATFAQLYFQYDRYIKGPEWTFVY
 LGTLVSLNLLVMLPAMVVKIKAKFNYSTTKNVNEATHILYITTPNNGSDGIVEIQRVTE
 AGSLQTFQFQKRFVWHENEQVFSPPKFLVDESPKIGDFQKCKGHSGLDHLKRLRYGEN
 SFDIPIPTFMELFKEHAVAPLFPVQVFCVALWLLDEFWYSLFNLFMIISMEAAVFPQRL
 TALKEFRITMGIKPYITINVRNKKWVALQTNELLPMDLVSITRTAESAI PCDLILLDGS
 IVNEAMLSGESTPLKESIKLRPSEDNLQLDGVDKIAVLUGGTKALQVTPPEHKS DIPPP
 PDGGALAVTKTGFETSQGLVVRVMIYSAERVSVDNKEALMFLFLIFAVIASWYVWVE
 GTKMGRIQSKLLDLCILITSVVPPPELPMELTMAVNSSALALAKFYVYCTEFPFRIPFAGR
 IDVCCFDKGTGLTGEDLVFEGLAGISADSENIRHLYSAAEAPESTILVIGAAHALVKLED
 GDIVGDPMEKATLKAVGWAVERKNSNYREGTKGLDI IRRFQFSSALKRSAS IASHNDALF
 AAVKGAPETIRERLSDIPKNYDEIYKSPTRSGSRVLALASKSLPKMSQSKIDDLNRDDVE
 SELTFNGFLIFHCPLKDDAIEITIKMLNESSHRSIMITGDNPLTAVHVAKEVGVIFGETLI
 LDRAGKSDDNQLLFRDVEETVSI PFDPSKDTFDHSLKLPDRYDI AVTGYALNALEGHSQLR
 DLLRHTWVYARVSPSQKEFLNLTLDKMGYQTLKMGDGTNDV GALKQAHVGI ALLNGTEEG
 LKKGQRRLEGMKMMYIKQTEFMARWNPQPPVPEPIAHLFPFGPKNPHYLKALESKGT
 VITPEIRKAVEANSKPVEVI KPNGLSEKKPADLALSLNLSAGDAQGDEAPALKLGDASC
 AAPFTSKLANVS AVTNI IRQGRCALVNTIQMYKILALNCLISAYSLSI IYMAGVKFGDGO
 ATVSGLLSVCFLSISRKPLEKLSKQRPSGIFNVYIMSGILSQFAVHIATLVYITTEI
 YKLEPREPQVLEKEFAPSLLNTGIFPI IQLVQQVSTFAVNYQGEPPRENIRSNKMGYYGL
 LGVTGLALASATEFLPELNEAMKFPVMTDDFKIKLTLTLLDFGSGWVGEHFFKFFFMDD
 KPSDISVQVQKIASK

SEQ ID NO: 32
 YER166W
 >sp|P32660|ATC5_YEAST Phospholipid-transporting ATPase DNF1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = DNF1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSGTFHGDGHAPMSPFEDTFQFEDNSSNEDTHIAPHDFDGGATSNKYSRPQVSNFDETPK
 NKREDAEEFTFNDDTEYDNHFSFQPTPKLNNGSGTFDDVELDNDSEGPHTNYDGMKFRFMG
 TKRNKKNPIMGRSKTLKWARKNIPNPFEDFTKDDIDPGAINRAQELRTVYNNMPLPKDM
 IDEEGNPIMQYPRNIRTKYTPLIFLPLKNLIFQPHNFANVYFLVLI ILGAFQIPGVNTP
 GLSAVPLVVIVITAIKDAIEDSRRTVLDLEVNNTKTHILEGVENENVSTDNI SLWRRFPK

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

KANSRLLFKFIQYCKEHLTEEGKKRMRQRKHELRLVQKTVGTSGPRSSLDSDSYRVSAD
 YGRPSLDYDNLEQAGAGEANIVDRSLPPRTDCKFAKNYWKGVKVDIVRIHNNDEIPADII
 LLSTSDTDGACVYETKNLDGETNLKVRQSLKCTNIRTSTKDIARTKFWIES EGHNSLYT
 YQGNMKWRNLADGEIRNEPITINNVLRLRGCTLRNTKWAMGVMMFTGGDTKIMLNSGITPT
 KKSRLSRELNFSVVINFLVLLFCVFSGIANGVYDCKGRSRFSYEFGTIAGSAATNGFV
 SFWAVILYQSLVPIISLYI SVEIKTAQAAPFYGDVLLYNALDYPCTPKSWNI SDDLQ
 VEYIFSDKTGTLTQNVMEFKKCTINGVSYGRAYTEALAGLRKRQGDVETEGRREKAEIA
 KDRDTMIDELRALSGNSQFYPEEVTFSKPEFVRDLKASGEVQQRCCEHFMLALALCHSV
 LVEANPDNPKLLDLKAQSPDEAALVATARDVGFSPVGGTKKGLI IEMQGIQKEFEILNIL
 EFNSSRKRMSCTIKIPGLNPGDEPRALLICKGADSI IYRSLRSQSGNSSEAILKKTALHL
 EQYATEGLRRLTLCIAQRELSWSSEYKWNKYDIAAASLANREDELEVVADSI ERELI LLGG
 TAIEDRLQDGVPCIELLAEAGIKLWVLTGDKVETA INIGFSCNLLNEMELLVIKTTGD
 DVKEFGSEPEIVDALLSKYLKEYFNLTGSEEEIPEAKKHEFPKGNVAIVIDGALKLA
 LYGEDIRKFLLLCKNCRVLCRRVSPSQKAAVVKLVKDSLDMVTLAIGDGSNDVAMIQS
 ADVGIGIAGEGRQAVMCSDYAIGQFRYLARLVLVHGRWSYKRLAEMIPFPYKMNIFAL
 ALFWYGIYNDFDGYSLYEYTYMMFYNLAFTSLPVI FLGILDQDQVNDTISLVVPQLYRVGI
 LRKEWNQRKFLWYMLDGLYQSII CFFPPYLVYMKNMIVISNGLGLDHRYPVGVYVTTIAV
 ISCNTYVLLHQYRWDWFSGLFI ALSCLVVFVWGTWSSAIASREFFKAAARIYGAPSPFA
 VFFVAVLFCLLPRFTYDSFQKFFYPDVEIVREMWMQMGHFDHYPGYPIDPNRPKVTKA
 GQHGEKII EGIALSNDLGGSNYSRDSVTEETPMTFMHGEDGSPSGYKQKQETWMTSPKET
 QDLLQSPQFQQAQTFGRGFSINVRSSLDRTREQMIATNQLDNRYSVVERARTSLDLPGVIN
 AASLIGTQQNN

SEQ ID NO: 33
 YFL011W
 >sp|P43581|HXT10_YEAST Hexose transporter HXT10 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = HXT10 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MVSSSVSILGTSAKASTSLSRKDEIKLTPETREASLDIPYKPI IAYWTVMGLCLMIAPGG
 FIFGWDTTISGFINQTDFKRRFQELQRDGSGFQLSDVRTGLIVGIFNIGCALGGLTLGRLL
 GDIIYGRKIGLMLCVIIVVYVGIQIASSDKWYQYFIRIVSGMGVGGVAVLSPTLISEIS
 PKHLRGTCVSYFQYLMITLGIPLGYCTNYGTTKYSNSIQWRVPLGLCFAWAIFMVGMMV
 PESPRYLVEKGYEARRSLAKSNKVTVDPGVVFEPDTIVANMELERAVGNASWHELFS
 NKGAILPRVIMGIVIQSLQQLTGCNYFFPYGTTFNVAVMQDSEFETSIVLGAVNFASTFV
 ALYIVDKFGRKCLLWGSASMAICFVIFATVGVTRLWPQKQDQPSQSAGNVMIVFTCFPI
 IFSFAITWAPIAYVIVAETYPRLVKNRAMAIAVGNWMMWGLIGFPTPFITRSIGFSYGI
 VFMGLIFSYFVYVFFVFCETKGLTLEEVNEMYEERIKPWKSGGWI PSSRRTPOPTSSTPL
 VIVDSK

SEQ ID NO: 34
 YGL006W
 >sp|P38929|ATC2_YEAST Calcium-transporting ATPase 2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PMC1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSRQDENSALLANNENKPSYTGNEGVYDNFKLSKSKSLSDLHNPKSI RSPVRLPFGYESN
 SLFKYLKTDKNAGISLPEISNYRKTNRKYNIGDNLPERIPKSPQLVWAAAFNDKTMQLL
 TVAAVVSFVLGLYELWMPQPPQYDEPGNKIKQVDWIEGVAIMIAVFPVVLVLSAANDYQKEL
 QFAKLNKKKENRKIIVIRNDQEIILSIHHVLVGDVLSLQTDGVPVADCVMI SGKCEADES
 SITGESNTIQKFPVDNSLRDPKPFNSIDSHNHSKPLDIGVNEEDGNK IADCMILSGSRIL
 SGLGRGVI TSVGINSVYQTMSTLNAEPES TPLQLHLSQLADNISVYGCVSAI ILLFLVLF
 TRYLFYIIPEDGRFHLDLPAQKSGKFMNIFITSI TVIVVAVPEGLPLAVTLALAFATTRM
 TKDGNLVRVRSCE TMSATAVCSDKTGTLENVMTVVRGPPGNSKFDPSKSLVPVSEQRK
 LNSKKVFEENCSSSLRNDLLANI VLNSTAFENRDKKNDKNTNGSKNMSKNLSFLDKCKS
 RLSFFKGNREDEDEQLFKNVNKGQEPPIGSKTETALLSLARLSLGLQPGELQYLRDQP
 MEKFNIEKVVQTI PFESSRKAAGLVVYKKEGKPKPFYRFFIKGAAEIVSKNCSYKRNSD
 DTLEEINEDNKKETDDEIKNLASDALRAISVAHKDFCECD SWPPEQLRDKDSPNIAALDL
 LFNQKGLI LDGLLGIQDPLRAGVRESVQQCQRAGVTVRMTGDNILTAKAIARNCAILS
 TDISSEAYSAMEGTEFRKLTNERIRI LPNLRVLRSSPEDKRLLVETLKGMDVVAVTG
 DGTNDAPALKLADVGFSGMISGTEVAREASDI ILMTDDFSAI VNAIKWGRVSVSIKFKFI
 QFQLIVNI TAVILTFVSSVSSDETSVLTAVQLLWINLIMDTLALALATDKPDNIMDR
 KPRGRSTLSIVSTWKMILSQATLQLIVTFILHFYGPPELFPKHEDEITSHQQQLNMT
 FNTFVWLQFFTMLVSRKLEDEGDGINSNRGRISAANLNFQDLGRNYYPFTIMAIIGSCQV
 LIMFFGGAPFSIARQTKSMWI TAVLCGMLS LIMVLRICPDEVAVKVFAAFVQRFKYV
 FGLEFLRKNHTGKHDDDEALLEESDSPESTAFY

SEQ ID NO: 35
 YGL013C
 >sp|P12383|PDR1_YEAST Transcription factor PDR1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PDR1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MRGLTPKNGVHIETGPDTESSADSNFSTGFSGKIRKPRSKVSKACDNCRRKIKCNGKF
 PCASCEIYSCCTFSTRQGGARIKNLHKTSLEGTVQVKEETDSSSTSFNSPQRCTDGPC
 AVEQPTKFFENFKLGGRSSGDSGDKNDDVNRNGFYEDDSESQATLTSLQTTLKNLK
 EMAHLGTHVTSIAIESIELQISDLLKRWEKPVTRKELATTKYPYKNSIETQLMKNYCDV
 HLTRYAANNNKDKQDTSQPLIDEIFGLYSPFQFLSLQGIKCFQNYRSKSKCEIFPRT
 AKETIYIMLRFVDFVCFHHINQGCVS IANPLENYLQKMNLLPSTPSSISSAGSPNTAHTKS
 HVALVINHLPPQPFVVRNI TGISNS ELLSEMNNDISMFGLI LKMLDMHKNSYQNFLEMTSN
 PSVAKNTQSIDVLQEFIHQCAGEALIALCYSYNS TLNYVVDFTCDITHLBQLLYFLDL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

LFWLSEIYGFVKVNLVAVHFVSRVGLSRWEFYVGLDENFAERRRNLWKKAFYFEKTLASK
 LGYPSNIDDSKINCLLPKNFRDVGFLDNRDFIENVHLVRRSEAPDNMCI SDLKYYGELAV
 LQIVSHFSSSVLNFNEKFTSIRNTSKPSVVRKLLFEVLEIFNETEMKYDAIKEQTGKLF
 IAFSKDSTELKVSREDKIMASKFVLFYEHHPFCRMVNESDNIVARLCVHRRPSILIEENLKI
 YLHKIYKSWTDMNKILLDFDNDYSVYRSFAHYSISCIILVSOAFSVAEFIKVNDVVMNIR
 VFKRFLDIKIFSENENETNEHVFNMSQSFKDYTRAFSFLTIIVTRIMLLAYGESSSTNLDVISK
 YIDENAPDLKGIIELVLDTNSCAYRFLLEPVQKSGFHLTVSQMLKNNRKFQEPFLMSNEDNK
 QMKHNSGKLNLPDLPSLKTGTSCLLNGIESPOLPFNGRSAPSVRNNSLPEFAQLPSFRS
 LSVSDMINPDIYAQPTNGQNTQVQSNKPIAQQQIPTSVQVPPMNTNEINNNNNNNNNNK
 NNINNNNNNNNSNFATSFNLTGLDEFVNNGLDELDSLWSDVYPDS

SEQ ID NO: 36
 YGL255W
 >sp|P32804|ZRT1_YEAST Zinc-regulated transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ZRT1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSNVTTTPWKKQWDPSEVTLADKTPDDVWKT CVLQGVYFGGNEYNGNLGARISSVVFILFV
 STFFTMFPLISTKVKRLRIPLYVYLFYAKYFGSGVIVATAFIHLM DPAYGAI GGTCVQGT
 GNVGLYSWCPAIML TSLTFTLTDLFSVWVERKYGLSHDHTHDEIKDVTVRNTAAVSE
 NDNENGTANGSHDTKNGVEYEDSDATSM DVQSQFQAQFYAFLEFGVIFH SVMIGLNL
 GSVGDEFSLSLYPVLVPHQSFEGLGIGARLSAIEFPRSKRWWP WALCVAYGLTTPICVAIG
 LGVRTRYVSGSYTALVIVSGVLDASAGILLYTGLVELLARDFI FNPQRTKDLRELSFNVI
 CTLFGAGIMALIGKWA

SEQ ID NO: 37
 YGR125W
 >sp|P53273|YG35_YEAST Uncharacterized vacuolar membrane protein
 YGR125W OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c)
 GN = YGR125W PE = 1 SV = 1
 MGRTRRRRSNSLSSEASVSLGINQDSSVNMHRASVSAMSPPLCRSYMGGFTTGGNSP
 MINNLSDSKLPISNKQHPKVIHGSENLHRQTAQLSNEPFCSSSVEENSPTIKDYMDI IING
 DRKDDQSMRTIEENIDEEYSDEYSRLLSPASSNVDDDRNRGLQNSSLPELEDGYAGGYQ
 SLRPSHNLRFRFRNRLWHMCTSFPSKFAHYLPAAVLGLLLNILDALSYGMIIFPI TEPVFS
 HLGPTGISMFYI STIISQAVYSGGSSPSPGISGEMIEITPFYHTMALAIK EALAGNDE
 IITTTIFCVISSLTGVVYFALGKLRGKIVGFPFRHILIGCIGGVGYFLIITGIEVTT
 RVAKFEYSWPPFSGLFTDYDTLAKWLLPVLLTVVLIQTQR YFKNSLVLPSPYI LTLVLFH
 FIVAIIP TLSLDALRQAGWIFPIANSDSKWKVDHYRLFNVHKVHWSLVLQQIPTMMALTF
 GILHVPINVPALAMSLQMDKYVDRELI AHGYSNFFSGLLSGVQNYLVYTNVSLFIRAGA
 DSPFAGLLIALTI CIMIIGPVIISFIPICIVGSLIFLLGYELLV EALVDVTWKNLNRFEY
 LTVVIVFTMGI FDFVLGIIVGIL IACFSFLVDS TKLQTINGEYNGNVARSTVYRDYVQT
 KFLDGI GEQIYV LKQLNLLFPFTIISIEEKIERLLQISNKDATKRRI KYLILDFKINAD
 NIDYSAABGFRNKRFTETKR IKLIISIKERDR IYNAFNVGLLNDVLEPADLNSALEW
 CENEFLFQYKQLRKKAKERLEEGKQNNVVS AVIAATKNKKIDTIGNGLNRGSGNDTARNL
 MSLPTNTPRNYQILSVAQNVFVND EQAVKPKKYEKDDPEVLPILLFALKQYRPDIISEV
 QKVRKEIKFWAQLCPYFTRRRRLASQSHLLHADNIFPVLVETGMLKATYELPQGTLYEIFS
 NGTCFGKIIAPGNAMPREQKLT IETETDSVLWVIDSSSNLKLKEDNLALYVEALMVMI
 KDRFKELLGYTLVA

SEQ ID NO: 38
 YGR181W
 >sp|P53299|TIM13_YEAST Mitochondrial import inner membrane
 translocase subunit TIM13 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC
 204508 / S288c) GN = TIM13 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MGLSSI FGGGAPSQQKEAATAKTTPNPIAKELKNQIAQELAVANATELVNKI SENCFEK
 CLTSPYATRNDACIDQCLAKYMRSWNVISKAYISRIONASASGEI

SEQ ID NO: 39
 YGR217W
 >sp|P50077|CCH1_YEAST Calcium-channel protein CCH1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = CCH1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MQGRKRTLTEPFEPNTNPFGDNAAVMTENVEDNSETDGNRLRESKPQALVPPALNIVPPES
 SIHSTEEKKGDEYNGDKDSSLSINIFRTRVGRSSHENLSRPKLSLKTASFGAAESSRRN
 VSPSTKSAKSSQYIDLNDERLRRRSFSSYSRSSRRVSNPSS TDRPPRS AKVLSLIAA
 DDMDDFEDLQGFKSAID EEGLTWLPQLKSEKSRPVSDVGEDRGEQE S I PDVHTPNVG
 ASATPGSIHLTPEPAQNGSVSEGLEGS INNSRKKPSPKFFHHLSPQKEDKDQTEVIEYAE
 DILDPE TLQRKLES RPFVLYGHS LGVFSPTNPLR I K IARFLLHRRYSLLYNTLLTFYAIL
 LAIRTYNPHNVVFLYRF SNWTDYFIFILSACFTGNDIAKI IAFGFWD DSEMFKAYGREYK
 SILQRSGIMKLYIYLREKYGRKLIDFIIPFRIISPG EETKYQRSSLSLTLTKPYGAKENQ
 RPFGTPRAFARSWNRIDLVSSVSFWLGMFLS IKS YDTKTGIRIFKPLAILRILRLVND
 TGMPSILRGLKYGIPQLVNVSSMLVYFWIFFGILGVQIFQGSFRRCVWFN PEDPTDYQ
 YDMQFCGGYLDPVTKRQNYIYEDGSEGSVSKGFLCPQYSKCVSNANPYNGRISFDNIVN
 SMELVFPVMSANTFFDLMYTMDSEMAACLF FIVCIVFLTIWLLNLLI AVLSSFEIAN
 EYK KKKKFIYGRKTYGVARI VTYGWKYFKLKANQTKFPNWSQKGLAIYSHVEFIFVILI
 ICDIGMRA SVK VSTANCNNILKTD RGRISIVLFI ES LARLVLYLPNMWKF LTKPSYVYD
 FIIISITLVI SCLAVEGLVGHMYAWLSIFHISRFRYRVIISFNLTKKWKQLLSNGVM IWN
 LSSYFFFTFLVAIIMAVYFEGVIPP EEMADQPFMGYSLPNSFLSLF IIGSTENWTDILI

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

ALQKHSFNISSTFFCSVFFIIWFLLSNVILNIFIALISESMEVKEEBEKRPOQIKHYLKF
 VYPQKIQEYTHASLVARIRKKFFGGHRNEDTRDFKQFLMRGTAIMNIAQNMGELADEFK
 PPSENLFFKGLSKLTIGVPSLKRLRMFANNPFYKNSDVVFTETNDINGRTYILELNEYED
 EKLDYLKKYPLFNYSYFFSQHRFRRCQRLVPPSTGKRTDGSRRFFEDSTDLYNKRSYF
 HHIERDVFVFI PALATI LLIVCSYVTPLYRMHHKMGTTWNSSALDCAFIGAFSIEFIVK
 TVADGFIYSPNAYLRNPWFIDFCVLI SMWINLIAYLKNNGNLSRIFKGLTALRALRCLT
 ISNTARQTFNLMVFDGLNKIFEAGLISLSLLFPPTVWGLSIFKGRGLGTCNDGSLGRADCY
 NEYSNSVFPQWDIMS PRVYQPYLHLDSFASAFSSLYQIISLEGWVDLLENMMNSSGIGTP
 ATVMGSAGNALFLVLFNLSMVFILNLPVSVI VNNQARTTGSAYFTIEEKAWLESQKLLS
 QAKPKAIPNLIELSRVRQFFYQLAVEKKNFYASFLQVVLVYLIIMLLSRSYNPNGNLIGY
 QGVYFMFSTSVFLIQEALHMCGEGRPLYFRQKWSIRLSIIIAFIMNAVAFHVPASHYW
 FHNIKGFFLLVIFLPIIQNDTLTELELTAMASLPPILSLTYTWGVLPVYAIALNQIFG
 LTRLGNSNTDINFRVTIKSMIVLFRCSFGEGWNYIMADLTVSEPYCSDDNSTYTDGCS
 ETYAYLLMWSNIIISMYIFVNMVSLIIGNFSYVYRSGGSRSGINRSIEKKYIEAWSKFD
 TDGTGELELSYLRPMHSDGPLSFKIWEGRLLTIKSLVENYMEVNPDDPYDKIDLIGLN
 KELNTIDKAKIIQRKLYRRFVQS IHYTNAYNGCIRFSDLLQLIPLYTAYSARECLGIDQ
 YVHHLYILGKVDKYLENQRNFDVLEMVVRWKHFCHRMKRTIEPEWDVKDPTVSSHISNIN
 VNLEPAPGILEREP IATPRMDYGVNNFMWS PRMNDQSTMEPEPEPIDNDD SANDLIDR

SEQ ID NO: 40
 YGR224W
 >sp|P50080|AZR1_YEAST Azole resistance protein 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AZR1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MKGEPKTYSMSDLSSYGEKAQQNEKQKQVVRNRNSTQSTSKQNVSVVLEDNASESNEL
 PKGFILYASLIALALSFLAALDIMIVSTIIIEVAKQFGSSEIGWLFPTGYSLPNALLAL
 IWGR IATPIGPKETMLFAIVIFEIGSLISALANSMSMLIGGRV IAGVGGCGIQSLSPVIG
 STLVEESQRGILLIAVLSCSFAIASVVGPFLLGGVFTSSVTRWCFCYVNLPIGGLAFFFLF
 FYNPGLSTFQETMDNIRKFPSPQFIEIVRNVAHYLLKIKGFSKLNQWPKPMELIFMYDII
 EFVFCAGFTCILLAFTPGGNRYAWNSASIIILFIIIGIVLVLVLAGIYDFLVPKFNIVKA
 TPHYQPLMSWTNIIKPKGIPTVNIALFLTCAGYISQFTYIVQYFQLIYND SAWRAAVHLVA
 CIISTVVTAILCGAITDKTRQIKPIIVISSIFGVVAGILTLNANNANSAHIGLLILPG
 VAFGGLAQSSMLASQIQLDKKSPTFRSDFVSIITNTFPCKNLGQALGGVINTVFSAAAII
 KKLTKANIQLPDGTTVDNLVIYRQTNFDGSHSKLGNIISESLTDVVFYMLGIFYALSIIFA
 VFASNKKVTASLR

SEQ ID NO: 41
 YGR281W
 >sp|P53049|YOR1_YEAST Oligomycin resistance ATP-dependent permease
 YOR1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c)
 GN = YOR1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTTIVGDAVSETELENKSNQVVLSPKASASSDIDTDVKDTSWDDKSLLEPTGEYIVDR
 NKPQTYLNSDDIEKVTESDIFPQKRLFSFLHKKIPEVPQTDDEKIIYPLFHTNII SNMF
 FWWVLPILRVGYKRTIQPNDLFKMDPRMSIETLYDDFEKNMIYFPEKTRKKYKRHPEAT
 EEEVMENAKLPKHTVLRALLFTFKKQYFMSIVFAILANCTSGFNPMI TKRLIEFVEEKAI
 FSHMHVNGIGYVAIGACLMFVNGLTFNHFHTSQTGTVQAKSILTKAAMKMFNASNYA
 RHCFPNGKVTFSVTTDLARIEFALSFPQFLAGFPAILAICIVLLIVNLGPIALVIGIIF
 GGFFISLFAFKLILGFR IAA NIFTDARVTMMREVLNMIKMIKYTWEDAEKNIQDIRTK
 EISKVRKMQLSRNFILAMAMSLPSIASLVTFAMYKVNKGGRQPGNI PASLSLQVLSLQ
 MFFLP IAI GTGIDMIIGLGRQLSLEAPEDDPNQMIEMKPSPGFDPKLALKMTHCSEFEW
 EYELNDATIEAKGEAKDEGKKNKKRKTWKGKPSASTNKA KRLDNMLKDRDGPEDLEKTS
 FRGFKDLNFDIKKGEFIMI TGPIGTGKSSLLNAMAGSMRKTGDKVEVNGDLLMCGYPWIQ
 NASVRDNIIFGSPFNKEKYDEVVRVCSLKDLDLIPAGDMTEIGERGITLGGQKARINL
 ARSVYKDKDIYLFDDVLSAVDSRVGKHIMDECLTGMANKTRILATHQLSLIERASRVIV
 LGTDGQVDIGTVDELKARNQTLINLLQFSSQNSEKEDEEQEAVVAGELGQLKYESEVKEL
 TELKKKATEMSQTANSKIVADGHTSSKEERAVNSISLKIYREYI KAAVKGWGFIALPLY
 AILVVGTFPQSLFSVWLSYWTENKPKNRPPSFYMGLYSFFVFAAFIPMNGQFTILCAMG
 IMASKWLNLRVAVKRI LHTPMSYIDTTPLEGRILNRFTKDTSLDNELTESLRLMTSQFANI
 VGVCMVICVYLPWFVAIAPFLLVIFVLIADHYQSSGREIKRLEAVQRFVYNNLNEVLGG
 MDTIKAYRSQERFLAKSDFL INKMNEAGYLVVVLQRWVGI PLDMVAIAFALII TLLCVTR
 AFPI SAASVGLLLTYVLQPLGLLNTILRAMTQTENDMNSAERLVTYATELPLEASYRKP
 MTPPESWPSMGEIIFENVDFAYRPLP IVLKLNLNLIKSGEKIGICGRTGAGKSTIMSAL
 YRLNELTAGKILIDNVDISQLGLFDLRRKLAIIPQDPVLFRTIRKNDLPPNERTDDELW
 DALVRGGAIKADDLPEVKLQKPEDENGTHGKMHKPHLDQAVEEGSNFSLGERQLLALTRA
 LVRQSKILILDEATSSVDYETDGGKIQTRIVEEFGDCTILCIAHRLKTI VNYDRILVLEKG
 EVAEFDTPWTLFSQEDSIFRSMCSRSGIVENDFENRS

