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Experimental and simulation study on heat transfer in fluidized beds with heat production: An integrated DIA/PIV/IR technique and CFD-DEM

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[DPI Project # 751 Predictive Modeling of Polyolefin Reactors]

Experimental and simulation study on heat transfer in fluidized beds with heat production

Zizi Li

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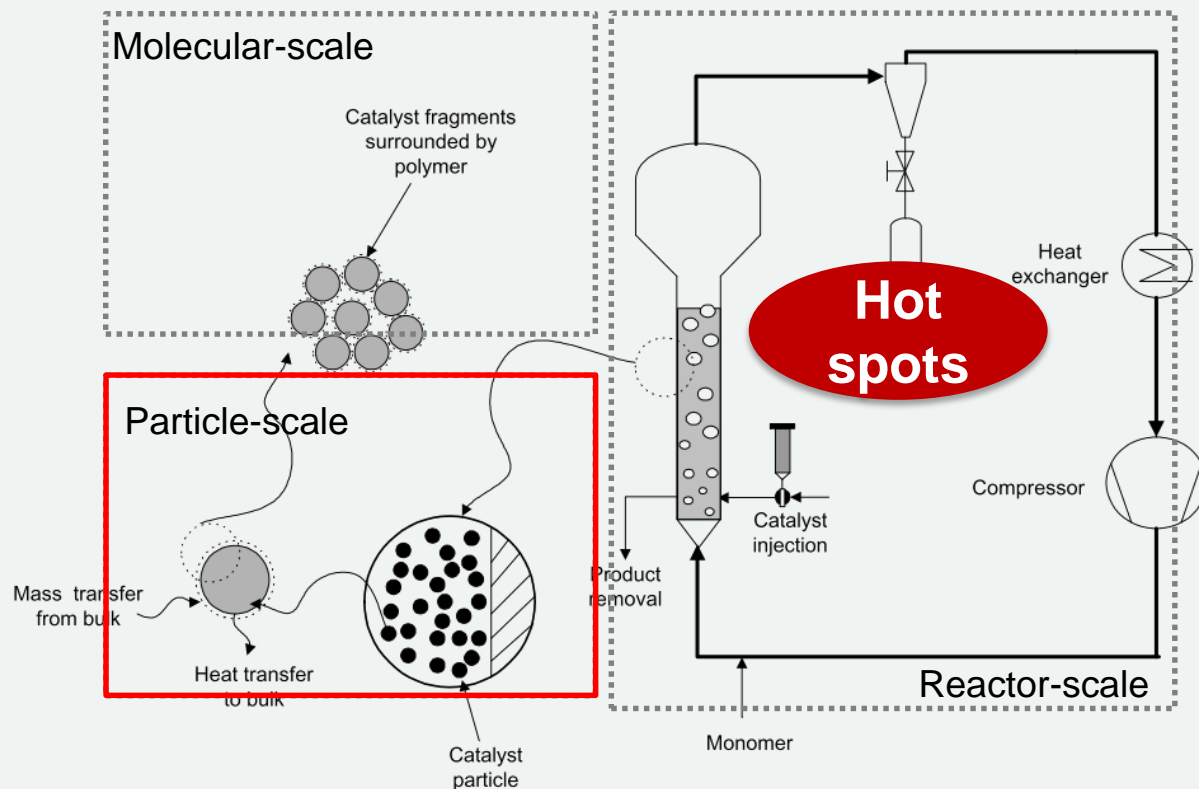
Content

- **Project background**
- **Characterization of the heat source**
 - CO₂/zeolites 13X adsorption: the adsorption kinetics and adsorption enthalpy
- **Image processing**
 - Visual and IR camera and images overlapping
- **Modeling of the particle temperature in fluidized bed**
 - Ideal CSTR model and Discrete Particle Model (DPM)
- **Conclusion**



Project background

Polymerization process

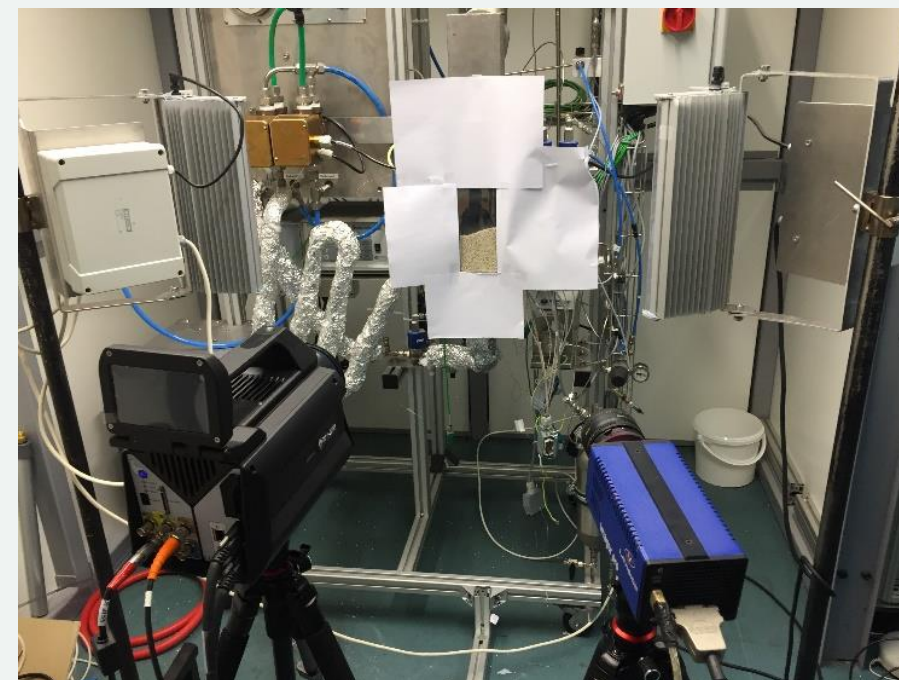
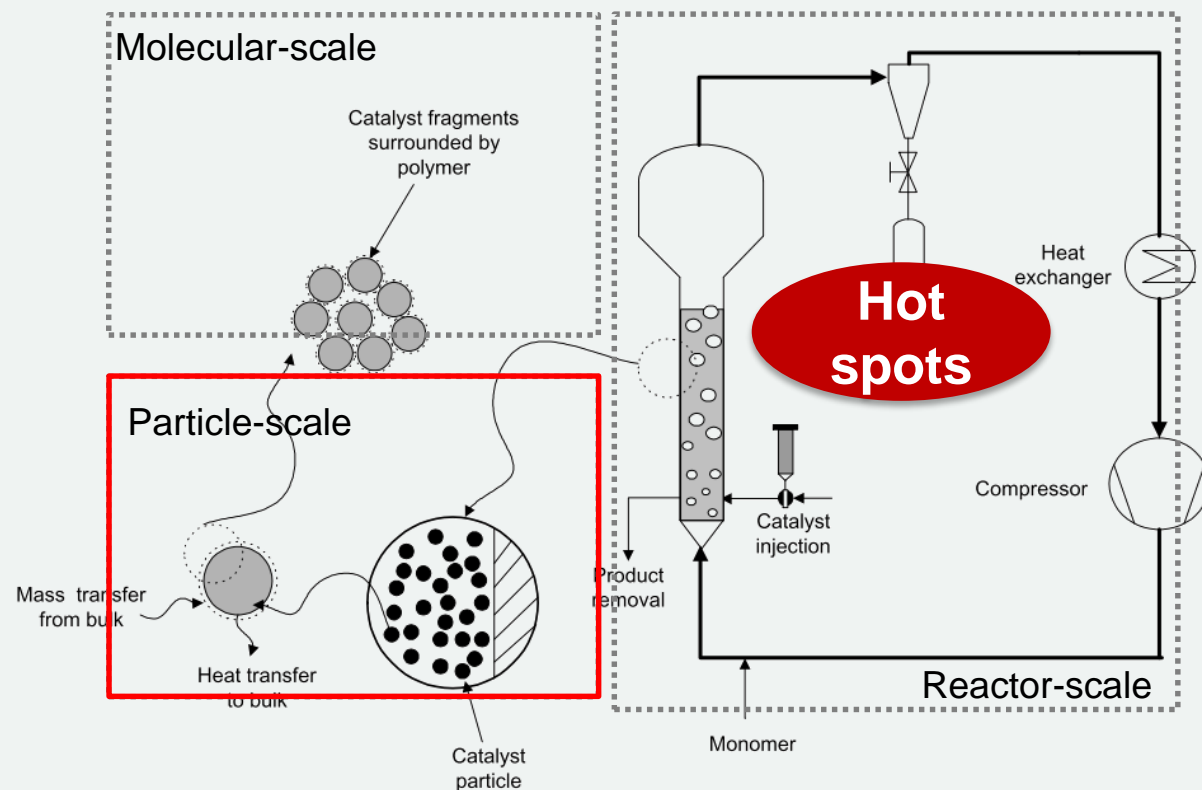


Several characteristic length scales in a fluid bed reactor for catalytic olefin polymerization.



