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Comparative study of the mechanisms of ultrasonic, alkaline, and sono-alkaline pretreatment of industrial biosludge

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Comparative Study of Ultrasonic, Alkaline, and Sono-Alkaline Pre-treatment on Industrial **Secondary Biosludge**



Nanyang Environment & Water Research Institute **FECHNOLOGY**



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Advanced Environmental **Biotechnology Center**

Wastewater and Biosolids Treatment and Use

Otranto, Italy

Water I Waste Wastewater **Energy-Water Nexus**

INDUSTRY RE



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methods



Introduction



http://greenislands.se/2012/06/sludge-seminar-in-helsingborg



✓ Biological, Chemical,
Biochemical, Thermal, Physical



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Feed Biomass

- Generated from aerobic industrial wastewater treatment process
- Low SCOD/TCOD
- High VS/TS
- Low Biogas generation during BMP test







Hypothesis









Methodology

Process flow





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Experimental design





Alkali Dosage NaOH/TS	Ultrasonication Specific Energy Input		
	0 KJ/gVS	3 KJ/gVS	6 KJ/gVS
0 g/g			
0.1 g/g			
0.3 g/g			

- Pretreatment time 24hrs
- Total Volume: 0.12L

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- Working Volume: 0.08 L
- F/M: 1.5 gTCOD/gVSS







Results

SCOD release







Biomass stress index (BSI)





SYSTEM

SEC fingerprint

UV280nm detector signals of sludge samples after ultrasonic, alkaline, and sono-alkaline pretreatment







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Methane generation

Cumulative methane generation from BMP test after ultrasonic, alkaline, and sono-alkaline pretreatment





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Discussion





Conclusions

Alkaline pretreatment could promote the COD and EPS solubilisation, rupture of microbial cells, decompose biomacromolecules, and enhance methane generation. However, it is not efficient to disintegrate large sludge particles

Ultrasonic pretreatment could disintegrate large sludge particles, but has less contribution to stimulate COD and EPS solubilisation, rupture of microbial cells, or decomposition of biomacromolecules. Consequently, it hardly enhances methane generation

Sono-alkaline pretreatment shows similar treatment effect as alkaline treatment with better performance in particles disintegration

The key to enhance methane generation shall be solubilisation of SCOD and EPS, rupture of microbial cells, and decomposition of biomacromolecules.



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Team members





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Thank You