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Low temperature synthesis and sintering of mechanically activated ZrB2 powders

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Low Temperature Synthesis and Sintering of Mechanically Activated ZrB₂ Powders Mustafa TUNCER

Content

- Purpose
- ZrB₂ Synthesis: Citrat gel process
- Mechanical activation of powders
- ZrB₂ materials containing second phase
- Ongoing researches
- Conclusion

The Aim of This Study

□ Synthesis nanocrystalline ZrB₂ powders using sol –gel method

□ Densify ZrB₂ ceramics at low temperature via using mechanical activation process

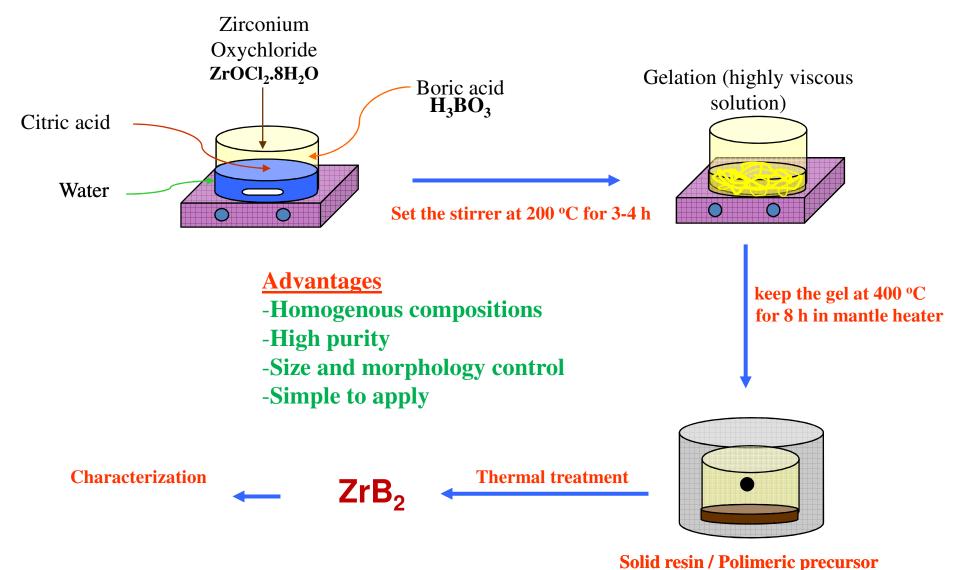
□ Produce ZrB₂ ceramics with addition of Fe, ZrO₂, B₄C and SiC

ZrB₂ Production

Different methods for producing zirconium diborides have been proposed ;

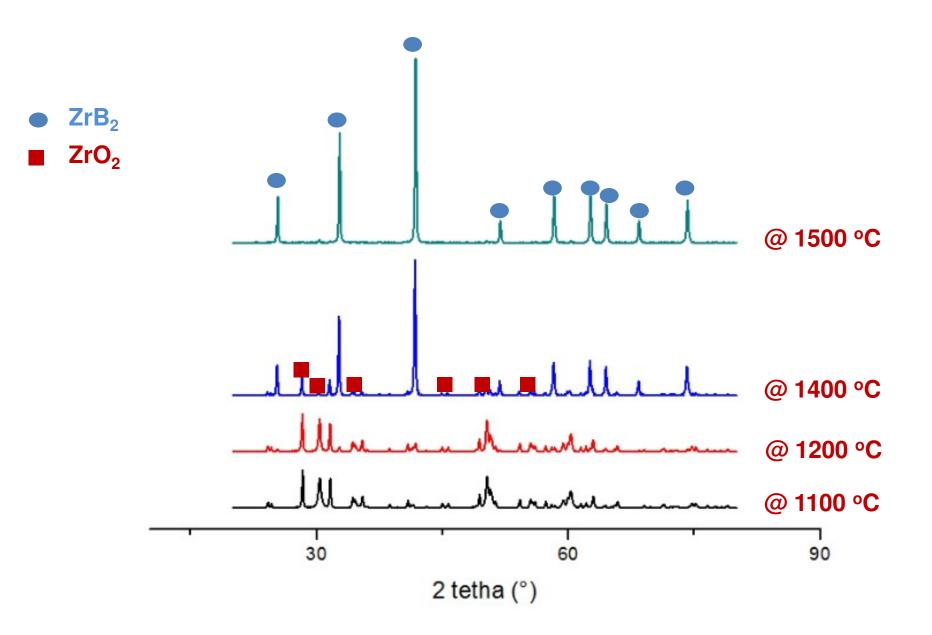
- Borothermal /carbothermal reduction
- Solution-based methods
- Self-propagating high temperature (SHS)

