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Fluid-dynamic study on a multi-stage fluidized bed column for continuous CO₂ capture via temperature swing adsorption

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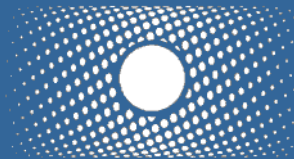
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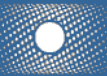
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Design study on internal downcomers

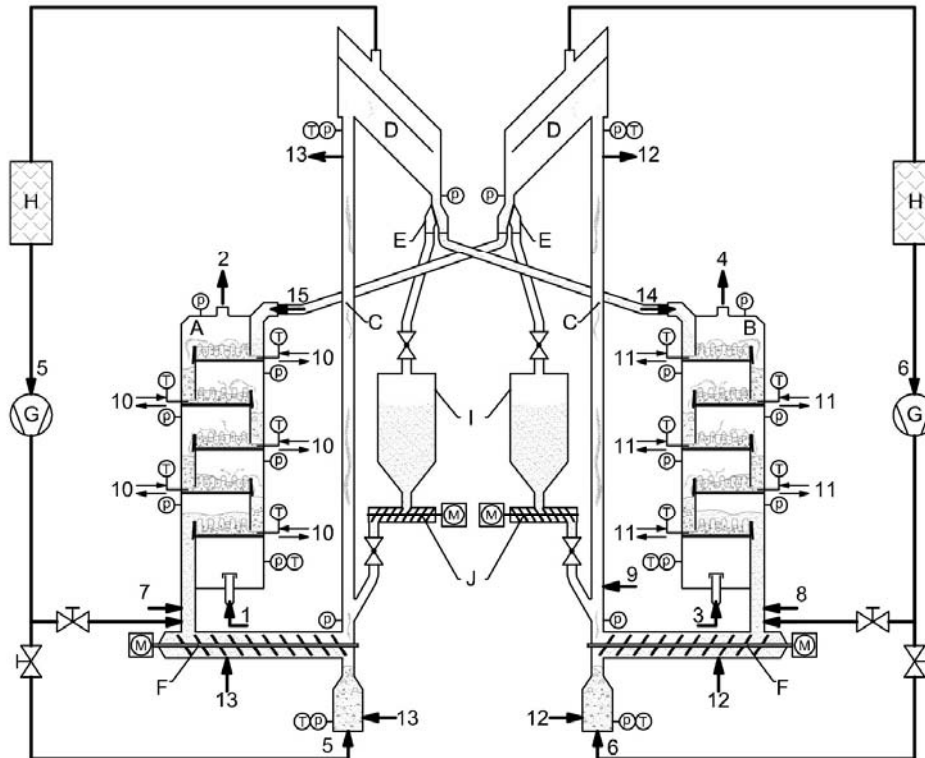
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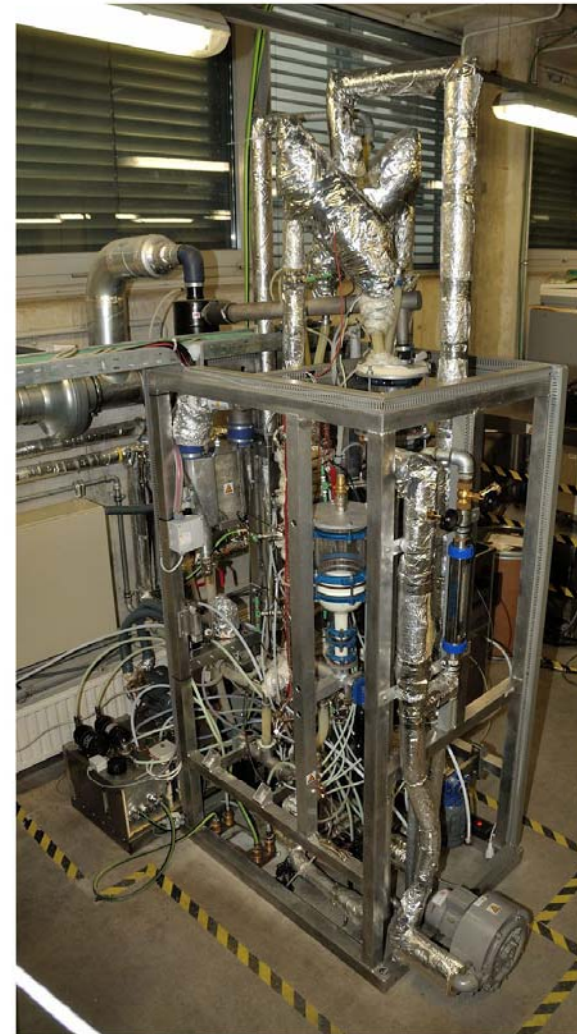




