

# Thermal tuning of Brillouin resonance in free standing silicon nanowire

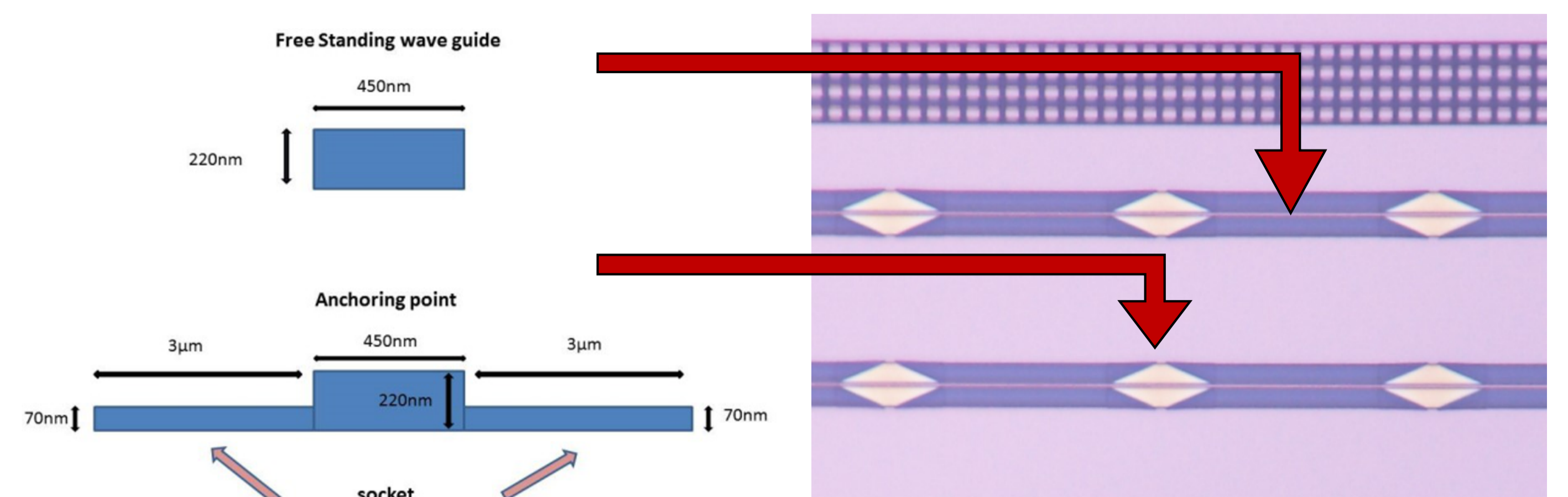
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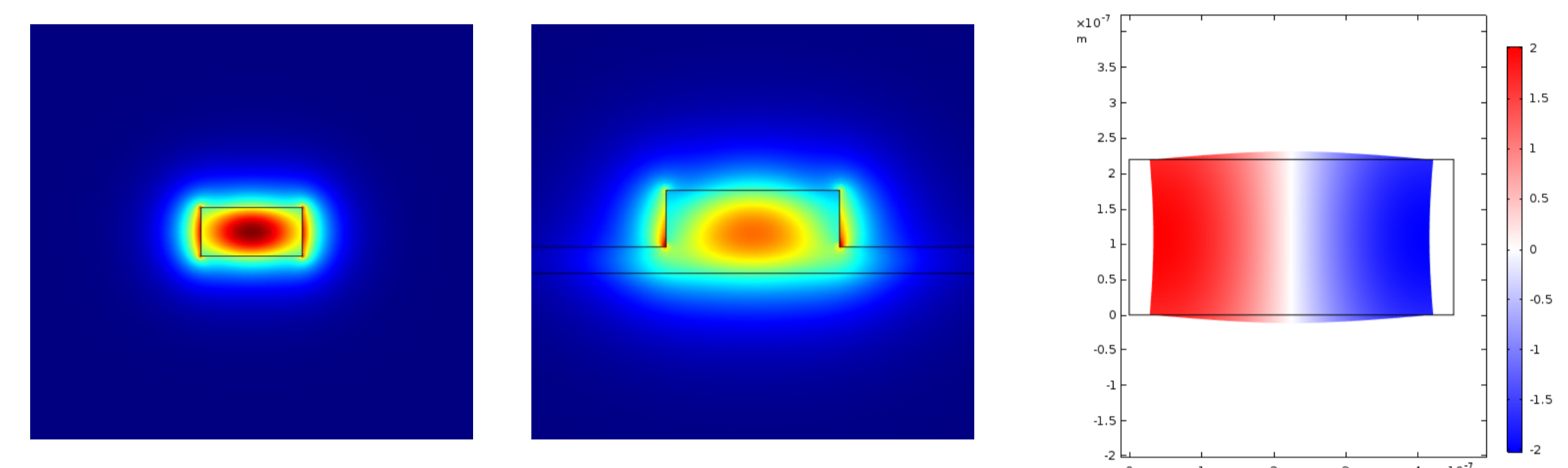
## Introduction

