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Government and Industry Pipeline R&D Forum Report

Crystal City, Virginia June 24-25, 2009

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Executive Summary

Nine government and industry organizations via a steering committee organized, planned and executed this forum. The forum brought together approximately 215 representatives from Federal, State and foreign government offices along with domestic and foreign natural gas and hazardous liquid pipeline operators. The forum's goals included identifying key challenges facing industry and government, sharing information on current research efforts, and identifying research that can help to meet the challenges.

We heard a perspective on energy pipelines from the Department of Transportation (DOT) Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) which reminded the audience that progress was made toward safety and integrity in some areas but new challenges seen from the recent pipeline construction boom is raising old questions about welding and materials. This presentation highlighted other new challenges with alternative fuels and climate change and praised the audience for the continued coordination, collaboration and co-funding in research as a true bright spot and constituted those attributes as hallmarks of a plan necessary to remove these challenges.

We were reminded that desired impacts are occurring in technology development, in the strengthening of industry consensus standards and the generation and promotion of new knowledge to decision makers since the passage of the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002. Positive change is occurring through each organization funding research but in many cased is not measured. The DOT/PHMSA program presented how the coordination, collaboration and co-funding in research since 2002 is impacting the industry and how they are measuring these impacts.

The forum was successful in identifying key challenges facing industry and government. Many high level or overall challenges were noted. These were just some of the identified challenges presented by government and industry leaders:

- Predicting the future performance of non-metallic distribution pipeline materials
- Monitoring the impact of environmental conditions on cast iron pipes
- Understanding the integrity impact on pipes from deepwater installations
- Repairing deepwater systems and understanding impacts from hurricanes and mudslides
- Deepwater pipeline flow assurance and mitigation of hydrate plugs
- Integrity management of steel catenary risers
- Safely transporting biofuels in new and current systems
- Managing seam weld anomalies
- External corrosion, particularly stress corrosion cracking in gas transmission systems
- Reliability-based integrity management
- Excavation damage prevention and finding more efficient monitoring of right of ways
- Greenhouse gas emission mitigation from compressors/pumps and fugitive sources
- Volatile gas prices and the impact on addressing threat prevention/integrity management
- New construction and difficulties in obtaining authorizations and permits
- The impact from the aging workforce and inexperienced new staff
- Managing environmental impacts on systems from climate change or global warming
- Understanding how economic downturns and the "credit crunch" affect pipeline operations
- The impact of new regulations, including distribution integrity management and State oversight of integrity management
- Plastic pipe joining integrity beyond visible means

Later that morning we heard that our efforts through research are paying off with four presentations documenting how difficult it is to commercialize technology, how research is impacting consensus standards and about two technologies which were under research are now commercially available to pipeline operators.

Finally we heard about the charge for the audience and goals of the six focused Technical Track Sessions. These track sessions were to develop a consensus agenda of technical gaps & challenges for future R&D. In doing that they needed to identify both short and long term research objectives for liquid/gas transmission and distribution pipelines. During the track sessions, basic road mapping was conducted on identified technical gaps so that any identified research addresses the need effectively. Finally details of the ultimate research goals were to be provided so appropriate end users can be factored into project scopes. The six Technical Track Sessions were:

- 1. Threat Prevention
- 2. Leak Detection
- 3. Anomaly Detection/Characterization
- 4. Anomaly Remediation/Repair
- 5. Pipelining in Challenging Areas
- 6. Alternative Fuels/Climate Change

The final forum agenda is found in Appendix A.

Backgrounds for these Technical Track Sessions are found in Appendix B.

The Technical Track Session Report-Outs are found in Appendix C. The report-outs will be used to craft the next research solicitation by DOT/PHMSA. The report-outs reflect the current consensus technical needs for addressing our mutually identified challenges.

All presentation files from the forum are available at: <u>http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/rd/mtg_062409.htm</u>

Background

Forum Objectives, Approach, Organization and Sponsorship

What was the forum designed to achieve?

Our nation, and indeed the world, is strongly dependent on pipelines to deliver the energy needed to sustain economic well being and to promote economic growth. As the current pipeline infrastructure continues to age and as increasing energy demand necessitates new pipelines, we must redouble our efforts to assure pipeline safety, integrity and reliability. Research and development represents a critical component in increasing that level of assurance.

The objective of the forum was to facilitate government and industry pipeline stakeholders to develop a consensus on the technical gaps & challenges for future R&D. It addressed both short and long term research objectives for liquid and gas and transmission and distribution pipelines, covering onshore, offshore and Arctic environments. In addition, details of the ultimate research goals, technology demonstrations, and transfer and commercialization were discussed.

How did the forum approach assist attainment of its objectives?

To achieve its objectives, the forum was structured to explore the challenges facing the pipeline industry, to share information on recently completed and ongoing activity to address these challenges, and to identify potential gaps and overlaps in the set of projects currently underway or in planning. The result was intended to be an information resource to help the various sponsors of research and development in defining their priorities and in selecting related projects by developing a clearer picture of the ongoing and planned efforts of other sponsors. In addition, new discussions were factored in to the agenda showing how the research partnership is impacting our mutual challenges with new technology on the market and strengthened more relevant consensus standards.

How was the forum organized?

To design and host a successful forum, a diverse steering committee was formed with representation from many government and industry stakeholders. This provided equal representation and stakeholder involvement of critical technical topics and implemented the forum objective. The steering committee had representation from the following organizations:

- 1. American Gas Association
- 2. American Petroleum Institute
- 3. Interstate Natural Gas Association of America
- 4. National Association of Pipeline Safety Representatives
- 5. National Institute of Standards and Technology
- 6. Northeast Gas Association/NYSEARCH

- 7. Operations Technology Development
- 8. Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration
- 9. Pipeline Research Council International

How was the forum sponsored?

The Department of Transportation, Pipeline & Hazardous Materials Safety Administration provided the administrative funding to hold the forum.

Breaks were graciously sponsored by the following organizations:

- 1. American Gas Association
- 2. American Petroleum Institute
- 3. American Public Gas Association
- 4. Gas Technology Institute
- 5. NYSEARCH/Northeast Gas Association
- 6. Operations Technology Development
- 7. Pipeline Research Council International

These breaks provided ample opportunities to discuss topics identified from the agenda, network on various other issues and a time to refresh before re-entering the forum.

Follow up Actions

These forums are not intended as annual events. New research projects generated from these forums must be solicited, reviewed by a merit review panel comprised of industry and government representatives, awarded and then given some period of time to begin executing their scopes in order to understand if they are addressing the needs as desired.

It is time to hold the next forum once those items are executed. The forum steering committee is formed and coordinated by DOT/PHMSA and we are well on our way to organizing the next forum.

The forum output is intended to be an information resource for organizations funding pipeline research. It helps in defining their priorities and in selecting complementary projects as it provides a clearer picture of the ongoing and planned efforts is known.

DOT/PHMSA will best use the topics generated and recommended at the forum to craft its next research solicitation. Only topics most relevant to DOT/PHMSA's mission will be utilized in future solicitations.

All presentation files from the forum are available at: <u>http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/rd/mtg_062409.htm</u>

Register for notification of DOT/PHMSA research solicitations at: https://www.fbo.gov/

Appendices

Appendix A

Final Forum Agenda

		Day 1, June 24, 2009	
7:00 AM	Registration		
8:00 AM	Welcome/Opening Remarks – Forum Moderator		
8:05 AM			
	Jeff Wiese	Associate Administrator	DOT/PHMSA
8:15 AM	IMPACT: Collaboration,	Coordination, Competitive Rev	iew and
	Co-Funding Since 2002		
	Robert Smith	R&D Manager	DOT/PHMSA
8:30 AM	Key Challenges Facing C	Sovernment & Industry	
Pipeline	Tom Stemrich	Pipeline Safety Program	NAPSR - Wisconsin Public Service
Safety State		Manager	Commission
Partners			
Offshore	Elmer P. Danenberger III	Chief, Offshore Regulatory	Department of the Interior,
Pipelines		Programs	Minerals Management Service
Liquid	Kevin Bodenhamer	Vice President, Technical	EPCO, Inc.
Trans.		Services	
Gas Trans.	David Chittick	Director of Pipeline Integrity	TransCanada Pipelines Ltd.
Gas Dist.	Susan Fleck	Vice President, Engineering	National Grid
Private		Standards and Policy	
Gas Dist.	John Leary	Gas Superintendent	Chambersburg Utilities
Public			
9:50 AM	Break		
10:10 AM	<u>v</u>		
	<u> </u>	enges of Transferring Success	
Speaker 1	Daphne D'Zurko	Executive Director	NYSEARCH/Northeast Gas
			Association
	Research is Impacting C		
Speaker 2	Linda Goldberg	Director, Technical Activities	NACE International
	Polyethylene Pipe Non-Destructive Testing – How do you Define Success?		
Speaker 3	George Ragula	Distribution Technology	PSE&G
		Manager	
2 / /		dic Protection and Current Map	
Speaker 4	Jeff Whitworth		Shell Oil Products US
11:25 AM	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi		
11:25 AM 11:30 AM	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own)	ons – Forum Moderator	
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session	ons – Forum Moderator	
11:25 AM 11:30 AM	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1)	Shell Oil Products US
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1.	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1) Principal Engineer	Shell Oil Products US National Grid
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1. <i>Leaders</i>	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli Louis Panzer	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1)	Shell Oil Products US
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1.	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli Louis Panzer Leak Detection	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1) Principal Engineer President	Shell Oil Products US National Grid Locate Support Systems LLC.
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1. <i>Leaders</i> 2.	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli Louis Panzer	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1) Principal Engineer	Shell Oil Products US National Grid Locate Support Systems LLC. Pipeline Research Council
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1. <i>Leaders</i>	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli Louis Panzer Leak Detection Mark Piazza	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1) Principal Engineer President Program Manager	Shell Oil Products US National Grid Locate Support Systems LLC. Pipeline Research Council International
11:25 AM 11:30 AM 1:00 PM 1. <i>Leaders</i> 2.	Jeff Whitworth Direction on Track Sessi Lunch (on your own) Technical Track Session Threat Prevention Joe Vitelli Louis Panzer Leak Detection	ons – Forum Moderator s (Phase 1) Principal Engineer President Program Manager R&D Program Manager	Shell Oil Products US National Grid Locate Support Systems LLC. Pipeline Research Council