Project background

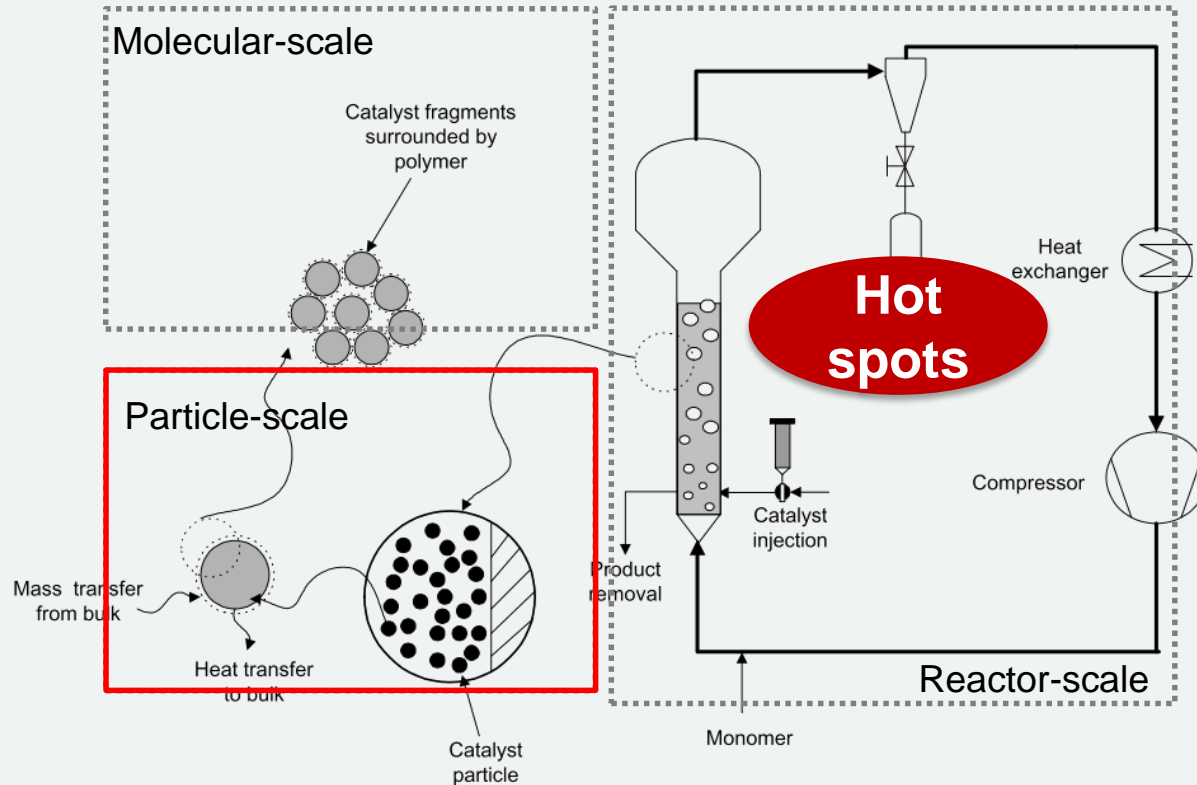
Polymerization process



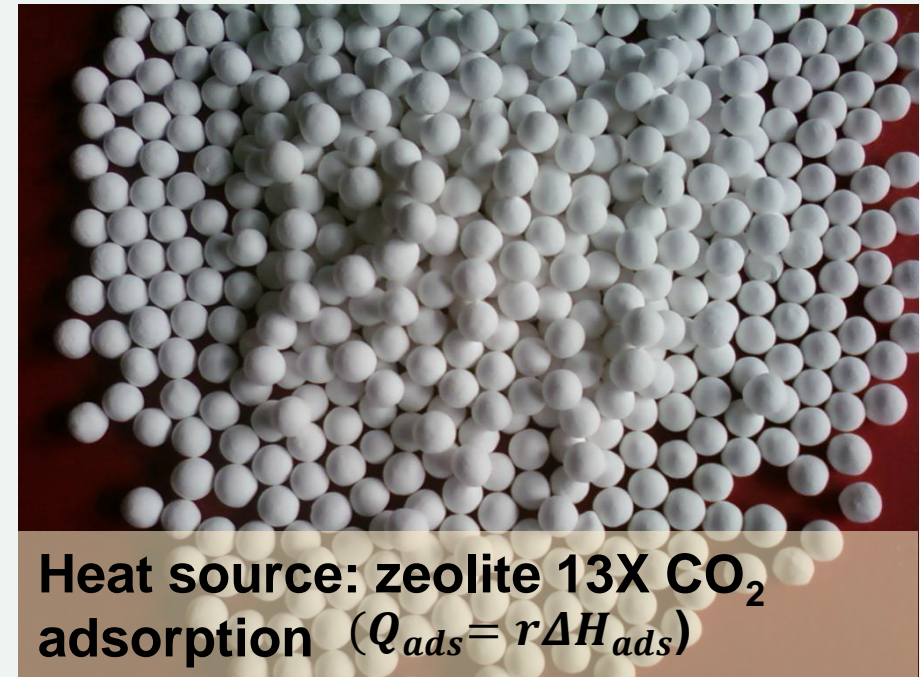
Several characteristic length scales in a fluid bed reactor for catalytic olefin polymerization.

Project background

Polymerization process



Several characteristic length scales in a fluid bed reactor for catalytic olefin polymerization.

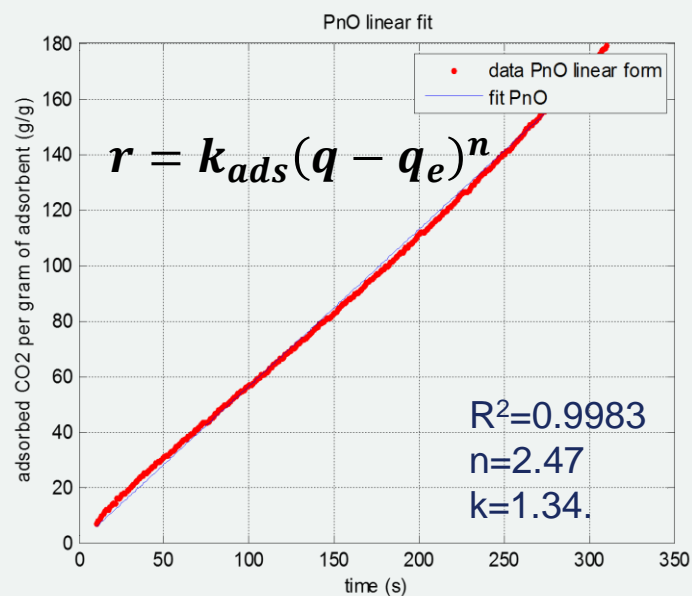




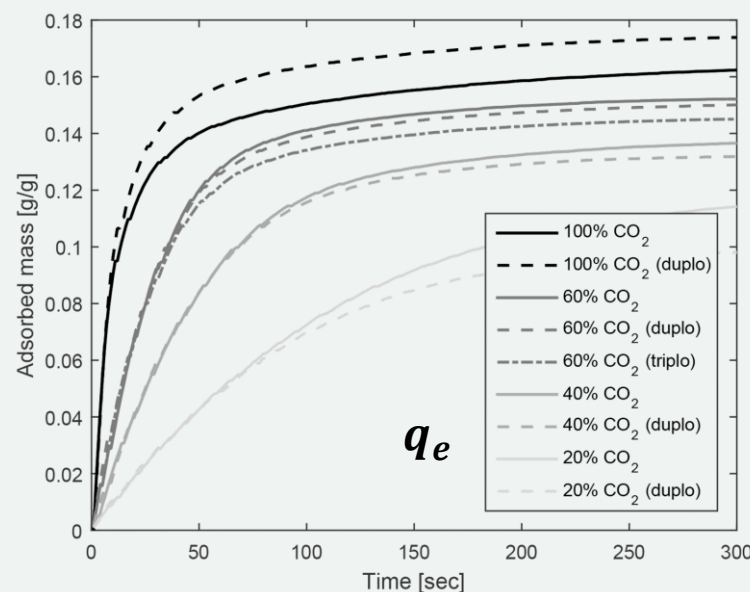
Characterization of zeolites 13X CO₂ adsorption