SEQ ID NO: 42
 YHL016C
 >sp|P33413|DUR3_YEAST Urea active transporter OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = DUR3 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MGEFPPPLPQAGAYAVLGLGAVFAGMMVLTYYLLKRYQKEIITABEPTTAGRSVKTLGV
 AAAVSSWIWCTLLTSTKEYADGIFGGYAYAGACFPQIIAFALIAIKTKQMAPNAHTY
 LELVRTRYGKIGHGCYLFYAIATNIIIVLTSMLLTSGSVAVSFDLTGMNTIASCFLLPVGVVV
 YTLFGIKATPLTDYMHTCVIIIVLVFAFKVYATSDVLSGSPGKVYDVLREAAKRHPVDG
 NYQGEYMTMTSKSAGILLIINLIGNFGTVFLDNGYWNKAISASPAASLKAYAIIGLAWFA

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

VPSLISLTMGLACLAVETS PNFPTYPDPLTSFQANSGLVLPAAAIAMGKGGAVASLLMI
 FMAVTSAMS AELIAVSSVFTYDIYREYIDPRASGKKLIYTSHVACIFPGLAMSGFSVGLY
 YGGISMGYIYEMMGI IISAVLPVVLTLC SKDMNLVA AVVSPILGTGLAIMSWLVCTESL
 YKELTVDTTFMDY PMLTGNLVALLSPAIFIPILTYVFKPQNF DWEKMKDITRVD E T A E L V
 QADPDIQLYDAEANDKEQE EETNSLVSDSEKNDVRVNNKLEIPNLGVVISNAIFQEDDT
 QLQNELDEEQRELARGLKIAYFLCVFFALAPLVVWPMMPYGSKYIFSKKFFTGWVVVMI
 WLFSSAFVAVCIYPLWEGRHGIYTLRGLYWDLSGQTYKLRWQNSNPQDLHVVTQSISAR
 AHRQSSHFQVDEII

SEQ ID NO: 43
 YIL088C

>sp|P40501|AVT7_YEAST Vacuolar amino acid transporter 7
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AVT7
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MEATSSALSS TANLVKTI VAGTGLAIPYSFKSDGVLVGVILTLAAVTSGLGLFVLSKCS
 KTLINPRNSSFFTLCMLTYPTLAPIFDLAMI VQC FGVGLSYLVLI GDLFPGLFGGERNYW
 I IASAVII IPLCLVKKLDQLKYSSILGLFALAYISILVFSHFV FELGKGLTILNRNDIC
 WWKIHD FKGLLSTFSII IFAFTGSMNLPFMINELKDN SMENITFVINNSISLSTALFLIV
 GLSGYLT FGNETLGNLMLNYPNSIWI VIGKFC LGSMLILSPPLLFHPLRIAVNNV IWI
 EITYGGANPEEDPQVSEYTRASNLRPI SMTVEDPAQPSDALDATS YNEQECLLPNGNFDN
 GSIESQENND ERGTM AVAGDNEHHAPFVKSRFYWI TALLLISMYTLALS VQS FALVLSF
 VGATGSTSISFTPLGGLGYKLIGLDSLAI GKMI PPKDRFYKRCSSLLLVFYGLSVMFSLY
 VTVFNRSDEA

SEQ ID NO: 44
 YJL093C

>sp|P40310|TOK1_YEAST Outward-rectifier potassium channel TOK1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TOK1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTRFMNSFAKQTLGYGNMATVEQESSAQVDSHSNNTPKQAKGVLAEBEKDALRFRDERV
 SIINAEPSSTLFVFWFVVCYFPVITACLGPVANTISIA CVVEKWRSLKNN SVV TNPRSN
 DTDVLMNQVKTVFDPGIFAVNI ISLVLGFTSNI ILMHFSSKLLTYLKSQ LINI TGWTIA
 GGMLLV DVI VCSLNDMP SIYSKTIGFWFACISSGLYL VCTI ILLTHIFIGYKLGKYPPTFN
 LLPNERSIMAYTVLLSLWLIW GAGMFSGLLHI TYGNALYFCTV SLLTVGLGDI LPKSVGA
 KIMVLI FSLSGVVL MGLIVFMTRS I IQKSSGPI FFFHRVVEKGRSKSWKH YMDS SKNLSER
 EAFDLMKCI RQTASRKQHWFSV TIAIFMAFWLLGALVFKFAENWSYFNCI YFCFLCLL
 TIGYGDYAPRTGAGRAFFVIWALGAVPLMGA ILS TVGDLLFDI STSLDIKIGESFNKVK
 SIVFNQRQALSFVNTGEI FEESDTADGDLEENTSSQSSQI SEFNNDNNEENDSGVTS
 PPASLQESFSSLSKASSPEGILPLEYVSSAEYALQDSGTCNLRNLQELLKAVK LKLRICL
 ADKDYT LSFSDWSYIHKLHLRNI TDIEEYTRGPEFWISPD TPLKPLNEPHFAFMMLFKN
 IEELVGNLVEDEELKYVISKRKFLGHRKTL

SEQ ID NO: 45
 YJL094C

>sp|P40309|KHA1_YEAST K(+)/H(+) antiporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = KHA1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MANTVGGILSGVNP FHYNSSPLTLFLFQA CLILLV CNLIH I PFSMMRQPKVI SEVISGV
 ILGPTIFGQIPNYTNTI PFTSSIPGLNLVANLGI I LFMFFLGLEVDIAF I KKKLKKALVI
 GIVTLAVPFGGCLLAIPLFHTYANKTEGERHIKFSVFMVFI AVSISV TAPPVLCRILNE
 LRLIKDRAGI VVLAAGI INDI MGWILLALS I ILSAEGSPVNTVY ILLI TPFAWFLIYFPP
 LKYLRLRWLIRTHELDRSKPSPLATMCI LFMIFISAYFTDI IGVHPIFGAPIAGLVVPRD
 DHYVVKLTERMEDI PNIVFIPIYFAVAGLNV DLTLLNEGRDWGVVFATIGIAIFTKIISG
 TLTAKL TGLFWREATAAGVLMSCKGIVEIVLTVGLNAGI ISRKIPGMFVLMALVSTFVT
 TPLTQLVYPDSYRDGVRKSLSTPAEDDGAADGLDSEGVDKTEINTQLNSLADVSKYRIGE
 LTTVINTEAISPSLKLNLNLSLGVSPKPKNNKHKNETSLSRMTTATDSLKSNTFKIKK
 MVHIWSKSVDDVDTNLSVIDEKLTPPEGVGALRAIHLRLLTERTD LLQSSSLYNDPPHF
 TANTDSL LQIFDI FSNLSKIPFSSEVI FSTMREKAANIATMKMDS TDLLI LPLK GASYEY
 RGSVPV IDEK YANFDHI YSHLLGLNELSSTFFKSI FQSLKANFAVQISNTYGR LMANDRFK
 RKRFNLLLPKPYLTQSDYLG YLGLLLLI CYRDGYNNDNASC SIFINSKNI DPAKDLSTAPA
 EHDWLN ESTIKI IVDIPFETKVP EEAIEKPSFI ETVLDVGLSDTALADIEETFIIGEDLP
 DESEFPFSEEVRTVIFEGSNRRFDTLIVHHFSSE

SEQ ID NO: 46
 YJL108C

>sp|P42946|PRM10_YEAST Pheromone-regulated membrane protein 10
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PRM10
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MIVSFGDATTRTSEVQLVRC TQGLNLWKLHQVHAVYKR VVHDTLGADEGNALLDQILADT
 NLYPPWMCVLLYAFCSAMVTPYAFGGDWNLAISFFMGLCVGSLQF ILSQKSYMSNVFE
 ISASIVVFCGRAGFSIPRSHICF GAVTQGS LALILPGYI ILCGALELQSRSLVAGAVRM
 FYAIYSLFLGFGITLGSALPGWYHNNATNEI SCPLI SPWFRFLVPAFTISISL LNQ
 HISQLPVMVVISCTGYVVTY WAGKHFA NSTEFTAALAAFVIGV LGNLSRIWKGLAVSAM
 LPAIFVQVPSGIASQNSLLSGLQSANTIVNANETITTS TSDPSSSMSFGMTMIQVCVGIS
 VGLFASSLFVYFPFGKKKTGLFSL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 47
 YJL212C
 >sp|P40897|OPT1_YEAST Oligopeptide transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = OPT1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSTIYRESDSLSESPPTPTIPIQINMEEKKDAFVKNIDEDVNNLTATTDEEDRDPE
 QKFDHRHSIQEGLVWKGDPITYLPNSPYPEVRSASVISEDPTIRLNHWRTWFLTTVFFVVF
 AGVNFQFFSLRYPSEINFLVAQVVCYPIGRILALLPDWKCSKVPFFDLNPGPFKKEHAV
 VTIAVALTSSSTAYAMYILNAQGSFYNMKLNVGQFLVWTSQMIGYGAAGLIRRWWVNP
 SSIWQPTLISVSLFDSLHRSRVEKTVANGWMPRYRFFLIVLIGSFIWYVWPGFLFTGLS
 YFNVILWGSKTRHNFIANTIPGTQSGLGALPI TDYDTQVQSAMSQSVFATPFYVSANTYA
 SVLIFFFVIVLPCLYFTNTWYAKYMPVVISGTYDNTQNKYVNTKILNEDYSINLEKYKEYS
 PVFVFPFSLLSYALNFAAVIAVVFVHCILYHGKDI VAKFKDRKNGGTDIHMRIYSKNYKDC
 PDWYVLLQLQVIMIGLGFVAVCCFDTKFPAPAFVIAILISLVNFIPQGLEAMTNQHVGLN
 IITELICGYMLPLRPMANLLPKLYGFI VMRQGLNLSRDLKAMVMKVSPRLIFAVQIYAT
 IISGMVNVGVQEWMMHNIDGLCTDQPNGFTCANGRTVFNASIIWLSLPKYLFSSGRIYNP
 LMWFFLIGLLFPLAVYAVQWKPFPKFAKHIHTPVFFTGPGNI PPSTPYNYSLFAMSF
 LNLIRKRWRAFVFNKYNFVMGAGVEAGVAISVVIIFLCVQYGGKLSWGWNNVWKRTYDND
 YKKFYTLKKGETFGYDKWW

SEQ ID NO: 48
 YJR106W
 >sp|P47144|ECM27_YEAST Protein ECM27 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ECM27 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MDWAINVAHPRLLYKDPKLSVTFIVPSLFHII IAFVLLGICASDFLCPNVAHISDPNSLR
 SNGSLVSKTASHASHTGALMAVLLSWCNSSPDLFNLMSWATSTRETRSTSVLSI GEVL
 GACGII LCIVEGSIPI IIMSRTHIEISQIQKLSIMRDLLFSLAAMCVMSYVSLMNQVTVLN
 CLLMAFLYAFYLVVKTFLKNHSAETPDETAADTSLRENSVSPFLDDSLMASGLLPPIQP
 GFDISNSITHGIKPSELLSAMDFNSFLSMLENSLEEDSRNEMAE LNTRLRSMTPGQHWSA
 SATVAGEATSAGRPFSEPTNAFTEYRDSERAINSSPAVFAPYRDNPDDEESQEQLLETT
 THGHFGAQEMRRRFSKRS LGWIKIFIPHLNSFSQKISDAIFSIITVPPFFIIFKLSCPQP
 PSDIILSYDPI LNRYSLTLPILLLFIQSITAPFLCSILSVLLTYHLGYLVYLPFLILAM
 ALIILLTAFITKVNLNHNF TSLDSSNILQEKLQKRKLLERLNTSIQII FLAIGIINI I
 WISLLANGLIEMMEIYQKILGLSKAILGLTIFAWGNSVGDLSINI SMCRLYKTQTHYQDR
 VRLATKPFMI SCASCLGGVMLNSMGGIGFSGLVSMFLI GAPNDNEWWFLRKVKLQETSQ
 L DNLNLYKFI VSCVFIILQI ILLLLFFGGPNNIKRRLTKEMKLVGISMCGLWALATLINIL
 LELFS

SEQ ID NO: 49
 YJR160C
 >sp|POCE00|MPH3_YEAST Alpha-glucosides permease MPH3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MPH3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MKNLSFLINRRKENTSDSNVYPGKAKSHEPSWIEEMDDQTKKDGLDIVHVEFSPDTRAPSD
 SNKVITEIEDATEDAKEADESERGMPLATALNTYKAAAWSLLVSTTLIMEGYDTAILGA
 FYALPIFQRKFGSQNDKTGEWEISASWQIGLTLCYMAGEIIVGQLQTPGSVDLVGNRYTLI
 IALFLAAFTFIFLYFCNSLGMIAVGGALCGMPWGCFCQCLTVSYASEICPLALRYLLTTSY
 NLCWLFQGLFAAGIMKNSQKXYADSELGYKLPFALQWILPVPALALGIFPAPESPWWLVKK
 GRFDEARRSLRRTLSGKGPEKEILVTVLEVDKIKVTIDKEKRLTSKEGYSDFEDKINRR
 RTRITCLCWAQATCGSILIGYSTYFYEKAGVSTEMSF TFSII IQYCLGI CATFLSWWASK
 YFGRYDLYAFGLAFQTI VFFIIGLGCSTHGSKMGSGSLMMAVFFYNLGIAPVVFCLV
 SEMPSSRLRTKTI IILARNTYNVVSII CSVLILYQLNSKKNWGAKSGFFWGLVCFCTLIW
 AVVDLPETAGKT FVEINELFKLGV SARKFKSTKVDPFVVKTPPKDVS HNDPKGDI EASIA
 EE

SEQ ID NO: 50
 YKL064W
 >sp|P35724|MNR2_YEAST Manganese resistance protein MNR2
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MNR2
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSTDNSQKDEGVPLLSPYSSSPQLRKKRNQKRRKDKFVGHLSKDSRRPTQLLHDNLQHN
 HGQITDFPQIDSWGMLHESDSTSNDI I KSEDP SLKGFIDHRPMSQPREGQSVSSTVQ
 PQPIMKFSTPYSYKYPAGLRPSDQNRSLVSDLSPELESWLRKRKSVHKS FVDENSPTDRR
 QSNANNDVVIVDALMNHVNNNASTGVNDNSKRRKKRGSDDSSNKNSKSTSSDSNDEED
 EYNSRPPSSLSNSSLDDVCLVLDDEGESEVPKAWPDCVTL EEFSKEETERLRSQAIQDA
 EAFHPQYDEDEEDGTSNEDGILFSKPIVINIDVPELGNRRVNETENLNKGRLRPKRIAPW
 HLIQRPMVLGNSNSTKDSKRSIQSGLDNLLVGRNIQYPPHII SNNEPHEFRPTYFRVDLDS
 TVHSP TISGLLQPGQKFDL FVASIYSQDNSAGHIKTHPNSPTPGIKAE TVSQLQLTAK
 NPSTLSSMSVANIEDVPPFWLDVSNPTBEEEMKILSKAFGIHPLTTEDIFLGEVREKVELF
 RDYILI CFRSPDIVAEKHVRRRREKQESAILDHESISRKSKQAYGATMSNESNANNNS
 TSNASRSKWLP SILRARRR SANRTTNTSSSYKRRVKSEKKMEENEKFKRKS GDRHKK
 REGELEPLNVYIIVFRGTGLTFHFAPTPHPINVRRRARLLKDYLVNVTSDWIA YALIDDIT
 DAFAPMIELI EDEVYEIEDAI LKMHQSDSDSDSDSDSDSGA SDEDAFPD VYSKKT

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

YSSAKSSVSSRSMSTSEASFNANLIGWKRKGDMLRRIGECRKRVMISILRLLGSKADVIKG
FAKRYNEQWEASPQSEIAMYLGDHIVTMVSSLNHYEKLLSRSHSNYLAQINIDMTKV
NNDMNDVLGKITILGTIVLPMNVITGLWGMNVIVPGQYRDSLTFWFIGIVLPMCLACSAY
MYTKRRRFGF

SEQ ID NO: 51
YKR050W
>sp|P28584|TRK2_YEAST Low-affinity potassium transport protein
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TRK2
PE = 1 SV = 1
MPTAKRTSSRASLALPFLQLRLVHKKSWGHRRLRDFISGFLKSCRPIAKYVFPNFIVVHYIY
LITLSIIGSILLYPCKNTAFIDVLFPLAAGASTQGGATKSTNDFNLYQQIVVYVITLLST
PILIHGFLAFVRLYWFERYFDNIIRDISKQNFKLRRMTLQQRELSGSSGNAARSRSFKDN
LFRGKFFVSREDPRQASDVPMDSPTLSALSSISPLNVSSKKESSDTQSSPPNFSSKRQP
SDVDPRDIYKSIIMMLQKQKESNANSTDSFSSSETNGPAFIVQERHERRAPHCSLKRHSVL
PSSQBLNLAQTAKSFQKLLGLRRDEGDHDYFDGAPHKYVMTKKKKISRQSCNIPTYTAS
PSPKTSQQVVENHRNLAKSAPSSVDEEMSFSPQESLNLQFQAHPKPKRREGDIGHPFT
RTMSTNYLSWQPTFGRNSVFI GLTKQQKEELGGVEYRALRLCCILMVYIYGFNILAFVT
IVPWACTRHHYSEI IRRNGVSPVWGFPTAMSAFNSLGLSLTADSMVSFDTAPYPLIFMM
FFIIIGNTGFPIMLRPI IWIMFKTSRDLSQPKESLGFLLDHPRRCFTLLFSPGPTWWLFT
TLVVLNATDNLFI ILDFNSAVVRQVAKGYRALMGLFQSVCTRTRAGFNVVDSLKHLPSIQ
VSYMLMMYVSVLPLAIS IRRNTVYEEQSLGLYDSGQDDENITHEDDIKETDHDGSEBERD
TVSTKSKPKKQSPKSFVGAHLRRQLSFDLWVLFGLFIIICICEGRKI EDVKNPDPFNVFAI
LFEVVSAYGTVGLSLGYPNTNTLSAQPTVLSKLVIIAMLRGRNGLPYTLDRAIMLPS
DKLEQIDRLQDMKAKGKLLAKVGEDPMTTYVKKRSHKLLKIATKFWGKH

SEQ ID NO: 52
YKR105C
>sp|P36172|VBA5_YEAST Vacuolar basic amino acid transporter 5
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VBA5
PE = 3 SV = 1
MEETKYSSQQEIEGACGSDASLNARGSNDSMPGLSLYLCLASLILVLFITALDILIVGTI
IDVVAEQFGNYSKTGWLVTGYSLPNAILSLIWRGFASIIIGFQHSILAILIFEAGSLIAA
LASSMNLIFGRVAVAGVGGSLQTLFCVIGCTMVGERSRPLVISILSCAFAVAIVGPII
GGAFTHVTWRWCFYINLPIGGLAIIMFLLTYKAENKGLIQKDAIGTISSTFSSKFRH
QVNFKRLMNGIIFKDFPFGFALCSAGLVLLGLTFGGNKYSWNSGQVITYLVLVGLLFI
FSLVDFPLFDKFNPEPDNISYRPLLRRLVAKPAIIIVNMVTPLLCTGYNGQMIYSVQF
FQLIFASSAWKAGLHLIPIVI TNVIAAIASGVITKKGVLVPLLI FGGVLGVIGAGLMTL
MTNTSTKSTQIGVLLLPGLFSLGFALQASLMSAQLQITKDRPEAMDFIEVTAFNFMKSL
GTTLGGVLTSTVFSASFHNKVSRAHLEPYEGKTVDDMLYRLQNYDGSHTIGNILSDSI
KNVFWMDLGFYALGLFPCFSSNKKLIIPKKDDTPEDNLEDK

SEQ ID NO: 53
YKR106W
>sp|P36173|GEX2_YEAST Glutathione exchanger 2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = GEX2 PE = 1 SV = 1
MSSSVVVGASSNKKSGIRQSCIEIERERHSNDDTYSMTSTFFPKLKENEIMSAQFDSLKYKI
LLISTAFVCGFGISLDYTLRSTYTYGATNSYSEHSLSTVQVINAVVSVGSQVVSRLSD
HFGRLRLPLVATIFYIMGTIIQSQAATRLTMYAAGSVFYNGYVGTNLLTLILSDFSSLK
WRMFYQYASYWPIIIPWISGNIITAAQPKNWSWNIAMWAFIYPLSTLPIIFLILYMKY
KSSKTAEWRSKKEQARKERTGGLFENLVFLFWKLDIVGILLITVSLGCIPLVPLTLANETS
QKWHNSKI IATLVSGGCLFFIFLYWEAKFAKSPLLPFLKLSDRGIWAPLGVTFNFFTF
ISCDYLYPVLLVSMKESSTSAARIVNLPDFVAATASPPYSLLVAKTRKLLKLSVIGGCAAW
MVCMLGFYKYRGGSGSHEGVIAASVIMGLSGLLCSNSVIVILQAMTTHSRMAVITGIQYT
FSKLGAAIGASVSGAIWQTMPNQLYKNLGNLTLAEIAYASPYTFISDYPWGSPERDAVV
ESYRVQRIMTVGLACTVPPFTFTMPMRNPELIDKATHEEFTEDGLVLPDEENIFSQI
KALFRHNRSNKKS GC

SEQ ID NO: 54
YLR447C
>sp|P32366|VA0D_YEAST V-type proton ATPase subunit d
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VMA6
PE = 1 SV = 2
MEGVYFNIDNNGFIEGVVGRYRNGLLSNNQYINLTQCDDTLEDLKLQLSSTDYGNFLSSVSS
ESLTTSLIQEYASSKLYHEFNIRDQSSGSTRKFMVDYITGYMIDNVALMIGTIHDRDK
GELQRCRCHPLGWDFTLPTLSVATDLESLEYTVLVDTPLAPYFKNCFDTAEELDDMNIEII
RNKLYKAYLEDYFNVTBEIPEPAKECMQTLGFEADRRSINIALNSLQSSDIDPDKSD
LLPNIGKLYLATPHLAQAQDFEGVRAALANVYERGFLETGNLEDDHDFYQLEMELCRDAF
TQQFAISTVWAWMKSKEQEVNRNITWIAECIAQNQRERINNYISVY

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 55
 YML116W
 >sp|P13090|ATR1_YEAST Aminotriazole resistance protein
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATR1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MGNQSLVVLTESKGEYENETELPVKKSRRDNNIGESLTATAFTQSEDEMVDVSNQKWQNP
 YFKYAWQEYLFIFTCMISQLLNQAGTTQTLSIMNILSDSFGSEGNKSWLMASFPVLSGS
 FILISGRLDIYGLKMLLVGYVLVVIWSLICGITKYSGSDIFFIISRAFQGLGIAFVLP
 NVLGIIGNIYVGGTFRKNIVISFVGAMAPIGATLGLFAGLIGTEDPKQWPWFYAYSIA
 AFINFLVLSIYAIPTIPTNIHHFSMDWIGSVLGVIGLILLNFVWQAPISGWNQAYIIVI
 LIISVIFLVVFIYIEIRFAKTPLLPRAVIKDRHMIQIMLALFFGWGSGFIFTFYTQFQL
 NIRQYALWAGGTYFMPFLIWGIIAALLVGFITKNVSPSVLFFSMVAFNVGSIASVTPV
 HETYPRQLGTMIIISFGMDLSPASSIIFSDNLPMEYQMGAGSLVNTVVNYMSLCLGM
 GATVETQVNSDGKHLKGYRGAQYLGIGLALACMISGLYMVESFIKRRRARAAEYDCT
 VA

SEQ ID NO: 56
 YMR034C
 >sp|Q05131|YMS4_YEAST Uncharacterized membrane protein YMR034C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMR034C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MKTQYSLIRKIWAHSVTEFLKSQWFFICLAILIVIARFAPNFARDGGLIKGQYSIGYGCV
 AWIFLQSGLGKMSRSLMANMLNWRHATILVLSFLITSSIVYGCCAVKAANDPKIDDWV
 LIGLILATATCPTTVASNVIMTINAGNSLLCVCEVFIGNLLGAFITPALVGMFTNRAPPA
 YGNPATGNIGALYGRVMKQVGLSVFVPLFVGVQVQNCFPKGTAYYLGLFKYHIKIGSY
 MLLLIMFSSSFTAFYQDAFTSVSHVCIIFLCFFNLGIYIFPTGLSYLCARPWFILKLPFH
 EPIEGKSTRLYRYSYNI FRPFYYSKEDALICIMFCGPAKTAALGVSLITSQYGDKEHLGK
 LLVPLVLYQVEQVMTANFFVSLFKRWIQKDAQADGSESSCANENEVDLEKIIISIGTGEN
 QSVLSNNVPYTQPR

SEQ ID NO: 57
 YMR056C
 >sp|P04710|ADT1_YEAST ADP, ATP carrier protein 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AAC1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSHTETQTQSHFGVDFLMGGVSAIAKTGAAPIERVKLLMQNQEMLKQGLDTRYKGI
 LDCFKRTATHEGIVSFWRGNTANVLRYPPTQALNFAFKDKIKSLLSYDRERDGYAKWVAG
 NLFSGGAAGGLSLLFVYSLDYARTRLAADARGSKSTSQRQFNGLLDVYKTKLKTGDLGL
 YRGPVPSVLGIIIVYRGLYFGLYDSFKPVLLTGALGEGSVFVAFLLGWVITMGASTASYPLD
 TVRRMMMTSQGTIIKYDGALDCLRKIVQKEGAYS LFKGCGANI FRGVAAGVISLYDQLQ
 LIMFGKPKF

SEQ ID NO: 58
 YMR253C
 >sp|Q04835|YM87_YEAST Uncharacterized membrane protein YMR253C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMR253C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MNPSVPKVMKRENNTHLLVSKEMNDTSLQLPSTTRSLSPKESNSNEDFNVGNETTLQRI
 SKDYLPKNI GLVLLTVSYFFNSAMVVSTKVLENDPDDIANDRQIKPLQILLVRMVITYIG
 TLIYMYINKSTISDVPFGKPEVRKWLVLRGCTGFFGVFGMYSLMYLTI SDAVLITFLAP
 SLTIPLSWVILRERFTKVEALGSLISLLGVVLIVRPSFLFGTPELTDSSSQIVESSDPKS
 RLIA TLVGLWGLGMSCVYIIIRYIGKRAHAIMSVSYFSLITAIVSFIGINTIPSMKFI
 PHSKKQWILFGNLVSGSFIQQLLLTMGIQRERAGRSLMTYTQLLYAVFWDVALYKHPN
 IWSWIGMIIISATLWVIRAANNETTAKDLTPIIDDEENSIPLETFDLSDSK

