

**NATURAL BACKGROUND RADIATION IN THE
KINTA DISTRICT, PERAK, MALAYSIA**

LEE SIAK KUAN

**A thesis submitted in fulfillment of the
requirements for the award of the degree of
Master of Science (Physics)**

**Faculty of Science
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia**

NOVEMBER 2007

To my dear mother, my late father, brothers, sister, my wife and sons.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to thank the Atomic Energy Licensing Board (Vot. no. 68876) for funding this research. I also like to express deep gratitude to UTM, Physics Department and Institute Ibnu Sina for providing various facilities.

My sincere thank to my supervisors Prof. Dr. Husin Wagiran and Prof. Dr. Ahmad Termizi Ramli for their encouragement, and support throughout the course of this research work.

Special thanks go to En. Mohamad Yasin Sudin, En. Ahmad Abu Bakar, En. Mohamad, staff from AELB for the assistant during field survey and visit to the amang factories in the Kinta District. I thank Associate Professor Dr. Shaharom Noordin from Faculty of Education, UTM for allowing me to attend his lectures on Statistics. I also wish to express my appreciation to En. Abdul Kahar Embi from Department of Geosciences in Ipoh to use his SURFER software in this project. I thank Dr. Abdul Khalid Wood, En. Md. Suhaimi Elias and other staff from MINT for the assistance in analyzing the NAA samples. I would also like to thank Prof. Dr. Noorddin Ibrahim for sending my samples to MINT and get analyzed, helpful discussions and suggestions. I also would like to take this opportunity to thank the entire academic and laboratory staff from Physics Department and Pn. Wanny from Institute Ibnu Sina for the cooperation they have given me. I thank my research partner En. Nursama Heru Apriantoro for the cooperation during field survey.

I also take great pride in thanking my wife, Teo Poh Choo, and my sons Sing Han and Sing Sian for their help and encouragement. I wish to acknowledge my appreciation to all those who had assisted in this project.

ABSTRACT

Measurement of natural background radiation levels in the Kinta District was carried out between 2003 and 2005. Gamma dose rates were measured from 1007 locations using a portable gamma-ray survey meter, Model 19 Micro R meter manufactured by Ludlum. The measured dose rates ranged from 39 to 1039 nGy h⁻¹ and have a mean dose rate of 222 ± 191 nGy h⁻¹ (1.36 mSv y⁻¹). Two small areas of hot spots around Kampung Sungai Durian with dose rates of 1039 nGy h⁻¹ were found. This is the highest dose rate recorded in Perak to date. A total of 128 soil samples collected were analyzed for the activities of the naturally occurring radionuclides, gross alpha and gross beta activities. The activity concentrations of ²³⁸U, ²³²Th and ⁴⁰K were analyzed by using a HPGe detector. The ranges are $12 - 426$ Bq kg⁻¹ for ²³⁸U, $19 - 1377$ Bq kg⁻¹ for ²³²Th and from less than $19 - 2204$ Bq kg⁻¹ for ⁴⁰K. Based on the radioactivity levels determined, the gamma absorbed dose rates in air at 1 meter above the ground were calculated using the procedure applied by UNSCEAR 2000. The total calculated dose rates and measured dose rates have shown good correlation coefficient of 0.94. The calculated Radium Equivalent Activity (Ra_{eq}) range from 0.14 to 6.01 mSv y⁻¹. The gross alpha activity of the soil samples range from 15 to 9634 Bq kg⁻¹ with a mean value of 1558 ± 121 Bq kg⁻¹. The gross beta activity range from 142 to 6173 Bq kg⁻¹ with a mean value of 1112 ± 32 Bq kg⁻¹. The mean population weighted dose rate for the Kinta district is 1.2 mSv y⁻¹. Gamma isodose map for the Kinta District was plotted. The isodose map is the most recent and can be used as a reference.

ABSTRAK

Pengukuran bagi aras sinaran latar belakang semulajadi di daerah Kinta telah dijalankan antara tahun 2003 hingga 2005. Kadar dos telah diukur di 1007 lokasi dengan menggunakan meter survei sinaran gama, *Model 19 Micro R Meter* buatan syarikat Ludlum. Julat bagi kadar dos yang diukur ialah 39 hingga 1039 nGy h⁻¹ dan nilai min kadar dos ialah 222 ± 191 nGy h⁻¹ (1.36 mSv y⁻¹). Sekitar Kampung Sungai Durian terdapat dua kawasan kecil mempunyai kadar dos yang tinggi iaitu 1039 nGy h⁻¹. Sehingga kini, kadar dos ini merupakan yang tertinggi di negeri Perak. Sebanyak 128 sampel tanah telah diambil dan dianalisis untuk menentukan keaktifan radionuklid semulajadi, keaktifan alfa dan beta. Kepekatan ²³⁸U, ²³²Th dan ⁴⁰K telah dianalisis dengan menggunakan alat pengesan HPGe. Julat bagi ²³⁸U ialah $12 - 426$ Bq kg⁻¹, $19 - 1377$ Bq kg⁻¹ bagi ²³²Th dan kurang daripada $19 - 2204$ Bq kg⁻¹ bagi ⁴⁰K. Berdasarkan kepada aras keaktifan yang dikira, kadar dos terserap sinaran gama di udara pada jarak 1 m dari atas tanah telah ditentukan menggunakan prosedur UNSCEAR 2000. Jumlah kadar dos yang dikira dan kadar dos yang diukur menunjukkan pekali korelasi yang baik iaitu 0.94. Aktiviti setara radium (Ra_{eq}) yang dikira berada dalam julat 0.14 hingga 6.01 mSv setahun. Keaktifan alfa bagi sampel tanah didapati berada dalam julat 15 hingga 9634 Bq kg⁻¹ dan min dosnya ialah 1558 ± 121 Bq kg⁻¹. Keaktifan beta berada dalam julat 142 hingga 6173 Bq kg⁻¹ dan min dosnya ialah 1112 ± 32 Bq kg⁻¹. Min kadar dos pemberat populasi bagi daerah Kinta ialah 1.2 mSv setahun. Peta isodos sinar gama bagi daerah Kinta telah diplotkan. Peta isodos ini adalah yang terkini dan boleh digunakan sebagai rujukan.