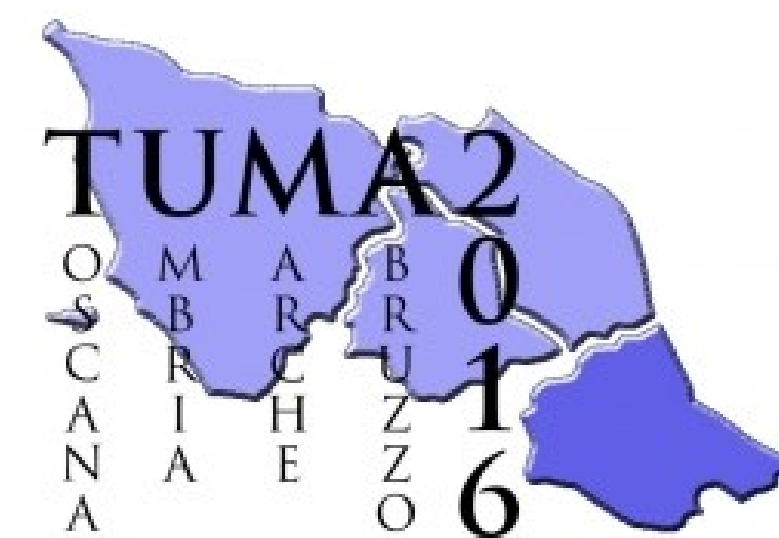




Mild AgOTf Catalyzed Synthesis of 1-Carboxubstituted-isochromenes

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