

REACTION CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTE COFFEE GROUNDS CHEMICAL-LOOPING GASIFICATION

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Coffee grounds in chemical-looping gasification is an innovative handling approach of waste coffee grounds which couple the coffee grounds gasification and chemical looping technology together. By sol-gel method, the Fe₄ATP₆K₁ compound oxygen carrier (OC) modified by KNO₃ were prepared with Fe₂O₃ as an active component, natural attapugite (ATP) as an inert support. The effects of reaction temperature, steam flow as well as O/C molar ratio on coffee grounds in chemical looping gasification (CLG) were investigated in a fluidized bed using steam as gasification agent. It indicated that the Fe₄ATP₆K₁ oxygen carrier could enhance the conversion of coffee grounds. Compared with SiO₂ as bed material, the carbon conversion increased in CLG from 71.38% to 86.25%. The optimized conditions were presented as follows: the reaction temperature was 900°C, the water flow was 0.23 g·min⁻¹, the O/C molar ratio was 1. Under these conditions, it was found that the average concentration of H₂ reached a maximum value 52.75%, with the syngas production of 1.30 m³·kg⁻¹ and H₂ production of 83.79 g·kg⁻¹, respectively. 20 redox cycles demonstrated that the Fe₄ATP₆K₁ oxygen carrier has an excellent cyclic stability, the carbon conversion and cold gas efficiency were both above 75%, while the average gas concentration of gases were nearly stable.