SEQ ID NO: 59
 YNL065W
 >sp|P53943|AQR1_YEAST Probable transporter AQR1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AQR1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSRSNSIYTEDEMYPTHNEQHLTREYTKPDGQTKSEKLNPEGAYINSHGTLSKTTTREI
 EGDLDSESSHSDDKVDPTQQTITAEKAPYTLSSYGQKWGMVAILTMCGFWSSSLGSPYI
 YPALRQLEKQFNVDENMVNTVVVYLLFQGISPTVSGGLADCFGRRIILAGMLIYVIAS
 IGLACAPSYGVIIFLRCIQSIGISPTIAISSGVVGFDTLKHGRTFVGGATSGFVLLGQCF
 GSLIGAVLTARWDWRAIFWFLTIGCGSFLIAFLILPETKRTIAGNLSIKPKRFINRAPI
 FLLGPVRRRFKYDNDPYETLDPTIPKLDLSSAGKILVLP EIIISLFPSSGLLFAMWTLMLS
 SISSGLSVAPYNYHLVIGVCYLPGGIGGLMGSFPFTGRIDIMYFKRKIKKPEQDKANGLI
 PQDAEINMFKVRLVCLLQNFVAVYLLFGWSIDKGNWRIESILITSFVCSYCAMSTLST
 STLLVDLYPTKSS TASSCFNFVRCVSLSTIPMGCFAKMKAAMTVGGTFTFLCALVFFPNF
 LMFIPMKYGMKWREDRLLKQQRQSWLNTLAVKAKKGTTRDQNDNHN

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 60

YNL070W

>sp|P53507|TOM7_YEAST Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM7
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TOM7
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSFLPSFILSDESKERISKILTLTHNVAHYGWIPFVLYLWGAHTSNRPNFLNLLSPLPSV

SEQ ID NO: 61

YNL083W

>sp|D6W196|CMC1_YEAST Truncated non-functional calcium-binding
 mitochondrial carrier SAL1-1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain
 ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SAL1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MLLKNCETDKQRDIRYACLFKELDVKNGQVTLNLIISAFEKNDHPLKGNDEAIKMLPTA
 MDVNRKDSVVDLSDPFKYASNAESQIWNQFQRIDLDDHDKIGINEINRYLSDLDNQISCNN
 ELNHELNSNEKVNKFSRFFFEWAFFPKRANIALRGQASHKNTDNDRSKKTDDSDLYVTYDQ
 WRDFLLLVPKQGSRLHTAYSFYFLFNEVDLSSEGDVTLINDFIRGFGFFIAGGISGVI
 SRTCTAPFDRKLVFLIARTDLSSILLNSKTDLLAKNPADINKISSPLAKAVKSLYRQGG
 IKAFYVGNLNVIKVFPESIKFSGFEVTKKIMTKLEGCRDTKDLSKPFSTYIAGGLAGMA
 AQFSVYPIIDLTKFRVQCAPLDTKLGNNLLFPQAKDMFREGGGQIILQRCHSRYSGHISL
 CCIRFGDFFLKMYVYQCTGKDEPTTRSGHSGKQPGCTSNCGIQWNCRSFCCLSNQSPKFN
 KTTSPRNICTSLCV

SEQ ID NO: 62

YNL095C

>sp|P53932|YNJ5_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter YNL095C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YNL095C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MVHITLGGQAIWVSKPIIKIYLIIGVGFMAKMGILTVEATRIISDVLTVLLPSLSFNK
 IVANIEDDKIKSVGIICLSALLIFGSGFFAYVVRLFLVPKQWYGGILAGGMFPNISDL
 PIAYLQSMQGLVFSSEEGNKGVANVIFLTMFLICIFNLGGFRLIESDFEYNDDESAVR
 VSETTKTQPAVSANTNTDTSERFFSNEQQLFNKKTARDLSLTAIGTKGENADVPPISR
 RSTNSIAPLSLPDTSNSKIKTPVQVKARNTIACQSEESQATRGSNPLDSQSASTIHS
 YNTSESYESSIDTMRARRTASQPRAYNTTLLLEENCLDEKCPKNMSMAALEPIRSIDMRA
 LPSQNIHHILIREYSNVDQYGHQRRNSSLRGADMNDVHSISSNSTLQTIKTANLTRILTSD
 ATVSKKDIETSGESLQWMRKPSLTPLLVFFLKNCLRPCSMAVIIALTVAFIPVVKALFV
 TTANTPHISQAPDNAPPLSFPMDFTGYVGAACVFPGLILLGATLGRLLKIGNLYPGFWKAA
 VTLVILRQCVMPIFGVLWCDRLVKAGVNWQDRMLLPVIAISWNLPTMTTLIYFTASFT
 PPETTAPIQMECVSFFLMLQYPLMVVSLPFLVSYFLKVQMNLL

SEQ ID NO: 63

YNL121C

>sp|P07213|TOM70_YEAST Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM70
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TOM70
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MKSFITRNKTAITLVAATGTAIGAYYYNQLQQQQQRGKNTINKDEKDKTKDSQKETE
 GAKKSTAPSNPIYVPSNNGEPDFSNKANFTAEEKDKYALALKDKGNQFPRNKKYDDAIK
 YYNWALELKEDPVFYSNLSACYVSVGDLKVVEMSTKALELKPDSKVLRRASANEGLG
 KFADAMPDLSVLSLNGDFNDASIEPMLERNLNKQAMSKLKEKFGDIDTATATPTELSTQP
 AKERDKQENLPSVTSMASFFGIKPELTFANYDESNEADKELMNGLSNLYKRSPEYDK
 ADESFTKAARLFEEQLDKNNEDEKLEKLAISLEHTGIFKFLKNDPLGAHEDIKKAIELF
 PRVNSYIYMALIMADRNDSTEYNYFDKALKLDSNNSSVYHRGQMNFIQLQNYDQAGKDF
 DKAKELDPENIFPPIQLACLAYRENKFDCCETLSEAKRKFPEAPEVNPFAEILTDKND
 FDKALKQYDLAIELENKLDGIYVGIAPLVGKATLLTRNPTVENFIEATNLEKASKLDP
 SEQAKIQLAQMKLQEDIDEAITLFEESADLARTMEEKLQAITFAEAAKVQQRIRSDPVL
 AKKIQTTLAKLREQGLM

SEQ ID NO: 64

YNL142W

>sp|P41948|MEP2_YEAST Ammonium transporter MEP2 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MEP2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSYNTGTPTTGBGTGGNSLTDDLNTQFDLANMGWIGVASAGVWIMVPGIIGLLYSGLSRKK
 HALSLLWASMMASAVCIQWFFWGYSLAFSHNTRNGFIGHTLEFFGFRNVLGAPSSVSSL
 PDILFAVYQGMFAAVTGTALMLGGACERARLFPMMVFLFLWMTIVYCPACWVWNAEGLV
 KLGSLDYAGGLCVHLTSGHGLVYALILGKRNDPVTRKGMKPKPHSVTSVVLGTVFLWF
 GWMFNGGSAGNATIRAWYSIMSTNLAACGGLTWMVIDYFRGCRKWTVGLCSGI IAGL
 VGITPAAGFVPIWSAVVIGVVTGAGCNLAVDLKSLLRIDDLDCYSIHVGGCIGSVLTF
 IFAADYVNATAGSYISPIDGGWINHHYKQVGYQLAGICAALAWTVTVTSILLTMMNAIFP
 LKRLRSADDEELGTDAAQIGEFTEESTAYIPEPISRKTSAQMPPPHENIDDKIVGNTDA
 EKNSTPSDASSTKNTDHIV

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 65
 YOL020W
 >sp|P38967|TAT2_YEAST Tryptophan permease OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TAT2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTEDFISSVKRSNEELKERKSNFNGFVEYKSKQLTSSSSHNSNSHHDDDNQHGKRNIPQR
 CVDSFKSPLDGSDFTSNLKRRLKPRHLIMIAIGGSI GTGLFVGGSKAIAEAGGLGVVIGW
 AIAGSQIIGTIHGLGEITVRFPVVGAFANYGTRFLDPSISFPVSTIYVLQWFFVLPLEII
 AAAMTVQVWNSSIDPVIWVAIFVAVIVSINLFGVVRGFEAEFAFSTIKAITVCGFIIICV
 VLICGGGPDHEFIGAKYWHDPGCLANGFPVLSVLVVASYSLGGIEMTCLASGETDPKGL
 PSAIKQVFWRILFFFLISLTLVGFPLVPYTNQNLGGSSVDNSPPFVIAIKLHHIKALPSIV
 NAVILISVLSVGNCSIFASSRTLCSMAHQGLIPWVFGYIDRAGRPLVGMANSLFGLLAF
 LVKSGSMSEVFNWLMIAIAGLATCIVWLSINLSHIRFRLAMKAQKSLDELEFVSAVGIWG
 SAYSALINCLILIAQFYCSLWPIGGWTSKGERAKIFPQNYLICALIMLPIFIVHKIYYKQ
 TKGWVGKALKDIDLETRKIDIEIVKQEI AEKKMYLDSRPWYVVRQPHFWC

SEQ ID NO: 66
 YOL075C
 >sp|Q08234|YO075_YEAST Uncharacterized ABC transporter ATP-binding protein/permease YOL075C OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YOL075C PE = 1 SV = 3
 MSQQENGDVATELIENRLSFSRIPRISLHVRDLSIVASKTNTTLVNTFMSDLPSGSMVAV
 MGGSGSGKTTLLNLVASKISGGLTHNGSIRYVLEDTGSEPNETEPKRAHLDGQDHPKQKH
 VIMAYLPQQDVLSPRLTRETLLKFAADLKLNSERTKKLMVEQLIEELGLKDCADTLVGD
 NSHRGLSGGKRRLSIGTQMISNPSIMFLDEPTTGLDAYSAPFLVIKTLKLLAKEDGRTFI
 MSIHQPRSDILFLLDQVCI LSKGNVYVCDKMDNTIPYFESIGYHVPQLVNPADYFIDLSS
 VDSRSDKEEAATQSRNLNLSIDHWHDYERTHLQLQAESYISNATEIQIQMNTRLPFWKQV
 TVLTRRNFKLNFSDVYTLISTFAEPLIIGTVCGWIIYKPKDKSSIGGLRTTTACTYASTIL
 QCYLVLFPDITYRLCEQDIALYDRERAEGSVTPLAFIVARKISLFLSDDFAMTMIFVSI TY
 FFMGLEADARKEFFYQFAVAVFLCQLSCSGLSMLSVAVSRDFSKASLVGNMTPVLSMGGCF
 FVNAKMPVYVVRWIKYIAFTWYSFGTLMSSFTNSYCTDNLDECLGNQILEVYGFPRNW
 ITPAVVLLCWSVGVYFVVGAILYLHKIDITLQNEVKSQKIKKKSPTGMKPEIQLLDD
 VYHQKDLAEAKGNKIHITIKLEDIDLRFVIFSAPFSNWKEGNFHHETKEILQSVNAIFKpG
 MINAIMGPSGSGKSLNLSISGRKSSVFAKFDTSGSI MPNDIQVSELMFKNVCSYVSQD
 DDHLLAALTIVKETLKYAAALRLHHLTEAERMERTDNLIRSLGLKHCENNIIGNEFVKGIS
 GGKRRVTVMGVQLLNDPPI LLLDEPTSGLD SFTSATILEILEKLCREQGKTIIITIHQpR
 SELFRKFGNVLLAKSGRTAFNGSPDEMIAYFTELGNCPSTFNVADFFLDLISVNTQNE
 QNEISSRARVTEKILSAWKANMDNESLSPPTISEKQYQSQESFFTEYS EFVRKPANLVLAY
 IVNVRQPTTTRRSFDSLMARIAQIPGLGVIFALFFAPVKHNTISISNRLGLAQESTALY
 FVGMGLNLACYPTERDYFEEYNDNVYGIAPFFLAYMTLELPLSALASVLYAVETVLACG
 LPRTAGNFFATVYCSFIVTCCGEALGIMTNTFFFERPGFVVNCSIILSISIGTQMSGLMSLG
 MSRVLKGFNLYLNPVGYTSMI IINFAPGNLKLTCEDGGKNSDGTCEPANGHDVLSVYGLV
 RNTQKYLGIIVCVAIYIRLIAFFILKAKLEWIKW

SEQ ID NO: 67
 YOL077W-A
 >sp|P81451|ATP19_YEAST ATP synthase subunit K, mitochondrial OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATP19 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MGAAVHFMGKAI PPHQLAIGTLGLLGLLVVNPFFKSAKPKTVDIKTDNKDEEKFIENYLK
 KHSEKQDA

SEQ ID NO: 68
 YOL122C
 >sp|P38925|SMF1_YEAST Manganese transporter SMF1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SMF1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MVNVGPHAAVAVDASEARKRNISEEVFELRDKDSTVVI EGEAPVRTFTSSSNHERED
 TYVSKRQVMRDI FAKYLFKIFGPGMLVSVAYIDPGNYSTAVDAGASNQFSLLCI ILLSNFI
 AIFLQCLCI KLGSVTGLDLSRACREYLPRWLNWTLFFAECAVIATDAEVI GATAI ALNI
 LIKVPPLPAGVAITVVDVFLIMFTYKPGASSIRFIRIFECFVAVLVVGVVICFAIELAYIP
 KSTSVKQVFRGFVPSAQMFDHNGIYTAISILGATVMPHSLFLGSAVLPRLLDYDVKHGN
 YTVSEEQDKVKKSSTEEIMEEKYFNRYRPTNAAIKYCMKYSMVLSITLFTLALFVNCAI
 LVVAGSTLYNSPEADGADLFTIHELLSRNLAPAAGTIFMLALLLSGQSAVVCTMSGGIV
 SEGHINWKLQPWQRRLATRCISIPCLVISICIGREALSKALNASQVLSIVLPLFVAPL
 IFFTCKKSIMKTEITVDHTEEDSHNHQNNDRSAGSVIEQDGS SGMIEENGDKVKIVYMA
 NNWIITVIAIIVWLFSLNLNVYAI VQLGMSHGDIS

SEQ ID NO: 69
 YOR079C
 >sp|Q12067|ATX2_YEAST Metal homeostasis factor ATX2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATX2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MKFLGVILLASELLIATFLIGLIPLYYIDKQKSSIVTNQEGADSIDPFTTNADTQTINDD
 VSSYRVKIAVLSQFGIGMLLGTSMFLVPIPEGIKACV EHDGNVGNVLLIGFLGINVLDRLV
 TLWVSRKQTVYTHDAVFKQSWKDIINHPRQIWMNLIQNNVVFALF IHGLSDGIALGTTTN
 NDSLILVVLIAIIVHKIPAVLSLTLMLVSRQNLKWEVICNVELPASSTPIGYIVLSLLN

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

LSHSPTMDWISGNLLMSGGSLLYASFTAFVGGDSHDHLSVEQEVVLPHDES VYVLIGV
 CIPLVISYCISEE

SEQ ID NO: 70
 YOR087W
 >sp|Q12324|YVC1_YEAST Calcium channel YVC1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YVC1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MVSANGDLHLPI SNQCPENNGSLGFEAPTQRQILRVTLNLKYLIDKVVPIVYDPNDIV
 CDHSEILSPKVVKLAYEACGGNPKDKANKRKYQSVIIFSLKVCWEVYSLATMEVHNAKL
 YETRNLASQQCLCKLLIEREETRDQLFLMQLLRRYVINENDEQEPNLNAELATDMHCT
 TVIGSSGFQRCLKWIRGWIVQNGLDPTTFIKDDSLAEVSLISHFNPVRLKAPVYQNYLQ
 MIFSPFLGLYTLVVGKDSERVQSFDLLESIFYVFNTGFILDELTKLYIYGVAHLSFPWN
 LFNDTTYLIITFAMGFRAMSVTPLNAKYSSSEDWDKISYRVLSCAAPPVWSRLLLYLESQR
 FIGIMLVILKMKESIVFFPLLFLIMIGFTQGFLGLDSADGKRITGPILGNLTIITVLG
 LGSFDVFEFAPPYAAIILYGYFIVSVILNLILALYSTAYQKVIDNADDEYMALMSQK
 TLRIRAPDEDVYVSPNLNIEVFMTPIFRILPCKRAKDLSTYVMTIVYSPFLLISVKET
 REARRIKYNRMKRLNDDANEYDTPWDLTDGYLDDDDGLFSDNRNSGMRATQLKNSRSLKL
 QRTAEQEDVHFVKVPKKWYKVKKCSPSFEQYDNDDETDDAGEDKDEVKELTKKVENLTA
 VITDLEKLDIKDKKE

SEQ ID NO: 71
 YOR092W
 >sp|Q99252|ECM3_YEAST Protein ECM3 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ECM3 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTHITLGGQAIWASVRPIIKIYLIIGVGFGLCKMNLTVQATRSISDIVLTIPLCLSPNK
 IVANIEDNDIKDVGIICTLSVILFATGLGFAFIVRSVLPVPKRWRGGILAGGMFPNISDL
 PIAYLQSMQDQGFIFTEAEGEKGVANVIFLAMFLICVFNLGGFRLEIENDFHYKGGDDEEN
 TLTNDDSAQQPTQPIEGNSSSSSNQDILKEPNESVTPNSSQASYISEKNKKEKTELSVPK
 PTHTAPPADIDRRSSNSAVVSIIDSIHSLRTHNVDAQSVSELNDPTYRTRSQPIAYTTES
 RTSHVHNRRNSITGSLRSIDMRELPAGEMSDLIREYSNVDOYGRRRKSSISSQGAPSVL
 QADGTISPNLTRTSTLQVRKTSNLTRITSDATVSKKDIETSGSSLPKWLQKFPPLTKFFV
 FFLKNCCLRPCSMAVILALI IAFIPWVKALFVTSNTPKIKQAPDNAPALTFIMDFTSYVG
 AASVFPGLILLGATLGRLLKIGKLYPGFWKSAVVLVFLRQCIMPVGLWCDRLVKAGWLN
 WENDKMLLVTAITWNLPTMTLIYFTASYTPEDETEPVQMECTSFPLMLQYPLMVVSLP
 FLVSYFIKVMKML

SEQ ID NO: 72
 YOR130C
 >sp|Q12375|ORT1_YEAST Mitochondrial ornithine transporter 1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ORT1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MEDSKKGLIEGAILDIINGSIAGACGKVI EFPFDTVKVRLQTQASNVFPPTWSCI KFTY
 QNEGIARGFFQGIASPLVGACLENATLFPVSYNQCKFLEKHINVSPLGQILISGGVAGSC
 ASLVLTPELVKCKLQVANLQVASAKTKHTKVLPTIKAIITERGLAGLWQQSGTFIRES
 FGGVAWFATYEIVKKS LKDRHSLDDPKRDESKIWELLSGGSAGLAFNASIFPADTVKSV
 MQTEHISLTNAVKKIFGKFGKGFYRGLGITLFRAPANA AVFYIFETLSAL

SEQ ID NO: 73
 YOR222W
 >sp|Q99297|ODC2_YEAST Mitochondrial 2-oxodicarboxylate carrier 2
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ODC2
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSSDSNAKPLPFIYQFISGAVAGISELTVMYPLDVVKTRFQLEVTTPTAAAVGKQVERYN
 GVIDCLKKIVKKEGFSRLYRGISSPMLMEAPKRATKFCANDQYQKIFKNLFPNTNETTQKI
 SIAAGASAGMTEAAVIVPFELIKIRMQDVKSSYLGPMDCLKKTIKNEGIMGLYKGIESTM
 WRNALWNGGYFGVIYQVRNSMPVAKTKGQKTRNDLIAGAIQGTVTMLNTPDFVVKSRIQ
 SVDVSSAVKYNWCLPSSLVYIREEGFRALYKGFVVKVCR LAPGGSMLLVVFTGMMNFF
 RDLKYGH

SEQ ID NO: 74
 YOR291W
 >sp|Q12697|YPK9_YEAST Vacuolar cation-transporting ATPase YPK9
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YPK9
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MDIPSSNQIQHGQRSERNRRMPRASFSSTATTTSTAATLTSAMVLDQNNSEPYAGATFEAV
 PSSIVSFHHPHFSQSSNLPSPHSSGNLEQRGRRLTESEPLVLSAEQSRSSSRNPSHFRF
 FTQEQISNAEGASTLENTDYDMAWDATPAYEQDRYIGTGLSSRRSSIRSFSTRASSLSNAK
 SYGFSKRGSRSGSRAPQRLGENSDTGFVYHSATHSSSSLSRYTTRERIPIELESQTDIL
 EDESSTHSLSSDSRRSASENRRGFSFGHDDVHNQHSYLPKDYHEKFPYQYAPNLHYQR
 FYIAEEDLVIGIAAYQTSKFWYI IYNLCCFLTFLGLVYLLTRWLPKLVKLVGVKVLAKA
 EWVVIENEFGFVFIQPIDRQWYNRPLSTVLPFENYPNPSYEPNDINLSHHANEINPNVP
 ILITFEYRYIKFIYISPLDDLKTNNNWIDPDWVLDLSTVSNGLTKGVQEDRELAFGKNQIN
 LRMKTTSEILFNEVLHPFYVQVFSIILWGDIEYYYYAACIFLISVLSIFDSLNEQKKVS
 RNLAEMSHFHCDVRVLRDKFWTTISSSELVPGDIYEVSDPNITILPCDSILLSSDCIVNE
 SMLTGESVPVSKFPATEETMYQLCDDFQSTQISSFVSKSFLYNGTNIIRAR IAPQTAAL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

AMVVRTGFSTTKGSLVRSMVFPKPTGFKFYRDSFKYIGFMSLIAIFGFCVSCVQFIKLG
 DKKTMI LRALDIITIVVPPALPATLTI GTNFALSRLKEKGIFCISPTRLNISGKIDVMCF
 DKTGTLTEDGLDVLGVQISEPNVGRGQKFGELLSDIRQVFPKFSLNDCSSPLDFKSRNFF
 MSLLTCHSLRSVDGNLLGDPLDFKMFQFTGWSFEEDFQKRAFHSLYEGRHEDDVPENSE
 IIPAVVHPDSNNRENTFTDNDPHNPLGVVRSFEFLSELRRMSVIVKTNDDVYWSFTKGA
 PEVI SEICNKSTLPADFEVLRCYTHNGYRV IACAGKTLPKRTWLYSQKVSREEVESNLE
 FLGFIIFQNKLKKETSETLKS LQDANIRTIMCTGDNILTAISVGREAGLIQCSR VYVPSI
 NDTPLHGEPVIVWRDVNEPKILDTKTLKPKVLGNN SVESLRECN YTLAVSGDVFRLFR
 DENEIPEEYLNELNLSIYARMSPEKHELMIQQLDYTVGFCGDGANDCGALKAADV
 GISLSEAEASVAAPFTSKI FNISCVLDVIREGRAALVISFACFQYMSLYSAIQFITITIL
 YSRGSLNGDFQFLYIDL LLI VPIAICMSWSKSYEKIDKKRPSANLVPKILVPLLI SVFL
 VFLFQFIPWIVQKMSWYIKP IVGGDDAVQSSDNTVLFVSNFQYILTAIVLSVGGPPYRE
 PMSKNFEFIVDITV SIGASLLMLTLDTESYLGKMLQLTPI SNSFTMFIIVVWILNYQAQ
 YIPPSIKGWLK KKKSKKYKLLIQEEMK LKEY

SEQ ID NO: 75
 YOR306C

>sp|Q08777|MCH5_YEAST Riboflavin transporter MCH5 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MCH5 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSSDSLTPKDTIIVPEEQTNLQRQPLDEDSIHYDPEADDESLETTASYASTSVSAKVYT
 KKEVNKGTDI ESQPHWGENTSSTHDSKKEEDSNEEIESFPEGGKAWVVTFGCFLGLIAC
 FGLLNSTGVIESH LQDNQLSSESVSTIGWLFSLFLFVCSASCTISGTYFDRNGPRTIMIV
 GTVFHVAGLFATANSTKYWHFILSFAIVCGPFGNGIVLSPLVSVPAHYFFKRRGTALAMAT
 IGGSVGGVFPIMLRSPFSMKSDTPTYGFWVGIRTLGFLDLALLTSLIILVKERLPHVI
 ENSKDGESRWRYILRVYILQCFDAKAPLDMKYLFCVLGTVFSELSINSALTYGGSYATSH
 GISANDAYTLIMIINVCGIPGRWVPGYLSDKFGRFNVAIALTLTLFIVMFGWLPFGTNL
 TMYVIVSALYGFCSGSVPSLLPVCCGQISKTEEFGKRYSTMVYVVGFTLVGIPITGAI
 SIKTTADYQHYIIFCGLATFVSAVCYIISRAYCVGFKWVR

SEQ ID NO: 76
 YOR316C

>sp|P32798|COT1_YEAST Cobalt uptake protein COT1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = COT1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MKLGSKQVKIISL LLLD TVFFGIEIT TGYLSHSLALIADSPHMLNDIISLVVALWAVNVA
 KNRNPDSTYTYGKRAEILGALINAVFLIALCVSILIEALQRIIAPPVIEPKFVLYVGV
 AGLISNTVGLFLPHDNDQEHGHGHSHGGIFADHEMHPSSHTTHAHVDGIENTTPMD
 STDNISEIMPNAIVDSFMNENTRLLTPENASKTPSYSTSSHTIASGGNYTEHNKRKRS LN
 MHGVLHVLGDALGNIGVMSLAPFIWKTDYSWKYTDPLVSLIITGIIFSSALPLSCKAS
 KILLQATPSTLSGDQVEGDLKI PGIIA IHD FHIWNLTESI FIASLHIQLDLSPEQFTDL
 AKIVRSKLRHYGIHSATLQPEFITREVTSTERAGDSQGDHLQNDPLSLRPKTYGTGISGS
 TCLIDDAANCNTADCLEHD

SEQ ID NO: 77
 YOR334W

>sp|Q01926|MRS2_YEAST Magnesium transporter MRS2, mitochondrial OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MRS2 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MNRRLLVRSISCFQPLSRITFGRPNTPFLRKYADTSTAANTNSTILRQQLLSLKPISASD
 SLFISCTVFNKSGNIISMSEKFPKWSFLTEHSLFPRDLRKIDNSSIDIPTIMCKPNCIV
 INLHIKALIERDKVYVFDTTNPSAAAKLSVLMYDLESKLSSTKNNSQFYEHRALESIFI
 NVMSALETDFKLHSQICIQILNDLENEVNRLKLRHLLIKSKDLTLFYQKTLIRLDLDEL
 LENDDDLANMYLTVKKS PKDNFSDLEMLIETYYTQCDEYVQQSESLIQDIKSTEEIVNII
 LDANRNSMLLELKVITIYTLGFTVASVLPAPYGMNLKNFIEESEWGFSTVAVFVSIVSALY
 ITKKNFNSLRSVTKMTMPNSPANS SVYPKTSASIALTNKLRKRKWKWKSTKQRLGVLLY
 GSSYTNKANLSNNKINKGFSKVKKFNMENTDIKKNQNRDMIWKWLI EDKKN

SEQ ID NO: 78
 YPL078C

>sp|P05626|ATPF_YEAST ATP synthase subunit 4, mitochondrial OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATP4 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSMSMGVRGLALRSVSKTLFSQGVRCPSMVIGARYMSSSTPEKQTPDKAKANSIINAIPGN
 NILTKTGLVLTSAAAVIYAINELYVINDESI LLLTFLGFTGLVAKYLAPAYKDFADARM
 KKVSDVLNASRNKHVEAVKDRIDSVSQ LQNV AETTKVLFVSKETVELESEAFELKQKVE
 LAHEAKAVLDSWVRYEASLRQLEQRQLAKSVISRVQSELGNPKFQEKVLQQSISEIEQLL
 SKLK