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Leaders	Daphne D'Zurko	Executive Director	NYSEARCH/Northeast Gas Association
	Craig Swiech	Superintendent, Operations	National Fuel
4.	Anomaly Remediation/Repair		
Leaders	Dave Johnson	Technical Consultant	Panhandle Energy
Leaders	Satish Kulkarni	Consulting Engineer	El Paso Corp.
5.	5. Pipelining in Challenging Areas		
	Joe Zhou	Engineering and Technology	TransCanada Pipelines Ltd.
Leaders		Leader	
	John O'Brien	Upstream NDE Expert	Chevron ETC
6. Alternative Fuels/Climate Change			
	Jake Haase	Integrity Management	Colonial Pipeline Company
Leaders		Program Engineer	
Leaders	Bob Wilson	Director, Materials and	National Grid
		Standards	
5:00 PM	Day 1 Adjourn		

Day 2, June 25, 2009		
9:00 AM	Technical Track Sessions (Phase 2)	
1.	Threat Prevention	
2.	Leak Detection	
3.	Anomaly Detection/Characterization	
4.	Anomaly Remediation/Repair	
5.	Pipelining in Challenging Areas	
6.	Alternative Fuels/Climate Change	
12:00 PM	Lunch (on your own)	
1:00 PM	Technical Track Sessions (Phase 3)	
1.	Threat Prevention	
2.	Leak Detection	
3.	Anomaly Detection/Characterization	
4.	Anomaly Remediation/Repair	
5.		
6.		
3:00 PM	Break	
3:15 PM	Session Leader Report-Outs	
	1. Threat Prevention	
	2. Leak Detection	
	3. Anomaly Detection/Characterization	
	4. Anomaly Remediation/Repair	
	5. Pipelining in Challenging Areas	
	6. Alternative Fuels/Climate Change	
4:15 PM	Final Remarks/Next Steps	
	Jeff Wiese Associate Administrator DOT/PHMSA	
4:30 PM	Day 2 Adjourn	

Appendix B

Background on the Technical Track Sessions

Each Technical Track Session should anticipate presentation and discussion within the subject areas shown and their impacts on all relevant pipeline types during the forum.

1. Threat Prevention

Preventing damage via underground, above ground, airborne and satellite based systems; risk assessments; and prevention of excavation damage through improved design, materials or process.

2. Leak Detection

Detecting leaks via underground, above ground, and/or airborne systems.

3. Anomaly Detection/Characterization

Detecting anomalies in metallic/non-metallic line pipe or from the welding/joining process. Detection is possible from either the pipe's interior or exterior. Characterizing or screening the severity of anomalies found in line pipe or in welds.

4. Anomaly Remediation/Repair

Remediating anomalies requiring immediate action, to include the use of composites. The processes for and apparatus used with repairing pipes are included.

5. Pipelining in Challenging Areas

Looking at Arctic, offshore or other areas where the design, materials selection, installation and operation of pipelines are significantly challenged. This includes any areas where geotechnical, ice mechanics or wind/water currents challenge long-term integrity.

6. Alternative Fuels/Climate Change

Looking at new economic, integrity or quality challenges seen from ethanol, biodiesel, biogas or hydrogen transportation in pipelines, and the impact on climate change from all aspects of pipelining.

Track Session Phases 1, 2 & 3

Technical Track Session Objectives (High Level):

To develop a consensus agenda of technical gaps & challenges for future R&D. Identify both short and long term research objectives for liquid/gas transmission and distribution pipelines. Conduct basic road mapping on identified technical gaps so identified research are addressing the need effectively. Provide details of the ultimate research goals so appropriate end users are factored into project scopes.

Wednesday, June 24, 2009 (1:00 PM – 5:00 PM) Technical Track Session (Phase I):

Convey session objectives to audience. Identify/clarify any related high level gaps or challenges presented from the morning session. Review existing research efforts via invited presentations or discussions. Eliminate any challenges due to existing research efforts and identify remaining challenges requiring new research projects.

Thursday, June 25, 2009 (9:00 AM – 12:00 PM) Technical Track Session (Phase II):

Restate the list of remaining challenges identified during Phase I session. Identify the top three challenges, identifying if they address technology development, consensus standards strengthening or general knowledge. Identify if the challenge is short term (1-5 years) or long term (more than 5 years) in nature. Identify the impacted pipeline type (identify all that apply: liquid transmission, gas transmission, gas distribution metallic, gas distribution non-metallic) and operation area (identify all that apply: offshore or onshore).

Road Mapping Guidance: Categorize at least the top three remaining gaps and challenges into one of these areas and work out the following details:

1. New or Improved Technology

- a. What pipeline type(s) does the technology target?
- b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?
- c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements?
- d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment?
- e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research?

2. New or Revised Consensus Standards (standards, guidelines or recommend practices)

- a. Does the need address safety or specification related consensus standards?b. Which standard developing organization and which consensus standard name and number is affected?
- c. What pipeline type(s) does the consensus standard target?
- d. What operating environment(s) does the consensus standard target?
- e. What technical details are necessary and recommended?
- f. Can any targets or timeframes be identified to complete this research?

3. Creation and Dissemination of General Knowledge

- a. What pipeline type(s) does the new knowledge target?
- b. What operating environment(s) does the new knowledge target?
- c. What technical details are necessary and recommended?
- d. Can any targets or timeframes be identified to complete this research?

Thursday, June 25, 2009 (1:00 PM – 3:00 PM) Technical Track Session (Phase III):

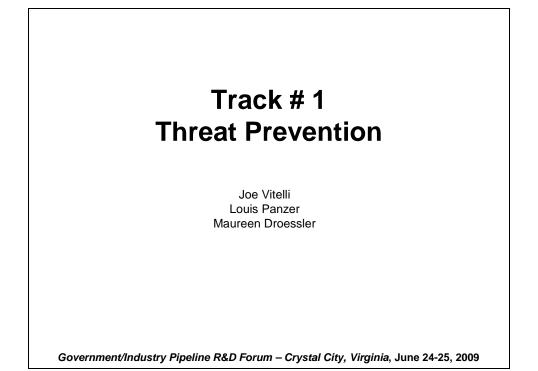
Continue and wrap up discussions on the road mapping details for the top three gaps and challenges. Begin to use the remaining time and audience members to assist you on the report out for the session. (See report out guidance and template report-out presentation)

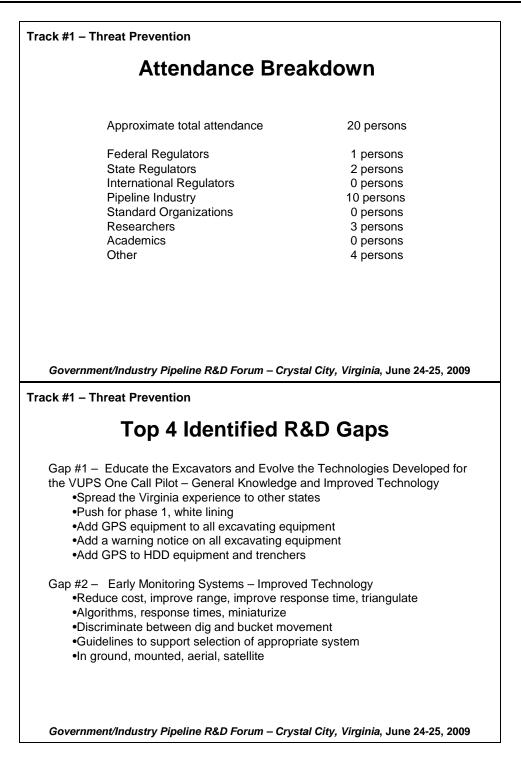
Thursday, June 25, 2009 (3:15 PM – 4:15 PM) Technical Track Session Report-Outs:

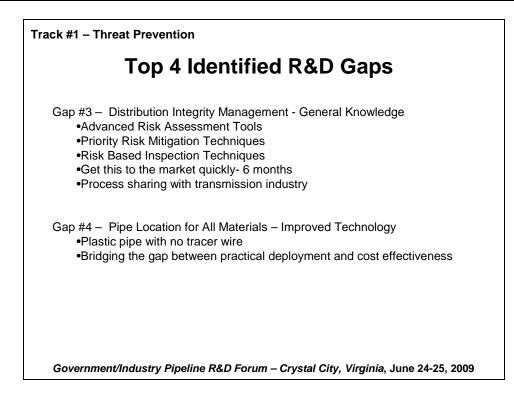
Each session chair may select/elect a reporter for the report outs. The session has 10 minutes to make this presentation. Each presentation reports on the subject(s) discussed, who/how many (ballpark number) attended and an itemization of the top three gaps and challenges illustrating the consensus answers to the road mapping details.