How to prepare powders: Citrat gel method



Mole ratio: [Zr⁺⁴ + B+⁴] / Citric acid= 4

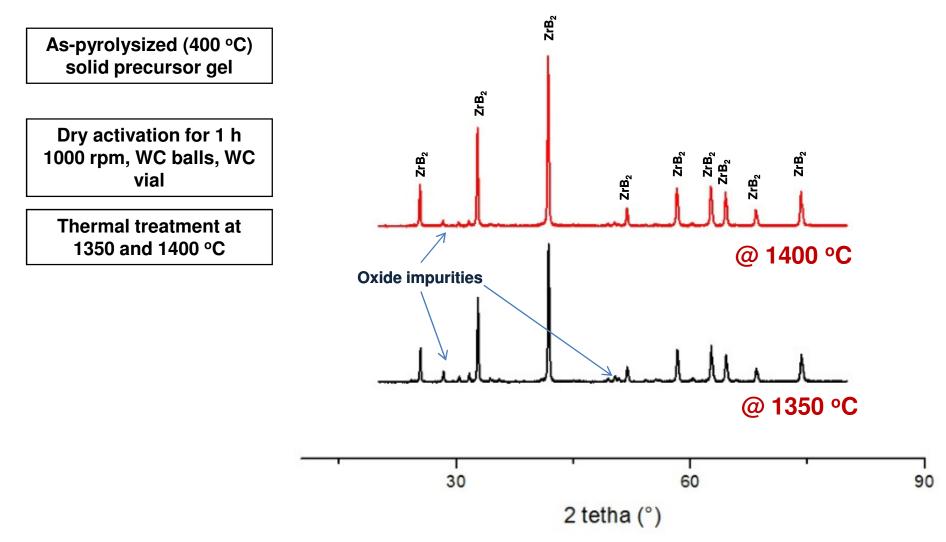
XRD pattern of **ZrB**₂ at various temperatures



Powder characteristics for ZrB₂ @ 1500 °C for 2 h

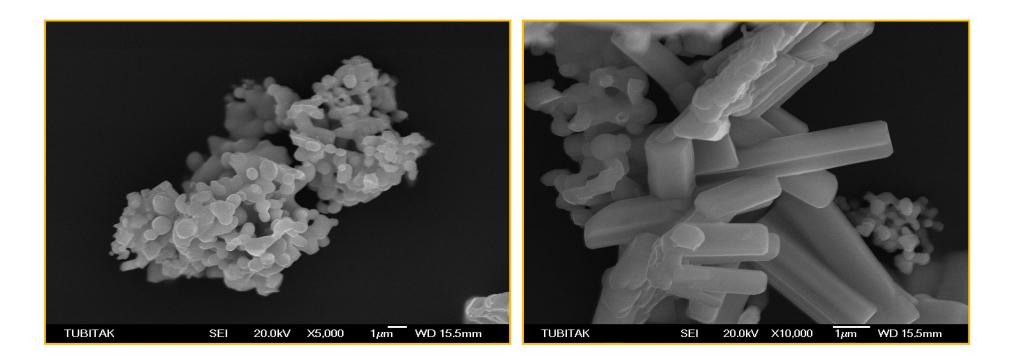
Density	Surface Area	Crystalline size	Particle size,	Carbon Content
(g/cm ³)	(m²/g)	d _{XRD} (nm)	d _{BET} (nm)	(wt %)
5.5	1.6	60	682	3