- Stimulated Brillouin scattering (SBS) - a nonlinear process coupling an optical and a mechanical field [1].
- Brillouin resonance has been demonstrated in different silicon waveguide (WG) geometries [2][3].
- A small SBS gain can be used for realizing tunable and narrow band RF filters [4].
- The strong dependency of the mechanical resonance frequency,  $\Omega$ , to the waveguide width allows tailoring of  $\Omega$  but is also responsible for the decrease in mechanical quality factor,  $Q$ , due to inhomogeneous broadening associated with fabrication imperfections.

**We demonstrate the possibility to thermally tune  $\Omega$  and investigate the use of such tuning mechanism as a compensation mechanism for inhomogeneous broadening.**



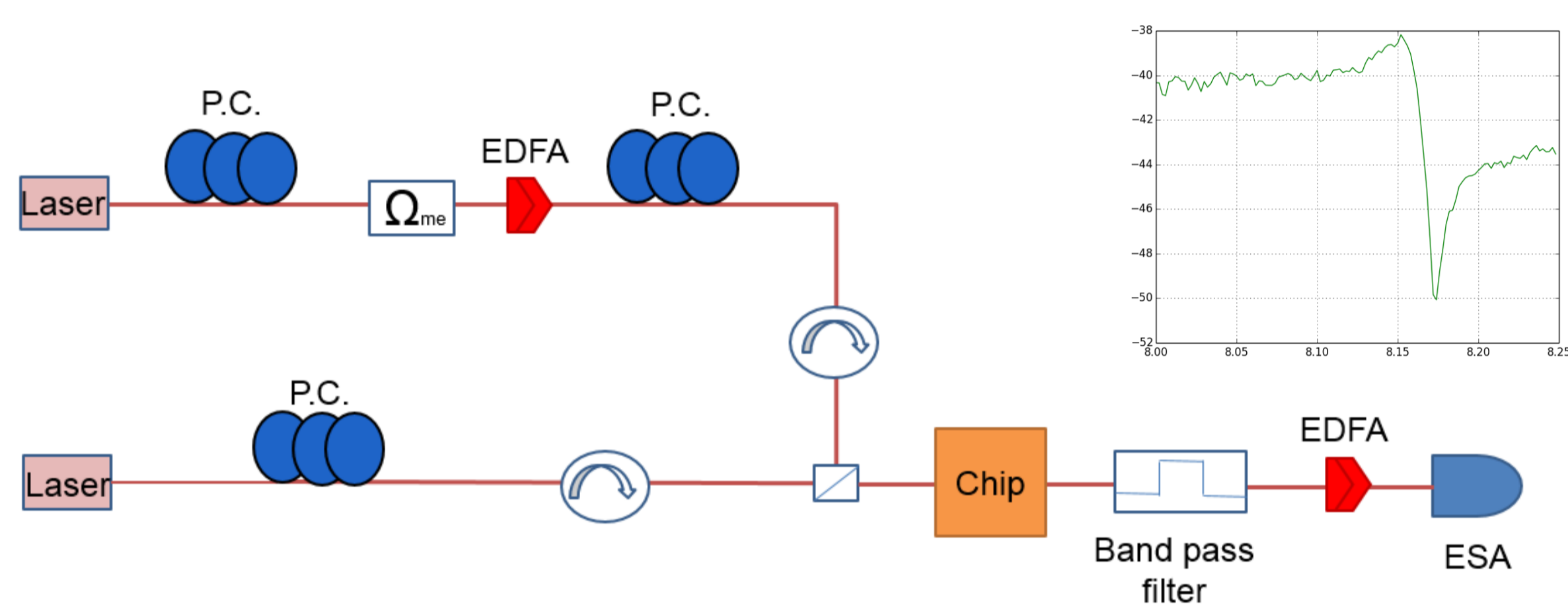
Free standing SOI waveguide side view and top view.