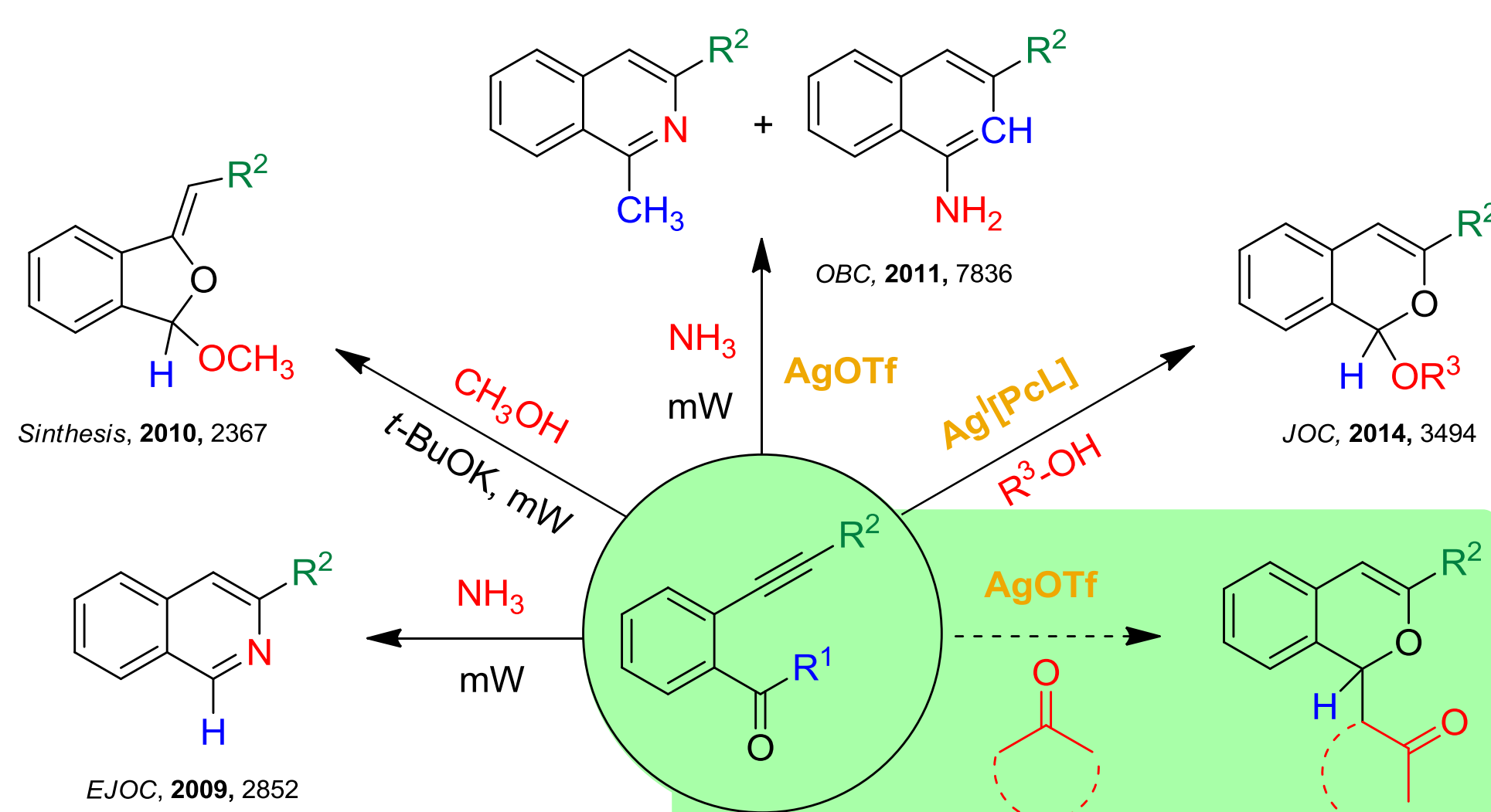
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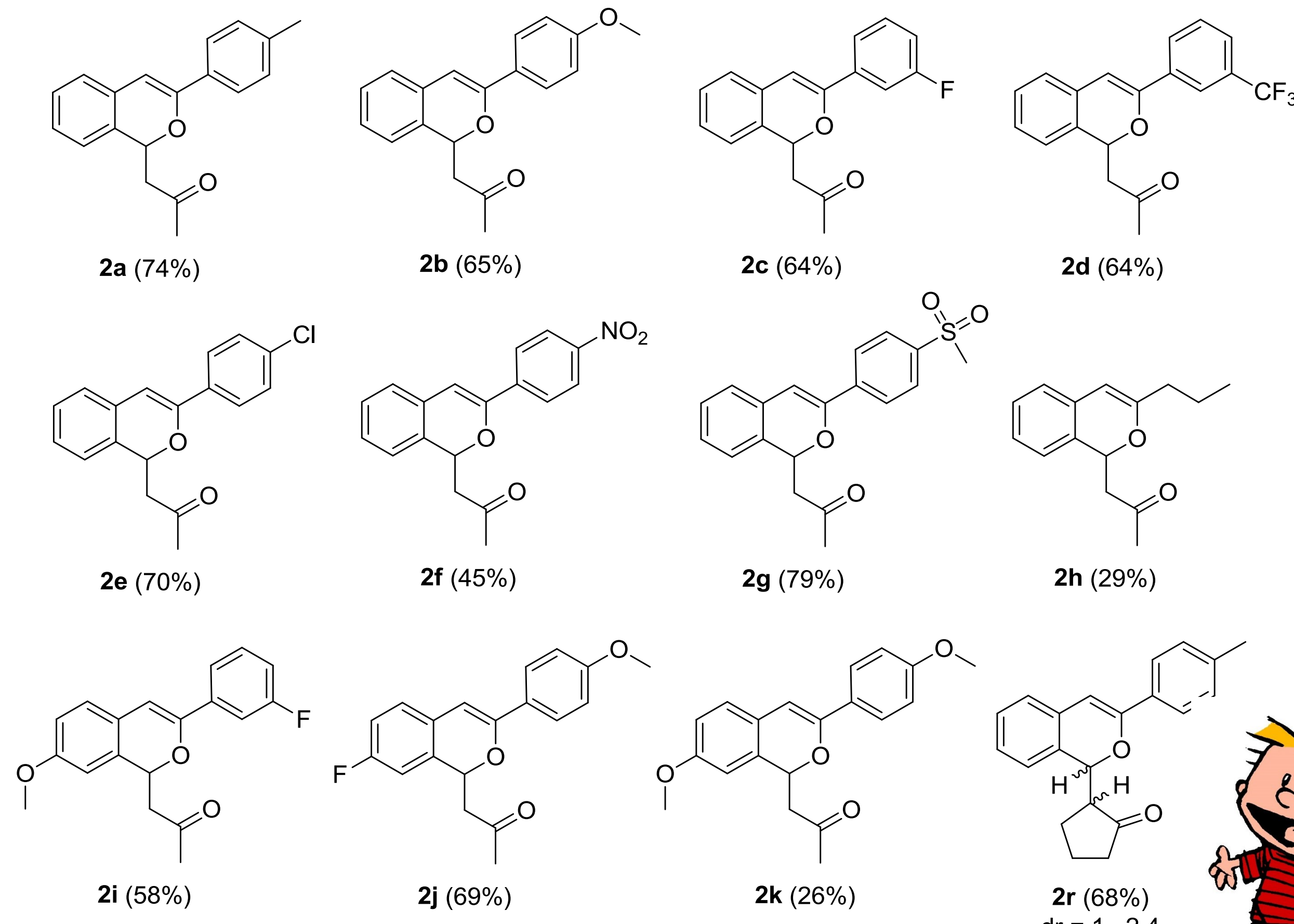
INTRODUCTION