XRD pattern of activated-solid precursor gel



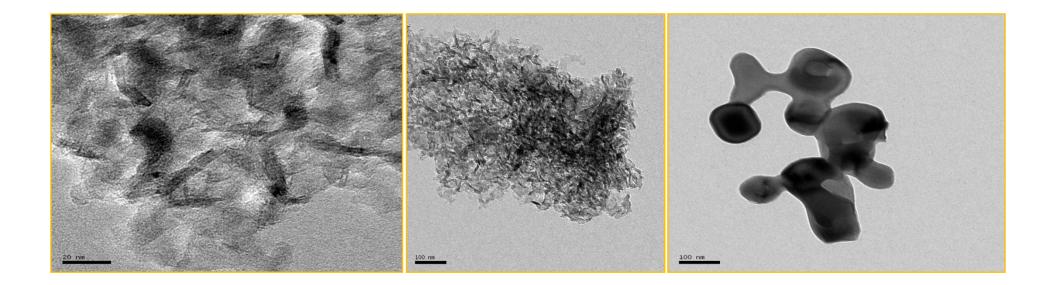
Activation of solid precursor gel decreases the formation temperature of ZrB₂ phase

SEM images of ZrB₂ crystallized @ 1500



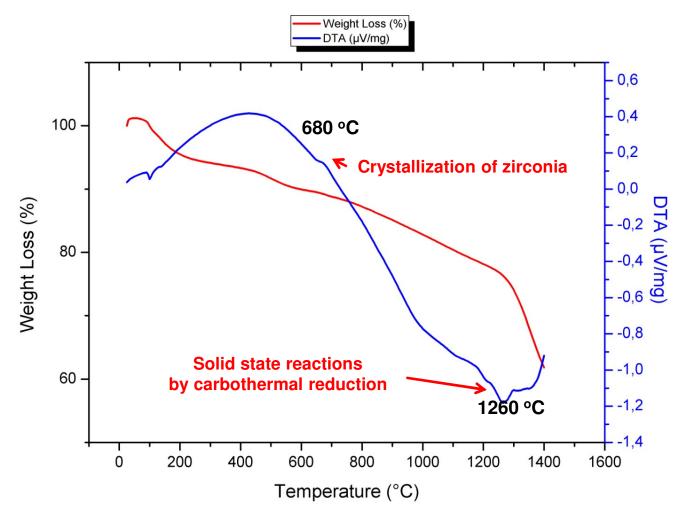
Faced morphology of ZrB₂ grain

TEM images of ZrB₂ crystallized @ 1500



Crystalline size ~ 45 from TEM ~ 60 from XRD

DTA / TG curves for solid precursor gel postpyrolysized @ 400 °C



Total weight loss ~20% for gel @ 25 - 1400 °C

Estimated reaction pathway for formation of ZrB₂

Boric acid dissociation¹

 $2H_3BO_3 \rightarrow B_2O_3 + 3H_2O$

Citric acid dissociation¹

 $C_6H_8O_7.H_2O \rightarrow 3C + 5H_2O + 3CO$

ZrB₂ formation²

 $ZrO_{2}(s) + B_2O_{3(l,g)} + 5C(s) \rightarrow ZrB_{2}(s) + 5CO(g)$

¹ Khanra, Bull. Mater. Sci., 2007 ² Huang, Am., Cer., Sc., 2006 **Densification of ZrB₂ Ceramics**

It is difficult to densify ZrB_2 ceramics due to covalent binding characteristic and high melting point.