SEQ ID NO: 79
 YPL270W

>sp|P33311|MDL2_YEAST ATP-dependent permease MDL2, mitochondrial OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MDL2 PE = 1 SV = 3
 MLNGRLPLLRLLGICRNMLSRPRLAKLPSIRFRSLVTPSSQLIPLSRLCLRSPAVGKSLI
 LQSFRCNSSKTVPETSLPSASPI SKGSARS AHAKBQSKTDDYKDIIRLFMLAKRDWKL LLL
 TAILLLTISCSIGMSPKVI GIVLDTLKTSSGSDFFDLKIPISLPLVEFLSFFTVALLI

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

GCAANFGRFILLRILSERVVARLRANVIKKTLLHQDAEFFDNHKVGDLSIRLGSDAYVVS
 SMTQKVSQVSDGKALICGVVGVGMCSLSPQLSILLFFPEWLFSAVFGKQIRNTSKDLQ
 EATGQLTRVAEEQLSGIKTVQSFVAEGNELSRYNVAIRDI PQVGKTAFTNAKFFTTTSL
 LGDLSFLTVLAYSYLVLQSQLSIGDLTAFMLYTEYTGNAVFGLSTFYSEIMQGAGAASR
 LFELTDRKPSISPTVGHKYPDRGVIEFKDVSFSYPTRPVQIFKNLNFKIAPGSSVCIV
 GPSGRGKSTIALLLRYYNPTGTITIDNQDISKLNCKSLRRHIGIVQOEPVLMSTGIRD
 NITYGLTYTPTKEIRSVAKQCFCHNFITKFPNTYDVTIGPHGTLSSGGQKQRIAIARAL
 IKKPTILILDEATSALDVESEGAINYTPGQLMKS KSM TIVSIAHRLSTIRRSENVIVLGH
 DGSVVEMGKFKELYANPTSALSQLLNEKAAPGPSDQLQIEKVIKEDLNEKHEDDQKK
 DDNDNDNNHNDNSNNQSPETKONNSDDIEKSVHLLKDAAKEANPIKITPQP

SEQ ID NO: 80
 YPL274W

>sp|Q08986|SAM3_YEAST S-adenosylmethionine permease SAM3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SAM3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MDILKRGNESDKFKIETESTTIPNDSDRSGSLIRRMKDSFKQSNLHVIPEDLENSQTE
 QEKIQWKLASQPYQVLSQRHLTMIAIGGTGTLGTLFGLGYSLASGPAALLIGFLLVGT
 MFCVVQSAELSCQPPVSGSYATHVSRFIDESVGFVATNYALAWLISFPSELIGCALTI
 SYWNQTVNPAVWVAIFYVFMVNLNLFVGRGFAETEFALSIKVI AIFIFIIIGIVLIAGG
 GPNSTGYIGAKYWHDPGAFKPVFKNL CNTFVSAAFSPGGSELVLLTSTESKNI SAISRA
 AKGTFWRIAIFYITTVV IIGCLVPYNDPRLLSGSNS EDVVSAPFVIALSNTGSMGAKVSN
 FMNVVILVAVVSVNCNCSVYASRLIQALGASGQLPSVCSYMDRKRPLVIGISGAFGLL
 GFLVASKKEDEVFTWLFALCSISSFFTWFICMSQIRFRMALKAQGRSND E IAYKSILGV
 YGGILGCVLNALLIAGEIYVSAAPVGPS SAEAFPEYCLSIPIIMIVVYFAHRFYRRDWKH
 FYIKRSEIDLDTGCSVENLELFKAQKEAEEQLIASKPFYKYIRFWC

SEQ ID NO: 81
 YPR003C

>sp|P53394|SULX_YEAST Putative sulfate transporter YPR003C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YPR003C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTSNNSLLGRGRMSYSSTAPPFRKRSVDQRDTFSDNFYDKDSSNRGRTYIAASNSTTG
 PPPNNSRSGCTNNTNNTNNTSNTSNTNNDSDVENTVFETLPYYLPCFSWLP EYTFNKLW
 GDVIAGISVASFQIPLALS YTTSIAHV PPLCGLYSLAISPFVYGLG SVPMIVGPESAI
 SLVVQAVESITLHKENSLIDISTVITFVSGTILLFSGISRFGPLGNVLSKALLRGFIS
 SVGLVMIINSLISELKLDKFLVSLPQHYHTPFEKILFLIDYAPAQYHIPTAIFSGCLIV
 LFLTRLRLKRLMKYHKS AIFFPDILLVVIVTILISMKPNLKHRYGIS IIGDFSMDFDEL
 KNPLTRPRRKLIPDLFSASLIVAMLGFFESTTASKSLGTTYNLTVSSNRELVALGFMNIV
 ISLFGALPAFGGYGRSKINALSGAQSVMSGVFMGVI TLITMNL LQFVHYI PNCVLSVIT
 TIIGISLLEEVPGDIKPHLRCCGFSSELFVFAVTFCTTIFYSIEAGICIGCNNSIINI I KH
 SAKSRIQLARVAGTSNFTNLDDYMMNMKRNSLDVEGTEIEEGCMIVRIPEPLTFNSED
 LKQLDRIERYGSSKIHPGRKSLRSKDSIKYVIFDLGM T SIDSSAAQVLEEIITSYKRR
 NVFIYLVNVSINDKVRRLFKAGVAASVERAQANNENNTSNTFSDAGETYSPTYDSIDA
 ALYEIEKMKIKGNVNPNDSESPMSNTLFNSSLV

SEQ ID NO: 82
 YPR011C

>sp|Q12251|YP011_YEAST Uncharacterized mitochondrial carrier YPR011C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YPR011C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MAEVLTVLEQPNISKDFLKQDSNIAFLAGGVAGAVSRTVVSPPFERVKILLQVQSSTTSYN
 RGI FSSIRQVYHEEGTKGLFRGNGLNCIRIFPYSAVQPVVY EACKKKLPHVNGNNGQEQ
 TNTQRLFSGALCGGCSV VATYPLDLIKTRL SIQTANLSSLNRSKAKSISKPPGIWQLLSE
 TYRLEGGRLRGLYRGVWPTSLGVVVPYVALNFAYVEQLREFGVNSSDAQPSWKS NLYKLTIG
 AISGGVAQTIYFPD L LRRRQV LAMGGNELGFRYTSVWDALVTIGRAEGVSGYKGLAA
 NLFKVVVPTAVSWLVYEVVCD SVRNW

SEQ ID NO: 83
 YPR058W

>sp|P32331|YMC1_YEAST Carrier protein YMC1, mitochondrial
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMC1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSEEFPSPQLIDDL EHPQHDNARVVKDLLAGTAGGIAQVLVGPDPD TTKVRLQTSSTPT
 TAMEVVRKLLANEGPRGFYKGTLP LI GVGACVSLQFGVNEAMKRFPHHRNADMSSTLSL
 PQYYACGVTGGIVNSFLASPIEHVIRLQTQGTNAEFKGPLECIKKLRH NKALLRGL
 TPTILREHGCGGTYPFLVYBALIANQMNKRRLERKIPAWKLCIFGALS GTALWLMVYPL
 DVIKSMQTDNLQKPKFGNSISSVAKTLYANGGIGAFFKGPPTMLRAAPANGATFATFE
 LAMRLLG

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 84
 YPR128C
 >sp|Q06497|ANT1_YEAST Peroxisomal adenine nucleotide transporter 1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ANT1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MLTLESALTGAVASAMANIIVYPLDLSKTIIQSQVSPSSSEDSNEGKVLPNRRYKVVDC
 MINIFKEKGIILGLYQGMTVTTVATFVQNFVYFFWYTFIRKSYMKHLGLQSLKNRDGP
 TPSTIEELVVLGVAASISQLFSPMAVVATRQQTVHSAESAFTNVIKDIYRENNGDI
 TAPFKGLRTGLALTINPSITYASFQRLKEVFFHDHSDNAGLSAVQNFILGLVLSKMI
 STLVTQPLIVAKAMLSAGSKFTTFQEALLYLYKNEGLKSLWKGVLPQLTKGVIQVGLL
 FAFRGE LTKSLKRLIFLYSSPFLKHNGQRKLAST

SEQ ID NO: 85
 YPR201W
 >sp|Q06598|ARR3_YEAST Arsenical-resistance protein 3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ARR3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSEDQKSENSVPSKVMNVNRTDILTITKSLSWLDLMLPFTIILSIIIAVVIISVYVPS
 SRH TFD AEGHENL MGVS I PLTVGMIVMMIPPICKVSWESIHKYPYRSYIRKQALSL
 FLN WVI G PLLMTALAWMALFDYKEYRQGIIMIGVARIAMVLIWNQIAGGDNDLCV
 LVITNSLLQ MVLYAPLQIFICYVISHDHLNLSNRVLPFEEVAKSVGVFLGIPLGI
 GIIIRLGS LTIAGKS NYEKYILRFISPWAMIGPHYTLFVIFISRGYQFIHEIGS
 AILCFVPLVLYFFIAWFLTFALMRYLSISRSDTQRCS CDQELLLKRVWGRKSC
 EASFITMTQCF TMASNNFELSLAIAISLYGNNSKQAIATFGP LLEVPI
 LILAIVARILKPYIWNRRN

SEQ ID NO: 86
 YBR008C
 >sp|P38124|FLR1_YEAST Fluconazole resistance protein 1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN=FLR1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 M VY TSTYRHTIVVDLLEYLGI VSNLETLQSAREDETRK PENTDKKCKECPDY
 DIECGPNRS CSESSTDS DSGSQIEKNDPPFRVDWNGPSPDENPQNWP LKKSLV
 VVFI ML L TCVTYMGSIYTPGQEYIQEFHVGHVAVTLNLSLVLYGLGPIIFSP
 LSETARYGR LNLVMVTLFF FMIFQVGCATVHNI GGLIVMRFIGILCSPSLAT
 GGGTVADII S PEMVPLV LGMWSAGAV AAPVLA PL LG AAMVD AKNWR
 FIFWLLMWLSAATFILLAFFPETQHNNILYRRALKLRKE TGD RRYTEQDKL
 DREVDARTFLINTLYRPLKMI I KEPAI LAFDLYIAVAYGCFYLFPEA
 FPIV FVGIYHPSLVEVGLAYMGFCVGCVLAYGLFGLNMR IIVPRFRNGT
 FTPEAFLIVAMCVWC LPLSLFLFGWTARVHWI LPVISEVFFVLAVFNI
 FQATFAYLATCYPKYVASVFA GNGFCRASFA CAFP LFGRAMYDNLATK
 NYPVAVGSSLVGF LTLGLAIPF ILYKYGPSLR TRSSYTEE

SEQ ID NO: 87
 YBR021W
 >sp|P05316|FUR4_YEAST Uracil permease OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = FUR4 PE = 3 SV = 2
 MPDNL SLHLSGSKRLNSRQLMESSNETFAPNNVDLEKEYKSSQSNITTEVY
 EASSPFEKVSSEKPKQYSSFWKKIYYEYVVVDKSLGVSILDSFMYNQDLK
 PVEKERRVWSWYNYCYFW LAECFNINTWQIAATGLQLGLNWWQCWIT
 IWIWIGYGFVGFVVLASRVGSAYHLSFPISSR ASFGIFPSLWVPINR
 VVMAIVWYSVQAYIAATPVSLMLKSI FPKDLQDKIPDHFGSPNAT
 TYEFMCFPIFWAASLPFLLVPHKIRHLFTVKAVLVFPFASFGFLIWA
 IRRAGHRIALGSL TDVQPHGSFAFWAF LRS LMGCMANFSTMVINAP
 DFSRFSKPNPNSALWSQLVCIPFLFSIT CLIGILVTAAGYEIYGINY
 WSPLDVLEKFLQTTYNKGTRAGVFLISFVFAVAQLGTNISA NSLS
 CGTDMSAI FPKFINIKRGS LFC AAMALCICPWNLMATSSKFTMAL
 SAYAIFLSSIA GVVCSDFVVRGRIKLTTHIYSHQKGSFYMYGNR
 PGINWRALAA YLCGVAPCLPGFIAEV GAPAIKVS DGA M KLYLSY
 WVG YGLSFSSY TALCYFPVPGCPVNNI IKDKGWFQRWANV
 DDFE EEWKDTIERDDLVD DNI SVYEHEHEKTFI

SEQ ID NO: 88
 YBR043C
 >sp|P38227|QDR3_YEAST Quinidine resistance protein 3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = QDR3
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MQAQSQS NVGSLRNSCDNSLPNNHVMHCD ESSGSPHSEHNDYSYEKTNLE
 STASNSR EHRDNQLSRLKSEYVVPKNQRRLPQLAIIPEFKDARDYPPM
 MKMI VPLIAFSSMMG PMGTSIIFPAINSIITTEPKTSVIMVNVSIGVYLL
 SLGVFPLWSSLSLELEGRRTTYITSF ALLFAFNIGSALAPDINSFI
 ALRMLCGAASASVQSVGAGTVADLYISEDRGKNLSYYLGL PLLAPL
 SPIFGSLLVNRWPRWRS TQWFMVILSGCNVILLTVLLPETLRKQDSK
 GAIQAQIL AERRIQVDNNERGEIQEDYQRGEDETDRIENQVATLST
 EKHNIVGVEVRDQDSDLDES HSS PNTYDGRAGETQLQRIYTEAS
 RSLYEYQLDDSGIDATTAQVTRIRSTDPKLARSIRENSL RKLQTN
 LEEQVKVLSNGGETAPKQVSAVRKVDWTFVYPIKPLKSLHFLEYP
 PVALAIFSAISFSTVYFVNMTVEYKYSRPPYNFKPLYIGLLYIPNSV
 TYFFASTYGGRWDMLLK RYKEYGILAPEARISWNVVTSVISFP
 IALLIFGWCLDKKCHWVTP LIGTALFGYAAAMMT I GATLSYL
 VDSLPGKGATGVALLNLRQIL AATAV FVTPMLNGMGTGWAF
 TMLAIFVLG ASSVLIILKKHGDYWRENYDLQKLYDKID

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 89

YBR287W

>sp|P38355|YB8B_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter YBR287W
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YBR287W
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MVETPSFAHLAYLVFESVLQVVI IALAGFWSASSGLLPKQSQKIIISLLNVDLFTPCPLIFS
 KLAKSLSMAKIFEIAIPIFPGLTTGISFISGKIMSRI LDLDKDETNFVANSVFGNSNS
 LPVSLTSLAYTLPNLTWDQI PNDNRDNVSRGILYLLIFQQIGQMLRWSWGYNKLKMKWS
 GENTQHMPPSQVQSLLERTPNIDNEELVNEEQEEQELLEENNRMNSSFLSSSSIGDKIW
 QKSCTVFERIRANLNPPLYSMIFAVVVAIIGPLQRELFMEDGFINNTFAEAVTQLGVSVI
 PLILVVLGNSLYPSAEVFPKTVHHSKLLIGSI GRMILPSCFLLP IIAIAVKYINVSI LD
 DPILFVVGFLTTSPPAIQLTQITQLNEFFEAEMADILFWGYAVLSLPVSI IIVSGAIYV
 LQWANPT

SEQ ID NO: 90

YBR295W

>sp|P38360|ATU1_YEAST P-type cation-transporting ATPase
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PCA1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MKPEKLFSGGLTSDGEYGVVNSENI SIDAMQDNRGECHRRS IEMHANDNLGLVSRDCTN
 RPKI TPQECLESETEQICHGENTRTKAGLDVDDAETGGDHTNESRVDECCA EKVNDTETGL
 DVDS CCGDAQTGDDHTNESVDGCCRDRSSVMVEEVTGSC EAVSSKEQLTSFEVVPKSKS
 EGLQSIHDIRETRTNCNTNSNQHTGKGRLCIESSDSTLKKRCKVSRQKIEVSSKPECCNI
 SCVERIAERSCEKRTFKGSTNVGISGSSSTDSLSKFFSEQYSRMNRYSSILKNLGCIC
 NYLRTLKESCCLPKVRFCSEBEGASKTKYSYRNSGCLTKKKTGDKERLSDNDNGHADP
 VCSKSCCTKMKDCAVTSTI SGHSSSEI SRI VSMPEI ENHLNLEAGSTGTEHIVLSVSGMS
 CTGCEKLLKKSFGALKCVHGLKTSLILSQAEFNLDLAQGSVKDVI KHLKSTEFKYEQIS
 NHGSTIDVVVYAAKDFINEEWPQGVTELKIVERNI IRIYFDPKVI GARDLVNEGWSVPV
 SIAPFSCHPTEVGRKHLVVRVGCCTALSII LTIPILVMAWAPQLREKISTISASMLATI
 IQFVIAGPFYLNALKSLIFSRLEMDLLIVLSTSAAYIFSIVSFGYFVVRPLSTEQFPE
 TSSLLVTLIMVGRFVSELARHRAVKSISVRSLQASSAILVDKTKGKETEINIRLLQYGDIF
 KVL PDSRIPTDGTIVLSGSSEVDEALITGESMPVPKKQCSI VVAGSVNGTGTLFVLSKLP
 GMNTISTIATMVDEAKLTKPKIQNIADKIASYFVPTIIGITVVTFCVWIAVGIRVEKQSR
 SDAVIQAI IYAITVLIVSCPCVIGLAVPIV FVVIASGVAAKRGVIFKSAESI EVAHNTSHV
 VFDKGTGLTEGKLTVVHETVRGDRHNSQSLLLGLTEGI KHPVSMIAIASYLKEKGVSAQNV
 SNTKAVTKRVEGTSYSGLKLQGGNCRWLGHMNDPDVRKALEQGYVFCFSVNGSVTAVY
 ALEDSLRA DAVSTINLLRQRG I SLHILSGDDGAVRSMAARLGI ESSNIRSHATPAEKSE
 YIKDIVEGRNCDSSSQSKRPVVVFCGDDGNTDAIGLTQATIGVHINEGSEVAKLAADVML
 KPKLNNILTMITVVSQKAMFRVKNLFLWSFTYNLFAI LLAAGAFVDFHIPPEYAGLGELVS
 ILPVIFVAILLRYAKI

SEQ ID NO: 91

YBR296C

>sp|P38361|PHO89_YEAST Phosphate permease PHO89 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PHO89 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MALHQFDYI FAIMLFAFLDAFNIGANDVANSFASSISSRSLKYWQAMVLAGLCEFLGAV
 LAGARVSGTIKNNI IDSSIFTNDPAVLMMLTMTSALIGSSCWLTFATAIGMPVSTTHSIVG
 GTIGAGIAAGGANGVVGWGSVSI IASWFIAPILAGAI AIVFISIRFVSLEVKSLERS
 IKNALLLVGVLVFATFSILTMILVWKGSPNLHDDLSETE TAVSIVLTGAIASIVYFIF
 YPFYRRKVLQDQWTLKLDIFRGP SFYFKSTDDIPMPPEGHQLTIDYIEGRRNLGTTVSV
 EDEENKAASNSNDSVKNKEDI QEVDLVRTETEPETKLSTKQYVWSLLKQGPKKWPLFLW
 VISHGWTQDVIHAQVNDRMLSGDLKGMYSKFDYDNRVEYIYSVLQAITAATMSFAHGA
 NDVANATGPLSAVYVIWKTNTIGAKSEVPVWVLA YGGVALVIGCWTYGYNI IKNLGNKMI
 LQSPSRGFSIELAVAITVMATQLGIPSTTQIAVGGIVAVGLCNKDLKSVNWRMVAWCY
 SGWFLTLPIAGLIAGIINGIILNAPRFGVEYQMT

SEQ ID NO: 92

YCL038C

>sp|P25568|ATG22_YEAST Autophagy-related protein 22 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ATG22 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSYGTINDMNSVNTYRIKKAQNNIKGWYAYSFSSEPPVVS AVSTYIPLLLQOFASINGV
 KVHDSIPCLSETGSDSKCVLGLFNRRIFVDTSFALYVPSLSVLFQTI IIVISVSGIVD
 LWGSVKFKRILVWFGIVGALSTVAISKLNDTQIYSLAGLYIVANGCPCGIVNVVGNLSLLP
 IFVKDSLKCQSQGAYEPDKVDSLTTVISGRGASLGYSSALIVQIVSMFLVASKKGSQDV
 QVAVLVFVGIWVFWQLPMIWLIDDV TPIRVDVDSLASARSYPGEGDALGQLNWKNYLS
 YGWSLSEFSPKHARLLKDVMI FLIAWFIIDSITINSTAVLFSKAEHLMS TLNLMISV
 LIVVNAMLGAFM1PQFLATKFRWTSSTQLMYII I WASFIPFYGILGFPFNAFGLKHKFEM
 PLLAIVYGLSLGLLSAVSRVSVFLIVPPGKES TFFSMFSITDKGSSILGPPLVGLLTDKT
 HNRYSFYFFLLMLSLPVLNCLDVKRRREAEELSQVLPESERRLD

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 93
 YCR011C
 >sp|P25371|ADP1_YEAST Probable ATP-dependent permease
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ADP1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MGSRRYLYYSILSFLLLSCSVVLAKQDKTPFFEGTSSKNSRLTAQDKGNDTCPPCFNCM
 LPIFECKQFSECNSYTGRCCEIEGFAGDDCSLPLCGGLSPDESGNKDRP IRAQNDTCHCD
 NGWGGINCDVQCEDFVCDAMPDPSIKGTCYKNGMIVDKVPSGCNVNTEKILQILNGKIP
 QITFACDKPNQECNFQFWDQLESFYCGLSDCAFEDLEQNTSHYKCNQVQCKVPDVT
 CGAKGSIDISDFLETETIKGPGDFSCDLETRQCKFSEPSMNDLILTVFGDPYITLKCESGE
 CVHYSEIPGKSPSKDPTVSWQGLVLAALAVMVLALPFAFFYISKSPLEFRNGLGSSKS
 PIRLPDEDAVNNFLQNEDDTLATLSFENITYSVPSINSDGVEETVLEISGIVKPGQILA
 IMGSGGAKTLLDLILAMKRKTGHVSGSIVKNGISMDRKSFSKIIIFVDQDDFLPLTLTV
 FETVLNSALLRLPKALSPEAKKARVYKVLLELRIIDIKDRIIGNEFDRGISGGEKRRVSI
 ACELVTSPLVFLDEPTSGLDASNANNVIECLVRLSSDYNRTLVLVSIHQPRSNIFYLFDK
 LVLLSKGEMVYSGNAKKVSEPLRNEGYICPDNYNIADYLIDITFEAGPQKRRRIRNISD
 LEAGTDINDINDIHTQTTFTSDGTQREWAHLAHRDEIRSLRDEEDVEGTDRAGAT
 EIDLNTKLLHDKYKDSVYVAELSQEIEEVLSEGEESNVNLNGDLPTGQOSAGFLQOLSIL
 NSRSFKNMRYRNPKLLLLGNLYLLTLLSLFLGLTYLVNVSNDISGFGQNRMLGFFPILTYFGFV
 TPTGLSSPALERIIPIKERSNNYSPYAYISKIMSEVVPLRVVPPILLSLIVYPMTGLN
 MKDNAPFKCIGILILFNLGISLEILTIGIIPEDLNNSIILSVLVLLGSLPLSGLFINTKN
 ITNVAFKYLKNSFVYAYESLLINEVKTMLLKERKYLNIIEVPGATILSTFGFVVQNLV
 FDIKLLALFNVVPLIMGYLALKWIVVEQK

SEQ ID NO: 94
 YDL054C
 >sp|Q07376|MCH1_YEAST Probable transporter MCH1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MCH1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MPLSKVEHYLSYHTRLLPHVLSLQSSHRVAYIFSLLSAVSTGFTLISLSYQPWQKHLN
 YSSWQINTIASMNTNLGMYLTPPILGMIADSHGPIITLSLLAIIGFIPSYSLAYVFNHPEL
 SLGNGDSSFNLSIICFVFIGISTALSALYFSALLTCTKLYPHTKLLSISLPTCYGISSV
 GSQLLRIKWFWSNASSSSSDNLNLRVVFQTFALVYVVI GLLAWIATSVVSLHFNEEQ
 DNQKRLDDQTDVEQSPLLERSNHVQEKFTQTMRLIFSDPVIYIILAVSILLSLGLPLEMFI
 NMGSLINLLVQLDAPTLSTKLLSTYALSSTFTRLLTGIVADFFAKKISIKWILLTFLPSL
 GVCAQLFLLKMTSSASPWGLVPTGSLVGI VYGGLFTVYPTLVLLVWGERSEFGTVYGSLLI
 APAIGSMIFCMLYAKFYDSRCMSGGDLRNPSCISAVYKYSSIAFVVSAVLSAVVFWKLLK
 SRKLR I

SEQ ID NO: 95
 YDL100C
 >sp|Q12154|GET3_YEAST ATPase GET3 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = GET3 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MDLTVPEPNLHSLITSTTHKWI FVGGKGVGKTTSSCSIAIQMALSQPNKQFLLISTDPAH
 NLSDAFGEKFKGDKARKVTGMNLS CMEIDPSAALKDMNDMAVSRANNGSDGQDDDLGSL
 LQGGALADLTGSIPIGIDEALSFMEVMKHIKREQEGEGEFTDVTIFDPTAPTGHTRFLQLP
 NTLKLEKFEIITNKLGPMNLSPMGAGNVDSI SGKLNELKANVETIRQQFTDPDLTTFVC
 VCISEFLSLYETERLIQELISYDMVNSIIVNQLLFAENDQEHNCRCQARWKMOKKYLD
 QIDELYEDFHVVKMPLCAGEIRGLMNLTKFSQFLNKEYNPIITDGKVIYELEDKE

SEQ ID NO: 96
 YDL245C
 >sp|P54854|HXT15_YEAST Hexose transporter HXT15 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = HXT15 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MASEQSSPEINADNLNSAADVHVQPPGKEKWSDFYDKEVINGNTPDAPKRGFLGYLII
 YLLCYPVSGFGLPFGWDSGITAGFINMDNFKMNFGSYKHSTGEYLSNVRMLLVAMFSV
 GCSIGGVAFARLADTLGRRLAIVIVVLVYVVGAI IQISSNHKWYQYFVGKI IYGLGAGGC
 SVLCPMLLSEIAPTDLRGLVSLYQLNMTFGIFLGYCSVYGTRKYSNTAQWRIPVGLCFL
 WALIIIVGMLLVPESPRYLIECERHEEACVSI AKINKVSPEDPVWLKQADEINAGVLAQR
 ELGEASWKELEFSVKT KVLQRLITGILVQTFQLTGENTYFFYGTTFIKFSVGLTDGFETSI
 VLGTVNFSTIIIVAVMVDKIGRRKCLLFGAASMMACMVFASIGVKCLYPHQDGPSSKG
 AGNAMI VPTCFYIFCPATWAPVAYIVVAESFSPSKVKS KAMSI STAFNWLWQFLIGFFPT
 FITGSIHFYGYVVFVGLVAMFLYVFFLPETIGLSLEIEIQLLYEEEGIKPWKSA SWVPPS
 RRGASSRETEAKKKSWEVLKFPKSFN

SEQ ID NO: 97
 YDL247W
 >sp|P0CD99|MPH2_YEAST Alpha-glucosides permease MPH2
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MPH2
 PE = 2 SV = 1
 MKNLSFLINRRKENTSDSNVYPGKAKSHEPSWIEMDQTKKDGDLIVHVEFSPDTRAPSD
 SNKVITETIFDATEDAKEADESERGMPLATALNTYPKAAAWSLVSTTLIMEGYDTAILGA
 FYALPIFORKEGSDNKTGEWEISASWQIGLTLCYMAGEIVGLQLTGPVVDLVGNRYTLI
 IALFFLAFAFTFILIYFCNSLGMIAVGQALCGMPWFCFQCLTVSYASEICPLALRYLTTYS
 NLCWLFGLQFLAAGIMKNSQKKYADSELGYKLPFALQWILPVPLALGIFPAPESPWWLVKK