$$(Q_{ads} = k_{ads} (q - q_e)^n \Delta H_{ads})$$

Rate of adsorption



Adsorption equilibrium



Reaction enthalpy

TGA and DSC measurements
CO₂ sorption in Zeolite 13X

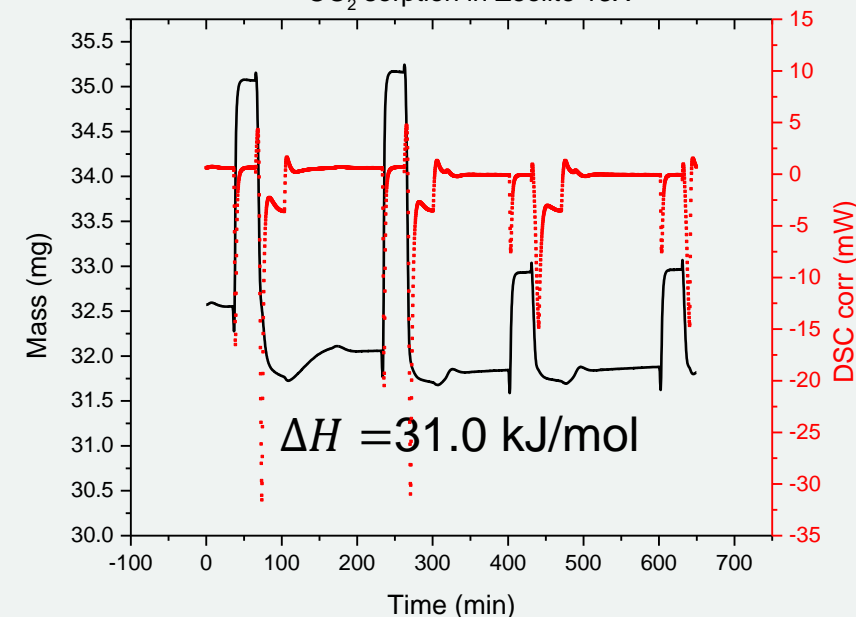


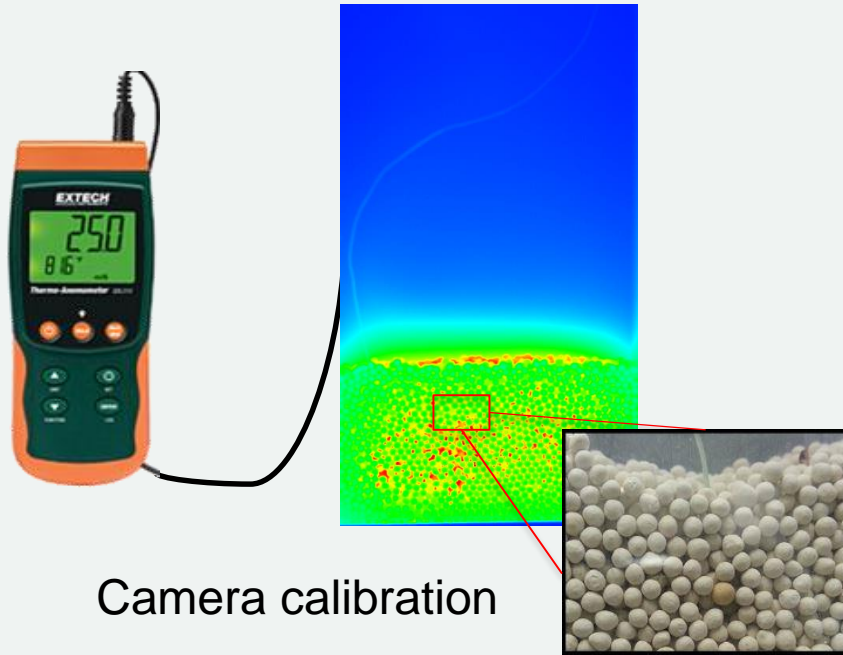
Figure 1. pseudo-nth-order fitting of the adsorption rate from TGA measurements.

Figure 2. TGA measurement for adsorption equilibrium in atmospheric condition with different CO₂ concentration.

Figure 3. TGA-DSC measurements. TG results: kinetics model. STA: adsorption enthalpy.



Experimental set-up and digital image analysis





Experimental set-up and digital image analysis

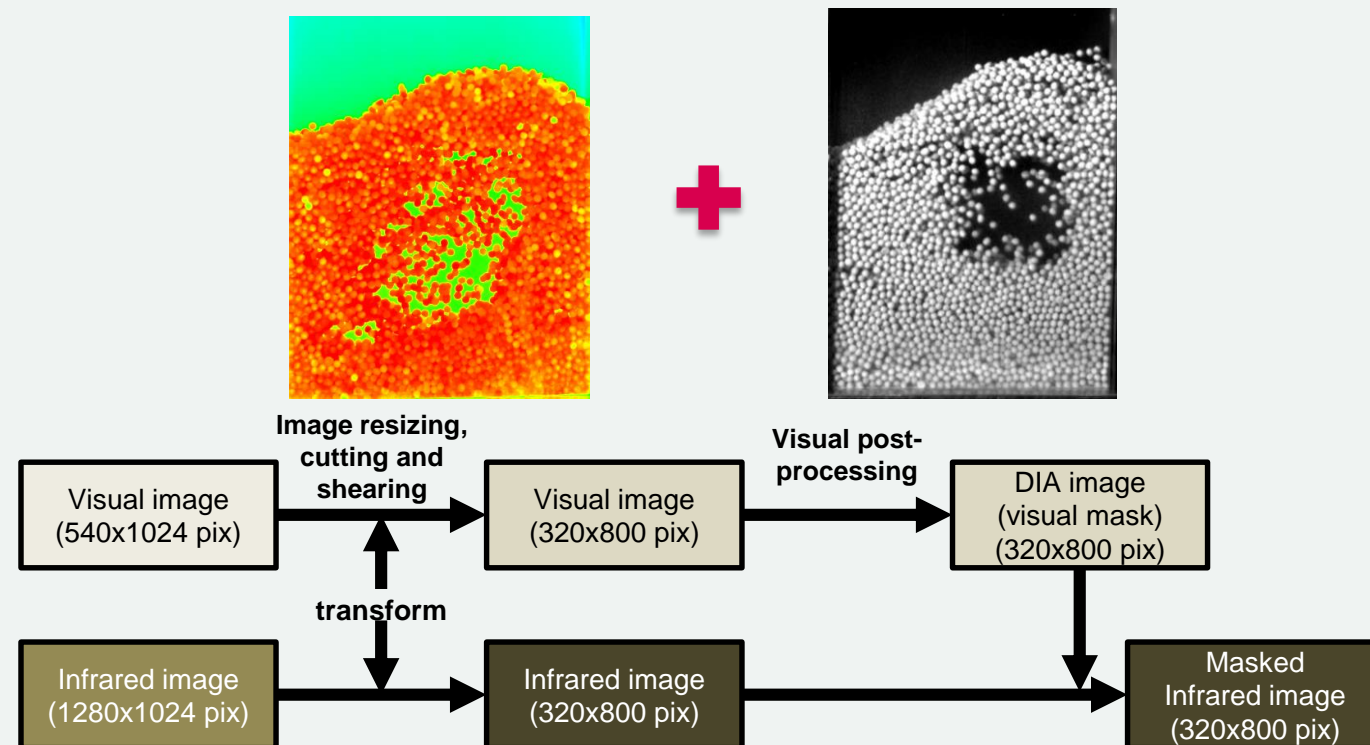
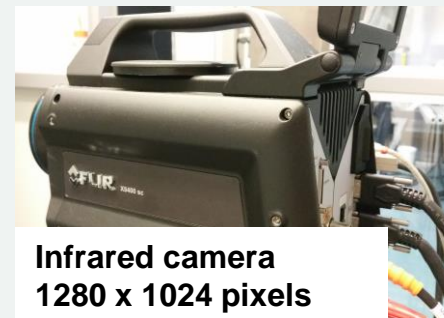
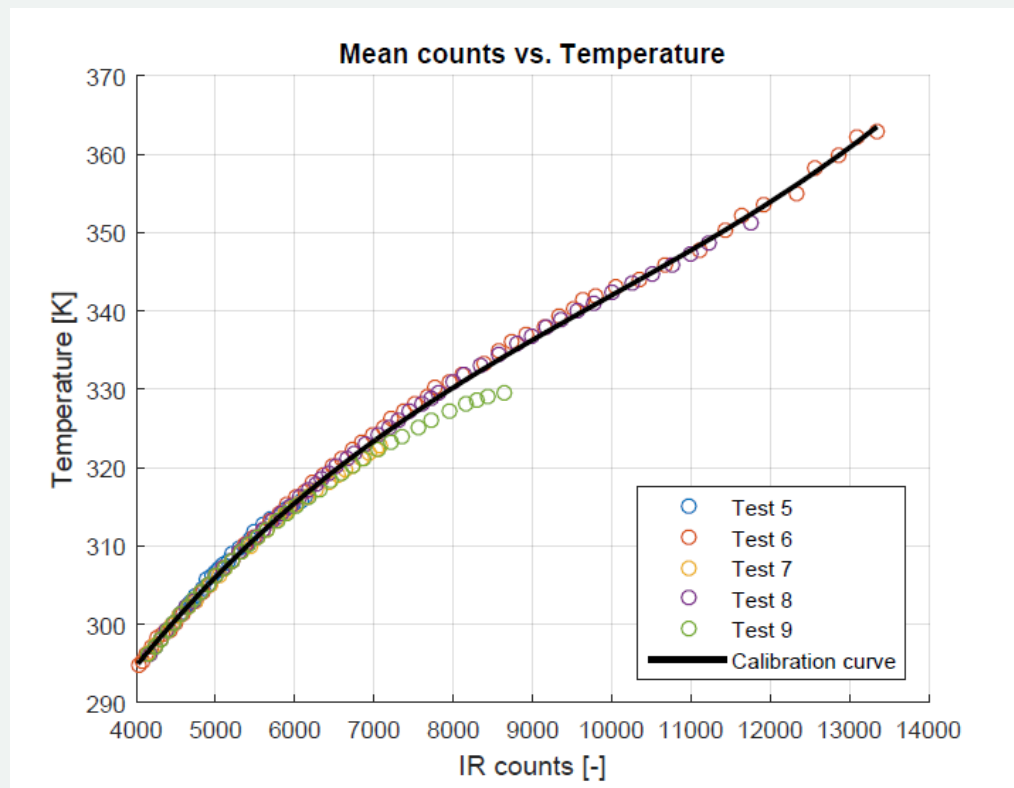