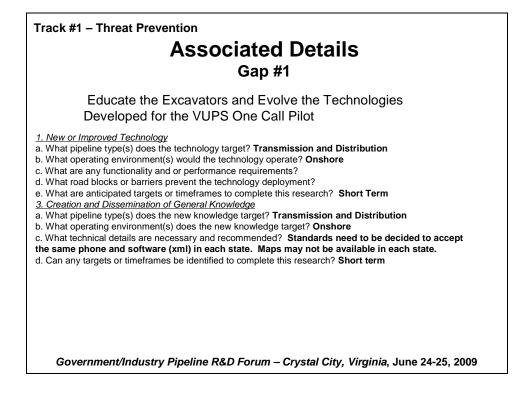
Appendix C

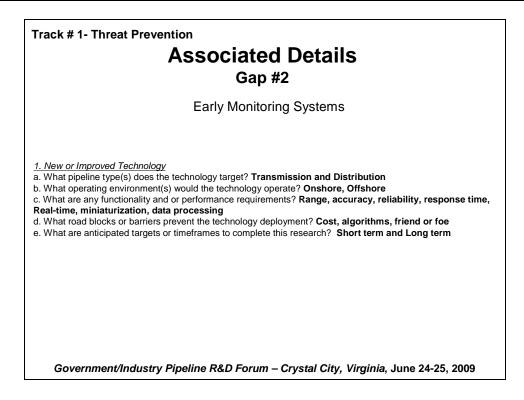
Technical Track Sessions Challenges and R&D Opportunities

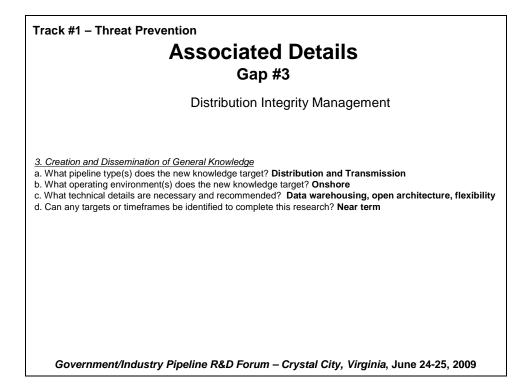


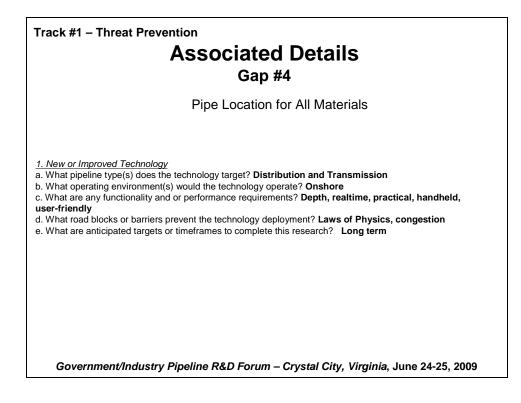


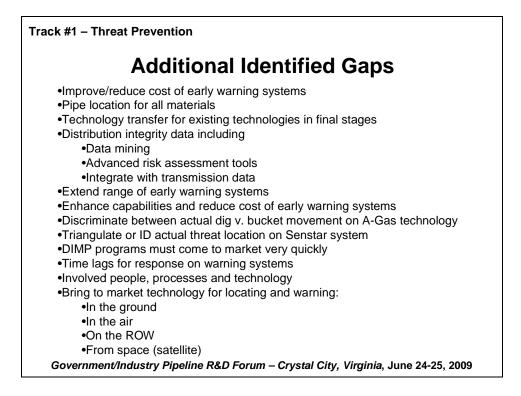


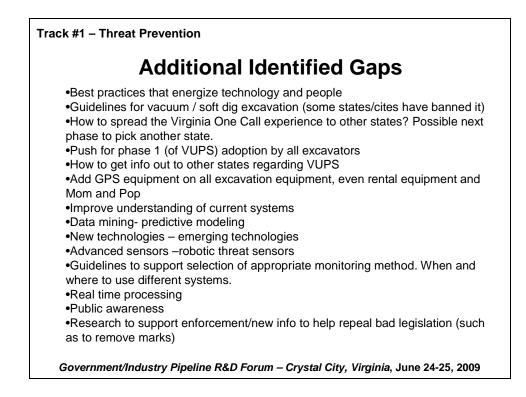


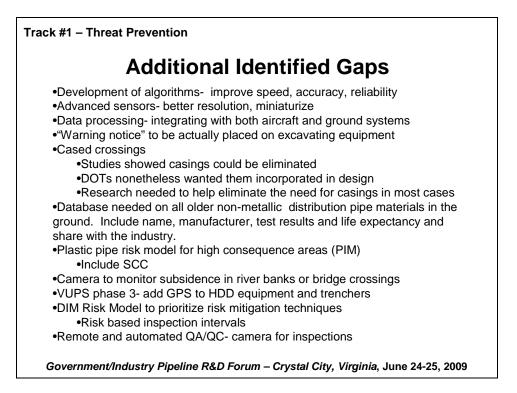


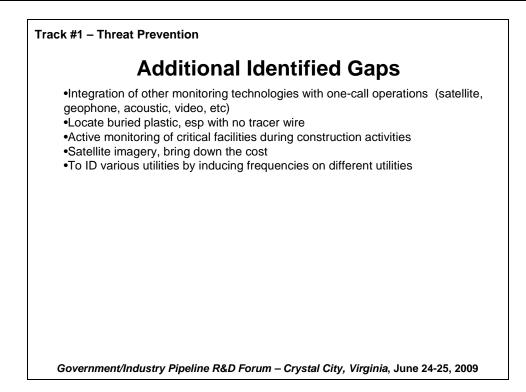


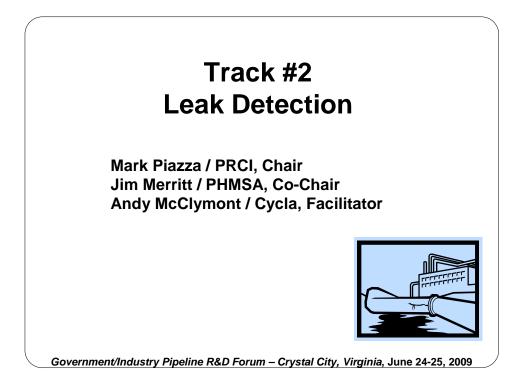




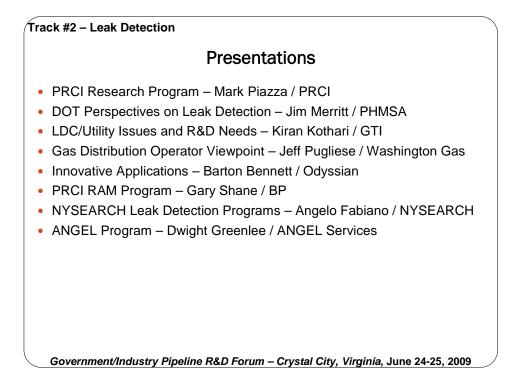


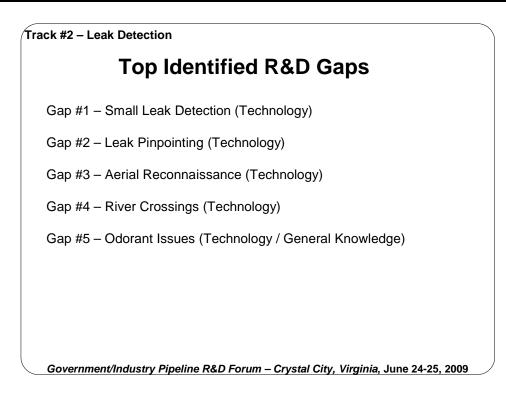






Attendance Break	down
Approximate total attendance	25 persons
Federal Government	2 persons
State Regulators Pipeline Industry	1 person
Researchers (GTI/PRCI/SWRI)	7 persons 3 persons
Vendors/Others	12 persons