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

GRFDEARRSLRRTLSSGKGPEKEILVTLVVDKIKVTIDKEKRLTSKEGSYSDCFEDKINRR
 RTRITCLCWAGQATCGSILIGYSTYFYEKAGVSTEMSPTFSIIQYCLGICATFLSWWASK
 YFGRYDLYAFGLAFQTIIVFFIIGGLGCSSTHGSKMGSGSLLMVAFFYNLGIAPVVFCLV
 SEMPSRRLRTKTIILARNTYNVVSIIICSVLILYQLNSKKNWGAKS GFFWGLVCFCTLIW
 AVVDLPETAGTKTVEINELFKLGVSAKFKSTKVDPPFVVKPLKTSLITTPREISKLPLO
 RNSNVSHHL

SEQ ID NO: 98
 YDR011W
 >sp|P32568|SNQ2_YEAST Protein SNQ2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SNQ2 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSNIKSTQDSSHNAVARSSSASFSAASESFTGITHDKDEQSDTPADKLTKMLTGPARDTA
 SQISATVSEMAPDVVSKVESPADALSRHTTRS GAFNMDSDSDDGFDHAHAI FESFVRDADE
 QGIHIRKAGVTIEDVSAKGVDSALEGATFGNILCLPLTI PKGIKAKRHQKMRQIISNVN
 ALAEAGEMILVLRPGAGCSSFLKVTAGEIDQFAGGVSGEVAYDGIPQEEMMKRYKADVI
 YNGELDVHFPYLVTPQTLDFAIACKTPALRVNNVSKKEYIASRRDL YATIFGLRHTYNTK
 VGNDFVRGVSGGERKRVSI AEALAAKGSICYWDNATRGLDASTALEYAKAIRIMTNLLKS
 TAFVTIYQASENIYETFDKVTVLVYSGKQIYFGLIHEAKPYPAKMGYLCPPRQATAEFLTA
 LTDPNGFHILKPGYENKVPRTAE EEFETYWLNSEPEFAQMKKDIAAYKEKVNT EKTKEVYDE
 SMAQEKSKYTRKKSYYTYSYWEQVKLCTQRGFQRIYGNKSYTVINVCSAIIQSFITGSLF
 YNTPSSSTSGAFSRGGVLYFALLYYSLMGLANISFEHRPILQKHKGYSLYHPSAE AIGSTL
 ASFPFRMIGLTCFFIILFFLSGLHRTAGSFPTIYLF LTMCS EAINGLFEMVSSVCDTLSQ
 ANSISGILMMSISMYSTYMIQLPSMHPWFKWISYVLP IRYAFESMLNAEFHGRHMD CANT
 LVPSSGGDYDNLSDDYKVCFAVGSKPGQSYVLGDDYLNQFQYVYKHTWRNFGILWCFLG
 YVVLKVIETEKYRVPKGGGDALIFKKGSKRFIAHAEDESPDNVNDIDAKEQFSSES SGAN
 DEVFDDLEAKGVFIWKDVCFIPEYEGGKRMLLDNVSGYCI PGTMTALMGESGAGKTTLLN
 TLAQRNVGII TGDMLVNGRPIDASFERRTGYVQQQDIHIAELTVRESLQFSARMRRPQHL
 PDSEKMDYVEKIRVLGMEEYAEALVGEVGCGLNVEQRKKL SIGVELVAKPDL LFLDEP
 TSGLDSQSSWAIQLLRKLSKAGQSILCTIHQPSATLFE EFPDRLLLLLRKGGQTVYFGDIG
 KNSATI LNYFERNGARKCDSSENPAEYILEAI GAGATASVKEDWHEKWLNSVEFEQTK E
 VQDLINDLSKQETKSEVGD KPSKYATS YAYQFRYVLRITSTSFWRSLNYIMSKMMLMLVG
 GLYIGFTFFNVGKSYVGLQNAMFAAFISII LSAPAMNQIQGRATASRELFEVRESQS NMF
 HWSLVLITQYLSLPHYHLFFSTIFFVSSYFPLRIFFEASRS AVYFPLNYCIMFQLYYVGLG
 LMILYMSPNLPSANVILGLCLSFMLSFCGVTQPVSLMPGFWTFMWKASPYTYFVQNLVGI
 MLHKPVPVCKKKELNYFNPNGSTCGEYMKPFLEKATGYIENPDATSDCAYCIYEVGDNY
 LTHISSKYSYLWRNFGIFWYIIFFNIIAMVCVYYLFHVRQSSSFLSPVSI LNKIKNIRKKK
 Q

SEQ ID NO: 99
 YDR292C
 >sp|P32916|SRPR_YEAST Signal recognition particle receptor subunit
 alpha homolog OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 /
 S288c) GN = SRP101 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MPDQLAVFTPQGQVLYQYNCLGKFPSEIQINSFISQLITSPVTRKESVANANTDGFDFNL
 LTINSEHKNSPSPNALFYLNKQPELYFVVTF AEQTL ELNQETQQTALV LKLNLSHLSE
 SILKNRQQQNEKNHNYVDI LQGI EDDLK KFEQYFR IKEYESI KQDHI NPDNFTKNGSVP
 QSHNKNTKKLRDRTKGGKQSTGNVGSGRKWRDGGMLDEMNHEDA AKLDFSSNSHNSSQ
 VALDSTINKDSFGDRTEGGDFLIKEIDDLSSHKDEITSGNEAKNSGVYSTAFGLQKHV
 LGNKITINESDLKSVLEKLTQQLITKNVAPEAADYLTQQVSHDLVGSKTANWTSVENTARE
 SLTKALTQILTPGVSVDLLREIQSKRSKKDEEGKCDPYVFSIVGVNGVGS TNLSKLAFW
 LLQNNFKVLIVACDTFRSGAVEQLRVHVENLAQLMDDSHVRGSKNKRKGTGNDYVELFEA
 GYGSDLVTKIAKQAIKYSRDQNFIVLMDTAGRRHNDPTLMSPLKSPADQAKPKDKIIMV
 GEALVGTDSVQAKNFNDAFGKGRNLDFFIISKCDTVGEMLGTVMVMVYATGIPILFVGV
 GQTYTDLRTL SVKAVNTLMS

SEQ ID NO: 100
 YDR497C
 >sp|P30605|ITR1_YEAST Myo-inositol transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ITR1 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MGIHTPYLTSKTSQSNVGDVGNADSV EFNSEHDSPSKRKGITLESHEIQRAPASDDEDR
 IQIKPVNDEDDTSMVITFNQSLSPFIIITLTFVASISGPMFGYDTGYISSALISIGTDLDH
 KVLTYGEKEIVTAATSLGALITSI FAGTAADI FGRKRC LMGSNLMFVIGAILQVSAHTFW
 QMAVGRILMFGVIGIGSLIAPLFISEIAPKMIRGRLTVINSLWLVTGGQLVAYGCGAGLNY
 VNNGWRILVGLSLIPTAVQFTCLCFLPDTPRYVVMKGD LARATEVLKRSYTDTS EEEIER
 KVEELVTLNQSIPGKNVPEKVWNTIKELHTVPSNLRALIIGCGLQAIQQFTGWNSLMYFS
 GTIFETVGFKNSSAVSIVSGTNFI FTLVAFP SIDKIGRRITILLIGLPGMTMALVVC SIA
 FHLFGIKPDGAVAVVVSSGFSWGIVIVFII VFAAFYALGIGTVPPWQQSELFPQNV RGI
 GTSYATATNWAGSLVIAS TFLTMLQNI TPAGTFAFFAGLSCLSTIFCYFYPELSGLELE
 EVQTLKDGFNIKASKALAKRQKQVARVHELKYEPTQBEIIEDI

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 101

YEL006W

>sp|P39953|YEA6_YEAST Mitochondrial nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide transporter 2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YEA6 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MNNGDNKTTLENSKNASLANGNYAIPTKLNRLKKNADPRVAISGALSGALSAMLVCPFD
 VAKTRLQAGLQNMTHQSQHYKGFPGTFATIFKDEGAAGLYKGLQPTVLGYIPTLMIYFS
 VYDFCRKYSDVIDFPHSPFLSNASSAITAGAISTVATNPWVVKTRLMLQGTGIGKYSTHYK
 GTIDTFRKIIQQEGAKALYAGLVPALLGMLNVAIQFPLYENLKIRFGYSESTVDVSTVTS
 SNFQKLILASMLSKMVAHVTPHEILRTRMQLKSDLPNTVQRHLLPLIKITRQEGFAG
 FYSGFATNLVTRVPAAVVTLVSFEYSKKYLTTFPQ

SEQ ID NO: 102

YEL027W

>sp|P25515|VATL1_YEAST V-type proton ATPase subunit c OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VMA3 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTELCPVYAPFFGAIGCASAIIFTSLGAAAGTAKSGVGCATCVLRPDLDFKNIVPVIMA
 GIIAIYGLVSVLVVYSLGQKQALYTGFIQLGAGLSVGLSGLAAGFAIGVGDAGVGRSS
 QQPRLFVGMILILIFAEVLGLYGLIVALLLNSRATQDVVC

SEQ ID NO: 103

YEL065W

>sp|P39980|SIT1_YEAST Siderophore iron transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SIT1 PE = 3 SV = 1
 MDPGIANHTLPEEFEEVVPEMLEKEVGAQVDVVKPTLTSSPAPSYIELIDPGVHNIEIY
 AEMYNRPITYRVALFFSLFLIAYAYGLDGNIRYTFQAYATSSYSQHSLLSTVNCIKTVIAA
 VGQIFPARLSDIFGRFSIMIVSIIFFYSMGTIIESQAVNITRFVAVGGCFYQLGLTGIILIL
 EVIASDFSNLNRLLALFIPALPFIINTWISGNVTSAIDANWKWIGIMWAFILPLACIPL
 GICMLHMRYLARKHAKDRKPEFEALNKLKWKSFCDIAFWKLDIIGMLLITVFFGCVLV
 PFTLAGGLKEEWKTAHIVPEVIGVVVLPYMLWEIKYSRHLTPWDLIQDRGIFFALL
 IAFFINFNWYMQGDYMYTVLVVAVHESIKSATRITSLYSFVSVIVGTILGFILIKVRATK
 PFIIFGISCWIVSFGLLVHYRGDSGAHSGIIGSLCLLGFAGSFTYVQASIQASAKTHA
 RMAVVTSLYLATYNIIGSAFGSSVSGAVWNTNLPKEISKRISDPTLAAQAYGETTFITTY
 TWGTPERIALVMSYRYVQKILCIIGLVFCFPLLGCAFMLRNHKLTDLSALEGNHLESKN
 TFEIEEKESFLKNKFFTHFTSSKDRKD

SEQ ID NO: 104

YER019C-A

>sp|P52871|SC6B2_YEAST Protein transport protein SBH2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SBH2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MAASVPPGGQRILQKRQAQSIKEKQAKQPTSTRQAGYGGSSSSILKLYTDEANGFRVD
 SLVVLFLSVGFIFSVIALHLLTKFTHII

SEQ ID NO: 105

YER053C

>sp|P40035|PIC2_YEAST Mitochondrial phosphate carrier protein 2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PIC2 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MESNKQPRKIQLYTKEFYATCTLGGIACGPTHSSITPLDLVKCRLQVNPKLYTNSLQGF
 RKIIANEGWKKVYTGFGATFVGYSLQGAGKYGGYEFKHLYSWLSPGVTVVLMASATAE
 FLADIMLCPEFAIKVKQQTTPPPCENNVDGWKKMYAESGGMKAFYKGIIVPLWCRQIPYT
 MCKFTSFEKIVQKIYSVLPKKEEMNALQQISVSVFVGGYLAGILCAAHSVHADVMVSKIN
 SERKANESMSVASKRIYQKIGFTGLWNLGMVRIVMIGTLTSPQWLIYDSFKAYVGLPTTG

SEQ ID NO: 106

YER119C

>sp|P40074|AVT6_YEAST Vacuolar amino acid transporter 6 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AVT6 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MVASIRSGVLTLLHTACGAGILAMPYAFKPFGLIPGVIMIVLCGACAMQSLFIQARVAKY
 VPQGRASFSALTRLINPNLGI VFDLAIKICFGVGVSYMI VVGDLMPIQMSVWTRNANLL
 NRNQISLIMLFFVAPLSFLKLNLSLRYSMVAISSVAYLVCVLLVLLHYVAPSEDLRLKLG
 RISYLLPPQSHDLNVLNLTLPFVFPAYTCHNNMFSIINEQRSSRFHEVMKIPLIAISLALI
 LYIAIGCAGYLTFGDNIGNIIMLYPQAVSSTIGRIAVLVVLMFLAPLQCHPARASIHQI
 LQHFAEENVISATSADEPTVATESPLIRDSLDELNEVIEESYQPKETPLRGSFIV
 ITCSILVASYLVAISVSSLARVLAIVGATGSTSISFILPGLFGYKLIQTEHKTAVPLTTK
 IFKYTGLLFLIWLIIIMTCLTAALKLN

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 107

YFL028C

>sp|P43569|CAF16_YEAST CCR4-associated factor 16 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = CAF16 PE-1 SV = 1
MVSQFAIEVRNLTYPKKESSDPSVVDINLQIPWNTSLVVGANGAGKSTLLKLLSGKHLCLD
DGKILVNGLDPFSPLSMNQVDDDESVEDSTNYQTYYLGTVEWCHMSIINRDIQVLELLK
SIGFDHFRERGERLVRILIDVVRWRMHRSLDGQKRRVQLAMGLKPKWRVLLDEVTVDLD
VIARARLLEFLKWEETETRRCSVVYATHIFDGLAKWPNQVYHMKSGKIVDNLDYQKDVFEF
EVDNAKVNQVAFENDNKKVVISKVNLSLHPLALEWLRKRDNQIPDKKEIGI

SEQ ID NO: 108

YFR045W

>sp|P43617|YFL5_YEAST Uncharacterized mitochondrial carrier YFR045W
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YFR045W
PE = 1 SV = 3
MANQNSDLYKQITAGSVAAVFQTTMTYPFYELKTLGLQLQPKGTAFEIIIPQIKSYFVGC
ALNVAAFQKTLIRFVTFDKLCHSLMNNIDNDFQRLTGYNLLIAGTLTGIVESLFIFP
ENIKTTLIQSRAMIDHKKLEKNQPVVNAKATPHKVATKSTPVARIEKLLPAVKHMYQTRGP
AAFVQGTATIFRQIANTSIQFTAYTAFKRLQLARNDKASSVITGLATSFTLVAMTQPID
VVKTRMMSQNAKTEYKNTLNCMYRIFVQEGMATFWKGSIFRFMKVGISGGLTFTVYEQVS
LLLGFSRS

SEQ ID NO: 109

YGL084C

>sp|P53154|GUP1_YEAST Glycerol uptake protein 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = GUP1 PE = 1 SV = 1
MSLISILSPLITSEGLDSRIKPSPKKDASTTTKPSLWKTTEFKFYIAFLVVVPLMFYAG
LQASSPENPNYARYERLLSQGWLFGKVDNDSQYRFFRDNFALLSVLMLVHTSIKRIVL
YSTNITKLRFDLIFGLIFLVAAGVNSIRILAHMLILYIAHVLKNFRRIATISIWYIGI
STLFINDFRAYPFGNICSFLSPLDHWYRGIIPRWDVFFNPTLLRVLSYNLDFLERWENL
QKKKSPSYESKEAKSAILLNERARLTAHPIDQYSLMNYIAYVYTPPLFIAGPIITFN
DYVYQSKHTLPSINFKFIYAVRFVIALLSMEFILHFLHVVAISKTKAWENDTPFQISMIG
LFNLNI IWLKLLIPWRLFRLWALLDGIDTPENMIRCVDNMYSSLAFWRAWHRSYKQVVR
YIYIPLGSSKRVLTSLAVFSFVAIWHDIELKLLWGWLVFLFLLEIFATQIFSHYTD
AVYRHVCAVGAVFNIWMMIANLFGFCLGSDGTTKLLSDMPCTVSGPKFVILASVSLFIA
VQIMFEIREEEKRHGIYKLC

SEQ ID NO: 110

YGL104C

>sp|P53142|VPS73_YEAST Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 73 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VPS73
PE = 1 SV = 1
MNRILSSASLLSNVSMRQNKHKITKALCYAIVASIGSIQFGYHLSLNAPOQVLSCE
FDIPMEGYPYDRTWLGRKGYKQCIPLNDEQIGIVTSVFCIGGILGSYFATSLANIYGRKF
SSLINCTLNIWGLIIFNSNSYRGLIIGRILVIGISCGSLIVIIPLFIKEVAPSGWEGLLG
SMTQICIRLGVLLTQGIAPLTDYSYRWRWILFGSPLI AVLNFMMFVIDESPKWLLAHR
VTDKLSLCKLRGVTFDEAAQEIQDWQLQIESGDPLIEPTTNSISGNSLWLYLRDRTN
VKSRRHVIIVLFLPGQQFCGINSIVLYGTKIIISQLYPQHAIRINFFISMVNLVTLVLSLLI
HSLPRKPLLMSTVLSVTAFIGMIAMNHNKMLLIVFSFIYMGVFTMGLNPLPFIIMRE
VSKPQDMVLAQRGTICNWNVGTFFIAYTFPIIHDVLSGYVFIIFAIACSI SAFIWKKVP
ETKRSG

SEQ ID NO: 111

YGL114W

>sp|P53134|YGL4_YEAST Putative oligopeptide transporter YGL114W
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YGL114W
PE = 1 SV = 1
MPQSTPSQEVQRVPWPNKPAKQITLRATIAGIAGSLVLTSNFQFGLQTGWVSMMSLPS
ALLACAFFKNIWPLIFPNDRPFSDEVNYVQSMVAVGTGPLAFGVGVI PAIEKFLTND
ESGGLREQQQSFTFRELLIWS TALAFFGIFFAVPLRQKQVIVREKLPFPSPGSAATFLISVL
NGTEILQEVSKSELEMRQRRLNECPEVLQPNRDEEADYLMNSSHSELGDYATATSQDGS
SILSTGSENRYRANI ILLKTFVVSLSLYTMVSYFVPIRSIPVFGKYLNNYLVNFPQPSA
YIGQGIIMGLPTVSYMLIGCFLGWGLAPLARYKRWVPPDADVDHWEQVQGWILWSSLS
IMVADSVVAFIVVTVKSVKPIIDDKAALLNNI IDDTFQSMLEEEERAINSSRRNTYVD
GRQDTRVLVSRDNEIEVDSKHLVRYTTVISGCLVSSII CIVSIIYLFQI QVIPLYAIITA
LILALFLSILGIRALGETDLNVPVSGIGKISQLIFAFIIPRDRPGSVLMNVVSGGIAEASA
QQAGDLMQDLTKGHLGASPRQAQFLIGACWSIILSFMVLCYKNVYSIPSEQFRIPT
AVVWIDCARLVTKGLPKALECSMILGVI FAVLSLIRNTYRDYGYGWILYIPSGVAVGV
GIFNSPSTIARFIIGGWASHFWLKNHRGDLNAKTKMIVFSSGLVLGEGIFSVINMLFICL
NVPHY

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

SEQ ID NO: 112
 YGL167C
 >sp|P13586|ATC1_YEAST Calcium-transporting ATPase 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PMR1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSDNPFNASLLEDENREREILDATAEALSKPSPSLEYCTLSVDEALEKLDTDKNGGLRS
 SNEANNRRSLYGPNEITVEDDESLEFKKFLSNFIEDRMILLIGSAVVSFLFMGNIDDAVSI
 TLAIPIVVTGQVQYRSEKSLALNKLVPACHELMRCQESHVLAASLTPVPGDLVHFRIG
 DRIPADIRIEAIDLSDIDESNLGGENEPVHKTSQTIKSSPNDQPNISVPISESCIAYM
 GTLVKEGHGKGIIVGTGNTSFGAVFEMMNNIEKPKTLPQLTMDKLGKDLSSLVSVFIVIGM
 ICLVGI IQGRSWLEMFQISVSLAVAAIPEGLPIIVTVTLALGVLRMAKRKAIVRRLPSVE
 TLGSVNVICSDKTGTLTNSHMTVSKLWCLDSMSKNLVLSLDKKNKTKNSNGNLKNYLTE
 DVRETLTIGNLNNASFQEHAIPLGNPTDVALLEQLANFEMPDIRNTVQKVQELPFNSK
 RKLMTAKILNVDNKCTVYVKGAFERILEYSTSYLKSQKTEKLEAQKATINECANSM
 ASEGLRVPFGAKLTLDSDSTPLTEDLIKDLTFTGLIGMNDPPRPNVKFAIEQLQGGVHI
 IMITGDSSENTAVNIAKQIGIPVIDPKLSVLSGDKLEMSDDQLANVIDHVNI FARATPEH
 KLNIVRALRKRGDVVAMTGDGVNDAPALKLSDIGVSMGRIGTDVAKEASDMVLTDDDFST
 ILTAIEEGKGI FNNIQNFLTQFQLSTVAALSLVALSTAFKLPNPLNAMQILWINILMDGP
 PAQSLGVEPVDHEVMKKPPRKRDKILTHDVMKRLTTAACII VGTVYI FVKEMAEDGKV
 TARDTMTFTCFVFFDMFNALACRHNTKSI FEIGFFTNKMPNYAVGLSLLGQMCAYIIPF
 FQSI FPKTEKLGISDILLLLLISSSVFIVDELRLKLVTRKKNEDSTYFNSV

SEQ ID NO: 113
 YGR257C
 >sp|P53320|MTM1_YEAST Mitochondrial carrier protein MTM1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MTM1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSDRNTSNLTLKERMLSAGAGSVLTSLLITPMDVVRI RLQQQMIPDCSCDGAEEV PNA
 VSSGSKMKTFTNVTGGQNLNNAKI FWESACFQELHCKNSLKFNGTLEAFTKIASVEGITS
 LWRGISLTLMLAIPANMVYFSGYEI RDVSP IASTYPTLNLPLFCGAIARVFAATSIAPLE
 LVKTKLQSI PRSSKSTKTMVMVKDLLNETRQEMKMVGPSRALFKGLEITLWRDVPFSAIY
 WSSYELCKERLWLDSTRFASKDANWVHFINSFASGCSGMIAAICTHPFDVGKTRWQISM
 MNNSDPKGNRSRNMFKPLET IWRTEGLAALYTG LAARVIKIRPSCAIMISSYEISKVVF
 GNKLHQ

SEQ ID NO: 114
 YHL035C
 >sp|P38735|VMR1_YEAST ABC transporter ATP-binding protein/permease
 VMR1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c)
 GN = VMR1 PE = 2 SV = 1
 MGTDPLIIRNNGSFWVEVDDDFRLGRTQLLSYYLPLAIIASIGIFALCRSGLSRYVRSAC
 DLVNEYLFQAQERKEDNSIERLLRNSNTQANYVNVKQGRILKLRHPDITITIDVKQIDA
 KNHGGLTFSRSTSDHLRKSSEIVLMSLQIIGLSFLRVTKINIELTNRDVTLLLFWLIL
 LSLSLRVYKRSTNLWAICTAHTTIWISTWIPRSVYIGNIDDVPSQIFYIFEFVITST
 LQPIKLTSPKIDNSSIIYVRDHTSPSREHISSILSCI TWSWITNFIWEAQNTIKLKI
 WGLSMEDYSIFILKGFTRRNKHINNLTLALPESFKTYLLIGMLWLVNSIVNLLPTILMK
 RFLEIVDNPNRSSS CMNLAWLYI IGMFICRLTLAICNSQGGQFVSDKICLRIRALLIGIY
 AKGLRRRLFTSPKTSDDSDSISANLGTIINLISIDSFVKS ELANYLYVTQAVIMI I VVV
 GLLFNFLGVSAPAGISIIIVMFPPLNLLANLLGKFKQKTLKCTDQRI SKLNECLQNRIV
 KYFAWERINI INEIKSIRQKELRSLKSLVSVTSFPLWVFTPTLVGTVFAICTFVQHED
 LNAPLAFITLTLKTPLDQLSNMLSFINQSKVSLKRI SDFLRMDTEKYNQLTISPD
 KNKIEFKNATLTWNENDSDMNAFKL CGLNIFKQIGKLNLI LGSTGSGKSALLLGLLGELN
 LISGSI IVPSPLEPKHDLIPDCEGLTNSPAYCSQS AWLLNDTVKNNI I FDNFYNEDRYNKV
 IDACGLKRDLEI LPAGDLTEIGEGKITLSGGQKQRI SLARAVYSSAKHVLLDDCLS AVDS
 HTAVWIYENCITGPLMKNRTCILVTHNVSLTLR NAHFAIVLENGKVKNOGTITELQSKGL
 FKEKYVQLSSRDSINEKNANRLKAPRKNDSSQKIEPV TENINFDANFVNDGQLIEEEKSN
 GAISPDVYKWLKFFGGFKALTALFALYIT AQILFISQSWWIRHWVNDTNVRINAPGFAM
 DTLPLKGMTDSSKNKHNAFYLLTVYFLIGIQAMLGGFKTMMTFLSGMRASRKIFNNLLD
 LVLHAQIRFFDVTPVGRIMNRFSDIEGVQDELI PYLEVTIPFLICQASII FLITVITPR
 FLTVAVIVFVLYFFVGGKWL TASRELKRLDSITKSPIFQHPSETLVGVCTIRAFGDERRF
 ILENMKNIDQNRAFFYLSVTWKFSFRVDMIGAFIVLASGSFILLNIANIDSGLAGISL
 TYAIFLTDGALWLRVLYSTFEMNMNSVERLKEYSSI EQENYLGHDDEGRILLNPEPSWPKD
 GEIEIENLSLRYAPNLPVIRNVSKVDPQSKIGIVGRTGAGKSTIITALFRLEPITGC
 IKIDGQDISKIDLVTLRRSITIPQDPI LFACTIKSNVDPYDEYDEKKIFKALSQVNLIS
 SHEPEVLNSERFNSTHNKPLNLHTEIAEGGLNLSQGERQLLFIARSLLREPKIILLDE
 ATSSIDYSDHLIQGIRSEFNKSTILTIAHRLRSVIDYDRIIIVMDAGEVKEYDRPSELL
 KDERGIFYSMCRDSSGGLLELLKQIAKQSSKMMK

SEQ ID NO: 115
 YHL036W
 >sp|P38734|MUP3_YEAST Low-affinity methionine permease
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MUP3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MEPLLFNSGKAMP SQDV FIDVEVGDITTKYGSTNTGFSFSSMDTVEAQAI KAETARFMEV P
 QGRHLGVFSTVVLVFSRIMGSGIFAVPSVILLNTGGNKLIYFAI WVFSAAI AFAGLYIFL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