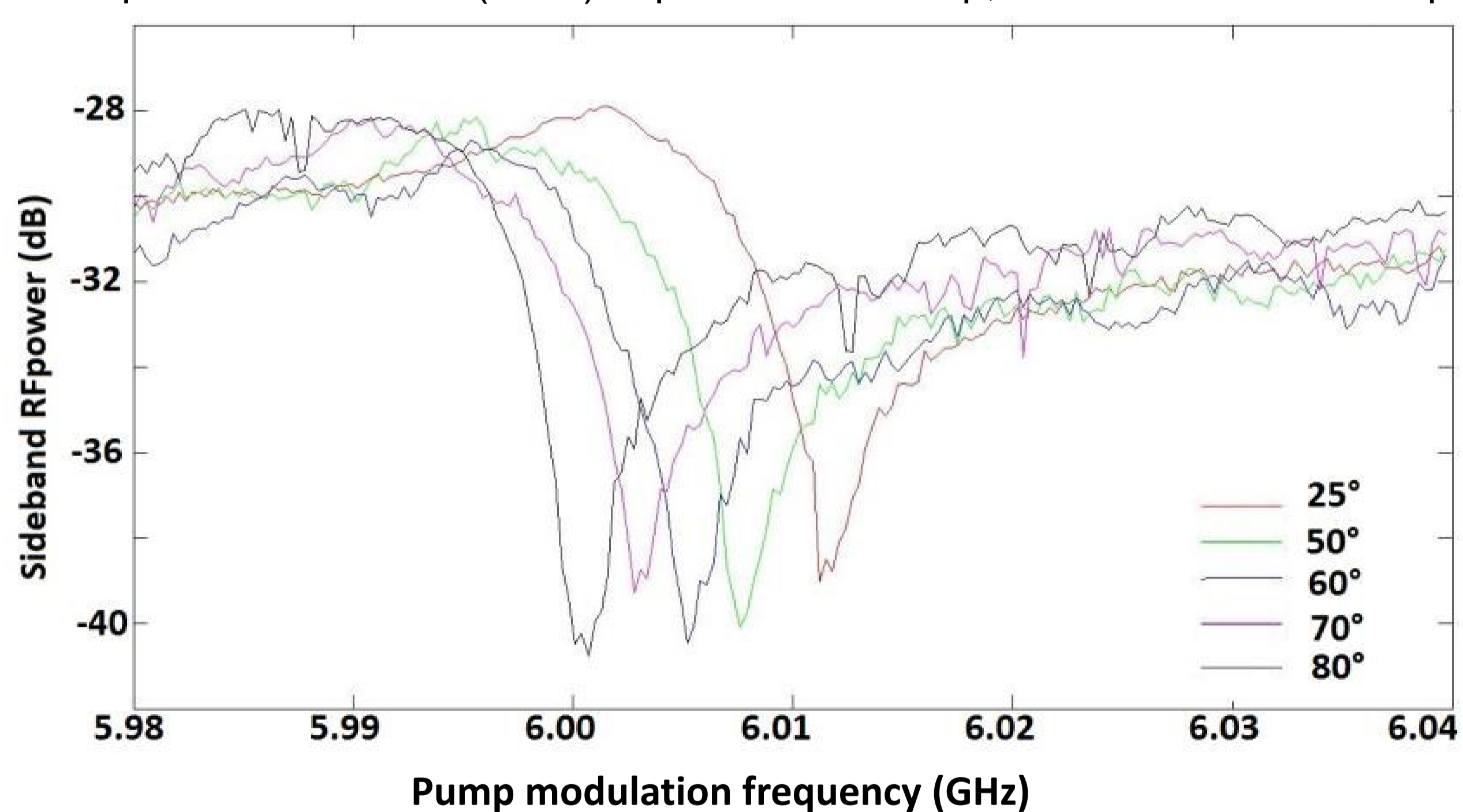
TE optical mode for free standing waveguide and anchoring point.

Mechanical mode.