The temperature swing adsorption process

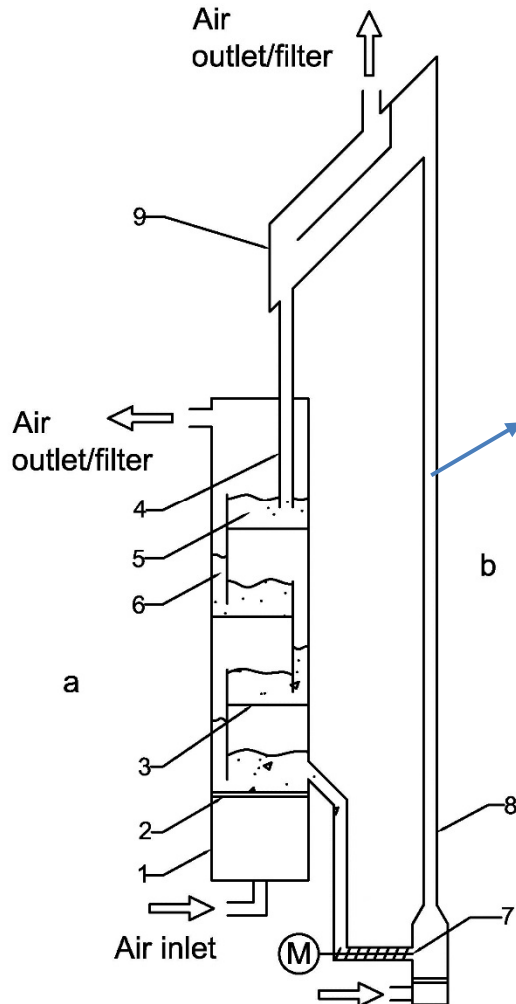


- | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| A ... adsorber | 1 ... (synthetic) flue gas | 11... desorber stage heating |
| B ... desorber | 2 ... clean flue gas | 12... transport line cooling |
| C ... riser | 3 ... stripping gas (N ₂ , steam) | 13... transport line heating |
| D ... gas-solids separator | 4 ... CO ₂ enriched stripping gas | 14... CO ₂ loaded adsorbent |
| E ... solids directing flap | 5 ... recirculation gas | 15... regenerated adsorbent |
| F ... bottom screw conveyor | 6 ... recirculation gas | |
| G ... recycle-gas blower | 7 ... purge gas (N ₂ , CO ₂) | ⊕ ... pressure sensor |
| H ... particle filter | 8 ... purge gas (N ₂ , steam) | ⊖ ... temperature sensor |
| I ... adsorbent storage | 9 ... dilution stream (N ₂) | Ⓜ ... driving motor |
| J ... adsorbent feeding screw | 10... adsorber stage cooling | |





