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Automated foam control in single-use bioreactors using the single use foam probe

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ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC

Automated foam control in single-use bioreactors using the singleuse foam probe September 28, 2018

Jordan Cobia Systems Design Engineer

Agenda

- Introduce Thermo Fisher SUT
- Foam and Antifoam
- Foam Probe Design and Application
- Cell Culture Application Data
- Conclusion

Global Single-Use Manufacturing Footprint







https://www.timesunion.com/news/article/Fire-supression-foam-lets-loose-at-airport-12303557.php

://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/Foam-spills-out-of-San-Jose-airporthanger-and-10623824.php



Foam and Antifoam Risk Analysis

Antifoam use is a necessary evil in bioprocessing. The benefits far out weight the risks.

Antifoams are used across many industries:

- Chemical
- Oil & Gas
- Plastic Recycling
- Agriculture and Crop Care
- Pulp & Paper
- Water Treatment
- Food





Stainless steel reactors typically employ mechanical foam breaker (microbial), this is difficult to translate into a scalable solution. Chemical de foaming agents are required.

Many types of antifoam emulsions are available that are either autoclave friendly often requiring dilution or irradiated in a ready to use format.

Typically antifoam is dosed in a very manual manner. Dosing based on time/volume or when the operator observers a particular level of foam in the vessel is not uncommon.





- The single use foam probe is a conductivity based probe that outputs a numerical value from 0 to 100
- Historically this has only been used as a last case resort on the SUF to prevent filter fouling and it has worked extremely well



Foam Probe Process Value	Physical Condition
0%	Foam probe not connected
~25%	Foam probe exposed to air, static position
25% to <100%	Foam probe exposed to air/liquid mixture(foam)
100%	Foam probe submerged or bridged connection



- Foam Probe is made of small gauge Nitinol memory metal and SS316L
 - Allow for flexible shipping and fabrication
 - Small gauge wire unique design minimize surface area on the lead to eliminate false readings due to fouling











50L S.U.B. at 100% working volume





2000L S.U.B. at 100% working volume





Foam Probe Control

- Alarm Delay-Sets the time (in seconds) before an alarm is activated
- Splash Delay— Sets the time (in seconds) during which the alarm is prevented from being triggered, which allows a temporary contact with foam



Foam Config	X		
Foam			
Alarm Delay 15 sec			
Splash Delay 6 sec Use 100 for fixed spectrum pumps, #RPM for variable speed pump	ed s		
High Threshold Output Control When PV 35 set HI output to: 60 Enabled Disabled for 10 sec, then to 0 for 30 sec	_		
Hi Foam Alarm			
Online Parameter Update Apply Values Reset Form	OAM		





Foam Control 50 L S.U.B.

Anti-Foam Foam Solution Probe

DeltaV Controller Screen Output

Cell Culture Results

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow



Goal: Demonstrate scalability of the foam probe across multiple S.U.B. sizes and its application to aggressive processes



50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Results

Gassing strategy

- 30% DO
 - N2/O2 as needed to maintain setpoint
- pH D0-3, 7.2; D3-147.0
 - CO2 input
- Foam Control
 - Controlled by foam probe
 - Manually controlled via automated dosing





50L SUB Manual Foam Control







 The automated antifoam pumps turns on 138 times during the run, dispensing 3.8mL(on average) each time.

- Manual antifoam pump turns on 510 times, dispensing 1.87mL (on average) each time.
 - Approximately 25 mL added each time a foam out was observed





 The automated antifoam pumps turns on 138 times during the run, dispensing 3.8mL(on average) each time.

- Manual antifoam pump turns on 510 times, dispensing 1.87mL (on average) each time.
 - Approximately 25 mL added each time a

foam out was observed This data demonstrates a 47% reduction in the amount of antifoam used when the foam probe is employed.



Cell Culture Results

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow



Goal: Demonstrate scalability of the foam probe across multiple S.U.B. sizes and its application to aggressive processes



50 L SUB Perfusion Results

- Gassing Strategy
 - % DO, 30% setpoint
 - O2 flow rates allowed to vary based on the relationship between power input of the impeller and O2 demand by the cell culture.
 - pH D0-3, 7.2; D3-147.0
 - CO2 input
- Perfused with ATF
 - Automated bleed using biocapacitance probe



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Cell Culture Results

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow

Goal: Demonstrate scalability of the foam probe across multiple S.U.B. sizes and its application to aggressive processes



50 L SUB Side-by-Side Fed Batch, Aggressive Gassing

- Gassing strategy, DHS only
 - 30% DO
 - N2/O2 as needed to maintain setpoint
 - Air supplement to allow total gas flow to equals 0.1 VVM (5sLPM)
 - pH D0-3, 7.2; D3-147.0
 - CO2 input
- Foam Control
 - Controlled by foam probe
 - Manually controlled via automated dosing



S C Ι Ε Ν Τ Ι F Ι C



• Foam control equation:

- When PV>35 set pump output to 60 for 10s then wait 30s
- Manual dosed foam control, gradually increasing the dosing schedule as the culture progresses
- Back up foam control using the foam probe
 - When PV>80 set pump output to 100 for 10s then wait 30s







Cell Culture Results

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow

Goal: Demonstrate scalability of the foam probe across multiple S.U.B. sizes and its application to aggressive processes



- Gassing strategy, DHS only
 - 30% DO
 - N2/O2 as needed to maintain setpoint
 - Air supplement to allow total gas flow to equals 0.1 VVM (100sLPM)
 - pH D0-3, 7.2; D3-147.0
 - CO2 input
- Foam Control
 - When PV>35 set pump output to 240 for 10s then wait 30s









Conclusion

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow

The single-use foam probe is a scalable solution for foam control in standard and aggressive cell culture processes



Conclusion

50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Standard gassing strategy 50 L S.U.B. Perfusion Aggressive perfusion application 50 L S.U.B. Side-by-Side Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow 1000 L S.U.B. Fed Batch Aggressive gassing strategy 0.1 VVM total gas flow

Correct implementation of the foam probe leads to:

- Robust process foam control
 - Antifoam when you need it
 - Less antifoam consumption
- Reduced operator error
- Increased headspace mass transfer
- Better sleep

The single-use foam probe is a scalable solution for foam control in standard and aggressive cell culture processes



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