Different methods are used to densify ZrB₂ ceramics

- \Box to use sintering agents
- □ advanced sintering techniques (e.g. SPS, HP)

 \Box to synthesis the fine powders with high surface area

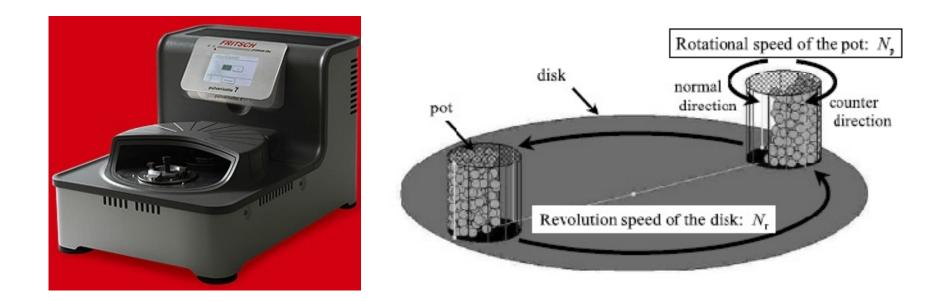
In this study, mechanical activation process was used to lower formation and sintering temperature of ZrB₂ BECAUSE

Mechanical activation enhance:

- □ reactivity,
- □ structural defect
- □ sinterability at low temperature

So it will be possible to densify boride ceramics at lowered temperatures without external pressure

Mechanical activation by planetary mill



Mechanical energy supply deformed crystal structure under the milling action

Preparation of Powders for Sintering

Step 1: SYNTHESIZED (1500 °C) ZrB₂ POWDERS

Step 2: ACTIVATION

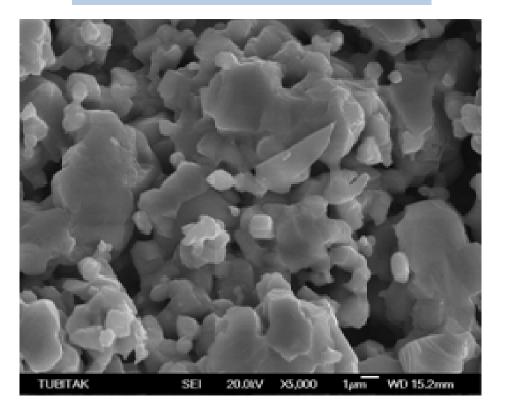
- 850 rpm rotation speed
- Zirconia Balls (10 mm in diameter)
- Zirconia Jar (80 ml capacity)
- Milling time of 1 h

Step 3: COMPACTION AND PRESSURELESS SINTERING

- Dry pressing (40 MPa) and CIP (150 MPa)
- @1775 °C for 5 hours in inert gas atmosphere

Sintering of ZrB₂

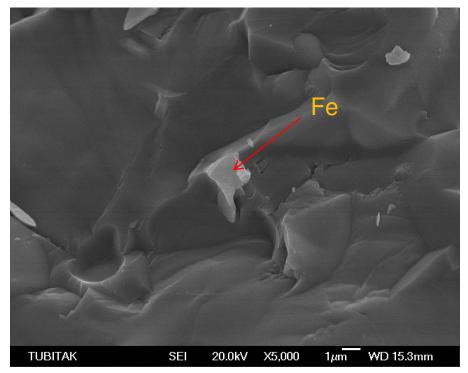
Produced from activated powders



 ρ = 86 % Hv = 3.9 GPa under the 9.8 N

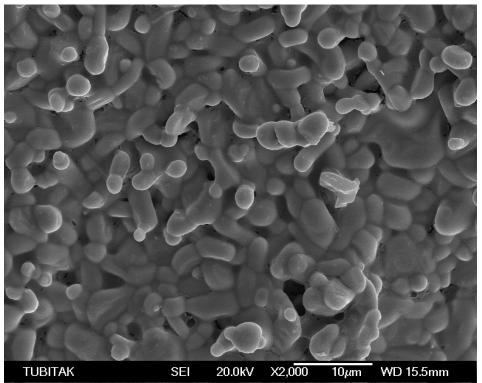
SEM images of sintered material compacted from mechanical activated ZrB_2 -Fe (2.5 vol %) powders $\rho = 99.9 \%$