Multistage fluidized bed cold flow model



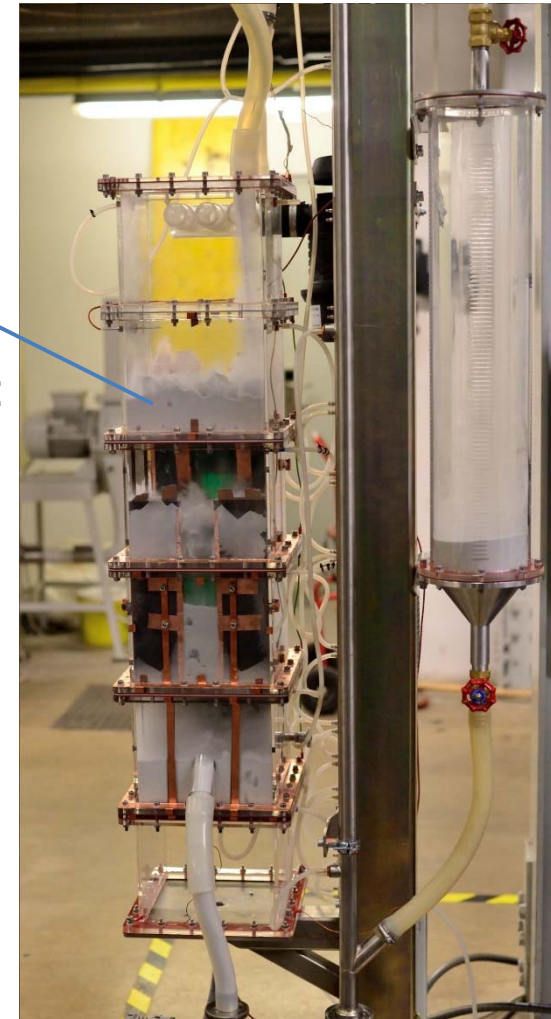
Bed material:

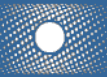
- Glas beads (Geldart B)

Max. solids circulation rate:

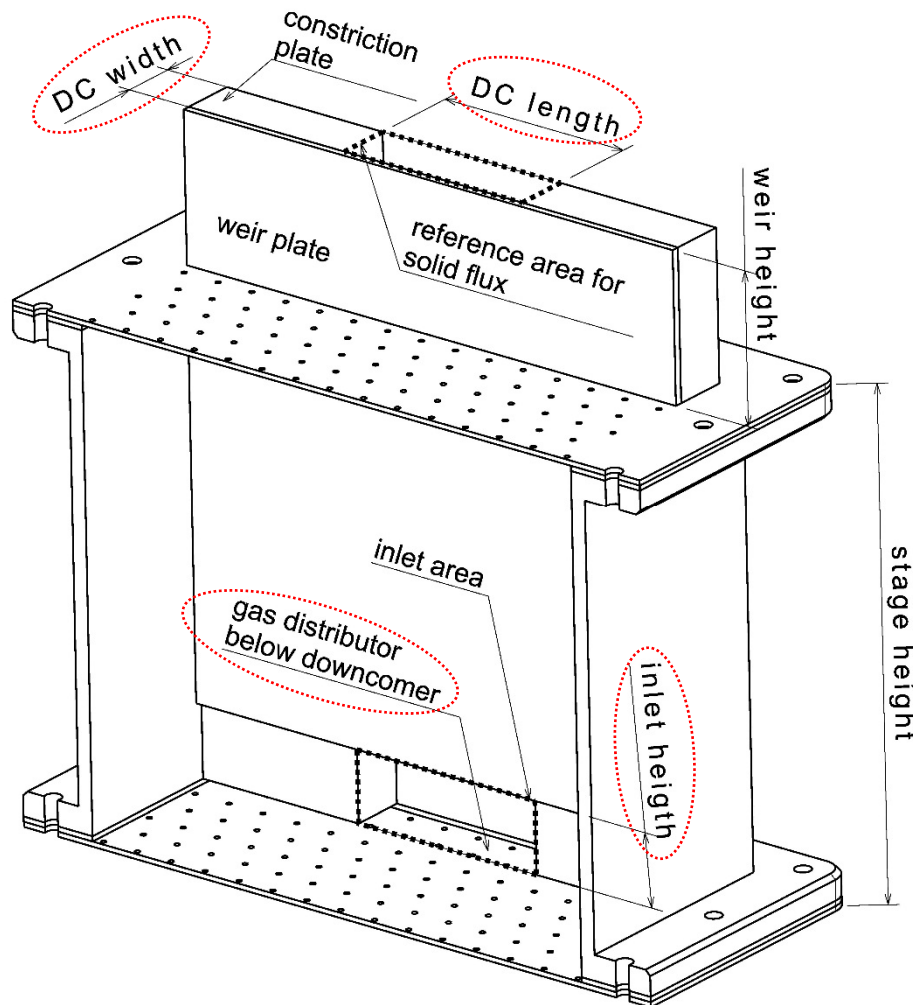
- 230 kg/h

- a... Multistage column
- b... Solids recirculation system
- 1... Windbox
- 2... Bottom gas distributor
- 3... Stage gas distributor
- 4... Solids inlet
- 5... Fluidized bed
- 6... Downcomer
- 7... Screw conveyor
- 8... Pneumatic riser
- 9... Gas-solids separator





Internal downcomer design



- Variation of:
- Downcomer length
 - Downcomer width
 - Inlet height
 - Gas distributor design

$$\text{Solids flux} = \frac{\text{Solid circulation rate}}{\text{Downcomer cross section}}$$