Image processing

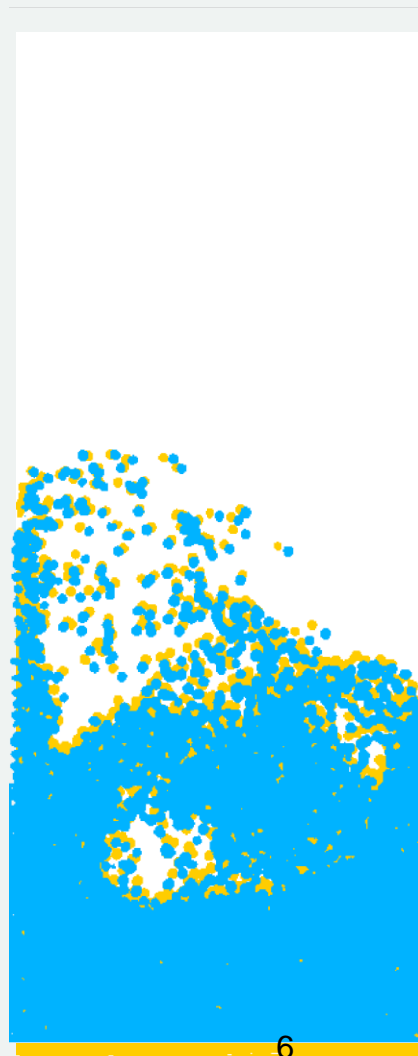
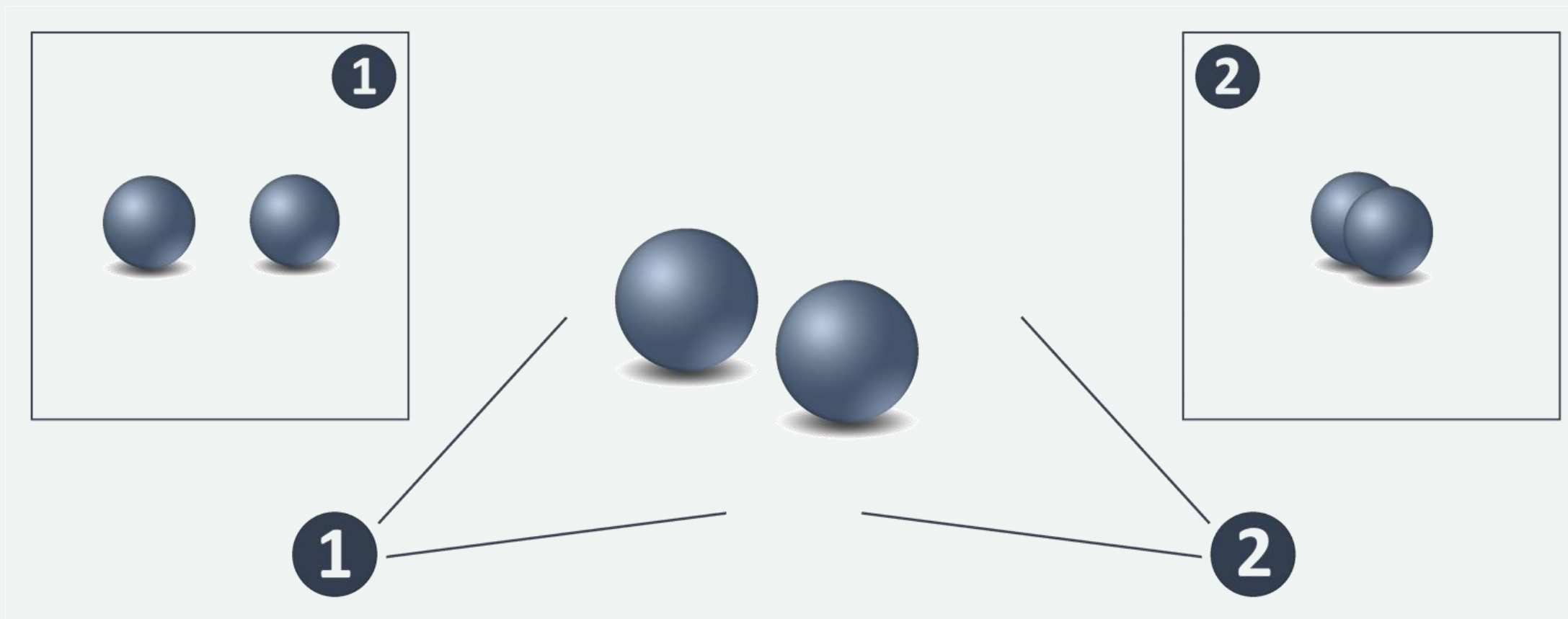


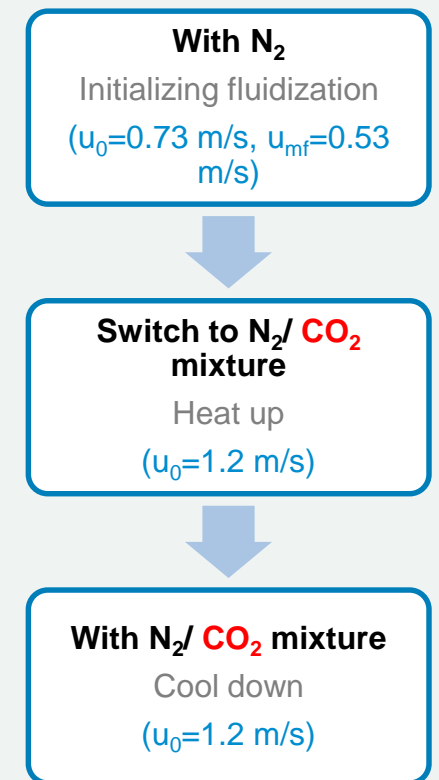
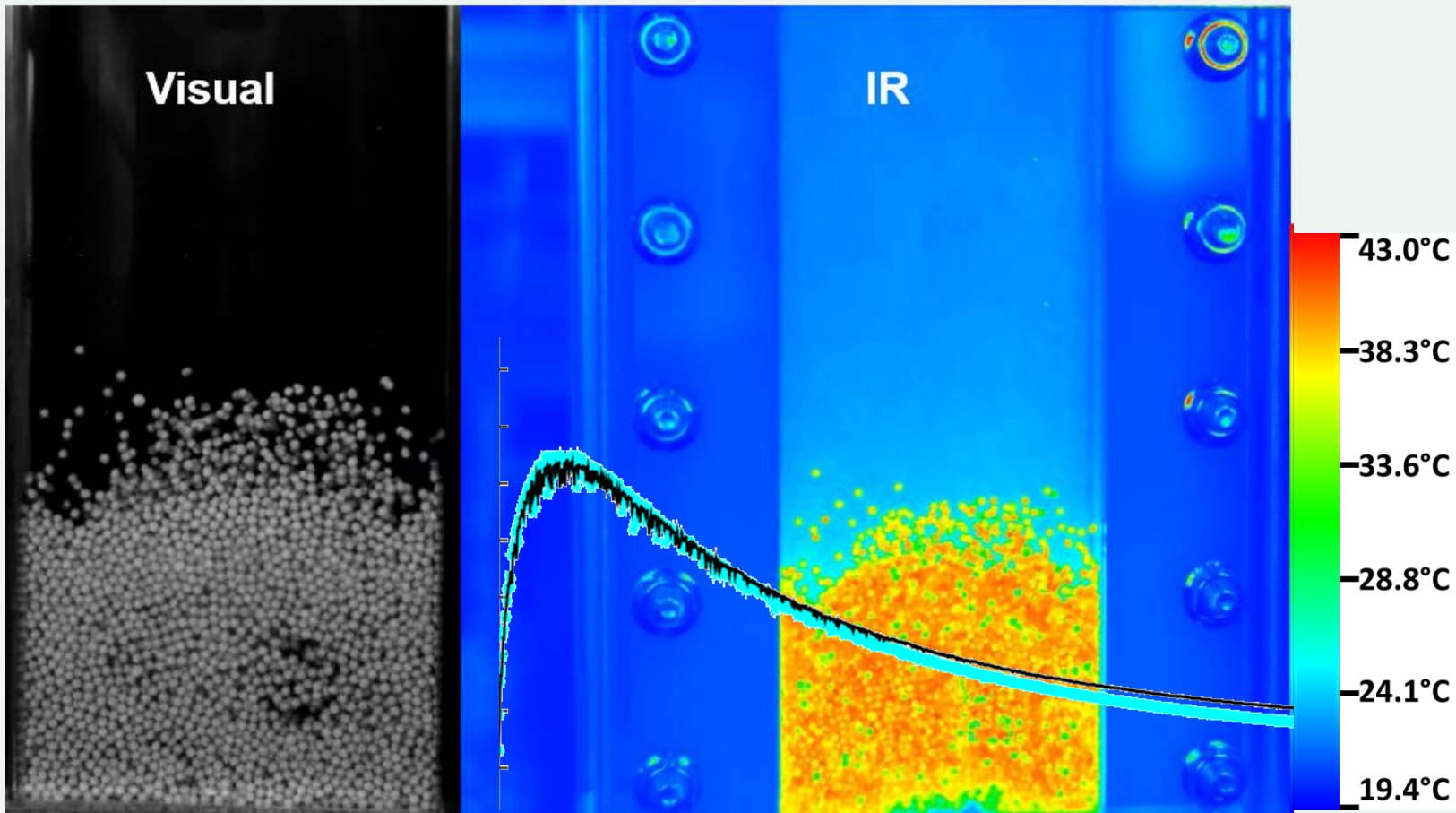