Track #2 – Leak Detection
Associated Details (Gap #1)
Small Leak Detection (<5 cfh)
New or Improved Technology
a.What pipeline type(s) does the technology target? All, but <i>Primary Gap is with Detecting Liquid Pipelines</i>
b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?
c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements? Easy to Use Portable Sensitivity Timely
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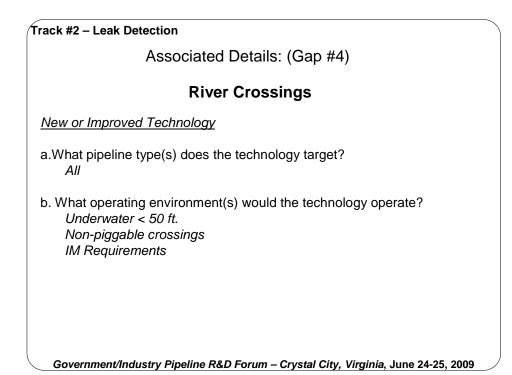
Track #2 – Leak Detection	
Associated Details (Gap #1, cont'd)	
Small Leak Detection (<5 cfh)	
New or Improved Technology	
d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology dep Instrument Sensitivity Scalable, cost effective solution for retrofit Remote detection Requires Line of Sight	loyment?
e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete t research?	this
Estimated 3-5 years to Develop and Commercialize	
Government/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum – Crystal City, Virginia, Ju	une 24-25, 2009

Track #2 – Leak Detection
Associated Details (Gap #2)
Leak Pinpointing Tools
New or Improved Technology
a.What pipeline type(s) does the technology target? All, but Distribution is where primary need is (Different technologies for liquid vs. gas)
b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate?
c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements? Driven by the Need for a Technology fix for loss of workforce institutional knowledge High Accuracy (e.g., ± 1.5 ft.) in order to limit repair footprint
Government/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum – Crystal City, Virginia, June 24-25, 2009

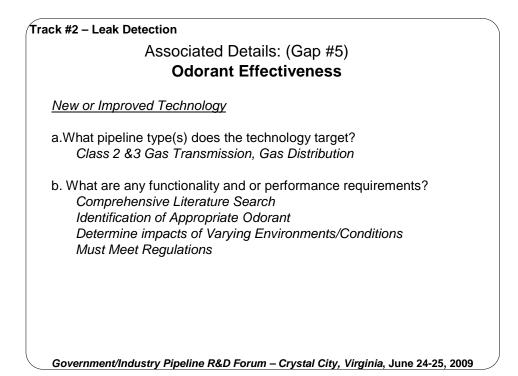
Track #2 – Leak Detection
Associated Details (Gap #2, cont'd)
Leak Pinpointing Tools
New or Improved Technology
d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment? <i>Migration Patterns</i>
e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research? 3-5 years
Government/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum – Crystal City, Virginia, June 24-25, 2009

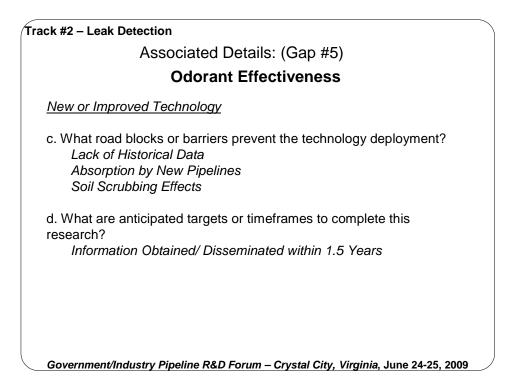
Track #2 –	Leak Detection
	Associated Details: (Gap #3)
	Aerial Reconnaissance
<u>New o</u>	r Improved Technology
a.Wha <i>All</i>	t pipeline type(s) does the technology target?
	at operating environment(s) would the technology operate? anned and Unmanned
Re	at are any functionality and or performance requirements? esponse Time ensitivity
	ultifunction Capability (Other Monitoring): "Pigs Can Fly"
Govern	ment/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum – Crystal City, Virginia, June 24-25, 2009

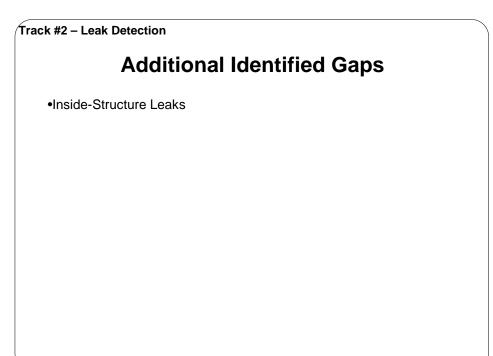
Track #2 – Leak Detection	
Associated Details: (Gap #3, cont'd)	
Aerial Reconnaissance	
New or Improved Technology	
d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployn FAA regulations (Unmanned) Payload / Miniaturization Performance Capability (including Delayed Communication Cost	
e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research? Short term (1-3): Manned, Liquid Transmission for Deployr demonstration Long Term (3-5): Unmanned, LDC for Deployment / demon	
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Track #2 – Leak Detection
Associated Details: (Gap #4, cont'd)
River Crossings
New or Improved Technology
c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements? Replace Human Divers Leak Location
Additional Capabilities: Depth of Cover, pipe to soil potential
d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment? Cost
Adaptability of Existing Technology
e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research? 3 yrs. to Develop Cost Effective Leak and Integrity Monitoring Tool
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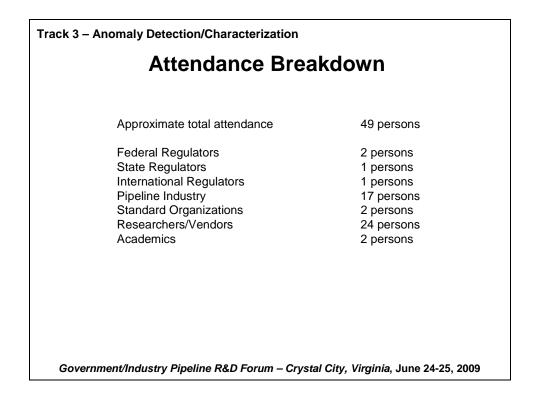
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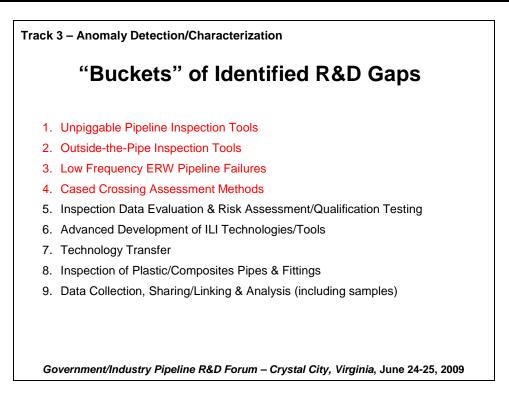
Track #3 Anomaly Detection/Characterization

Track Chairs Daphne D'Zurko, NYSEARCH Craig Swiech, National Fuel

> Facilitator Julie Galante, Cycla

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Track 3 – Anomaly Detection/Characterization

Top 4 Identified R&D Gaps

Gap #1 – Outside-the-Pipe Inspection Tools - Detection and Characterization of Anomalies from Outside the Pipe (Technology)

Gap #2 –Unpiggable Pipeline Inspection Tools - Platform Improvements for Operational Efficiency (Technology)

Gap #3 –Cased Crossing Assessment Methods -Correlation of Parameters for Assessing Middle of Casing (General Knowledge)

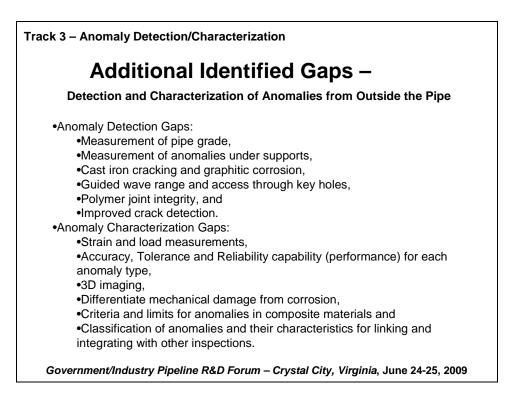
Gap #4 – (Low Frequency) ERW Pipeline Failures – Fracture (Damage) Mechanics (General Knowledge)

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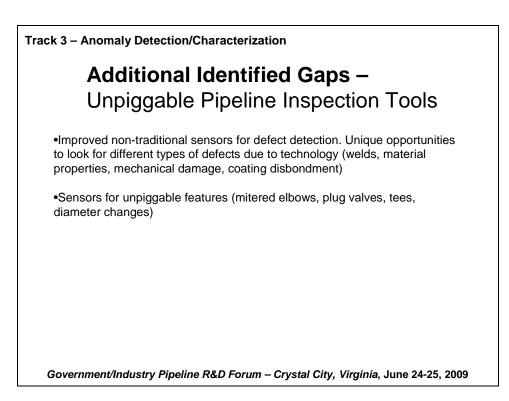
Track 3 – Anomaly Detection/Characterization Gap #1 Detection and Characterization of Anomalies from Outside the Pipe

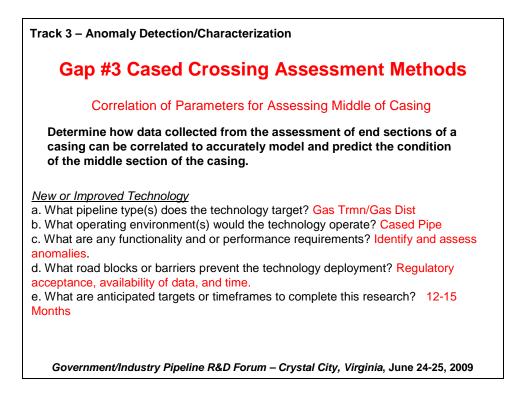
Pre-amble: Metal loss, planar and distortional anomalies, and poor fusion joints all threaten the performance of energy pipelines. The ability to detect and characterize these to a higher performance level than inside or above ground pipeline inspections is paramount for pipelines. The closing of this gap would contributes to improved reliability. It requires linking all pipe inspections (outside, inside, and above) and material properties and integrating with Reliability Based Integrity Management.