Hv = 14.9 GPa under the 9.8 N



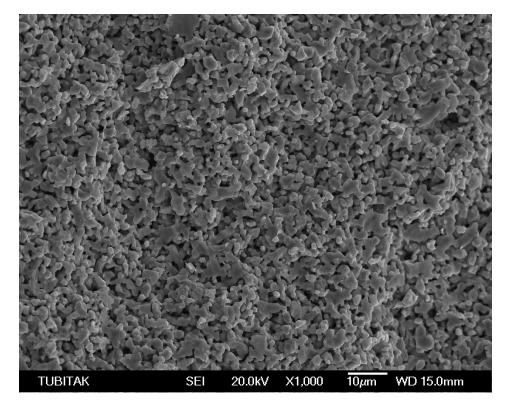
SEM images of composite material compacted from mechanical activated ZrB₂-SiC (14 vol %) powders

ρ = 80 % Hv = 1.65 under the 9.8 N



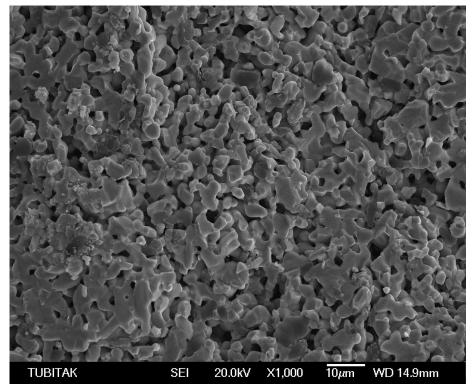
SEM images of composite material compacted from mechanical activated ZrB₂-ZrO₂ (7 vol %) powders

 ρ = 92 % Hv = 3.1 GPa under the 9.8 N



SEM images of composite material compacted from mechanical activated ZrB₂-B₄C (3 vol %) powders

ρ = 92 % Hv = 12.7 GPa under the 9.8 N



The driving forces induce densification at low temperature;

1- Wet Chemical Synthesis

Nanocrystalline ZrB₂ powders via citrat gel metod

2- Mechanical Activation

Activation process give <u>broken surface</u> (unbinding atoms), leading to high surface energy.

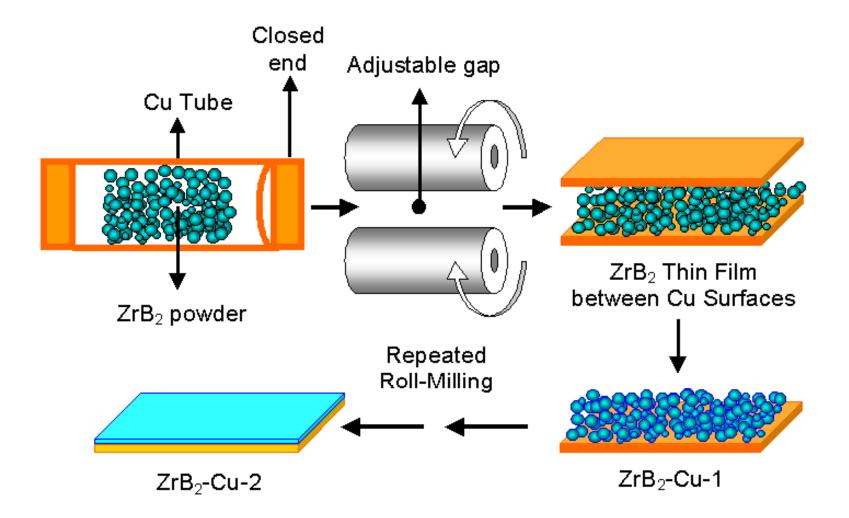
CONCLUSIONS

- ZrB₂ powders were synthesized using citrat-gel method.
- □Sintered ZrB₂ ceramics from activated powders (ZrB₂-Fe, ZrB₂ -ZrO₂, ZrB₂-BC) were obtained at lower temperature (1775 °C) without external pressure