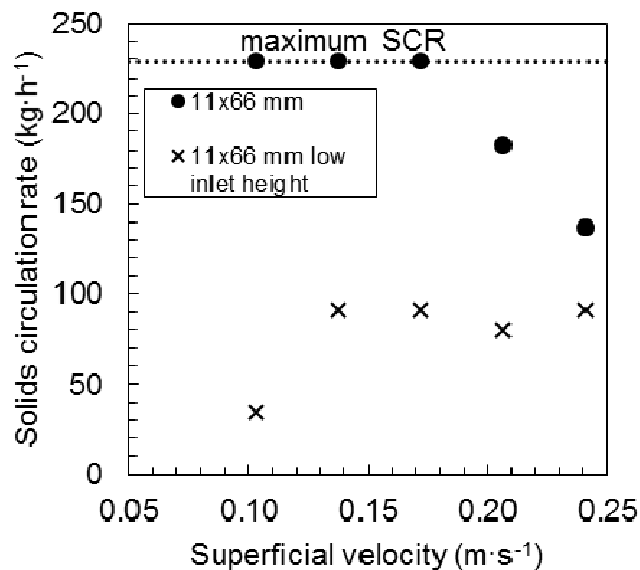


Downcomer variations

➤ Initial experiments

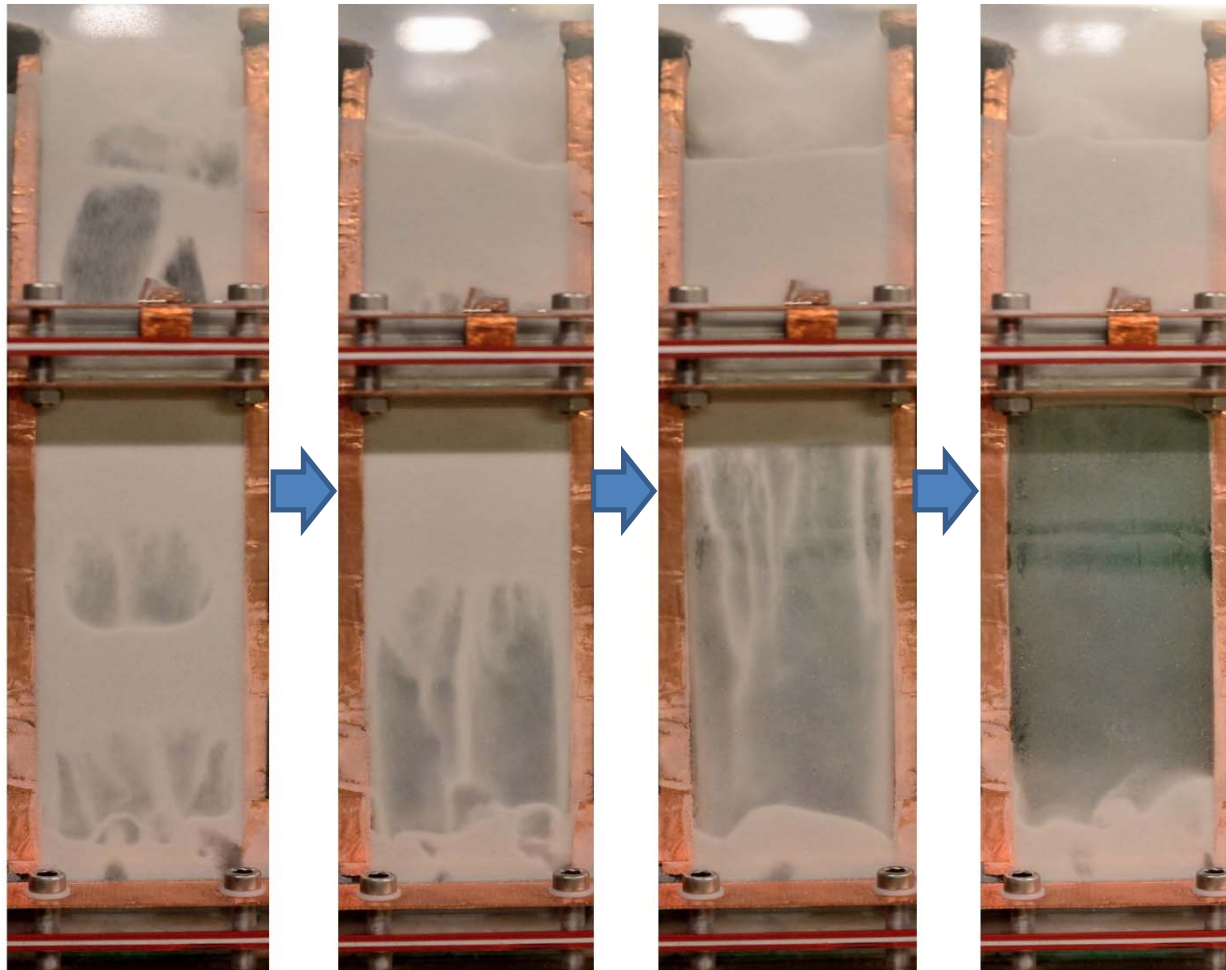
Cross section	220 x 22	➔	220 x 16.5	➔	220 x 11
Reached solids circulation rate	230 kg/h		230 kg/h		230 kg/h
Reached solids flux	13 kg/m ² s		18 kg/m ² s		26 kg/m ² s

➤ Reduction of the downcomer length



Cross section	66 x 11 low inlet	➔	66 x 11
Reached solids circulation rate	91 kg/h		230 kg/h
Reached solids flux	35 kg/m ² s		88 kg/m ² s