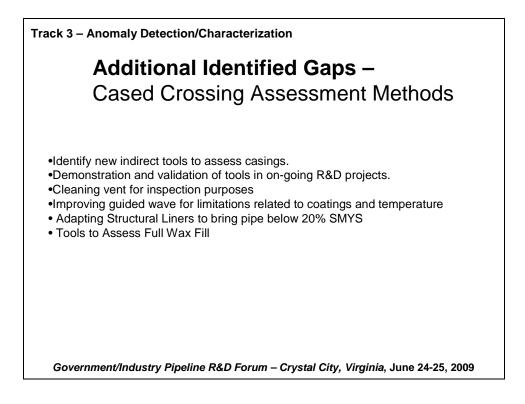


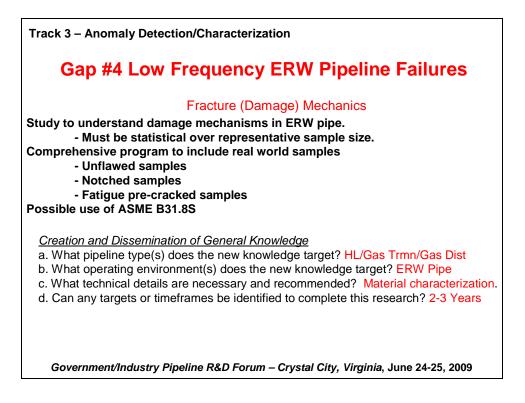


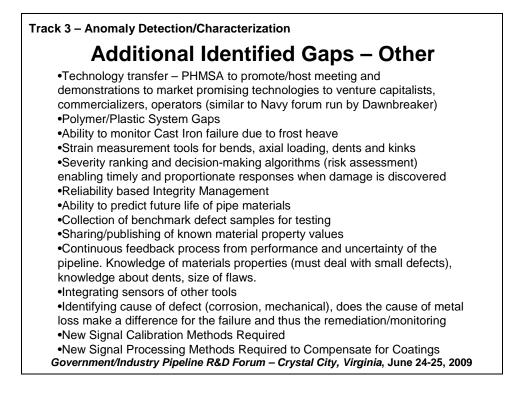
Tı	rack 3 – Anomaly Detection/Characterization Gap #2 Unpiggable Pipeline Inspection Tools
	Platform Improvements for Operational Efficiency 1.Locomotion Methods (wheels/tractor/floaters) 2.Extended Range and Power Issues 3.Communication and Controls
а	lew or Improved Technology . What pipeline type(s) does the technology target? HL/Gas Trmn/Gas Dist . What operating environment(s) would the technology operate? Unpiggable pipelines
C.	What are any functionality and or performance requirements? Locomotion, must be able to get in/out of the pipelines and around obstacles.
	What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment? Technology Development What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research? 1-5 Years
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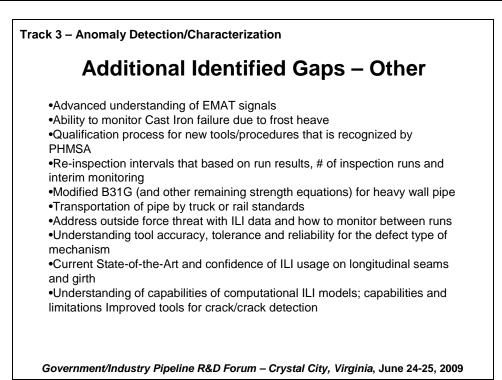


