## University of Nebraska - Lincoln DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska - Lincoln

Historical Materials from University of Nebraska-Lincoln Extension

Extension

1-1956

# EC56-113 Pasture Balance for Panhandle and Southwestern Nebraska

Donald F. Burzlaff

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/extensionhist

Burzlaff, Donald F., "EC56-113 Pasture Balance for Panhandle and Southwestern Nebraska" (1956). *Historical Materials from University of Nebraska-Lincoln Extension*. 3274. http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/extensionhist/3274

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Extension at DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska - Lincoln. It has been accepted for inclusion in Historical Materials from University of Nebraska-Lincoln Extension by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska - Lincoln.

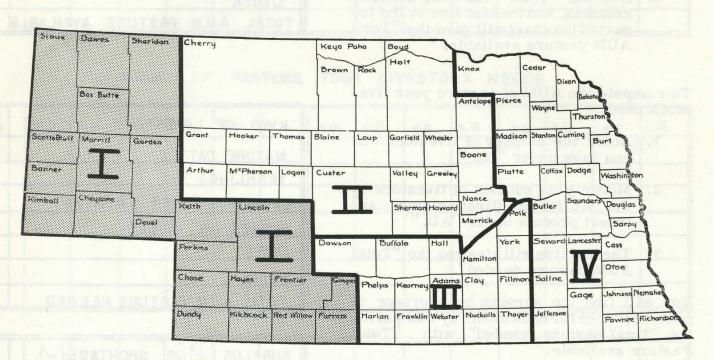
January 1956 こ 85 1 9 百7 1 4 56-113

Pasture Balance

for Panhandle and Southwestern Nebraska Parties of the Panhandle and Southwestern Nebraska Panhandle and Southwestern

This material has been prepared for county agents and farmers working with the Farm and Home Development Program in Nebraska, but it can be used by any farmer to inventory and analyze his pasture program.

Within the state of Nebraska there is a wide variation in the production of forage crops, because of differences in soils, climate and management. Therefore, the state has been divided into four areas and pasture balances have been prepared for each of these areas (see map below).



I Panhandle and southwestern Nebraska, II north central Nebraska, III South central Nebraska, IV eastern Nebraska.

In order to plan your pasture program you will have to know the carrying capacity of your available pasture. This is expressed in this chart in terms of Animal-Unit-Months (AUM). An AUM is the amount of forage required to pasture a mature animal for 30 days. You also need to know the number of AUM of pasture your livestock will need.

To compute the carrying capacity of your pasture:

- 1. Enter the number of acres that you have in different pastures under "Acres" (first column).
- 2. Multiply this figure by the carrying capacity "Per acre" (left-hand column under each month) and insert the product under "Total" (right-hand column under each month).
- 3. Add the "Total" carrying capacity columns, and the last line in the top part of the chart will give the "Total AUM pasture available."

To compute the AUM of pasture your livestock needs:

- 1. Enter the number of livestock that you have under "No."
- 2. Multiply the number of livestock by the "AU factor" (first column), and insert product under "AU."
- 3. The last line will give you the "Total AUM pasture needed".

You will find the surplus or shortage of pasture forage for each month by comparing the "Total pasture needed" with "Total Pasture available."

#### PASTURE BALANCE FOR

KIND OF PASTURE	ACRES	PE
NATIVE MIDGRASS		
NATIVE SHORTGRASS		
CRESTED WHEATGRASS		.1
INTERMEDIATE WHEATGRASS		
TALL WHEATGRASS		
I ST. YEAR SWEETCLOVER		
2 ND. YEAR SWEETCLOVER		
RYE	15011	.4
SUDAN STATE OF STATE		
WINTER WHEAT		. 4
IRRIGATED PASTURE		
OTHER		
TOTAL A.U.M. PASTURE AVAILABLE		

KIND OF LIVESTOCK	A.U. FACTOR	NO
MATURE CATTLE	1.0	
YEARLINGS	.7	
CALVES (OVER 3 MONTHS)	.3	
HORSES & MULES	1.0	
EWE S	.2	
SWINE	.1	
TOTAL A.U.M. PASTURE NEEDED		

						4
SURPLUS	(+) OR	SHORTAGE	(_'	)		
	SURPLUS	SURPLUS (+) OR	SURPLUS (+) OR SHORTAGE	SURPLUS (+) OR SHORTAGE(-	SURPLUS (+) OR SHORTAGE(-)	SURPLUS (+) OR SHORTAGE(-)

The blacked-out areas in the chart indicate th

### PANHANDLE AND SOUTHWESTERN NEBRASKA

1				CARR	ING	CAP	ACITY	OF	YOUR	PA	STURE				
APRIL MAY		AY	JUNE		JULY		AUG.		SEPT.		OGT.		NOV.		
PER	TOTAL	PER	TOTAL	PER	TOTAL	PER	TOTAL	PER	TOTAL	PER	T OTAL	PER	TOTAL	PER	TOTAL
						.1.	1	,2		.2		-1			
				.1	ESTE S	الما الما	plann	lo•dia	ed edi	P is De	su ad				
.1		.3		.3						.1	100	en far	rin ein		
		,4	eii ta	.4	arra 1					· let	nter I	1.1	T I		
		.3		.5	44051					iverc	Mr	1.1	eq i		
										.2	mus I	.2	T S		
		.5	PURILI	.5	TELTE!										
.4		.6										. 2		. 2	
						.6	rote ag	.8	attori	.6	giq				
.4												.2		.2	
		1.0		2.0		2.0		2.0		1.0					
			81 0	tecia m		1 broat	(II) 40	Ja en	lemi;		DIVET			u 3d	
			No or	rrol el	32.19	2 To 9 7 TE	en or i	nalu	SELET:		10355	il lo	garo a	ผูโดย	

#### A.U.M. OF PASTURE YOUR LIVESTOCK NEEDS

NO.	A.U.	NO	A.U.	NO.	A.U.	NO	A.U	NO	A.U.	NO.	A.U.	NO.	A.U.	NO.	A.U.
1			1.1.0.	1.0.	100	140.	1	140.	I I I	110.	14151	140.	14.50	140.	14.5
				-	-	-		-		-	-			-	-
_	1				-	-	-	-		-					-
				-											_
	5														
		,													
															·
	33														


that grazing should be deferred.

Completion of the pasture balance will yield the following information which can be used as the basis of planning the grazing program on any given farm:

- 1. The total number of animal-unit-months of grazing that the pastures will provide during the grazing season.
- 2. The total number of animal-unit-months of pasture that will be required by the livestock. (Based on estimated numbers of livestock to be carried on the unit.)
- 3. The surplus or shortage of pasture forage for the year in terms of animal-unit-months of grazing. (This is obtained by comparing the pasture available with the pasture needed.)

Once this information has been determined the pasture program can be planned to provide additional pasture in months when there is a deficiency of forage. Likewise, plans to harvest excess forage can be formulated for months when there is a surplus.