Image processing



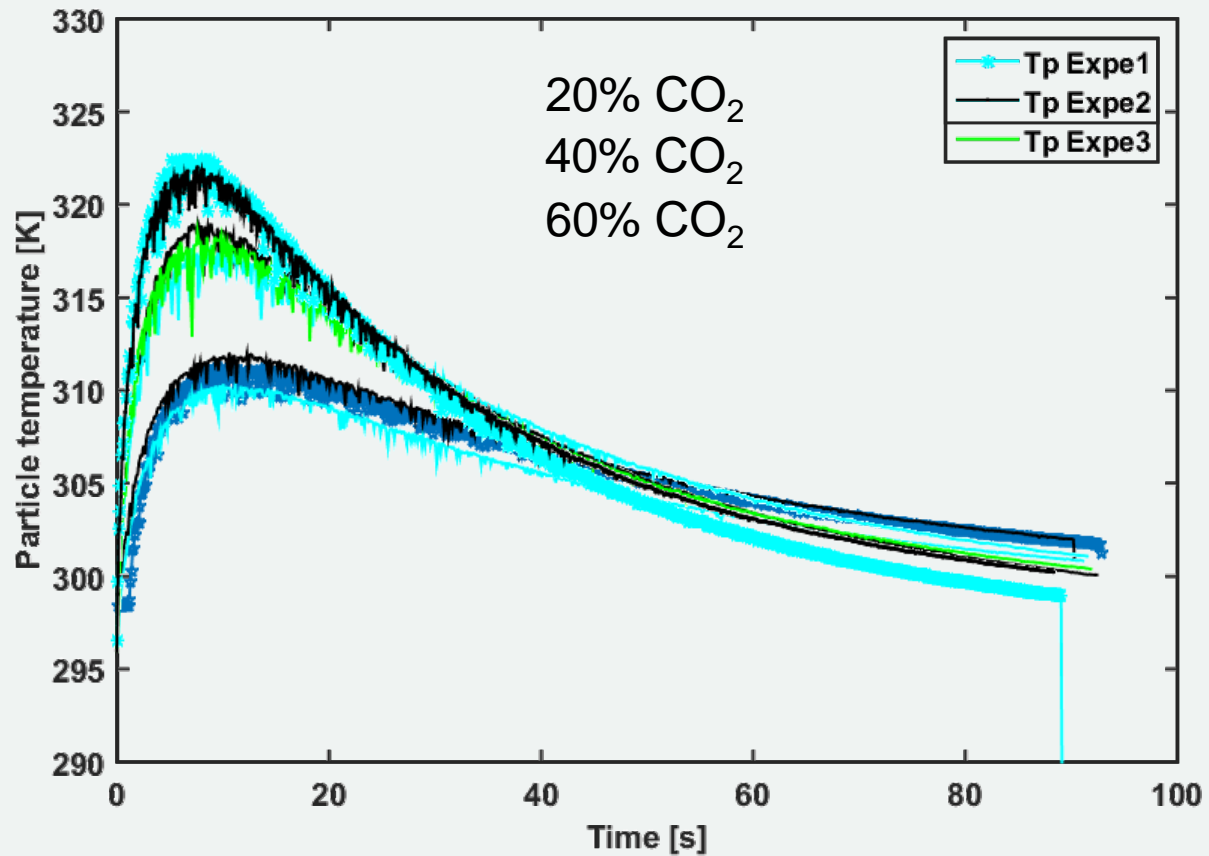


Fluidization experiments

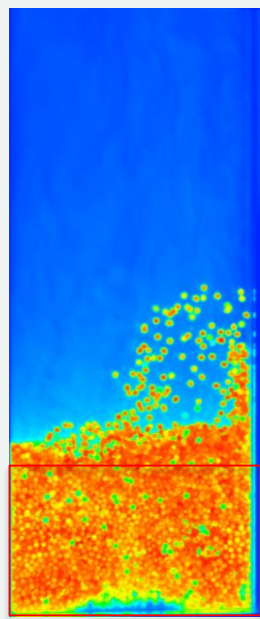


Particle temperature evolution

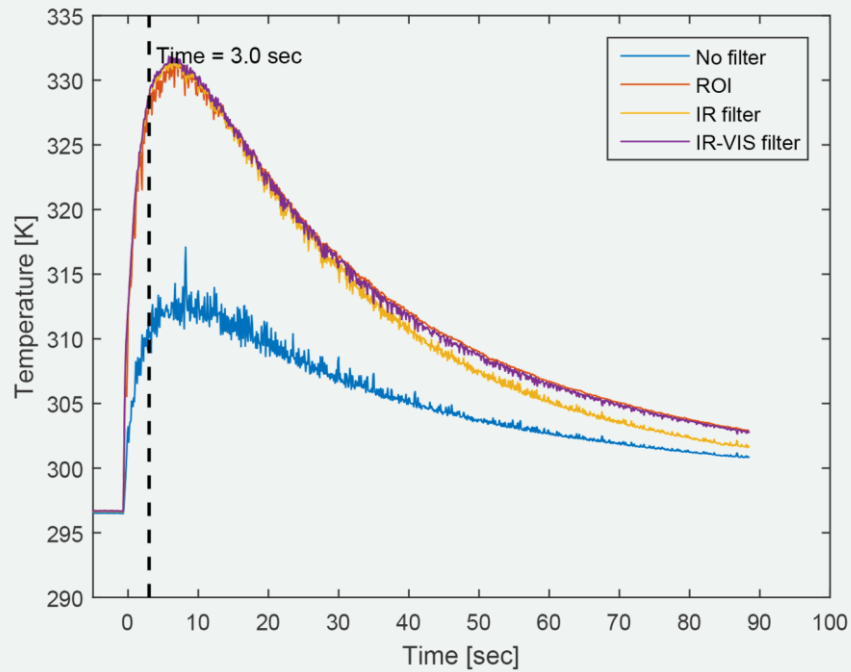
Control the heat source by changing the concentration of CO₂ in the gas mixture



Digital image analysis

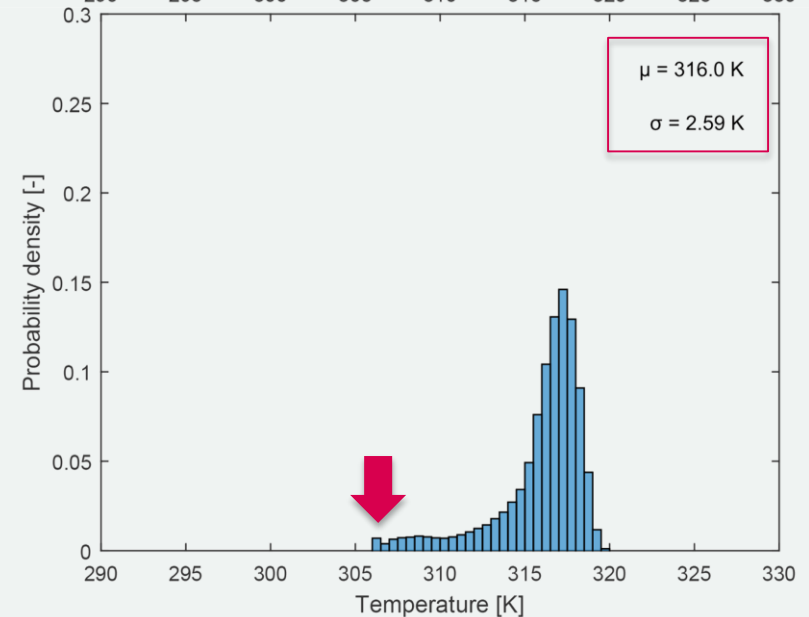
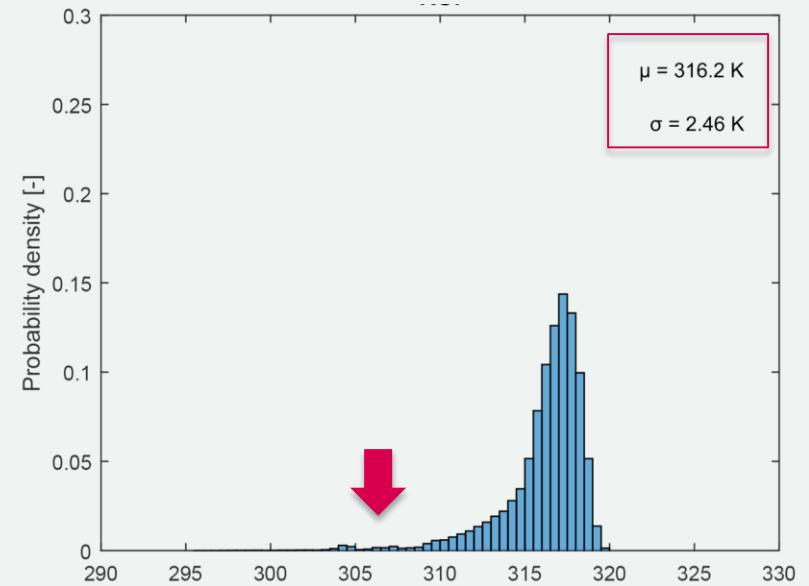