One of the most efficient methods for the construction of 1-substituted isochromenes (and related heteroaryl compounds such as pyrano[4,3-b]pyridines) is the metal catalyzed regioselective domino cycloisomerization/nucleophilic addition reaction of a properly substituted 2-alkynyl(hetero)arylaldehyde in the presence of a suitable nucleophile.¹ The reaction with oxygen nucleophiles is the most studied and several metal catalyst, i.e., Pd(II),² Cu(I),³ Ag(I),⁴ Au(I)⁵ and In(III),⁶ demonstrated to be effective for synthesis of 1-alkoxyisochromenes. Conversely, the reaction with carbon nucleophiles,⁷ and in particular with enolizable carbonyl compounds, is relatively less investigated.⁸ In connection with our ongoing interest in the development domino addition/annulation reactions starting from 1-acyl-2-alkynylarene derivatives, we present here a silver(I) catalyzed synthesis of isochromenes starting from 2-alkynyl(hetero)arylaldehydes and enolizable carbonyl compounds.

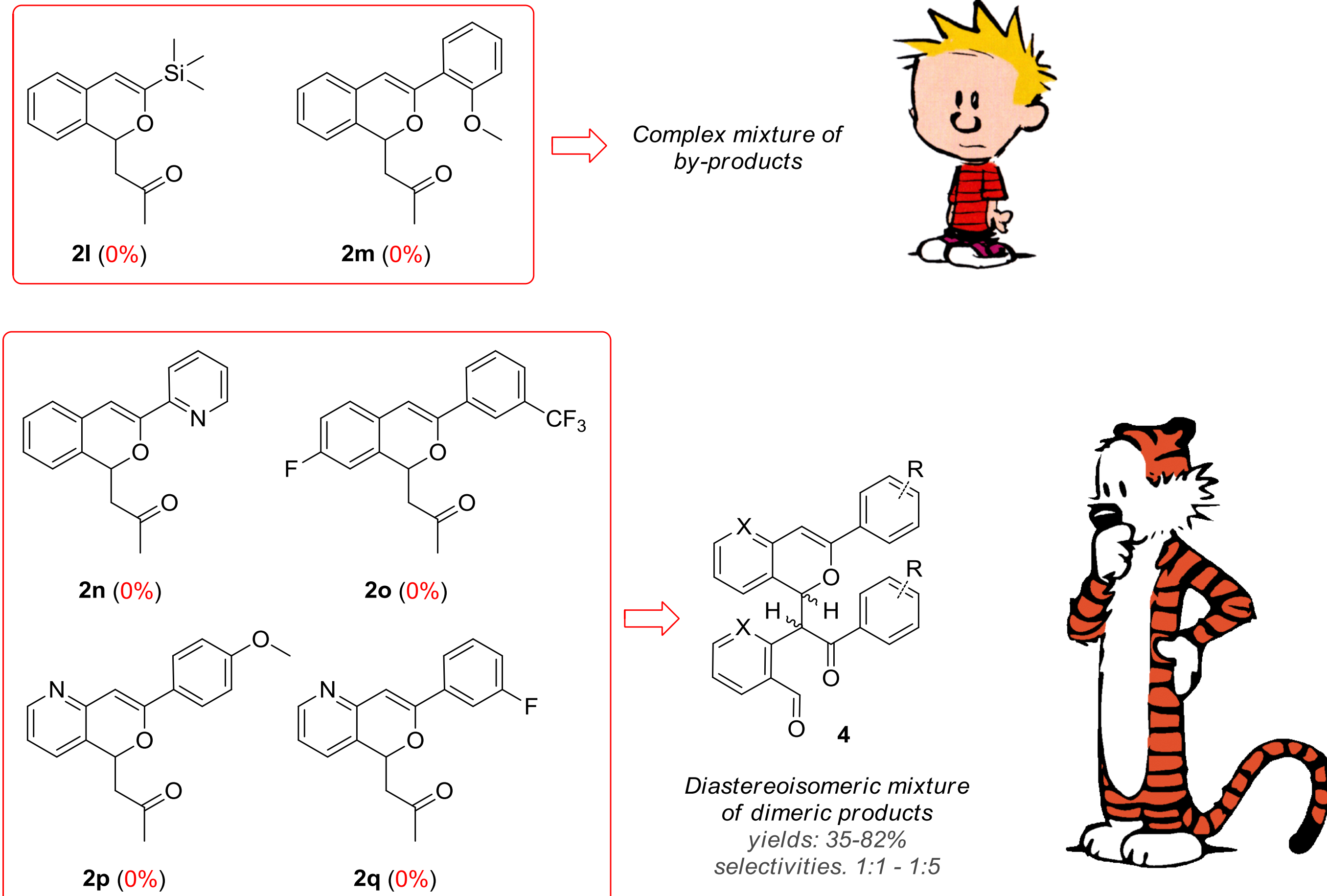
OUR PREVIOUS WORKS on 1-ACYL-2-ALKYNYLARENES and THIS WORK