EFGSWIPKSGGRKNFLERSFERPRLLISVVFSCYSVLTGYALTGSIVFGKYVLSAFGVTD
 DSWSKYVVISPIIFAVLIHGVSVRHGVIQNALGGLKLIMIVLMCFAGLYTLFFYKSTGQ
 VAWDLPTVQVEKDSLLSVSSIIATAFISSFFCFSGWDTVHTVTSEIKNPVKTLKVSGLPSL
 IICFVCYTMNNVAYLKVLTYYEIVSAGPLVGSVLFKTLFGPRVGGKFIAFSAIASAANSI
 LVVIYSISRVNQEIIFKEGYLPFSIHMSKNWPFDAPLPSISLCGFIITIAWILILPKEGESF
 NYLVSMDDYGNQFFLLLVAGLFIWRFKHKNEVPEIRASTFGVLAITTLISLYMLMAPFFA
 DPSLNRVGLFPPYQIMSLLVIVACFFFWLVKVFLLPKFFHYKLLPKITLHDLGLIVTEWV
 KKPCLC

SEQ ID NO: 116
 YHR002W

>sp|P38702|LEU5_YEAST Mitochondrial carrier protein LEU5
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = LEU5
 PE = 3 SV = 1
 MTRDSPDNDNSYKHINKNTTQKTSFDRNSFDYIVRSGLAGGISGCAKTLIAPLDRIKIL
 FQTSNPHYTKYTGSLIGLVEAAKHIWINDGVRGPFQGHSAATLLRIFPYAAVKFVAYEQIR
 NTLIPSKFESHWRRLVSGSLAGLCSVFITYPLDLVRRVRLAYETEHKRVKLGRIIKKIYK
 EPASATLTKNDYIPNWFCHWCNFYRGYVPTVLGMIPIYAGVSFFAHDLLHDLKSPFFAPY
 SVLELSEDELERVQKKQRRLRTWAEILISGGLAGMASQTAAYPFEIIRRLQVSALS
 TMYDHHKQSISEIAHIIIFKERGVRGFFVGLSIGYIKVTPMVACSFNNRMKWNFGI

SEQ ID NO: 117
 YHR096C

>sp|P38695|HXT5_YEAST Probable glucose transporter HXT5
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = HXT5
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSELLENHQGLEGSATVSTNSNSYNEKSGNSTAPGTAGYNDNLAQAKPVSSYISHEGPP
 KDELEELQKEVDKQLEKKS KSDLLFVSVCCLMVAFGGFVFGWDTGTISGFVRQTD
 FIRRFGSTRANGTTLSDVRTGLMVSIFNIGCAIGGIVLSKLGDMYGRKIGLMTVVVYISIGII
 QIASIDKYYQYFIGRIISGLGVGGITVLAPMLISEVSPKQLRGLTVSVCYQLMIFGIFLG
 YCTNFGTKNYSNSVQWRVPLGLCFAWSIFMIVGMTFVPESPRYLVEVGKIEEAKRSLARA
 NKTTEDESLVLEMENYQSSIEAERLAGSASWGLVLTGKQPMFRRTLMGMMIQSLQQLTG
 DNYFFYYGTTIFQAVGLEDSFETAIVLGVVNFVSTFFSLYTVDRFRRNCLLWGCVGMIC
 CYVVYASVGVTRLWPNQDQPSKSGAGNCMIVFACFYIFCPATTWAPVAVVLISESYP
 LRVGKAMSIASACNWIWGLISFFTPFITSAINFYGYVFMGCMVFAYFYVFFVFPETKGL
 TLEEVNEMYEENVLVWPKSTKWIPPSRRRTDYDLDATRNDPRPFYKRMPTKEK

SEQ ID NO: 118
 YIL006W

>sp|P40556|YIA6_YEAST Mitochondrial nicotinamide adenine
 dinucleotide transporter 1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC
 204508 / S288c) GN = YIA6 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTQTDNPVNCGLLPEQQYCSADHEEPLLLHHEEQLIFPDHSSQLSSADIEPIKMNSS
 TESIIGTTLRKKNVPLSSTQITALSAGAFAGFLSGVAVCPDVAKTRLQAQGLQTRFENPYR
 GIMGTLSTIVRDEGPRGLYKGLVPIVLGYFPTWMIYFYSVYEFSSKFFHGFQDFDVAQS
 CAAITAGAASTTLNPIWVVKTRMLQSNLGEHPTHYKGTDFDAFRKLFYQEGFKALYAGL
 VPSLLGLFHVLAHFPIYEDLKVRFHCYSRENNTNSINLQRLIMASSVSKMIASAVTYP
 HILRTRMQLKSDIPDSIQRRLPPLIKATYAQEGGLKGFYSGFTNLVVRTIPASAITLVSP
 EYFRNRLNENISTMVI

SEQ ID NO: 119
 YIL120W

>sp|P40475|QDR1_YEAST Quinidine resistance protein 1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = QDR1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MTKQQTSMVRNASIAKEEREGSDNNVDRSSSDAISDNDAERSNSHSEIDNESNDFMVPY
 SRFSHKQKMLLVVQCAFTGFFSTVAGSIYYPVLTIIERKFNITEELANVTIVVYFIFQGV
 APSIMGGLADTFGRRPVILWAILAYFCACIGLACAHNYAQILALRCLQAAGISPVIAINS
 GIMGDVTTKVERGGYVGLVAGFQVVGTAFGALIGAGLSSKKGWRAIFWFLAIGSGICLVF
 STLLMPETKRTLGVNGSVTPRSFLNRSLLHVGVSVKKTLHLHDDPDPETLEPRTSVDLAP
 LKILHIREIDILLSIAGLQFSWTWTHQTALTIVLSKKNVLSVAKIGLCFLPAGISTLTSI
 ISAGRYLNWSYRTRKVKYNRWIKEQELQMEKYKGDKNKVAELIHSNSHYAFNLVEARLH
 PAFVTLSSIGFTAFGWCISVKTPLAAVLCSTAFASLFSNCILTFSTTLIVDLFPKAS
 TATGCLNLFRCLLSAIFIAALTKMVEKMRVGGVFTFLSAITSSSSLLLFYLLKNGKQLSP
 DRI RANDKSAGRSVGNSEKYST

SEQ ID NO: 120
 YIL121W

>sp|P40474|QDR2_YEAST Quinidine resistance protein 2
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = QDR2
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MAGATSSSI IRENFDEFEDELAESMOSYNRETADKLALTRTESVKPEPEITAPPHSRFSRSFK
 TVLIAQCAFTGFFSTIAGAIYYPVLSVIERKFDIDEELVNVTVVVYFVQGLAPTFMGGF
 ADSLGRRPVVLVAIVVIYFGACIGLACAQTYAQIIVLRCLQAAGISPVIAINSIMGDVTT
 RAERGGYVYVAGFQVLGSAGFALIGAGLSSRWGWAIFWFLAIGSGICFLASFLILPET

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

KRNI SGN SVTPKSYLNRAPILVLPVTRKSLHLDNPDYETLELPTQLNLLAPFKILKAYE
 ICILMLVAGLQFAMYTTHLTALSTALSQYHLTVAKVGLCYLPSGICTLCSIVIAGRVLN
 WNYRRLKYYQNWLGKRSKLEEHNDLNLVQRIIENDPKYTFNIFKARLQPAFVTLLL
 SSSGFCAYGWCTIVKAPLAAVLCMSGFASLFSNCILTFSTTLIVDLFPKTKSTATGCLNL
 FRCILSAVFIAALS KMVEKMKFGGVFTFLGALTS SSSSILLPILLRKKGELAFKRKKQELG
 VN

SEQ ID NO: 121
 YIL166C
 >sp|P40445|YIQ6_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter YIL166C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YIL166C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSVQKEEYDIVEKAQLSVSAESLTSDESISHPDFDFHKAERWRKVYESSGYEGLSKFD
 PEFTWIKDEEKKLVRKMDLKIPLWVFI MFAPLDLIRKNIARAVSDNFIVDLKMNNDYNL
 GQTVLVIFLASELPGNLLSKRFGPERVIPVQIVLWSVICITQAGLKNRGGFIATRCLLG
 MVQGGFIPDNILYLSYYTGAELTFRLSFFWCAIPLFQILGSLASGIIEMRGIHNLGAW
 QYLFIEGFLSLSVGASFYLMRRGPTQTGESAFHKGKSLPTEYEKIMVNIIRLDDPSK
 GDMSNRQPVTFKEIILYTLTEPDLWPLFIQGITAFISLQTVGSYLSLILKSLNYSTFLSNI
 LAIPGQALLINLPLAALLSRKLEKSLCVGIANVWVLPFVIVSLVALPTDINPWIKYILL
 TGILGLPYTHSILAGWVSEISNSVRSRTVGTALYNMSAQVGAI IASNMYRNDKPYTRG
 NKILLGFCFNICMAVATKFFYISRNKYKDRKWN SMTKEEQINYLDTTKDKGMKRLDYRF
 IH

SEQ ID NO: 122
 YJL133W
 >sp|P10566|MRS3_YEAST Mitochondrial RNA-splicing protein MRS3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = MRS3
 PE = 1 SV = 4
 MVENSSSNSTRPIPAIPMDLPDYEALPHAPLYHQIAGAFAGIMEHSVMFPIDALKTR
 IQSANAKLSAKNMLSQISHISTSEGLTALWKGVSIVL GAGPAHAVYFGTYEFCCKNLI
 DSSDTQTHHPFKTAISGACATTASDALMNPFDITIKQRIQLNTSASVWQTTKQIYQSEGLA
 AFYYSYPTTLVMNIPFAAFNFVIESSSTKFLNPSNEYNPLIHCLGSGISGSTCAAITPL
 DCIKTVLQIRGSQTVSLEIMRKADTFSKAASAIYQVYGWKGFWRGWKPRIVANMPATAIS
 WTAYECAKHFLMTY

SEQ ID NO: 123
 YJL219W
 >sp|P40885|HXT9_YEAST Hexose transporter HXT9 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = HXT9 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSGVMNTSANDLSTTESNSVANAPS VKTEHNDSKNSLNLDATEPPIDLPOKPLSAYTT
 VAILCLMTAFGGFIFGWDTGISGFVNLSDFIRRFQKNDKGTYYLSKVRMGLIVSIFNI
 GCAIGGIVLSKVGDYIGRRIGLITVTAIYVVGILIQIT SINKWYQYFIRIISGLGVGGI
 AVLSPLLISEVAPKQIRGTLVQLYQLMCTMGI FLGYCTNYGKKNYHNATQWRVGLGLCFA
 WTTFMVSGMMFVPE SPRYLIEVGKDEEAKRSLSKSNKVSVDPAHLLAEYDTIKAGIELEK
 LAGNASWSELSTKTKVQFQVLMGVMIQSLQQLTGDNFFYYGTTIFKSVGLKDSFQTSI
 IIGVVNFFSSFIAYVTIERFGRRCTLLWGAASMLCCFAVFAVSVGVTKLWPQSSHQDITS
 QGAGNCMIVFTMFFIFSPATTWAGGCYIVSETFPLRVKSRGMAIATAANMWWGLISFF
 TFFITGAINFYGYVFLGCLVFAYFYVFFVPEVKGLTLEEVTNMLWLEGVPAWKSASWVP
 PERRTADYDADAIDHDDRPIYKRFSS

SEQ ID NO: 124
 YKL016C
 >sp|P30902|ATP7_YEAST ATP synthase subunit d, mitochondrial
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN=ATP7
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSLAKSAANKLDWAKVIVSSLRITGSTATQLSSFKRND EARRQLLELQSQPTEVDFSHYR
 SVLKNTSVIDKIESYVQYKPKVIDASKQLQVIESFEKHAMTNAKETESLVSKEKLDLQSQ
 TLDNIQSARPFDELTVDDLTKIKPEIDAKVEEMVKKGKWDVPGYKDRFGNLMVM

SEQ ID NO: 125
 YKL050C
 >sp|P35736|YKF0_YEAST Uncharacterized protein YKL050C
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YKL050C
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSLISALQTTDVESVQTSPEQITERKAVRVSTLQESLHSSSEMHRAPETPR SINSVHKL
 KTIYSTYQSQGQPLSKEAIFRAKQKYGILNTPANYKTLGLGDSKSESVDLAARLASKRTRK
 VSPDDCVETAIEQKARGEAFKVTFSKIPLTPPEDVPIITVNLGKGRDFLTRLAQAQKALA
 FSPSLDNMKTSDSSSVKFRFSGAPIGNEFDANLVNPHGPAFKSLDLSKVLGDAERR
 AISRVNDRLYPQKVNFKNLQSSDQSGVSKANKEVFKKGTLEKLEHSAEQPLESHAGNER
 QRLSDQYQYCAKGAADAVKDLDPKTLLEDPFAAREAKKLYIKQVASPVVLNEAQKLANR
 KLQIDSRDTYMLLFGNQAYNKLAVNI ALQHYSVQEEKKIYLGGLWMTPEEVNAVAK
 KLISPVVNEIDERASRQRVDKDIERRSRVLDQYEDGNSMERAKEQNDGQLL LAMASQ
 QQEKAEKAAEBEQRYDQFVQKMNIKLQOKEKELENARENRENRLNELQERLSKNLSGEND
 BLNDWNDACERDLKNSIEHYAVRSHFDNLGNS ERGYDELEERSKIQVETIERLVASIA
 EHKTAIHGFGETADAGGAI PAVQKQKI PTRKDLLDATVNDPLVISAEMAKEEAMATEEC

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

MLKELQVDEMIIIRNIMLRECEKLEEEKETAKRSRRGTEESKNNSNFSRDVIMSTPDNN
 EKVIPIGKSASPQKDVVKSRLSTYNTGKIDIDSASARSITGVSGVLDDGPKTPTSNKENE
 LIDDEVKSYKVVHQAVDGTGEDIANKRDKSRPAANSAGSITIEQFLPNKNADKQGLSKT
 ESVTMKREPVVDQMDSKKGGHDFTHCNDNRGRSFSGFSQSGSIENDYSNEVIDDQDDQEGSE
 IRVRDSNDSNTSPKESFFKEVI

SEQ ID NO: 126
 YKL120W
 >sp|P32332|OAC1_YEAST Mitochondrial oxaloacetate transport protein
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = OAC1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSSDMSKQDKQIEKTAQKISKFGSFAVAGGLAACIAVTVTNPIELIKIRMQLQGEMSASA
 AKVYKNPIQGMAVIFKNEGKGLQKGLNAAYIYQIGLNGSRLGFYEPIRRSLNQLFFPDQ
 EPHKVQSVGVNPFSGAASGII GAVIGSPLFLVKTRELQSYSEFIKIQEQTHYTGWNGLVIT
 IFKTEGVKGLFRGIDAAILRTGAGSSVQLPIYNTAKNII LVKNDLMDKGPALHLTASTISG
 LGAVVMMNPWDVILTRIYNQKGDLYKGPIDCLVKTVRIEIGVTALYKGFPAQVFRIPAHPTI
 MCLTFMEQTMKLVYSIESRVLGHN

SEQ ID NO: 127
 YKL146W
 >sp|P36062|AVT3_YEAST Vacuolar amino acid transporter 3
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = AVT3
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MNGKEVSSGSGRTOQSNNNKKNNGGSTGISHASGSPLTDGNGGNSNGNSRSRSRKRKSSG
 TTGGLLKKPPLLVNNEAVHASVPDASHTSCNNGTLEVSINNPEPHVVDVARHLIRNPSN
 SLQLQGGDI TRDLYKWTNDHPSSPSQYQYPSQPALSTSIPSQAPSFNRKRSMFSFAASI
 ASSSHLNNS EANGNPLAAIGLAPAPMTHEEIRAPGGFRRSFIIQKRKRKNWVDAPIPNFF
 TRNFIEFLTYGHFAGEDLSEEEEEEEEEEEEEEALETETQLVSRHGRHPHKSSTV
 KAVLLLLKSFVGTGVFLFKAFHNGGWGFSALCCLSCALISYGFVSLITTKDKVGVGDY
 GDMGRILYGPKNKFAILSSIALS QIGFSAA YVFTATNLQVFS ENFPFLKPGS ISLATYI
 FAQVLI FVPLSLTRNIAKLSGTAL IADLFILGLVYVYVYIYIYIYAVNGVASDTMLMFK
 ADWSLFI GTAIFTFEGIGLLIPIQESMKPKHFRPSLSAVMCIVAVIPI SCGLLCYAAF
 SDVKT VVLLNFPQDTSYTLTVQLLYALAILLSTPLQLFPAIRILENWTFFPSNAGKYNPK
 VKWLNYPRAIVVLTSLAWV GANDL DKFVSLVGSFACIPLIYIYPLLHYKASILSGT
 SRARLLLDLIVIVFGVAVMAYTWSQTIKMWSQ

SEQ ID NO: 128
 YKL209C
 >sp|P12866|STE6_YEAST Alpha-factor-transporting ATPase
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = STE6
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MNFLSFKTTKHVHI FRYVNIRNDYRLLMIMII GTVATGLVPAITSILTRGVFDLLSVFVA
 NGSHQGLYSQLVQRSMVAMALGAASVPVMWLSLTSWMMHIGERQGRIRRSQILEAYLEEKP
 MEWYDNNEKLLGDFPTQINRCVEELRSSSAEASAITFQNLVAICALLGTSFYYSWSLTLII
 LCSSPIITFFAVVSRMIVHYSEKENSETSAAQQLL TWSMNAAQLVRLYCTQRLERKFKF
 EIIILNCNTFFIKSCFFVAANAGILRFLTLTMTFVQGFVWFGSAMI KKGKLNINDVITCFHSC
 IMLGSTLNNLHQIIVVLQKGGVAMEKIMTLKDGSKRNPLNKTVAHQFPLDYATSDTFA
 NVSFGYPSRPEAVLKNVSLNFSAGQFTFIVGKSGSGKSTLSNLLLRFPYDGYNGSISNG
 HNIQTIDQKLLIENITVVEQRCTLFNDTLRKNILGSDTSVRNADCS TNENRHLIKDACQ
 MALLDRFILDLPDGLLETILGTGGVTLSGGQQRVAIARAFIRDTPILFLDEAVSALDIVH
 RNLKAI RHWRKGGKTTIILTHELSQIESDDYLYLMKEGEVVEGTSQSELLADPTTFST
 WYHLQNDYSDAKTI VDTETEESK IHTVESFNSQLETPKLGSCSLNLGYDETDQLSFEAY
 YQKRSNVRRTRVKEEENI GYALKQQKNTESSTGPQLLSI IQI IKRMIKSIYKKI LILG
 LLCSLIAGATNPVFSYTF SFLLEGIVPSTDGKTGSSHYLAKWLLV LGVAADGIFNFAK
 GPLLDCCEYVWMDLRNEVMEKLTRKNMDWPSGEMNKASEISALVNLDRDLRSLVSEFL
 SAMTSFVTVSTIGL IVALVSGWKL SLVCSIMFPLII IFSAIYGGILQKCEYDYSVAQL
 ENCLYQIVTNIKTIKCLQAEHFLTYHDLKIKMQQ IASKRAIATGFGI SMTNMIVMCIQ
 AIIYYYGLKLVMIHEYTSKEMFTFTLLLFITMSCTSLVVSQIPDISRQRAASWIYRILD
 EKHNTEVENNNARTVGIAGHTYHGKPKKIVSIQNLTFA YPSAPTA FVYKMNMFDMFCG
 QTLGIIGESGTGKSTLVLLLT KLYNCEVGKIKIDGTDVNDWNLTS LRKEISVVEQKPLLF
 NGTIRDNLTYGLQDEILEIEMDALKYVGIHDFV ISSPQGLDTRIDTTLSSGGQAQRLCI
 ARALLRKS KILILDECT SALS SVSSSI INEIVKGPALLTMVITHSBQMMRSCNSIAVL
 KDGKVV ERGNFDTLYNNR GELFQIVSNQSS

SEQ ID NO: 129
 YKR039W
 >sp|P19145|GAP1_YEAST General amino-acid permease GAP1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = GAP1
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MSNTSSYEKNPNPNLKHGKITIDSEFLTQEPITIPSNGS AVSIDETGSGSKWQDFKDSFK
 RVKPIEVDPNLSEAEKVAIITAQTPLKHHLKNRHLQMTAIGGAI GTGLLVGSGTALRTGG
 PASLLI GWSGTMTIYAMVMALGELAVIFPISGGFTTYATRFIDESFGYANNFNMYLQWL
 VVLPLEIVSASITVNFWGTDPKYRDPGFVALFWLAIIVINMFGVKGYGEAEFVFSIKVIT
 VVGFII LGI ILMCGGPTGGYIGGKYWHDPGAFAGDTPGAKFKGVCSVVFVTA AFSFAGSE
 LVGLAASESVEPKRSVPKAAQVFWRIITFLYI LSLLMIGLLVPYNDKSLIGASSVDAAS

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

PFVIAIKTHGKGLPSVVNVVILIAVLSVGNLSAIYACSRMTVALAEQRFLPEIFSYVDRK
GRPLVGIAVTSAFGLIAFVAASKKEGEVFNWLLALSLSSLFWTGGICICHIRFRKALAA
QGRGLDELDFKSPVTGWSYWGLFMVIIMFIAQFVAVFPVGDSPSAEGFFEAYLSFPLV
MVMYIGHKIYKRNWKLFIPEAKMDIDTGRREVLDLKLQEIABEKAIMATKPRWYRIWNF
WC

SEQ ID NO: 130
YLR411W
>sp|Q06686|CTR3_YEAST Copper transport protein CTR3 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = CTR3 PE = 1 SV = 1
MNMGGSSSTAACKATCKI SMLWNWYITDTCFIARSWRNDTKGKPFAGSCIGCFALVVVAQW
LTRFSRQPDVELLKRQKIKHLASYPPEYVVKCGEEDAKSDIEELQGGPYNEPSWKTLLIS
LQKSFYISFYVWGPRLNEPEDDLLKVLSCCTLITPVLDLYPTFLDHMIRVTIFVLQWGL
SYIIMLLPMYNYGIIISCLIGAIVGRFIFCYEPLGSLGANGSAQGTVSYDKESDDRKCC
L

SEQ ID NO: 131
YML038C
>sp|Q03697|YMD8_YEAST Putative nucleotide-sugar transporter YMD8
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMD8
PE = 1 SV = 1
MNRTVFLAFVFGWYFCSIALSIYNRWMFDPKDGIGYPLVTTFHQATLWLLSGIYIKL
RHKPVKNVLRKNNGFNWSFFLKFLLLPTAVASAGDIGLSNVSFQYVPLTIYTIKSSSIAP
VLLFGCIPKLEKPHKLLALSVIIMFVGVALMVFKPSDSTSTKNDQALVIFGSFLVLASSC
LSGLRWVYTQLMLRNNPIQNTAAAVEESDGLPTENEDVDNEPVVNLANNKMLENFGE
SKPHIHTIHQLAPIMGITLTLTSLLEKPPPGIFSSIFRLDTSNGGVGTETTVLSIVR
GIVLLILPGFAVFLITICEFSILEQTPVLTIVSIVGIVKELLVIFGIIILSERLSGFYNW
LGMLIIMADVCCYNYFRYKQDLLQKYHSVSTQDNRNELKGFQDFEQLGSKKIAPYSISVD
LTNQEYELDMIAQNVSRSSQQV

SEQ ID NO: 132
YMR166C
>sp|Q03829|YM39_YEAST Uncharacterized mitochondrial carrier YMR166C
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMR166C
PE-1 SV = 1
MNSWNLSSSIPIIHTPHDHPPTSEGTDPQPNNRKDDKLHKKRGSDDEDLSPWIHCVVSG
GIGGKIGDSAMHSLDVTKTRQGGAPNVKKYRNMI SAYRTIWL EGVRRGLYGGYMAAMLG
SFPSAAIFPGTYEYTKRMTIEDWQINDTITHLSAGFLGDFISSFVYVPEVLKTRQLQGG
RFNNPFQSGYNYNSLNRNAIKTVIKKEEGRSLFFGYKATLARDLPFSALQFAPYKFRQL
AFKIEQKDRGDGELSIPNEILTGCACAGGLAGIITTPMDVVKTRVQTQQPPSQSNKYSVST
HPHV TNGRPAALNSISLSLRTVYQSEGVLGFFS GVGPRFVWTSVQSSIMLLLYQMTLRG
LSNAFPPTD

SEQ ID NO: 133
YMR279C
>sp|Q03263|YM8M_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter YMR279C
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = YMR279C
PE = 1 SV = 1
MFSIFKKTTSVQGTDEIDEKITVKA KDKVVVSTEEDEVTIVSSTKSTQVTNDSWPQDP
TYFSPGKELMFIATCMLAQLLNQAGQTHALCIMNVLSKSPNSEANQAWLMASFPPLAAG
SFILISGR LGDIYGLKMLIVGYVIVVWSIISGLSKYSNSDAFFITSRAPQGVGFIAPIL
PNIMGLVGHVYKVSFRKNIVISFIGACAPTGGMFGGLFGLIVTEDPNQWPWFYAFGI
ATFLSLLMAWYIPNNVPTNIHGLSMDWTGSALAIIGLILFNFVWNQAPIVGWDKPYIIV
LLIISVIFLVAFFVYESKYAEVPLLRAMTKNRHMIMILLAVFLGWGSGFIWTFYVVSFQ
LNLRHYSVPVWGGTYFVFI FGSM AAFVAPS IKRLGPALLLFCFLMAFDAGSIFMSVLP
VEQSYWKLNFAMQAILCFGM DLSFPASSIILSDGLPMQYQGMAGSLVNTVINYSASCLG
MGTV EHQINKSGNDLLKGYRAAVYLVGVLASLGVVISVTYMLENLWNRHRKSEDRSLEA

SEQ ID NO: 134
YNL003C
>sp|P38921|PET8_YEAST Putative mitochondrial carrier protein PET8
OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PET8
PE = 1 SV = 1
MNTFFLSLLSGAAAGTSDLVFFPDIITIKTRLQAKGGFFANGGYKGIYRGLGS AVVASAP
GASLFFISYDYMVKRSRPIYISKLYSQGSEQLIDTTHMLSSSIGEICACLVRPVPAEVVKQ
RTQVHSTNSSWQTLQSI LRNDNKEGLRKNLYRGWSTTIMREIPFICIQFPLYEYLKKTWA
KANGSQVPEPWKAICGSIAGGIAAATTPLDLFLKTRMLNKTITASLGSVIRIYREEGP
AVFFSGVGPRTMWISAGGAIPLGMYETVHSLLSKSFPTAGEMRA

SEQ ID NO: 135
YNL268W
>sp|P32487|LYP1_YEAST Lysine-specific permease OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = LYP1 PE = 1 SV = 2
MGRFSNIITSNKWDEKQNNIGEQSMQELPEDQIEHEME AIDPSNKTTPYSSIDEKQYNTKK
KHGSLQGGAIADVNSITNSLTRLQVVSHTDINEDEEEAHYEDKHVKRALKQRHIGMIAL

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

GGTIGTGLFVGI STPLSNAGPVGSLIAYIFMGTI VYFVTQSLGEMATFIPVISSITVFSK
 RFLSPAFGVSNGYMYWFWAI TYAVEVSVIGQVIEYWTDKVPLAAWIAI FWVIITLMNFF
 PVKVYGEPEFVWASVKVLAIMGYLIYALIIVCGGSHQGP IGFYWRNPGAWGPGIISDDK
 SEGRFLGWVSSLINAAFTYQGTTELVTAGEAANPRKTVPRAINKVVFRIVLFYIMSLFF
 IGLLVPYNDRLSASSAVIASPPFVISIQNAGTYALPDI FNAVVLITVVSAAANSVYVGS
 RVLYSLARTGNAPKQFGYVTRQGVPLYGVVCTAALGLLAFLVNNNANTAFNWLINISTL
 AGLCAWLFISLAHIRFMQALKHRGISRDDLPFKAKLMPYGAyyAAFFVTVIIFIQGFQAF
 CPFKVSEFFTSYISLILLAVVFIGCQIYYKCRFIWKLEDIDIDSDRREIEAIIWEDDEPK
 NLWEKFWAAVA