ROI



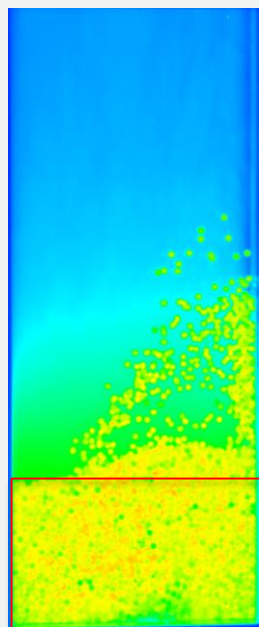
IR filter

Visual mask

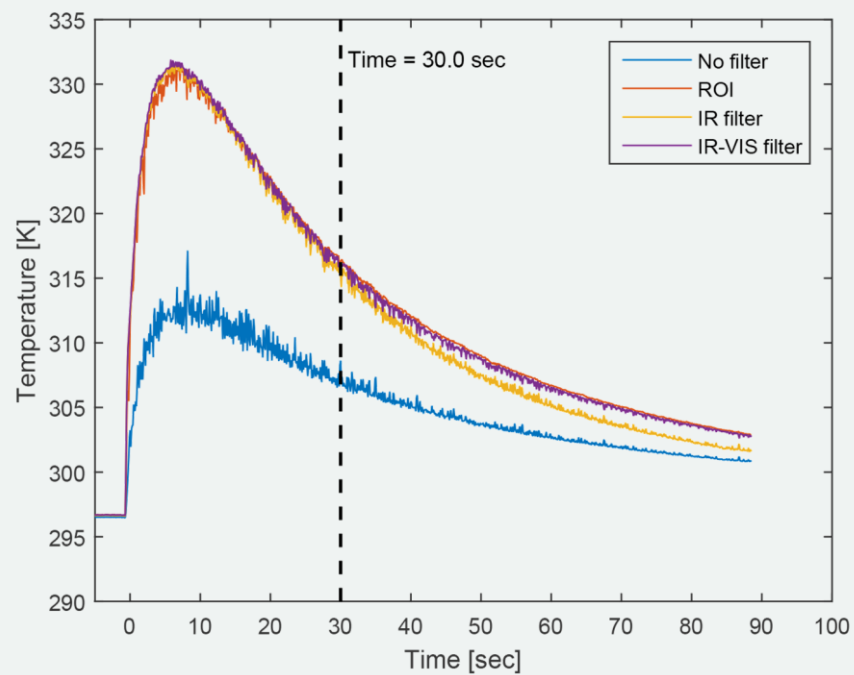




Digital image analysis

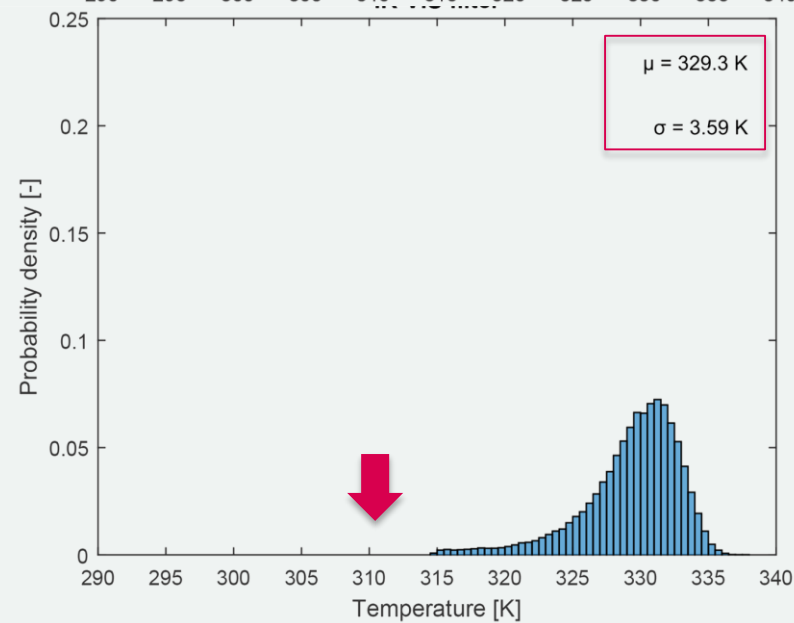
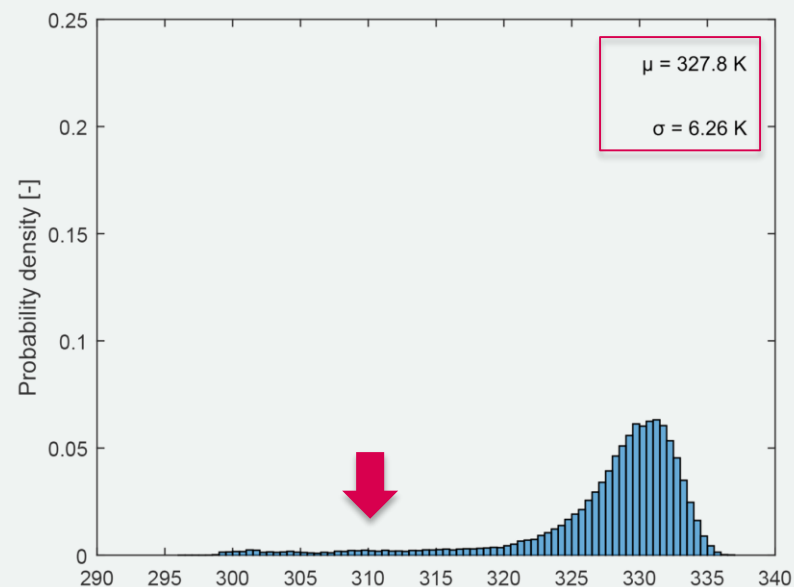


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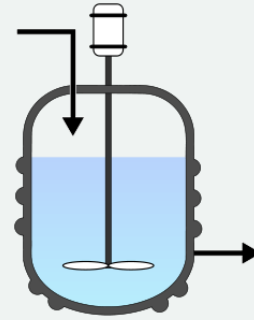
IR filter

Visual mask

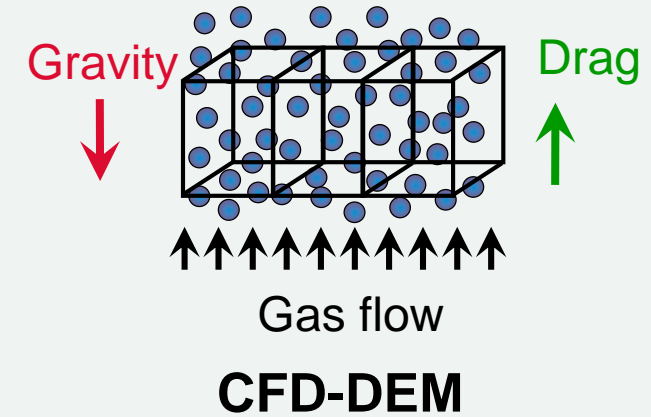




Models



CSTR Model



CFD-DEM

Both solid and gas phases are well-mixed

$$\varepsilon_g \rho_g C_{p,g} V_B \frac{dT_g}{dt} = V_B h_{pg} a_s (T_p - T_g) + u_g A_B C_{p,g} \rho_g (T_g^{in} - T_g^{out}) + Q_{loss}$$

$$(1 - \varepsilon_g) \rho_p C_{p,p} \frac{dT_p}{dt} = a_s h_{gp} (T_g - T_p) + \frac{dq}{dt} m_p \Delta H_{ads}$$

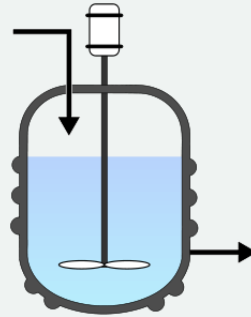
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \varepsilon \rho_g \mathbf{u} + \nabla \cdot \varepsilon \rho_g \mathbf{u} \mathbf{u} = -\varepsilon \nabla p - \nabla \cdot \varepsilon \boldsymbol{\tau}_g - S_p + \varepsilon \rho_g \mathbf{g}$$

$$m_a \frac{d\mathbf{v}_a}{dt} = \mathbf{F}_d + \mathbf{F}_p + \mathbf{F}_g + \mathbf{F}_c$$

$$C_{p,g} \left[\frac{\partial(\varepsilon_g \rho_g T_g)}{\partial t} + (\nabla \cdot \varepsilon_g \rho_g \mathbf{u}_g T_g) \right] = -(\nabla \cdot \varepsilon_g \mathbf{q}) + Q_p + Q_{loss}$$

$$\rho_p V_p C_{p,p} \frac{dT_p}{dt} = -h A_p (T_{p,a} - T_g) + \frac{dq}{dt} m_p \Delta H_{ads}$$