## Experimental Setup and Results



Cross-phase modulation (XPM) experimental set up, fano resonance at output.

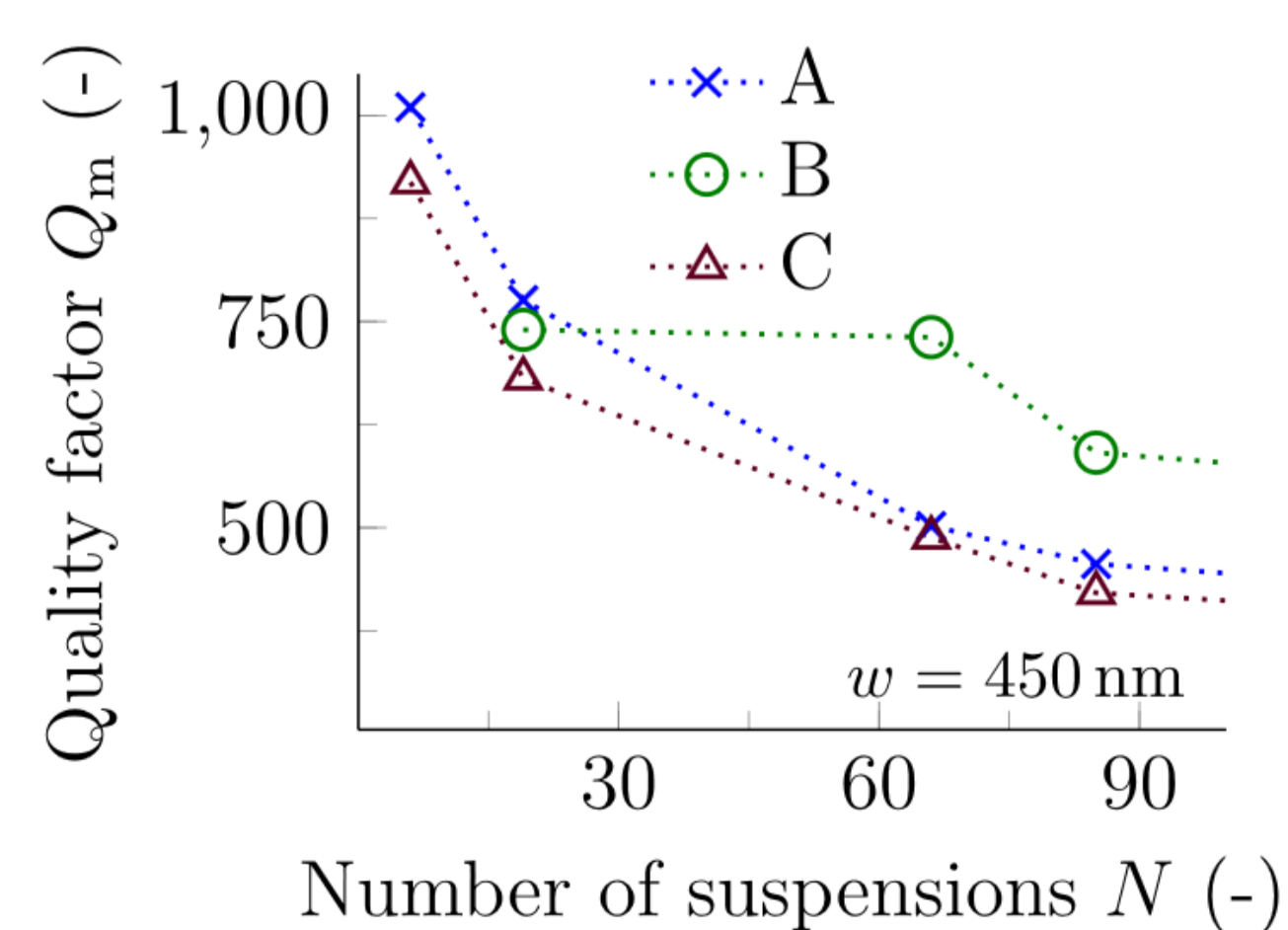


Fano resonance obtained using XPM experiment for 25°, 50°, 60°, 70° and 80 °

We can deduce the frequency shift  $\Delta\Omega$  for temperature variation of  $\Delta T$  by:

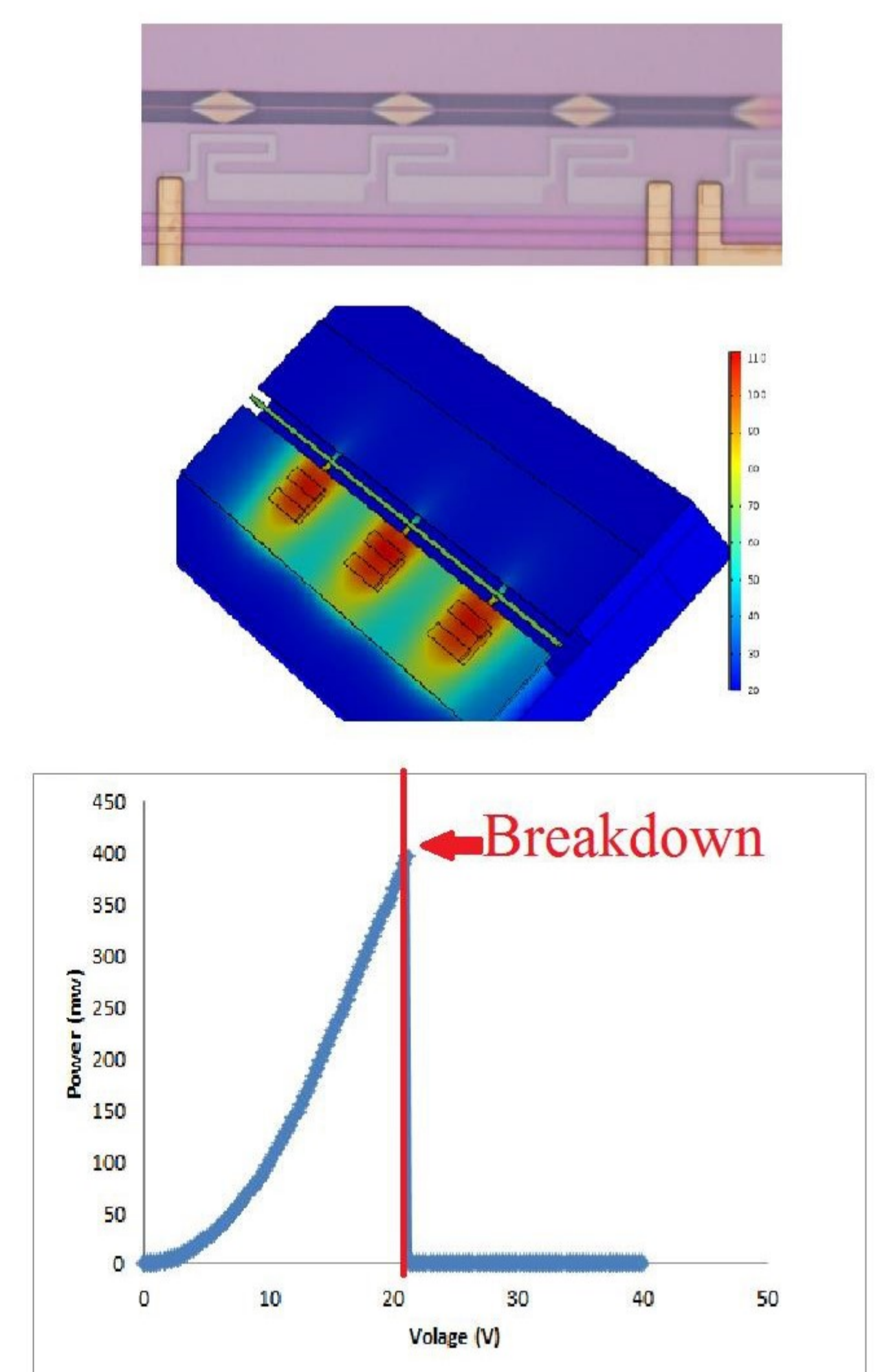
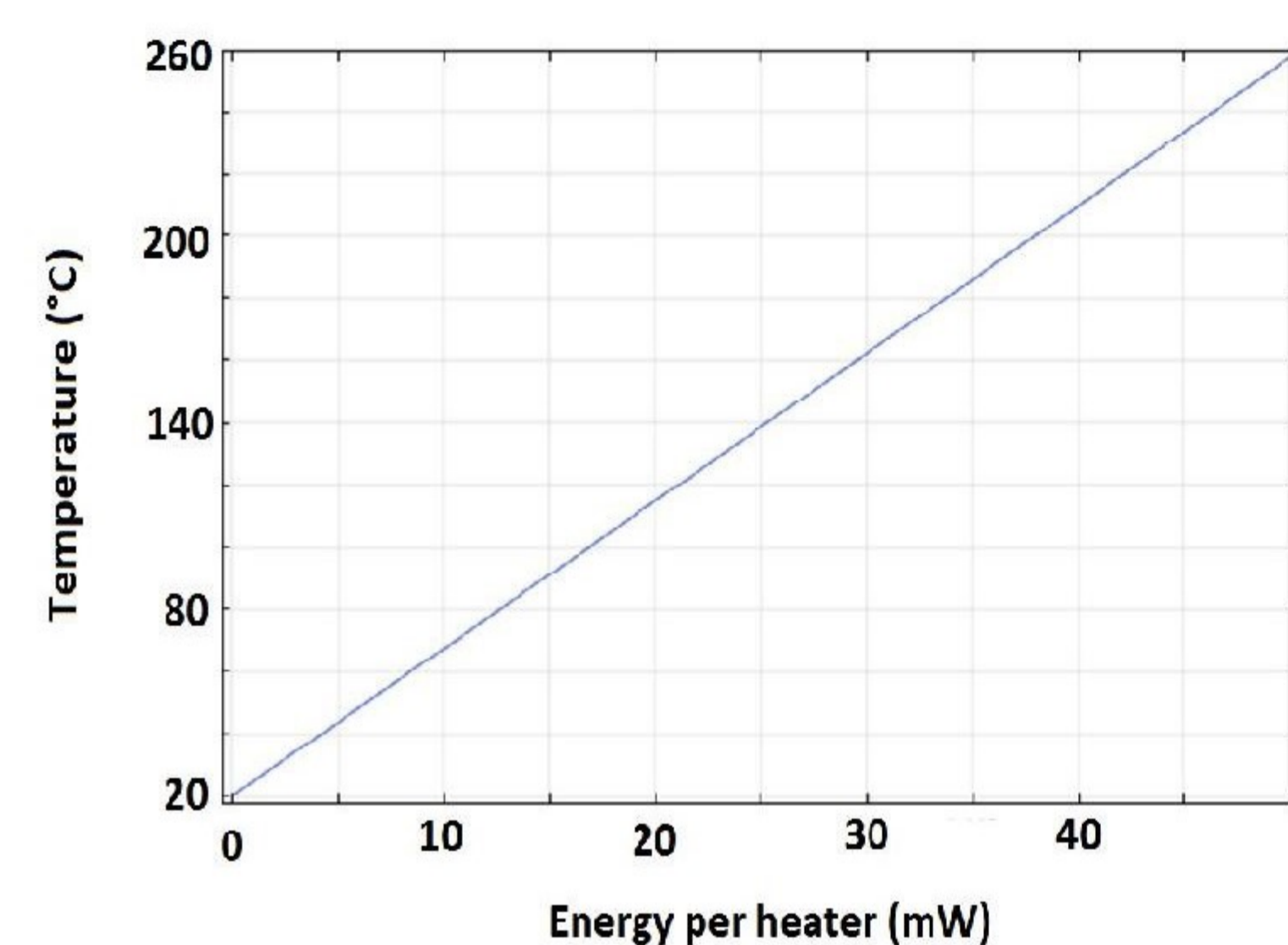
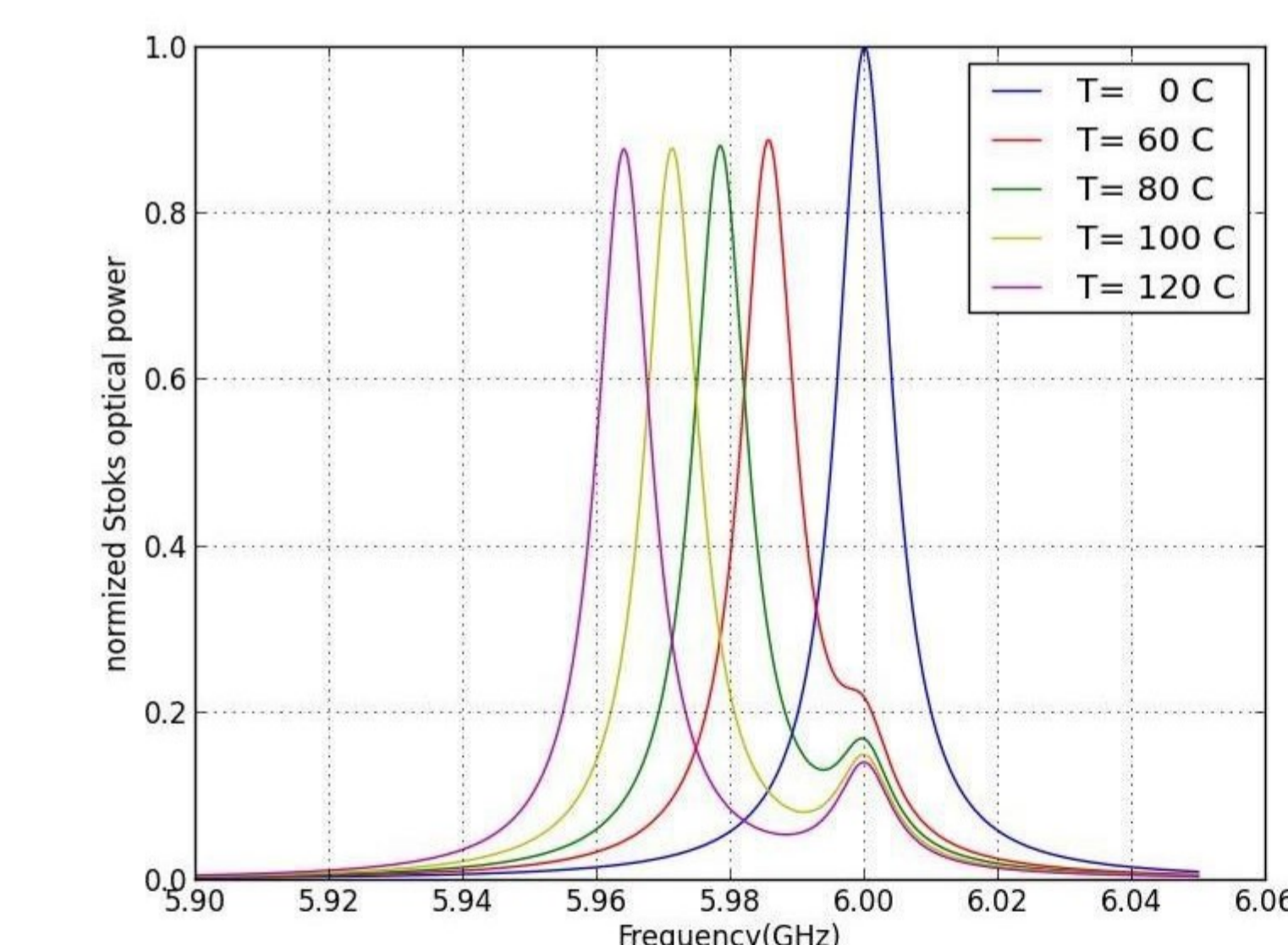
$$\Delta\Omega(\Delta T) = \Omega \cdot \Delta T \cdot S_{th}$$

- $\Omega = v/2w$ , phononic Fabry-Perrot model.
- $\Delta T = 41.6$  °C temperature difference needed for correct inhomogeneous broadening.



## Further Work

- On-chip heaters allows individual tuning of various parts of the free standing waveguide.
- Resonance frequency,  $\Omega_n$ , of each individual subsection,  $n$ , can be individually measured.



## References

- [1] Léon Brillouin (1914) Diffusion de la lumière par un corps transparent homogène. Comptes Rendus 158, 1331
- [2] Van Laer R., Bazin A., & Kuyken, B. (n.d.). Net on-chip Brillouin gain based on suspended silicon nanowires. New Journal of Physics, 17(11).
- [3] Van Laer, R., Kuyken, B., Van Thourout, D., & Baets, R. (2015). Interaction between light and highly confined hypersound in a silicon photonic nanowire. Nature Photonics, 16
- [4] B.Morrison and al. (2014). Tunable microwave photonic notch filter using on-chip stimulated Brillouin scattering. Optics Communications, 313.