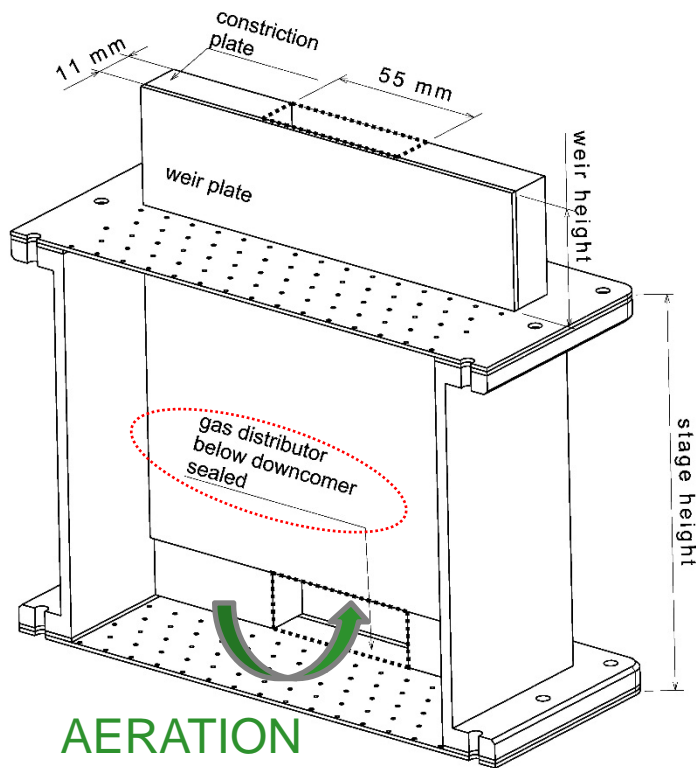
Blockage of the downcomer



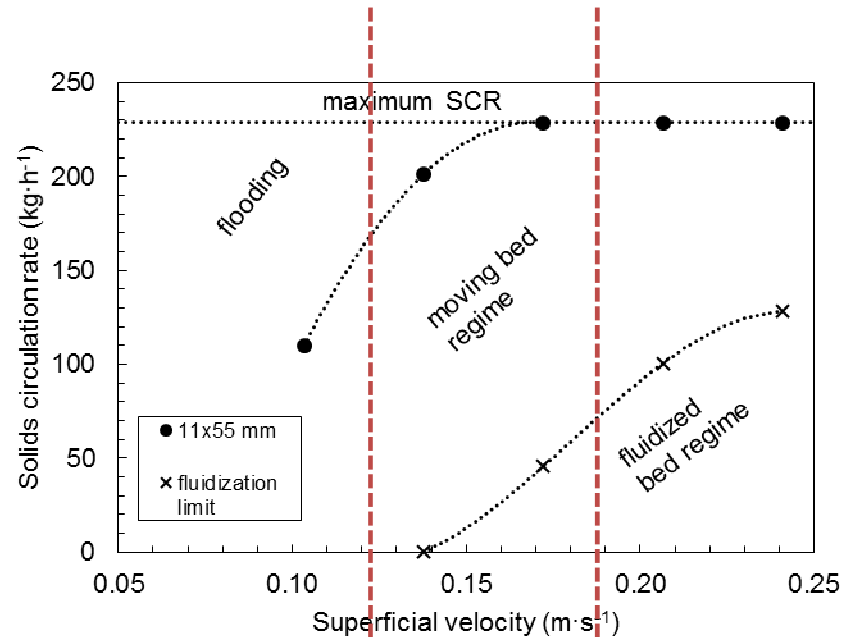


Downcomer variations

➤ Sealing of the orifices below the downcomer section



AERATION
GAS



Cross section

11 x 55

Reached solids
circulation rate

230 kg/h

Reached solids flux

105 kg/m²s





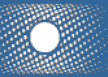
Downcomer variations

- Summary of all investigated downcomer designs

Superficial velocity (m·s ⁻¹)	22x220x30_o	16.5x220x30_o	11x220x30_o	11x66_30_o	11x66_15_o	11x55_30_o	11x55_30_p	11x55_30_s	11x27.5_30_s	22x27.5_30_o
	Solid flux (kg·m ⁻² ·s ⁻¹)									
0.10	13*	18*	26*	88*	13	44	74	50	21	37
0.14	13*	18*	26*	88*	35	0	36	92	42	41
0.17	13*	18*	26*	88*	35	0	32	105*	63	37
0.21	13*	18*	26*	70	31	0	21	105*	69	32
0.24	13*	18*	26*	53	35	0	16	105*	76	28

* Maximum circulation rate of transport system reached

Downcomer in moving bed regime at maximum flux



Conclusions

- Reduction of the solids flux for lower inlet height
- Highest solids fluxes measured for downcomers in the moving bed regime
- Limitation for moving bed downcomers by stage height
- Also high fluxes for downcomers in the fluidized bed regime
- Limitation for fluidized downcomers by slugging and blockage
- Slugging can be avoided by downcomer size or gas distributor design

Any Questions?