Model fitting results: CSTR

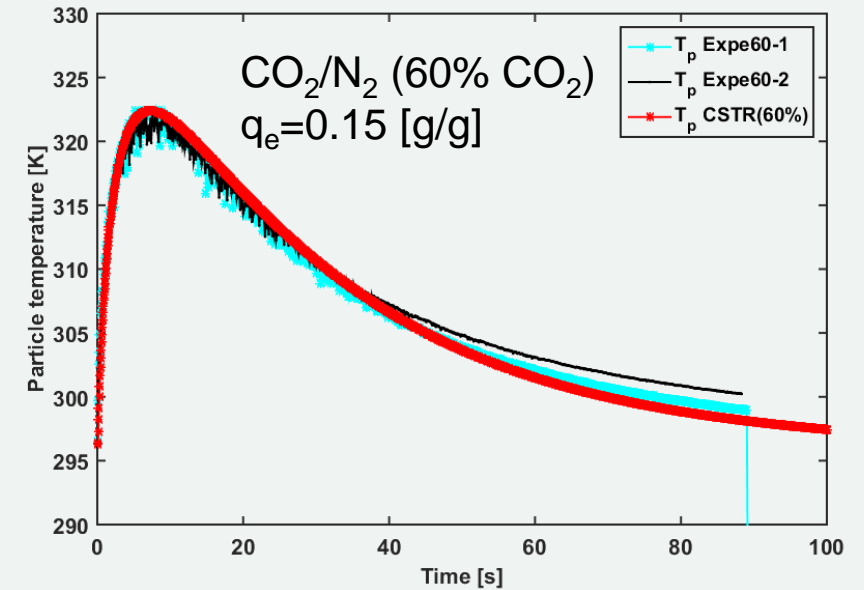
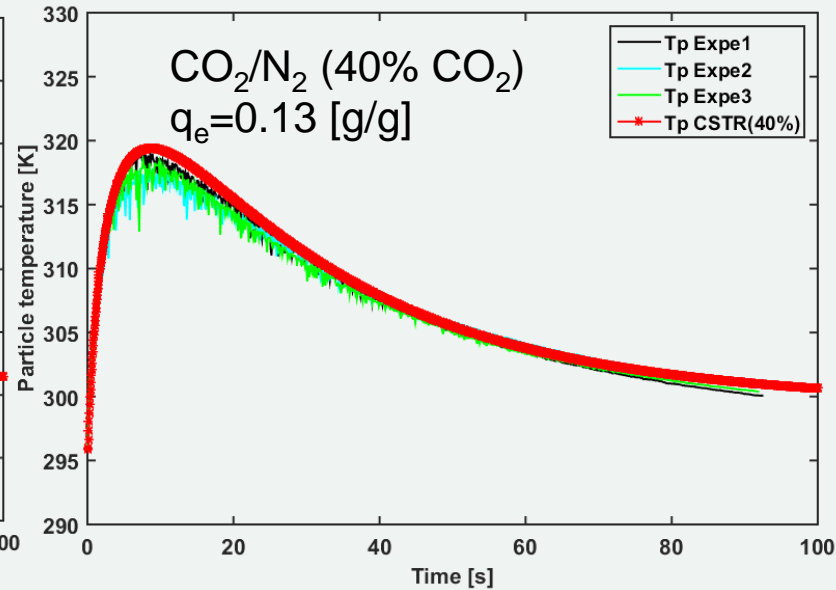
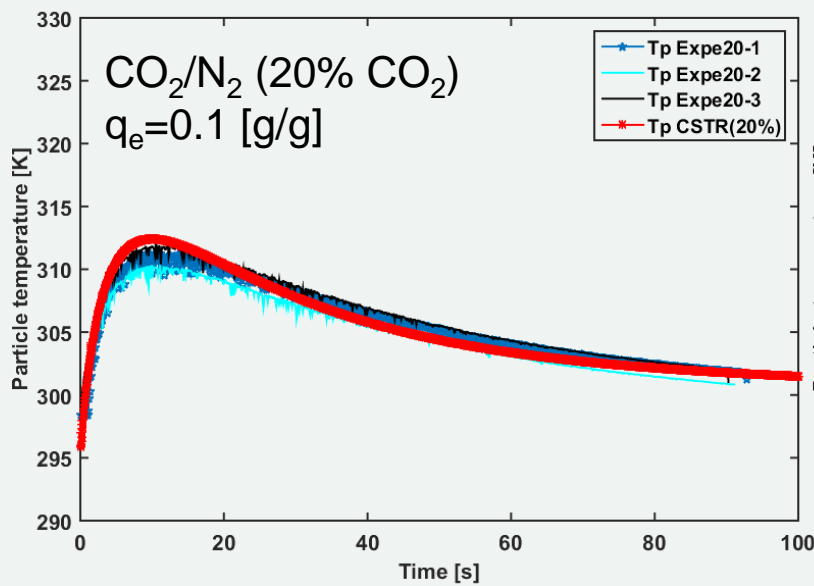


$$\varepsilon_g \rho_g C_{p,g} V_B \frac{dT_g}{dt} = V_B h_{pg} a_s (T_p - T_g) + u_g A_B C_{p,g} \rho_g (T_g^{in} - T_g^{out}) + Q_{loss}$$

$$(1 - \varepsilon_g) \rho_p C_{p,p} \frac{dT_p}{dt} = a_s h_{gp} (T_g - T_p) + \frac{dq}{dt} m_p \Delta H_{ads}$$

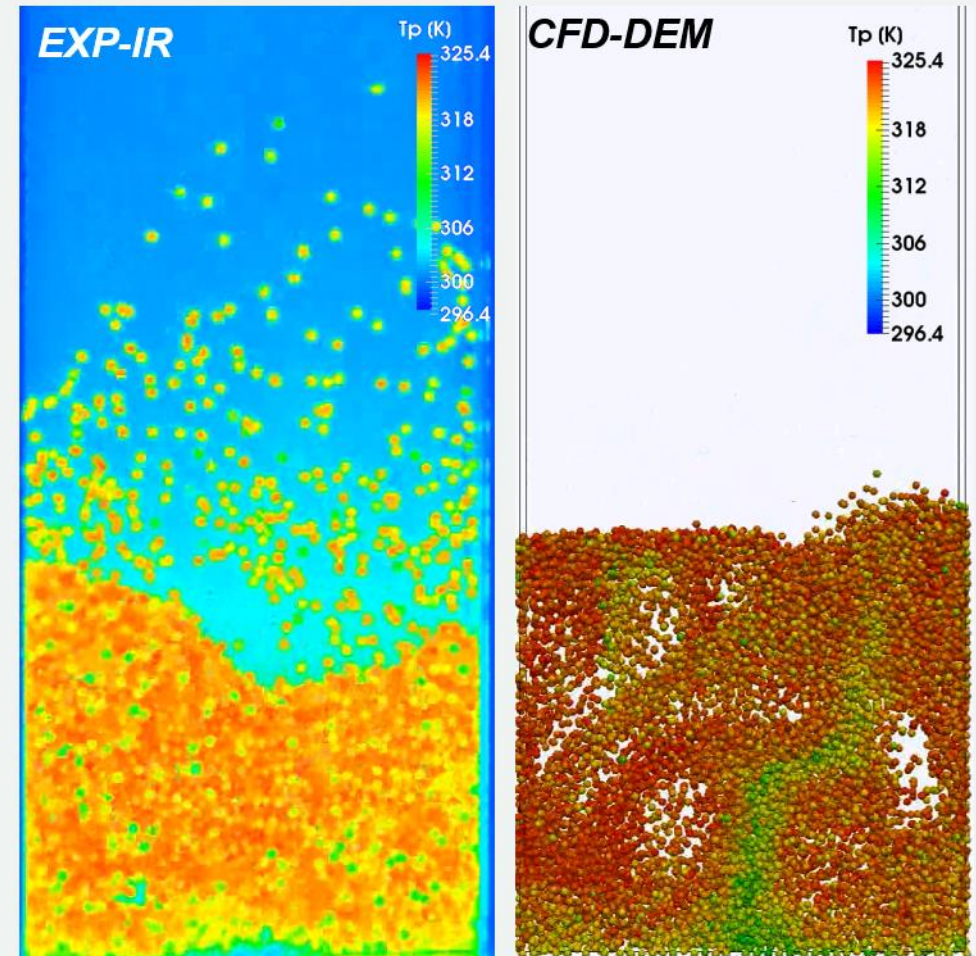
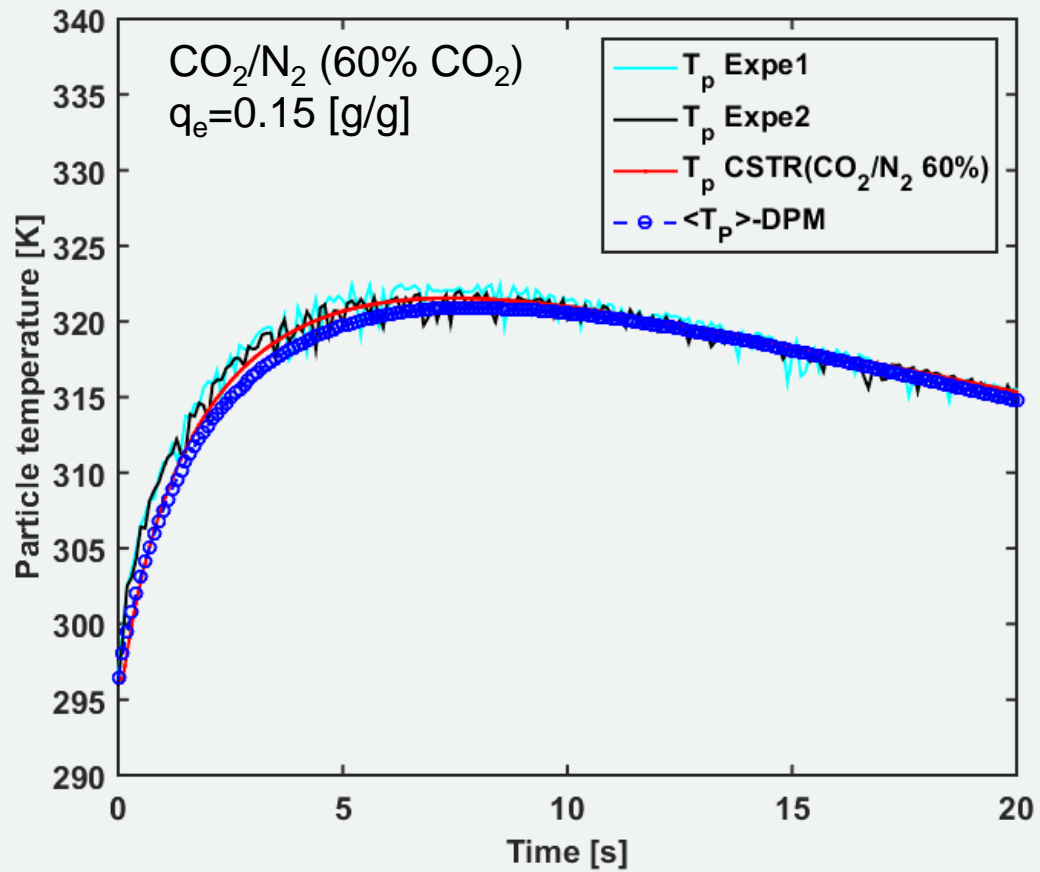
$$\frac{dq}{dt} = k_{ads} (q - q_e)^{n_{ads}}$$