SEQ ID NO: 136
 YNR055C
 >sp|P53389|HOL1_YEAST Protein HOL1 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = HOL1 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MDKYTNRDHPYIPGTFNIYSSQNLENGI IYESKLLKTS SSGVLLIPQPSYSFNDPLNWSS
 WRKLAHFLMFAFITAFTAATSNDAGAAQDSLNEIYGISYDSMNTGAGVFLFLGIGWSTLFL
 APFANLYGRKITIYIVCTTLGLFGLWFLAKRTSDTIWSQLFVGISESCAEAQVQLSLSD
 IFFQHQLGSVLTVYIMCTSIGTFLGPLIAGYISAFNTFRWVGWVAVIISGGLLITIIIFGC
 EETYFDRGQYMTPLTSCQSGYEDGTTLQNSDNTAVSRRKRHLDAKLS TPGAMGEKGV DLS
 ETAEFVNNEEVETIPETRELIDGSKHEHLKPYPKRVAILT KATNLKGYGFKQYFKYKIN
 LRMFLFPVWVLSGMFWGIQDVFYLTQTESAYEPPWNYSDGVAIMNVPTLIGAVIG
 CICAGIVSDYFVLMARHNRGILEAEFRLYFSIATAIIGPAGLLMFGIGTARQWPWQAIY
 VGLGFVGFAGWCSGDIA MAYLMD CYPDMVLEGMVCTAI INNTI SCIPFTFCSDWLAASGT
 ENTYIALAVINFGI TAFALPMYYYGKRIRLWTKRWYLSVNLDRDGV

SEQ ID NO: 137
 YOL158C
 >sp|Q08299|ENB1_YEAST Siderophore iron transporter ENB1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = ENB1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MLETDHSRNDLDDKSTVCYSEKTDSDNVEKSTTSGLRRIDAVNKVLSDYSSFTAFGVTFPS
 SLKTALLVALFLQGYCTGLGGQISQSIQTYAANSFGKHSQVGSINTVKSIVASVAVPYA
 RISDRFGRIECWIFALVLYTIGEEIISAATPTFSGLFAGIIVIQQFGYSGFRLLATALTGDL
 SGLADRTFAMNIFLIPVIINTWVSGNIVSSVAGNVAPYKRWGYPICIIIVPISTLILVL
 PYVYAQYISWRSGKLPPLKLEKGGQTLRQTLWKFADDINLIGVILFTAFLVLLPLTIA
 GGATSKWREGHI IAMI VVGGCLGFI FLIWLKFAKNPFI PRVYLDGPTIYVALMEFVWR
 LGLQIELEYLVTVMVAFGESTLSAQRIAQLYNFLQSC TNIVVGMIMLHFYPHPKVFVVAG
 SLLGVI GMGLLYKYRVVYDGI SGLIGAEIVVGIAGGMIRFPMMTWLHVASTTHNEMATVTG
 LLSVYQIGDVAVGASIAGAIWTQRLAKELIQRGLGSSLGMAIYKSPNLVYKYPIGSEVRV
 QMIESYKIQRLLIIVSISFAAFNAVLCFPLRGFTVNKKQSLSAEEREKEKLIKQQSWL
 RRVIGY

SEQ ID NO: 138
 YOR100C
 >sp|Q12289|CRC1_YEAST Mitochondrial carnitine carrier
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = CRC1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MSSDTSLSSESLLKEESGLTKSRPPIKSNPVRENIKSFVAGGVGGVCAVFTGHPFDLIK
 VRCQNGQANSTVHAITNIIKEAKTQVKGTLFNTNSVKGFYKGVIPPLLGVTPIFAVSFWGY
 DVGKLVTFNNKQGGSNELTMGMAAAGFISAIP TTLVTAPTERVKVVLQTSKGSFIQA
 AKTIVKEGGIASLFGKSLATLARDGPGSALYFASYEISKNYLNSRQPRQDAGKDEPVNIL
 NVCLAGGIAGMSMWLAVFPIDITIKTKLQASSTRQNMLSATKEIYLQRGGIKGFPPGLGPA
 LLRSFPANAATFLGVMTHSLFKKYGI

SEQ ID NO: 139
 YOR153W
 >sp|P33302|PDR5_YEAST Pleiotropic ABC efflux transporter of multiple
 drugs OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c)
 GN = PDR5 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MPEAKLNNDVNTSYSSASSSTENAADLHNYNGFDEHTEARIQKLRARTLTAQSMQNSTQ
 SAPNKSDAQSFSSGVEGVNPIFSDPEAPGYDPKLDPNSNFSSAAWVKNMALHLSAADPD
 FYKYSLGCWKNLSASGASADVAYQSTVVNIYKILKSLGRKFKORSKETNTFQILKPM
 GCLNPGELLVVLGRPGSGCTLLKSSINTHGFDLGDATKISYSGYSGDDIKKHFRGEVV
 YNAEADVHLPHLTVFETLVTVARLKTQNR IKGVDRESYANHLAEVAMATYGLSHTRNTK
 VGNDIVRGVSGGERKRVSI AEVSI CGSKFQCWDNATRGLDSATALEFIRALTKQADISNT
 SATVAIYQCSQDAYDLFNKVCVLDGDYQIYYGPADKAKKYPEDMGYVCPSRQTTADFLTS
 VTSPSERTLNKMDLKKGIHPQTPKEMNDYVWVSKPNYKELMKEVDQRLNDDDEASREAIK
 EAHIAKQSKRARPS SPYTVSYMMQVKYLLIRNMWRLRNNIGFTLFMI LGNCSMALILGSM
 FFKIMKKGDTSTFYFRGSAMPFALLFNFAFSSLEIFSLYEARPI TEKHRTYSLYHPSADA
 FASVLSEIPSKLIIAVCFNIIFFFLVDPRRNGGVFFYLLINIVAVFMSHLFRVCVGSLT
 KTLSEAMVPA SMLLALSMYTGFAIPKKILRWSKIWIYINPLAYLFESLLINEPHGIFK
 PCAEYVPRGPAYANISSTESVCTVVGAVPGQDYVLGDDFIRGTQYQYHKDKWRGFIGMA
 YVVFVFFVYLFCEYNEGAQKQGEILVFPFRSIVKRMKRGVLT EKNANDPENVGERSDLS
 SDRKMLQESSSEESSTYGEIGLSKSEAFHWRNLCEYEQIKAE TRRI LNNVDGWVKPGTL
 TALMGASGAGKTTLLDCLAERVMTGVI TGDILVNGIPRDKSPFRSIGYQQQDLHLKTAT

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

VRESLRFSAYLRQPAEVSIEEKRNRYVEEVIKILEMEKYADAVVGVAGEGLNVEQRKRLTI
 GVELTAKPKLLVFLDEPTSLGDSQTAWSI CQLMKKLANHGQAILCTIHQPSAILMQEFDR
 LLFMQRGGKTVYFGDLGEGCKTMDIDYFESHGAHKCPADANPAEWMLEVVGAAPGSHANQD
 YVEVWRNSEEYRAVQSELDWMERELPKKGSITAAEDKHEFSQSIIYQTKLVSIRLFQQYW
 RSPDYLWSKFLITIFNQLFIGFTFFKAGTSLQGLQONQMLAVFMFTVI FNPILQQYLPSFV
 QQRDLYEARERPSRTFSWISFIFAQIFVEVPWNI LAGTIAYFIYYPYIGFYSNASAAQQL
 HERGALFWLFSCAFVYVVGSMGLLVISFNQVAESAANLASLLFTMSLSFCGVMTPPSAMP
 RFWIFMYRVSPITYFIQALLAVGVANVDVKADYELLEFTPPSGMTCCGYMEPYLQLAKT
 GYLTDENATDTCSEFCQISTTNDYLANVNSFYSERWRNYGIFICYIAFNIIAGVFFYWLAR
 VPKNKGLSKK

SEQ ID NO: 140
 YOR271C

>sp|Q12029|FSF1_YEAST Probable mitochondrial transport protein FSF1
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = FSF1
 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MASSVPGPIDLPESRYDLSTYWRIRHCAEISDPTMLLTTEKDLAHAREIISAYRHGELK
 ETTPEFWRAKQLDSTVHPDGTGKTVLLPFRMSNNVLSNLVVTVMGLTPGLGTAGTVFWQW
 ANQSLNVAVNSANANKSHPMSTSQLLTNYAAAVTASCGVALGLNNLVPRLNKISPHSKLI
 LGRLLVFAAVVSAGIVNVFLMRGNEIRKGISVFDSENGDEVGKSKKAAMFVAVGQALSRVI
 NATPTMVIPLLLVRLQRGVLKGSLSGVQTLANLGLISVTMFSALPFALGIFPQRQAIHL
 NKLEPELHGKDKDGKPIEKVYFNRI

SEQ ID NO: 141
 YOR273C

>sp|Q12256|TPO4_YEAST Polyamine transporter 4 OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = TPO4 PE = 1 SV = 1
 MPSSLTKTESNDPRTNIQQVVKALDKNVTNSGNLSTSSSTGSI TEDEKRSEPNADSN
 MTGGEPIPRDLWDGDDPDNPHNWSLKKWYTTMTSAFLCLVVTMGSSLYVSSVPELV
 ERYHVSQTLALAGLTFYLLGLSTVIGAPLSVVFGRKPVYLFSLVPSMLFTMGVGLSNGHM
 RIILPLRFLSGVFASPALSVGSGTILDFVDVQVSVAMTYFVLSPLGPVLSPIMAGFAT
 EAKGWRWSEWQLIAGGLILPFIALMPETHKGIILRKRKAKRNIALKKFSREAQKEPLKT
 TVTITILRPLKMLVVEPIVVFVSVVAFIFAILFGFEEAYAVIYRGVYHMSMGISGLPFI
 GIGVGLWIGAFFYLYIDRKYLFPPKPPAGTQPLTEKERTSKRTPYRGARDAETGELLPVV
 PEKFLIACKFGSVALPIGLFWQAWTARSDDVHMAPVAAGVPFGFGLIILIFFSVLMYFSTC
 YPPLTVASCLAANLLRYVMSVFPFLFTIQMYTKMKIKWASTLFALVCVVMPIPIWVFEK
 WSKLRHKSQFGYAAMEKEAETEGGIDDDVNAVVDGELNLRMTTLRMTETDPSTREKPGER
 LSLRRHTQPVPASFDREDDGQHAQNRNEPISNSLYSAIKDNEGDGYSYTEMATDASARMV

SEQ ID NO: 142
 YOR307C

>sp|P22215|SLY41_YEAST Uncharacterized transporter 5LY41
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = SLY41
 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MIQTQSTAIKRRNSVHKNLFDPSLYQIPEPPRGGFQHQKKEYSKETFSNQVFGYDITSLK
 KRFTQLFSPNIQGYLPEVDRITIIICSIWYVTSISSNLSKAILRTPFNHPIALTELQFLV
 SAVLCVGFASIVNLFRLPRLKHTKFSKALNSFPDGIPEYLDGNFRSSILHKFLVPSKLV
 LMTTFPMGIFQFIGHITSHKAVSMIPVSLVHVKALSPIITVGYKFFEHRYNSMTYTT
 LLLLIFGVMTTCWSTHGSKRASDNKSGSSLIGLLFAFISMIIFVAQNIFAKNILTIRRV
 GILPSSSTDDVTSEKGGPSLDKTRFSPVQVDKITILFYCSGIGFSLTLLPPLTGELMHGG
 SVINDLTLLETVALVAIHGIAHFFQAMLAFLIIGLLSSINYSVANIMKRIIVISVALFWET
 KLNFFQVFGVILTIAGLYGDKWGLSKKDGRA

SEQ ID NO: 143
 YOR332W

>sp|P22203|VATE_YEAST V-type proton ATPase subunit E
 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = VMA4
 PE = 1 SV = 4
 MSSAITALTPNQVNDLNMQAFIRKEAEEKAKEIQLKADQEYEIEKTNIVRNETNNDIG
 NFKSKLKKAMLSQQITKSTIANKMRLKVLARSQSLDGI FETKEKLSGIANNRDEYKPI
 LQSLIVEALLKLEPKAIVKALERDVLIESMKDDIMREYGEKAQRAPLEEVISNDYLN
 KDLVSGGVVSNASDKIEINNTLEERLKLSEALPAIRLELYGPKTRKFFD

SEQ ID NO: 144
 YOR348C

>sp|P15380|PUT4_YEAST Proline-specific permease OS = *Saccharomyces*
cerevisiae (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PUT4 PE = 1 SV = 2
 MVNIIPLPHKNNRHSAGVVT CADDVSGDGGGGDTKKEEDVVQVTESSPSGSRNNHRSDNEK
 DDAIRMEKISKNSASSNGTIREDLIMDVLDLEKSPSVDGDSSEPHKLGGLQSRHVQLIAL
 GGAIGTGLLVGTSSTLHTCGPAGLFI SYIIISAVIYPIPCALGEMVCFPLQDGDSDSAGST
 ANLVTRYVDPVSLGFATGWNYPYCYVILVAECTAASGVVEYWTAVPKGVWITIFLCVVV
 IILNFSAVKVGSESEFWFASIKILCIVGLIILSFIILFWGGGNHDLGFRYVQHPGAFAHH
 LTGGSLSGNFTDIYTGIIKGAFAFILGPELVCMSTSAECADQRNIAKASRRFVWRLIFFYV
 LGTLAISVIVPYNDPTLVNALAQKPGAGSFPFVIGIQNAGIKVLPHIINGCILTSAWSA
 ANAFMFASRSLTMAQTQAPKCLGRINKWGPVAVGVSPFLCSCLAYLNVSSSTADV

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

NWFSNISTISGFLGWMCGCIAYLFRKAIIFYNGLYDRLPFKTWGQPYTVWFSLIVIGIIT
 ITNGYAIPIPKYWRVADFIAAYITLPIFLVLVFGHKLYTRTWQWVLPVSEIDVTGLVE
 IEKSREIEEMRLPPTGFKDKFLDALL

SEQ ID NO: 145

YPL036W

>sp|P19657|PMA2_YEAST Plasma membrane ATPase 2 OS = *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (strain ATCC 204508 / S288c) GN = PMA2 PE = 1 SV = 3
 MSSTEAKQYKKEKPSKEYLHASDGDPPANNSAASSSSSSSTSTSASSSAAAAPRKAASASA
 ADDSDSDEDIDQLIDELQSNYGEDESGEVEVRTDGVHAGQRVPEKDLSTDPXYGLTSD
 EVARRRKYGLNQMAEENESLIVKFLMFFVGFPIQFVMEAAAAILAAGLSDWVDVGVICALL
 LLNASVGFPIQEFQAGSIVDELKKTLANATATVIRDGQLIEIPANEVVPGEILQLESQTIA
 ADGRIVTEDECFQIDQSAITGESLAAEKHYGDEVFSSSTVKTGEAFMVTATGDNTFVGR
 AAALVQASGVGEHFTEVLNGLIGILLVVLVIAATLLLVWTACFYRTVGVISILRYTLGITI
 IGVVPGLPAVVTMTMAVGAAYLAKKQAIYVQKLSAIESLAGVEILCSDKTGTLTKNKLSLH
 EPYTVGEVSPDDLMLTACLAASRKKKGLDAIDKAFKLSLIEYPAKAKDALTKYKVLPHFPF
 DPVSKKVTAVVESPGEGERIVCVKGAFLVFLKTVEDHPIPEDVHENYENKVAELASRGRF
 ALGVARKQEGEHWEILGVMPCMDPPRDDTAQTINEARNLGLRIKMLTGDVAVIAKETCRQ
 LGLGTNIYNAERLGLGGGDMPGSELADFVENADGFAEVFPQHKYRVVEILQNRGYLVAM
 TGDGVNDAPSLKADTGIAVEGATDAARSAADIVFLAPGLSAI IDALKTSRQIFHRMYSY
 VVYRIALSLHLIEIFLGLWIAI LNNSLDINLIVFIAI FADVATLTIAYDNAPYAPEPVKWN
 LPRLWGMSSIIIGLVLAI GSWITLTTMFLPNGGIIQNFGAMGMVFLQISLTENWLI FVTR
 AAGPFWSSIPSWQLAGAVFAVDIIATMPTLFGWWSSENWTDIVSVVRVVIWSIGIFCVLGG
 FYYIMSTSQAQFDRLMNGKSLKEKKS TRSVEDFMAAMQRVSTQHEKSS

SEQ ID NO: 146

YDL198C

MPHTDKKQSG LARLLGSASA GIMEIAVFHP VDTISKRLMS NHTKITSGQE LNRVIFRDHF
 SEPLGKRLEFT LFPPLGYAAS YKVLQRVYKY GGQPFANEFL NKHYKDFDN LFGKGTGKAM
 RSAAAGSLIG IGEIVLPLD VLKIKRQTNP ESFKGRGFIK LLRDEGLFNL YRGWGWTAAR
 NAPGSFALFG GNAFAKEYIL GLKDYSQATW SQNFISSIVG ACSSLIVSAP LDVIKTRIQN
 RNFDNPESSL RIVAKNTLKN EGVTAFFKGLT PKLLTGTGPKL VFSFALAQSL IPRFDNLLSK

SEQ ID NO: 147

YFL054C

MSYESGRSSS SSESTRPPTL KEEPNGKIAW EESVKSREN NENDSTLLRR KLGETRKAIE
 TGGSSRNKLS ALTPLKKVVD ERKDSVQPQV PSMGFYTSLP NLKTLNSFSD AEQARIMQDY
 LSRGVNQNS NNYVDPLYRQ LNPTMGSSRN RPVWLNQPL PHVLDRLGLAA KMIQKNMDAR
 SRASSRRGST DISRGGTTS VKDWKRLLRG AAPGKKGDI EAQTORQNTV GADVKTCKLE
 PENPQKPSNT HIENVSRRKK RTSHNVNFSL GDESAYSSIA DAESRKLKMN QTLDGSTPVY
 TKLPEELIEE ENKSTSALDG NEIGASEDED ADIMTFPNFW AKIRYHMREP FAEFLGTLVL
 VIFGVGNLQ ATVTKGGSGS YESLSFAWGF GCMLGVYVAG GISGGHINPA VTI SMAILFRK
 FPWKKVPVYI VAIQIGAYFG GAMAYGYFWS SITEFEGGPH IRTTATGACL FTDPKSVYTW
 RNAFFDEFIG ASILVGLCLMA LLDSSNAPP NGMTALII GF LVAAIGMALG YQTSFTINPA
 RDLGPRIFAS MIGYGFHAFH LTHWWTWGA WGGPIAGGIA GALIYDIFIF TGCESPVNYP
 DNGYIENRVG KLLHAEFHQN DGTVSDES GV NSNSNTGSKK SVPTSS

SEQ ID NO: 148

Oryza sativa sequence encoding EUGT11

MDSGYSSSYA AAAGMHVVIC PWLAFGHLLP CLDLAQRALS RGHRSVFSVT PRNISRLPVP
 RPALAPLVAF VALPLPRVEG LPDGAESTND VPHDRPDMVE LHRRAFADGLA APFSEPLGTA
 CADWVIVDVF HHWAAAAALE HKVPCAMMLL GSAHMIASIA DRRLERAE TE SPAAGQGRP
 AAAPTFEVAR MKLIRTKGSS GMSLAERFSL TLRSSSLVVG RSCVEFEPET VPLLSTLRGK
 PITFLGLMPP LHEGRREDGE DATVRWLDAQ PAKSVVYVAL GSEVPLGVEK VHELALGLEL
 AGTRFLWALR KPTGVSDADL LPAGFEERTR GRGVVATRWV PQMSILAHAA VGAFLLTHCGW
 NSTIEGLMFG HPLIMLPIFG DQGNARLIE AKNAGLQVAR NDGDGSPDRE GVAAAIRAVA
 VEEESSKVFQ AKAKKLQEVIV ADMACHERYI DGFIIQQLRSY KD

SEQ ID NO: 149

Synechococcus sp. GGPPS

MVAQTFNLDT YLSQRQQVE EALSALVPA YPERIYEAMR YSLLAGGKRL RPILCLAACE
 LAGGSVEQAM PTACALEMIH TMSLIHDDL P AMDNDDFRRG KPTNHKVFGE DIAILAGDAL
 LAYAFEHIAS QTRGVPPQLV LQVIARIGHA VAATGLVGGQ VVDLESEGKA ISLETLEYIH
 SHKTGALLEA SVVSGGILAG ADEELLARLS HYARDIGLAF QIVDDILDVT ATSEQLGKTA
 GKDQAAAKAT YPSLLGLEAS RQKAELIQS AKEALRPYGS QAEPLLALAD FITRRQH

SEQ ID NO: 150

Zea mays truncated COPS

MAQHTSESAA VAKGSSLTPI VRTDAESRRT RWPTDDDDAE PLVDEIRAML TSMSDGDIVS
 SAYDTAWVGL VPRLDGGEGP QFPAAVRWIR NNQLPDGSWG DAALFSAYDR LINTLACVVT
 LTRWLEPEM VGRGLSPLGR NMWKLATEDE ESMPIGFELA FPSLIELAKS LGVHDFPYDH
 QALQGIYSSR EIKMKRIPKE VMHTVPTSIL HSLEGMPGLD WAKLLKLQSS DGSFLFSPAA
 TAYALMNTGD TRCFSYIDRT VKKFNGGVPN VYPVDLFEHI WAVDRLERLG ISRYFQKEIE
 QCMDYVNRHW DEDGICWARN SDVKEVDDTA MAFRLRLRHG YSVSPDVFKN FEKDGFFAF
 VGQSNQAVTG MYNLNRSQI SFPGEDVLHR AGAFSYEFLR RKEABGALRD KWIISKDLPG

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

EVVYTLDFPW	YGNLPRVEAR	DYLEQYGGGD	DVWIGKTLYR	MPLVNDVYL	ELARMDFNHC
QALHQLEWQG	LKRWYTERNL	MDFGVAQEDA	LRAYFLAAS	VYEP CRAAER	LAWARAAILA
NAVSTHLRNS	PSFRERLEHS	LRCRPSEETD	GSWFNSSSGS	DAVLVKAVLR	LTDLSLAREAQ
PIHGGDPEDI	IHKLLRSAWA	EWVREKADAA	DSVCNGSSAV	EQEGSRMVHD	KQTCLLLARM
IEISAGRAAG	EASEEDGDRR	IIQLTGSICD	SLKQKMLVSQ	DPEKNEEMMS	HVDDDELKLR
REFVQYLLRL	GEKKTGSSET	RQTFLSIVKS	CYYAAHCPPH	VVDRHISRVI	FEPVSAAK

SEQ ID NO: 151
Arabidopsis thaliana KS (similar to GenBank AEE36246.1)

MSINLRSSGC	SSPISATLER	GLDSEVQTRA	NNVSFEQTK	KIRKMLEKVE	LSVSAYDTSW
VAMVSPSSQ	NAPLFPQCVK	WLLDNQHEDG	SWGLDNHDHQ	SLKKDVLSS	LASILALKKW
GIGERQINKG	LQFIELNSAL	VTDETIQKPT	GFDIIFPGMI	KYARDLNLTI	PLGSEVVDDM
IRKRDLDLKC	DSEKFSKGRE	AYLAYVLEGT	RNLKDWDLIV	KYQRKNGSLF	DSPATTAAP
TQFGNDGCLR	YLCSSLQKFE	AAVPSVYPPD	QYARLSIIVT	LES LGIDRDF	KTEIKSILDE
TRYWLRGDE	EICLDLATCA	LAFRLLLAHG	YDVSVDPLKP	FAEESGFSDT	LEGYVNTFS
VLELFKAAQS	YPHESALKKQ	CCWTKQYLEM	ELSSWVKTSV	RDKYLKKEVE	DALAFPSYAS
LERSDHRRI	LNGSAVENTR	VTKTSYRLHN	ICTSDILKLA	VDDFNFCQSI	HREEMERLDR
WIVENRLQEL	KFARQKLAYC	YFSGAATLFS	PELSDARISW	AKGVLTVTV	DDFFDVGGSK
ELENLIHLV	EKWDLNGVPE	YSSEHVEIIF	SVLRDTILET	GDKAFPTYQGR	NVTHHIVKIW
LDLLKSMLE	AEWSSDKSTP	SLEDYMENAY	ISFALGPVIV	PATYLGPPPL	PEKTVDSHQY
NQLYKLVSTM	GRLNDIQGF	KRESAEGKLN	AVSLHMKHER	DNRSKEVII	SMKGLAERKR
EELHKLVL	EKGSVVPRECK	EAF LKMSKVL	NLFYRKDDGF	TSNDLMSLVK	SVIYEPVSLQ

KESLT

SEQ ID NO: 152
S. rebaudiana KO1

MDAVTGLLTV	PATAITGGT	AVALAVALIF	WYLKSYTSAR	RSQSNHLPRV	PEVPGVPLLG
NLLQLKEKKP	YMTFTRWAAT	YGPIYSIKTG	ATSMVVVSSN	EIAKEALVTR	FQSISTRNLS
KALKVLTADK	TMVAMSDD	YHKTVKRHIL	TAVLGNPAQK	KHRHRDIMM	DNI STQLHEF
VKNPEQEEV	DLRKIFQSEL	FGLAMRQALG	KDVESLYVED	LKI TMNRDEI	FQVLVDPMM
GAIDVDWRDF	FPYLKWPVKN	KFENTIQQMY	IRREAVMKSL	IKHEKKRIAS	GEKLSYIDY
LLSEAQTLTD	QQLMSLWEP	IISSDITMV	TTEWAMYELA	KNPKLQDRLY	RDIKSVCGSE
KITEEHLSQL	PYITAI PHET	LRRHSPVPII	PLRHVHEDTV	LGGYHVPAGT	ELAVNIYGCN
MDKNVWENPE	EWNPERFMKE	NETIDPQKTM	AFGGGKRVCA	GSLQALLTAS	IGIGRMVQEF
EWKLDKMTQE	EVNTIGLTTQ	MLRPLRAIIK	PRI		

SEQ ID NO: 153
A. thaliana ATR2

MSSSSSSSTS	MIDLMAAIK	GEPVIVSDPA	NASAYESVAA	ELSSMLIENR	QFAMIVTTSI
AVLIGCIVML	VWRSSGSGNS	KRVEPLKPLV	IKPREEIDD	GRKKVTIFFG	TQTGTAEQFA
KALGEEAKAR	YEKTRFKIVD	LDDYAADDDE	YEEKLKKEDV	APFFLATYGD	GEPTDNAARF
YKWFTEGNDR	GEWLKKNLYG	VFGLGNRQYE	HFNKVAKVVD	DILVEQGAQR	LVQVGLGDDD
QCIEDDFTAW	REALWPELDT	ILREEGDTAV	ATPYTAAVLE	YRVSIHSDSE	AKFNIDITLAN
GNGYTVFDAQ	HPYKANVAVK	RELHTPESDR	SCIHLEFDIA	GSGLTMKLG	HVGVLCNDLS
ETVDEALRL	DMSPDTYFSL	HAEKEDGTPI	SSSLPPPPFP	CNLR TALTRY	ACLLSSPKKS
ALVALAAHAS	DPTAEARLKH	LASPAGKDEY	SKWVVESQRS	LLEVMAEFPS	AKPPLGVVFFA
GVAPRLQPRF	YSISSSPKIA	ETRIHVTCAL	VYEKMTGRI	HKGVCSTWVK	NAVVPYEKSEK
LFLGRPIFVR	QSNFKLPSDS	KVPIIMIGPG	TGLAPFRGFL	QERLALVESG	VELGSPVLF
GCRNRMDFI	YEEELQRVFE	SGALAELSVA	FSREGPTEKY	VQHKMMDKAS	DIWNMISQGA
YLYVCGDAKG	MARDVHRSLH	TIAQEQGSM	STKAEGFVK	LQTSGRYLDR	VW