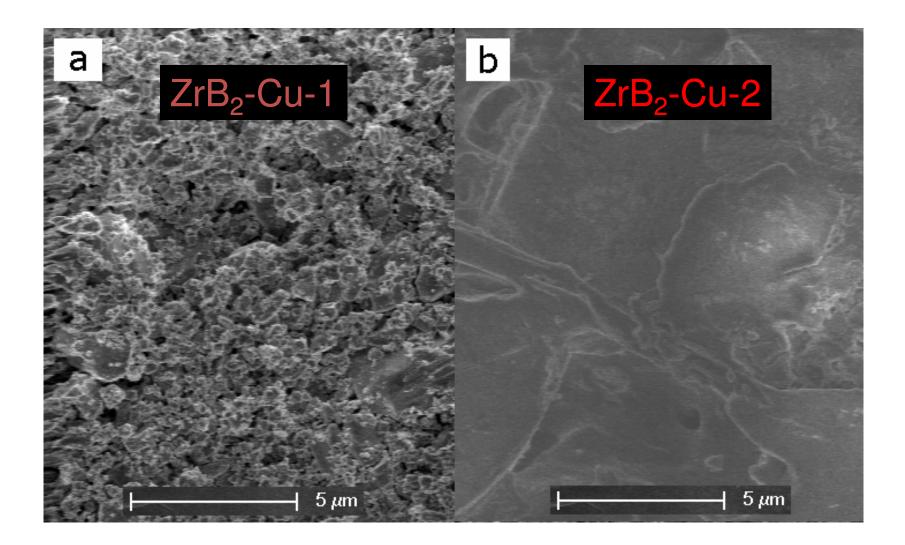
Future Efforts on ZrB₂

- ZrB₂ films by electroforetic deposition
- Microwave-sintering of ZrB₂ materials
- Pressure slip-casting
- Characterization of the electrical and mechanical properties of zirconium diboride films

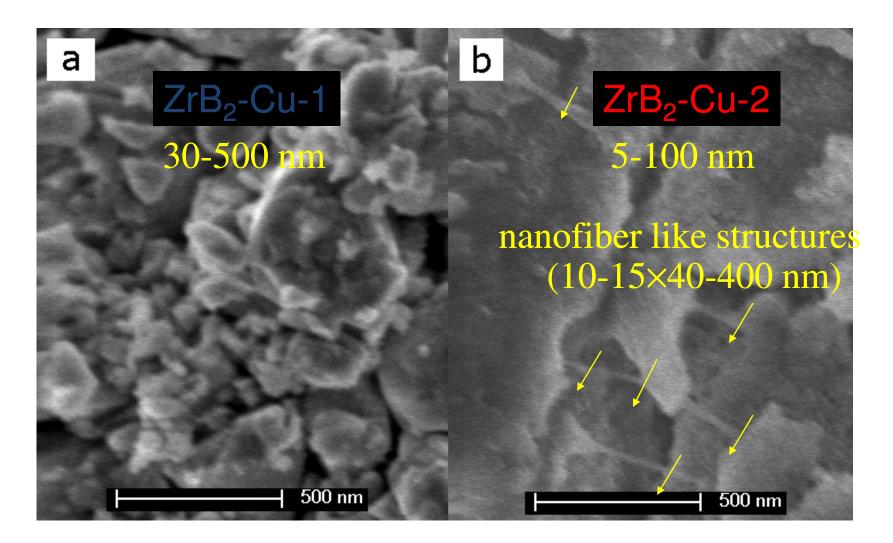
Shear Roll-Milling Process for Coating of Nano ZrB₂ on Cu