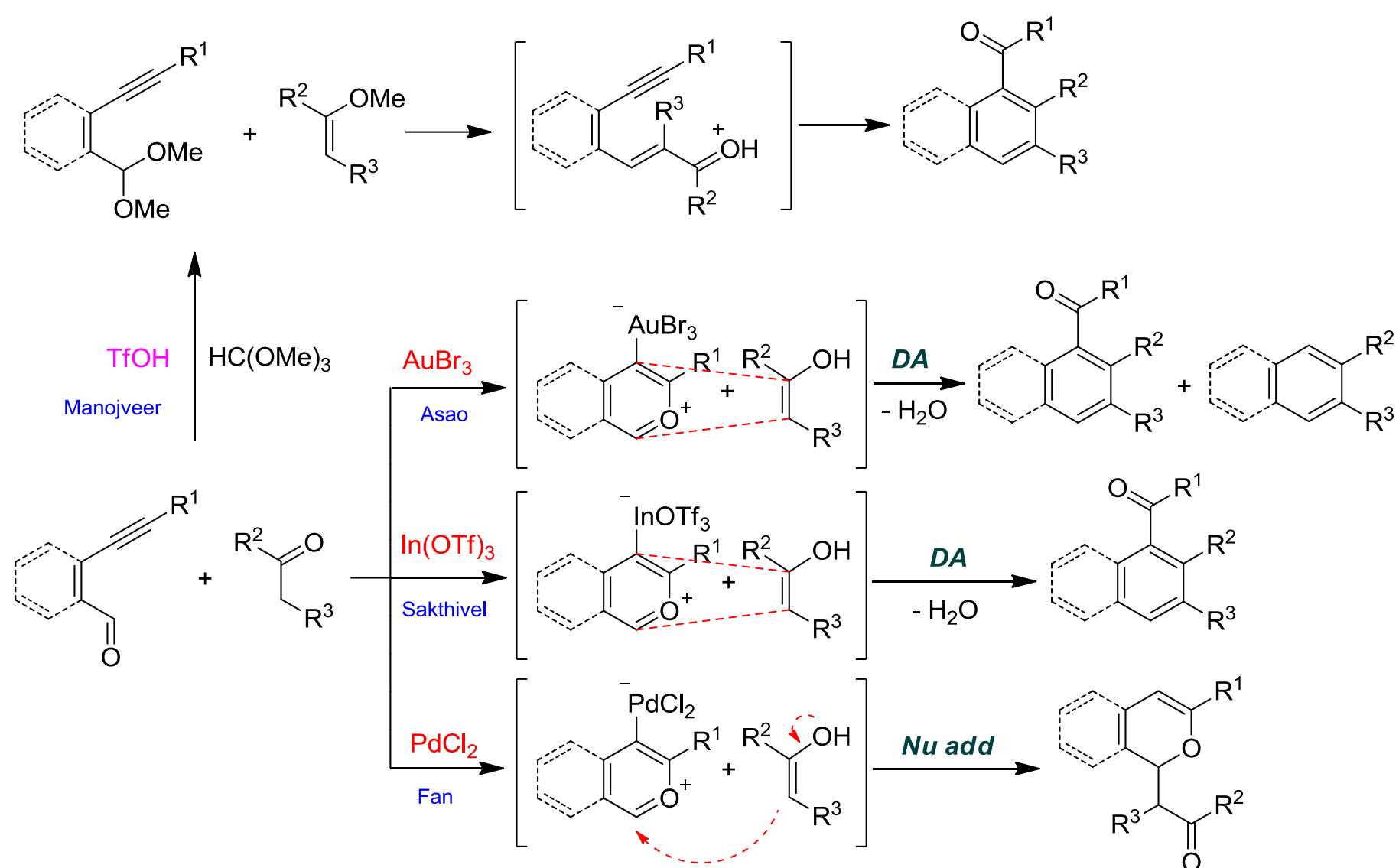
SUCCESSFUL REACTIONS



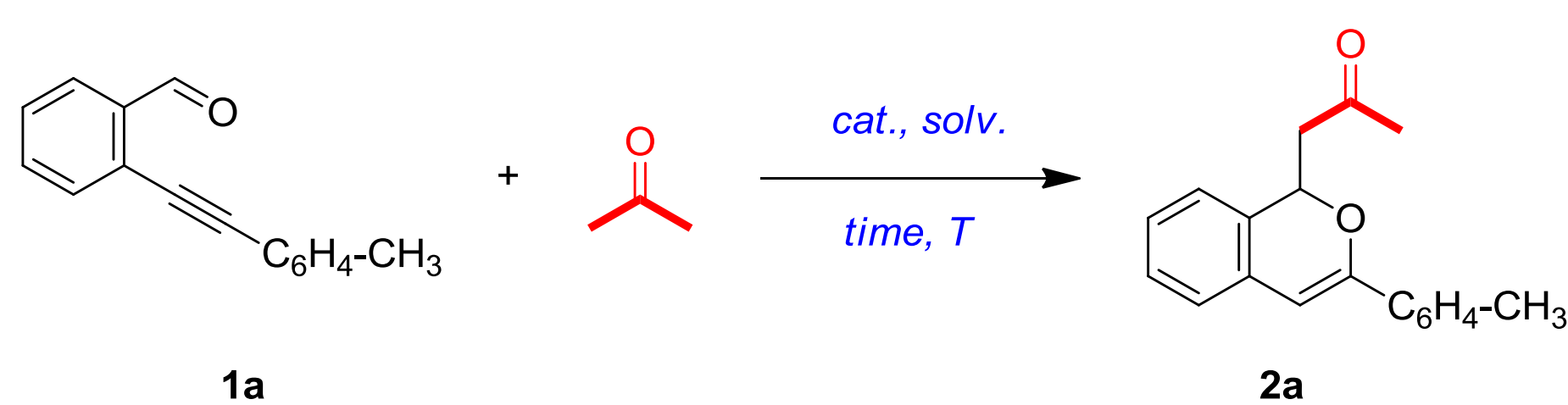
UNSUCCESSFUL REACTIONS



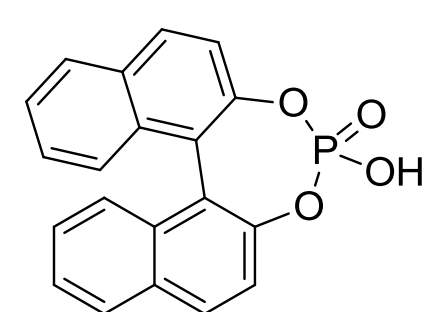
STATE of the ART: 1-ACYL-2-ALKYNYLARENES + ENOLIZABLE CARBONYL COMPOUNDS⁷



SCREENING of REACTION CONDITIONS (selected)