SEQ ID NO: 154
Stevia rebaudiana KAHEL

MEASYLYISI	LLLLASYLFT	TQLRRKSANL	PPTVFPSIPI	IGHLYLLKKP	LYRTLAKIAA
KYGPILQLQL	GYYRVLVISS	PSAAEECFN	NDVIFANRPK	TLFGKIVGGT	SLGSLSYGDQ
WRNLRRVASI	EILSVHRLNE	FHDIRVDENR	LLIRKLRSSS	SPVTLITVYF	ALTLNVIMRM
ISGKRYFDG	DRELEEBEGR	FREILDETL	LAGASNVGDY	LPI LNWLGVK	SLEKLLIALQ
KKRDDFFQGL	IEQVRKSRGA	KVGKGRKMTI	ELLLSLQESE	PEYTTDAMIR	SFVLGLLAAG
SDTSAAGTMEW	AMSLLVNHPH	VLKKAQAEID	RVI GNNRLID	ESDIGNIPYI	GCI INETLRL
YPAGPLLPFH	ESSADCVISG	YNI PRGTMLI	VNQWAIHHPD	KVWDDPETFK	PERFQGLEGT
RDGFKLMPFG	SGRRGCPGEG	LAIRLLGMTL	GSVIQCFDWE	RVGDEMVDMT	EGLGVTLPKA
VPLVAKCKPR	SEMTNLLSEL				

SEQ ID NO: 155
Stevia rebaudiana CPRS

MQSNVVKISP	LDLVTALFSG	KVLDTSNASE	SGESAMLPTI	AMIMENRELL	MILTTSVAVL
IGCVVVLVWR	RSSTKKSALE	PPVIVVPKRV	QEEEVDDGKK	KVTVFPGTQT	GTAEGFAKAL
VEEAKARYEK	AVFKVIDLDD	YAADDDEYEE	KLKKESLAF	FLATYGDGEP	TDNAARFYKW
FTEGDAKGEW	LNKLQYGVFG	LGNRQYEHFN	KIAKVVDGDL	VEQGAKRLVP	VGLGDDDDQCI
EDDFTAWKEL	VWPELDQLL	DEDDTTVATP	YTAAVAERYV	VFHEKPDALS	EDYSYTNHGA
VHDAQHPCRS	NVAVKHELNS	PESDRSCTHL	EPDISNTGLS	YETGDHVG VY	CENLSEVVND
AERLVGLPPD	TYSSIHTDSE	DGSP LGGASL	PPPPFPCTLR	KALTCYADVL	SSPKKSALLA
LAHAATDPSE	ADRLKFLASP	AGKDEYSQWI	VASQRSLLEV	MEAFPSAKPS	LGVFFASVAP
RLQPRYYSIS	SSPKMAPDRI	HVTCALVYEK	TPAGRIHKGV	CSTWVKNAV	MTESEQDSWA
PIYVRTSNFR	LPSDPKPVFI	MIGPGTGLAP	FRGFLQERLA	LKEAGTDLGL	SILFPFCRNR

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.					
KVDFIYENEL	NNFVETGALS	ELIVAFSREG	PTKEYVQHKM	SEKASDIWNL	LSEGAYLYVC
GDAKGMADV	HRTLHTIVQE	QGLDSSKAE	LYVKNLQMSG	RYLRDVM	
SEQ ID NO: 156					
<i>Stevia rebaudiana</i> UGT85C2					
MDAMATTEKK	PHVIFIPFPA	QSHIKAMLKL	AQLLHHKGLQ	ITFVNTDFIH	NQFLESSGPH
CLDGAPGFRF	ETIPDGVSHS	PEASIPPIRES	LLRSIETNFL	DRFIDLVTKL	PDPTTCIISD
GFLSVFTIDA	AKKLGIPVMM	YWTLAACGFM	GFYHIHSLIE	KGFAPLKDAS	YLTNGYLDTV
IDWVPGMEGI	RLKDFPLDWS	TDLNDKVLMP	TTEAPQSRSH	VSHHIFHTFD	ELEPSIIKTL
SLRYNHIYTI	GPLQLLLDQI	PBEKKQTGIT	SLHGYSLVKE	EPECFQWLQS	KEPNSVVYVN
FGSTTVMSLE	DMTEFGWGLA	NSNHYFLWII	RSNLVIGENA	VLPPELEEHI	KKRGFIASWC
SQEKVLKHPS	VGGPLTHCGW	GSTIESLSAG	VPMICWPYSW	DQLTNCRYIC	KEWEVLEMG
TKVKRDEVKR	LVQELMGEGG	HKMRNKAKDW	KEKARIAIAP	NGSSSLNIDK	MVKEITVLAR
N					
SEQ ID NO: 157					
<i>S. rebaudiana</i> UGT74G1 (GenBank AAR06920.1)					
MAEQQKIKKS	PHVLLIPFPL	QGHINPFIQF	GKRLISKGVK	TTLVTTIHTL	NSTLNHSNTT
TTSIEIQAIS	DGCEDEGFM	AGESYLETFK	QVGSKSLADL	IKKLQSEGTT	IDAIYDSMT
EWVLDVAIEF	GIDGGSFFTQ	ACVVNSLYYH	VHKGLISLPL	GETVSVPGFP	VLQRWETPLI
LQNHQIQOSP	WSQMLFGQFA	NIDQARWVFT	NSFYKLEEEV	IETWTKIWNL	KVIGPTLPSM
YLDKRLDDDK	DNGFNLYKAN	HHECMNWLD	PKPESVVYVA	FGSLVKHGPE	QVEEITRALI
DSDVNFWLVI	KHKEEGKLE	NLSEVIKTGK	GLIVAWCKQL	DVLAHESVGC	FVTHCGFNST
LEAISLGVVP	VAMPQFSQDT	TNAKLLDEIL	GVGVRVKADE	NGIVRRGNLA	SC:KMIMEEE
RGVIIRKNAV	KWKDLAKVAV	HEGSSSDNDI	VEFVSELIKA		
SEQ ID NO: 158					
<i>S. rebaudiana</i> UGT76G1					
MENKTETTFR	RRRRIILFPV	PFQGHINPIL	QLANVLYSKG	FSITIFHTNF	NKPKTSNYPH
FTFRFILDND	PQDERISNLP	THGPLAGMRI	PIINEHGADE	LRRELELML	ASEEDEEVSC
LITDALWYFA	QSVADSLNLR	RLVLMTSSLF	NFHAHVSLPQ	FDELGYLDDP	DKTRLEEQAS
GFPMLKVKDI	KSAYSNIQIL	KEILGKMIKQ	TKASSGVWVN	SFKELEESEL	ETVIREIPAP
SFLIPLPKHL	TASSSSLLDH	DRTVFQWLDQ	QPPSSVLYVS	FGSTSEVDEK	DFLEIARGLV
DSKQSFVLVV	RPGFVKGSTW	VEPLPDGFLG	ERGRIVKWVP	QQEVLAHGAI	GAFWTHSGWN
STLESVCEGV	PMI FSDFLD	QPLNARYMSD	VLKVGYYLEN	GWERGEIANA	IRRVMMVDEEG
EYIRQNAVRL	KQKADVSLMK	GGSSYESLES	LVSYSSSL		
SEQ ID NO: 159					
<i>S. rebaudiana</i> UGT91D2e-b					
MATSDSIVDD	RKQLHVATFP	WLAFGHILPY	LQLSKLIAEK	GHKVSPLSTT	RNIQRLSSHI
SPLINVQLT	LPRVQELPED	AEATTDVHPE	DIPYLKASD	GLQPEVTRFL	EQHSPDWIY
DYTHYWLPSI	AASLGISRAH	FSVTPWAI	YMGPSADAMI	NGSDGRITVE	DLTTPPKWFP
FPTKVCWRKH	DLARLVPYKA	PGISDGYRMG	MVLKGSDCLL	SKCYHEFGTQ	WLPLETLHQ
VPVVPVGLLP	PEIPGDEKDE	TWVSIKKWLD	GKQKGSVVYV	ALGSEALVSQ	TEVVELALGL
ELSGLPFWYA	YRKPKGPAKS	DSVELPDGFV	ERTRDRGLVW	TSWAPQLRIL	SHESVCGFLT
HCGSGSIVEG	LMFGHPLIML	PIFGDQPLNA	RLEEDKQVGI	EIPRNEEDGC	LTKESVARSL
RSVVVEKBE	IYKANARELS	KIYNDTKVEK	EYVSQFVDYL	EKNARAVAI	HES
SEQ ID NO: 160					
atggctacct	tgttgaaca	ttttcaagct	atgccattcg	ctattccaat	tgettggct
gctttgtctt	ggttgttttt	gctctacatc	aaggtttctt	tcttctccaa	caaatccgct
caagctaaat	tgcaccagct	tccagttggt	ccaggtttcg	cagttattgg	taatttgggt
caattgaaag	aaaagaagcc	ataccaaaacc	tccaactagat	gggctgaaga	ataggtcca
atctactcta	ttagaactgg	tgcttctact	atggttgtct	tgaacactac	tcaagttgcc
aaagaagcta	tggttaccag	atacttgtct	atctctacca	gaaagttgct	caacgccttg
aaaatttga	ccgctgataa	gtgcatggtt	gccatttctg	attacaacga	ttccacaag
atgatcaaga	gatatactct	gtctaactgt	ttgggtccat	ctgccccaaa	aagacataga
tctaacagag	ataccttgag	agccaactgt	tgctctagat	tgcatcccca	agttaaagac
tctccaagag	aagctgtcaa	ctttagaaga	gttttcgaat	gggaattatt	cggtatcgct
tgaaacaag	ccttcggtaa	ggatattgaa	aagccaactc	acgtcgaaga	attgggtact
actttgtcca	gagatgaaat	cttcaaggtt	ttggtcttgg	acattatgga	aggtgacct
gaagttgatt	ggagagattt	tttcccatac	ttgctgtgga	ttccaacac	cagaatggaa
actaagatcc	aaagattata	ctttagaaga	aaggccgtta	tgaccgcctt	gattaacgaa
caaaagaaaa	gaattgcctc	cggtgaagaa	atcaactgct	acatcgattt	cttgttgaaa
gaaggaaga	ccttgaccat	ggaccaaaac	tctatggtgt	tgtgggaaac	cgttattgaa
actgctgata	ccacaatggt	tactactgaa	tgggctatgt	acgaagtgtc	taaggattct
aaaagacaag	acagattata	ccaagaaatc	caaaaggtct	gctgttctga	aatggttaca
gaagaatact	tgccccattg	gccatacttg	aatgctgttt	tccacgaaac	tttgagaaaa
cattctccag	ctgctttggt	tccattgaga	tatgctcatg	aagatactca	attgggtggt
tattacattc	cagccggtac	tgaattggcc	attaacatct	acggttgcaa	catggacaaa
caccaatggg	aatctccaga	agaatggaag	ccagaaagat	ttttggatcc	taagttgac
ccaatggact	tgtacaaaac	tatggctttt	ggtgctggtta	aaagagtttg	cgctggttct
ttacaagcta	tgttgattgc	ttgtccaacc	atcggttagat	tggttcaaga	atttgaatgg
aagttgagag	atggtgaaga	agaaaacggt	gatactggtg	gtttgaccac	ccataagaga
tatccaatgc	atgctatttt	gaagccaaga	tcttaa		

TABLE 14-continued

Sequences disclosed herein.

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SEQ ID NO: 161
MATLLEHPQA MPFAIPIALA ALSWLFLFYI KVSFFSNKSA QAKLPPVPVV PGLPVIGNLL
QLKEKKPYQT FTRWAEYGP IYSIRTGAST MVVLNTQVA KEAMVTRYLS ISTRKLSNAL
KILTADKCMV AISDYNDPHK MIKRYILSNV LGPSAQKRHR SNRDTLRANV CSRLHSQVKN
SPREAVNFRF VFEWELPGIA LKQAFGKIDIE KPIYVEELGT TFSRDEIFKV LVLDIMEGAI
EVDWRDFFPY LRWIPNTRME TKIQRLYFRF KAVMTALINE QKKRIASGEE INCYIDFLLK
EGKTLTMDQI SMLLWETVIE TADTTMVTE WAMYEVAKDS KRQDRLYQEI QKVCSEMVT
EYLSQLPYL NAVFHETLRK HSPAALVPLR YAHEDTQLGG YYIPAGTEIA INIYGCNMDK
HQWESPEEWK PERFLDPKFD PMDLYKTMAF GAGKRVCAGS LQAMLIACPT IGRLVQEFEW
KLRDGEENV DTVGLTTHKR YPMHAILKPR S

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[0207] Having described the invention in detail and by reference to specific embodiments thereof, it will be apparent that modifications and variations are possible without departing from the scope of the invention defined in the appended claims. More specifically, although some aspects

of the present invention are identified herein as particularly advantageous, it is contemplated that the present invention is not necessarily limited to these particular aspects of the invention.

SEQUENCE LISTING

The patent application contains a lengthy "Sequence Listing" section. A copy of the "Sequence Listing" is available in electronic form from the USPTO web site (<http://seqdata.uspto.gov/?pageRequest=docDetail&DocID=US20170218418A1>). An electronic copy of the "Sequence Listing" will also be available from the USPTO upon request and payment of the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.19(b)(3).

What is claimed is:

1. A recombinant host capable of synthesizing a steviol glycoside, comprising a gene encoding a transporter polypeptide and/or a gene encoding a transcription factor polypeptide that regulates expression of at least one transporter gene;

wherein expression of the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide that regulates expression of at least one transporter gene is modified and the recombinant host transports at least a portion of the synthesized steviol glycoside from the host into a culture medium.

2. The recombinant host of claim 1, wherein the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide is an endogenous gene.

3. The recombinant host of any one of claim 1 or 2, wherein the transporter polypeptide comprises an ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter, a major facilitator superfamily (MFS) transporter, an amino acid/auxin permease (AAP) family transporter, an ATPase transporter, a sulfate permease (SuIP) family transporter, a lysosomal cystine transporter (LCT) family transporter, a Ca²⁺:cation antiporter (CaCA) family transporter, an amino acid-polyamine-organocation (APC) superfamily transporter, a multidrug/oligosaccharidyl-lipid/polysaccharide (MOP) transporter, a ZRT/IRT-like protein (ZIP) metal transporter family transporter, a mitochondrial protein translocase (MPT) family transporter, a voltage-gated ion channel (VIC) family transporter, a monovalent cation:proton antiporter-2 (CPA2) family transporter, a ThrE family of putative transmembrane amino acid efflux transporter, an oligopeptide transporter (OPT) family transporter, a K⁺ transporter (Trk) family transporter, a bile acid:Na symporter (BASS) family transporter, a drug/metabolite transporter (DMT) superfamily

transporter, a mitochondrial carrier (MC) family transporter, an auxin efflux carrier (AEC) family transporter, an ammonia channel transporter (Amt) family transporter, a metal ion (Mn²⁺-iron) transporter (Nramp) family transporter, a transient receptor potential Ca²⁺ channel (TRP-CC) family transporter, an arsenical resistance-3 (ACR3) family transporter, a nucleobase:cation symporter-1 (NCS1) family transporter, an inorganic phosphate transporter (PiT) family transporter, an arsenite-antimonite (ArsAB) efflux family transporter, an IISF family of transporter, a glycerol uptake (GUP) family transporter, a metal ion transport (MIT) family transporter, a copper transport (Ctr) family transporter, or a cation diffusion facilitator (CDF) family transporter.

4. The recombinant host of any one of claims 1-3, wherein modified expression comprises:

- overexpressing the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide; or
- deleting the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide.

5. The recombinant host of any one of claims 1-4, wherein the gene encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide has an activity that is increased.

6. The recombinant host of any one of claims 1-5, wherein one or more of the genes encoding the transporter polypeptide and/or one or more of the gene encoding the transcription factor polypeptide is overexpressed.

7. The recombinant host of claim 6, wherein the transporter polypeptide and/or transcription polypeptide comprise YAL067C set forth in SEQ ID NO:14, YBL089W set forth in SEQ ID NO:15, YBL099W set forth in SEQ ID

NO:16, YBR008C set forth in SEQ ID NO:86, YBR021W set forth in SEQ ID NO:87, YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YBR180W set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, YBR241C set forth in SEQ ID NO:17, YBR287W set forth in SEQ ID NO:89, YBR294W set forth in SEQ ID NO:18, YBR295W set forth in SEQ ID NO:90, YBR296C set forth in SEQ ID NO:91, YCL038C set forth in SEQ ID NO:92, YCL069W set forth in SEQ ID NO:19, YCR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:93, YCR028C set forth in SEQ ID NO:20, YCR075C set forth in SEQ ID NO:21, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95, YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL185W set forth in SEQ ID NO:23, YDL194W set forth in SEQ ID NO:24, YDL210W set forth in SEQ ID NO:25, YDL245C set forth in SEQ ID NO:96, YDL247W set forth in SEQ ID NO:97, YDR011W set forth in SEQ ID NO:98, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR093W set forth in SEQ ID NO:27, YDR292C set forth in SEQ ID NO:99, YDR338C set forth in SEQ ID NO:28, YDR406W set forth in SEQ ID NO:29, YDR497C set forth in SEQ ID NO:100, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:101, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YEL031W set forth in SEQ ID NO:31, YEL065W set forth in SEQ ID NO:103, YER019C-A set forth in SEQ ID NO:104, YER053C set forth in SEQ ID NO:105, YER119C set forth in SEQ ID NO:106, YER166W set forth in SEQ ID NO:32, YFL011W set forth in SEQ ID NO:33, YFL028C set forth in SEQ ID NO:107, YFR045W set forth in SEQ ID NO:108, YGL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:34, YGL013C set forth in SEQ ID NO:35, YGL084C set forth in SEQ ID NO:109, YGL104C set forth in SEQ ID NO:110, YGL114W set forth in SEQ ID NO:111, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGL255W set forth in SEQ ID NO:36, YGR125W set forth in SEQ ID NO:37, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YGR217W set forth in SEQ ID NO:39, YGR224W set forth in SEQ ID NO:40, YGR257C set forth in SEQ ID NO:113, YGR281W set forth in SEQ ID NO:41, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YHL035C set forth in SEQ ID NO:114, YHL036W set forth in SEQ ID NO:115, YHR002W set forth in SEQ ID NO:116, YHR096C set forth in SEQ ID NO:117, YIL006W set forth in SEQ ID NO:118, YIL088C set forth in SEQ ID NO:43, YIL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:119, YIL121W set forth in SEQ ID NO:120, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJL094C set forth in SEQ ID NO:45, YJL108C set forth in SEQ ID NO:46, YJL133W set forth in SEQ ID NO:122, YJL121C set forth in SEQ ID NO:47, YJL219W set forth in SEQ ID NO:123, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YJR160C set forth in SEQ ID NO:49, YKL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:124, YKL050C set forth in SEQ ID NO:125, YKL064W set forth in SEQ ID NO:50, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKL209C set forth in SEQ ID NO:128, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YKR050W set forth in SEQ ID NO:51, YKR105C set forth in SEQ ID NO:52, YKR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:53, YLR411W set forth in SEQ ID NO:130, YLR447C set forth in SEQ ID NO:54, YML038C set forth in SEQ ID NO:131, YML116W set forth in SEQ ID NO:55, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR056C set forth in SEQ ID NO:57, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YMR253C set forth in SEQ ID NO:58, YMR279C set forth in SEQ ID NO:133, YNL003C set forth in SEQ ID NO:134, YNL065W set forth in SEQ ID NO:59, YNL070W set forth in SEQ ID NO:60, YNL083W set forth in SEQ ID NO:61, YNL095C set forth in SEQ ID NO:62, YNL121C set forth in SEQ ID NO:63, YNL142W set forth in SEQ ID NO:64, YNL268W set forth in SEQ ID NO:135, YNR055C set forth in SEQ ID NO:136, YOL020W set forth in SEQ ID NO:65, YOL075C set forth in SEQ ID NO:66, YOL077W-A set forth in SEQ ID NO:67,

YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOL158C set forth in SEQ ID NO:137, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YOR087W set forth in SEQ ID NO:70, YOR092W set forth in SEQ ID NO:71, YOR100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:138, YOR130C set forth in SEQ ID NO:72, YOR153W set forth in SEQ ID NO:139, YOR222W set forth in SEQ ID NO:73, YOR271C set forth in SEQ ID NO:140, YOR273C set forth in SEQ ID NO:141, YOR291W set forth in SEQ ID NO:74, YOR306C set forth in SEQ ID NO:75, YOR307C set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, YOR316C set forth in SEQ ID NO:76, YOR332W set forth in SEQ ID NO:143, YOR334W set forth in SEQ ID NO:77, YOR348C set forth in SEQ ID NO:144, YPL036W set forth in SEQ ID NO:145, YPL078C set forth in SEQ ID NO:78, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, YPL274W set forth in SEQ ID NO:80, YPR003C set forth in SEQ ID NO:81, YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82, YPR058W set forth in SEQ ID NO:83, YPR128C set forth in SEQ ID NO:84, or YPR201W set forth in SEQ ID NO:85.

8. The recombinant host of any one of claims 1-7, wherein YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL198C set forth in SEQ ID NO:146, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YFL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:147, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, and/or YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82 are overexpressed.

9. The recombinant host of any one of claims 1-8, further comprising:

- (a) one or more genes encoding a sucrose transporter and a sucrose synthase;
- (b) a gene encoding a geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase (GGPPS) polypeptide;
- (c) a gene encoding an ent-copalyl diphosphate synthase (CDPS) polypeptide;
- (d) a gene encoding a kaurene synthase (KS) polypeptide;
- (e) a gene encoding a kaurene oxidase (KO) polypeptide;
- (f) a gene encoding a steviol synthase (KAH) polypeptide;
- (g) a gene encoding a cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR) polypeptide;
- (h) a gene encoding a UGT85C2 polypeptide;
- (i) a gene encoding a UGT76G1 polypeptide;
- (j) a gene encoding a UGT74G1 polypeptide;
- (k) a gene encoding a UGT91D2 functional homolog; and/or
- (l) a gene encoding a EUGT11 polypeptide;

wherein at least one of the genes is a recombinant gene; and

wherein the host is capable of producing one or more of RebA, RebB, RebD and/or RebM.

10. The recombinant host of claim 9, wherein at least one of the genes is codon optimized for expression in the host.

11. The recombinant host of claim 10, wherein at least one of the genes is codon optimized for expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*.

12. The recombinant host of claim 9, wherein:

- (a) the GGPPS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:149;

- (b) the CDPS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:150;
- (c) the KO polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:152;
- (d) the KS polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 40% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:151;
- (e) the KAH polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 60% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:154;
- (f) the CPR polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 70% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:153 and/or a polypeptide having at least 65% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:155;
- (g) the UGT85C2 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 55% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:156;
- (h) the UGT76G1 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 50% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:158;
- (i) the UGT74G1 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 55% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:157;
- (j) the a UGT91D2 functional homolog comprises a UGT91D2e-b polypeptide having at least 90% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:159; and
- (k) the EUGT11 polypeptide comprises a polypeptide having at least 65% identity to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:148.

13. The recombinant host of any one of claims **1-12**, wherein the recombinant host comprises a microorganism that is a plant cell, a mammalian cell, an insect cell, a fungal cell, or a bacterial cell.

14. The recombinant host of claim **13**, wherein the bacterial cell comprises *Escherichia* bacteria cells, *Lactobacillus* bacteria cells, *Lactococcus* bacteria cells, *Cornebacterium* bacteria cells, *Acetobacter* bacteria cells, *Acinetobacter* bacteria cells, or *Pseudomonas* bacterial cells.

15. The recombinant host of claim **13**, wherein the fungal cell is a yeast cell.

16. The recombinant host of claim **15**, wherein the yeast cell is a cell from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Yarrowia lipolytica*, *Candida glabrata*, *Ashbya gossypii*, *Cyberlindnera jadinii*, *Pichia pastoris*, *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Hansenula polymorpha*, *Candida boidinii*, *Arxula adenivorans*, *Xanthophyllomyces dendrorhous*, or *Candida albicans* species.

17. The recombinant host of claim **16**, wherein the yeast cell is a Saccharomycete.

18. The recombinant host of claim **17**, wherein the yeast cell is a cell from the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* species.

19. A method of producing a steviol glycoside, comprising:

- (a) growing the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** in a culture medium, under conditions in which the genes discussed in any one of claims **1** to **18** are expressed, wherein the steviol glycoside is synthesized by the host; and
 - (b) optionally isolating the steviol glycoside.
- 20.** The method of claim **19**, wherein the steviol glycoside is RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM, and wherein:
- (a) RebA is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2;
 - (b) RebB is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, and UGT91D2;
 - (c) RebD is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11; and
 - (d) RebM is capable of being synthesized in the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** expressing UGT85C2, UGT76G1, UGT74G1, and UGT91D2 and/or EUGT11.

21. The method of claim **19** or **20**, wherein a gene encoding YBR043C set forth in SEQ ID NO:88, YDL100C set forth in SEQ ID NO:95, YDL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:94, YDL128W set forth in SEQ ID NO:22, YDL198C set forth in SEQ ID NO:146, YDR061W set forth in SEQ ID NO:26, YDR536W set forth in SEQ ID NO:30, YEL027W set forth in SEQ ID NO:102, YFL054C set forth in SEQ ID NO:147, YGL167C set forth in SEQ ID NO:112, YGR181W set forth in SEQ ID NO:38, YHL016C set forth in SEQ ID NO:42, YIL166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:121, YJL093C set forth in SEQ ID NO:44, YJR106W set forth in SEQ ID NO:48, YKL120W set forth in SEQ ID NO:126, YKL146W set forth in SEQ ID NO:127, YKR039W set forth in SEQ ID NO:129, YMR034C set forth in SEQ ID NO:56, YMR166C set forth in SEQ ID NO:132, YOL122C set forth in SEQ ID NO:68, YOR079C set forth in SEQ ID NO:69, YPL270W set forth in SEQ ID NO:79, and/or YPR011C set forth in SEQ ID NO:82 is overexpressed.

22. The method of any one of claims **19-21**, wherein the steviol glycoside is produced at a concentration of between about 500 mg/L to about 10,000 mg/L.

23. A method of increasing production or transport of a steviol glycoside into a culture medium, comprising:

- (a) growing the recombinant host of any one of claims **1-18** in a culture medium, under conditions in which the genes discussed in any one of claims **1** to **18** are expressed, wherein the steviol glycoside is synthesized by the host; and
- (b) optionally isolating the steviol glycoside.

24. The method of claim **23**, wherein the steviol glycoside is RebA, RebB, RebD, and/or RebM.

* * * * *