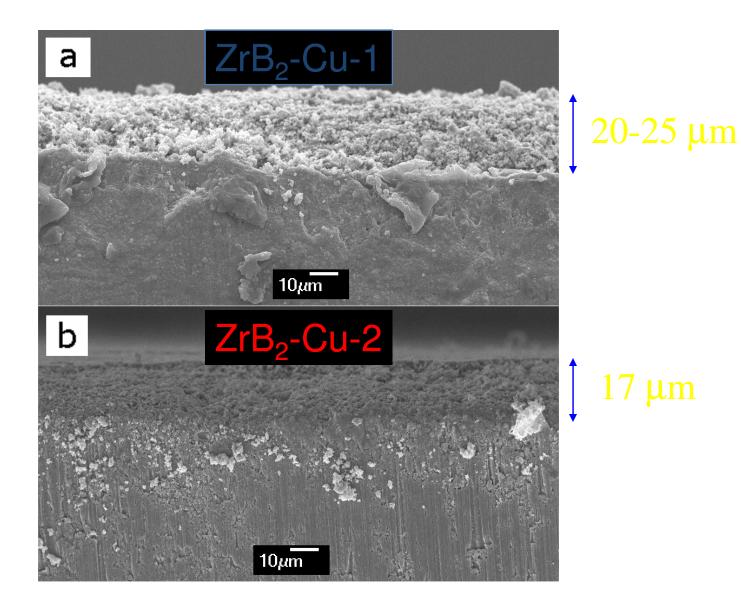
Surface Microstructure of ZrB₂ Coating for ZrB₂-Cu-1 and ZrB₂-Cu-2

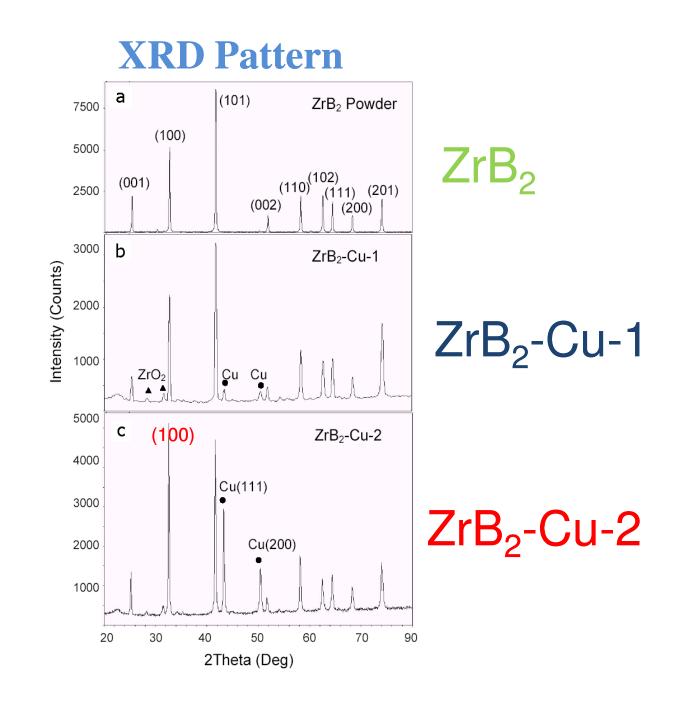


FE-SEM Images of ZrB₂ Coating for ZrB₂-Cu-1 and ZrB₂-Cu-2

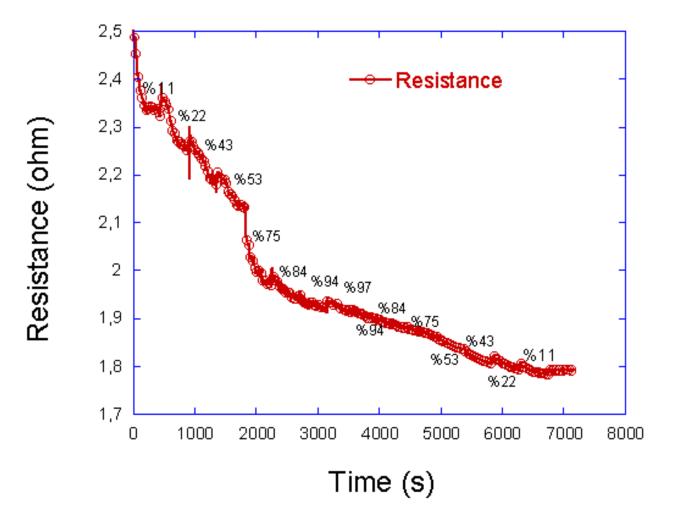


ZrB₂ Coating Layers for ZrB₂-Cu-1 and ZrB₂-Cu-2





Resistance-Time Graph at Different Relative Humidity Levels for ZrB₂-Cu-1



Acknowledgements

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Thank you for your attention