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## Structure and strength in graded nanostructured steel

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Session: L2, Venue: Palma (Room: E, F)

## NANOMATERIALS FOR STRUCTURAL & ENERGY APPLICATIONS II

Session Chairs: F Rizzo, Brazil and Ivani Bott, Brazil

#### L2 Dec-02 14:10

\*Structure and strength in graded nanostructured steel Xiaodan Zhang, Niels Hansen, Yukui Gao, Xiaoxu Huang† Danmarks Tekniske Universitet, Denmark

#### L2 Dec-02 14:30

\*Nd–Fe–B and Sm–Co/Fe exchange–spring films–model hard magnetic materials for electric power generation Yuepeng Zhang<sup>†</sup>, Charudatta M. Phatak, John E. Pearson, Yongseong Choi, Jidong S. Jiang, Nora M. Dempsey, Dominique Givord, Sakura Pascarelli

Argonne National Laboratory, United States of America

### L2 Dec-02 14:50

\*Formation and characterization of hybrid nanodots embedded in gate dielectric for optoelectronic application Seiichi Miyazaki<sup>†</sup>
Nagoya University, Japan

#### L2 Dec-02 15:10

\*Nano-scale film surface control by advanced sputtering system Hirotaka Toyoda<sup>†</sup> Nagoya University, Japan

#### L2 Dec-02 15:30

\*Multi-component nanoarchitectures comprised of inorganic and carbon nanostructures Nitin Chopra<sup>†</sup> University of Alabama, United States of America

Coffee / Tea break 15:50 to 16:10

#### L2 Dec-02 16:10

\*Preferential oxidation of CO in hydrogen on PtCu nano particles supported on alumina Takayuki Komatsu<sup>†</sup>, Michiko Takasaki, Shinya Furukawa, Kenichi Ozawa Department of Materials Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan

#### L2 Dec-02 16:30

\*Crystal chemistry of rare earth-borides with dimensional network structures Kunio Yubuta<sup>†</sup> Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University, Japan

### L2 Dec-02 16:50

\*Nanostructure control of Si-based solar cells using plasma CVD Masaharu Shiratani<sup>†</sup>, Giichiro Uchida, Hyunwoong Seo, Kazunori Koga, Naho Itagaki, Kunihiro Kamataki Kyushu University, Japan

#### L2 Dec-02 17:10

\*Antiferromagnet material for low-power consumption magnetic recording devices

\* invited presentation

# Structure and strength in graded nanostructured steel

Xiaodan Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Niels Hansen<sup>1</sup>, Yukui Gao<sup>2</sup>, Xiaoxu Huang<sup>1</sup>

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The structure and strength of low carbon steel samples have been analyzed after plastic deformation by shot-peening and cold-rolling. The fine scale surface microstructure caused by shot-peening extends to  $\sim$ 50  $\mu$ m below the surface. The structure is graded and subdivided by dislocation boundaries and high angle boundaries showing a clear resemblance to the lamellar structure, which evolves during conventional rolling of bulk metallic materials from medium to high strain. As the surface is approached, the boundary spacing decreases to  $\sim$ 50 nm at the surface. In parallel, the misorientation angle across boundaries increases to  $\sim$ 65% of high angle boundaries. The cold-rolled steel shows a low hardening rate at high strain and by assuming additive strength contributions from Hall-Petch and dislocation strengthening, the flow stress has been expressed by the relationship  $\sigma = \sigma_0 = k_2 D_{av}^{-0.5}$ , where  $D_{av}$  is the average spacing between the low and high angle boundaries which subdivide the microstructure,  $\sigma_0$  is the friction stress and  $k_2$  is a number which is expressed in terms of structural parameters which have been determined by electron backscattered diffraction. It is found that calculated  $k_2$  values are in accord with an experimental value of 310 MPa  $\mu\text{m}^{0.5}.$  In the shot-peened steel the increase in  $D_{av}$  with increasing distance from the surface is transformed into a stress profile based on the  $\sigma$  -  $D_{av}$  relationship established for cold-rolled bulk samples. The calculated stress profile is validated by comparison with the experimental profile based on hardness measurements, and good agreement is found. This result points to a wider application of the suggested method to derive the local flow stress in a deformed microstructure based on a measurement of the local boundary spacing and the stress-structure relationship for the bulk material in the deformed state.

## Reference:

[1] Hall-Petch and dislocation strengthening in graded nanostructured steel. Xiaodan Zhang, Niels Hansen, Yukui Gao, Xiaoxu Huang. Acta Materialia 2012; 60: 5933 - 5943.