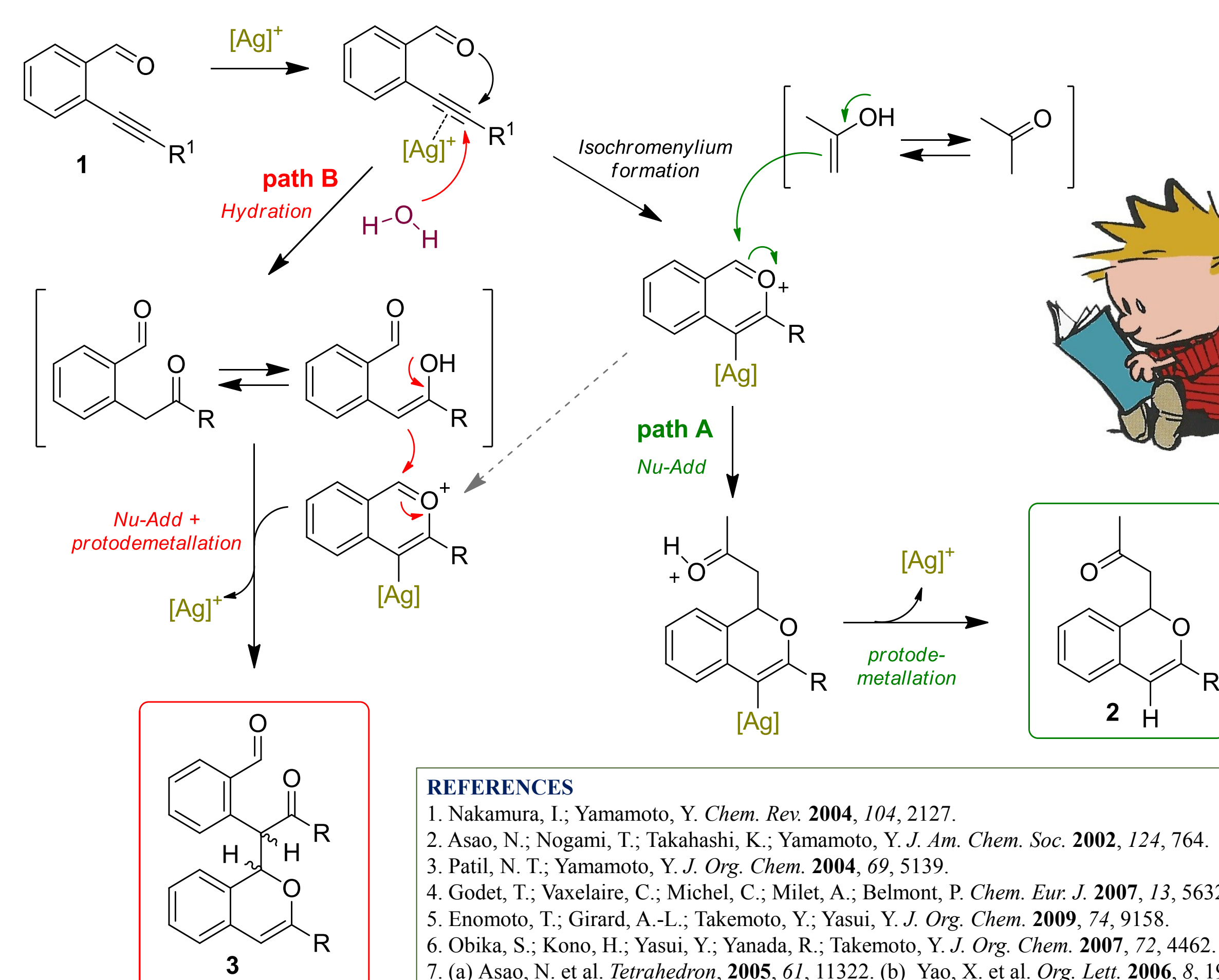


Catalyst (10 mol%)	Solvent	T (°C)	t (h)	2a (yield %)	1a rec. (yield %)
AgOTf	Acetone (68 eq.)	60	12	45	-
AgOTf	Toluene:Acetone 9:1 (~6 eq.)	60	25	10	-
AgOTf	DCE:Acetone 9:1 (~6 eq.)	60	25	-	-
AgOTf	DMF:Acetone 9:1 (~6 eq.)	60	25	15	30
AgOTf	Acetone (68 eq.)	80	7	74	-
AgOTf	Acetone (68 eq.)	r.t.	24	34 ^a	-
AgOTf	Acetone (68 eq.)	100 mW	0.5	35 ^a	5 ^a
AgNTf ₂	Acetone (68 eq.)	80	7	42 ^a	56 ^a
AgNO ₃	Acetone (68 eq.)	80	3	-	-
CuI	Acetone (68 eq.)	60	22	-	quant. ^b
FeCl ₃	Acetone (68 eq.)	60	29	-	20 ^a
	Acetone (68 eq.)	60	24	-	30 ^a



^a Yields calculated via ¹H NMR using dimethyl terephthalate (DMT) as internal standard. ^b Determined by TLC-analysis.

SUGGESTED MECHANISM



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