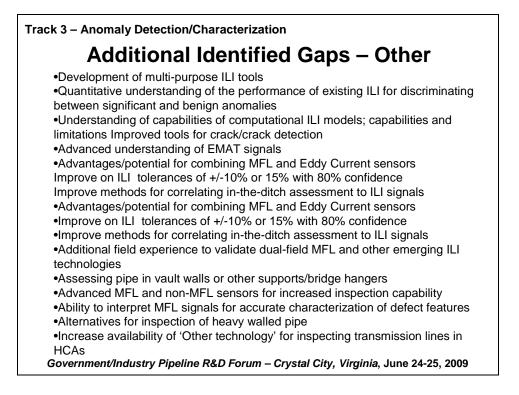


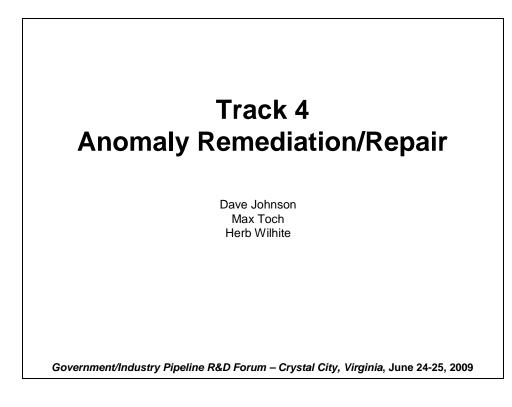


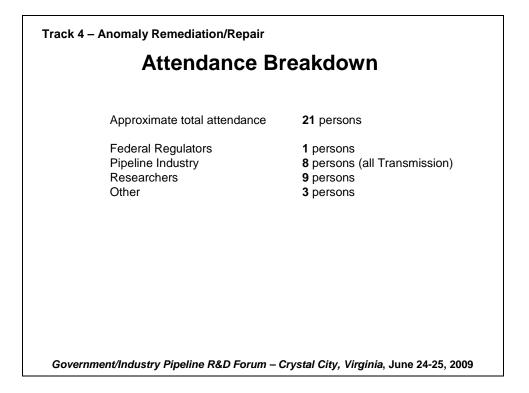


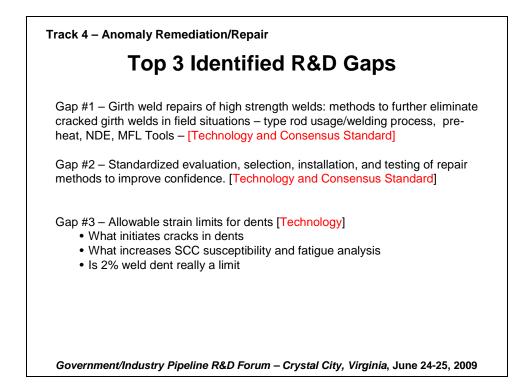


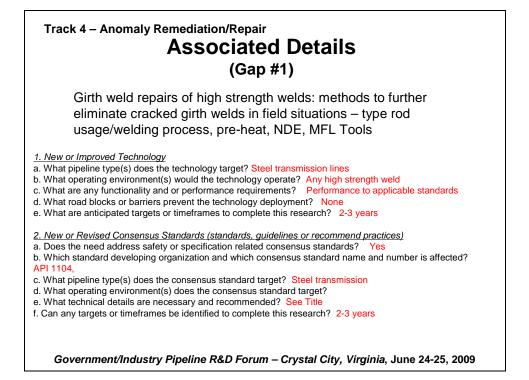




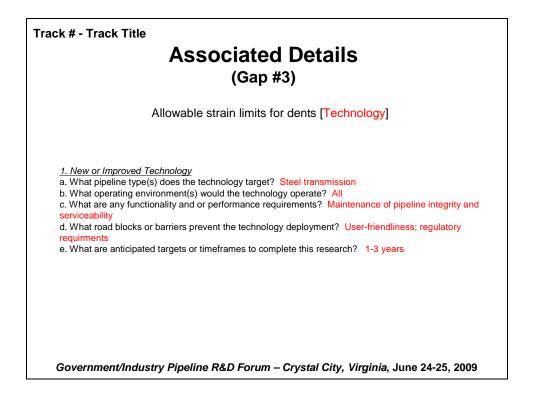


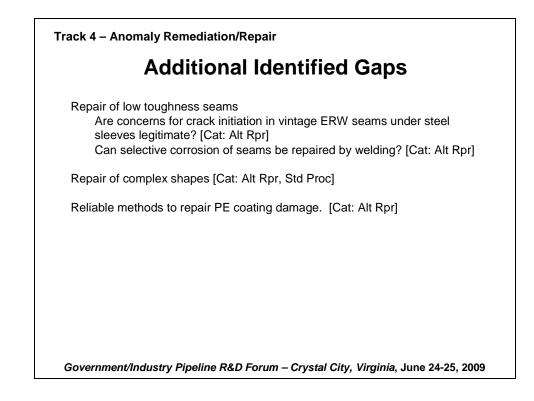


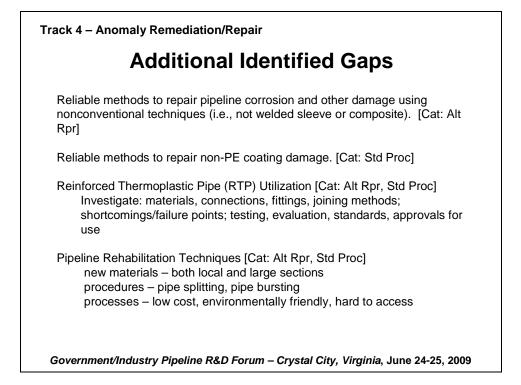


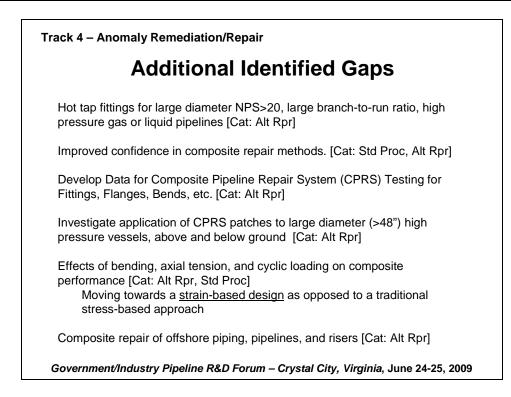


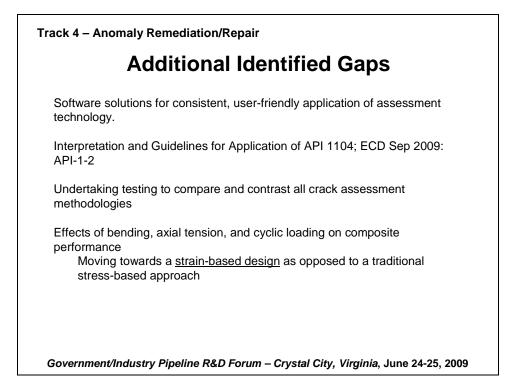
Track 4 – Anomaly Remediation/Repair Associated Details (Gap #2)
Standardized evaluation and testing of repair methods to improve confidence.
 <u>1. New or Improved Technology</u> a. What pipeline type(s) does the technology target? All types b. What operating environment(s) would the technology operate? All c. What are any functionality and or performance requirements? Permanent restoration of serviceability d. What road blocks or barriers prevent the technology deployment? Buy-in from vendors; engineering tests & analysis e. What are anticipated targets or timeframes to complete this research? 1-3 years, depends on repair methods
 <u>2. New or Revised Consensus Standards (standards, guidelines or recommend practices)</u> a. Does the need address safety or specification related consensus standards? Yes b. Which standard developing organization and which consensus standard name and number is affected? TBD
 c. What pipeline type(s) does the consensus standard target? All d. What operating environment(s) does the consensus standard target? All e. What technical details are necessary and recommended? Part of development project; address common degradation scenarios f. Can any targets or timeframes be identified to complete this research? 1-3 years, depends on repair methods
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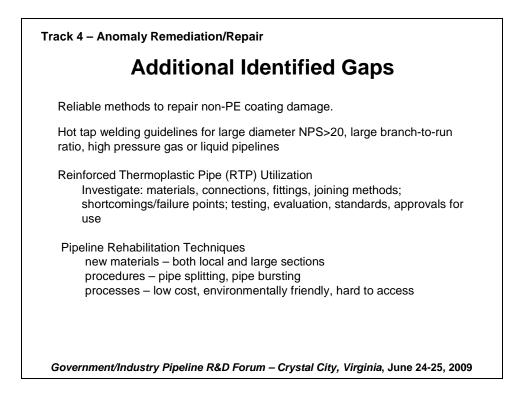


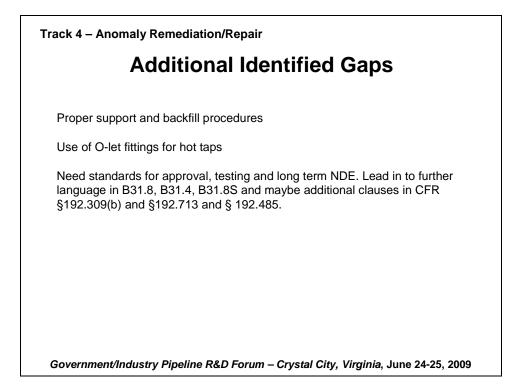


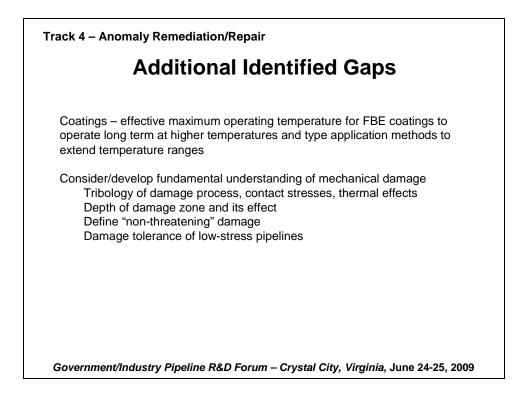


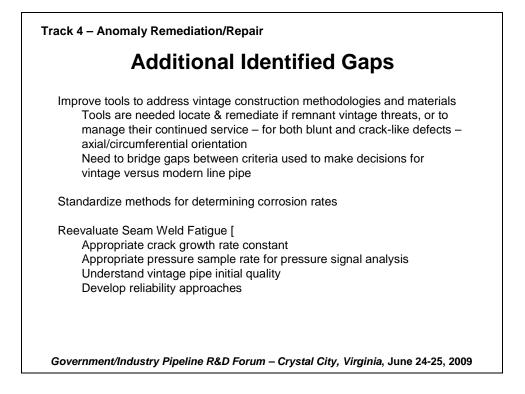


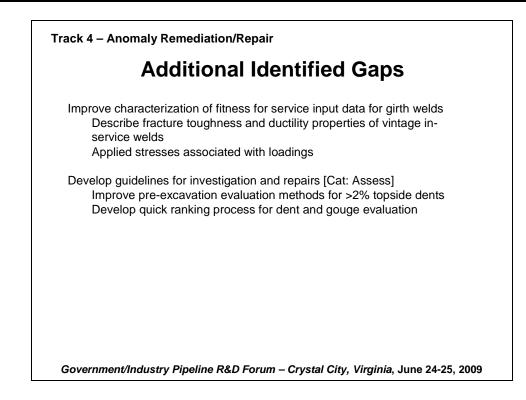


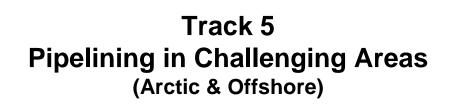










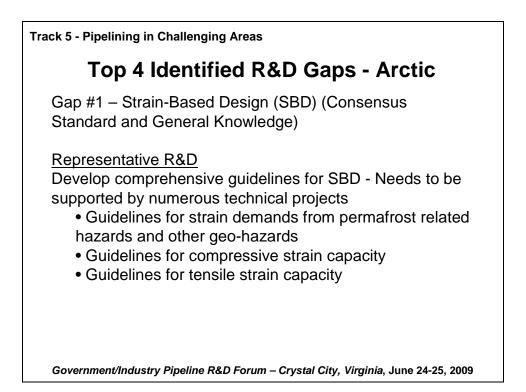


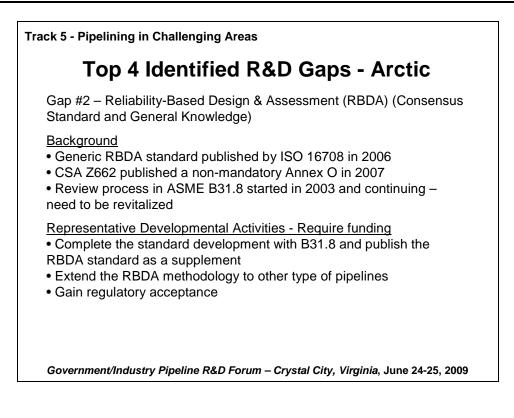
Track Chair: Joe Zhou - Arctic Track Chair: John O'Brien - Offshore