$$Q_{loss} = h_{bw} (T_g - T_w)$$



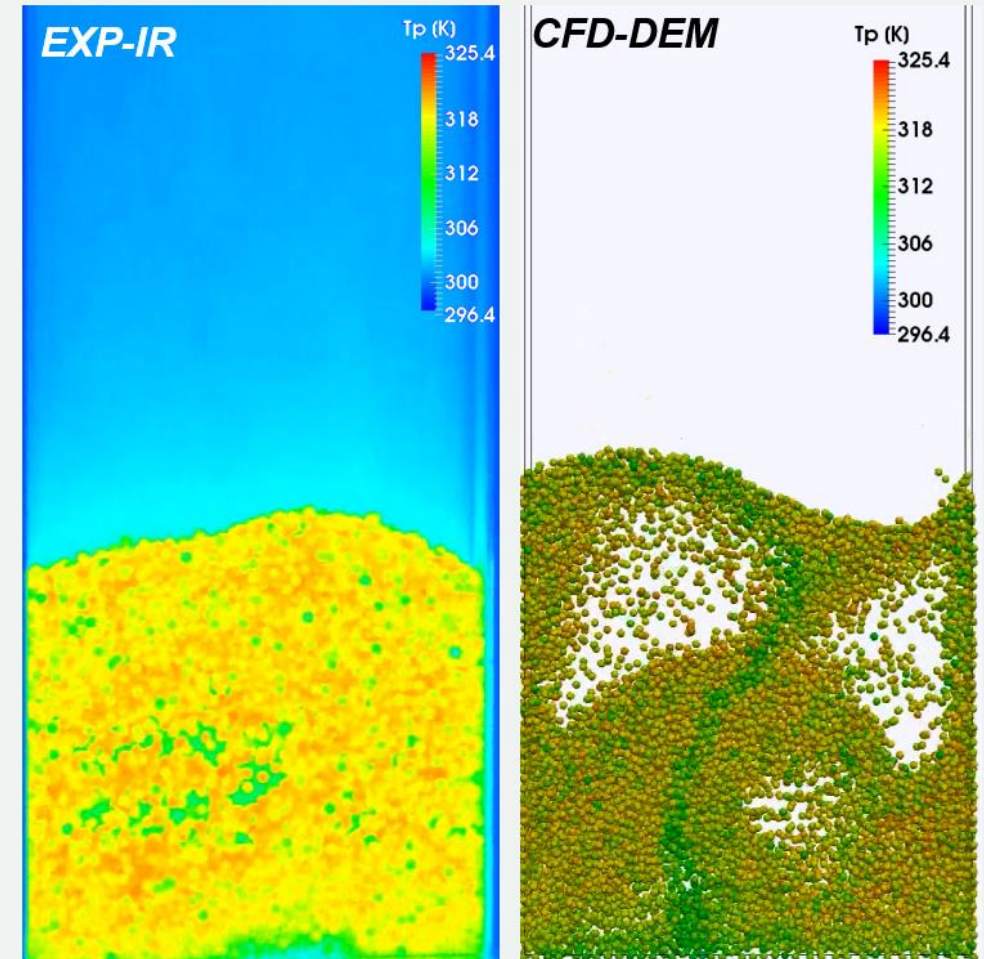
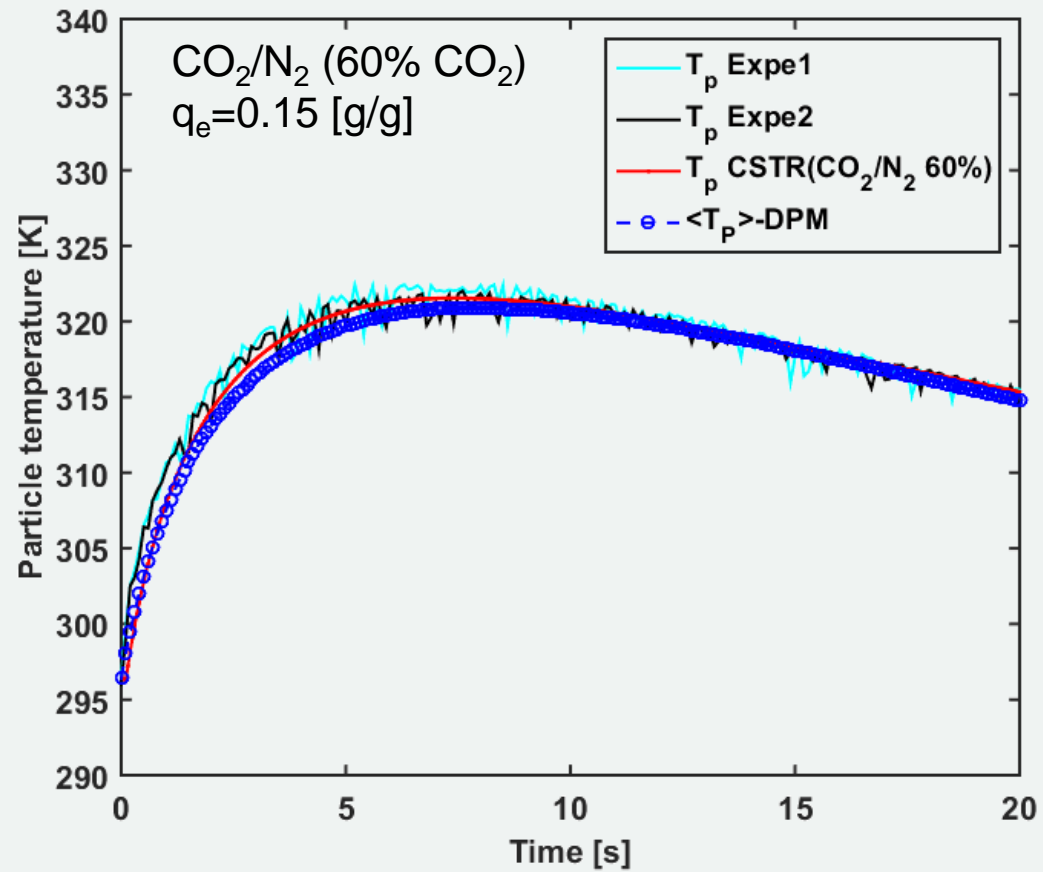


One to one comparison with DPM





One to one comparison with DPM





Conclusions

- A non-intrusive visual technique combined with high speed IR camera and visual camera has been utilized to visualize the particle temperature distribution in a fluidized bed with a heat source from adsorption.
- The spatial-averaged particle temperature evolution obtained from processing of experimental results using visual image mask technique, was used to verify a CSTR model and further more to validate CFD-DEM.
- Compare to the experiment, CFD-DEM can well capture the spatial particle temperature distribution and particle temperature evolution.



Acknowledgment

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**Thanks
for your attention!**