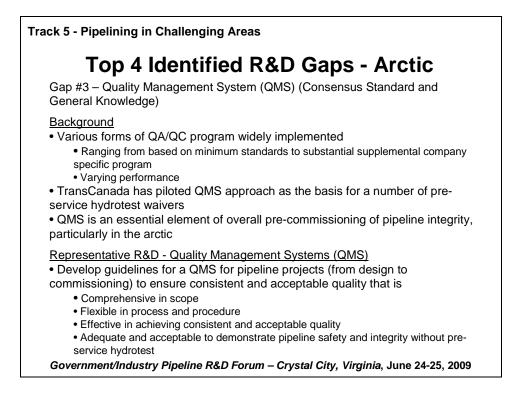
Facilitator: P Wood

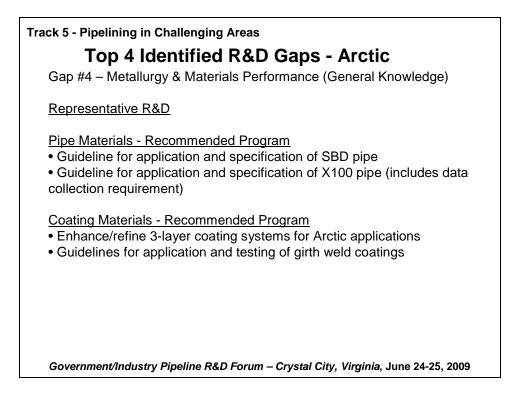
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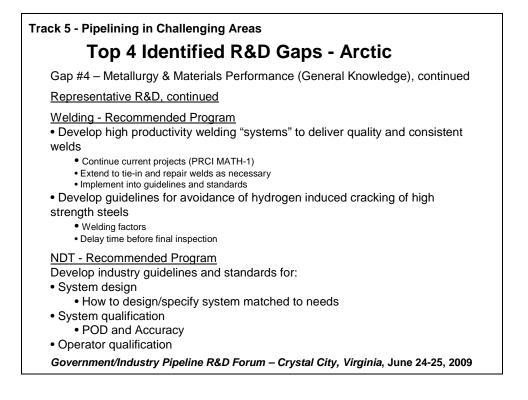
Track 5 - Pipelining in Challenging Areas		
Attendance Breakdown		
Approximate total attendance	22	
Federal Regulators	4	
State Regulators	0	
International Regulators	1	
Pipeline Industry - Offshore	3	
Pipeline Industry - Arctic	5	
Standard Organizations	0	
Researchers	9	
Academics	0	
Other	0	
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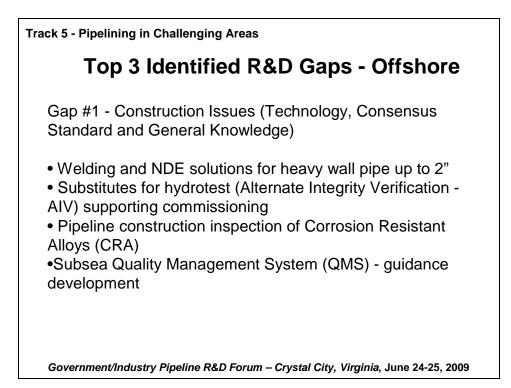


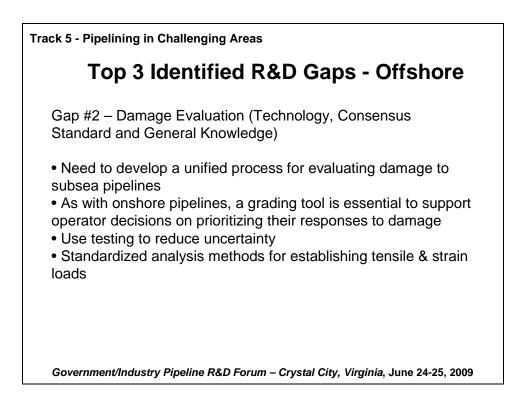


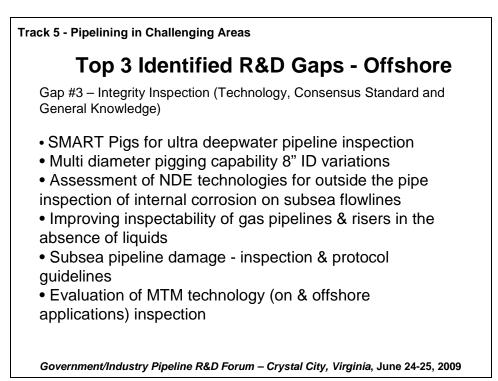


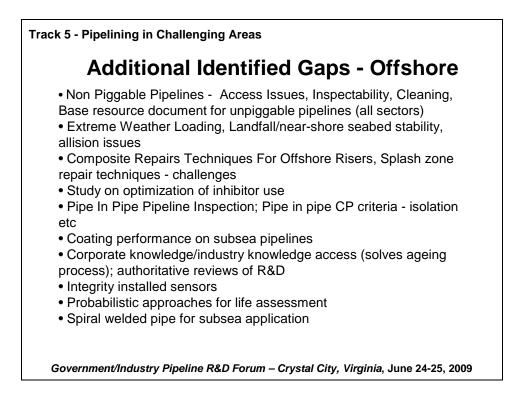


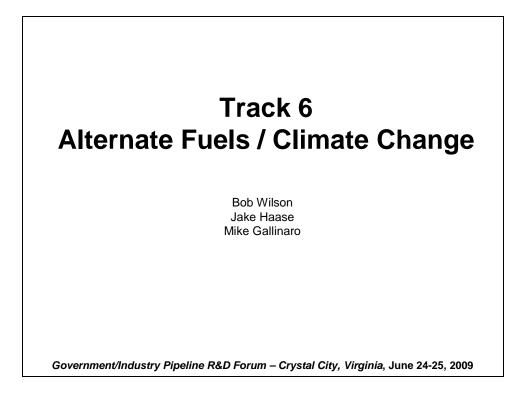


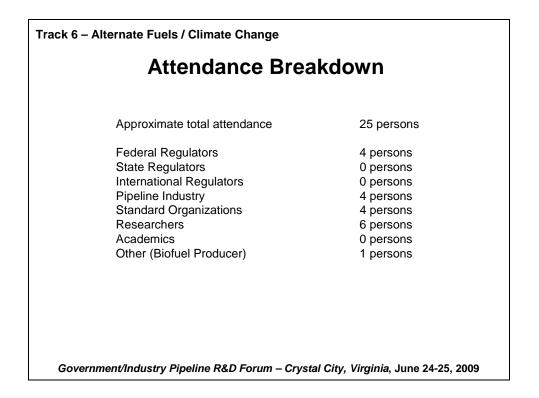


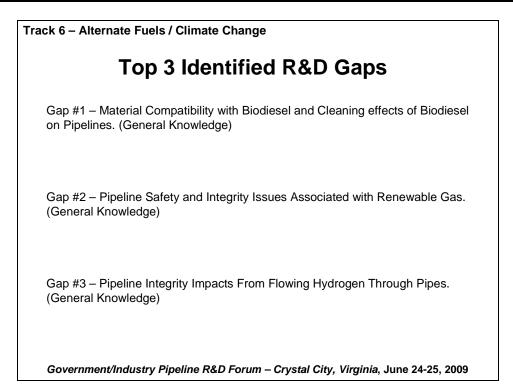


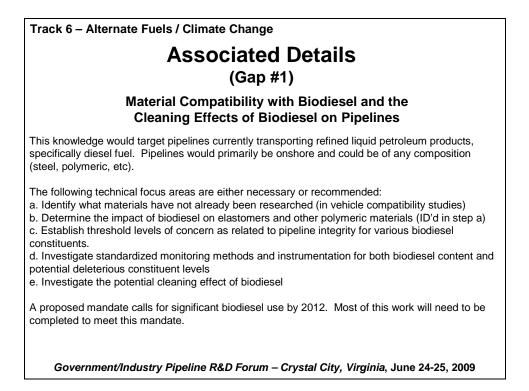




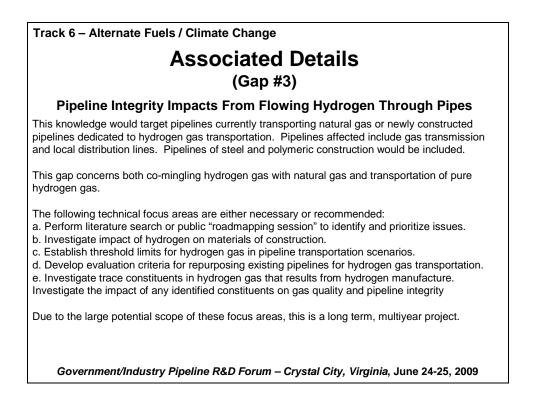


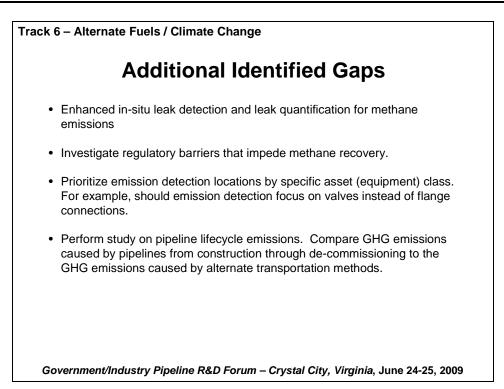






Track 6 – Alternate Fuels / Climate Change		
Associated Details		
(Gap #2)		
Pipeline Safety and Integrity Issues Associated with Renewable Gas		
This knowledge would target pipelines currently transporting natural gas. Pipelines affected include gas transmission and local distribution lines. Pipelines of steel and polymeric construction would be included.		
 The following technical focus areas are either necessary or recommended: a. Identify trace constituents in gas that have an impact to pipeline integrity. Both existing natural gas sources as well as renewable gas sources (such as biogas) need to be investigated. b. Conduct a materials science evaluation of existing pipeline components and their interaction with gas constituents. c. Investigate the chemistry of odor fade concerns related to existence of trace constituents and its impact to public safety. d. Investigate standardized monitoring methods and instrumentation for detecting the deleterious constituent identified above 		
This gap needs a short term solution because of both the changing nature of the country's gas supply and the influx of more renewable gas sources		
Government/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum – Crystal City, Virginia, June 24-25, 2009		





Appendix D

Forum Participants

Organization	Participant Name
3M	Mark Smith
3M Company	Sam Attaguile
AGA	Philip Bennett
AGA	Christina Sames
Alliance Pipeline	Michael McGrath
Alliance Pipeline Limited	Arti Bhatia
American Gas Association	Andrew Lu
American Gas Association	Ali Quraishi
American Public Gas Association	John Erickson
API	Peter Lidiak
API, American Petroleum Institute	Stephen Crimaudo
Applied Research Associates, Inc.	Paul Panetta
APPLUS	ELISABET RIBERA
Applus RTD	Martin Fingerhut
Applus RTD Group	Cesar Buque
ApplusRTD	Jan van der Ent
ArcelorMittal Global R&D, East Chicago	Murali Manohar
Archer Daniels Midland Company	Chuck Corr
ASME	Anthony Amato
Baker Hughes	Paula Kolb
Battelle	Brian N Leis
Blade Energy Partners	Ravi Krishnamurthy
BMT Fleet Technology Limited	Aaron Dinovitzer
BMT Fleet Technology Ltd	Sanjay Tiku
Boardwalk Pipeline Partners	Frank Maraia
Boardwalk Pipelines	David Goodwin
Borough of Chambersburg	John Leary
BP America	Joe O'Connell
BP America	Les Owen
BP Pipeline	Gary Shane
BP Pipelines (North America)	David Barnes
BP Pipelines North America	Mike Scurlock
BUCKEYE PARTNERS, L.P.	JOHN PHELPS
CANMET Materials Technology Laboratory	Winston REVIE
Center for Reliable Energy Systems	Ming Liu
Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation	David Merte
C-FER Technologies	Qishi Chen
C-FER Technologies	Maher Nessim
Chevron Energy Technology Company	John O'Brien
Coast To Coast NDE	Joel Schraan
Coast To Coast NDE Services	Wesley Weber
Colonial Pipeline Company	Jake Haase
Colonial Pipeline Company	David Pearson
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES	BRAJENDRA MISHRA
Cutting Edge Solutions LLC	Robert Torbin
Outling Luge Oolulions LLO	

Cuele Corporation	Julie Galante
Cycla Corporation Cycla Corporation	Roger Huston
Cycla Corporation	Andy McClymont
Cycla Corporation	Paul Wood
Daily Environment Report	Charlotte Tucker
Denali Pipeline	Wes Watkins
Denali Pipeline	David J Horsley
DNV Columbus	Katherine Krajewski
DNV Columbus	Sean Brossia
DNV Columbus	Feng Gui
DNV Columbus	William Bruce
DOT/PHMSA	Cynthia Douglass
DOT/PHMSA	James Merritt
DOT/PHMSA	Bob Smith
DOT/PHMSA	Jeff Wiese
DOT/RITA	JoAnna Smith
Dresser Piping Specialties	Daniel Manion
Edison Welding Institute	Robert Kratzenberg
Edison Welding Institute	Mark Norfolk
El Paso Corp - Pipeline Group	Satish Kulkarni
El Paso Corporation	Andrew Hevle
Electricore, Inc.	Ian Wood
Elsyca	Jack Parlongue
Emerald Consulting Group	William Breighner
Enbridge Pipelines	Greg Zinter
Engeering Mechanics Corp. of Columbus (Emc2)	Prabhat Krishnaswamy
EPA	Suzanne Waltzer
EPA	Gregory Wilson
EPCO, Inc.	Kevin Bodenhamer
FBS,Inc.	Michael Avioli
FBS,Inc.	Joseph Rose
gas operations innovation alliance, llc	Nicholas Biederman
Gas Technology Institute	Paul C. Armstrong
Gas Technology Institute	Daniel Ersoy
Gas Technology Institute	Andrew Hammerschmidt
Gas Technology Institute	Edward Johnston
Gas Technology Institute	Kiran Kothari
General Dynamics Advanced Information Systems	Jack Cederquist
Georgia Public Service Commission	Donald J Baggett
GTI	Alicia Farag
GTI	Diane Saber
Heath Consultants Incorporated	George Lomax
Integran Technologies USA, Inc.	Virgil Provenzano
Intelligent Optical Systems	Marvin Klein
InvoDane	Paul Laursen
ITT - ANGEL Services	Chris Jenkins
ITT ANGEL Services	Dwight Greenlee
ITT Corporation, ANGEL Services	Christopher Burns
Jana	Ken Oliphant
JENTEK Sensors, Inc.	Neil Goldfine
Kern River Gas Transmission	andy gieser
Kiefner & Associates, Inc.	Michael Rosenfeld
Kiefner and Associates, Inc.	Harvey Haines
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Lagasta Quera est Questa ma	Levie Denser
Locate Support Systems	Louis Panzer
Louisiana Department of Natural Resources	Dana E. Arabie
MARATHON PIPE LINE LLC	TOM JONES
Minerals Management Service	Elmer P Danenberger
Mistras	Valery Godinez
Mistras Group Inc - Systems and Software Division	Samuel J Ternowchek
n/a	Thaddeus Andraka
n/a	Bizunesh Scott
NACE International	Linda Goldberg
NAPSR	Ralph Graeser
NAPSR-Wisconsin Public Service Commission	Tom Stemrich
National Biodiesel Board	Steve Howell
National Fuel	Craig Swiech
National Grid	Susan Fleck
National Grid	Perry Sheth
National Grid	Joseph Vitelli
National Grid	Bob Wilson
National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB)	RAVINDRA (RAVI); M. CHHATRE
NDSU-Center for Surface Protection	Dante Battocchi
NiSource Gas Transmission & Storage	Chad Zamarin
NiSource Gas Transmission and Storage	Mike Hoffman
NIST	Elizabeth Drexler
NIST	Tom Siewert
Northern Natural Gas	Thomas Correll
NTSB	Chuck koval
NTSB	
	Alan Kushner
NW Natural	Bruce Paskett
NYSEARCH Northeast Gas Association	Daphne D'Zurko
NYSEARCH Northeast Gas Association	Angelo Fabiano
NYSEARCH Northeast Gas Association	George Janega
NYSEARCH Northeast Gas Association	George Vradis
Odyssian Technology LLC	Barton Bennett
Office of the Federal Coordinator - AK NG Projects	Christa Gunn
Office of the Federal Coordinator, Alaska Nat Gas Trans Proj	William Doyle
Operations Technology Development	Maureen Droessler
Panhandle Energy	David Johnson
peco energynysearch	Mark Andraka
PHMSA	Sam Hall
PHMSA - HQ Engineering	Max Kieba
PHMSA Office of Contracts	Karina Munoz
Physical Sciences Inc	Mickey Frish
Physical Sciences Inc.	Byron David Green
Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety	Glen Vierk
Administration	
Pipeline Research Council International (PRCI)	Steve Riddle
Pipeline Research Council International, Inc	Ken Lorang
Pipeline Research Council International, Inc.	Mark Piazza
PolyLab	Benjamin Chang
P-PIC	Keith Leewis
PRCI	Eric Thomas
PRCI	Natalie Zawada
Progressive Pipeline Management	Phillip Hoffer

Public Service Electric & Gas Co.	George Ragula
Questar Gas Company	Rick Saeed
R. W. Lyall & Company	Greg Goble
RCP	Chris Foley
Renewable Fuels Association	Kristin Moore
SensorTran, Inc.	Kent Kalar
Shell Pipeline Company	jeff Whitworth
Shell Pipeline Company LP	Gweneyette Broussard
Smart Pipe Company, Inc	Mel Kanninen
Smart Pipe Company, Inc.	Richard Huriaux
Southern California Gas Company	Gilbert K. Ching
Southern California Gas Company	Moises Guzman
Southern California Gas Company	Laurie Reichler
Southern Cathodic Protection Company	John L. Piazza II
Southwest Gas Corporation	Paul Gustilo
Southwest Research Institute	Gary Burkhardt
Southwest Research Institute	Pavan Shukla
Southwest Research Institute	Shane Siebenaler
Southwest Research Institute	Frank Song
Spectra Energy	Gary Dial
Stress Engineering Services, Inc.	Chris Alexander
Stress Engineering Services, Inc.	Ron Scrivner
Structural Integrity Associates, Inc	Bill Amend
T. D. Williamson	Scott Lebsack
TransCanada Pipelines	David Chittick
TransCanada PipeLines Limited	Joe Zhou
Transkor-USA, Inc.	Vitali Grigil
TWI	Peter Mudge
U.S. DOE Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable	Scott Thomas
Energy	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Donna Perla
U.S. EPA	Carey Bylin
U.S. EPA	Roger Fernandez
U.S. EPA	Cheryl Rose
US EPA - Natural Gas STAR Program	Jerome Blackman
USDOT/RITA	Kelly Leone
Van Ness Feldman, PC	Emily R. Pitlick
Williams Gas Pipeline	Steve Potts
Williams Gas Pipeline	Rob Shoaf
Worley Parsons Corp.	William (Bill) Olson
Yankee Gas Services Company	Garry Joseph Daigle